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MIDSUMMER CARNIVAL.

The labor unions of this city have adopted a praiseworthy manner of celebrating Independence Day. All sorts of sports and amusements will be on the two days program, in addition to the patriotic observance.

There is always a great deal of benefit to be gained by making a regular practice of such a celebration. Ideas and material accumulate from year to year, and our own people and outside friends come to know what is expected of them.

But the best way to secure the annual celebration and to make that a success is to do everything possible to make this year's carnival thoroughly satisfactory to all visitors.

CLEANSING OF MANILA.

The Americans have achieved a remarkable result in cleansing the city of Manila and reducing the death rate as they do in Havana.

This was one of the most unhealthy cities, owing to the filthy condition of the streets and the various foul ditches and canals that were within and immediately without the city.

The report just made public by the population in 1900 to 22.37 per one thousand for the first quarter of 1903.

The American medical officers and army sanitary boards have made a record in the West Indies and in the Philippines, of which the American people may well be proud, and one that will give them a very prominent place in the history of the American occupation of these tropical islands.

BIGNESS OF THIS COUNTRY.

California is a third larger than the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland and three-fourths the size of the German empire, and in variety and wealth of natural resources she far surpasses either of them. Nor is California alone. The area of Alaska exceeds that of all the powers of the triple alliance—Germany, Austria and Italy—combined. Texas is larger than any country in Europe except Russia; Montana is larger than Prussia and almost equal to Japan; New Mexico is larger than the United Kingdom, and either Arizona or Nevada is more extensive than Italy. There are eighteen states and territories each of which has more land than Turkey in Europe.

SILK PRODUCTION.

The Denver Republican says: "The successful production of silk cocoons in New Mexico is not surprising, although it is said that those grown have been pronounced by a silk expert to be the finest that ever came under his observation."

A number of years ago a similar experiment was made in Denver, and it also proved to be successful. Climatic conditions seem to be favorable to the silkworms, and if this is true it remains only to grow the requisite number of mulberry trees to provide all the factors of success in a practical way, except the one of labor. Whether people could be induced to give the requisite attention to the industry may be questioned.

It would be another triumph for this part of the union if it should become a center of silk production, in addition to demonstrating its fitness for so many other industries that provide in a notable way for the support of a large population.

NICKNAMING THE PRESIDENT.

The president of Princeton college in a recent address said:

"Again, the men whom we have put in places of authority are our rulers and deserve our respect. There is a tendency in this country which militates against that, a nation which calls its chief executive 'Teddy' is not in a way to take itself very seriously. While our executive is president of the United States it ought not to be possible to call him by nickname."

There is much of good sense in this suggestion. The president of the United States is constantly on duty. From the time of his inauguration until the time of the inauguration of his successor, he is for every moment president of the United States and during all of his waking hours is in the discharge of his duty.

The nicknaming of the president of the United States is improper and indecorous. Whatever may be our personal opinion of the merits or demerits of a public official, especially such an one as the president of the United States, every good citizen recognizes, as he should, the fact that it is not the person but the office that should always be kept in mind when speaking of our chief ruler. He should always be spoken of as president of the United States, and if by name, as Theodore Roosevelt.

SCHOOL OF POLITICS.

Andrew D. White, whose work as ambassador to Germany has given him a commanding position in international diplomacy, will no doubt attract much attention by his plea at Yale for the founding of a school of politics.

According to Mr. White the greatest need in American life today is educated young men to hold office honestly, capably and intelligently. In order to bring this about he favors the use of college endowments for the establishment of professorships and fellowships, to be used in the study of public affairs; the establishment of pro-

fessorships for the study of international law, and the endowment of chairs in American history and politics. The proposed courses will cover the administration of government in town, state and nation, and will be intended to broaden the political horizon of the average young American.

EDITORIAL NOTES.

The Elks of El Paso will celebrate on the Fourth.

Russia believes in the right to massacre "without waiting for the aid or consent of any other nation."

Richter: Individuality is everywhere to be spared and respected as the root of everything good.

President Roosevelt has announced that when the postoffice investigation is closed he will write the history of it himself.

Nevada, the least populous state in the Union, has decided to devote \$125,000 to its exhibit at the world's fair, of which \$70,000 will be set apart for a display of minerals.

