NEWS OF THE CHURCHES

It seems there is to be a minority report in the Presbyterian general assembly in Buffalo in May on the matter of organic union with the Cumberland Presbyterian body. A majority report has been already published, and favors union. One of the commissioners to the Buffalo assembly, who is a member of one of the largest of the presbyteries, is authority for the statement that Cumberland Presbyterians are not Calvinists. He says the body with which union is sought is emphatically Calvinist. When the Cumberland people learn this they may not, he thinks, desire union. The same commissioner voices a sentiment that opposes union, and that admits its purpose to do all in its power at Buffalo to prevent the same. A reason it will urge, apart from doctrinal standards, is the addition to the burden that already hangs over the assembly in the task of finding a solution of the colored Presbyterian brethern. While there may not be many colored Cumberlands, there is a sentiment among white Cumberland Presbyterians, and this sentiment will add materially to difficulties already confronting Presbyterians of the north. These difficulties relate to what may be called "Jim Crow presbyteries." The same commissioner declares union to be not so near as some people have imagined.

"Jim Crow" Problem.

The "Jim Crow presbytery" problem is being discussed throughout the entire north and south. The subject was up last year at Los Angeles and was put over until this year, the Rev. Dr. Samuel J. Niccols of St. Louis being named as chairman of a committee upon it. White Presbyterians at the south, but who belong to the Presbyterian church, not to the Presbyterian church, South, demand separate presbyteries for the colored people. They have agitated the matter so long that a considerable sentiment in its favor has developed at the north. So far as can be learned, the colored people themselves are rather indifferent. They say they fare best when they do not put themselves forward, but leave the white to fight their own battles. It is said that if separate presbyteries be granted, the whole machinery of Presbyterian church government will have to be changed. Leaders who have been consulted say that the most that will be done will be to frame a permissive overture. This will make it elective to form separate presbyteries. Even this concession will, it is declared, revolutionize the Presbyterian form. The problem, in similar form, but under other names, is confronting Methodists and Episcopalians, the last named of whom admit that they will have more difficulty to make the change than will almost anybody else.

Baptist Anniversaries.

It is said to be probable that the Baptist anniversararies, which meet in the Euclid Avenue church, Cleveland, to which John D. Rockefeller belongs, will pronounce in favor of a Pan-baptist conference. Talk of such conference has been general among Baptists for some years, but it has been declared that it should be held in America. During the last six months, however, sentiment has changed, and if the Cleveland meeting favors a conference it will be one to be held in London this July. The cause of the change of sentiment is due to English politics. The Rev. Dr. John Clinord, perhaps the most famous of English Free Churchmen, is a Baptist, and the very head and front of the passive resistance movement against the English education act. He is a London pastor, and the conference would be held in his church. American Baptists think they might help British baptists at this time, for their sympathies are strongly with the resisters. If the Pan-Baptist conference be inaugurated it will be with the idea of making such conferences permanent, probably at intervals of eight or ten years.

Young Peoples' Work.

The young peoples' missionary movement is to try a conference this year at Winona, June 17 to 26. For the second time a conference will be held at Lookout mountain, the dates this year being July 1 to 10, and for the third time Silver Bay, on Lake George, will be visited. The last named will be the chief conference of the year by this movement. The dates are July 22 to 31. The purpose of these conferences is to afford a practical training school for missionary workers in Sunday schools and young people's socities, and to combine with such training the recreation that Christian workers, with all other people, are obliged to seek. It is expected that missionary secretaries for young people's work of the leading missionary socities in the country will be present as speakers at these conferences. Reduced railroad rates are offered, and also benefits in the way of recreation, at but little more than one-half of what would ordinarily be the expense of such vacation privileges. The speakers at Silver Bay will include Messrs. Robert E. Speer, S. Earl Taylor and John W. Wood.

Methodist Mission Gifts.

