Albuquerque Weekly Citizen.

VOLUME 10. ALBUQUERQUE, NEW MEXICO, SATURDAY, JANUARY 13, 1900. NUMBER 6.

FIGHT AT LADYSMITH.

British Loss in Battle 377 Killed and Wounded.

General Buller Seized Village of Pont on Tugela River.

Germany Declines to Sell War Material to Either England or Transvaal.

QUIET AT SAN DOMINGO.

London, Jan. 12.—The war office announces British casualties at Ladysmith January 6, among the rank and file, were 135 killed, 242 wounded.

Lady Methuen has issued absolute contradiction of the rumors that Lord Methuen is ill or was injured by the falling of a horse at the battle of Magersfontein.

BULLER'S MOVEMENTS

London, Jan. 12.—Apart from the definite news that General Buller attempted a second attack to cross the Tugela river, the only news is a list of casualties among the British officers in the fight at Ladysmith last Saturday, January 6 b, showing thirteen killed and twenty-seven wounded. Among the latter was Lieut. Col. Wm. Henry Dick-Cunyngham, V. C., commander of the second battalion of Gordon Highlanders since 1897, who has since succumbed to his wounds.

Buller's movement, obviously, is of a flanking character of attack, but whether intended to push the advance home, or whether the operations are only a feint to cover the frontal attack on the Boers at Hlangwana mountain, remains to be seen. Springfield, whence Buller's dispatch was sent, is sixteen miles west of Frere.

The last news from Springfield was that it was held by the Johannesburg corps under General Ben Viljoen, and the Boers had big guns in position at Potgieter's drift, apparently six or eight miles north of Springfield and across the big Tugela. The position of the drift and pont is regarded as of great importance. It is reported here that Buller submitted his plan of campaign to Lord Roberts immediately after the latter landed, and Gen. Roberts sanctioned it. There is a belief here that General Hector McDonald will succeed Gen. Methuen in command of the British forces at Modder river.

CONTRABAND OF WAR

Berlin, Jan. 12—The semi-official Nord Deutsche Gazette says: The government has decided that it is not compatible with strict neutrality to allow war materials to be sent from Germany either to Great Britain or the Transvaal. Herr Krupp was requested to stop any intended dispatch of arms, guns, ammunition or other war munitions to either belligerent.

GEN. BULLER MOVES

London, Jan. 12.—The war office this morning received the following dispatch from General Buller, dated Springfield, Jan. 11, 9:20 in the evening: "I occupied south bank of Tugela river, at Potgietersdrift, this morning, and seized Pont. River is in flood. The enemy is strongly entrenched about four and a half miles north."

Quiet at San Domingo.

Santo Domingo, Jan. 12—The United States gunboat Machias and one more French warship have arrived here. The French admiral had a conference with the government. According to rumor the difficulty is being settled in a satisfactory manner.

Showman Dying.

Hot Springs, Ark., Jan. 12.—Col. J. F. Woods, the famous showman, who was prostrated last night with a severe stroke of paralysis, is thought to be dying today.

CORRUPTION OF CLARK.

Clear Case Being Made Against the Montana Senator.

Washington, Jan. 12.—At the session of the senate committee on elections today, E. L. Rector, druggist, Missouri, Montana, testified to negotiations he had with K. P. Wood, democratic member of the legislature, at the instance of Senator Clark's, manager, Bickford, to secure Wood's vote for Clark. Wood finally refused to sell his vote. No settlement was made by Bickford with Rector, who wrote repeatedly to Clark.

Clark's answer, which referred Rector to Bickford, were submitted in evidence. Representative P. J. Sullivan testified that Bickford offered him $15,000 to vote for Clark. He told Bickford he would do so for $20,000, but never intended to do it under any circumstances. State Auditor Poindexter testified that A. J. Steele promised to give him $50,000 to secure the votes of three members of the legislature from Beaverhead county for Clark, he (Poindexter) to have $5,000 for the service, but had never approached the members because he was opposed to Clark's election and had only agreed to see them to prevent others acting in the capacity of go-between.

British Reply Satisfactory.

Washington, Jan. 12.—At a cabinet meeting to-day Secretary Hay read reply of the British government to our representations regarding flour seizure in Delagoa bay. Members of the cabinet, after the meeting, said the British answer was entirely satisfactory to this government. Several resolutions of inquiry as to the conduct of the war introduced in both houses of congress, were discussed and a statement made that full information would be furnished on all matters covered at the earliest day possible.

Investigation of Roberts.

Washington, Jan. 12.—The Roberts investigating committee held an executive session to-day. The members said the outlook for reaching a conclusion was quite indefinite as individual views were being expressed for the purpose of securing a common basis of understanding.