It will be rather difficult to prove that race conditions had anything to do with the removal of Judge McMillan. The Mexicans had nothing to do with his case.

President Diaz has agreed to make an address at the American celebration of the Fourth of July in the City of Mexico. This is a graceful recognition of the American nation.

Out of the 11,199 rural free delivery routes established during the past five years, it is said that 3,792 or over 33 per cent of them are located in the states of Ohio, Indiana, Illinois and Iowa.

In Hawaii the native element has succeeded in having a law passed excluding American immigration. Hawaii is one of Uncle Sam's "possessions" that evidently has a great deal to learn.

Lynchings occur in Delaware because there were ninety murders committed in that little state during the past five years, and none of the guilty persons received more than a five years' sentence.

The latest discovered metal, polonium, gives off a steady light and intercepts currents of electricity. It is said that a clear button of polonium would be a protection against lightning and also serve as a headlight at night.

Every Fourth of July is attended by what some one has called "the slaughter of the innocents." Bursting cannon, prematurely exploding firecrackers and carelessly aimed revolvers all go to swell the list of dead and wounded. A large percentage of the fatalities are caused by tetanus—lockjaw, is the more common term. Ordinarily about fifty persons die from the maldy every year in Chicago, and from one-third to three-fifths of the cases are usually traced to the Fourth of July.

The fact that New York city is soon to have the largest bank in the world need not surprise anybody. New York is the second of the world's cities in size and the first in the amount of its business. The total of its bank clearings has led that of London for several years.

Twenty years have added to the inhabitants of the United States numbers nearly equal to our total population just before the civil war. In the same period the wealth of the American people has more than doubled and has reached a hundred thousand million dollars.

Investigations are about to be instituted in the seed bureau of the agricultural department and in the land office section of the interior department. Frauds and irregularities are reported in each of these departments.

SO SOOTHING.

Its Influence Has Been Felt by So Many Albuquerque Readers.

The soothing influence of relief After suffering from itching piles From eczema or any itches of the skin

Makes one feel grateful to the remedy

Doan's Ointment has soothed hundreds

Here's what one Albuquerque citizen says:

A. M. Whitcomb, nursery, corner of Eighth and Tijeras streets, says: "In my estimation there is no ointment for the purposes it is used that can equal Doan's. There was a spot just below my knee which annoyed me for ten years. Unlike eczema it did not spread but at times it itched so exasperatingly particularly after I went to bed or sat by the stove, that I scratched it until it smarted before relief came. I tried every salve and ointment I came across, when one did not help I bought another and slapped it on. Reading about Doan's Ointment induced me to go to the Albuquerque Pharmacy and pay four bits for a box. In a few days the itching ceased and the life of the part affected was killed for up to date, and it is now over six months since I stopped the use of the salve there has not been a symptom of its reappearance."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the United States. Remember the name Doan's and take no substitute.

and while doing the house cleaning act the administration has decided to make it complete.

It is evident that there is not going to be a noiseless Fourth until we can get a boyless one.

Simmons. It is a great evil, as well as a misfortune, to be unable to utter a prompt and decided no.

When the railroad is completed to Durango large steel works will be erected in Albuquerque.

The federal government will be compelled to interfere with "state rights" in the lynching and burning of negroes.

In Mexico the postal department stamps on every letter the weather predictions for the next twenty-four hours.

New Jersey, which receives an income of \$2,000,000 a year from the trusts, ought to be aware of the ultimate wages of sin.

Henry Watterson is convinced there is no such thing as an ideal statesman, because there is no such thing as an ideal state.

Tennessee is advancing in the scale of civilization. Her latest mob refrained from burning alive the negro whose death was demanded.

About one-half of the manufactures of the United States are turned out in our 100 largest cities. These contain 25 per cent of the population.

Secretary McCanna is about to close a contract with a big carnival company to appear in this city and be a part of the territorial fair in October.

The United States now produces nine-tenths of the world's cotton, one-half of its coal, one-fourth of its iron ore and one-half of its copper.

The pen, which used to be mightier than the sword, is now mightier than the gun. Statistics show that more steel is used in pens than in guns.

Suicide is on the increase, especially among married males. The death rate of married males, from 15 to 44 years of age, is greater than in unmarried males.

