Weekly Citizen

ALBUQUERQUE, - SEPT. 5, 1891.

THE TERRITORIAL FAIR

The Southwest Sentinel, published at Silver City, has been doing a quite creditable work for the territorial fair, as the following long column clipped from its columns will testify:

The fair to be opened at Albuquerque on September 14th and continuing until the 19th, inclusive, promises to surpass any before held in the territory. The fair is of great importance to the entire territory and is in increase of Albuquerque fair. The county which makes the best display of its products and attracts the most attention therefrom will be the most benefited. No county is the place at which it is held and receives a direct benefit from the expenditures of money therein by the thousands of visitors, but this is not more valuable and incidental, while of the utmost of training cultural products of any county area of that tract. The attitude of congress also will construct reservoirs and canals for irrigation and the territories of Idaho so that many farmers may find new homes in that section. The shipment of minerals from a district in any county capital to be invested in the mines of that district, providing work for a number of men, the benefit to all is plainly apparent.

The territory of New Mexico is, in our opinion, just entering upon an era of prosperity, such as it has never yet enjoyed. The establishment of irrigation works, the formation of companies for the settlement of land grants, the prospected irrigating canals, the extension of railroads, and the steady and healthful development of the resources of the territory are proof to the magnitude of such a prosperous era. In one of these the prospective and imaginary opportunity to invest, for young men. Such an opportunity, in the territory at large, and we confidently call upon all who have not yet placed their money to see Judge Bennett, the secretary of the product of their farms, mines or industries to at once bring them forward, where they may be sent to the fair. Grant county is not surpassed by any in the territory in variety, extent and value of its resources, and not in any one, and I afford to take a prominent place in every habit made. This county is one of the mineral exhibits. Grant county stands first in the production of mineral wealth and our mineral experts should be at the fair each morning, illustrating pyramids of ore as well as to show the results of supremacy as a mineral county. Don't send only the best specimen from mount a glass case, but great blocks showing the width of the vein or extent of the deposit.

We know that our community, like all others, contains some honest croakers who contend that no one from abroad will attend the fair or take any interest in the exhibit made but any reasoning man knows this is not true, and the croakers' influence will not be felt.

The Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe railroad company have fixed the passenger rate to the fair, between Denver and El Paso, at one cent a mile for the round trip. This is an unprecedented rate and will attract thousands of visitors. The attendance from Denver alone of those seeking new fields of investment will justify our people in making a creditable display from this county. The time is short and energetic work must be done at once. Judge Bennett and his assistant cannot gather the exhibit alone. Give a day or two to the common wealth and bring your samples to him at Morrill Hall, in this city, or place them at his disposal at such place as he may designate.

ANOTHER BLUNDER

Norton Bros., of Chicago, large importers of tin plate, write the following letter to the Chicago Inter Ocean:

We are in receipt of an invoice and bill of lading for 140 pigs (a little more than four tons) of American pig tin, mined at the Temescal mines, San Bernardino county, Cal. The agents write us that this is the first shipment which they have made to points east of the Rocky mountains, excepting some small lots as samples, though they have been selling some in San Francisco for making solder and tin-lined pipe. They also say that they have an inexhaustible supply of ore and are putting in a large mill which they expect will be in operation in September, when they will be able to furnish us all we want.

This tin will be used in tinning plates made in the United States, and the work will be done entirely by citizens of the United States.

It might be thought by ingenuous people whose experience with the anti American tin press is limited, that this would put a quietus upon their stupid and unpatriotic campaign. But such people would have been grossly mistaken. The Chicago Herald comes out with this attempt to show that the profit to the United States by reason of these unfortunate tin discoveries is trivial, after all.

Now it appears that the producers of American tin from American mines are not Americans. The New York Times has obtained and printed an announcement from the company, giving the names and titles of its chairman and directors, the consulting directors, the trustees or debenture holders, its bankers, solicitors, auditors and secretary. Every man in the list, from beginning to end, is a resident of London, Liverpool, Cornwall or Wales. There is not a resident of the United States, much less a citizen, in the list, and the office of the company is in London.