Death of an Old Soldier.

Last evening, at his residence in the northeastern part of this city, Jose Duran, a veteran of the civil war, died from rheumatism, aged about 66 years. He was a member of Col. J. Francisco Chaves' regiment of New Mexico volunteers, and was actively engaged in the battle of Valverde. During that engagement a ball passed directly in front of his eyes, injuring his sight, and from the effects of which he went totally blind about seven years ago. He drew a pension of $30 a month for this disability. Mr. Duran was held in high esteem by his neighbors as a brave soldier and a good man. He leaves a wife and one child to mourn their loss. The time has not been set for the funeral, but it will take place sometime to-morrow from the Presbyterian mission, Dr. Menaul officiating.

CONGRESS.

Discussion Over Investigation of Secretary of the Treasury.

Destructive Fire in Business Part of Colorado Springs.

House Committee Makes Favorable Report on Nicaragua Canal.

KENTUCKY ELECTION CONTEST.

Washington, Jan. 12.—Cachings, Mississippi, was sworn in as a member at the opening of the session of the house to-day. He had been detained at home since congress convened. The speaker laid before the house the resignation of John Walter Smith, governor of Maryland.

Sulzer, New York, presented for immediate consideration a resolution for the appointment of a special committee of nine members to investigate the relations of the secretary of the treasury with certain New York national banks and transactions relative to the sale of the New York custom house. Before the reading of the resolution was completed, Dalzell, republican, Pennsylvania, objected on the ground that the resolution should go through the regular way.

"Then I ask unanimous consent," said Sulzer, "for its consideration."

"I object," shouted Hopkins, republican of Illinois, and several other republicans.

Grosvenor, Ohio, moved that the resolution be laid on the table.

"It is not before the house," observed Hopkins; "the able report of the secretary of the treasury has met all the charges it contains."

Richardson, democratic minority leader, as a matter of privilege called attention to what he claimed was infraction of the rules of the house in printing the shipping bill. Appended to it was a partisan argument by ex-Senator Edmunds, which had no business here and which made it a non-frankable document.

He thought the whole document should be suppressed.

Payne, New York, explained that the Edmunds argument had been printed by inadvertence. After discussion it was agreed by unanimous consent that the bill would be re-printed without the argument attached in the present print. House 12:20 p. m. adjourned until Monday.

Kentucky Election Contest.

Frankfort, Ky., Jan. 12.—The contest committee in the contest for governor this morning, by a majority vote, overruled the objections filed by Gov. Taylor yesterday to the democratic members of the committee sitting in the case. Each member made a short statement denying the allegations in the governor's affidavit.

Favorable Report.

Washington, Jan. 12.—The house committee on interstate commerce to-day reported favorably on the Hepburn Nicaragua canal bill.

Kansas City Market.

Kansas City, Jan. 12.— Cattle —Receipts, 4,000 head; strong.

Native steers, $4.00@6.10; Texas steers, $3.85@5.35; Texas cows, $3.00@3.50; native cows and heifers, $2.25@4.75; stockers and feeders, $3@5.0; bulls, $4.75@$5.50.

Sheep—Receipts, 2,000 head; strong.

Lambs, $4.65@6.00; muttons, $3.65@5.00.

LEVI STRAUSS & CO'S SPRING BOTTOM PANTS

Factory, San Francisco, Cal.

CHASING FILIPINOS.

Operations of Troops on the Island of Luzon.

Admiral Dewey Invited to Visit the State of California.

Unknown Vessel Wrecked and Crew Drowned Off Coast of Newfoundland.

INDIANA BANK ROBBED.

Washington, Jan. 12.—General Otis made a report to the war department in regard to military operations in Luzon, south of Manila, showing the capture of several towns and a large number of prisoners with arms and ammunition. The message is as follows: Manila, Jan 12.—Continued operations of Bates' command south of Mantia, and of the Thirty-seventh and Thirty-ninth regiments at Calamba, commanded by Bullard. On January 1, Bullard, with two battalions of the Thirty-ninth, attacked a force of insurgents in the vicinity, driving the enemy, capturing the town of Cabanyo, and the following day, Binan. The enemy's loss, thirty killed and a large number wounded, twenty prisoners and rifles captured; casualties, three men slightly wounded.

"January 3, Boyd, with three companies of the Thirty-seventh, captured General Rizal, official papers and property, three miles east of Los Banos.

"January 4, Long, with a detachment of the Thirty ninth, attacked the insurgents at Carmona, twenty-five killed; no casualties.

