

BULGARIANS RETREAT BEFORE ALLIES

OLD GUARD IS IN SADDLE IN MAINE AGAIN

High Official at the Capital Claims Result Is Demo- cratic Victory.

TOTAL 13,800 LATEST

Daniels Predicts New York, Illinois, Ohio, Will Gain Progressives.

Portland, Maine, Sept. 12.—Thoroughness of the republican victory at the polls yesterday was emphasized as the returns from isolated towns and plantations straggled in today.

Revised figures place the plurality of Governor-Elect Carl E. Milliken, republican, over Governor Oakley C. Curtis, at 13,855. Returns from the border show that the members of the Second Maine infantry cast a total vote of 476, of which Milliken received 300. Pluralities for the republicans, who will send a solid delegation to congress, were practically unchanged from the figures of last night, as were the pluralities of Frederick Hale and former Governor Bert M. Fernald, who were elected to the United States senate.

The republicans, who have held a majority in the state senate, will control both houses by a good working majority.

The revised vote for governor, United States senators and congressmen follows:

Governor — Milliken, republican, 73,992; Curtis, democrat, 66,547.
United States Senators — Hale, republican, 78,944; Fernald, republican, 73,368; Johnson, democrat, 68,273; Sullivan, democrat, 65,824.
Congressmen — Goodall, republican, 13,732; Stevens, democrat, 16,103; White, republican, 19,157; McGillicuddy, democrat, 19,770; Peters, republican, 21,829; Bunker, democrat, 25,277; Hersey, republican, 15,966; Pierce, democrat, 11,973.

The largest vote in the history of Maine was cast at the election. The total vote will approximate 150,000. These figures have not been approached since 1880, the year the democratic and greenback parties fused, when the total was 147,802. In the last presidential year and two years ago it fell below 142,000.

The receipt of the vote from the border and a few isolated towns increased the plurality of Carl E. Milliken, republican, for governor, over Governor Oakley C. Curtis, democrat, from the indicated figures of 13,000 last night to 13,850. Indicated pluralities for the other republican candidates were confirmed by a revision of the vote. The republicans have solid delegations in both branches of congress and will easily control both houses of the legislature.

The report from Iaredo, Texas, said that the members of the Second Battalion of the Second Maine Infantry made two days' overland march of 60 miles to exercise the franchise. The vote of the soldiers followed the percentage of those cast at home. The country vote, as usual, controlled the election. The cities gave a total plurality of 51 for Governor Curtis, as against a total of 6,000 received by the two years ago.

By a vote of about four to one the voters approved the state law limiting the employment of women and children to 54 hours a week.

Complete returns from the Second congressional district gave White, republican, a plurality of 630 over McGillicuddy, democrat. The vote was 13,120 to 12,850.

Sees Democratic Victory in Vote.

Washington, Sept. 12.—Commenting on the Maine election today, Secretary Daniels claimed the result was a democratic victory and that when national issues were in consideration the progressives voted with the democrats.

"This is shown," said the secretary, "by the fact that Milliken, the republican candidate for governor, got 73,992 votes and the two republican candidates for senator each got about 75,000 votes. There is nothing discouraging in the result. If the republicans had carried Maine that would have ended the entire campaign."

Maine ought to have about 50,000 republican majority. Instead we cut it down to less than 15,000. The result is a democratic victory."

Mr. Daniels declared it was to be expected in Maine the progressives would flock to the republicans. He predicted they would not do so in New York, Illinois and Ohio, but would come in greater proportion to the democratic party.

Marshall Not Surprised.

Joplin, Mo., Sept. 12.—Vice President Thomas R. Marshall, who is here by the democrats in opening the Missouri campaign today, was not surprised by the result of the Maine election yesterday. He said that any plurality for the republicans under 15,000 was in reality favorable for the democrats.

"If any republicans get any com-

School Man Found Dead Was Suicide

Columbus, O., Sept. 12.—A fisherman early today found the body of Charles S. Prosser, aged 50, head of the geology department at Ohio state university and a well known scientific writer, floating in the Olentangy river near the university campus.

Friends believe that Professor Prosser's mind became deranged and that he committed suicide. Professor Prosser was a graduate of Cornell university and previous to coming to Ohio State had been instructor at Cornell, Washburn college, Topeka, Kas., and at Union college. He was considered one of the leading authorities on geology in this country.

fort out of such a small majority as they got in Maine yesterday, I say welcome," he said. "I expected the democrats to be beaten. I said so publicly two weeks ago. The election showed that some progressives have gone back to the republicans, of course, but it also showed that many have not."