If Englishmen own the mines, what of it? Is it not so much better for the United States? Had those mines been opened up by Americans, so much American capital must have been withdrawn from some other employment, actual or prospective. But the Englishmen come in with English money for the employment of American miners in the production of American tin to be manufactured into plates by American industrialists. The money to buy the mines, to pay the wages, to rent the homes occupied, to purchase the necessaries of life and to meet the taxes for the support of the government is imported from England and English money is what we are after, the more we can get of it the better.

FULLY CONFIRMED.

Dr. Roberts, of the American Health Resort association, who came here to verify the reports of Dr. Danter, of the same association, who visited this section a few weeks ago, fully endorses all the favorable opinions expressed by Dr. Danter, and thinks that the country from Santa Fe to Albuquerque is destined to be the great sanitarium of the world—especially for those afflicted with lung diseases.

Those of us who live here, and have seen the wonderful effects of the climate upon invalids of the class especially referred to, do not need to be told this, for we see proofs of it every day, but it is nevertheless gratifying to know that this is the opinion of a scientific man, who comes here without prejudice in favor of or against any point, but for the sole purpose of ascertaining, for the benefit of the afflicted, the very best place to send patients of the class referred to, and the fact that after making a careful examination of the conditions existing in all parts of the country west of the Missouri, including Colorado, he is prepared to give his official opinion to the effect that this valley is the best spot on the continent for a national sanitarium, is a point in favor of this country which is of much more than ordinary value. It is a fact which our present and future people will fully appreciate.

A HAPPY THOUGHT

The Albuquerque Democrat suggests a plan for inviting the attendance of the New York democratic bankers and moneyed men to a banquet to be given and partaken of in this city. It appears to be agreed that matters are so shaping themselves between Flower and Hill that it will be the easiest thing in the world for David B. Hill to "get" the nomination for governor.

The Democrat proceeds to argue that the presence of the gentlemen named would be a great benefit to the territory, and that if they could be induced to come it would be a veritable windfall for us. The suggestion is that Governor Prince, Judge Bennett, the editor of the Democrat, and other prominent citizens should "make a joint appeal to the Democratic bankers." The object is that Mr. Hill may be induced to make a speech in favor of the nomination of Senator Gorman, the Democratic candidate for president in 1892.

Hardly, I think, would a suitable resident of New York for many years. But the idea of a banquet in Iowa, among New York City and out-of-town bankers, strikes me as a happy one. It might make a few converts to democracy. Fifty silver men with the proper credentials. It is a fact that a number of the Democratic bankers of New York are Lincoln men, and some would be induced to come to Albuquerque if the invitation came from the Democratic editor.

Perhaps the Democrat could induce Governor Prince to preside at the banquet. The idea is a happy one, and I hope the Democrat will follow it up.

BROUGHT IT DOWN

Accounts from Socorro say that the attempts to bring rain by exploding dynamite at that place, have proved entirely satisfactory, and a copious rain has followed the explosions. We have no reason to doubt the truth of these Socorro reports—that is, that they fired off the dynamite, and later on the rain fell—but those Socorro fellows are pretty cute; they kept putting off their arrangement, for one reason or another, till the clouds began to gather, and then when the sky was thoroughly overcast they gave the order to "fire!" And in the course of ten or twelve hours the rain came;—this much is true, but the only open question in our mind in regard to the matter is, whether, if they had postponed the explosions for ten or twelve hours, the rain wouldn't have got there ahead of them. Shooting for rain is a good thing, but it seems to be a good deal like praying for rain—it counts more when the sky is cloudy, and the cloudier the better.

SIGN IT.

Those of our citizens who have not yet signed the petition to the president for the appointment of a western man to the vacant place on the Inter State Commerce Commission, should do so at once. The matter is one of considerable importance to the people of this territory; it might be worth a great deal to have a man on the commission who understands the needs of this country and the condition of things existing here, and it stands us in hand to do whatever we can to secure such an appointment. If the president concludes to come west of the 100th meridian to make his selection, he will probably take some Denver man. A number of prominent gentlemen there are spoken of, any one of whom would make a good commissioner, and our interests are so near allied to those of Denver that the appointment of a citizen of that place would be cordially endorsed by the people of New Mexico. Several copies of the petition are in circulation, and every man in Albuquerque should see to it that his name is enrolled.

