

Strong and Well

Great Change in Health Since Taking Hood's Sarsaparilla

No Other Medicine Can Take Its Place as a Blood Purifier.

"My little girl was thin and sickly, but she has been taking Hood's Sarsaparilla and now she is strong and well. My husband has taken Hood's Sarsaparilla for soreness of the lungs and bowel complaint and it has helped him greatly. Other members of the family have derived benefit from it." MRS. AMY WILCOX, 249 North Third Street, Salt Lake City, Utah.

"We are never without a bottle of Hood's Sarsaparilla in our house, for no other medicine can take its place as a blood purifier and health restorer. We find that good health is the general result of taking it. My aged grandparents have used it for years, and would not be without it." MRS. MURDOCK, Heber, Utah.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the Best—in fact the One True Blood Purifier. Sold by all druggists. Price, \$1; six for \$5.

Hood's Pills are the only pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

THE OPTIC is more vigorous than polite in assailing Max Frost. Hard words over a little dinero Max considers as his own.—Socorro Advertiser.

THE New York Journal is making a fight against the cigarette trust for the use of that deadly thing by children. That does first-rate for a cessation, but cigarettes will be sold to children just so long as men can make money by their sale. If the people really want to do away with the evil of cigarettes they will have to make a public monopoly of their manufacture and sale, in which the sellers will have no interest in the sales. Then and only then the crime will be regulated. The same remedy holds good in the liquor traffic and all other things. So long as men can make money by selling cigarettes to children, or whiskey to men, they will be engaged in these traffics, either licitly or illicitly.

It is said that there will be no fear this winter of a shortage of food in the Klondike. The transportation companies have succeeded in getting plenty of food into the camps. The decrease in cost will have a good effect, because it will enable mine owners to employ more help. The high price of provisions made labor very expensive. The investigation of the quantity of food made by the Canadian police led incidentally to the gathering of statistics which led to the conclusion that the output of gold for the season is not more than \$2,000,000. This is not so high as was anticipated, but it is a pretty fair return for one season. It does not, however, include the gold taken out on the American side.

THE field for the investment of capital has lately widened all over the world, says the American Banker. In depriving Spain of her colonial possessions we open it to the use of millions of people who were deprived of that advantage because corruption and incapacity in office made it dangerous to invest money. The people of China are being forced, under the progressive

aggressions of the combined powers, out of their isolation, and, being naturally a shrewd race, will not take long to stifle their inherited prejudice against innovation when the profit and advantage of the new system dawns upon their gaze. So, too, the progress of Great Britain in East Africa and the fruit of Sir H. Kitchener's great campaign ending in the complete extermination of the Khalifa's unruly forces, by removing a great element of instability has added an immense territory to the world's new fields for the investment of capital.

FROM THE PARAGRAPHISTS.

Aguinaldo merely wants to show that they have typewriters at Manila.—Dallas News.

General Miles may decide to be a sort of guerrilla investigating committee.—Washington Star.

At least, Aguinaldo's delegate to Washington will see all the sights.—Philadelphia North American.

The War Department should now feel better, since Secretary Alger has so heartily indorsed it.—Chicago Record.

The veterinary appointed at Chickamauga was probably intended for the horse marines.—Richmond Times.

The Hon "Dave" Hill now and then shows signs of dissatisfaction with his political role of the man who has seen better days.—Chicago News.

Mr. Bayard is dead. He was the third in a consecutive line of great Senators from a small State. His services to the country have been notable; his ability was of the highest; his integrity and his patriotism were utterly above and beyond question.—N. Y. World.

Jamaica makes a strong demand on the home Government for remedial legislation for her suffering industry. Sugar seems to be about to play as important a part in England's colonial system as tea did on a certain former occasion.—N. Y. Herald.

MARKETS.

Cattle and Sheep.