"January 9, Bullard, with portions of the Thirty-seventh and Thirty-ninth regiments, attacked the enemy south of Calamba, whom he drove beyond Santo Tomas, killing twenty-four, capturing artillery, casualties one private killed; Captain Baker and Lieutenant Peltita, of the Thirty-ninth, slightly wounded.

"January 11, Cheatham, of the Thirty-seventh, with 106 men, supported by artillery, attacked the insurgents two miles west of Santo Tomas, driving them from that section, no casualties.

"Schwan's column, consisting of a squadron of the Fourth, one of the Eleventh cavalry, the Thirtieth and Forth-sixth infantry and six Nordenfeld guns, under Captain Van Dusen, seized Binan Sitang, Indianganic, scattering the enemy, who were severely punished.

"Wheaton's column, three troops of the Eleventh cavalry, Fortieth, Twenty-eighth, Thirty-eighth and Forty-fifth regiments, and Astro and Kenley's batteries, have driven the enemy from all important points north of the Siland line. They had heavy fighting, captured considerable public property, and inflicting heavy loss upon and scattering the enemy.

"Schwan's column is now moving in northern Batangas in a southerly direction.

"All Cavite province is occupied by Wheaton's command, inflicting heavy loss to the enemy during the week, in men, ordnance and other property, all operations very successful.

(Signed) OTIS."

Dewey Invited to California.

Washington, Jan. 12.—The California delegation in congress called to-day on Admiral Dewey and invited him to visit that state next September, when California will celebrate the semi-centennial of its admission to the union. The admiral said he hoped to make the trip to California next summer or fall, and would endeavor to arrange so as to be present at the time indicated. Dewey said that before the battle of Manila, when he was looking ahead to retirement, he had intended making arrangements to live at Santa Barbara, California, as he liked the people and climate.

LOST AT SEA.

Unknown Ship Wrecked and Crew Drowned Off Newfoundland.

St. Johns, N. F., Jan. 12.—The wreck commissioner at St. Mary's makes the following report in regard to the steamer wrecked last night on a reef:

"She is a two mast vessel; is a complete wreck. Only three survivors were visible at night fall. The vessel's boats were smashed, floating bottom up. The crew probably tried to land in boats, and were drowned in the attempt. Some bodies are visible in the surf. The ship is on fire aft. She had some kerosene on board. It is feared she will break up to day owing to the heavy sea. She is reported a new ship." One theory is that the steamer took fire at sea, and that the captain thereupon tried to make land and that the vessel struck on the coast during the storm. No hope is entertained that the lives of any on board will be saved.

The marine officials say that the wrecked steamer is not an oil tanker. The following is confirmed from boats adrift that she is a passenger ship. The weather is stormy, and it is feared that the shore folk will not be able to board her to-night or receive enough wreckage to identify her.

Dry Docks.

Washington Jan. 12.—The house committee on naval affairs to-day decided to favorably report a bill authorizing the secretary of the navy to change the material in the new dry docks at League Island, Pennsylvania, and Mare Island, California, from timber to stone, at a total additional cost of $700,000.

Money Market.

New York, Jan. 12.—Money on call easier, at 4½ per cent. Prime mercantile paper 5½@6 per cent.

Bank Robbed.

Princeton, Ind., Jan. 12.—The McGinnis bank at Owensville was entered last night, and the safe was blown open, the explosion completely wrecking the building. It is rumored that about $15,000 was taken.

Destructive Fire.

Colorado Springs, Colo., Jan. 12.—The entire business portion of the city was threatened by fire, which started at 4 o'clock this morning in the May clothing store. Aided by a high wind, the flames rapidly spread, and three business houses were destroyed. The heaviest losers are the May Clothing company, Nichols Grocery company and the Waite Shoe company. Total loss, estimated, $150,000.

STATEHOOD RESOLUTIONS.

People of San Juan County Express Their Wish.

The recent meeting held at Farmington to consider the matter of statehood for New Mexico unanimously passed a resolution favoring admission as follows:

Whereas, The territory of New Mexico was ceded to the United States in 1848 by the treaty of Guadalupe Hidalgo; and,

Whereas, At that time it was declared that the people of this territory should receive statehood whenever they should become entitled thereto; and,

Whereas, Their right and title to the benefits of statehood has been manifest and admitted for the past fifty years; therefore, be it

Resolved, That the people of San Juan county, New Mexico, are unanimous in their desire, and demand that this territory be granted the rights of statehood, and pledge their assistance by any means in their power, irrespective of party or political affiliations, to their delegate in congress, in attaining this end.

BIG TAX COLLECTIONS.

Nearly $80,000 Collected During Month of December.