The gifts to missions of the Methodist Episcopal church have been during the last four years $8,817,896, which is an increase of $1,695,323 over the four years from 1896 to 1899, or 23 per cent. The increase of the two women's socities alone was $595,467. These increases were made at a time when the Methodist church as a whole was raising $20,000,000 to pay off debts, and while it was being said by special friends of the missionary cause that the larger and special effort had neglected their cause, and would be certain to injure it. During the same quadrennium, the growth of Methodist membership on the foreign mission field has been 17 per cent, and of Sunday school membership 19 per cent. These ratios are fully twice those of Christianity in the United States, and considerably larger than Methodism grows in the United States. Mission property in the foreign field has increased in value from $5,410,928 to $6,655,098, or 22 per cent. Porto Rico, the Philippines, Bolivia and Patagonia are among the new fields entered. In no fewer than eight provinces in the Philippines have Methodists congregations, and in Porto Rico their membership is not much short of 1,200.

Catholic Church in France.

The Society of the Propagation of Faith, the one foreign missionary society of the Roman Catholic church, apart from the orders, is appealing to Catholics in the United States with the statement that the persecution of the church in France is so severe that unless others come to the assistance of the foreign work much of it must stop. The headquarters of the society are in Paris and at Lyons, and fully 90 per cent of the income comes from France. Even yet some work is done by the society in this country, which is still a missionary one under the Roman Catholic system. American Catholics contribute about $80,000 a year to the foreign work through the society. Headquarters have just been removed from Baltimore to New York, and from the latter city the appeals are going out that American Catholics, favored as the society's plea puts it above other Catholics, both in religious liberty and in worldly prosperity, must take the place of France in supporting the Roman Catholic work in the east and in Africa.

Premier Combes' Position.

The concordat which Premier Combes of France professes not to be unwilling to see broken, and which the pope surprises the church by repudiating, was made by Napoleon I. and Pius VII. Its aim was to indemnify the church for property confiscated during the French revolution. At least this was its ostensible aim. Really it was to vaunt the ambition of the French emperor. The date of its making was 1801, and by its provisions the Roman Catholic church came to be the established religion of France. Under the concordat French political influence in the east grew, until France came to be the protector of the Catholics in the east. This protection helped political ambition at home and trade abroad. It also helped the Roman Catholic church. Now the French ministry would annul the concordat, and the pope is said to be willing that it should do so. In this position he is by no means supported by the curia. To gain political favor which France is said to be willing to throw off is declared to be the purpose of the German emperor, who unlike the French president is willing to go to Rome and call personally at the vatican. The latest position taken by Premier Combes is radically unlike the former position, and will bring about the complete separation of the Roman Catholic church from the French government.

Serious Stomach Trouble Cured.

"I was troubled with a distress in my stomach, sour stomach and vomiting spells, and can truthfully say that Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets cured me.—Mrs. T. V. Williams, Laingsburg, Mich. These tablets are guaranteed to cure every case of stomach trouble of this character. For sale by all druggists.

Saturday Night's Fire.

As a result of the carelessness of the inhabitants of a Santa Fe work train, which was standing on the tracks near the Rio Grande Woolen mills, fire caught in some sacks of wool corded along the outside of the mills Saturday evening about 7 o'clock and for several minutes the destruction of the wool and mills seemed imminent. Fortunately the timely discovery of the fire and the prompt and quick response of the city fire department, the blaze was extinguished with a slight loss. The chemical engine did the business.

SHORT LIVED

Only Live from five to nine Days.

THE germs of an ordinary Cough only live from five to nine days, but during their life inflame the membranes of the respiratory organs making them unusually susceptible to attack of the germs of other diseases, but usually other cough germs find lodgement on the inflamed surfaces causing "one cold after another" until Pneumonia, Bronchitis or Consumption develops.

THERE is no excuse for a Cough or Cold becoming serious as Foley's Honey and Tar not only stops the Cough but destroys the germs and cures you perfectly, so why take other so called remedies which only deaden the effect of these germs and leave you half-cured.

FOLEY'S HONEY and TAR

is safe and sure.

Contains no Opiates and will not constipate.

REFUSE SUBSTITUTES.

For Sale by J. H. O'Rielly & Co.

The Halo of Motherhood.

