

KING AND QUEEN OF SERBIA KILLED

Alexander and Draga Assassinated and Several Others Are Shot.

TROOPS REVOLT AND ATTACK THE PALACE

Independent Party Seizes Reins of Government and Proclaims Constitution of 1901.

Belgrade, Serbia, June 11.—King Alexander and Queen Draga were shot to death in the royal palace during the night. Besides the king and queen Premier Markovitch, Gen. Petrovitch and Former Minister of War Pavlovitch were shot.

Belgrade, Serbia, June 11.—A military revolution broke out here last night. Troops who revolted under the leadership of Maj. Angikovich surrounded the palace and assassinated King Alexander, Queen Draga, the latter's sister, the queen's brother Nikodem, Premier Markovitch, Ministers Perovitch and Tudorovitch, Gen. Pavlovitch, former minister of war, and some members of the royal guard.

Prince Karageorgievitch was proclaimed king. A new government was formed and the following proclamation issued:

Proclamation to the People.
"To the Serbian People: Last night the king and queen were shot. In this grave and fateful movement friends of the fatherland have combined to form a new government. While the government makes this announcement to the people, it is convinced the Serbian people will gather around it and lend it their aid to maintain order and security throughout the land. "The government" hereby makes known that from today the constitution of April 6, 1901, comes in force. The meeting of the national representatives dissolved by proclamation of March 24, is summoned to meet at Belgrade June 15.

(Signed)
"JOVAN AVAKUMOVICS,
"Premier.
"L. JUVONUR KALIEVICH,
"Foreign Minister.
"STOJAN PREPICS,
"Minister of Interior.
"GOERGE GONCHIS,
"Minister of Commerce.
"GEN. JORVAN ALANZOKVICS,
"Minister of War.
"VOGISLAV VELIKOVICS,
"Minister of Finance.
"COL. ALEXANDER MACHIN,
"Minister of Public Works.
"LJUVAMER SCHIOKOVITS,
"Minister of Justice."

The streets are thronged with people whose actions seem to approve the coup d'etat.

The new premier belongs to the independent liberal party.

Excitement Becomes Intense.

As the day advanced the excitement in the streets grew steadily. In spite of the pouring rain thousands gathered in the vicinity of the palace. Everywhere troops were posted and field guns placed in position to quickly deal with any opposition to the new formed government's will.

Thousands of young men paraded the streets shouting "Long live Karageorgievitch!" Flags are flying from nearly every house in Belgrade and there were absolutely no signs of mourning. Reports from places outside of Belgrade indicate that the country accepts the disappearance of

the Obrenovitch dynasty without regret.

Berlin, June 11.—The Frankfort Zeitung says when the troops entered the royal bedroom King Alexander seized a revolver and shot the queen and then killed himself.

EFFECT ON EUROPE.

England Thinks Complications Unlikely, But France Fears Trouble.

London, June 11.—The tragedy at Belgrade is not regarded in diplomatic circles here as likely to lead to civil war. The universal anxiety of European governments for peace is advanced as a reason why the Serbian situation is not likely to lead to complications. Should these unexpected arise officials believe the Austrian-Hungarian army will immediately march into Serbia and restore order.

French Pessimistic View.

Paris, June 11.—A government official today said: "The bloody deeds last night at Belgrade are the most pressing menace to the general peace of Europe that have happened in many years."

LADY SOMERSET IS STILL AT HEAD

Reelected President of World's W. C. T. U.—Other Officers Chosen.

Geneva, June 11.—Lady Henry Somerset and Mrs. Lillian M. Stevens were today reelected president and vice president, respectively, of the Woman's World's Christian Temperance Union. Clara Farish Wright, of Peoria, Ill., was elected president of the young woman's branch.

YACHTS ARE OFF AGAIN ON SANDY HOOK COURSE

New York, June 11.—The Reliance, Constitution and Columbia started at 12:16 this afternoon over the Sandy Hook course of 15 miles to windward and return in a 12-knot southeast breeze.

Where Did You Get Your News?

Logansport, Ind., June 11.—One hundred subpoenas have been issued summoning Mayor Sidney A. Vaughn, every member of the common council, ex-Mayor McKee, the editors of these newspapers and many prominent citizens, before the grand jury. Last fall in council meeting Alderman George W. Palmer made a charge that an offer had been made to purchase his vote. Other charges of a similar nature have been made by the score in public and in the newspapers, and the grand jury will make a thorough investigation.

