

TAVENNER REELECTED BY 800; SULLIVAN HAS LEAD OVER SHERMAN

COOK COUNTY VOTE STRONG FOR SULLIVAN

Democratic Nominee for U. S. Senator Expected to Defeat Sherman.

FIGURES KEEP CLOSE

Republican Loses Chicago by \$5,000, According to the Latest Returns.

Chicago, Ill., Nov. 4.—Returns on senator from 1988 precincts out of 2,788 outside Cook county, give Sullivan, democrat, 154,924, and Sherman, republican, 153,541. Thus Sherman's downstate plurality, if ratio is maintained, would almost equal Sullivan's plurality in Cook county.

Sullivan claims the returns from southern counties will insure his election by 15,000.

Chairman Kinney of the state republican committee, claims the election of Sherman by 15,000.

Chicago, Ill., Nov. 4.—One thousand four hundred and one precincts outside Cook county give Sherman plurality of nearly 36,000. If ratio is sustained by Sherman he will come into Cook county with a plurality of 14,000. Democrats declare, however, it will not be maintained.

The democrats elected all Cook county officers. The progressives were a poor third.

The republicans elected all state officers voted for by majorities, the progressive vote for those places being almost negligible.

For congress, Madden, Mann, Britton, Poes, Fuller, McKinzie, King, Shelling, Cannon, McKinley, Rodenberg, Williams, Denton, republicans, were elected. The Third district is in doubt.

The democrats elected McDermott, Sebald, McAndrews, Buchanan, Gallagher, Tavenner, Stone, Rainey, Graham, Foster, and the progressives elected Copley.

For congressmen-at-large—Chiperfield and Davis, republicans, were elected. Cook county, practically complete, gives Sullivan, for senator, 55,000 plurality.

MICHIGAN.

Detroit, Mich., Nov. 4.—It is practically conceded, even by republicans, today that Ferris, democrat, has been re-elected governor of Michigan by a majority of 15,000 to 30,000. Former Governor Osborn, who ran against Ferris, was the only republican defeated on the state ticket. Friends say his defeat was largely due to his activity in the progressive party two years ago. Michigan republicans are jubilant over their victory in the congressional election. On the face of the returns this morning they won every district except the First and Second, at the same time defeating Michigan's two progressive congressmen who sought re-election. The Second district is in doubt. Doremus, democrat, was re-elected in the First district.

INDIANA.

Indianapolis, Ind., Nov. 4.—Incomplete returns indicate the election of Senator Shively by a plurality of 20,000 and the entire democratic state ticket headed by Homer Cook for secretary. The progressives are a poor third. The solid democratic congressional delegation was broken, the republicans winning in the Seventh and Tenth districts, while the Second and Sixth are in doubt.

IOWA.

Des Moines, Iowa, Nov. 4.—Incomplete returns from three-fourths of the counties of Iowa indicate the re-election of Senator Cummins by a plurality of 25,000 to 20,000. The re-election of Governor Clarke is assured by 20,000 or more. They carried the entire republican ticket to victory with them, including a solid delegation in congress.

PARIS BARRICADES AND WAITS FOR GERMANS

Paris, Nov. 4.—In spite of the news that the allies are holding the Germans, Paris is getting ready for a siege. Barricades are being thrown up along the main roads leading to the city. These barriers consist of barbed wire, piled up paving stones, logs of trees, sawn chairs, and sand bags.

Trenches are being dug and in the plains or roads where it is thought a cavalry charge might be attempted barriers known as "chevaux-de-frise" are being built.

Election Summary

Massachusetts—Governor Walsh, democrat, re-elected by 10,000. Republicans regained control of the state officers except governor and have a majority legislature.

Ohio—Willis, republican, elected governor, and Harding, republican, senator. State elected 10 republican and 12 democrats to congress.

Minnesota—Congressman Hammond, democrat, elected governor over Lee, progressive. Congressional delegation dominated by republicans.

South Dakota—Governor Byrne, republican, re-elected. Burke, republican, elected senator.

North Dakota—Senator Grenna, republican, re-elected. Governor Hanna, republican, re-elected. Entire republican state ticket successful.

Oklahoma—Williams, democrat, leading by 7,000 for governor. Senator Gore, democrat, re-elected. With one exception the democrats elected a full delegation to congress.