The halo of motherhood is a divine thing, we all revere it, and we all appreciate at what a cost it has been won. Apprehension, pain, worry, and actual suffering make up its cost, and yet all this might be vastly lessened by the simple agency of

MOTHER'S FRIEND,

a liniment dedicated to the easing of parturition and its accompanying suffering.

It is applied externally, and the results following its use are nothing short of marvelous. "A friend in need is a friend indeed," that's what Mother's Friend is. Sold at all drug stores for $1.00 per bottle. Send for our book, "Motherhood," free if you ask.

BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO., ATLANTA, GA.

RAILROAD NOTES

Simon Garcia is now employed by the railroad company at Las Vegas in the capacity of wiper.

Mrs. C. H. Nance, wife of the well known Santa Fe agent at Isleta, was an Albuquerque visitor on Sunday.

Engineer J. H. Fenner is reported quite ill at his home, 620 South Broadway.

L. M. Gazin, constructing engineer of electric plants for the Santa Fe, is in Raton looking over the newly installed plant.

B. W. Foster, a well known Santa Fe, is laid up with the rheumatism.

Harry Rehder, the passenger engineer, is laying off for thirty days and Engineer J. H. Hanon has been given his run.

John Wynn, recently of Saginaw, Mich., is a new fireman on the west end. Mr. Wynn expects to move his family here in the near future.

Fe engineer, has removed his family to Raton from Trinidad and intends making a permanent home in Raton.

Special car No. 2, passed through the city last night attached to train No. 8, en route to Santa Barbara, for the conveyance east of President E. P. Riley and family, who are stopping at Santa Barbara.

F. M. Murphy, president and general manager of the Santa Fe, Prescott & Phoenix railway, passed through the city last night en route to Phoenix. Mr. Murphy was returning from the east, where he had been interesting eastern capitalists in Arizona mining property.

The Santa Fe has double tracked its line on both sides of the Raton tunnel and is straightening curves and putting in steel bridges in the mountains.

C. O. Young and his fire laddies of the local shops tendered their young lady friends a hop at the fire house last Friday night. It was a lively and delightful affair.

Frank Dibert, assistant treasurer of the Santa Fe Central railway, who was in the southern part of the territory for a week on business, has returned to the capital.

R. L. McCance, auditor of the Santa Fe Central railroad company, returned to Santa Fe from a several day's visit to Albuquerque, where he was on railroad business.

W. S. Hopewell, general manager of the New Mexico Fuel and Iron company has returned to Santa Fe from this city, where he was on business, pertaining to his position.

All the freight equipment on the coast lines is being renumbered and restenciled. The new lettering will be "A. T. & S. F.," the "S. F. P.," and "S. F. & S. J. V." being dropped.

Machinist Thomas Ainsworth and wife left last night for Los Angeles, where Mr. Ainsworth hopes to recover from an attack of pleurisy, from which he has been suffering quite a long time.

The terminal buildings of the Central railway at Guanajuato, Mexico, have been destroyed by fire. The loss is $50,000. Six cars of merchandise and 12,000 railroad ties were also burned.

Miss Jose Williams, daughter of Bridge and Building Inspector M. R. Williams, passed through the city from Las Vegas Friday night for Needles, California, where she will pay a visit of several weeks to her brother and his family.

W. E. Floyd, of Winslow, accompanied by Mrs. Floyd, returned home yesterday after a pleasant visit in the city. Mrs. Floyd had been on a visit east and Mr. Floyd came here to meet her on her return. Mr. Floyd is a popular employe of the Santa Fe at Windy Winslow.

The machinists of Winslow are making elaborate arrangements for their annual ball to be given at the opera house of that place April 22. The Winslow boys have the reputation of doing things about right and no doubt their dance will be a very delightful affair.

The railroad company which has been drilling a well at Roy has had its troubles. For some months past work has been suspended on account of the losing of the drill. This has recently been recovered and work is again going on. Some water is already in the well.

John C. Balcomb, who for the past year and a half has filled a position as draftsman in the office of the chief engineer of the Santa Fe Central railway, has severed his connection with that company and has gone to the southern part of the territory, where he has accepted a position as engineer under A. G. Kennedy formerly chief engineer of the Santa Fe Central.

