

LAY GREEK INVASION TO SECRET PACT

PEOPLE OVER ENTIRE LAND OBSERVE DAY

President Wilson Does Hon-
or to Nation's Dead Army
and Navy Heroes.

SPEAKS TO VETERANS

Executive Addresses G. A. R.
—Pay Tributes Through-
out America.

Washington, May 30.—Washington today did honor to the nation's dead soldier and sailor heroes. President Wilson and government clerks, grizzled veterans and white clad young flower girls, daughters of the Union and the Confederacy, joined in observing Memorial day.

The president was the principal speaker on the program of the G. A. R. exercises at Arlington national cemetery early in the afternoon. This followed a parade up Pennsylvania avenue, reviewed by military and naval officers. Special honor was paid the memory of those who lost their lives on the battleship Maine and the submarine F-4, which sank off Honolulu recently.

Fifty women standing on the deck of a steamer as it passed up the Potomac river, strewed flowers on the water in honor of the country's naval heroes.

Government departments were closed. The senate adjourned for the holiday but the house of representatives held a session.

Honor Memory of Hayes.
Fremont, O., May 30.—Distinguished men gathered here today for the dedication of the memorial to Rutherford B. Hayes, 19th president of the United States.

The dedication exercises were planned as the chief feature of the observance of Memorial day.

The aged veterans of the Civil war are to open the day's program, following the usual observances at the cemeteries, with the dedication of the G. A. R. window in the memorial building, which situated in Spiegel grove state park, will house a museum and library.

Governor F. B. Willis of Ohio is to be the chief speaker.

The memorial dedicatory program is under the direction of the Ohio Archaeological and Historical society and the leading address and tribute to the late President Hayes will be given by Charles R. Williams of Princeton, N. J., a personal friend of President Wilson, who recently completed a biography of President Hayes.

Chicago Celebrates Day.
Chicago, May 30.—Patriotic celebrations marked observance of Memorial day in Chicago today, the principal day of the parade during the afternoon which will be participated in by many military, patriotic, fraternal and other organizations. Plans for the day also call for visits to all cemeteries in the city by members of the G. A. R. Governor Edward F. Dunne will review the parade.

Veterans of the Grand Army will lead the parade under the command of General C. S. Bentley, chief marshal. The old soldiers will be followed by apprentices of the United States naval training station, national guards, independent military companies, Chicago police, letter carriers, fraternal organizations, Chicago fire department and boy scouts.

Another celebration of note will be held at Fort Sheridan by the national and Illinois cadet corps leagues.

Roosevelt at Kansas City.
Kansas City, May 30.—An address by Colonel Theodore Roosevelt was the principal event on Kansas City's program for the observance of Memorial day. The former president arrived from Chicago this morning.

Plans of those in charge of the day's ceremonies called for a review by Colonel Roosevelt of 1,000 boy scouts, marshaled on Union station plaza and a parade through a section of the downtown district.

Five thousand seats in Convention hall had been reserved for members of the G. A. R. and the confederate veterans that they might hear the ex-president speak at 4 o'clock. Prior to going to the hall, Colonel Roosevelt was to be the guest of honor at a noonday luncheon given by the Commercial club.

FIRST "WAR BRIDE"
MARRIES IN TEXAS
San Antonio, May 29.—The first "war bride" of the Texas national guard was married here last night to Corporal Walter Hummer, Company I, Third regiment, who promised to "love and cherish" and then stepped into the ranks to leave for service on the border. Mrs. Hummer was Miss Margaret Fisher, daughter of Mrs. James Fisher of San Antonio.

A visit to the mobilization camp at Fort Sam Houston shortly after the state troops were gathered there was the beginning of the romance that was brought to a swift culmination by orders yesterday for Company I to proceed to San Benito. Company I acted as "beat man" at the ceremony.

Col. J. Mosby, Noted Raider Passes Away

Washington, May 30.—Colonel John S. Mosby, the most famous confederate raider of the Civil war, died here today after a long illness. He was a native of Virginia and was 82 years old.

Colonel Mosby's death, his physicians said, was due solely to infirmities of age and he was conscious and interested in what was going on about him until an hour before he passed away.

Until six months ago, when he went into a sudden decline, he was a familiar sight about the streets of the capital, apparently vigorous despite his age.

He will be buried at his ancestral home at Warrenton, Va., probably Thursday and some survivors of his noted command will be his pallbearers. His death on Memorial day was affecting to many.