Missouri—Senator Stone, democrat, re-elected. Democratic state ticket successful. Eleven democrats and two republicans elected to congress. Fifteen proposed constitutional amendments failed.

Pennsylvania—Senator Penrose, republican, re-elected by huge plurality. Brumbaugh, republican, elected governor. The republicans elected four congressmen at large. Republican state candidates successful.

New Jersey—Congressional delegation stands eight republicans and four democrats, a gain of six for the republicans.

Rhode Island—Beeckman, republican, and the entire republican state ticket is elected. The state voted to license the sale of liquor.

Connecticut—Senator Brandegee, republican, re-elected. Holcomb, republican, elected governor. The legislature is republican.

Wisconsin—Phillip, republican, elected governor. Governor McGovern, republican, elected senator. Republican state ticket successful. All present congressmen but one reelected. Proposed constitutional amendments defeated.

Vermont—Dillingham, republican, re-elected senator. Republicans retained control of congressional delegations, state offices and legislature.

Kentucky—Beckham and Camden, democrats, elected to the senate. Nine democrats and two republicans elected to congress.

Kansas—Capper, republican was elected governor. Murdock, progressive, claims election to the senate. The republicans claim the state ticket. Murdock was ill at his home today.

New York—Meyer London, socialist, was elected to congress in the Twelfth district, the first time in the history of New York.

CHAUFFEUR SAVES GOLD FROM GERMAN ENEMIES

Paris, Nov. 4.—Before the Bank of France left Paris for Bordeaux several of the provincial branches were given substantial supplies of the sinews of war.

A powerful motor car, heavily laden with gold and securities, was rushing along, with all lights out, on the road to A—, when a tire burst. The chauffeur was busy repairing the damage when a patrol of 10 uhlands and a captain came up and surrounded him and his companion.

Pointing a revolver at the chauffeur, the captain got up beside him and ordered him to take the road for M—. Half an hour later they came to cross roads.

"Which," asked the chauffeur. The captain hesitated, took out his map and looked at it. Just then an old peasant came up and the German officer, his eternal revolver in his hand, commanded him to tell him where they were or he would blow his head off.

While the peasant, trembling, was pointing out the direction of M—, the chauffeur, lifting the seat, seized his revolver, and, quick as lightning, blew the officer's brains out.

Then, sending the car headlong among the uhlands, he scattered them in all directions, while their shots went wild. The daring chauffeur eventually arrived at A— with his precious cargo intact.

Letters from the front show that the Parisian soldiers have given a very good account of themselves.

DISEASE SPREADS OVER STOCK PENS

Twelve Hundred Cattle in Chicago Yards Have Been Ordered Destroyed.

Chicago, Nov. 4.—Closing of the stock yards is again being seriously considered by the state and federal authorities. It is reported that foot and mouth disease has spread further in the cattle pens and that 1,200 cattle were ordered killed immediately and the carcasses destroyed. It is freely predicted the yards will be quarantined completely by night.

PARTY HOLDS ITS CONTROL OF CONGRESS

Democratic Majority May be Cut as Low as Twenty or Thirty, However.

SENATE KEEPS MARGIN

Returns So Far a Gain of 33 Republican Members in the House.

Washington, Nov. 4.—With 69 congressional districts unreported at 2:50 this afternoon, the election stood: Democrats elected, 189; republicans elected, 172, progressives elected, three; independent, one; socialist, one. The returns that far showed republican gains of 43 seats. Of 69 missing the democrats must have 29 to get 218, a bare majority.

Washington, Nov. 4.—Although 85 congressional districts were still unreported at noon, democratic leaders here were confident the administration would retain control of congress, although the majority in the house might be cut from the present strength of 141 to as low as 25 or 30.

Varying reports of senate contests in Nevada, California, Kansas and Colorado gave no promise of reducing the democratic plurality of 10.

At noon, with 85 congressional districts missing, the election of 185 democrats, 162 republicans and three progressives was reported. The present complexion of the house is 285 democrats, 129 republicans, 15 progressives and six vacancies. At noon the returns showed a gain of 33 republicans. At that hour 22 districts in New York, six in Pennsylvania, 12 in Missouri, 10 in Minnesota, eight in California, and others, were unreported.

To fulfill predictions of democratic leaders of a majority of 29, it is necessary for 63 of the unreported districts to be democratic.

Majority May Be 45.