The San Marcial Bee says: Mrs. J. F. McNally and son departed Tuesday morning for their old home in Brookfield, Mo. Mrs. McNally was accompanied by her father and sister who have been spending a few months in San Marcial. They will travel as far as Kansas City in Mr. McNally's private car. The superintendent accompanied the party as far as La Junta.

The Santa Fe has just completed statistics showing the wonderful increase in the number of passengers carried to the Grand Canyon over their line. The Santa Fe's line to the Grand Canyon was once completed in 1900, but even at this early date the average annual business of the line has reached up into the thousands. The statistics show that the business of the line has grown from 813 passengers in 1900 to 12,194 in 1903.

* * *

Will a Strike Come—The first statement made by any Santa Fe machinist regarding the pending strike situation is reported by the Topeka State Journal. The Journal says:

"Fred Robertson, president of the local lodge of the Machinists' union, who is in a position to know whereof he speaks, made the startling statement today that a strike could not be avoided and that he thought it would come within the course of the next two weeks. He said:

"One cannot tell very much about what is going on in Washington by reading the press dispatches. The general tone of these indicate that the machinists have practically given up the fight, but this is not so. A secret vote on the question of a strike has been taken and all the ballots were to have been counted Friday. This vote will simplify matters greatly and will serve to bring about a decision in a very short time."

A Fine Entertainment—S. E. Busser's Masonic entertainment company gave a very good entertainment at the Santa Fe reading rooms last night. The attendance crowded the hall and nearly every number on the program elicited heavy applause.

Mr. Albert K. Wilson, who is a 32-degree Mason and Grand Secretary of the Grand Lodge of Kansas, was the principal performer of the entertainment, and in his lecture on "Organization and Literature" gave his audience some valuable points on good books and social life. Mr. William Shaver, who is also a 32rd degree Mason, played and sang in a very pleasant manner. Mrs. Wilson sang, and Mrs. Himoe, of this city, rendered several piano solos. After the concert Mr. Busser and his company was tendered a reception at the Masonic Temple by Temple Lodge, No. 6. At 11:30 o'clock they left for San Marcial where an entertainment will be given this evening.

* * *

More Strike Breakers for the Santa Fe—Another bunch of Santa Fe strike breakers were sent through on No. 9 this morning from the east to San Francisco. There were forty-two men in the party, says the El Paso Herald.

Railroad men coming in from off the Santa Fe report that so far there has been but little change in the Santa Fe strike situation for several days and no one seems to know just what the future will bring forth. The company is not to be caught napping however, and has just placed a strong guard about the shops at Albuquerque, as well as other points along the line where shops and roundhouses are located.

* * *

The Joughins Family—Mrs. G. H. Joughins and Miss Joughins are in this city from Los Angeles visiting with friends before leaving for the east to join Mr. Joughins who has accepted the position of superintendent of motive power for the Inter-Colonial railway, says the San Bernardino Sun. They will leave here before the end of the week for Halifax, Nova Scotia, and will stop at the Grand Canyon and different eastern cities en route.

* * *

Too Many Hours.—George Hilton, the engineer on the incoming passenger last night was taken ill en route, and it was with difficulty that he pulled the train to Roswell, says the Record. He was supposed to return last evening with a freight train that left here at 7 o'clock, but was unable to go and an extra man was put in his place. It is thought that his illness is not serious, but was the result of overwork. Recently he was on duty for a continuous stretch of sixty-one hours.

* * *

In Two Days—The following local employees of the Santa Fe have tendered their resignations the past couple of days: Geo. McCulloch, boilermakers' helper, will go to San Bernardino; Sotero Montana, car repairer, will go to Gallup; John Holliday, machinist, left with his wife for Des Moines, Iowa; Clarence V. Taylor, foreman of wheel house, has gone to braking; Albert Fleming, boilermakers' helper, has returned to Chicago after two weeks' service; H. A. Keck, boilermakers' helper, will go to El Paso.

* * *

Business Men to Help Railroads—The commercial interests of Chicago have completed a union with the railway passenger associations in a war of extermination against the "ticket scalpers," whose business in that city is sufficient to warrant an outlay of nearly $50,000 annually in office rent alone.