SUCCESS ASSURED.

So far as concerns numbers and interest in the movement, the success of the coming railroad convention in this city is already assured. Lists of delegates appointed have already been received from Pueblo, Santa Fe, Socorro, Las Lunas and San Pedro, and assurances from official sources have been secured from Denver, Cerrillos, and White Oaks, that full delegations will be in attendance from those places. The credentials of eighty-nine delegates have been received and filed, and it is now reasonably certain that the attendance will not be less than one hundred and twenty-five. This gives evidence of a greater degree of popular interest in the matter than ever the most sanguine friends of the movement had anticipated, and shows that the people of all that portion of the country to be affected by the extension of the Denver & Rio Grande road, are fully alive to the importance of this enterprise. There is a feeling manifested all along the line, such as means success.

Oonalaska dispatches report the seal catch of sixty-one British and American vessels this season as 27,000 seals. Twenty-eight more vessels are yet to report.

EDITORIAL NOTES

THE indications are bright in Ohio for a great republican victory in November.

THE Elk is the official paper of Gallup, and is having a good run of "fat," which it richly deserves.

AN expedition will leave Yuma this week to explore the lower Colorado and the streams flowing into Salton Sea.

THE Bureau of Immigration has issued a neat twenty page pamphlet descriptive of New Mexico. It is intended for general circulation.

WHEN prize fighters can contest for $2,000 a side, it is time for United States senators to agitate an increase of the class salaries.

IT is said that two-thirds of the applicants for admission to West Point and Annapolis are rejected because of the magnetic ballot and its results.

THE bass musters will not be welcome at the territorial fair. Oh that research bright sunshine and silvery moonlight were on the program of exercises.

EX-SENATOR PLUMB of Kansas died at Worcester, Mass., a few days ago. At one time he was a prominent member of the United States senate, and a leader in Kansas politics.

CANADA has made a terrible showing of cholera in its recent report. Another effort has been made to keep the cholera "out of the country" by the quarantine of which he had been a victim.

PUEBLO appears to be having a very busy time of it, to judge from her press. One of her newspapers suspended last fall. A politician without a newspaper support is a lamb without a mother.

EDWARD A. ALLEN is an enterprising and generous neighbor, and will be represented at the New Mexico fair in this city by a military company, a base team and a base ball club.

GOTHAM will hold an election on the 24th of September to vote on the question of issuing $1,000,000 in bonds to build a school house. Gotham is progressive and the measure will carry.

COLORADO, Arizona and Southern California have been completely knocked out in statistics. India has registered a daily temperature for a week this summer of 112 to 116 degrees in the shade.

EVEN the liquor dealers are disgusted with the democrats of New York, and it is well known that the democrats can not carry that state without the active support of the liquor dealers of New York city.

THE territorial democratic central committee will hold a meeting in this city on Tuesday, Sept. 15. Every member of the committee is expected to be present, and the plan of campaign for 1892 discussed.

THE threatened famine in Europe is likely to postpone the general war recently believed to be impending there. Nations are not often disposed to be hostile when great numbers of their people are starving.

TWENTY two pounds of sugar for one dollar represent McKinley prices, which have won golden opinions from housewives who have canned strawberries, raspberries and peaches for next winter's consumption.

THERE is a big contest in San Juan county over the county seat. The towns of Aztec and Junction City are the contestants. Testimony is now being taken in the case, which promises to be bitter and expensive.

RUM and other vices of civilization appear to be getting in their deadly work on the natives of Alaska. A decrease of 8000 in ten years is a heavy payment for the benefits of our superior culture and enlightenment.

WHITE OAKS will send a delegation of representative citizens to the railroad convention, which convenes in this city Sept. 18. That town only needs a railroad to bring it to the front as one of the best in the territory.

IT is stated that in forty-eight counties in Kansas, nearly one-third of the farm mortgages were paid in the three months ending Aug. 1. The sum paid was $1,427,937. This enormous sum is set free for investment in other ways.

ARIZONA is one of the oldest mining territories in the United States. Since 1736 this branch of industry has prospered almost without interruption, checked only when the country has been left to the mercy of old time Apache raids.

