

ANOTHER TRAGEDY.

A White Man Shot by a Negro With His Own Gun.

TWO NEGROES WERE KILLED

By Way of Retaliation, and the Rest of the Negroes Are Afraid to Go Near The Place.

A special dispatch to The State from Batesburg says news has just reached there that Willie Hall, a young white man living eight miles south of this place, just over the Aiken county line, was killed Wednesday afternoon by a negro, George Edwards. Hall kept a country store and was postmaster at Chiquapien, in Aiken county. The killing was on the Lexington side, one mile from Hall's home. The negro was in the house of Lewis Head, another negro, and Hall was in the yard. Edwards used a single barreled shot gun, and after firing on Willie he assaulted Judson Hall, a younger brother, and killed him. He had no others present. Edwards escaped to the swamp nearby. Bloodhounds have been wired for and much excitement prevails.

Another dispatch to The State says only negro particulars can be gathered from the tragedy. Persons coming to town for a coffin for Hall Thursday morning said the parties had had an old trouble that was renewed Wednesday morning at Hall's store, the negro firing off a gun and acting defiantly. After that Hall and his brother, Judson, went a mile or so over in Lexington and came up with Edwards in the house of Lewis Head, colored. The Hall had had a single-barreled breech loader.

They got between the negro and his gun, and a colored woman ran in between the parties, and the negro reached around her and killed her with his gun, and turning it on his own brother shooting him through the heart and killing him instantly. He then sprang at the younger Hall and a fierce struggle ensued for the possession of Judson's gun. Edwards dragged young Hall and beat and kicked him, but the latter held on to his weapon till the negro left and Hall ran off for help.

Young Judson Hall, seeing the clothes of his brother on fire, thus showing the close quarters of the parties at the time of the shooting, told the woman to throw water on him to put out the fire.

Edwards then ran to the swamp and was killed by a negro in Linton, who had time no negroes have been allowed in Linton.

Monday the Wallace circus was killed in the town so that there was no warning in advance that 65 negroes connected with the show should not be brought to Linton, so the negroes were taken to a town six miles south of Linton and left while the circus went on. A crowd met the train and several hundred men in the crowd were seen to be there.

There were no negroes along special coaches were sent for the negroes left behind and this train was run up to Linton at night when the circus was ready to leave and as the train passed through the town the negroes crouched behind the cars to avoid danger. This mode of traveling in the Jim Crow cars is a little worse than in the Jim Crow cars down south, isn't it?

Assault on Negro Girl.

At Charleston Dan Sumter, a negro criminal, was arrested Tuesday morning of the charge of rape and committed to jail without bail. The crime was committed on Victoria Grant, a 16-year-old girl of his own race. Another negro, whose name is not known, is implicated in the crime. The girl alleges that Sumter and another negro, whose name she does not know, forced their way into her room Tuesday morning about 2:30 o'clock and resisted her when she called for help while the other committed a criminal assault upon her. She made an outcry, when Sumter drew a knife and stabbed her in the thigh. Both made their escape, but Sumter was arrested by the police several hours afterwards.

Save the Birds.

The State says: "The first case under the new game law in Virginia came up in the Richmond courts the other day when the offender was fined two dollars for capturing two birds. This was the minimum fine but the justice declared that next time he would give the offender the limit. We would like to see some such regulation as this in our South Carolina statute books and to see it strictly enforced. If there is now such a law it is not enforced. An instance came under our observation recently when two of these matchless songsters were sold for 30 cents in this city." To which we add our endorsement.

Paid the Penalty.

A special dispatch to the Augusta Chronicle says after having been chased through seven county among the swamps of the Altamaha and the Ocmulgee by a posse of determined farmers, Ed Claus, who assaulted Miss Johnson, at Darien Junction, Ga. last week was caught with a posse, and quickly sent to his doom by the mob. The negro begged piteously for his life but the members of the posse, all friends of his victim, paid no heed to his pleadings. He was swung from a limb and his body riddled with bullets.

A New Remedy.

The bee-sting as a cure for rheumatism has received serious medical endorsement. Dr. Pere of Warburg, Germany, has announced that he has proven the efficacy of the treatment in 500 cases, and has cured the most obstinate and painful rheumatism. When the sufferer from rheumatism is stung, the part does not swell until the bee poison has been frequently introduced, when the pain vanishes. Dr. Pere caused his patients to be stung at first by a few bees, and then gradually increases the number.

THE NEGRO MUST GO.

That is the Meaning of the Race War in Indiana.

SLAIN BY A MOB.