After a month of conferences between representatives of the National Association of Merchants and Members of the Merchants and Travelers' association in Chicago and the representatives of the passenger agents, the crusade has reached the point where counsel has been engaged to prosecute the fight, which will include seeking in both federal and state courts of injunctions against the ticket brokers, restraining them from dealing in railway tickets issued under a contract with the purchaser which makes them non-transferable.

The immediate purpose of the movement is to prevent the "scalping out of low-rate tickets from northern and eastern points to the St. Louis exposition, but, following that, an attempt will be made to conduct such a crusade that the scalpers' business will be crushed in Chicago.

* * *

Taking Desperate Chances

It is true that many contract colds and recover from them without taking any precaution or treatment, and a knowledge of this fact leads others to take their chances instead of giving their colds the needed attention. It should be borne in mind that every cold weakens the lungs, lowers the vitality, makes the system less able to withstand each succeeding cold and paves the way for more serious diseases. Can you afford to take such desperate chances when Chamberlain's Cough Remedy, famous for its cures of colds, can be had for a trifle? For sale by all druggists.

FOR THE WORLD'S FAIR.

NOVEL FORM OF TRANSPORATION SERVICE TO BE INTRODUCED.

An automobile service, carrying visitors to the World's Fair grounds, will add to the transportation facilities of the exposition at St. Louis. At least 200 machines will carry passengers along the fine residence streets and parks of the city and discharge them at points of vantage within the grounds. A company called the World's Fair Automobile company has been organized for this purpose, with Lilburn G. McNair as president. The machines to be used will carry from two to forty passengers each, and steam, gasoline and electricity will be the motive power. The large machines will be in the style of tallyhos. These vehicles will collect passengers at the hotels, union station and other points in the downtown district. Coupon tickets will be sold entitling the passengers to a ride and admission to the World's Fair grounds. Stations will be provided at suitable points within the exposition grounds for discharging and collecting passengers. Automobiles will also be operated within the grounds over certain routes at a specified rate of speed. This service is intended to be of great advantage to visitors, taking them practically from their hotels, saving the trouble of buying tickets in the crush at the gates and waiting for the crowds at the turnstiles.

The time-worn injunction, "Never put off 'til tomorrow what you can do today," is now generally presented in this form: "Do it today!" That is the terse advice we want to give you about that hacking cough or demoralizing cold with which you have been struggling for several days, perhaps weeks. Take some reliable remedy for it today—and let that remedy be Dr. Boschee's German Syrup, which has been in use for over thirty-five years. A few doses of it will undoubtedly relieve your cough, or cold, and its continued use for a few days will cure you completely. No matter how deep-seated your cought, even if dread consumption has attacked your lungs, German Syrup will surely effect a cure—as it has done before in thousands of apparently hopeless cases of lung trouble. New trial bottles, 25c; regular size, 75c. J. H. O'Rielly & Co.

Visitor From El Paso.

Mr. H. L. Edwards, publisher of the Miner and Manufacturer, a journal devoted to the mining and manufacturing interests of the southwest and published in El Paso and City of Mexico, is in Albuquerque for a few days. Mr. Edwards is assisting Mr. Haile of the Southwestern Irrigation association in advertising the coming National Irrigation congress at El Paso. His journal, the Miner and Manufacturer, has a wide circulation throughout New Mexico, Arizona and Old Mexico, and is considered an authority on all matter pertaining to mining interests. Mr. Edwards leaves tonight for Denver, and will stop over a few days in Albuquerque on his return.

Church 200 Years Old.

New York, April 23.—Episcopalians of New York and vicinity are deeply interested just now in the two hundredth anniversary of St. George's Episcopal church at Hempstead, L. I. A two days' celebration of the anniversary was begun today with bishops Potter and Burgess and a number of other distinguished churchmen among the participants.