Of 85 districts unreported at noon 51 are now held by the democrats, 29 by the republicans and five by progressives. Should the democrats hold these 51 districts, their membership in the next house would be 235, a majority of 17. Should the republicans reelect the present 29 incumbents, their total gain would be 70 seats.

After a conference of the president and other democratic leaders, Postmaster General Burleson claimed the democrats would control the next house by a majority of between 29 and 45. At 1 o'clock the number of missing districts was reduced to 75. The democrats gained four votes and the republicans five.

Eleven Democratic Governors.

New York, Nov. 4.—Incomplete returns from 29 states where gubernatorial elections were held showed today 11 democrats and 16 republicans elected. In seven states the result was apparently undetermined. In these seven states the republicans were leading in five and democrats in two. California apparently has re-elected Johnson, progressive.

The states electing democratic governors are Alabama, Arizona, Georgia, Massachusetts, Minnesota, Michigan, Nebraska, Oklahoma, South Carolina, Tennessee and Texas. Republican governors, Iowa, Connecticut, New Hampshire, New York, North Dakota, Ohio, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, Vermont and Wisconsin.

Clark Surprised.

Bowling Green, Mo., Nov. 4.—Champ Clark, speaker of the house, said: "The result at the polls yesterday throughout the country is a great surprise to me. But the defeat of a great number of democratic senators and congressmen is no rebuke to the policies of President Wilson. No, it is just a natural occurrence, one that might happen during these days of general mixup. The European war may have had something to do with it. Reuniting the republicans and progressives in many districts and the inability of democratic legislators, because of the long session of congress, to properly canvass their districts, permitted voters to drift back to old party lines, and to the republican victories are the result." Clark is certain the democratic party will still have a safe working majority. Clark was re-elected.

KILLED BY UPSET AUTO

Galesburg, Ill., Nov. 4.—Mrs. Margaret Taft was killed and her son and daughter, Oliver and Maude Taft, and grandson, Albert, were injured near Prairie City when the automobile which Oliver was driving upset while going down a hill.

Patti Visits Wounded Belgians in Swansea Hospital



Mme. Patti visiting wounded Belgians in army hospital at Swansea, England.

BRITON IN PRAISE OF GERMAN VALOR

Eyewitness Shows How Kaiser's Men Go Singing to Death in Front of Machine Guns.

AWFUL SLAUGHTER TOLD

English Colonel Relates That Enemies Return to Charge Five Times, but Are Repulsed.

London, Nov. 4.—That the Germans have not lost their morale in the face of what they are enduring is generously attested in today's account from the British headquarters at the front penned by Colonel E. D. Swinton, author of all the "eyewitness" descriptions of operations in which the British forces have participated. "It seems," he writes, "that success will favor the side which possesses the most endurance or can bring up and fling fresh forces into the fray." The British have suffered heavily, he admits, which means that recruiting in England must go on unabated if the gaps in the British ranks are to be filled.

Of the Germans Colonel Swinton says that despite enormous losses they "have so far been able to fill the gaps in their ranks and return to the charge."

British Use Jap Tactics.

Colonel Swinton's story opens with an account of the transfer of the British troops from positions along the Aisne, where their trenches were less than 100 yards from the German trenches, to points along the north and south lines toward the sea, where they joined hands with reinforcements and made a solid, continuous battle line. The evacuation of the trenches along the Aisne was carried out at night, after the method employed by General Oku in the battle of Mukden, the Germans not being able to discover the departure of the British troops or the arrival of the French troops to take their places in the trenches.

After the fall of Antwerp, the colonial contingents, German forces in front of the new British positions were heavily reinforced with men and big guns.

Annihilate a Battalion.

"On the north of the Lys," says the colonel, "a fierce contest took place near La Gheir, a village which was captured in the morning by the enemy and then retaken by us. The Germans' casualties were extremely heavy. They came on with the greatest bravery in swarms, only to be swept away by our fire. One battalion of their One Hundred and Fourth Regiment was practically wiped out, 400 dead being picked up by us in our lines alone."

"Incidentally, by our counter attack we took 130 prisoners and released 40 of our men who had been captured."

Ascribes Trick to Foes.

"On our left our troops advanced against the German Twenty-sixth Reserve Corps near Passchendaele and were met by a determined counter offensive, which was driven back with great losses."

