Albuquerque Weekly Citizen

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POLITICAL DOINGS UP AT FOLSOM

Special Correspondence.

Folsom, N. M., Oct. 22.—The special train bearing Senator William H. Andrews, republican candidate for delegate to congress, was met at the station at 8 o'clock Saturday morning by nearly every inhabitant of Folsom. The schools had been dismissed for the day in honor of the event, the little ones mingling with the crowds to see and hear the man concerning whom the entire county is now interested.

Although the hour was very early for any demonstration, nevertheless the platform resembled excursion day in a rural town when the train pulled into Folsom. Cannon crackers, flags and bunting showed that all were entering heartily into the celebration, while the rush made to the rear coach clearly demonstrated the cause.

Headed by the Santa Fe band the party marched to the school house, a few yards away. The building had been beautifully decorated with the star and stripes for the occasion and the little children were drawn up on the steps waving tiny flags for "de senator."

As the party only had one hour at its disposal all speeches were necessarily very brief. Chief Justice W. J. Mills made a neat speech, thanking the ladies and children for their presence as well as the 500 voters. Judge Mills popularity in his district is undisputed, all entering into ready sympathy with him as soon as he began to talk.

Judge Mills talked for only a few minutes on national issues, devoting the major portion of his time to Senator Andrews and the republican party of New Mexico. As the chief justice was well acquainted with many ladies in the audience, owing to his numerous visits to Folsom, he entertained them with a brief description of the personality of the candidate, much to the amusement of his hearers and to the slight discomfort of the senator, who had not anticipated being called a handsome man before the fair sex of Folsom. Judge Mills then devoted his time to what had been accomplished by Senator Andrews since his residence of ten years in New Mexico. He closed by requesting the votes of each republican in that district, which was promptly given in one long hearty cheer from his audience.

Dr. George W. Harrison, a well-known resident of Albuquerque, then spoke for a few moments, enthusiastically endorsing Senator Andrews for congress. The doctor told how he had voted for Mr. Rodey, but that he was more than pleased with the nomination made by the convention and would use every effort to secure the election of the straight republican nominee. "Senator Andrews is building a railroad into Albuquerque," said Dr. Harrison, "and for that reason, if for no other, I would lend him my energetic support. He is a man who has not been afraid to develop the resources of our great territory, has caused eastern capitalists to believe that this is a good country in which to invest, a man who has never failed when called upon for anything and a man who should have our undivided support, for those reasons. I for one will cast my vote for him. I know that Bernalillo county will give him a good majority and I have every reason to suppose that the same will be true of Union county."

Jerry Leahy, candidate for council, then took the floor and devoted a few moments to a discussion of the political situation in the counties of the northeast. Mr. Leahy showed how the county was prospering under republican administration of affairs in direct contrast to what had been the case when the democrats were in control. He touched on Governor Otero's able administration of territorial affairs, concerning what Senator Andrews had done for New Mexico and how he was better fitted to secure appropriations for this territory than any other person the people could elect to congress, closing for an appeal for the full republican vote of Union county.

The party had just time to reach the train on scheduled time at the close of Mr Leahy's speech. As the train drew out cheer after cheer followed the candidate, showing the effect the visit had made in stirring up republican enthusiasm in Folsom.

Several republicans from Clayton met the party at Folsom and a committee escorted Senator Andrews to the next city. Among these were Roberts Ervin, Charles Slaton, Faustin Gallegos, Carl Eklund and Edward Fox.

CAMPAIGN PARTY VISITS ALAMOGORDO

Special Correspondence.

Alamogordo, N. M., Oct. 27.—Republican enthusiasm ran in this city last night in honor of the visit of Governor Otero and William H. Andrews, republican nominee for delegate to congress. The special reached this city at 7 yesterday evening. A committee at once called giving the freedom of the city to the party while here. Judge Mann escorted the party to this city, having gone ahead to Tularosa for that purpose.

At 7:30 headed by the Santa Fe band, the procession started for the court house. Small boys stood along the entire route with Roman candles, while red lights were at each few yards, burning heavily.

Unfortunately the capacity of the court house was not sufficient to accommodate the large number who endeavored to secure entrance. Aisles, windows and stairs were packed. It is difficult to estimate the number who could not gain entrance.