THERE will be provision made for the care and comfort of all who attend the territorial fair. The visitors will number several thousands, and they will be entertained in a hospitable manner by the generous and enterprising people of this city.

NEW YORK is going to have the finest hotel in the world. It is also going to have the tallest temple in the country. New York is pre-eminent as a "going to have" town. It has been going to have a Grant monument for years, but is as far away from it as ever.

ONE Juan Herrera, a recent refugee to this city from Las Vegas, publishes a card in the Democrat this morning, threatening to do certain dire things to THE CITIZEN. Herrera is taking a commissary contract, and his labors will be watched with a great deal of pleasure.

THE English language has achieved another great triumph. At the International geological congress now in session in Washington English was adopted as the official language of that body. In the sessions of that body heretofore the French language was the official medium of expression.

JOHN MORTON, of Santa Fe, is a bundle of enterprise and energy. He will combine business with pleasure at the territorial fair, having the exclusive privilege for selling fresh fruits on the grounds. He deals in fruits of all kinds at the territorial capital, and is reaching out for business in this city.

THE assessed valuation of land in San Juan county, this territory, is $153,388.-08; improvements, $81,558, making a total for land and improvements of $240,-926.08. The assessed valuation of live stock is $156,965; personal property, $393,874.65. Total assessment on all property, $800,900.73.

The palaces of the rulers of the old world are built without regard to expense. The empress of Austria's new palace at Corfu has cost £120,000. The bill for the wood carvings in the Pompeian suite of seven rooms, which is the great feature of the house, amounted to £3,000.

CHINA, big as she is, is in a tight box just now. A delegation of warships flying the flags of Germany, France, Italy, England and the United States, will shortly drop anchor in Chinese waters and find out exactly why the Mongolian government refuses to listen to their demands for indemnity, as balm for the recent massacre of foreigners in China.

IT is proposed to hold a miners' convention at El Paso in December to memorialize congress in favor of the free coinage of silver and to protest against the alien act which prohibits foreign capital from being invested in the mines of the territories. The idea is a good one, and New Mexico heartily endorses the holding of the convention.

IT would be a good plan for the members of the territorial republican committee to hold a meeting during the territorial exhibition, and fill the vacancy caused by the death of Judge Axtell, who was chairman of the committee. Next year a press campaign will take place, and thorough organization will be necessary at an early day.

THE Grand Army of the Republic of this territory had three voting members in the encampment recently held in Detroit; the Woman's Relief Corps had one, Miss Mary Whitcomb, of Albuquerque. The membership of the Woman's Relief Corps is now more than 100,000. The relief expended during the year was $111,859.21. The funds reported on hand, $166,823.65. The Grand Army membership is 398,807, and they expended $433,693.86 in relief during the year.

THE CITIZEN will this year make full and accurate report of the proceedings of the territorial fair. W. S. Burke, associate editor, W. T. McCreight, local editor, assisted by several lively reporters, will cover all departments. Chas. O'Conor Roberts, a practical miner and a trained newspaper writer, will have entire charge of the mineral department, and his reports will be accurate and valuable to mining interests. Each day during the exhibition a large extra edition will be printed. In every way THE CITIZEN will be a model newspaper during fair week.

AT the recent congress of scientists at Washington, Professor Goodale of Harvard University, to illustrate how well understood are the methods of improving plants, said that if all of our present cereals were swept out of existence our experiment stations could probably replace them by other grasses within half a century. The methods are by selection and hybridization. The fruits of the future will tend more and more toward becoming seedless, just as pineapples, bananas and some oranges are now. There is no good reason why we should not have seedless raspberries and blackberries, and also raise by cuttings plums, cherries and peaches free from stones.

ALL COMING.