It was said that he never took part in veterans' reunions because 22 years ago when he attended one of his command at Alexandria, Va., he was so overcome with emotion he was unable to speak. Sisters, a son, and daughters survive him.

Colonel Mosby died at the head of a band of a few hundred confederate raiders he rode up and down the Shenandoah valley, capturing outposts, destroying supply trains, and cutting off means of communication. It has been estimated that he often neutralized the force of over 15,000 federals in the valley.

Born in Powhatan county, Va., Dec. 6, 1833, and graduated from the University of Virginia in 1852, he was practicing law in Bristol, Va., when the war broke out and he began his career in the Confederate army. He proved his daring with such effect that he became a scout for Gen. J. E. B. Stuart and led the celebrated raid around McMillan's army on the Chickahominy in Richmond a year later.

He recruited an independent cavalry troop which became famous as Mosby's Partisan Rangers. They became night riders and the terror of the Federal troops.

Mosby's most brilliant exploit was the capture of Gen. Stoughton. On a March night in 1863, he, with 30 followers, rode through the Federal army in Fairfax court house, only 15 miles from Washington, where Gen. Stoughton was asleep. Although surrounded by an army said to have been 17,000 strong, the rangers calmly sidestepped the general, his staff and many sentries, and turned them over to the Confederate authorities at Culpeper without having lost a man.

Gen. Grant once later saved Mosby from hanging, and two fees of the battle field became staunch friends. Mosby assumed the name of Virginia Lee Grant during his presidential campaign, and was rewarded with an appointment as consul at Hong Kong, post which he held for seven years.

When he returned to the United States, Mosby called on the surviving members of his rangers and, to his astonishment, he found that a large percentage of them had become ministers in marrying their old colonel said: "Well, boys, if you fight the devil like you fought the Yankees there will be something to record on Judgment day."

He next became special land agent for the government in Colorado, and from 1894 to 1910 he was attorney in the department of justice. The closing years of his life were spent in lecturing across the country. His home was at the Potomac, at Warrenton, Va., but he was often seen in Washington, his white hair, and strong Roman features, making him a picturesque figure on the streets or lecture platform. He had written "Mosby's War Reminiscences," "The Dawn of the Real South," and "Stuart's Cavalry Campaign." He was also known as a Greek scholar.

"My only regret," he once declared, "is this: It is better to make a good run than a bad stand."

THE WEATHER
Forecast till 7 P. M. Tomorrow, for Rock Island, Davenport, Moline and vicinity.

Fair tonight, Wednesday unsettled, probably showers, not much change in temperature.

Temperature at 7 a. m. 62. Highest yesterday 68, lowest last night 58.

Velocity of wind at 7 a. m. 8 miles per hour.

Precipitation .14 inch.

Relative humidity at 7 p. m. 73, at 7 a. m. 79.

Stage of water, 9.5.

J. M. SHERIDAN, Local Forecaster.

KAISER PUTS FRESH FORCE AGAINST FOE

New Division of Germans
Charge Position of the
Enemy at Verdun.

PARIS ADMITS LOSS

Statement Confesses French
Were Forced to Retire
Before Attackers.

Berlin, (via London, 5 p. m., May 29).—The capture of French positions along the entire front between the southern ridge of Dead Man's Hill and the village of Cumieres, south of the Cerbeaux wood and Cumieres woods was announced today by the war office.

Paris, May 30 (12:01 p. m.)—A strong attack was made last night with a fresh division of German troops on the Verdun front west of the Meuse between Dead Man's Hill and Cumieres. The war office statement of today says there was a slight French retirement on the Bethincourt-Cumieres road.

All attempts of the Germans to gain ground on the remainder of the positions under attack were repulsed. The Germans maintained heavy artillery fire west of Fort Douaumont.

French War Report.
The text of the statement follows: "On the left bank of the river Meuse the bombardment was continued yesterday afternoon with redoubled violence between Dead Man's Hill and Cumieres. Shortly after this activity the enemy directed a very strong attack upon all our positions in this sector. In this fighting a new division arrived on the scene and took part."

"All enemy assaults upon the slopes east of Dead Man's Hill, where our lines are established, were checked by our fire. In the vicinity of the Cerbeaux wood the enemy after several fruitless endeavors, in which they suffered heavy losses compelled us to retire from some of our advanced trenches south of the road between Bethincourt and Cumieres. The Germans on our right in spite of repeated efforts were not successful in driving us away from the southern bombardment of the village of Cumieres. The bombardment continued with intensity throughout the night."