Citizens Lynch the Man in Whose Yard Hall Was Killed.

A SEQUEL OF THAT MURDER.

Head Was in Conspiracy to Murder Hall. Details of the Latest Appeal to Judge Lynch.

The Batesburg correspondent of The State says just across the line in Aiken county Willie Hall was buried Thursday morning in Mountable churchyard. Not two miles away lies the dead body of Dennis Head, a negro, shot to death in sight of his home. Your correspondent visited the scenes of the recent tragedies Friday, going first to the home of Dennis Head, colored, where the Hall murder was committed. The house, a tiny log cabin, stands on a hill in the middle of a cornfield, and in the door, gazing out into the west, sat an old negro woman, wizened in years, the mother of Dennis Head. Her son, on a bench was an aged man, her husband. He is so old that he sits in a half stupor and cannot answer any questions put to him. Elsie Head, the sister of Dennis Head, a negro girl of about 25 years, told The State representative Friday some time to account of the events of the killing of Willie Hall, giving in substance the same account as already printed in The State.

It seems that George Edwards, a negro came into the store of the Halls on Wednesday afternoon and asked Willie Hall to exchange some tobacco tags which he had for a small present of some kind. There had been feeling between the negro and Hall for some time to account of a previous dispute concerning a purchase in the store. The negro carried a shotgun and looking at it, Hall said: "You have got that gun for me." The negro made some sally reply and going out of the store halted on the bridge and fired a shot in the air. He then left the scene and at the home of Dennis Head, in Lexington county, about three-quarters of a mile away. Not long afterwards, so Judson Hall himself told your correspondent Friday, he and his brother loaded their shotguns and followed the negro intending to whip him and teach him a lesson. As they went to the home of Dennis Head they found Edwards seated just inside the door. Both men leveled the firearms at him and as they entered the house, Elsie Head, who was in the house, saw the negro and a terrific struggle ensued in which the negro captured the weapon, and turning, shot his assailant through the abdomen. The wounded man cried: "I am shot," and half fell, while the negro stepped into the yard, where he expired in a few minutes. Edwards rushed at Judson Hall, the younger brother, and tried to wrest his shotgun from him, but Elsie Head assisted the white man in the struggle and finally the negro looked Hall in the eye and said: "Let me go. I will walk down the steps and if they would keep the steps from the door, I would go down the steps and if they would search the house and leave them alone. As a precaution against treachery, Head was bound and placed in a buggy. Head asked the men to let the boy bring out his clothes so that he could dress. The men allowed the boy to go into the house to get the clothes and when he came back, they told him to toss the bundle to Head in the buggy. The boy did so, and the bundle struck the wheel and a revolver fell out. As soon as the boy saw that his plan had miscarried he drew a pistol and fired point blank at the head of the white man. The men shot him in places that he could not bleed, and he tumbled out of the buggy and was trying to reach his pistol on the ground. There is a party now out searching the swamps for George Edwards and if he is caught he will be lynched.

FOOLED THEM.

A Supposed Corpse Buns Away As Jury Verdict.

Henry Hines, Charleston, S. C. who several days ago was declared to have been murdered by a negro named Ishmael, is today a well man and in perfect condition, with the exception of a scar in his head inflicted with a brick in the hands of Ishmael. Hines came to life while the coroner was busy inquiring into the cause of his death, and jumped the inquest. A negro named Ishmael was seen by a witness near the scene of the crime, and was promptly arrested and set in jail on the charge of murder. Coroner Dolliver was summoned, and arrangements were made for holding the inquest. A jury was sworn, and after viewing the body it was removed under a dump of bushes to protect it from the sun. The inquest was held a short distance away under the shade of a large oak, there to hear the testimony. Several witnesses were examined, all of whom testified that Hines was struck in the head with a brick or rock by Ishmael. While the jury was writing the inquest Hines came to life, the blow in the side, and he decamped without giving an explanation to the coroner or the jury that declared him dead officially. When the coroner discovered that his corpse had disappeared there was great consternation and surprise. Many believed that Hines had been carried to a swamp near by by a large alligator. The mystery was explained the following day when Hines called at the coroner's office and told him that while he and his jury were declaring him dead he was busy coming to life. Ishmael was released from prison when the facts became known, much to his delight.

Spectacular Suicide.