It is now certain that all the towns invited to participate in the coming railroad convention at this place on the 18th inst., will be represented, with the possible exception of El Paso, and that town, for reasons which it does not make public, but which are very apparent, nevertheless, does not desire to have the Denver & Rio Grande road extended by any route that will take in Albuquerque. If the people of that place do not desire to have the road come to their town, we do not think it would be right for the convention to try to force it upon them; there are other ways that the line could take after leaving Albuquerque, that would probably be fully as good for the road, as to parallel the Santa Fe to El Paso and certainly much better for the development of the country. It could go to Socorro, for instance, and then southwest, skirting the Magdalenas, the Mogollons and the Black Range, through Silver City to Deming, thus tapping the richest and most productive mining regions in the southwest, and connecting with the new road from Deming through Old Mexico. This would give Denver as important an ore road as any she now has from any quarter, and would give her smelters access to all the rich camps of southwestern New Mexico, and from which they are now completely shut off, except for such ores as they can afford to ship over the Santa Fe, around by way of La Junta. There are a great many who think this is altogether the best route for the Denver & Rio Grande road to take when it comes into New Mexico, and the people of all the districts through which it would pass would give it not only a cordial welcome but a good deal of material assistance; then why try to force it upon a town that does not want it? Why not rather advocate its construction into the southwestern part of the territory, where it would get more business, and where the people are anxious to have it come? We don't think it would be right for a convention of a hundred and fifty men from other towns, to force a railroad upon an unwilling community.

The Louisville, New Albany & Chicago has just turned out a new style of postal car which greatly increases the facilities for handling mail matter quickly. The superintendent of mail service is well pleased with the new car. The company has decided to build two more of the same design.

The Prescott hose team will be quartered at the residence of Chas. Stevers, who is making arrangements to entertain the boys in good style.

THE DOG'S FRIEND.

Olive Ennis Hite Rallies to the Support of Poor Canines.

A stranger passing along the streets of Albuquerque at this season of the year would not go over many squares until convinced of one thing, that "The Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals" has obtained no foothold here, and if he, or she, possesses a spark of humane feeling for brute or human, it must burst into a pretty lively flame over the needless cruelty exhibited by the "dog-catcher" and the lack of compassion exhibited by the crowds that quickly gather at the first shriek of terror and agony wrung from the heart of some poor, inoffensive, helpless "doggie." The very existence of the catcher argues despicable cowardice in somebody; the fact that he exists and unmolested, plies his bloody, barbarous trade argues more. In the cities of the east where want and squalor and every form of misery fester and fatten in the putrid air, where it were a mercy, perhaps, to kill, there may be a shadow of justification for the law that is enforced by them through heroic measures on the part of mayors and councils. But here, where God's pure air is unpolluted by sickly and poisonous exhalations from overcrowded, disease-laden ground, there is there need to deprive a dog of his life, liberty and innocent pursuit of happiness than the gaudy Pueblos who throng our streets. Not one dog in ten thousand out here goes mad, and that one, if his ears were searched for garrapatas, his empty stomach surprised by a "square meal" and his tiny, trembling, fear-stricken heart quieted by a kind word would be found as sane as any dog. Here in Albuquerque dog-catching—aside from its cold-blooded, unnecessary cruelty—is peculiarly reprehensible. Every day of the seven the streets are filled with teams from neighboring ranches, and from far beyond river and mountains. Mexicans and Americans alike, on plain or in Sierra cabin find the dog their truest, trustiest guardian and friend and he becomes a part of the family, sharing the best and the worst that comes, but faithful ever. These wanderers accompany their masters and once separated from them they grow frightened and bewildered and then is the catcher's chance of which he is not slow to avail himself. The American understands the law and knows pretty well where to find his pet—if he hasn't been dragged to death over the streets or murdered in the pound—and goes after him, hurries out of town and damns the people generally. But the Mexican accepts his suerte, bemoans the loss of his buen perro, but probably is entirely ignorant of the unjust law which has deprived him of valuable property. If the man who has come in here to spend his money and add to the prosperity of the town, loves or values his dog sufficiently to protect him he is forced to pay an outrageous license fee for the few hours he may be in town. Ranch dogs don't go mad and they ought to be respected and ranchmen do get mad and they too ought to be respected, and Albuquerque ought to be far enough ahead of the "effete east" to be able to teach her how to be both just and humane.

OLIVE ENNIS HITE.

The Rich Thorpes.