Willcox and McCormick Predict.

New York, Sept. 12.—Statements regarding the Maine elections were issued here today by William R. Willcox and Vance C. McCormick, republican and democratic chaimen, both speaking optimistically of the probable result of the November elections.

"The result in Maine proves that we are reunited, and that, of course, means success in November," said Mr. Willcox. "The Washington administration turned loose all of its stars and its cabinet officials for the support of the administration policy. The verdict is unmistakable."

Mr. McCormick, who will leave tomorrow for a conference with mid-western leaders in Chicago before attending the notification ceremonies of Vice President Marshall in Indianapolis, said:

"It seems to me that when a candidate for United States senatorial honors in Maine can carry his state by only 10,000 it indicates the election of President Wilson. This year I do particularly believe in the outcome because of the unquestioned personal strength of President Wilson in Maine. He is far stronger than the opposition."

Also it is significant that President Wilson's state with 51,000 votes four years ago, but Johnson yesterday received 68,000 votes.

"I certainly believe that at least 25 per cent of the progressives in Maine and elsewhere are going to vote for Wilson. Indeed if Mr. Wilson had been at the head of the Maine ticket, I believe there would have been at least 100,000 more democratic votes."

Hughes Pleased With News.

Plattsburg, N. Y., Sept. 12.—Charles E. Hughes spent today, the last day of his presidential campaign trip, in Plattsburg. He reached here shortly before 1 p. m. and visited the military training camp. Tonight he will speak in a hall here.

Mr. Hughes today made this statement concerning the Maine election: "I am deeply gratified by the result in Maine. We shall go forward with renewed confidence."

Announcement was made here today at republican national headquarters that arrangements have been made for Mr. Hughes to speak at Springfield and Peoria, Ill., on Sept. 19.

Prohibs Get Comfort.

Chicago, Sept. 12.—Commenting on the result of the Maine election today, Dr. Leigh Colbin, executive secretary of the prohibition national committee, said:

"The outstanding feature was the sweeping victory of the prohibition issue which was paramount in the Maine election. Carl E. Milliken's election as governor may be attributed largely to the strong prohibition sentiment. He made his campaign on the issue of strict prohibition law enforcement."

THE WAR TODAY

The heavy attacks made by the Anglo-French forces, which netted them important gains along the Somme front in northern France last week, have been suspended. No important infantry operations are chronicled today.

In Macedonia the Bulgarians are reported to have evacuated the forts at Kavala. Guns of allied warships now dominate Kavala, rendering the forts useless to the Bulgarians, who are said to have turned them over to the Greeks.

Probably the most significant move in the European war theatres yesterday was that of the British in the Struma region of the Greek Macedonian front, who after hard fighting threw the Bulgarians across the Struma at forces across the southern end of Lake Tsalinas. In addition four villages were captured and held.

Whether this British offensive means the commencement of a drive through Bulgaria or is merely a maneuver to throw the British line near Kavala, has not yet been made apparent.

From the west of the Vardar river to Lake Dolran, the French are violently bombarding Bulgarian positions and on the front held by the Serbians the Bulgarians have been compelled to withdraw.

In the Rumanian theatre the Austrians are in retreat before the Rumanians in the Maros and Toplitza valleys. The Rumanians have occupied the village of Hellisar.

AFTER PEACE GERMANY IS NOT WORRIED

Prospect of War-After-War Causes No Anxiety on Trade Relations.

PROBLEMS TO SOLVE

Director of North German Line Sees Great Demand for Raw Materials.

Berlin, Monday, Sept. 11 (via London, Sept. 12).—The prospect of a "war after the war," as proposed by British newspapers and discussed at the economic conference of the allies at Paris, apparently is causing little anxiety in Germany, where the belief is expressed that natural commercial tendencies will soon overcome any artificial barriers which may be erected.

This view was voiced in a statement to the Associated Press today by Philip Heineken, director of the North German Lloyd Steamship line. Herr Heineken discussed plans being made in Germany to resume international trade after the coming of peace and said there was no basis for apprehension that Germany might unload low-priced goods on the American market.

Like all German shipping exports, Herr Heineken looks forward to an immense call for tonnage with the ending of the war. All Europe, he said, will be calling for raw materials to replenish exhausted stocks.