A dispatch from Georgetown to The State says: A negro man committed suicide Thursday by jumping off the dock into the river. He was probably intoxicated or insane, but the method and time selected by him for drowning himself made the deed rather spectacular. A steamer load of negro excursionists was just leaving the dock when this man, who held a walking stick in his hand, was seen to leap into the river. He apparently made no attempt to swim, but rose three times, each time brandishing the cane in the air, as if saluting some one on the steamer. At length he disappeared, but for a full minute afterwards the end of the cane was raised above the surface. Men in a boat reached the spot where the negro sank and tried to save him, and his body has not yet been found.

East Shore Terminal Sold.

The East Shore Terminal and the Commercial Compress and Wharf property in Charleston were sold Tuesday by the order of the United States circuit court to satisfy mortgages of \$1,000,000 and \$22,781, respectively. The property was bought by President H. G. Erwin, of the Atlantic Coast Line and general Counsel Fairfax Harrison of the Southern railway, as joint tenants in common. There was only one bid on both properties, this being made by Mr. Harrison. The properties were bought at the upset prices, \$50,000 and \$20,000, respectively, which is extremely cheap. At the sale were attorneys and interested railroad men. The sale was made by Capt. James F. Redding, auctioneer for Special Master W. E. Huger. The sale was confirmed by order of the court immediately after the sale.

Belle Taker Convicted.

At St. Louis, Mo., the jury in the case of Julius Lehmann, former member of the house of delegates, charged with bribery in connection with the passage of the city lighting bill, returned a verdict Wednesday afternoon finding the defendant guilty. His punishment was fixed at seven years in the penitentiary, the maximum punishment under the law for the crime of which he was convicted. It took the jury just seven minutes in which to reach its verdict.

DEADLY TOY PISTOL.

A Large Number of Casualties Following the Celebration

OF THE NATION'S NATAL DAY.

A Death Dealing Toy That Should be Legislated to The Shades of Obscurity in All States.

The Indianapolis Journal says up to Wednesday reports from the country at large showed 28 deaths and 1,485 mutilations, many of which will prove fatal, from fourth of July celebrations. On the fourth of July, 1902, 31 persons were killed and 2,649 seriously injured. The casualties increase every year with the growth of population and the multiplication of dangerous devices for making noise. A large proportion of the injured who do not die will be mutilated for life. In addition to personal accidents there is always a list of fires with losses aggregating several hundred thousand dollars caused by explosions and fireworks.

ANOTHER ACCOUNT

Which Gives a Different Light to the Affair.

The State correspondent at Aiken says he drove out to the scene of the murder Thursday night. The published reports so far are correct. Willie Hall was a man about 33 years old and was a quiet, inoffensive young citizen. The whole family are good, law-abiding people, and although they had all been warned repeatedly of the negro, George Edwards, they had never asked several times to keep away from their premises. What can be learned in the neighborhood, Willie Hall had ample provocation to punish Edwards severely several times, but had not desired trouble, and only asked to be let alone. Young Judson Hall is only 20 years old and would, without doubt, have been killed also had it not been for the intervention of the colored woman, Hillye Head. As it is, he is badly beaten up in the face and breast. Thursday about 1 a. m., a posse in search of George Edwards went to the home of Dennis Head, a known party to the crime, and upon being refused admittance, opened fire on the house.

THE LIST INCREASES.

Following are a few deaths that have occurred since the above was printed:

At Pittsburg, Pa., six boys have died of tetanus since the first of July. At South Norwalk, Conn., Arthur O'Brien, aged 12 years, is dead of tetanus, resulting from injuries received from sparks while firing a toy pistol.

At Detroit, Mich., lockjaw as a result of tetanus has been reported in a child named Isaac Ognibavetsz and William May died.

At Chicago, N. Y., Harry H. Bishop, 12 years of age, died of lockjaw, caused by a slight injury on the fourth of July through the exploding of a blank cartridge.

At Harrisburg, Pa., four deaths from tetanus of boys ranging in age from 8 to 10 years have occurred resulting from slight injuries received on the fourth of July from toy pistols.

At Cleveland, Ohio., Charles Hines died of tetanus as a result of injury from a toy pistol received on July 4. This makes the eighth death there from lockjaw since the fourth of July.

At Philadelphia, Pa., two more deaths from tetanus as a result of injuries received from toy pistols occurred making a total of seven deaths from this dreaded disease since the fourth of July. The victims today were Willie H. Harnel, aged 10 years, and Harry Banks, 6 years old.

