Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

WOMEN IN THE VAN.

The Way Kansas Strikers Go Into the Fight.

TACTICS THAT ARE NOT CHIVALRIC

But Which Are Adopted to Spike the Enemy's Guns—The Situation So Critical That More Bloodshed May Occur at Any Moment—Operators Call on the United States for Protection—Effort to Involve More of the Miners in the Strike.

WEIR CITY, Kan., July 22.—No second violent outbreak has occurred yet, but it is looked for. A large meeting was held in Baker's hall. Noah Allen, ex-assistant attorney general, was present and addressed the strikers at some length, deprecating violence, but making otherwise an inflammatory speech. Another large meeting of the strikers was held in the old school building, but its result is not known. None of the strip pits were at work, but some of Clemon's men went back to their pit and got the remains of the property lef there. In the afternoon a crowd gathered and started to shafts Nos. 47 and 18 with the intention of driving out the men guarding those properties.

They Put the Women in Front.

After hanging around for some time the crowd gradually dispersed. The mob of strikers consisted of French and Belgian women as well as men. The men at the shafts were well armed and the conflict would have been a bloody one. Sheriff Arnold was on the scene and assisted in dispersing the mob. The feeling among the business men has been very bitter against the manner of handling the disturbances. The women are being constantly stirred up by the men to take the leading part on the supposition that they will not be fired upon. The sheriff has agreed to place a large force of deputies to guard the Kansas and Texas shafts.

Will Apply for Uncle Sam's Protection.

All of the mine companies doing business in southeastern Kansas are incorporated under the laws of Missouri and are consequently foreign corporations. It is proposed to apply to the United courts for an injunction restraining every striker from trespassing upon the property of the mine owners or from interfering in any way with men who are at work in the mines. The proceedings are similar to those taken by the Missouri Pacific Railway company in 1886 and by the Toledo, Ann Arbor and Northern Michigan Railway company recently.

United States Marshals Expected.

The feeling among the strikers is very bitter, but although they are repeating their threats to burn the residence of the Kansas and Texas shaft and also the office of The Tribune they have done nothing of the sort yet. It is reported that a force of special deputy United States marshals will be here this afternoon, called here by the non-resident companies. It is reported also that Walters and other leaders of the strikers will be here to take personal control. Of course trouble is anticipated.

Attempt to Get the Strip Pit Men Out.

At Pittsburg the miners and strip pit men held a meeting which was addressed by President Walters, of the Miners' association. Large numbers of shaft miners were present, but they were requested to leave and only the executive board of the mine workers was allowed to remain. The session lasted the entire afternoon and it was decided to call a delegate convention of the strip pit men to meet in Pittsburg next Monday to take into consideration whether they will come out with the shaft strikers or not. None of the latter are to be allowed to be present excepting the executive board.

GREAT MEETING OF TURNERS.

They Gather at Milwaukee for Their Annual Jollification.

MILWAUKEE, July 22.—About 2,500 healthy and athletic looking men met in Shooting park as a beginning of the annual turnfest and after resting in the shade for a few hours marched to the Exposition building with torches at shoulder arms between lines of people who gathered on the sidewalks to see the turnout. The city is elaborately decorated in honor of the event.

There were 10,000 people in the building when the proceedings begun. The exercises were entirely those of welcome, President Walliber, of the executive committee, making the first speech. Mayor Koch followed and Governor Peck then delivered the welcome for the state. Henry Brown responded for the Turners. Music and singing concluded the meeting, which was enthusiastic from start to finish. The athletic contests began this morning.

Licked by their Mothers in Court.

HARRODSBURG, Ky., July 22.—Kentucky walks at the head of the procession for novel methods of punishing criminals. Eight negro boys, ranging in age from 8 to 14 years, were caught breaking into a house whose owners were absent for the summer. They were arraigned in the police court before Judge Caldwell. He called the mothers of the young offenders into court. He proposed to them that if they would give the boys a first-class whipping in court he would not send them to the penitentiary. The women eagerly accepted and for fifteen minutes the whack of the rawhide and the yell of the young darkeys were the only things heard in the court room.