Racine College Offered \$30,000.

Racine, Wis., June 11.—At a meeting of the trustees of Racine college an offer was received from Frank K. Bull, Richard and Fred Robinson, all trustees and residents of this city, to give \$30,000 to the college, provided \$20,000 more would be raised, the money to be used in building a new gymnasium, natatorium and heating and lighting plant.

Plans Asked for the Tanner Monument.
Springfield, Ill., June 11.—Colonel James R. B. Van Cleave, of this city, secretary of the John R. Tanner Monument association, has communicated with forty-two firms doing a monument business throughout the country, requesting them to submit plans and specifications for a monument to be erected at the grave of Tanner in this city.

Better Prices for Zinc Ore.

Plattsville, Wis., June 11.—A party of eastern zinc ore purchasers is inspecting the Wisconsin zinc district and making offers to the miners for their ore which are considerably higher than the price paid by others.

KENTUCKY JUSTICE

She Does Her Work in a State of Siege and Under War Conditions.

EVERYBODY SEARCHED FOR ARMS

Before Being Admitted to the Court Room—Evidence of Ewen at Jackson.

Jackson, Ky., June 11.—The third day of the trial of Curtis Jett and Thomas White for the murder of Attorney J. B. Marcum was distinguished by the evidence of B. L. Ewen, the first and leading witness of the commonwealth. Jett and White are being tried jointly, the indictment charging them with deliberation in a conspiracy to murder. It is charged that White



JUDGE REDWINE.

entered the court house while Marcum and Ewen were standing together, and as he passed them gave the signal to fire. Ewen testified to seeing White just before and after Marcum was shot, and to seeing Jett just after his victim was carried out of the court house.

Stands a Rigid Cross-Examination.
Ewen's testimony corroborated the statements he had previously made regarding both prisoners, and he withstood the most rigid and lengthy cross-examination. In the morning, when the witnesses were ordered out of the court room, attorneys for the defendants asked that County Judge Hargis be allowed to remain. On the objections of attorneys for the commonwealth being sustained Judge Hargis retired with the other witnesses. When court reconvened in the afternoon the daughter of County Judge Hargis, the leader of the dominant feudists, occupied a seat beside the prisoners.

Significant Presence in Court.
At the afternoon sitting of the court attorneys for the defendants moved to disperse with the presence of troops in the court room and were overruled. What is regarded here as very significant was the arrival of Inspector Hines from Frankfort, under orders believed that Inspector Hines will report as to how the trial is conducted so far as judge, prosecutor, jury and all officials are concerned, and much interest is taken in his presence.

KEPT IN SEPARATE CELLS

Mrs. Marcum, Widow of the Man Assassinated, Makes the Request.

At the request of Mrs. Marcum and others Curtis Jett and Thomas White were kept in separate cells and the latter was despondent when the prisoners were brought into court. All those entering the court were searched and none allowed to enter with weapons. Jett and White were represented by John O'Neal, of Covington; Judge R. F. French, of Winchester, and John L. Noble, of Jackson. Commonwealth Attorney Byrd was assisted by Judge J. L. Patrick, of Jackson, and Thomas Marcum, of Oklahoma, brother of the man for whose murder Jett and White are on trial.

The selection of a jury proceeded, with Judge Redwine drawing the names of veniremen from his list, after the defense had pleaded not guilty. The jury was finally completed and Commonwealth Attorney Byrd then formally outlined the case. He promised to prove that Jett entered a side door of the court house just prior to the shooting and returned by the door immediately after the second shot. He said he would prove that White and Jett entered into a conspiracy to kill Marcum, and that Jett fired the shots, this having been seen by witnesses whom he would produce. He would prove that Jett told persons he did it, but that somebody's money paid for it. B. J. Ewen was the first witness called. Ewen said he saw Marcum in the court house door and stopped to talk with him. Tom White passed by them, looking at Marcum, passed just outside of the door, and looked back, then passed on. Marcum said: "I'm afraid of that fellow; he means to do me harm." An instant later witness heard a pistol crack. Marcum, who

TRY LOCK OUT SCHEME TO BREAK UP QUARREL

Means Adopted by Employers at Pittsburg Affecting 8,500 Men.