A Brute by Nature

A dispatch from Gaffney to The State says Wednesday night about 12 o'clock Goldie Davis, who was drinking at the time went to his room at the Hampton boarding house near the Gaffney Manufacturing company and lit the electric light globe gone. He had previously broken two earlier in the night. Not being able to make a light he went to the bed of V. M. Ingram, who was sleeping and cursed him and then began cutting him with his knife. Mr. Ingram jumped out of bed and grabbed a chair to defend himself when he was attacked by William Davis, Goldie's brother. Both boys were painfully cut about the face and neck. Dr. Settemyer was called in and dressed the wounds. A warrant has been sworn out for the arrest of both of the Davis boys. It is supposed that they went back to North Carolina, they having come here from Forest City about ten days ago.

Honoring Washington.

At London, England, at a meeting of the executive committee of the pilgrims club Wednesday night a resolution was passed to erect a statue to George Washington in London. It was decided that the subscriptions should be entirely confined to British subjects. Archdeacon Sinclair, in submitting the plan to the society, said: "Englishmen have at long last recognized the great qualities of Washington. I feel assured that nothing will be more popular in this country than such a tribute to that great man of English birth who has done so much for the world's history, not only for the young nation across the sea, but for Great Britain as well." Archdeacon Sinclair announced that he was authorized to offer a place for the statue in St. Paul's cathedral.

He Was Too Rash.

The Columbia State says: "Major Vardaman, who is campaigning for governor in Mississippi on a platform of opposition to negro education, declares when he started out 'that if the negro could be found who had graduated at a college and subsequently worked in the field he would eat him and without salt.' Such a negro has been produced for the major's dinner but at last accounts he has not even said grace. The major must be one of those invincibles who declared before Fort Sumter was fired that they would drink the blood of that would be spilled in a war between the States."

Dropped Dead.

At Winnipeg, M. Nichols, P. M. Arthur, grand chief engineer of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers, dropped dead Friday night while speaking at the banquet closing the annual union convention of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers which has been in session for the past few days. Mr. Arthur had just arisen to respond to a toast and repeated the words: "It may be my parting word to many of you," when he fell backward and expired a few minutes afterwards.

PARLONS ASKED FOR.

Last Week Governor Heyward Acted on Several Applications.

STATE FARMERS' INSTITUTE.

Official Announcement as to the Gathering at Clemson in August.

The following circular has been issued:

A farmers' institute will be held at Clemson Agricultural college, August 10th to 14, 1903. All farmers who are interested in farming operations of every kind and nature are cordially invited to be present upon that occasion. The railroads have offered reduced rates. Clemson Agricultural college is situated one mile from Calhoun station on the Southern railway and two miles from Cherry's station on the Blue Ridge railway.

Lodging will be given to all farmers and their wives free of charge in the barracks of the college. Board will be had at the rate of 50 cents a day; single meals 25 cents. All persons who avail themselves of this free lodging must bring sheets, pillow cases and towels.

The exercises will begin at 8 p. m. Monday, August 10th, and there will be daily exercises thereafter from 10 a. m. to 12:30 p. m., to 4:30 p. m.; 8 p. m. to 10 p. m.

Tuesday—Meeting of the Agricultural and Mechanical society and discussion of the subject of the extension of the subject of the institute.

Wednesday—Discussion of subjects relating to live stock and dairy interests.

Thursday—Discussion of subjects relating to horticulture.

Friday—General session. The institute will close Friday night.

There will be separate halls provided for business meetings.

Besides lectures by members of the faculty of the college a number of distinguished speakers have accepted invitations to lecture before the institute. Among these may be mentioned Maj. Henry E. Alvord, chief of dairy division, U. S. department of agriculture; Mr. John Hamilton, farmer's institute specialist of the U. S. department of agriculture; Mr. M. V. Richards, land and industrial agent for the Southern Railway company; C. L. J. Beckwith, director of the Georgia experiment station; J. Merriam, editor Southern Ruralist; Col. R. B. Watson of the State Agricultural and Mechanical society.

An hour each day an expert will discuss the subject of domestic science for the benefit of the ladies who may attend the farmers' institute.

A ample opportunity will be afforded every one to visit and inspect all parts of the college and experiment station.

P. H. MULL, President.

The Southeastern Passenger association has granted a rate on all rail fare, plus 25 cents, for the minimum fare 50 cents.

PARDONS ASKED FOR.

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THE STATE PRISON.

Nearly Half of the Inmates Convicted of Crimes Against the Peace.

SEVEN HUNDRED CONVICTS

Large Percentage Been Convicted of Murder, There Being 100 of That Class Last Year.