The following item, rather mysterious as regards certain people supposed to have formerly resided in this city, is clipped from the Chicago Herald:

"Attorney F. J. Wise, of San Antonio, Texas, was in the city yesterday. He was appointed administration of the estate of Hiram Thorpe and brother, two old bachelors who recently died at Albuquerque, N. M., leaving 8,000 acres of valuable mining and grazing lands. They had no relatives in that country, and had received no letters from any relatives for years. They had come from Racine, Wis., to the territory in 1857, and had acquired the land by settlement and purchase. The land is now worth several million dollars. Rich silver mines are located on it. In looking over the effects of the dead bachelors Mr. Wise found some letters written many years ago by relatives in Racine. Guided by this information he is now on his way to Racine to find, if possible, the heirs of John Elkins, Philip Thorpe and George Garton. The heirs of these three men are entitled to the vast Thorpe estate in New Mexico."

Since 1880, no two old bachelors, rich in silver mines and holding immense land possessions, by the name of Thorpe, have died in this city, and the item is undoubtedly incorrect.

The Rio Grande in New Mexico.

The people who desire the Denver & Rio Grande to be extended into the interior of that territory should not count upon the construction of such an extension by the company itself. They should organize a separate company and put the enterprise on foot themselves.

Although the contract with the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe, which prohibited an extension of the Denver & Rio Grande south of Espanola is no longer in force, the considerations which led to the making of that contract are still, to some extent, regarded.

An extension of the Rio Grande into New Mexico would expose the company which owns that road to an aggressive competition by the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe, not only in New Mexico, but also at points in Colorado where the interests of the two roads conflict. The Rio Grande people should be convinced, therefore, that by an extension of their road they would secure enough traffic, not only to justify the extension in itself, but also to justify them in meeting the sort of competition just referred to. It is safe to say that they do not think that the traffic which would be derived from the development of the Cerrillos coal fields would suffice.

It may be said, therefore, that the Albuquerque convention, which will meet next month, should present in moderate, convincing tones, a statement of the traffic which the Denver & Rio Grande would likely obtain. This brings up again the suggestion that the aim should be to extend the road below Socorro toward the southwest, into the mineral regions of Grant and Sierra counties, rather than toward the southeast.

The traffic which would come from the cities of Albuquerque, Socorro and other points in the valley of the Rio Grande would doubtless be very great. But it would hardly be so great as that which would arise out of the transportation of ore to Pueblo and Denver smelters from the mines of southwestern New Mexico. The points in that part of the territory which would produce this traffic could not all be reached by a single line. There would have to be a system of branch lines. There is no doubt that from Georgetown, Lake Valley, Silver City, Pinos Altos, the Mogollons, and Clifton, Arizona, a large ore traffic would be developed by such a railway system.

With this prospect for traffic the projectors of an extension of the Rio Grande would likely be able to float the bonds for the construction of the road. These bonds, it is to be presumed, would be taken by the men who are interested in the Denver & Rio Grande. These men might be willing to aid the project in this way, although they might oppose the construction of such an extension by the Denver & Rio Grande as a company.

Denver Republican.

J. H. Tallis.

A few weeks ago a committee of railroad men called at this office looking up the record in regard to J. H. Tallis, a railroad man, last year in charge of the yards at Winslow. They stated that he had skipped out after securing several hundred dollars from railroad men on the Atlantic & Pacific. The fellow had victimized this office to the extent of $50. The day he went east he came to the office and stated that he had just received a telegram that his father was dying in Indiana, and that he did not have time to see the railroad officials to secure funds due him, and the publisher of THE CITIZEN endorsed for him to the extent of $50 at the Albuquerque National bank, which was paid when it became due and the note is now at this office. Mr. Tallis has written to a paper at Las Vegas, and that sheet tries to defend the slick rascal. Tallis is now at Como, Colorado, and the railroad men of this territory and Arizona should let his character be known in that locality.

A Ranchman's House Robbed.

To day a week ago George Ostrander came in from his ranch near Tijeras in the Sandia mountains, and returned Tuesday evening with a wagon load of merchandise and supplies for the ranchmen of the neighborhood. He arrived at his house late in the evening and to his surprise found that during his absence a thief had burst open the door and thoroughly ransacked the premises. Strange to relate, the robber only desired clothes, and carried away with him several good suits of clothing. He, however, turned everything in the house into a topsy turvy condition—took the shells out of a double barrelled shot gun, throwing the weapon out in the weeds, and left some valuable jewelry scattered on the floor. A small boy informed Mr. Ostrander that his house was robbed by Juan Padilla, a notorious horse thief who resides at Los Gallegos, five miles from Chilili. Padilla is supposed to be a very desperate character; in any event parties residing in his neighborhood fear him and will not risk their lives by attempting to arrest the man.