So careful are the assays at the United States assay office in New York, that of the enormous amount of gold melted each year, not an ounce escapes. In the spring the gold that has escaped in imperceptible particles with the acid fumes and smoke through the chimney is carefully gathered.

The amazing excuse is offered by the apologists of the officers of the insane asylum that a certain amount of abuse is necessary for the conduct of the institution.

Senator Hoar said at the University of Iowa commencement: "The fate of the nation depends upon individual character." A greater truth was never stated in fewer words.

Mr. Cleveland declares spurious the interview in which he was made to say that he had no desire to reenter politics, and Mr. Bryan says that the report that he is out of politics for good is false.

There are now nearly 1,500 miles of levees on the lower Mississippi, and Louisiana alone has spent since the civil war nearly \$30,000,000 on the river, while it costs the state \$1,000,000 annually to maintain its levees.

The big Fourth of July celebration in New Mexico will be held in this city.

In ship building Pennsylvania stands first and New York second, while California is a good third.

Almost any man could do something well if he were willing to work at it long enough and hard enough.

As a result of the postoffice scandal congress may order a general investigation of all departments.

Baldad: "To judge a country one does not know the language of is like judging a book from the binding.

The New Mexican says that it is a pity that Albuquerque was not built upon higher ground to avoid floods. This city has never been damaged to the extent of a dollar by floods in its whole existence. The city of Santa Fe was heavily damaged a few weeks ago by a heavy rain, which ruined several bridges across the Rio Santa Fe. Such a disaster could not happen to the city of Albuquerque.

The Church Economist estimates that between twelve and fifteen churches are built every day in the United States.

The San Marcial Bee says: The Albuquerque Daily Citizen has a just appreciation of the weekly newspapers of the territory.

Exports of flour from the United States to Chinese ports show an increase of 200 per cent for 1902, compared with 1892.

Rev. Skinner has returned to Las Vegas and says that the Los Angeles Times misquoted his remarks about the people of New Mexico.

Trade returns for the past six months show an improvement over the same period last year. The outlook for the future is considered favorable.

New Orleans has entered upon a system of municipal improvements, chiefly relating to sewerage, drainage and water supply, to cost \$18,000,000.

The circulation statement issued by the treasury for June estimates the population of the United States at 86,372,000, and the circulation per capita \$29.64.

The Mad Mullah has not had enough yet. He is arranging to make another attack on the British in Somaliland. That section is not worth the cost which it will inflict upon England, and it will be held, just the same. Somaliland, too, will be benefited by being held. The world's dark spots will all be wiped out before many more years pass, and civilization will be the gainer thereby.

The El Paso Times is positive that other things being equal, the local merchant is entitled to the trade of his own town or city. In fact, it is the only way to make a town or city.

The Declaration of Independence will be seen no more. An order has been issued that henceforth the historic manuscript shall be hidden from

Keeley Cure For Drunkenness, Opium, Morphine and Other Drug Using the Tobacco Habit and Neurasthenia. THE KEELEY INSTITUTE, Dwight, Ill.

the light and kept under lock and key. Mr. Morgan returns from Europe to find the affairs of several companies in which he is interested in a deplorable state, and his beloved Wall street in a condition bordering on nervous collapse.

There is a hot time in the old town of Las Vegas, and it will be warmer tomorrow when the people of that town will hold a mass meeting and protest against the whitewashing of the insane asylum abuses.

Automobiles are said to be displacing horses in the city departments of New York. All of the heads of departments have adopted them for official service in lieu of the buggies formerly used by them.

From the bottom of her keel to the summit of her topmast, the Reliance, America's cup defender, measures 195 feet, which is over sixty feet in excess of any sailing vessel in the merchant service. Her length is only ninety feet. She carries 20,000 square feet of canvas.

Booker T. Washington declined a commission from Great Britain to go to Liberia to solve a race education problem. He has a life work cut out in his own land and Andrew Carnegie has provided a fund to keep him above poverty during his existence.

The Deming Headlight has joined the crowd of villifiers of New Mexico. That paper falsely asserts that "In every republican county in New Mexico even school teachers must pledge their support to the gang before they can obtain a position, and it is not a question of ability to teach that obtains the position, but who is back of him or her, and what he or she can do to advance the interest of the republican gang."

