

Lieut. Gen. Wade Hampton.

The handsome victory which this gallant and patriotic officer has achieved over Kilpatrick will be hailed with acclamations of joy throughout the Southern Confederacy. It is a somewhat remarkable fact, that although Gen. Hampton has been actively engaged in this war from its commencement, he has never known defeat. Under his gallant leadership, Sheridan, (the same who is now floundering in the red mud of the Virginia highlands,) was met at Trevillian's Depot, last May, and terribly thrashed. And what rendered the victory more important, is the fact, that according to the uniform statement of Northern journals, it was the most formidable mounted expedition that the Yankee Government had ever organized and started upon its errand of robbery and destruction. Disposing of this raid, we next see Gen. Hampton whipping a portion of the same force at Nance's Shop, on the North side of the James river, and then quickly crossing that stream, he arranges his plans for the redoubtable six thousand of Wilson and Kaniz. How they were shattered and scattered from Sappony Church to Reams' Station, losing fourteen pieces of beautiful cannon, all their wagon train, fifteen hundred prisoners and nine hundred stolen negroes, are facts fresh in the recollection of every reader.—Again at Armstrong's Mill, last September, and next at Burgess' Mill, on the 27th of October, the part borne by Gen. Hampton was so effective and conspicuous, as to attract the attention of every beholder, and elicit from one of the most efficient Major-Generals in the army of Northern Virginia—"you cannot say too much for Hampton—his skill and gallantry are worthy of all praise." But if Gen. Hampton has been invariably successful in Virginia, the home of his ancestors, what may we not expect from him in South Carolina—his native heath—where the smoke of burning dwellings still greet his eyes, and the cries of outraged purity and innocence yet ring in his ears—where his own homestead lies a heap of smouldering ruins, and those of his kindred and fellow-citizens have been reduced to ashes by the torch of the invader? He and his noble followers are now impelled by every motive of humanity and patriotism to—

Strike for their altars and their fires,
Strike for the green graves of their sires;
For God and their native land.

[Petersburg Express.]

FOOTE AND BENTON.—The animosity between Foote, of Mississippi and Benton, of Missouri, was well known. It is a matter of record, and there can be no want of delicacy in alluding to a historical fact.

On the last night of that session which closed the Senatorial career of those gentlemen respectively Foote obtained the floor and occupied the final hour with a bitter and eloquent review of the life and acts of his old enemy. Benton sat unmoved; his massive features betrayed no sign of anxiety; you would have thought him asleep but for the regular motion of his eyelids. As the hand on the clock pointed to midnight, he quietly remarked to a bystander:

"I leave the Senate of the United States, footed out of it; footed out of it, sir, but not kicked out!"

Foote had said that he would write a little book in which Benton would figure very largely. Benton heard of this and replied in his characteristic way to the informant:

"Tell Foote that I will write a very large book, in which he shall not figure at all."

The "Thirty Years" will show how faithfully the promise was kept.

A TALE OF A FRYING PAN.—Ex-Gov. Aiken, a man of immense wealth, as every one knows, sent a large quantity of splendid silver to Winnsboro—to get it out of the way of the Yankees. When the Yanks reached Winnsboro, it fell into their hands—or rather, a part into their hands—or rather, a part into the hands of certain negroes. After the withdrawal of the Yankee army, an ancient slave was found frying bacon in a magnificent silver waiter, of elegant workmanship and huge value.

The New York Mercury pays the following eloquent tribute to the Commander-in-Chief:

We do not consider it treason, we do not speak it as disloyal, when we say that Robt. E. Lee, the commander of the rebel forces, is in all that constitutes a strategist, in all that goes to make a general able to dare and fight down even fate itself—the first and foremost in the country. When we admit the talents, the genius and the greatness of Lieut. General Grant, it is not only unfair; but unjust, that we should refuse to acknowledge the grandeur, the sublime heroism of that gray-haired genius, the descendant of a line of patriots, which battling against the combined opposition of almost an entire world, still stand firm, unyielding, and hold at bay the most formidable armies in existence, and has, in defiance of defeat, still held him to his ground, nor wavered even when hope itself seemed lost forever.—us yield the meed of praise even to our enemies. They were once our brothers—once hand in hand with us. Whatever their errors, their critics, they are none the less men.