The month of December, as heretofore stated in these columns, was a busy one for Collector Perea and his two able assistant, Jesus S. Garcia and Eugenio Yrisarri. Over $79,000, in taxes, passed through their hands, and have been apportioned to the following funds, less amounts in commissions and rebates:

For territorial purposes, $21,674.43.

For city of Albuquerque, general, $10,616.24.

For Albuquerque school district, $4,856.93.

For town of Gallup, general, $589.29.

For Gallup school district, $945.31.

For county of Bernalillo, general purposes, $29,493.37. This fund is divided as follows: For county, $6,965.23; court house, $8,664.33; bridge, $4,332.08; court house repairs, $1,732.84; roads, $866.42; refunding bonds, $4,037.54; bonds, 1891, $294.58; bridge bonds, 1892, $589.16; funding bonds, 1892, $138.63; funding bonds, 1895, $1,732.84; funding bonds, 1897, $1,039.72.

For other county purposes, $6,553.48, divided into the following funds: School, general, $3,959.69; school districts 13 and 35, $123.80; school district No. 12, 49 cents; river fund, $4.19; taxes, territorial purposes, prior to January 1, 1894, $133.79; licences, $222; gaming and wholesale liquor licenses, $1,974; wild animal bounty, $39.05; school district No. 5, $21.45; school fund, one-half territorial taxes, 1896 97, $18.46; county fund, one-half territorial taxes 1896 97, $18.45; county penalties, $38.12.

Bids to Furnish the Capitol.

The capitol building board awarded no contracts Wednesday, and yesterday was engaged in examining samples sent by bidders.

On furniture there are five bidders; on electric fixtures, three; on carpets, five; one of this city, the Santa Fe Mercantile company; on cuspidors there are three bidders, all from this city, W. A. Goebel, J. H. Blain and W. A. McKenzie.

The contracts will probably be awarded some time to-day.

The Passion Play.

In response to an urgent request on part of many of our leading citizens the Passion Play will be presented to-night, Saturday and Sunday nights at Armory hall instead of at Orchestrion hall as advertised. This will give the people most interested an opportunity to see these famous moving pictures.

Rowe's Musical Comedy company will precede the moving pictures with an hour of refined specialties. The show has the best of endorsements along the line, and will be given here the same as presented eight weeks at San Francisco's leading theater.

Blew Out the Gas.

J. H. McCoy, a stockman who lives in Albuquerque, N. M., was overcome by gas at the Metropolitan hotel, on West Fifth street, that city, Sunday night. He had been staying there two weeks, but Sunday night was the first time he blew out the gas. He had $45, a watch and a pass to Albuquerque in his pockets. He was thirty-five years old. He was treated at the police station and sent to the city hospital. He will probably survive.—Kansas City Star.

There must be a mistake somewhere. No such stockman, named J. H. McCoy, lives in or near Albuquerque. The people of Albuquerque have been using "gas" for years, and they all know how to handle the stuff. This McCoy is evidently from some other town.

Death of the Relict of Col. Buoy.

Mrs. S. A. Buoy, the aged widow of Col. Buoy, who was well known hereabout and who died years ago, died this morning at No. 305 west Baca avenue. The funeral will take place to-morrow at 2:30 p. m., with burial in Fairview cemetery.

Chicago Stock Market.

Chicago, Jan. 12.—Cattle — Receipts, 2,500; generally steady.

Beeves, $4.90@6.50; cows, $3.00@4.50; heifers 3.50@5.50; canners, $2.25@3.00; stockers and feeders, $3.00@4.90; Texas fed beeves, 4.25@5.25.

Sheep, 17,000 head; steady.

Native wethers, $4.40@4.90; western wethers, $4.90@5.75; lambs, easy; natives, $4.50@$6.15; western, $5.50@6.10.

Chicago Grain Market.

Chicago, Jan. 12. — Wheat — January, 64; May, 67⅜.

Corn—January, 30⅝; May, 33⅛.

Oats — January, 22¼; May, 24.

Silver and Lead.

New York, Jan. 12.—Silver, 58⅝; lead $4 45.

BRIDGE SITE CHANGE.

The Commissioners Meet and Act on the Subject.

Site Changed at or Near Indian Village of Cochiti.

Bland Water Works System Receives Attention.

AND PETITION GRANTED TO COMPANY.

Yesterday afternoon the county commissioners spent the hours in discussing the location of the proposed new bridge across the Rio Grande at or near the Indian village of Cochiti.

The petition of R. P. Hall, F. W. Clancy and Walter Rosenden, committee recently appointed by the Commercial club, and the report of P. E. Harroun, civil engineer, were introduced and read to the board.