"On the right bank of the river there has been very spirited artillery fighting in the country west of Fort Douaumont."

"The night passed in relative quiet on the remainder of the front."

THE WAR TODAY
Fresh troops in large masses are being thrown by Germans against French lines northwest of Verdun and twice within the last 24 hours General Sivel's forces have been compelled to give ground.

The weakest point in the French defense appears to be in the neighborhood of Cumieres, between that village and Dead Man's Hill, to the west. This line was dented by Germans for a distance of more than three hundred yards in the third of a series of violent assaults yesterday afternoon. Last night Germans returned to the attack with a fresh division and Paris admits that the French were forced to retire slightly along the Bethincourt-Cumieres road.

The German attacks apparently were equally violent along other sectors of the front west of the Meuse, but, according to the French war office, nowhere else were the crown prince's men able to gain ground. East of the river heavy artillery fire in the region of Fort Douaumont is reported.

Advices from the Balkans show a continuation of Bulgarian activity along the Macedonian front. Bulgarians are reported to be concentrating additional forces near the Greek border at Novorok and Xanthia, while along the Vardar river the advance lines of the entente forces are being bombarded.

A Rome dispatch through Paris declares that neutral diplomatic circles in the Italian capital have been informed that the Bulgarian advance into Greek territory came about through a secret agreement between Greece and Bulgaria.

Verdun and southern Tyrol today are the scenes of the heaviest fighting reported from any of the war fronts.

While the Italians have checked the attacks of the Austrians in Tyrol, inflicting heavy losses, the Germans have captured French trenches 300 meters in extent near the village of the river Meuse.

The fighting around Hill 304 and Le Mort Homme has been on a big scale, the assaults of the Germans have been repulsed by the French in all the sectors except Cumieres.

MEMORIES



OBSERVE FLAG DAY URGES PRESIDENT

Wilson Issues Proclamation Calling
Upon the People of Country to
Celebrate Event.

Washington, May 30.—President Wilson today issued a proclamation calling upon the people of the United States to observe flag day, June 14. The proclamation follows:

My Fellow Countrymen: Many circumstances have recently conspired to turn our thoughts to a critical examination of the conditions of our national life, of the influences which have seemed to threaten to divide us in interest and sympathy, of forces within and forces without that seemed likely to draw us away from the happy traditions of united purpose and action of which we have been so proud.

It has, therefore, seemed to me fitting that I should call your attention to the approach of the anniversary of the day upon which the flag of the United States was adopted by the congress as the emblem of the union and to suggest to you that it should, this year and in the years to come, be given special significance as a day of renewal and reminder, a day upon which we should direct our minds with a special desire of renewal to thoughts of the ideals and principles of which we have sought to make our great government the embodiment.

I, therefore, suggest and request that throughout the nation, and if possible in every community, the 14th day of June be observed as flag day with patriotic exercises at which means shall be taken to give significant expression to our thoughtful love of America, our comprehension of the great mission of liberty and justice to which we have devoted ourselves as a people, our pride in the history and our enthusiasm for the political program of the nation, our determination to maintain that program with each generation, and our resolution to demonstrate to all the world its vital union in sentiment and purpose, accepting only those as true compatriots who feel as we do the compulsion of this supreme allegiance. Let us on that day rededicate ourselves to the nation, "one and inseparable," from which every thought that is not worthy of our fathers' first vows of independence, liberty and right shall be excluded and in which we shall stand with united hearts for an America which no man can corrupt, no influence draw away from its ideals, no force divide against itself, a nation signally distinguished among all the nations of mankind for its clear, individual conception alike of its duties and its privileges, its obligations and its rights.

Decreases in immigration, the statement says, have brought about a labor shortage. "This demand for labor," it adds, "has been accompanied by demands of working people for increased wages, the rapid and increased granting of which during the last six months has resulted in new demands of laboring men that many employers deem excessive and refuse to grant."

Metal trades strikes in April numbered 45; building trades 25; textile workers 37, seamen 18 and railroads 17. About 300,000 workers were involved.

EJECT WIFE OF HEAD
OF NEGRO INSTITUTE
Montgomery, Ala., May 29.—The wife of Major Robert B. Moton, the negro educator who succeeded Booker T. Washington as head of Tuskegee institute, and Blanton Moton, the major's brother, were ejected from a Pullman car at Troy, Ala., yesterday on complaints from white passengers, and required to ride in the coach provided for negroes under the Alabama law.