The Charges Were Unfounded.

WASHINGTON, July 22.—Commissioner Seymour, of the patent office, has rendered a decision in ths disbarment proceedings of Church & Church against Foster & Freeman, attorneys for the Bell Telephone company, and William E. Simmonds, late commissioner of patents. Mr. Seymour finds that not one of the accused is guilty and dismisses the case.

HAD HIS PENSION SUSPENDED.

The Case of Hiram Weeks, a Veteran at Minneapolis.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., July 22.—Hiram Weeks, of Minneapolis, a veteran who served four years in the federal army during the war of the rebellion, has received notice that his pension of $6 per month would be discontinued. While in the service he passed through forty-three battles, one of which was Gettysburg. He is now very near death from gangrene of the foot and various other complaints, some of which have been traced directly to his exposure in the army.

The only reason which can be found for the cutting off of his pension is the incomplete and one-sided report which was sent to Washington by the St. Paul board of examiners who refused to look at his foot at the last examination. Weeks' case has created considerable feeling among G. A. R. circles in this city, and prominent parties have interested themselves in securing the renewal and increase of his pension.

Suspended a Supreme Court Justice.

DETROIT, July 22.—The most sensational thing that has yet come to light relative to the so called pouring of the pension list is the suspension of a no less distinguished pensioner than Justice Charles Doan Long, of the Michigan supreme court. Few soldiers in this state suffer from wounds as severe as those of Justice Long. At the battle of Wilmington Island, Ga., he lost his left arm, and he was also shot through the hips and abdomen. This latter wound has still to be dressed twice daily.

CAPTURED SOME DESPERADOES.

Three Members of the Henry Starr Gang Gathered In.

TAHLEQUAH, I. T., July 22.—Word has been received here that Bud Smith, Charles Potner and "Shorty" Wilson, pals or the notorious Henry Starr, have been captured at a point near Cherokee City. After the bank robbery at Bentonville, Ark., the parties travelled together until they crossed the state line, when they separated and every man went his way, the three named arrayed themselves as day laborers and secured employment within a few miles of Cherokee City on the Nation side.

A few days ago Smith went to the distillery accompanied by M. R. Harper, a young man whose visible occupation is that of a chronic loafer, but who has proved to be a shrewd dectective working under a southern association. While under the influence of liquor Smith gave Harper the coveted information. A deputy marshal was notified, the three robbers were arrested, identified and lodged in jail, and the detective's pocketbook will be replenished to the amount of $300.

MILWAUKEE BANK SUSPENDS.

The Commercial Closes to Avoid Criminal Prosecution.

MILWAUKEE, July 22.—"The bank closed its doors," said Mr. Timlin, "with $80,000 in cash in its vaults for the reason that we did not want to take any chances of criminal prosecution. Depositors will be paid in full without doubt. The demand deposits have been reduced to about $30,000 since July 1, and about $150,000 has been withdrawn on open accounts. As near as I remember the savings deposits at the present time amount to $383,000." Mr. Timlin is a director of the Commercial bank, a state institution which has succumbed to the prevailing depression.

He also stated that several of the best business men in the city owe the bank $400,000 which cannot now be collected. The bank held over $300,000 of the county funds. As a result of the closing H. M. Benjamin, a director who is security in $100,000 for the county money, is in trouble and the sheriff has charge of his property.

"Cremation" Is a Good Word.

DALLAS, Tex., July 22.—Miss Frankie Jehnke, 16 years of age, was assaulted, murdered and her body thrown into a creek near Ennis. Suspicion was directed toward Edward House, a negro employed on the same farm. House became alarmed and fled. Hounds were put on his track and in a few hours he was run down and captured in the brush. A mob of several hundred men gathered to lynch him, but officers succeeded in getting the negro on a train and the supposition is they will place him in some western jail for safekeeping and thereby avoid another cremation.