"At night the Germans renewed their efforts unsuccessfully in this quarter. At one point they tried a rush which no longer is new. As they came up in a solid line, two deep, they shouted out:

"Don't fire; we are the Coldstream Guards."

"Our men, however, are getting

THE WEATHER

Forecast Till 7 P. M. Tomorrow, for Rock Island, Davenport, Moline and Vicinity.

Fair tonight and Thursday; slightly cooler tonight.

Temperature at 7 a. m., 47; highest yesterday, 72; lowest last night, 47.

Velocity of wind at 7 a. m., 12 miles per hour.

Precipitation, none.

Relative humidity at 7 p. m., 44; at 7 a. m., 57.

Stage of water 3.7, a fall of .1 in last 24 hours.

J. M. SHERIER, Local Forecaster.

ASTRONOMICAL EVENTS.

EVENING STARS: Mercury, Jupiter, Mars, Venus, Morning star: Saturn. The variable star, Algol of constellation Perseus, reaches minimum lustre: seen northeast in the evening.

SEE A DEADLOCK OF STATE HOUSE

Democrats, However, Will Control in the Senate, Returns So Far Show.

Chicago, Ill., Nov. 4.—Democrats will control the next Illinois senate, while the house will probably be deadlocked, with the republicans having the advantage, according to latest returns. The democrats scored heavily in Cook county, while the republicans made large gains downstate. Medill McCormick, progressive, and Madsen and Mason, socialists, were elected to the lower house. Among the democrats elected were many on the black list of reform organizations.

used to tricks of this kind, and the only result was that they allowed the enemy's infantry to approach quite close before they swept them down with magazine fire.

"Apart from the 400 dead found near our lines in the center, our patrols afterward discovered 390 dead further out in front of our left."

Sing as They Go to Death.

"On our left the 23rd was a bad day for the Germans. Advancing in our turn we drove them from some of the trenches out of which they had turned out the previous evening and captured 150 prisoners and released some of our own men whom they had taken. As the Germans retreated our guns did great execution. They afterward made five desperate assaults on our trenches, advancing in mass and singing 'Die Wacht am Rhine.'"

"Each assault was easily beaten back, our troops waiting until the enemy came within close range before they opened fire with rifles and Maxims, causing terrible havoc in the solid masses."

"We made over 600 prisoners and picked up 1,500 dead, killed Oct. 23 alone."

"The spectacle of these devoted men chanting a national song as they marched to certain death was inspiring. It was at the same time pitiable."

AVIATORS AT HONOLULU STOPPED BY OFFICIALS

Honolulu, T. H., Nov. 4.—Two Japanese aviators, billed to make public flights here, were stopped by the police Tuesday from making further ascensions after they came down from their first flight.

JEALOUSY BEHIND POISON LETTERS

Elizabeth, New Jersey, Woman, Trapped, Confesses Writing Scurrilous Notes.

Elizabeth, N. J., Nov. 4.—Psychologists are presented with an interesting problem in explaining the case of the "poison pen" letters, the authorship of which has just been made public. Mrs. Nelson L. Pollard, by her own confession the author of the "poison pen" letters which have stirred the town for more than a year, has declined to give her reasons for having written them.

Nearly every one in the town received one or more of the scurrilous notes, which were always unsigned. The fact that one woman, Mrs. Pollard's next door neighbor, did not receive any of the missives resulted in the apprehension of Mrs. Pollard and her subsequent confession.

Dr. Charles F. Jones, whose wife was not a recipient of any of the letters, but who himself received seven or eight, which he characterized as the "most filthy he had ever laid eyes on," declares that "insane social jealousy" prompted Mrs. Pollard to send the letters.

When Mrs. Pollard was acquitted last spring of sending the "poison pen" letters, many persons connected with the case left the courtroom still believing she was the letter writer.

As soon as the trial was over there was a new flow of anonymous letters. Letters were received by men and women high in Elizabeth. They were unlike the letters—typewritten or penned—which formed the basis of the charge against Mrs. Pollard. The new letters were written with a pencil.

This "poisoned pencil" never wrote in script, but always printed the words. Postoffice Inspector Francis A. Butler and a private detective set a trap for Mrs. Pollard and had a postman leave letters addressed to Dr. Jones at her house as though by mistake.