"Post-bellum traffic," said Herr Heineken, "will, of course, be largely one-way traffic at first. German ships, for example, will be able to load for America a certain amount of potash, dyestuffs, and so forth, but this will counterbalance the cotton, tobacco, copper and other raw materials which will be imported immediately from America. Only after the arrival of these raw materials and the reconversion of our industries to a peace basis will cargoes of manufactured articles be available."

Countries Mutually Dependent.

Like most other German business men, Herr Heineken felt that the proposed "war after the war" would have no greatly injurious effect on the future of Germany shipping lines. England, he declared, is too dependent on Germany for certain articles, and Germany in turn can supply herself in some ways with too much advantage from England to permit of the complete supplanting of natural and mutually advantageous relations.

Then, too, he added, the proponents of a post-bellum economic war forget that they may not be in a position when peace comes to dictate terms.

German ships in neutral harbors outside the tropics will be available immediately after the war, said Herr Heineken.

Were war to cease tomorrow, he continued, the North German Lloyd line would be able to resume service with virtually the same tonnage as before the war, regardless of whether the steamships captured in hostile harbors were recovered. New construction during the war just about balances the tonnage destroyed or captured, Herr Heineken said.

Herr Heineken prophesied that the building of a second isthmian canal by the United States would not be an improbable development of the near future. He fears that the Panama canal may prove too unreliable a route to permit the United States to base thereon its entire international and naval policy.

ANOTHER U-BOAT SOON TO ARRIVE

Asked When the Bremen Would Reach America Director Heineken Said, "Only the Gods Know."

Berlin, Sept. 11, (via London, Sept. 12, 9:30 a. m.)—Reports from Bremen say that another merchant submarine is expected to leave that port for the United States at the end of this month. None of the projected sister ships to the Deutschland and Bremen, however, have been completed, according to Philip Heineken, one of the directors of the Ocean Navigation company, owners of the Deutschland.

Asked when the Bremen was expected to arrive in America, Director Heineken said: "Only the gods know," and refused to discuss the matter further.

Director Arthur von Gwinner of the Deutsche bank, will be elected to the board of directors of the Hamburg-American Steamship line at a meeting of the board Sept. 28. The Deutsche bank is already represented on the board of the North German Lloyd line.

Von Gwinner's election to the Hamburg-American board is in line with the arrangement for community of interests effected between the two lines shortly before the war.

THE BOOMERANG



EXPLORERS FIND MUCH ON JAUNT

Members of Canadian Arctic Party Report Locating New Species in Far North.

Seattle, Wash., Sept. 12.—Well satisfied with their work, the seven members of the party of Dr. Rudolph M. Anderson, commander of the southern branch of the Stefansson Canadian expedition into the far north, will leave Seattle, where they arrived yesterday, for Ottawa in a few days, to make reports to the Canadian government on the results achieved. They will report, Dr. Anderson said today, many interesting discoveries, including findings of great quantities of copper, new species of small mammals and perhaps new species of flowers.

Stefansson, it was reported, was believed to be continuing his explorations north of Prince Patrick Island.

Discussing today the work of his party, Dr. Anderson said:

"We found on Coronation gulf and Bathurst inlet vast deposits of copper of low grade. It was not equipped to undertake mining operations, but upon the sides of the cliffs we could measure the depth of successive flows of amygdaloid lava containing nuggets of copper. An Eskimo brought to us a lump of copper weighing 40 pounds. The ore has many of the characteristics of Lake Superior copper rock. It is near navigable water. It would be feasible to construct a railroad from the Mackenzie river, which is navigable five months of the year, to Great Bear lake, which also is navigable much of the year. A further railroad line could be built from the lake to the copper fields, enabling the transportation of the ore to the interior of Canada by way of the Mackenzie river."

"Our headquarters were on the south side of Dolphin and Union straits which run out of the west of the Coronation gulf. There is a navigable coal within 10 miles of Franklin bay, on the Arctic."

"The Eskimos east of the Mackenzie are abandoning their copper and stone weapons and buying guns whenever they get a chance. There are no Eskimos on Banks Island except during the summer, when they go to the island to hunt Polar bears, which are abundant on the island, but not on the mainland. Caribou are plentiful on all the large islands. Walrus are seldom found on the shore of the mainland, but are abundant on Banks and other islands. There is no salmon run in the Mackenzie and other Arctic rivers, but large trout are abundant. All the fresh water lakes in the north are well stocked with lake trout."