Ran Off With Another Man's Wife.

GRAND RAPIDS, Mich., July 22.—Fernando Page, keeper of the cloakroom at the house of representatives at Washington, whose home is in this city, recently packed his goods and went to the national capital and Fred J. Provin, of this city, believes that his (Provin's) wife Cora has gone with him. Mrs. Provin is a daughter of Herman Blodgett, the man who figured as the co-respondent in the celebrated high society divorce case of Addis vs. Addis.

The Chicago Boy Murderers.

CHICAGO, July 22.—For the murder of 9-year-old Michael Tuohy, July 12 by beating and throwing him into the Calumet river, Jerry Coffey, aged 9; Joseph Adamsky, aged 10, and John Adamsky, aged 14 years, have faced Deputy Coroner Bellair and his jury. Each of the boys tries to cast the blame of the deed on the others, but all admit that the murder was committed substantially in the manner described in these dispatches.

Ended a College Dispute.

MORGANTOWN, W. Va., July 22.—As a result of the long-continued disputes, charges and counter-charges, prompted by jealousy between President Turner and Professor Ogden, of the West Virginia State university, the regents have dismissed all the professors. Thirteen of them may be reinstated, but it is not probable that President Turner will be among the number.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 22.—Vice President Stevenson and party in their trip around the bay visited all points of interest.

LAW FOR THE RAIL

Supreme Court Opinion on Interstate Commerce.

THE STATUTE OF COLORADO UPHELD

And a Former Decision of the Same Court Apparently Modified Against the Roads—Several Points of Importance Touched Upon in a Manner That Pleases the National Commission—State and Federal Regulation Indorsed.

WASHINGTON, July 22.—The decision of the United States supreme court in the case of the Union Pacific vs Goodridge, just reported, holds that all shippers must be treated by carriers with absolute equality, and distinctly recognizes the right of law-making bodies to regulate railways through railway commissions, especially that feature of state and federal regulation which requires carriers to obtain permission of the commission before granting lower rates to persons and places. The case was brought under a statute of Colorado which prohibits unjust discrimination in practically the same language as that employed in the interstate commerce law. The same rate, $1 a ton, was in effect to Denver from both Erie and Marshall, but while Erie coal paid the tariff rate, Marshall coal was only charged 60 cents per ton, a rebate of 40 cents from the schedule rate.

Intention of the State Law.

The controlling effect of this decision as a precedent in cases, both civil and criminal, arising under the interstate commerce law, is shown by the following extract from the opinion, which is by Judge Brown: "This act was intended to apply to state traffic the same wholesome rules and regulations which congress two years thereafter applied to commerce between the states, and to cut up by the roots the entire system of rebates and discriminations in favor of particular localities, special enterprises or favored corporations, and to put all shippers on an absolute equality, saving only a power, not in the railroad company itself, but in the railroad commissioner, to except 'special cases designed to promote the development of the resources of this state.'

Must Deal Fairly with the Public.

"The statute recognizes the fact that it is no proper business of a common carrier to foster particular enterprises or to build up new industries, but deriving its franchise from the legislature and depending upon the will of the people for its very existence, it is bound to deal fairly with the public; to extend them reasonable facilities for the transportion of their persons and property, and to put all its patrons upon an absolute equality. So opposed is the policy of the act to secret rebates of this description that it requires a printed copy of the classification and schedule of rates to be posted conspicuously in each passenger station for the use of the patrons of the road, that every one may be apprised.

Defense Full of Fraud.