After hearing the complaints of the committee, who were present in person, as to the inadvisability of the site as first selected, and the remarks of Mr. Bullen, representing the Pueblo Bridge company, as to the additional cost should a change be ordered by the board, the commissioners adjourned for the afternoon.

This morning the board met and passed the following resolutions:

Be it resolved by the board of county commissioners of Bernalillo county, in regular session assembled, That the location of the bridge across the Rio Grande heretofore contracted to be constructed by the Pueblo Bridge company, be, and the same hereby is changed from the point where it was originally contracted to be constructed to a point at, or near, and immediately eastward from the Cochiti Indian village, and at a point where an island is located in the center of the said river, at which teams have been in the habit of crossing the said river while en route from the town of Bland to the city of Albuquerque in said county; and be it further

Resolved, That in consideration of said change and the additional cost which will be incurred by the said Pueblo Bridge company in constructing said bridge at said last named point and putting in one additional pier, that said board of county commissioners hereby agrees to pay the said bridge company the sum of one thousand ($1,000) dollars, in addition to the amount heretofore contracted for, said sum of one thousand ($1,000) dollars to be levied as a tax collected and paid over in the same manner provided for the payment of the thirteen thousand five hundred ($13,500) dollars heretofore contracted to be paid for the construction of said bridge.

District Attorney T. A. Finnical was instructed to bring suit against the Santa Fe Pacific company for unpaid taxes, or, in other words, to accept as settlement in full for the said taxes due from said company for the year 1899 any sum which he may be able to obtain above $10,965.12, the amount of taxes which have been assessed and levied against said company, together with the interest and penalties which accrued against said company.

The people of Bland want water, and petitioned the board to that effect. Action was taken as follows:

Whereas, A petition signed by over forty of the business men of the town of Bland has been presented to the commissioners asking that a franchise be granted for the construction of a water works system at, near to, and within the town of Bland, in Bernalillo county, New Mexico; now, therefore be it

Resolved, By the board of county commissioners of Bernalillo county, New Mexico, in regular session assembled, that the right to use the public roads, streets and alleys in and around the town of Bland, in Bernalillo county, New Mexico, be and the same hereby is granted to J. W. Akers, S. W. Young and G. W. Johnston, and their assigns for the purpose of constructing a system of water works in the said town of Bland, and to use the said public roads, streets and alleys for the purpose of laying any pipe lines, constructing any flumes, and digging any trenches or ditches which may be necessary in order to lay drains or lines of pipe for the purpose of carrying and conducting water into, through or around the said town of Bland; the purpose of this resolution being to grant the exclusive use of the said public highways, streets and alleys to the said J. W. Akers, S. W. Young and G. W. Johnston, and their assigns for the purpose of putting in a system of water works to be used in supplying the citizens of the said town of Bland with water.

After the passing of the above resolutions, the commissioners adjourned until Monday, February 19, at 10 o'clock a. m.

He Stopped Over at Santa Fe.

O. E. Cromwell, a capitalist of New York City, arrived here last evening from the south and left again this morning for Las Vegas. Mr. Cromwell is interested in Albuquerque real estate and the street railway line of that city.—New Mexican.

The Coon Was Trapped.

Several weeks ago The Optic made mention of the depredations of a coon on the sacred trout preserves of J. Miniuna, at the Trout Springs, and also of that gentleman having set a trap for the despoiler of the trout hatchery. About two weeks ago his coonship again visited the hatchery for a mess of speckled beauties and got caught in the trap, but managed to escape by leaving a couple of his toes behind as evidence of his visit. The trap was again set, and this time Mr. Coon was caught so securely that he couldn't get away. The animal was a large specimen and was skinned, the meat being given to one of his friends who had a fondness for coon meat.—Las Vegas Optic.

Territorial Funds.

Territorial Treasurer Vaughn received the following remittances: From J. L. Perea, collector of Bernalillo county, taxes of 1896, $100.34; taxes of 1898, $216.85; taxes of 1899, $21,357.24.

To Test Kerosene.

Fill to within one-half inch of the top an ordinary coffee cup with the oil; place the cup in a milk or other shallow pan of very hot water; immerse the bulb of a Fahrenheit thermometer in the oil. When the oil attains a temperature of 90 degrees hold a lighted match even with the top of the cup over the oil. Continue this operation until the oil emits a gas and takes fire. The lowest degree of temperature at which the oil does so is the fire test. The half-inch space is for the gas to accumulate. The gas only flashes and ignites in the open cup, but in an inclosed vessel, like a lamp bowl, will explode, scattering the burning oil in all directions.

LAS VEGAS LAND GRANT.