"We probably have discovered a number of new species of small mammals and we shall find out about that when the skins and skeletons are examined at Ottawa."

Dr. Anderson's home is in Des Moines, Iowa.

Copper Mining Man Dead.

THE WEATHER

Forecast Till 7 P. M. Tomorrow, for Rock Island, Davenport, Moline and Vicinity

Probably cloudy and cooler tonight; Wednesday, fair and warmer; moderate to fresh winds.

Temperature at 7 a. m., 72; highest yesterday, 90; lowest last night, 72. Velocity of wind at 7 a. m., 9 miles per hour.

Precipitation, .25 inch.

Relative humidity at 7 p. m., 74; at 7 a. m., 95; at 1 p. m. today, 94.

Stage of water, 4.1, a rise of .1 in last 24 hours.

J. M. SHERIER, Local Forecaster.

Neck Broken After Shots Hit Drayman

Chicago Inquiry Regarding "Staff of Life" Being Made From Several Angles.

Litchfield, Ill., Sept. 12.—Buckingham Crutis, 45, is dead here today from a broken neck inflicted yesterday, authorities say, by Otis Martin, a drayman, aged 40. Martin, after Crutis had shot him twice with a revolver, jumped from his dray wagon and hit Crutis with a stake, breaking his neck. Crutis died 10 minutes later. The tragedy is said to be the result of an old grudge. Martin may not live.

PROTEST ACTIONS BRITISH PATROLS

Troped Boat Invades Territorial Waters of Philippines in Search for Man.

Washington, Sept. 12.—Violation of American neutrality by a British torpedo boat which held up and examined the Philippine steamer Cebu within the territorial waters of the Philippines was reported to the war department today by Governor General Harrison.

The dispatch immediately was transmitted to the state department and will be made the subject of a vigorous protest to Great Britain.

The incident occurred yesterday one mile and a half off Carabao Island. According to the report of the steamer's master, Lieutenant Bailey, commanding H. M. S. destroyer No. 2, boarded the Cebu, made inquiries about her passengers and took both the ship's manifest and her passenger list. Apparently the officer was searching for a man named Bady, who was not found.

BODY IOWA MAN FOUND IN A LAKE

Chicago, Sept. 12.—The body of a man believed to have been John Snyder (or Schneider) of Burlington, Iowa, was found in Lake Calumet today. The police believe he committed suicide while out of work, as a sick benefit relief card of the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy railroad was found in the clothing.

Argus will Give Primary Returns

The Argus tomorrow evening will receive returns of the Illinois primary over its leased Associated Press wire. The vote in Rock Island county will be gathered as soon as available. Bulletins from over the state will be received as rapidly as they are gathered by the offices of the Associated Press in Chicago. The returns will be flashed on a large canvas on the Rock Island house across the street from The Argus building. You are invited to come down town and read the bulletins. If you prefer to remain at home you can get the news by phoning The Argus.

Cedar Rapids, Iowa, Sept. 12.—Dr. Joseph Fort Newton, for the last eight years pastor of the Liberal church here, today cabled London declining to accept a call to the City Temple of London, which he received last June. Dr. Newton did not wish to leave the United States.

London, Sept. 12, (12:45 p. m.)—The Norwegian steamship Lyderhorn, 300 tons gross, and owned in Bergen, has been sunk. The crew was landed.

Des Moines, Iowa, Sept. 12.—An assignment for the benefit of creditors of the Thomas A. Mansfield company, large leather dealers, was announced today by the county recorder.

CLUB WOMEN IN PROBE ON BREAD

Chicago Inquiry Regarding "Staff of Life" Being Made From Several Angles.

Chicago, Sept. 12.—Chicago club women today planned an inquiry of their own into the proposed high cost of loaves of bread, making the fourth agency thus far engaged locally in the investigation of the subject. The others are the federal authorities, the state's attorney's office and the inspection and weights department of the municipal government.

Miss Florence King, president of the Women's Association of Commerce, sent out letters to the most prominent bakers and to the heads of firms supplying them with materials inviting them to a meeting next Friday where the subject will be discussed.

United States District Attorney Clyde planned to have before him some of the biggest bakers in Chicago to find out the real reason for the increase.