The Headlight is edited by a fossil of the stage coach days and it is opposed to statehood. Despairing of securing uniformity among the divorce statutes of a state and of securing a national law, eminent clergymen and laymen have formed an organization among themselves to see what can be accomplished by their own personal efforts to check the divorce evil. They are not indulging in oratorical flights in railing against divorce nor in bitter and vituperative denunciations through press and pulpit; they are striving by their own personal means among the churches not to remarry any person who may have been divorced.

Some fellows are always taking exceptions to what the newspapers have to say about them. As a matter of fact the man who gets mad at what the newspapers say in the way of news and about him is generally just the man who should return thanks three times a day for the things the newspapers know about him and don't print.

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OFFICIAL MATTERS. Land Selections Approved—Coal Land Sold. The secretary of the interior has approved the selection of 7,132 acres of land for the use of the territorial penitentiary. Land Office Business. The following homestead entries were made: George P. Hyde, Corralitos postoffice, 160 acres in San Miguel county; George R. Bailey, Pecos postoffice, 162 acres in San Miguel county. Coal Land Sold. The following coal lands have been sold at the United States land office in Santa Fe: To W. D. Keen of Pueblo, Colo., SW 1/4 of section 32, T. 14 N., R. 6 E., 160 acres in Sandoval county; consideration \$3,200. To Mary A. Steele of Denver, Colo., NW 1/4 section 5, T. 13 N., R. 6 E., 160 acres in Sandoval county; consideration \$3,192.47.

Will Reside in Albuquerque. Wednesday evening, June 24, witnessed a wedding at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. John N. Brown, the parents of the bride, Miss Margaret Brown, who was united in marriage to Mr. Frank Long, Rev. George Leo Patterson officiating. The happy couple will make their home in Albuquerque, Mr. Long being employed on the first division of the Santa Fe railroad. The bride is one of Gallup's popular young ladies who has resided here many years, and the groom also is well known here and at Fort Wingate, where he served sometime as sergeant. —Gallup Republican.

CAME FROM NEWMEXICO. Young Business Man Claims as Bride a Newton Girl.

There occurred this morning at the Catholic church at 8:30 o'clock the marriage of Miss Celia Connell, a prominent young lady of this city, and Frank H. Duerr, a well-to-do young business man of Las Vegas, N. M. Mrs. Duerr is the daughter of Michael Connell, roadmaster for the Santa Fe at this point. She was born and raised in this vicinity and is well known and

highly respected by a large circle of young friends. She was especially active among the younger members of the Catholic church, where she will be greatly missed. Mr. Duerr conducts a grocery business in the New Mexico city and is actively connected with the business interests there. He owns a nice home which is furnished and ready for occupancy on the return of the young people, who will leave for Las Vegas this evening. Mr. Duerr first met Miss Connell two years ago when she was visiting in Las Vegas. A courtship was started at that time which culminated today in their marriage. —Newton (Kas.) Republican.

The Tramps' Paradise. District Attorney Jerome of New York was rather amused by the manner in which a tramp who strolled up to the kitchen door of his Lakeside home last Sunday morning, sized up the labor situation. While the wanderer was devouring the food set before him he bitterly complained about the hard times.

"But I had imagined that work was plentiful now," ventured Mr. Jerome. "Oh, yes," was the reply, "there is plenty of work all right, but if you belong to a union you have to be on a strike at the time, and if you don't belong to a union they won't let you work anyhow."

PRIVATE LAND CLAIMS.

Court Handed Down Decisions in Two Cases Yesterday Morning.

The United States court of private land claims convened yesterday morning in the court room in the federal building, Santa Fe, pursuant to adjournment. All officers of the court were present with the exception of Associate Justice Osborne, who is not attending this term of court.

Two decisions were rendered by the court, being delivered by Associate Justice Henry C. Sloss, in case No. 281, Romel Barcela vs. the United States, for the Barcela land grant, situated in Dona Ana county, the grant was rejected and the petition dismissed. A like disposition was made of case No. 280, Blaza Alvarez de Sanchez vs. the United States, for the Sanchez land grant in Dona Ana county.

President Roosevelt told a story to the members of his cabinet the other day. It was an anecdote suggested by the scandal in the postoffice department.