A negro man has been drawn as a juror in Providence, R. I., and will take his seat. It has been customary when a negro's name was drawn to pass it over, but now a new course is to be pursued. A similar case occurred in Brooklyn a few weeks ago. The man was permitted to retire, as no negroes had served in that capacity.

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

FOR INTENDANT.—J. K. WITHERSPOON,
FOR WARDENS.—R. M. KENNEDY,
W. D. McDOWALL,
I. B. ALEXANDER,
S. H. BLODGET.

FOR INTENDANT.—R. M. KENNEDY,
FOR WARDENS.—J. A. YOUNG,
I. B. ALEXANDER,
ROBT. MANN,
W. D. McDOWALL.

CAMDEN, S. C., April 3, 1865.

Special Notices.

ENROLLING OFFICE,

CAMDEN, March 16, 1865.

ANY PERSONS HAVING GUNS IN THEIR possession, furnished from this office, are requested to return them immediately.

ALEX'DR. COLCLOUGH,

March 16 Capt. and En-Officer of K. D.

SCHEDULE OF CAMDEN BRANCH S. C. R. R.

LEAVES CAMDEN..... 6: a. m.
Arrives at Manchester Junction.... 8: 40 a. m.
Leaves Manchester Junction..... 4: p. m.
Arrives at Camden..... 6: 40 p. m.

TOWN ELECTION.

IT IS ORDERED THAT AN ELECTION FOR Intendant and four Wardens for the Town of Camden, to serve for the ensuing year, will be hold in the Town Hall on the first Monday in April next. Managers of said election, Messrs. J. M. Gayle, W. D. Anderson and John S. Merony.

ROBT. M. KENNEDY,

March 24 of Clerk.

Notice.

SECOND S. C., HOSPITAL,
FLORENCE, S. C., March 23, 1865.

PRIVATE J. HAMELTON PRUETT, CO M, 8th S. C., Volunteers, and T. P. Galloway, Co, II, 21st S. C. Volunteers; who were employed as nurses in the Hospital, left suddenly on the night of the 23th February last without permission and are still absent without authority and against my wish, and do authorize any in authority to arrest them wherever they may be found. I do therefore publish them as deserters.

T. A. DARGAN,
Surgeon in charge.

April 3

Barter.

WANTED TO PURCHASE, A SINGLE BUGGY and Harness, for which provisions will be paid. Apply at this office.

April 3

CIRCULAR.

HEADQUARTERS POST OF CAMDEN,
March 16, 1865.

IN BEHALF OF THE CITIZENS OF CAMDEN and vicinity, any and all persons having provisions in their possession are earnestly requested to send their surplus to this point for sale or distribution to the needy. It is known to all that the enemy in his course left very few horses or mules, and in many places all the provisions were taken: so that those who may have a surplus to dispose of have no means of getting it to market.

There are a large number of persons living in the town able to purchase supplies, but they are not to be had at any price, and unless help comes from abroad great suffering must ensue.

Persons can deliver provisions of any kind on the Railroad and they will be brought up and delivered to Mr. James Dunlap, Intendant of the town, who will sell or distribute as the owner may direct.

It is requested also that persons near the Railroad will send up wood by the trains, as it is impossible for many to be supplied by the few wagons around. All articles sent up to Mr. Dunlap will be promptly attended to, as above mentioned.

Citizens below Camden: the facts are before you, and your suffering brethren appeal to you for assistance. Are you unwilling to respond, come and see for yourselves, and your hearts must be moved.

ALEX'DR. COLCLOUGH,

March 17 Captain commanding Post.

HDQ'RS ARMIES OF THE C. S.,

February 11, 1865.

GENERAL ORDERS NO. 3.

THE DISCIPLINE AND EFFICIENCY of the army have been greatly impaired by men leaving their proper commands to join others, in which they find service more agreeable.

This practice, almost as injurious in its consequences as the crime of desertion, by the Articles of War, exposes the offender to a similar punishment, and subjects the officer receiving him to dismissal from the army.

It is therefore declared that the provisions of General Order No. 2, of this date, from army headquarters, apply to such men as have left their proper commands and join others without being regularly transferred. They will receive the pardon promised in that order upon complying with its conditions, or suffer the consequences attached to neglecting it.