"To hold the defense pleaded here to be valid would open the door to the grossest frauds upon the law, and practically enable the railroad to avail itself of any consideration for a rebate which it considers sufficient, and to agree with the favored customer upon some fabricated claim for damages which it would be difficult, if not impossible, to disprove. For instance, under the defense made by this company there is nothing to prevent a customer of the road who has received a personal injury from making claim against the road for any amount he chooses in consideration thereof, and of shipping all his goods by that road, receiving a rebate for all goods he may ship over the road for an indefinite time in the future.

GENERAL PROPOSITION CORRECT,

But Doesn't Apply In the Case of Common Carriers.

"It is almost needless to say that such a contract could not be supported. There is no doubt of the general proposition that the release of an unliquidated claim for damages is a good consideration for a promise as between the parties, and if no one else were interested in the transaction that rule might apply here; but the legislature, upon grounds of public policy and for the protection of third parties, has made certain requirements with regard to equality of rates, which in their practical application would be rendered nugatory if this rule were given full effect."

Goes Back on a Prior Decision.

This decision is regarded at the office of the interstate commerce commission as an endorsement of its construction of the second and fourth sections of the interstate commerce law. In the present decision—the same justice writing the opinion—the court seems to recede from so much of its decision in the "party rate" case some time ago as recognizes the right of carriers to apply the principle of wholesale and retail to the business of transportation.

Interstate Office Generally Pleased.

The recognition by the court of the right of a lawmaking body—while prohibitin differences in rates as between persons or between places—to empower a commission to grant relief from the operation of that rule in special cases is believed at the interstate commerce commission to point to the reversal of Judge Newman's recent long-and-short haul decision. In regard to criminal violations of the law that portion of the decision which discountenances "fabricated claims for damages" as the basis of rebates from published tariffs is regarded at the office of the commission with especial satisfaction.

SOUTHERN KANSAS ON GUARD.

Armed Sentinels Watching for the Coming of the Starr Gang.

TOPEKA, Kan., July 22.—Dispatches from Parsons state that the people of that and other towns along the southern border have armed sentinels stationed on all the leading thoroughfares watching for the approach of the Starr gang. The people of Parsons heard that these bandits would raid the town. The news created a sensation and everybody armed themselves with Winchesters and revolvers ready for a conflict if the bandits appeared.

No indications of a raid were manifest, but the citizens decided to keep a guard out on all roads leading to the city. The people of Coffeyville, Mound Valley, Chetoka and Oswego are fearful of a raid by these desperadoes and are taking every precaution to prevent it. The sentinels are on guard night and day. They will be maintained indefinitely.

Where Revolutions Are Always Brewing.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 22.—Private advices are reported to have been received in this city announcing that another revolution is brewing in San Salvador. According to advices received the trouble is due to forced loans made by President Ezeta on banks, capitalists and commercial men, and that in order to protect themselves the latter have joined forces with those whom they have heretofore regarded as their enemies.

Record of the National Game.

CHICAGO, July 22.—Following are the League scores on the base ball field: At Louisville—Cleveland 11, Louisville 6; at Chicago—Pittsburg 9, Chicago 12; at Brooklyn—Baltimore 8, Brooklyn 9; at Philadelphia.—Washington 4, Philadelphia 20; at St. Louis—Cincinnati 10, St. Louis 10—ten innings; at Boston—New York 4, Boston 5.

Pat's Great Wonder.

We are surrounded by dangers all the way from the cradle to the grave. "The great wonder is," as Pat says, "that after getting out of our cradle, we live long enough to reach our grave." Thousands are out of health—miserable, morbid and miserable, because they do not avail themselves of the remedy within easy reach of them. Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery would cure them.

For all chronic or lingering coughs, weak lungs, spitting of blood, bronchitis, shortness of breath, asthma and kindred ailments, it is a most potent remedy. It cleanses the blood, invigorates the liver, improves digestion, and builds up both flesh and strength. Pure, safe and pleasant to taste. Large bottles, $1. Of all druggists.

A STOMACH LIKE AN INDIAN.

Why the Indians Never Have Dyspepsia, Yet are Careless Eaters.