"Up in York state some years ago," said the president, "a man was elected to an office in which the salary was \$1,500 a year. He was poor and in debt when he took the job. After serving eleven months he invested \$5,000 in real estate, \$6,000 in cattle and had \$3,000 in bank. The taxpayers were mean enough to start an investigation into what he had done with the rest of his salary."

GRAYSON-MERRILL CASE.

Proceedings Brought by Mrs. Cohen Dragging Along Slowly.

C. F. Grayson, the Silver City banker, has returned from Boston to New Mexico, and is now in the latter city attending to business. He remained in Boston three weeks endeavoring to get the case pending in the superior court of that city against him upon the charges of Mrs. Sara Cohen brought to trial. This could not be done, and it will be some time before the case will come up for hearing. The friends of Mr. Grayson express themselves as absolutely confident that upon trial he will be fully acquitted of the charges against him. Upon conclusion of the case he expects to come to New Mexico for a time to close up important business matters in which he is interested.

Mormons in New Mexico.

As to the purported influx of Mormons into New Mexico, and the wonderful political influence they are supposed to exercise and contemplate, the Salt Lake desert makes the following pertinent remarks: "There are today in New Mexico, out of an estimated population of 200,000 people, not more than 500 Mormons, men, women and children. These are scattered and live in small settlements in San Juan, Rio Arriba and McKinley counties. They cut no more local practically than does a Tammany politician in the celestial empire. The immigration into New Mexico at this time is not coming from Utah; it is from Iowa, Nebraska, Kansas, Oklahoma and Texas, and no Mormons have been noticed in the numbers that have come into the territory during the past three years, and are now coming. The senators and representatives from the state of New Mexico in congress, the officials of the new state, the members of the legislative assembly and the county officials will contain a large proportion of native New Mexicans of Spanish or Mexican descent; in fact, they will be pretty evenly divided between this class of New Mexican citizens and the men who came to New Mexico years ago and have been citizens thereof for from ten to thirty and forty years.—Desert News.

INDIAN SCHOOL NOTES.

During the past year the school has had a checkered experience. The school opened up last fall with a goodly number of these full blood Indians, fresh from the reservation. Soon after these new pupils entered the school, the diphtheria epidemic broke out anew and it continued with more or less severity during the fall and winter. This worked a great hardship on the school, as it prevented many from entering the school, who otherwise would have come here, and besides a great many of those present became dissatisfied and restless because they were kept under such strict quarantine.

There have been a great many improvements made during the year and this year good work is being pushed ahead with energy by the new superintendent. Two old buildings have been torn down and this greatly improves the appearance of the west side of the grounds; an addition is being built to the superintendent's cottage, and also to the cottage of the carpenter, and sewerage connections are being made to two cottages on the grounds.

Notwithstanding all the drawbacks

The Deadly Trail

Of disease is often the trail marked by a woman's gown. A recent investigation showed a horde of microbes, including those of influenza, consumption and a dozen other varieties, gathered in the trail of a woman's dress.

The microbes is everywhere, but its prey are the weak and feeble people whose blood is "poor" and digestion "weak." Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery cures diseases of the stomach and other organs of digestion and nutrition and purifies the blood.

It strengthens the body by increased nutrition to resist or throw off disease.

"Please accept my thanks for the good Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery has done for me," writes Mrs. N. Chesley of Cleveland, Ohio. "I was troubled for over a year with what the doctor pronounced indigestion. I had nervous headaches, an unpleasant taste in my mouth in the morning, and my blood was very poor. I tried different medicines but to no avail. My parents insisted on my taking Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. I did so, and now the doctor says I can't speak too highly of it."

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets are easy and pleasant to take. A most effective laxative. They do not hurt the pill habit.

Some Interesting Paragraphs From "Cut-Off City."

Special Correspondence. Belen, N. M., June 25.—The ball game on Sunday afternoon between the Broncos and the Clerks resulted in a victory for the former by an ample score of 23 to 13.

John Becker, the well known merchant of this place has been on the sick list for several days.

The citizens of the Cut-Off city are waxing enthusiastic over the prospect of a good old-fashioned celebration on the Fourth, and it is to be hoped that all may pull together to this end, making the occasion one to be remembered.