In Equity Court No. 2, Justice Hagner, sustained the demurrer and dismissed the original bill filed by Pablo Maes and others, of New Mexico, against Secretary Hitchcock, of the interior department, and Binger Hermann, commissioner of public lands, says the Washington Post. The action was to enjoin the defendants from issuing a certain land grant in the Las Vegas section of New Mexico to the town of Las Vegas.

It was contended by the complainants that they are the heirs to the property under a grant made by the government of Mexico before that portion of the country was ceded to the United States. They also claim that there is no such incorporated town at Las Vegas. The case will be carried to the court of appeals.

RIO GRANDE DAM INQUIRY.

Uncle Sam to Take Measurements of the River at Flood Time.

A Washington dispatch to the St. Louis Globe-Democrat says: Judge Marsden Burch, special counsel of the department of justice, has returned from New Mexico, where he went to represent the United States in the injunction proceedings against the Elephant Butte Irrigation company. This is the company which proposes to dam the Rio Grande river about 200 miles above El Paso, Texas. There is an international question involved in the case.

The proposed dam of the Elephant Butte company is not the first attempt which has been made to confine the floodwaters of the Rio Grande. At least two dams have been built in the river above the point at which the Elephant Butte company proposes to build its dam. The dams were constructed for the purpose of irrigation. Their erection led to protests from the Mexican government, which set forth that the navigation interests of the Rio Grande river were being seriously interfered with in consequence of the existance of these barriers. These protests of the Mexican government are now a subject of diplomatic consideration.

It was in order to convince the Mexican government of its desire to treat the protests fairly that the injunction against the construction of the dam at Elephant Butte was sued out by the United States. When this injunction case came before the United States supreme court, the Elephant Butte company made the plea that the confinement of floodwaters 200 miles above El Paso had no effect upon the navigable portion of the Rio Grande river, which begins at El Paso, for the reason that the soil of the river bed was of such character that all of the floodwaters were taken up before El Paso was reached.

The supreme court granted the injunction asked for, but remanded the case back to the United States court in New Mexico for further testimony upon the point raised by the Elephant Butte company. When the case came up in the federal court in New Mexico recently, it was found that no testimony of any value upon the point made by the Elephant Butte company could be secured. The court thereupon decided in favor of the Elephant Butte company, but granted a motion made by Judge Burch for a rehearing in June next.

Meantime the United States will gather information upon the effect of the floodwaters of the upper Rio Grande upon the stage of the lower Rio Grande. The war department will send some of its expert engineers to New Mexico and Texas to take measurements during the floodtime, and from these measurements the accuracy or inaccuracy of the Elephant Butte company's claim will be definitely determined.

Reported Killing of Rainbolt a Fake.

Word comes from Roswell that the sensational story in El Paso papers of the killing of Deputy Sheriff Will Rainbolt by the desperadoes who broke jail there some time ago is absolutely untrue. A telegram was received in Roswell Tuesday from Rainbolt, in which he announced that he was on a hot trail of the escaping prisoners—but six hours behind them, in fact. The story of his being shot was, supposedly, occasioned by his being seen in the neighborhood of Engle, and the report that he was on a warm trail was all sufficient for the vivid imagination of the special correspondent to construct the fight and killing.—Carlsbad Argus.

Railway Headed for New Mexico.

The Dallas & New Mexico railway was chartered at Austin, Texas, last week. This is a revival of the Dallas & Santa Fe Railway company, chartered in the 80s, which expended $200,000 and graded thirty miles of road from Dallas toward New Mexico. The line now named is through the Texas Panhandle to the New Mexico border.

S. M. Ashenfelter, an attorney of Silver City and Deming, who was at Santa Fe on some legal matters, passed through the city homeward bound last night.

THE CLEANSING AND HEALING CURE FOR CATARRH is Ely's Cream Balm

Easy and pleasant to use. Contains no injurious drugs. It is quickly absorbed. Gives relief at once. It Opens and Cleanses the Nasal Passages, Allays Inflammation, Heals and Protects the Membrane. Restores the Sense of Taste and Smell. Large Size, 50 cents at Druggists or by mail; Trial Size, 10 cents by mail. ELY BROTHERS, 56 Warren Street, New York.

OFFICIAL NOTES.

New Companies File Incorporation Papers —Notaries Public Appointed.

FATING FEES INTO TREASURY.

NOTARIES PUBLIC APPOINTED.

Governor Otero has appointed the following notaries public in and for their respective counties: Saul Harris, of Ocate, Mora county; R. M. Love, of Carlsbad, Eddy county; B. Falkenreich, of Alameda, Bernalillo county; B. C. Hernandez, of Lumberton, Rio Arriba county.