CHICAGO, Oct. 4.—Cattle—Receipts 4,000, including 2,000 westerns; market, steady; heaves, \$4.00 @ \$5.75; cows and heifers, \$2.00 @ \$4.70; Texas steers, \$3.10 @ \$4.60; westerns, \$5.80 @ \$4.55; stockers and feeders, \$3.20 @ \$4.60.

Sheep—Receipts, 19,000; market, steady; others weak; natives, \$2.90 @ \$4.60; westerns, \$3.50 @ \$4.45; lambs, \$3.50 @ \$6.00.

Kansas City Stock.

KANSAS CITY, Oct. 4.—Cattle—Receipts, 16,000; steady; native steers, \$3.75 @ \$5.50; Texas steers, \$2.50 @ \$4.55; Texas cows, \$1.75 @ \$3.00; native cows and heifers, \$1.25 @ \$4.55; stockers and feeders, \$2.50 @ \$5.00; bulls, \$2.25 @ \$3.50.

Sheep—Receipts, 7,000; steady; lambs, \$4.00 @ \$5.25; muttons, \$3.50 @ \$4.25.

Chicago Grain.

CHICAGO, Oct. 4.—Wheat—Oct., 82½; Dec., 82½.
Corn—Oct., 28½; Dec., 29½.
Oats—Oct., 21; Dec., 20½.

Money Market.

NEW YORK, Oct. 4.—Money on call nominally 2½ @ 3 per cent. Prime mercantile paper, 3½ @ 4½ per cent.

Metal Market.

NEW YORK, Oct. 4.—Silver, 60½; Lead, \$3.80; Copper, 11.

PRECEDENTS FOR INDEMNITY.

We have plenty of precedents for demanding a very substantial indemnity, notwithstanding the losses already incurred by the vanquished, says an exchange. It has been estimated that France lost in property, destruction of her villages, arms and ammunition, at least \$2,000,000,000. This did not make Bismarck merciful, and he compelled the payment of a cash indemnity of \$1,000,000,000; besides the cession of a large portion of Alsace, one-fifth of Lorraine, and the great fortresses of Metz and Strasburg. The actual cash more than paid all the outlay of Germany.

Japan exacted as an indemnity from China at the close of the war of 1895, cash to the amount of \$185,000,000, in addition to which the Japanese insisted upon the island of Formosa and the Pescadores.

After the war between Prussia and Austria, Bismarck only demanded about \$15,000,000 as indemnity, but considerable territory was added and Austria renounced her claims on Schleswig and Holstein, which Prussia with the aid of Austria, had wrested from Denmark and placed under the joint control of Austria and Germany. With Holstein, Prussia acquired the great and much coveted harbor of Kiel.

The Turko-Russian war of 1877 resulted in the Ottoman Empire being compelled to pay a cash indemnity of \$100,000,000, which was less than the amount first demanded by Russia. The others took a hand in this settlement and compelled the Port to surrender control of Roumania and Servia, and to relinquish Herzegovina and Bosnia to Australia.

It is unnecessary to recite the many memorable occasions upon which England has required a cash indemnity and a cession of territory from the power she has vanquished.

FOR about seven years Max Frost was secretary of the Bureau of Immigration. During that time he drew from the Territorial treasury more than \$11,000; and when the Democrats finally routed him from the office, not a voucher was found for the expenditure of any of this money; not a scrap of stationery did he turn over to his successor but a few manilla envelopes printed in his own name; neither was there any record of receipts and expenditures, that the people might know what had been done with their money. Yet this is the creature which has been vomiting on the good people of San Miguel county.

The Presbytery of Santa Fe convenes this evening in the Presbyterian church of this city at 7:30 o'clock. The opening sermon will be delivered by the Rev. Robert M. Craig, synodical superintendent. Tomorrow evening, at 8 o'clock, an organ recital will be given by the musicians of the church in honor of the Presbyterian guests. The public are cordially invited to attend and enjoy the fine qualities of the pipe organ. No admission will be charged, but an offering will be taken.