S. P. Dietrich of the Belen Mercantile company, who has been absent on a short visit to Albuquerque, returned on Saturday.

The final examinations in the private school for girls, maintained by Don Felipe Chavez, were conducted by an examining committee composed of the Rev. Father Blom, Don Felipe Chavez and County Commissioner J. P. Sanchez.

Miss Leonard Zinth and Miss Baker pal, is to be congratulated on the most excellent showing made by her pupils in all branches.

Miss Laura Quille and Miss Baker are visiting friends in the Duke city. Miss Anna Becker and Gustave Becker, who have been attending school in the east, are home for their summer vacation.

Frank Horrocks came in from the north Sunday morning.

John Lanchab left this morning for Las Vegas with the intention of moving his family to Belen.

Mr. Lanchab is of the firm of Derrick & Lanchab, of the Cut-Off restaurant, a gentleman well liked for genial manners and in fact an all round good fellow.

Definite Offer Made. Andrew Carnegie has definitely offered to give Roswell \$10,000 for a free library building on condition that a site and \$2,000 a year be provided to maintain it. The site has already been provided and nothing now remains but for the town board to make the levy as the proposition in favor of it received an overwhelming majority of the taxpayers.

HEROES OF THE FLOOD.

G. C. Bailey and J. T. Shanklin Were Equal to the Occasion.

There are two men in this town who ought to be rewarded in a substantial way, and if the railroad companies know good men when they see them, they will be, says the Lawrence Gazette. These two men are George C. Bailey and J. T. Shanklin. The Union Pacific and Santa Fe railroads were the heaviest losers of course, and their tracks were gone, communication stopped, and the world saved for the tracks from here to Ottawa.

On the north side Joe Shanklin worked day and night in the rain, mud and water, cold and hungry and wet to the skin and directed and kept going everything that could move for ten days until an outlet was made, and his road was taking trains in and out of the city. And his work was not confined to saving railroad property and taking care of it. He gave his own efforts and the efforts of the men under him to the rescue work, and hundreds were taken care of, housed and fed under their directions. Joe took time neither to eat or sleep so long as the danger was on he was at his post, which meant that he was everywhere that danger threatened.

On this side George Bailey was working like a giant, directing and controlling the affairs of his road, and upon him depended all communication with the outside world. He is a man who knows men and how to handle them, and the few complaints that were filed when all the travel, all the commerce, all the business of the city and country devolved upon him, show the admirable skill in which he managed the affairs of the company. In the absence of Superintendent McClellan, Mr. Bailey had charge of everything, and he managed it well, from taking care of a hysterical lady's trunk to quelling a riot among the workmen.

The Gazette has heard kicks and roars, and complaints of all kinds, but through it all there has never been a word of complaint, but only praise, for Joe Shanklin and George Bailey. If the Union Pacific and Santa Fe do not make both of them superintendents, Lawrence will not keep the high opinion of those two roads that she has always had.

The fact of the matter is that since Friday the flow has been as much, if not in excess of what it was in 1847, and no damage has been done."

The river up to noon had declined four inches from the highest point, reached Wednesday night. Yesterday the stream was again quite threatening, and in the twenty-four hours reaching up to Sunday evening, increased in volume something like 3,000 cubic feet, being about 0.3 of a foot higher than on Saturday.

During the night of Sunday it fell about 0.2 of a foot and today about 9 o'clock it had fallen another 0.1.

It was stated that the fall was gradual up to 2 o'clock. The river situation in Juarez was the same as last Saturday. No trouble is being experienced with the jetties.

There was a scare at the headgates this morning at 10 o'clock. It was reported that the water had seeped through the dam and was working underneath the sandbags. It is thought that it will be impossible to send a train over the Santa Fe tracks tonight on something like time. The water has receded at San Marcial. The report that there was three feet of water over the tracks at White Spur was denied. At 6 o'clock tonight it will be known whether the road will run a train to Rincon via Las Cruces. —El Paso News.

Mining Stock Declined.

The stock of the Santa Fe Gold and Copper company, whose mines and smelters are at San Pedro in southern Santa Fe county, has declined to \$1.12 per share at the Boston Mine exchange, 1,065 shares of the total issue of 250,000 shares having exchanged hands last week. The par value is \$10 per share.

BELEN BREVITIES.

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