NEW GUAGER APPOINTED.

Secretary of the treasury has notified Hon. A. L. Morrison, collector of internal revenue, of the appointment of A. Mank, of Mesa, Arizona, as United States liquor guager, vice C. B. Goodell, resigned.

REHEARING MOTION.

The motion for a rehearing in the Elephant Butte dam injunction case came up at 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon for agument before Judge F. M. Parker, who is at Santa Fe. Ex-Judge A. B. Fall and John Franklin, Esq., of El Paso, are present to represent the irrigation company, while United States District Attorney W. B. Childers and Col. W. P. Sutton, of Washington, will represent the government.

ABSTRACT COMPANY INCORPORATES.

The Taos County Abstract and Title company, of Taos, Taos county, have filed incorporation papers in the office of Territorial Secretary Wallace. The capital of the company is $1,000, and it intends to go into the real estate business and guarantees titles to real estate in Taos county. The incorporators and directors are Lester H. Myers, Frank Staplin and Edward Pierce, all of Taos.

LOCATING LANDS.

The United States land commission met in Santa Fe Monday afternoon and authorized the locating of 175,000 acres along the Santa Fe Pacific railroad for the educational institutions of the territory. Locating Agent D. M. White will leave at once to locate the land.

SELECTION OF LANDS.

In the federal land office in Santa Fe the territory of New Mexico yesterday filed on 1,058.44 acres of land in the extreme northwestern corner of Socorro county. The land has been selected by the United States land commission for the university of New Mexico located at Albuquerque.

BOARD OF EQUALIZATION MEET.

The territorial board of equalization at its meeting in Santa Fe yesterday appointed Mariano Sena interpretor. Only routine business transacted. Samuel Atkinson, of Carlsbad, tax agent of the Pecos Valley & Northeastern railroad, appeared before the board and stated that the railway is not yet on a paying basis, but expects to be after next year, when the Choctaw railroad will connect with it at Amarilla, Tex., and give it a part of the through traffic at present monopolized by the Santa Fe railroad. J. Correy, of Denver, tax agent of the Denver & Rio Grande railroad, also appeared before the board in behalf of that company.

SAN PEDRO MINING COMPANY OFFICERS.

The annual meeting of the San Pedro Placer Mining company, which owns the San Pedro townsite, was held at the office of Hon. L. B. Prince, Santa Fe. The following directors were elected: S. K. Raunheim, L. B. Prince, George H. Cross, J. T. McLaughlin and R. L. Baca. At a subsequent meeting of the directors S. K. Raunheim was elected president, L. B. Prince, vice president and treasurer, and George H. Cross, secretary.

COMPLIED WITH THE LAW.

The Colorado Fuel and Iron company incorporated under the laws of the state of Colorado in 1892 yesterday filed a copy of incorporation papers at the office of Territorial Secretary Wallace. The capital of the company is given at $25,000,000 and its principal place of business at Denver. It designates Madrid as its place of business in this territory, and Henry J. Elliott as local agent. The fee paid to Secretary Wallace for the territory by the company is $1,270.

The Colorado Supply company, a subcorporation of the fuel and iron company, incorporated under the laws of Colorado, also filed incorporation papers at the office of the territorial secretary. The capital stock is $200,000. The directors are John C. Osgood, Dennis Sullivan, Samuel N. Wood, Julian A. Kebler and David C. Bowman. Madrid is designated as the place of business of the company in this territory, and Daniel P. Jones is local agent. The incorporation fee paid Secretary Wallace by the company for the territory is $86.

This action by the Colorado companies is the result of the proceedings begun a few days ago by Solicitor General Bartlett against the corporations for not complying with the statute.

In the Santa Fe district court the companies made answer to the complaint of the solicitor general that there had been no intentional violation of the law. Judge McFie then, upon the proof of the law having been complied with, consented to waive any further answer upon the part of the defense.

A NEW TELEPHONE ENTERPRISE.

The southwestern Telephone company have filed incorporation papers in the office of Secretary Wallace. The incorporators and directors of the company are Arthur A. Newberry, Oliver S. Steen and Wesley N. Townsend, all of Santa Fe. The capital stock of the company is $25,000. The company intends to place telephone lines to connect Santa Fe, East Las Vegas, Las Vegas, Elizabethtown, Taos and Tres Piedras. A. A. Newberry is president of the company, Oliver S. Steen, secretary, and W. N. Townsend the manager. The company expects to make a network of long distance telephone lines in the northern part of New Mexico. Its headquarters will be in this city at the capital, and the first line will be built from Santa Fe to Las Vegas. The work on this is to be commenced this month. Work will be started this month also on a line from Tres Piedras to Taos. In all 250 miles of main line is to be strung this year with branch lines to different mining camps. The company is now cutting poles in northern New Mexico. It will take thirty poles to every mile of telephone line. The line to Las Vegas is to be completed by May.