Long before an episcopal church was built in Brooklyn, King George II. has granted a royal charter to St. George's at Hempstead. This was in 1725, but the Quaker and Presbyterian settlers had built a church on the present site of St. George's in 1702, which remained an independent organization until 1704 when it passed under the control of the church of England, and became an Episcopal parish. Few churches in America have a more interesting history than the old Hempstead church, which is built of hewn logs brought from the forests on the north shore of Long Island. Among its other claims to distinction is the fact that the Hempstead parish furnished the first American bishop, the Rev. Samuel Seabury, who was consecrated in 1784.

A Great Sensation

There was a big sensation in Lees ville, Ind., when W. H. Brown of that place, who was expected to die, had his life saved by Dr. King's New Discovery for consumption. He writes: "I endured insufferable agonies from asthma, but your New Discovery gave me immediate relief and soon thereafter effected a complete cure." Similar cures of consumption, pneumonia, bronchitis and grip are numerous. It's the peerless remedy for all throat and lung troubles. Price 50c. and $1.00. Guaranteed by all druggists. Trial bottles free.

Congressman Lloyd Renominated.

Hannibal, Mo., April 23.—The democratic primary in the First Congressional district today resulted in the renomination of Congressman James T. Lloyd. There was no opposition.

Chronic Bronchitis Cured.

"For ten years I had chronic bronchitis so bad that at times I could not speak above a whisper," writes Mr. Joseph Coffman, of Montmorenci, Ind. "I tried all remedies available, but with no success. Fortunately my employer suggested that I try Foley's Honey and Tar. It's effect was almost miraculous, and I am now rid of the disease. On my recommendation many people have used Foley's Honey and Tar, and always with satisfaction." For sale by J. H. O'Rielly & Co.

St. Louis Getting Ready.

St. Louis, Mo., April 23.—The opening of the Louisiana Purchase Exposition is only one week off and all the builders and exhibitors are on the rush. The railroads are making every effort to expedite the shipment and delivery of exposition exhibits. Early in the coming week a large force of men will be put to work decorating the building exteriors and grounds in preparation for the formal opening on Saturday. The merchants and manufactureres of the city will make the opening day a public holiday. Though the opening will not be accompanied by such elaborate ceremonies as marked the dedication last year, the exposition authorities expect a much larger crowd of visitors on hand. Hotels and boarding houses, in fact, are already filling with strangers in anticipation of the event.

Robbed the Grave.

A startling incident is narrated by John Oliver of Philadelphia, as follows: "I was in an awful condition. My skin was almost yellow, eyes sunken, tongue coated, pain continually in back and sides, no appetite, growing weaker day by day. Three physicians had given me up. Then I was advised to use Electric Bitters; to my great joy, the first bottle made a decided improvement. I continued their use for three weeks, and am now a well man. I know they robbed the grave of another victim." No one should fail to try them. It's only 50 cents, guaranteed at all druggists.

MARRIAGE ANNOUNCEMENT.

Harry B. Rose and Miss Isabella Spencer to Marry in September.

Last night an informal gathering at the home of the bride elect's parents, Mr. and Mrs. E. W. Spencer, of the Grand Central hotel, Mrs. Spencer announced the engagement of her daughter, Miss Isabella Julia, to Mr. Harry B. Rose, the happy event to occur in November. Of course, some of the young folks expressed surprise, but most of those present took the news as a matter of course, hoping it a happy betrothal. The bride is the youngest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Spencer and has grown up in Albuquerque, receiving her education in the Albuquerque public schools and the University. Mr. Rose came to Albuquerque about a year ago from Duluth, Minn. He, at present, occupies an important clerical position in the office of The Citizen.

Canada's Trade Increases.

Ottawa, Ont., April 23.—Canada's aggregate foreign trade for the nine months ended March 31 amounted to $245,[illegible],651 or $14,872,238 more than for same period of the year previous. This is on the basis of imports for consumption and exports and includes coin and bullion. The imports for the past nine months totalled $176,532,000 as against $155,440,036 last year and the exports amounted to $128,064,156 as against $102,420,782.

"NOT VERY WELL"

Is a expression of everybody at one time or another. Your skin becomes yellow, the tongue coated, and you have severe headaches. You're bilious,—that's all. The liver needs attention at once. A few doses of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters is all that is needed to set you right again. Get a bottle today and try it. It is also unequalled for curing Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Constipation, Insomnia, La Grippe, Colds and Malaria.

HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS

JUDGEMENTS IN INDIAN DEPREDATION CASES

RECENTLY RENDERED BY THE COURT OF CLAIMS AT WASHINGTON IN CASES FROM THE SOUTHWEST.

From a printed list of judgments recently rendered by the court of claims in Indian depredation cases, and which was received by The Citizen, the paper calls the following as being from New Mexico and Arizona: Robert G. Johnson, claimed $1,740, paid $190; Juana Chavez de Black, claimed $2,235, paid $480; Juan Dionicio Martinez, claimed $230, paid $200; Pasquo Torrieta, claimed $2,075, paid $935; Jesus Velarde, claimed $680, paid $510; Benito Montoya, claimed $460.75, paid $210; Louisa Chavez, claimed $317.50, paid $190; Francisco Rios, claimed $680, paid $535; Francisco Castillo y Pino, claimed $3,250, paid $1,500; Jose Felipe Castillo y Chavez, claimed $1,200, paid $695; Maximo Garcia, claimed $495, paid $385; Jose Manuel Salas, claimed $8,265, paid $4,150; Jose Luna claimed $2,200, paid $1,387; Nicodemus Chavez, claimed $26,100, paid $2,095; Josephine Gilbert and James Ellison, claimed $5,000, paid $2,100.

Best Cough Medicine for Children.

When you buy a cough medicine for small children you want one in which you can place implicit confidence. You want one that not only relieves but cures. You want one that is unquestionably harmless. You want one that is pleasant to take. Chamberlain's Cough Remedy meets all of these conditions. There is nothing so good for the coughs and colds incident to childhood. It is also a certain preventive and cure for croup, and there is no danger whatever from whooping cough when it is given. It has been used in many epidemics of that disease with perfect success. For sale by all druggists.

Fast Service to Southwest.

St. Louis, Mo., April 23.—The Missouri, Kansas and Texas road will tomorrow inaugurate its new fast train service between this city and southwestern points. The new train will reduce the time of the Katy flyer by three hours between St. Louis and Galveston, with a corresponding reduction for intermediate points and the southwest.

Nothing Equal to Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy for Bowel Complaints in Children.

"We have used Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy in our family for years," says Mrs. J. B. Cooke, of Nederlands, Texas. "We have given it to all of our children. We have used other medicines for the same purpose, but never found anything to equal Chamberlain's. If you will use it as directed it will always cure." For sale by all druggists.

Hon. T. B. Catron, the well known attorney of Santa Fe, is here on business, and expects to return to the Capital city tomorrow morning. Speaking of the shortage of County Treasurer Knaebel of Santa Fe, Mr. Catron says: "Mr. Knaebel will come out all right; it will probably take all his property to do so, and as he seems honest in the matter he has the sympathy of the community." Mr. Catron says that everyone regrets his shortage, and hopes that nothing further will come out of the transaction and that no one, outside of himself, will be the poser.

HERE AT HOME.

Albuquerque Citizens Gladly Testify.

It is testimony like the following that has placed "the old Quaker Remedy" so far above competitors. When people right here at home raise their voice in praise there is no room left for doubt. Read the public statement of an Albuquerquean citizen:

Mrs. W. C. Wood, (W. C. Wood, is employed in the Santa Fe railroad shops) residence, 720 South Broadway, says: "When on a visit to Fall River, Mass., I learned that Doan's Kidney Pills had been a household necessity in that city for years. Naturally when a person has backache themselves and friends, acquaintances and relatives continually insist that a particular remedy shall be tried, you at least consent to take a course of the treatment. I used Doan's Kidney Pills and they stopped an aggravated attack of backache, only one of many which had occurred in the past. When I came west I brought with me a dozen boxes of Doan's Kidney Pills long before they were so extensively known in California, as at present. I have not the slightest hesitation in publicly stating that I know from experience as well as observation that this remedy can be absolutely depended upon in all cases of kidney complaint causing backache, lumbago or other symptoms which follow in the wake of that far too prevalent annoyance."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the United States.

Remember the name—Doan's—and take no substitute.