Pittsburg, June 11.—The number of men locked out by the tie-up in the building trades was increased to 8,500. This number probably will be trebled by the end of the week, and unless the dispute between the bricklayers and stonemasons is settled speedily the Builders' League says 70,000 men will be thrown out of employment, \$50,000,000 in contracts will be affected, and nearly \$200,000 a day lost in salaries.

The league threatens in a few days to stop every bit of building in the county, and will tie up the yards producing building material, placing the building industry at a complete standstill. It is determined that the men shall agree among themselves, and will throw men of all crafts out of work, unless the men of these two unions decided to settle their troubles. The list of work that will be stopped is an enormous one. It includes all the big and small undertakings in that line of what promised to be a record year in building.

RECORD OF PARKS: NEVER LOST STRIKE

The Man Who is Charged With Labor Extortion in New York.

New York, June 11.—Soon after being liberated on bonds signed by ex-Chief of Police Devery, Samuel Parks, the business agent charged with bribery, was rearrested on similar charges made by Louis Brandt, a builder, and other employers. The specifications of the charges are that he accepted money for calling off and preventing strikes, and the proof was very explicit.

Samuel J. Parks has one record which is probably unparalleled. In less than seven years he has ordered more than 5,000 strikes in New York and has not lost one of them. The complete history of Parks' life would make interesting reading, and it would be a record of action. Born in County Down, Ireland, he went to Canada when he was 14, and he has shifted for himself ever since.

FAMOUS OUTLAW IS AGAIN CAPTURED

Another Reported Achievement for Constabulary in Luzon.

Manila, June 11.—The constabulary yesterday captured in Rizal province Faustino Guillermo, the most famous outlaw in the island of Luzon. During and since the insurrection Guillermo committed many murders and robberies.

CALLS FOR CONDITIONS OF NATIONAL BANKS

Washington, June 11.—The comptroller of the currency has called for the condition of national banks at the close of business June 9.

had his arm on witness' shoulder, released his hold and dropped to the floor exclaiming: "Oh Lord, Oh Lord! they have killed me." Witness looked back and saw Curtis Jett with pistol gripped in both hands. "I then fled out of the door," he said, "as I thought it was I he was after. When a second shot was fired I saw Jett come out of the side door, walk around and look into the door where Marcum lay."

Inheritance Tax of a Million.

Milwaukee, June 11.—The appraisers of the Daniel Wells estate will file their report next month. It is rumored that when their report is placed on record it will be found that the estate will have to pay the government an inheritance tax of \$1,000,000. The appraisers have been at work for a year past in getting at the valuation.

Pole Murders His Aged Wife.

Chicago, June 11.—Vaclav Pazlik, an aged Pole, stabbed his wife to death because she paid more attention, he said, to her son than to him. The couple had lived happily for forty years, and the son, of whom Pazlik was jealous, is 33 years of age. The murderer was arrested.

Important Step Is Taken.

Milwaukee, June 11.—An important step has been taken in the American Foundry Men's association convention in the appointment of a committee to take in hand the actual work of standardizing the methods of making analyses of iron.

BALFOUR WINS OUT

But His Majority Lacks Many of the Conservatives of the Commons.

LIBERALS AND IRISH ON HIS SIDE

Favoring the "Open Mind" in the Cabinet, Gladstone Precedents Being Back Thereof.

London, June 11.—When Joseph Chamberlain, secretary for the colonies, in behalf of his policy of imperial federation, declared a few weeks ago for some modification of the British free trade policy that would make the British empire more like the United States as to trade between the different commonwealths, he stated that it was a matter that wanted long and careful discussion, and would require a mandate from the British people before any action of the kind could be taken. This was agreed to by Premier Balfour, who said that he and Chamberlain were in perfect accord.

Attack on "Jo" Chamberlain.

The opportunity for an attack on Chamberlain by the Liberals was too good to let go by, and it began in parliament Monday. Free trade is not a political issue in Great Britain—it is a national policy; Conservatives, Liberals, Radicals—all parties agree that it is the only policy worth considering, and many believe that it should never be abandoned. Chamberlain and Balfour are not of these, but the balance of the cabinet is; so that in the debate cabinet members were among the most vigorous in their denunciation of the proposed new departure—and it was a rather unpleasant time for the premier and Chamberlain.