"Of the 716 convicts in the State prison 339 have been convicted of crimes of violence. This statement will indicate by surprising—that over 45 per cent. of the prisoners in the penitentiary are being punished for murder, manslaughter and assault and battery. Not all of the convictions have been made on such charges, however, for on the county chancery there are fewer convictions of the kind. The following statement shows the number of convicts in the prison and the crimes which they committed:

Manslaughter	108
Murder	170
Armed robbery	30
Larceny of the person	3
Housebreaking	3
Grand larceny	13
Larceny of bicycle	7
Throwing missile at train	2
Obstructing railroad	7
Burglary	26
Housebreaking and larceny	65
Bigamy	3
Forgery	3
Housebreaking and com. larceny	1
Shooting in car	1
Larceny	1
Carbreaking and larceny	30
Carbreaking and larceny	17
Burglary and live stock	15
Assault and battery with intent to rape	28
Assault and battery with intent to kill	31
Assault and battery	2
Breach of trust	2
Obtaining goods under false pretense	1
Housebreaking in night time	1
Receiving stolen goods	1
Burglary and larceny	85
Accessory to murder	2
Burglary and attempt to ravish	3
Violating dispensary law	1
Highway robbery	15
House burning	42
Arson	15
Crimes against morality	3
Total	716

The report of the attorney general for last year shows that of the 1,731 cases of violation of the law, 953 cases of violation of the law were reported. The following table shows the results in the various courts:

First circuit, convicted 18, acquitted 19;
Second circuit, convicted 13, acquitted 7;
Third circuit, convicted 7, acquitted 9;
Fourth circuit, convicted 9, acquitted 4;
Fifth circuit, convicted 4, acquitted 11;
Sixth circuit, convicted 22, acquitted 7;
Seventh circuit, convicted 12, acquitted 7;
Eighth circuit, convicted 16, acquitted 14;
Ninth circuit, convicted 10, acquitted 102.

The number of conviction this year shows an increase over last year, it is generally stated.—The State.

NORTH IS LIKE THE SOUTH.

New York and New Jersey People Aroused to Lynching Point.

When it comes to lynching a flood for the usual crime there is no difference between the North and South. The quick wit of a deputy sheriff at Cocksackie, N. Y., Tuesday afternoon prevented the lynching of James Little, a 19-year-old negro hailing from Summerhurst, N. Y., who Tuesday morning near New Baltimore criminal assaulted Emma Cole, aged 11 years, daughter of Joseph Cole, a farmer living one mile back of New Baltimore. The negro escaped with threatening the child with death. Two other children had given the alarm and Mr. Cole and neighbors met the child coming home and at once organized a party to scour the woods. Little was captured on the railroad track near Cocksackie, and he confessed the assault and was locked up. A mob of 150 enraged farmers started from New Baltimore for Cocksackie, augmented by a large number of striking Cocksackie molders and river men, all frankly vowing their intention to lynch the negro. Deputy Sheriff Van Loan, realizing that the coming of darkness would mean the breaking of the flimsy lock and the violent death of his prisoner, smuggled the negro out and took him down the river on the boat to Catskill, where there is a well built jail. The Cole child is seriously injured, but may recover.

Shooting Afray in Columbia.

At Columbia Will Holland was fatally wounded at 6 o'clock Wednesday morning by J. W. Burkhalter. They are both young white men and Burkhalter bears a good reputation. Holland is said to be wild and continually in trouble, and the police had banished him from the city after repeated terms in the city jail. He had lived with the keeper of a house of ill fame, who called herself by his name. Since his banishment from the city he has been living at Cayce, across the river, where Burkhalter was a telegraph operator. They got into a quarrel, and Burkhalter was attacked by negroes and beaten into unconsciousness, while walking in the grounds of the Hermitage Golf club, in the western suburbs of the city, with a young lady, a nurse in one of the hospitals, Friday night. It is reported that the young lady was dragged into an adjoining field and feloniously assaulted, but so far this lacks confirmation. It is authoritatively stated that the negroes have been bidden at the stake in Wilmington the other day. The law's delays are responsible for much of the lynch law in the country, for the people have a way of remembering these things.

An Ugly Crime.

Hon. James L. Shelton, ex-member of the assembly from Louis county and a resident of Richmond, Va., was attacked by negroes and beaten into unconsciousness, while walking in the grounds of the Hermitage Golf club, in the western suburbs of the city, with a young lady, a nurse in one of the hospitals, Friday night. It is reported that the young lady was dragged into an adjoining field and feloniously assaulted, but so far this lacks confirmation. It is authoritatively stated that the negroes have been bidden at the stake in Wilmington the other day. The law's delays are responsible for much of the lynch law in the country, for the people have a way of remembering these things.

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