Strike Activity
GROWS ALARMING
Statistics Show Total of 1,069 in Last
Half Year—War is Blamed for
Labor Troubles.

Washington, May 30.—Strikes and lockouts throughout the United States recently have been unusually numerous, according to a statement today by the department of labor. The last six months produced 1,069 and in April alone there were 269.

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Latest Bulletins
Washington, May 30.—An amendment to the naval bill providing six battle cruisers instead of five, as recommended by a majority of the naval committee, was defeated in the house today by a vote of 109 to 83.

Wilkes Barre, Pa., May 30.—One man was killed and eight others were injured today when a big automobile bus with 18 persons aboard backed over a ten foot embankment at Bear Creek, near here. Several doctors were hurried to the scene from this city to attend the injured.

Rome, via Paris, May 30, 1:05 p. m.—A large transport steamer was torpedoed and sunk by an Italian warship in the Austrian harbor of Trieste on the night of May 28, it was officially announced this afternoon.

Simplicity to Mark Burial of James Hill

St. Paul, May 30.—Simplicity will mark the funeral of James J. Hill, railroad builder, capitalist and widely known northwest pioneer who died at his Summit avenue home yesterday.

The democratic spirit of the "empire builder" will follow him to his last resting place. The great home, overlooking a section of the city which represents the result of Mr. Hill's activities, will be opened to the employees of the Great Northern railroad during the afternoon today. The fact that today is a holiday will make it possible for most of the several thousand employees of the company here and in Minneapolis to view the body of the man who for so many years guided the destinies of the Great Northern.

The funeral services will be held from the home Wednesday at 2 p. m. Right Rev. Thomas J. Gibbons, vicar-general, will have charge of the services. The funeral will be public, but only relatives, close friends and persons employed by the Hill interests are expected to attend.

All day and through the night, messages from all sections of the country were received by members of the family. They came from railroad presidents, financiers, civic and state organizations and political leaders. All expressed their grief at the loss of one of the nation's most widely known men and offered condolence to the members of his family.

All day long throngs of persons passed the big brown stone house where a little black rosette proclaimed that a death had occurred. Every flag in the city flew at half-mast.

Wednesday all the banking institutions in the city will be closed at 1:30 p. m. The First National bank and the Northwestern Trust company, Hill institutions, will close at noon.

DRIVERS LINE UP
IN 300 MILE RACE
Many of Motor World's Most Famous
Daredevils Participating in Indianapolis Sweepstakes.

Indianapolis, Ind., May 30.—More than a score of the fastest racing cars in America lined up today for the sixth annual running of the International Sweepstakes, the Indianapolis motor speedway. For the first time the speedway classic will be over a distance of less than 500 miles, the year's contest being for only 300. The prize list also has been reduced—from \$50,000 to \$30,000.

Some of the best-known names in the motor race world appear in the list of drivers. Dario Resta, John Aitken, Ralph Mulford, Eddie Rickenbacher, Barney Oldfield and Arthur and Louis Chevrolet are among them. Resta, Aitken, Rickenbacher and Josef Christens are the favorites on the betting boards.

Barney Oldfield says this is his farewell appearance as a driver in a big race. Louis and Arthur Chevrolet, known on many courses for their skill and daring year ago, today will attempt to come back.

Although the race does not start until 1:30 this afternoon the rush to the speedway started early this morning. Drivers and cars:

1—Deussenberg; Wilbur D'Alene.
2—Maxwell; Pete Henderson.
3—Maxwell; Eddie Rickenbacher.
4—Frontenac; Louis Chevrolet.
5—Frontenac; Arthur Chevrolet.
6—(X)—Frontenac; Gaston Chevrolet.
7—Ostewig; O. F. Halbe.
8—Peugeot; Ralph Mulford.
9—Ogren; Tom Alley.
10—Sunbeam; Josef Christens.
11—Delage; Barney Oldfield.
12—Peugeot; Dario Resta.
13—Peugeot; John Aitken.
14—Peugeot; Charley Merz.
15—Delage; Jules Devinee.
16—Pusan; Aldo Franchi.
17—Crawford; Billy Chandler.
18—Crawford; Dave Lewis.
19—Crawford; Arthur Johnson.
20—Premier; Tom Rooney.
21—Premier; Gil Anterson.
22—Premier; Howard Wilcox.
(X)—Possible starter.