Balfour Rises to Respond.

The opposition wind blew steadily for two days, and demands were made by many that Balfour should announce the cabinet's policy. Finally he responded, and was loudly cheered as he rose, and he had a great audience. Chamberlain was present, and was received with tropical cheers by the free trade "or death" men. In a whimsical vein Balfour explained that the only reason that the corn tax was put on was because the government wanted money, and the only reason it was taken off was because the government wanted money no longer. He declared that he himself, though a believer in free trade (which statement met with loud applause), did not regard it as a fetish, and he had absolutely an open mind regarding the necessity for any alterations in a system which was founded on suit conditions of fifty years ago.

BALFOUR NOT LACKING IN SPINE

Will Not Be Hurried and Draws Precedents from the Liberal Ideal.

He refused not only to make a statement of any finality upon such an important question, but he also refused to compel his colleagues to conform to a standard of opinion upon which he himself had an open mind. He admitted that differences of opinion existed within the cabinet, but these were not serious enough to cause the resignation of any member. He enforced this by the precedents of friction in Gladstone's ministries, and insisted on allowing the premier to retain an open mind upon a question so difficult and so superior to all party issues.

The country was confronted, the premier said, by three great phenomena: huge tariff walls against the United Kingdom, the growth of the trusts, and the desire of the colonies for closer fiscal union with the mother country. These factors could not be ignored. He maintained that the method of starting a public discussion was the only way to deal with these phenomena, though he did not commit himself to Chamberlain's more advanced program. It would be folly and rashness, he said, to interfere with the great system which had been in operation for so many years without the most careful examination.

This speech, made with all the eloquence and magnetism which Balfour wields so successfully, for an open mind not only in the cabinet but in the Unionists' party, brought a constant salvo of cheers. Throughout Chamberlain sat beside the leader of the house, beaming with satisfaction. He said: "Our friend, the enemy, is non-plussed this time." When the vote was taken on the resolution that formed the subject of debate the government was supported by a majority of 396 votes, followers of the government composing most of the minority, and some Conservatives not voting.

Rapp Was Too Sensitive.

Benton Harbor, Mich., June 11.—C. A. Rapp, proprietor of the Grand Pacific hotel and stand, Chicago, who committed suicide in this city by shooting himself through the right temple, came to persuade his wife to leave a summer boarding house and return home with him, but she refused.

STATE MAY TAKE HAND IN LYNCHING CASE

If the Local Authorities at Belleville Do Not Act.

Springfield, Ill., June 11.—Since Acting Governor Northcott has declined to act in the Belleville lynching matter, Attorney General Hamlin has decided to see that the violators of the law who mobbed the negro school teacher who shot Superintendent of Schools Hurler at Belleville last Saturday night are properly punished. State's Attorney Farmer says the matter will be thoroughly gone into when the next regular grand jury convenes. A telegram from Belleville says that Hurler is recovering. Rev. Charles H. Thomas, colored, who figures as an agitator of race rights, heeded the warning given him to leave town, and departed for Chicago without bidding his congregation farewell or making arrangements to return. Comment on the lynching is tabooed by the local press.

JURY DECIDES THAT CHASE IS INSANE

Verdict is Reached in the Famous Indiana Proceedings.

Fowler, Ind., June 11.—The jury today returned a verdict that Moses Fowler Chase was a person of unsound mind and a resident of Tippecanoe (Lafayette), Ind.

TWO STUDENTS DROWNED IN THE IOWA RIVER

Iowa City, Iowa, June 11.—Louis Grady and Philip Walker, high school students, are supposed to have been drowned in the Iowa river. Their canoe was found floating down the swollen stream below the dam.

QUEER REASON FOR STRIKING

Political Fight in a City Council Turns Up in the Chesapeake and Ohio Railway Shops.

Huntington, W. Va., June 11.—Twelve hundred employees at the Chesapeake and Ohio railroad shops in this city, including even the office force, struck yesterday, the cause being perhaps the oddest ever known. William Davis, a carpenter employed by the Chesapeake and Ohio, is a member of the city council and recently voted with a majority to take from Mayor C. M. Buck the authority to name standing committees.