Bureau of Immigration.

Gov. Prince Friday announced the following persons as members of the territitorial bureau of immigration to hold office for the ensuing two years:

F. A. Manzanares, Elias S. Stover, Eugene A. Fiske, Jas. K. Livingston, members at large.

County members: Russell Marcy, Colfax county; Rafael Romero, Mora; Theodore B. Mills, San Miguel; Juan Santistevan, Taos; Chas. H. McHenry, San Juan; Pedro I. Jarramillo, Rio Arriba; Max. Frost, Santa Fe; J. G. Albright, Bernalillo; Adna Lamson, Socorro; Edward F. Otero, Valencia; Walter C. Hadley, Sierra; W. A. Leonard, Grant; Albert J. Fountain, Dona Ana; Wm. Caffrey, Lincoln; J. C. Lea, Chaves; Chas. B. Eddy, Eddy county.

The Rain Makers.

Several citizens this morning made the suggestion that President C. C. Hall, of the Fair association, could secure a big attraction in getting Gen. Dynenforth and his rain-making party to "turn the heavens loose" some day during fair week. Gen. Dynenforth has accepted the invitation of the mayor and city council of El Paso to give an exhibition in that city after his return from Washington which will be in about two weeks. El Paso is to pay railroad transportation and the incidental expenses of the party. The rain-makers will be in El Paso the fair week and why not get them to come to Albuquerque.

A Salt Exhibit.

On his recent trip to Arizona, Frank Waugh, the commercial tourist for Gross, Blackwell & Co., secured from Becker Bros., general merchants of Springerville, a sample of the salt from their salt lakes which will be put on exhibition at the territorial fair. A large stick had been thrown into one of the lakes, no doubt years ago, and the salt to the thickness of several inches, had crystallized around it, and this will be on exhibition. The salt is pure white, and the lakes are visited by stockmen for many miles around. The lakes are located about thirty miles from Springerville.

It Shows Gold.

A Mexican, named A. Antonio, from Tijeras canon, exhibited some rock from there this morning with an assay certificate from the Socorro smelter attesting that it runs $10\frac{7}{8}$ ounces in gold. The rock looks like a sand stone, but is a fine decomposed granite and the vein is in limestone formation. Nobody here would look for gold in such rock. The location of the claim is in Tijeras canon about twenty miles from Albuquerque. A hole of twelve feet is the only work on the claim. The Mexican who owns it wishes to make some deal so as to be able to work the claim.

The author of "Ben Hur" is at work on a new book, but will not promise when it will be done.

Practicing.

Hose company No. 4 (the Albuquerque team) were out yesterday morning at 5:30 and practiced for one hour and a half. After practicing on the track for awhile, the boys ran a straight mile to kinder rest themselves. The Courier believes they will bring back the ball, and that New Mexico aborigines will dub the team the "Arizona Cyclone."—Prescott Courier.

Lady McDonald is a woman reputed to be of great ability. Since the death of Sir John, her husband, she has begun to write for the press.

THE MOST RELIABLE

To correct the **constipated habit**, remove **sick-headache**, relieve **dyspepsia**, to purify the blood, cure jaundice, liver complaint, and biliousness, Ayer's Pills are unequaled. They are an excellent after-dinner pill, assisting the process of digestion, and cleansing and strengthening the alimentary canal. When taken on the invasion of a cold or a fever, they effectually prevent further progress of the disease. Being sugar-coated and purely vegetable, they are the best

Family

medicine, for old and young. Ayer's Pills are indispensable to soldiers, sailors, campers, miners, and travelers, and are everywhere recommended by the medical fraternity. Dr. J. W. Haynes, Palouse, W. T., writes: "Ayer's Pills are the most evenly balanced in their ingredients, of any I know of."

"For more than twenty years I have used Ayer's Pills as a corrective for torpidity of the stomach, liver, and bowels, and to ward off malarial attacks, and they have always done perfect work."—E. P. Goodwin, Publisher *Democrat*, St. Landry, La.