Morris Eller issued a warning that prosecutions would be commenced against baking firms who fail to observe the city ordinances against short weights. He claimed to have found more than a score of violations yesterday.

Assertions that bread is the only food product that has not advanced in price within the last twenty-five years were made by bread manufacturers to Joseph B. Fleming, assistant United States district attorney today.

Mr. Fleming is investigating the threat to advance the price of bread from five to six cents a loaf.

Unless the price was raised, they said, many of the small baking concerns would become bankrupt.

"They all tell the same story," Mr. Fleming said. "Materials, especially flour, have gone up in price; but the price of bread remains the same and the size of the loaves has been substantially the same for years."

Took Gold for Paper Money.

Berlin, Sept. 12, (by wireless to Saville).—"A Roman Catholic priest, who is a citizen of the United States, says he witnessed an incident which occurred when the British took the Scandinavian-American line steamship Frederik VIII, into Kirkwall early in August," says the Overseas News Agency. "The priest, who was a passenger on the steamship, saw the British take from another passenger, who also is an American citizen, \$10,000 in gold, giving him paper money in place of it."

ARMIES LOSE AFTER FIGHT OF 36 HOURS

French Troops Capture En- emy Positions on Mace- donian Front.

TURKS REPULSE RUSS

On the French Front There Were Attacks and Counter Attacks During Night.

London, Sept. 12, (3:44 p. m.)—The new offensive of the entente allies on the Macedonian front has resulted in the defeat of the Bulgarians, says an Exchange Telegraph dispatch from Athens. The Bulgarians sustained enormous losses in a battle of 36 hours, the dispatch says, and are beating a retreat, pursued by the allies.

Paris, Sept. 12, (via London, 3:03 p. m.)—French troops on the Macedonian front, taking the offensive against the Bulgarians, have captured all the positions of their opponents on a front of two miles to a depth of 800 yards. It was announced officially today.

Capture Bulgar Trenches.

London, Sept. 12.—French troops, cooperating with the British in the new offensive on the Struma front, in Greek Macedonia, have captured a village from the Bulgarians, it was announced officially today. The British forces which crossed the river here have seized Bulgarian trenches on the east bank.

The detachments mentioned yesterday as crossing the Struma at Neohore seized trenches on the eastern bank.

A French detachment cooperating with the British captured the village of Yenimah and took 30 prisoners. The enemy suffered heavily from rifle and artillery fire during his retreat. Many ambulances were seen on the Dmir-Hissar road.

"On the Dolan front our artillery carried out systematic bombardments north of Makukovo."

"On the Caucasus front our detachments captured the pyramidal mountain south of Pirdjani and occupied the heights on the left bank of the river Masladarski. Snow fell in the mountains."

Burn Ammunition Depot.

London, Sept. 12.—The following official statement was given out here today:

"Yesterday evening our heavy artillery caused two large conflagrations in the enemy's ammunition depot at Grand Court. There was some hostile artillery activity during the night against our lines between Deville wood and Mouquet farm. Otherwise there were no developments."

Russ Take 1,000 Prisoners.

Petrograd, Sept. 12, (via London, 4:22 p. m.)—New successes for the Russians in the Carpathians are announced by the war office today. Several heights in the Bialy-Cheremosh region near the Bukovina border were taken and held and Kapul mountain to the south also was captured, together with nearly 1,000 prisoners.

The official statement says:

"In the region of the river Bialy-Cheremosh our troops carried several heights and repulsed counter attacks. In the wooded Carpathians our troops occupied a ridge north of Kapul mountain and, pursuing the enemy, also took possession of this mountain making prisoner in this operation 13 officers and 900 men and capturing

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PRESIDENT STAYS CLOSE TO SISTER

News of the Maine Election Was Not Learned by the Executive Until He Read Morning Papers.

New London, Conn., Sept. 12.—President Wilson today remained near his sister, Mrs. Anna E. Howe, who is critically ill here. His plans depended largely on the outcome of her sickness. Early this morning it was said that her condition was practically unchanged.

The first news of the apparent republican victory in Maine was received by the president from the newspapers this morning, as members of his party would not disturb him last night because of the illness of Mrs. Howe. He would make no comment this morning. Arrangements were made for the president to receive members of the American and Mexican joint commission on board the naval yacht Mayflower during the day. The Mayflower, with Mr. Wilson on board, was anchored off Fort Trumbull near here, but launches carried hourly reports to the president regarding Mrs. Howe's condition.