20-20-20 for Fifty Cents.
Justified tobacco habit cured. Inhaler washes strong blood pure. 86c. All druggists.

SPECIAL RATES.

Trans-Mississippi and International exposition, Omaha, Neb., June 1 to Nov. 1, 1898. Reduced rates are now in effect from Las Vegas as follows: Omaha and return, tickets limited to Nov. 15, 1898, \$42.90. Omaha and return, tickets limited to 20 days from date of sale \$35.75. A stop-over privilege at Kansas City of five (5) days in either direction has been arranged for these tickets. For further information call at ticket office or address the agent.

St. Louis, Mo., October 8, 1898. Biennial Meeting Grand United Order of Odd Fellows. Fare and one-third on certificate plan from all points on the Santa Fe.

Scranton, N. Y., October 10-15, 1898. Biennial Convention International Typographical Union. Fare and one-third or \$69.05 for round trip, certificate plan.

Reduced rates to Omaha Exposition. On Tuesdays and Fridays of each week up to and including Oct. 25th. Tickets will be on sale, Las Vegas to Omaha and return, at \$28.80 for round trip. Tickets limited to 15 days from date of sale, and to continuous passage in each direction.

Gallup, N. M., Oct. 11, 1898.—Grand Lodge L. O. O. F. of New Mexico. Fare and one-fifth on certificate plan. Dates of Sale Oct. 9-10. Rate \$17.70 for round trip.

Albuquerque, Sept. 27 to Oct. 1, 1898, New Mexico Territorial Fair. Fare for above occasion will be \$4.00 for round trip. Date of sale Sept. 25 to 30, inclusive. Final limit, Oct. 3. Continuous passage in each direction.

Albuquerque, Oct. 1, 1898.—Republican Territorial Convention. One fare or \$5.30 for round trip. Date of sale Sept. 30 and Oct. 1. Limited to Oct. 3, and to continuous passage in each direction.

Albuquerque, Oct. 1-5, 1898.—Masonic Grand Lodge. Fare and one-fifth, or \$6.35 for round trip.

Pittsburg, Pa., Oct. 10-14, 1898.—Triennial Conclave Knights Templar. Tickets will be on sale at Las Vegas for above occasion Oct. 7, 8, 9, 10 at rate of one fare for round trip, or \$48.00. All tickets limited to continuous passage in each direction with final limit to Oct. 17th, subject to extension to Oct. 31, by deposit with agent at Pittsburg. Rate to Baltimore, Washington or Gettysburg will be \$8.00 to holders of K. T. tickets.

Deming, N. M., Oct. 8, 1898.—Democratic Territorial Convention. Rate of one fare for round trip. Tickets on sale from stations north of Albuquerque Oct. 6. Fare from Las Vegas \$14.55. All tickets limited to Oct. 10, and to continuous passage in each direction.

Grand Rapids, Mich., Oct. 4, 1898.—Annual Meeting American Board of Commissioners for Foreign Missions. Fare and one-third for round trip or \$57.50 from Las Vegas, certificate plan.

Minneapolis, Minn., Oct. 19-26, 1898.—Annual Meeting Women's Home Missionary Society of the M. E. church. Fare and one-third on certificate plan, or \$53.30 from Las Vegas.

Festival of Mountain and Plain, Denver, Colo., Oct. 4-6, 1898. Fare from Las Vegas \$10.25 for round trip. Dates of Sale, Oct. 2-3. All tickets limited to Oct. 10, and to continuous passage in each direction.

C. F. JONES, Agent.

DR. GUNN'S IMPROVED LIVER PILLS
For People That Are Sick or "Just Don't Feel Well."
ONLY ONE FOR A DOSE.
Removes Pimples, cures Headaches, Dyspepsia and Constipation. 25 cts. a box at druggists or by mail Sample Free, address Dr. Bennett 66, Falls, Pa.