"I was master of a sailing vessel for many years, and never failed to provide a supply of Ayer's Pills, for the use of both officers and men. They are a safe and reliable

Cathartic

and always give satisfaction."—Harry Robinson, 52 E. Pearl st., Fair Haven, Conn.

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Notice of Suit.

In the Second Judicial District Court of the Territory of New Mexico, within and for the County of Bernalillo.

Schiff, Sommer & Co. vs. Frank Bowden. } Assumpsit by Attachment.

The said defendant, Frank Bowden, is hereby notified that an action of assumpsit has been commenced against him by attachment in the Second judicial district court of the territory of New Mexico, within and for the county of Bernalillo, by said plaintiff, Schiff, Sommer & Co., for $750.21, claimed to be due and owing on an account of goods, wares and merchandise sold and delivered to the defendant by the plaintiff, and on account of a promissory note from defendant in the name of Rennil Mercantile Co. to plaintiff for $811.40, dated April 1, 1889, due four months after date and bearing interest at the rate of 12 per cent per annum. Endorsed: $279.93 paid April 3, 1890. Amount of damage claimed, $1,000, together with interest and costs of suit. And that his property has been attached and that unless he appears at the next term of said court, to be begun and held at Albuquerque, New Mexico, on the first Monday of October, A. D. 1891, judgment will be rendered against him and his property sold to satisfy the same.

CHAS. F. HUNT,
Clerk and Register in Chancery.

N. C. COLLINS, Attorney for Plaintiff.
Albuquerque, N. M., August 27, 1891.

Notice of Suit.

Territory of New Mexico, County of Bernalillo, in the District Court, Second Judicial District.

Henry W. Wilks vs. Nancy C. Wilks. } No. 3179.

Chancery for divorce.

The said defendant, Nancy C. Wilks, is hereby notified that a bill of complaint has been filed against her in said court by Henry W. Wilks for an absolute divorce and dissolution of the bonds of matrimony existing between the parties, on the ground of abandonment, and cruel and inhuman treatment; and for other and further relief. That unless you, the said defendant, appear in the said suit at the October, 1891, term of said court, to be begun and held at the Court House at Albuquerque, in said county, on the first Monday in October, 1891, a decree pro confesso will be entered against you.

CHAS. F. HUNT,
Clerk and Register in Chancery.

PHELAN & HEACOCK, Solicitors for Complainant.
Albuquerque, N. M., August 15, 1891.

Notice of Suit.

Territory of New Mexico, County of Bernalillo, in the District Court, Second Judicial District.—In Chancery.

Marion Collingsworth vs. John P. Collingsworth. } No. 3180.

The said defendant, John P. Collingsworth, is hereby notified that a bill of complaint has been filed against him in said court by Marion Collingsworth for an absolute divorce and the dissolution of the bonds of matrimony existing between the parties, on the grounds of abandonment, adultery and cruel and inhuman treatment; and for other and further relief. That unless you, the said defendant, appear in said suit at the October, 1891, term of said court, to be begun and held at the Court House at Albuquerque, in said county, on the first Monday in October, 1891, decree pro confesso will be entered against you.

CHAS. F. HUNT,
Clerk and Register in Chancery.

PHELAN & HEACOCK, Solicitors for Complainant.
Albuquerque, N. M., August 15, 1891.

Notice of Suit.

Territory of New Mexico, county of Bernalillo. In district court, Second Judicial District.—In chancery.

John Fettis, vs. Louisa Fettis. } No. 3167.

The said Louisa Fettis is hereby notified that a bill of complaint has been filed against her in said court by John Fettis for an absolute divorce and the dissolution of the bonds of matrimony existing between the parties, on the grounds of abandonment, and for other and further relief. That unless you, the said defendant, appear in said suit at the October, 1891, term of said court, to be begun and held at the court house, at Albuquerque, in said county, on the first Monday in October, 1891, a decree pro confesso will be entered against you.

CHAS. F. HUNT,
Clerk and Register in Chancery.

PHELAN & HEACOCK, Solicitors for Complainant.
Albuquerque, N. M., July 31, 1891.