Governor Otero opened the meeting with a well-delivered speech, thanking the people of Otero county for their demonstration, which could only be construed one way, the success of the republican party. Governor Otero, from whose name is Otero county, received constant ovations from his numerous friends. He introduced Senator Andrews as the man who "does things" and who would be the next delegate to congress from New Mexico.

Senator Andrews made an able speech, lasting ten minutes. He touched on only the more important needs of the territory, leaving other questions to the speakers who were to follow. He promised to do his best to secure for New Mexico that so badly needed improvement, irrigation. "If I cannot," he said, "I will see that someone else has an opportunity by resigning my position."

Major W. H. H. Llewelyn was called on for a speech and one of his vigorous attacks upon those who oppose for the simple desire of opposition. He spoke on national issues but at greater length upon the subject of the republican candidate for delegate to congress. Major Llewelyn paid Senator Andrews a high tribute on his modesty, generosity and great ability: "Senator Andrews does not tell you that he ever helps the poor, those in want or distress," cried the speaker. "It would not be right for him to make his private life campaign material. I do not see, however, why I should not tell you a few things I know of our candidate. I know that many times he has gone down into his pockets for the aid of those in distress. I know that when the soldiers returned from the Spanish-American war that he visited every hospital in New York and looked after the sick boys from this territory. I know that he is a generous, honest man. That he has contributed where we will never know that he has assisted; that few come for aid who do not receive it. I know these things, but few are so acquainted with the inner life of our candidate. I tell you, ladies and gentlemen, that I am proud that the great republican party of this territory has a man as its candidate who has such great worth as the Hon. William H. Andrews."

Captain D. J. Leahy then made an eloquent appeal to the voters of his city to vote for Senator Andrews and for the republican ticket. Mr. Leahy is a popular speaker wherever he has gone but was especially well received upon returning to the city in which he has his residence. He devoted a portion of his allotted time to a discussion of how the republican party had benefitted the people of the United States, and then he turned around and showed how the democrats had not alone not benefitted but had been injurious to the people of this country.

Col. George W. Pritchard, of White Oaks, delivered one of his characteristic speeches, attacking democrats and independents in fearless language. Nothing was said which could be disputed, nothing was stated mildly, but no one could take offense. Col. Pritchard spoke for nearly three-quarters of an hour, giving way to Dr. George W. Harrison, of Albuquerque, who also had a little to say about the Rodey proposition.

After the meeting many whom the democrats have been claiming would support an independent candidate in Otero county came to Senator Andrews and pledged their undivided support. The independent movement has received no recognition in Alamogordo, the regular nominee receiving the full support of this county.

The meeting last night was evidence that Otero county will ably support the republican ticket in the coming election.

Agricultural Convention.

Oklahoma City, Okla., Oct. 28.—There was a good attendance today at the opening of the territorial agricultural convention, the sessions of which will continue through tomorrow. Prominent among the scheduled speakers are President Hartzog, of the University of Arkansas; Prof. R. E. Smith, of Sherman, Texas; Prof. John Fields, of the Oklahoma Agricultural college, and W. J. Spillman, of the United States department of agriculture.

Taft at Rochester.

Rochester, N. Y., Oct. 28.—The republicans of Rochester and vicinity have made great preparations for the demonstration to be held tonight. Secretary of War Taft is to be the principal speaker, and others on the program are Frank W. Higgins and M. Linn Bruce, candidates for governor and lieutenant governor respectively.

A CREDIT TO THE TERRITORY

J. J. LEESON TALKS OF NEW MEXICO'S EXHIBITS AT WORLD'S FAIR AND THE GOOD IT HAS ACCOMPLISHED.

"New Mexico has indeed a very interesting display in the mining space and other buildings at the St. Louis world's fair," said J. J. Leeson, who has just returned from the world's fair at St. Louis. "Next month the greatest of world's fairs will close after six months of a most successful engagement. The various states and territories have revealed to the world their great wealth and varied resources and it is but just and right that honors should fall where honors are due.

"New Mexico produces the greatest variety of minerals and grains of any state or territory in the Union. Its cereals and fruits are also equal to any in America. Its climate and its health giving qualities have been brought to the eyes of the world and today this territory is one of the best advertised sections on the globe and this has resulted principally through its exhibits.