No one could accuse an Indian of over-carefulness in eating. He ate what nature gave him—berries from the wood, spoil from his traps, game from his bow. He ate plenty of it, ate till he was full. It was not very well cooked sometimes, and he often ate fast.

When hunting or fighting a day would often pass without anything being eaten at all.

Yet he never had dyspepsia.

He never "dieted."

We hear too much about "dieting" these days.

A man mustn't eat pie, or cabbage, or cake, or beans, or this and that.

He mustn't eat very much and he must do it very slow. He must never drink when he eats. He mustn't hurry. He mustn't worry. And so it goes.

This is all very good advice. But it would worry a man to death to remember it all. Why can't we live like the Indian in a healthy, hearty, natural way? Because we have such weak stomachs. But how did the Indian possess such perfect strong, digestion? By taking that medicine of his, Sagwa, when ever he felt there was anything wrong with him. That Sagwa we have now employed him to make for us. If you would take the natural American remedy for dyspepsia, Kickapoo Sagwa, you, too, would not know what a weak stomach or dyspepsia was.

Thanks to the efforts of the Kickapoo Medicine Company, Indian Sagwa and other Kickapoo Indian remedies are obtainable of any druggist, and their genuine curative value is beyond comparison.

Kickapoo Indian Sagwa.

$1.00 per Bottle, 6 Bottles for $5.00.

Intelligence Column.

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IF YOU
Want money
Want a cook
Want boarders
Want a partner
Want a situation
Want to rent rooms
Want a servant girl
Want to sell a farm
Want to sell a house
Want to exchange anything
Want to sell household goods
Want to make any realestate loans
Want to sell or trade for anything
Want to find customers for anything
USE THESE COLUMNS.

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WHEN YOU VISIT

THE WORLD'S FAIR

Do not forget to see the exhibit of the General Electric Company in the Electricity Building, the Intramural Railway equipped with General Electric Company's apparatus, the Electric Launches equipped with General Electric Company's motors, and the General Electric company's Arc Lighting Plant and Power Generators in Machinery Hall.

Get Out of the Hot City

And take a trip on the Mississippi.

The Beautiful Steamer
Charlotte Boeckeler
will make regular Wednesday and Sunday
Family Excursions
to different points on the river. Otto's Orchestra of 25 Musicians will furnish concert and dance music. Tickets 25 cents, children 15 cents; Clinton, Muscatine and other distant points 50 cents round trip.

Steamer under the personal charge of Captain McCaffrey. For charter terms address or call on
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A WALK OVER.

Our Shoes have a Walk-over. For downright positive cheapness you will find it not difficult, but impossible to match our fine shoes.

Our artist's private opinion is that he has a walk-over. Well, he might be much farther from the truth. Don't take our word for it; investigate the matter for yourself. A small margin on a continuous customer knocks out a big margin on a single sale every time. That is why we are selling this shoe at a figure which no other dealer has ever dared to quote and that is why prudent purchasers are prompt purchasers.

Wright & Greenawalt
1704 SECOND AVENUE.

CUT IN HALF.

We give a few of the bargains which we will offer this week:

Japanese tea-pots	12, 14, 17c	White granite bakers	7, 10, 15c
White granite plates, 5in	03c	" " platters	9, 25c
" " " 6in	04c	" " scollop nappies	7, 10c
" " " 7in	05c	18 qt dish pans	[illegible]
" " side dishes	05c	8 in pie tins	[illegible]
" " covered sugars	15c		

Everything in the store will be slaughtered this week. Everything must go. Come early and avoid the rush.

Geo. H. Kingsbury
FAIR AND ART STORE.

☞Last Call.

July Clearing Sale

—OF—

Suits,
Wrappers,
Jackets,
Waists,
Millinery.

All of the above goods will be sold at and Below Cost to make room for the Fall stock.

BEE HIVE,

114 West Second street Davenport, Iowa.