THE PRESS OF NEW MEXICO.

The press of New Mexico, as a rule, was never before so uniformly fair and honest in dealing with public measures and in referring to prominent men of the various parties, says the Santa Fe New Mexican. While many newspaper men have long been in service, many have passed on to other localities or found other employment. Some of the most worthy have passed from the field of action, and some who did no honor to the profession. In general it has been a case of the survival of the fittest. With the advance of the moral standing and regard for the proprieties and decency, cantankerous attacks upon personal character through newspapers have become less frequent, and do not in any case meet with public approval. Some newspaper men who in their earlier days were inclined to indulge in cruel and unfair comments concerning other men in the profession and of political opponents, have given up the wish to write smart things, and grown fairer with age and experience. It is to be hoped the political year which has just been inaugurated will not be disgraced by articles of disgraceful tone, in either democratic or republican newspapers. Such publications convey poor impressions of the character of public men, of newspaper writers and of the people, when read away from the territory. They likewise have a tendency to lower the general tone of a people who are thus assured that there is no honesty in public life, which is not true. One side making such attacks generally provokes the other to meanness, and then the impartial, if they believe either side, believe both. Harm and not benefit results from vindictive attacks through the press. There are times and cases wherein a statement of facts concerning the acts of public officials and of private individuals is called for from the press, but continual carping and fault-finding at opponents, just to injure, or from force of habit, are out of place. It is not the mission of the decent press to throw dirt to please a few who wish to see somebody befouled. Indulgence in this pastime as often leaves those who indulge it as dirty, or more so, than the one who practices it.

LITTLE "CHOCOLATE" DEFEATED.

Terry McGovern Wins Featherweight Battle from Dixon.

Terry McGovern last night in New York wrested the featherweight championship of the world from Geo. Dixon, who had defended it for nearly nine years. To save Dixon from a knockout Tom O'Rourke, his manager, threw up the sponge in the eighth round, when the negro was staggering helplessly, bleeding and weak, but game as a dying gladiator.

The fight took place before a crowd that packed the Broadway Athletic club, New York, and the victory decided the ownership of a $10,000 purse. When Dickson and McGovern stepped on the scales yesterday afternoon, Dixon seemed in the better condition. Full of life and energy, he looked as if making the weight had not troubled him, while McGovern seemed too finely drawn. When they stepped into the ring, however, McGovern's face showed no trace of the rigid training course, and as soon as they were stripped to the buff each looked in perfect condition.

Pioneers of New Mexico.

The annual meeting of the Society of New Mexico Pioneers was held at the residence of Hon. L. Bradford Prince yesterday afternoon, says the New Mexican. This society aims to cover the ground in New Mexico which is occupied by the patriotic and hereditary societies in the east, and by the pioneers and "forty-niners" on the Pacific slope. It has a better field here, both in historic interest and in the preservation of traditions and landmarks than is to be found anywhere else; and it will increase in importance as the years pass.

At the annual meeting the following officers were elected for the year 1900: Governor, J. Francisco Chaves, of Valencia; captain general, Amado Chaves, of Santa Fe; alcalde mayor, Henry D. Bowman, of Dona Ana; secretary, L. Bradford Prince, of Rio Arriba; treasurer, Jose D. Sena, of Santa Fe; councilor, Samuel Eldodt, of Rio Arriba; vice president for Santa Fe county, Hilario L. Ortiz.

Each county having ten resident members is entitled to a vice president; and Santa Fe is the only one that has that distinction at present.

Commissary Store Burned.

At Clarkville, last Sunday, the commissary store belonging to United States Senator W. A. Clark, situated at his coal mine, six miles west of Gallup, was destroyed by fire. The building was a two-story brick, 40x100 feet, and the basement and first story were packed with goods, as also a part of the second story, the rear of the upper being used as rooms by the clerks and occupied by J. A. Foden, Ed. Woods and Sidney Bretherton. The fire is supposed to have originated in one of the electric heaters by which the building was warmed. One of the clerks was awakened by breaking glass and called the others.

Ed. Woods was overcome by the smoke and heat and fell out of the second story window, being seriously injured. The rest were not hurt.

The fire was beyond control and everything was lost. About $25,000 is the loss, pretty well covered by insurance.

F. M. Ewdings, formerly of this city, now of the Cochiti district, is here on business from Bland.

Ralph Halloran, of the New York Life Insurance company, left this morning for the north.