"This territory may well be proud of its advertising and of its honored citizens, who have shown such energy in bringing this territory so prominently before the world. The New Mexico building at the world's fair has been visited by fully one-half of the United States congress and millions of citizens throughout the country who have listened to the territorial commissioners as they showed and explained to them the varied resources of the increasing population, railroads and factories.

"I have visited many great expositions, and can truly say that the St. Louis world's fair exceeds all others and that the territory of New Mexico has done itself proud."

U. of M. Students at the Fair.

St. Louis, Mo., Oct. 28.—Large parties of students and alumni of the University of Missouri came to St. Louis today and took part in special exercises held at the world's fair in their honor. The majority of the visitors will remain over for the football game tomorrow between the teams of the University of Missouri and Purdue university.

YOUNG LADY BURNED TO DEATH

AWFUL FATE OF REBECCA RODRIGUEZ AT SILVER CITY.

(From Friday's Daily Citizen.)

A distressing accident, terminating fatally within twenty-four hours, occurred in this city early Sunday morning, the victim being Rebecca Rodriguez, a pretty young Mexican girl, aged 18 years.

Miss Rodriguez had been to a dance and had returned to her home in the southwestern part of the city about 1 o'clock in the morning. Just how the accident occurred will never be known, as she was alone at the time, but it is supposed she struck a match for the purpose of lighting a lamp, and that it fell to the floor, igniting her dress. Miss Rodriguez was subject to fainting spells, and when the dress caught fire, she must have been unconscious, as it was some little time later when her moans attracted attention and assistance.

The flames had eaten away all the apparel which she wore, and her face and body was simply a mass of burns and blisters. Medical aid was summoned and everything possible was done to alleviate the terrible suffering which she was undergoing, but death came to her relief the same night.

Deceased was a bright young lady and very popular. A sad feature of her death was that she was shortly to have been married. Funeral services were conducted yesterday.—Silver City Independent.

COCHRAN'S THROAT SORE FROM SPELL BINDING

Kansas City, Oct. 28.—Burke Cochran, of New York passed through here early today and consulted physicians regarding his throat, which is causing him trouble lately. The physician, it is stated, advised an operation which, however, will be postponed until after the election. He will make several speeches in Indiana.

Dropped Dead.

Columbus, O., Oct. 28.—Former Governor George K. Nash dropped dead in his bath room today.

LAWS OF ELECTION

INSTRUCTIONS TO VOTERS AND BOARDS OF REGISTRATION FOR CONDUCTING SUCH.

Every person desiring to vote must be registered, as required by Secs. 1702 and 1703, C. L. 1897, but Chap. 84, Laws, 1903, amends Sec. 1701 so that a person not registered may tender to the judges of election an affidavit signed by himself and two qualified voters, showing that he is entitled to vote, notwithstanding that he is not registered.

Form of this affidavit is herewith inclosed as "n. 1."

While persons not registered may thus vote upon proper showing, it must not be depended upon, as it is only to be used in extreme cases, and every person entitled to vote should see that he is registered; in order to avoid delay and trouble at the polls.

The duties of the board of registration are set out fully in said Sec. 1703, and if they refuse to register any person presenting himself, such person may make affidavit setting out his qualifications as a voter (Form 1, sent with these instructions) or, if he is absent from the precinct, another person may do it for him. (See Form 1.)

It is the duty of any justice of the peace to administer such oaths, free of charge, and upon presentation of such affidavit, it is the duty of such board of registration to file the same, and place the name of the party on the registration book.

The boards of registration are bound to give certificates to voters for the same upon filing the affidavit sent herewith as form 2. The form of said certificate of registration is sent herewith as Form "3." The voter should file this certificate with the judges of election of the precinct where he desires to vote.

The qualifications of a voter are: That he shall be a full citizen of the United States (declaration of intention or "first papers" will not do), a male and not a Pueblo or other Indian of the full age of twenty-one years.

If his birthday occurs on the day of election he is entitled to be registered and to vote. He must have resided in the territory six full months, in the county three full months, and in the precinct or ward where he offers to vote full thirty days, excluding the first and last immediately preceding the election. He must not be an officer, soldier, seaman, marines, or other person in the army or navy or attached to troops in the service of the United States, not a camp follower. R. S. U. S., Sec. 1860 and 1047 C. L. 1897, nor any person convicted of bribery, perjury, forgery, incendiarism, coining false money, rape, larceny, or who shall have been twice sentenced for petty larceny. C. L. 1897, Secs. 1662 and 1672.