The names of such absentees will be forthwith reported to these headquarters by the officers with whom they are serving, and immediate measures taken to return them to their proper commands.

As soon as practicable an inspection will be made, and charges will be preferred against those who neglect to enforce this order.

R. E. LEE, General.

All newspapers in the Confederate States are requested to copy six times the above, [General Order No. 3.] and send bills, (with a copy of the paper) to the Enquirer office for payment.

Certificates Lost.

FROM THE TRUNK OF THE SUBSCRIBER, which was rifled by the enemy, about 16 miles from Camden while in the care of friends—five certificates numbered, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95 of stock in the Charleston Importing and Exporting Company. Persons are cautioned against trading for them, as application will be made at the proper time for their renewal.

H. M. STUART, Sr.

March 31

Kirkwood Flour and Grist Mill.

THE ABOVE MILL BEING FINISHED IS now prepared to grind both Wheat and corn.

B. P. COLBURN.

March 31

ALABAMA

Fire Insurance COMPANY.

THE UNDERSIGNED, AS AGENT FOR THE above Southern Insurance Company, is prepared to issue policies of Insurance against loss by Fire on all buildings &c.

W. L. DePass.

April 13

HDQ'RS ARMIES OF THE CONFEDERATE STATES.

February 11th 1865.

GENERAL ORDERS NO. 2.

IN ENTERING UPON THE CAMPAIGN about to open, the General-in-Chief feels assured that the soldiers who have so long and so nobly borne the hardships and danger of the war, require no exhortation to respond to the calls of honor and duty.

With the liberty transmitted by their forefathers they have inherited the spirit to defend it.

The choice between war and abject submission is before them.

To such a proposal brave men with arms in their hands can have but one answer.

They cannot barter manhood for peace, nor the right of self-government for life or property.

But justice to them requires a sterner admonition to those who have abandoned their comrades in the hour of peril.

A last opportunity is offered them to wipe out the disgrace and escape the punishment of their crimes.

By authority of the President of the Confederate States, a pardon is announced to such deserters and men improperly absent, as shall return to the commands to which they belong within the shortest possible time, not exceeding twenty days from the publication of this order at the headquarters of the department in which they may be.

Those who may be prevented by interruption of communications, may report within the time specified to the nearest Enrolling Officer or other officer on duty, to be forwarded as soon as practicable, and upon presenting a certificate from such officer showing compliance with this requirement, will receive the pardon hereby offered.

Those who have deserted to the service of the enemy, or who have deserted after having been once pardoned for the same offence, and those who shall desert, or absent themselves without authority after the publication of this order, are excluded from its benefits. Nor does the offer of pardon extend to other offences than desertion and absence without permission.

By the same authority, it is also declared that no general amnesty will again be granted, and those who refuse to accept the pardon now offered, or who shall hereafter desert or absent themselves without leave, shall suffer such punishment as the Courts may impose, and no application for clemency will be entertained.

Taking new resolution from the fate which our enemies intend for us, let every man devote all his energies to the common defence.

Our resources, wisely and vigorously employed, are ample, and with a brave army, sustained by a determined and united people, success, with God's assistance, cannot be doubtful.

The advantages of the enemy will have but little value if we do not permit them to impair our resolution. Let us, then, oppose constancy to adversity, fortitude to suffering and courage to danger, with the firm assurance that He who gave freedom to our fathers will bless the efforts of their children to preserve it.

R. E. LEE, General.

All newspapers in the Confederate States are requested to copy six times the above, [General Order No. 2.] and send bills, (with a copy of the paper) to the Enquirer office for payment.

Notice.

EARNESTLY REQUEST ALL THOSE INDEBTED to me by open account to settle the same promptly, I have been a heavy loser by the raid, and it is most important to prevent serious embarrassment, that I should have my affairs settled up.

March 31

ROBT. M. KENNEDY.

Notice to Town Tax Payers.

THE BOOKS FOR THE COLLECTION OF THE Town taxes for 1864 are now opened at the commissioner's office in the Court House.

It is enjoined on all interested to come forward promptly, as the books will be closed in a short time, and all defaulters doubly taxed.

J. D. DUNLAP,

March 31

Collector.