Terre Haute Man Succumbs to Grief
Few Days After Running Down
Thirteen-Year-Old Boy.

Terre Haute, Ind., May 30.—On May 21, an automobile driven by Leo O. Bales, ran down and killed Leonard Harold, 13. Yesterday Bales died of a broken heart, although he was found blameless of the accident and exonerated by City Judge Newton in a letter written at the request of Bales' physician in the hope of saving the man's life.

Witnesses to the accident said Bales was blameless.

TWENTY PERSONS TO
BE SENT TO EUROPE
Chicago, May 30.—Twenty persons from the middle west will reach New York today for deportation to countries whence they came. Seven were taken from Chicago, two from Denver, one from St. Louis and the rest from St. Paul, Minneapolis and environs. Among the 20 were two men charged with complicity in violation of the Mann white slave act. Others were ordered deported because of disease or because they had entered this country fraudulently.

BULGARMOVE IS REPORTED AGREED UPON

Occupation of Three Cities in
Greece Follows Formal
Agreement, Claim.

ARE OFFERED BRIDE

Is Rumored Athens Govern-
ment Has Been Offered
Slice of Serbia.

Paris, May 30 (5:15 a. m.)—The Bulgarian advance into Greek Macedonia was met as the result of a secret formal agreement between Greece and Bulgaria, according to information received in neutral diplomatic circles in Rome, says a dispatch from the Italian capital to the Paris Matin.

London, May 30 (12:28 p. m.)—Great activity on the part of the Bulgarians following their occupation of several Greek forts in the vicinity of Demir-Hisar is reported in a Rouser dispatch from Saloniki. It is said Bulgarian forces are being concentrated at Novorokop in Bulgaria near the Greek border as well as at Xanthia.

The advance lines of the entente allies on the Vardar and the hamlet of Kilkindir are being bombarded.

Led by German officers. The Greek troops which had garrisoned these forts taken by the Bulgarians withdrew on the advance of the invaders, who claimed permission from the Athens government for their act.

The Bulgarians were said to be led by German officers who explained to the commanders of the Greek forts that the central powers were merely being accorded the same privilege that had been given the allies in permitting them to occupy Saloniki.

Greek-Bulgar Clash.
A detachment from the Greek garrison at Fort Rupel fired on the Bulgarians before evacuating the position. The Greeks were incensed, according to Saloniki dispatches, because the Bulgarians entered the fort before the time they had stipulated for its evacuation expired. The Bulgarians returned the fire, the Greeks withdrawing without serious casualties on either side.

The Greek government has warned border commanders to take every precaution to prevent serious encounters.

Greece Promised Bribe.
Amsterdam, May 30.—Greece has been promised a slice of southern Serbia and Albania by the Austro-Germans in return for remaining neutral, according to Berlin reports. For this reason the Greek government is expected to make no serious protest against the Bulgarian invasion.

NEW COINS TO BE
MINTED IN JULY
Specially Designed Half Dollars, Quarters and Dimes Planned by Secretary McAdoo.

Washington, May 30.—Dimes, quarters and half dollars of new design will be minted after July 1, Secretary McAdoo announced today. For the first time since 1891, a change will be effected in these pieces. The announcement disclosed that the half dollar has fallen practically into disuse. The new design was selected with hope of restoring it into more general circulation, it was indicated. Under the new coinage, each piece will be of different design.

The face of the new half dollar bears a full length of liberty, with a background of the American flag flying to the breeze. The goddess is carrying laurel and oak branches, symbolic of civil and military glory. The reverse side shows an eagle perched high upon a mountain crag, wings unfolded. Growing from a rift in the rock is a sapling of mountain pine, symbolic of America.

The design of the twenty-five cent piece is intended to typify the awakening of the country to its own position, says McAdoo.

Liberty, a full length figure, is shown stepping toward the country's gateway, bearing upraised a shield from which the covering is being drawn. The right hand bears an olive branch of peace. Above the head is the word "Liberty" and below the feet "1916," the reverse side bears a figure of an eagle in full flight, wings extended and the inscriptions "United States of America" and "E. Pluribus Unum."

Both the half dollar and the quarter bear the phrase "In God We Trust."

The design of the dime is simple. Liberty with a winged cap is shown on the fore side and on the reverse is a design of a bundle of rods and a battle axe, symbolical of unity.