These letters were returned to the postoffice after several days. When the postoffice authorities opened them they found "poisoned pencil" notes instead of the letters which the envelopes had contained.

Then Prosecutor Alfred Stein, who had received one of the scurrilous letters, asked Mrs. Pollard to come to his office. After an examination that lasted six hours Mrs. Pollard broke down and admitted she wrote all the penciled letters.

Salandra Retains Posts. Rome, Nov. 4.—Signor Salandra retains the posts of premier and minister of the interior in the new Italian cabinet.

MORE STATES ARE FOR PROHIBITION

Oregon, Colorado, Arizona in Column—Ohio, California and Washington Says No.

Chicago, Ill., Nov. 4.—Oregon, Arizona and Colorado voted for statewide prohibition by a close margin, say the anti-liquor people. It is claimed a majority of the Illinois legislators are in the "dry" column.

Ohio, California and Washington voted overwhelmingly against prohibition.

Woman suffrage won in Montana.

BRITISH LOSE SHIP; OTHERS PUT TO ROUT

Jap-English Fleet Now Said to be Chasing Victorious Germans.

IS SILENCE IN LONDON

Twenty-Six of Kaiser's Guns Taken and 800 Made Prisoners at Tsing Tau.

London, Nov. 4.—London was silent today regarding the naval engagement off the Chilean coast Sunday. According to the German reports the British cruiser Monmouth was sunk, the cruiser Good Hope put to flight, apparently damaged, and the Glasgow driven to a neutral port. German ships, it was said, were undamaged, and the loss of life not great. If two British cruisers went down it is possible 1,500 men were lost.

It was reported that the Japanese-British fleet operating in the islands of the Pacific is rushing south to attack the victorious Germans.

Wireless communication between the German defenders at Tsing Tau and Peking has been interrupted. At last accounts the Germans were making desperate resistance. There is no change on the extreme north battle line in Belgium and France, according to a French report. The allies claim progress between Dixmude and Lys. The Germans are preparing a new movement to cut the allies' line near Ypres.

There has been a renewal of fighting on the east Prussian frontier, the Germans taking the defensive. The Austrians are clinging to their positions on the River San.

A cabinet crisis in Constantinople over Turkey's attitude toward war is reported.

Insurgents in the Union of South Africa are reported to number 10,000.

German Guns Destroyed.

Tokio, Nov. 4.—A report from Tsing Kau says Japanese forces before Tsing-Tau have destroyed 26 German guns and captured 800 prisoners. Japanese artillery is now attacking German trenches and wire entanglements before them.

Washington, Nov. 4.—Minister Fletcher at Santiago, Chile, today reported the German naval victory off Coronel, Chile, and the arrival of three German warships at Valparaiso. The damaged Good Hope and the Glasgow and Ortrato are reported to have escaped.

Paris, Nov. 4.—A news dispatch says the Turkish ambassador to France has asked for and received his passport at Bordeaux.

London, Nov. 4.—It is reported Turkish authorities have begun seizing shipping lying off Constantinople.

Germans Retiring.

London, Nov. 4.—An Amsterdam dispatch says "the sound of cannon is distinctly heard at Ghent and there is every indication the Germans are retiring on the whole front from Bruges to Thielit."

Paris, Nov. 4.—The British fleet fired 70 shells into Turkish forts of the Dardanelles.

FLAGG IS FOUND GUILTY OF MISUSING THE MAILED

New York, Nov. 4.—Jared Flagg, accused of making fraudulent use of the mails in promoting stock speculation sales, was found guilty by a jury in the United States district court here. There were seven counts in the indictment and Flagg was convicted on six. He was acquitted on the seventh.

He was the first to be tried of several defendants, including Daniel N. Morgan, former treasurer of the United States.

United States Judge Rudkin renewed Flagg's bail of \$25,000 and he will appear in court on Friday, when a hearing will be held on a motion for a new trial.

CANUCKS WITH SPADES 'SHOW' EUROPE'S TROOPS

London, Nov. 4.—The Canadian troops which are arriving in England are armed as no other modern troops are armed, for each soldier carries a spade on his back. These spades can be used for trench digging or for defensive armor.

Each implement is a spade, shield and rifle rest combined. There is an oval hole in the middle of the spade, and through this the soldier pokes his rifle in the same way as the archers in the olden days used the niches in the castle walls.

The spade weighs four pounds and it is practically bullet proof.