Result Is Half a Defeat.

Since Thursday morning 5,000 men under the leadership of Mayor Cook, with little sleep, with little rest, and food snatched at intervals, toiled unceasingly strengthening levees, building them up, erecting additional safeguards, and doing everything in the power of man to save the city. But it was a fight that has so far terminated half in victory and half in defeat. Not a wheel of industry is turning in East St. Louis. The vast railroad yards are made apparent by hundreds of half-submerged cars, and here and there stand locomotives still visible. Huge grain elevators stand surrounded by a veritable sea.

Workmen's Homes Submerged

But to the south, beyond the railway yard area, are thousands of homes, the greater number cottages owned by laborers and containing their all, submerged to the eaves. In northern East St. Louis the description is repeated, but not on so large a scale. The business portion of the city, and the district containing the better residences are still intact. "But for how long?" is the question being repeated in the mind of every citizen.

STOCKING UP HIS MUSEUM

Carnegie Pays a princely Sum for a Collection of European Fossils for Pittsburg.

Pittsburg, June 11.—Dr. William J. Holland, director of the Carnegie Institute of Pittsburg, announces that Andrew Carnegie has purchased from Baron de Bayet, of Brussels, Belgium, his notable collection of European fossils, and that the collection has been presented to the Carnegie museum in this city.

Dr. Holland says paleontologists have long regarded the De Bayet collection as the best outside of the great museums of Europe and that there is nothing in the United States at present to equal it. When asked what the price of the collection was, Dr. Holland said that was a matter which simply concerned Carnegie, but that the amount paid was princely.

PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT

IN WASHINGTON AGAIN

Washington, June 11.—President Roosevelt arrived here from Cleveland at 2 this afternoon.

Jessie Morrison Hears Her Fate.

Eldorado, Kan., June 11.—Jessie Morrison listened to the reading of the mandate of the supreme court which orders that she serve a sentence of twenty-five years in the penitentiary for the murder of her rival, Clara Wiley Castle. Miss Morrison was too ill to be moved. It is probable that she will be allowed to remain at her home until she regains her strength.

HALF THE CITY A BIG LAKE

Effect of the Resistless Floods at East St. Louis.

THE LOSS OF LIFE

Considerable Already, But May Be Even More--In Kansas.

St. Louis, June 11.—The situation in East St. Louis remains about the same as last night. The river is falling slowly.

East St. Louis, June 11.—Chief of Police Purdy today said that not one person has been drowned by the inundation of the city. He also denied that martial law had been proclaimed, or will be. The city is rapidly regaining its normal condition in the district not under water.

St. Louis, June 11.—Almost two-thirds of the territory embraced by East St. Louis, Ill., is under from two to fifteen feet of water. Between twilight Tuesday night and dawn yesterday eleven lives were sacrificed to the angry waters, and damage which no man attempts to estimate has been done to property. Those who were likely to have knowledge which would enable them to form a rough estimate, when questioned, pointed out over the broad expanse of destructive water and almost invariably replied: "Look! It's awful!" and turned away. The town was demoralized, and with reason.

Tried Hard to Save the Town.

Probably never before in the history of the country has a more valiant fight been made to protect lives and property from the devastating clutches of a tremendous flood than has been made by the citizens of East St. Louis. When the rising, spreading, Mississippi began to threaten the city last Thursday morning Mayor Silas Cook ordered men to go to construct sand bag levees at once. The river rose higher and higher hourly, and more men were employed. The river still surged higher, and all laborers procurable were set to work upon the levee, and citizens of the best classes worked elbow to elbow with the laborers.

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WAS A TERRIFYING NIGHT

In Spite of Warning an Awful Apprehension Prevails in Town.

Tuesday night was the most terrifying in the history of East St. Louis since the tornado of 1896. The river suddenly began rising; as suddenly a new danger menaced. Word was received that the Illinois Central embankment skirting the river along the southern boundary of the city, was threatening to give way. Coulters were sent on horseback and afoot to shout warnings to the inhabitants of the southern half of the city, and hundreds of laborers and citizens hastened to the embankment. Puffing engines rushed car loads of sandbags to the place and work was hurriedly begun. Accustomed by this time to warnings of impending danger the inhabitants did not leave their homes. Higher and

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