The utmost care must be used by the boards of registration and judges and clerks of elections to comply with the law in every particular, filling up the blank oaths and certificates in the proper places, and signing them in the blanks left for that purpose. It is upon this certificate that the canvassing officers act, and small errors are liable to reject the precinct and change the whole election. We have seen at former elections what advantages may be taken of small technicalities to throw out the election returns. It was upon a certificate like Form 4, in the election of 1892, in the precinct of Galisteo, was saved in Santa Fe county, and without it the county would have been carried by the democrats.

I enclose such a certificate (Form 4) which should be immediately filed with the justice of the peace of the precinct after the votes are counted, under Sec. 1697 C. L. 1897. Also Form 5, being certificate of result of election, as to delegate and legislative district, which should be sent immediately to the secretary of this committee for information.

If, for any reason, judges of election are not appointed, or fail to appear at 10 o'clock on the morning of election day, the qualified voters present, by a majority vote, select such judges, who shall conduct the election, and an affidavit of the fact must be attached to the poll book. The polls are to be open from 9 a. m. until 6 p. m. The judges must show the ballot box open to the people before commencing the election, and when the election is closed they must place the poll book in the ballot box on top of the ballots; then lock the box in the presence of the people, cover the hole in the box with paper and sealing wax, and send the same to the county commissioners by messenger, who must take a receipt for the same from the probate clerk. No ballot shall have any number or mark placed upon it by any voter on the poll books, nor shall any method be used by which a vote can be identified. "Pasters" or any other method of changing the printed ballot may be used by the voter before he deposits his ballot. If "pasters" are used, the name over which the "paster" is to go must first be obliterated in some manner; it may show through the "paster" and cause confusion, and perhaps the loss of a vote.

All ballots must be printed with black ink on plain, white paper, three inches in width and eight inches long.

First, at the head of the ticket, in large black letters, REPUBLICAN PARTY, with the flag on the staff, with liberty cap upon it, immediately under the party name. Laws of 1903, Chap. 59, Sec. 2; and then the names of the candidates and the offices for which they are candidates, NOT the office first and then the names of the candidates, as has been the custom in many of the courts of the territory. This is a small matter apparently, but it is the law, and we all know what advantages the democrats will take of the smallest technical error.

Although a voter has obtained his certificate of registration to enable him to vote outside his precinct, if he does not vote there and make an affidavit to that effect and returns such certificate to the judges of election in his precinct, he is entitled to vote in his own precinct, notwithstanding he had obtained a certificate entitling him to vote elsewhere.

No person shall be allowed nearer than ten yards to any polling place during the election, except the person voting, and one challenger for each political party; when the voter is within ten yards of the voting place, it is unlawful for any person to attempt to examine his ballot, or to ask him for what person or party he is about to vote, or to try and persuade him to change his vote. This space of ten yards should be measured and enclosed by a rope or wire.

No person is entitled to be registered or to vote who is prohibited by Sec. 1672, C. L. 1897, recited in paragraph 4 of this letter.

When the vote of any person is received for any reason of the judges, his name shall be registered in the poll book and the person he offers to vote for, and the word "rejected" shall be written opposite the name of the person as offering to vote in the poll book, as required by Sec. 1668, C. L. 1897.

There are heavy penalties provided in the law for changing the designation of a ballot, seducing or deceiving a voter as to the character of a ballot, for giving or receiving a bribe, for any intimidation, threat, promise of employment or threat to discharge from employment for voting or refraining from voting in any particular way, as well as severe punishment for any judge, clerk or secretary of election, board of registration or messenger employed to take the returns, who shall fail in any manner to do his duty.

The above instructions are in accordance with the C. L. 1897, Secs. 1526 and following.

The method of canvassing the vote where council and house representative districts are composed of more than one county is entirely changed. That duty being performed by the secretary of the territory in the same manner as he canvasses the vote for delegate under Sec. 1653, C. L. 1897, upon certificates of the boards of county commissioners of the several counties, as provided also by the laws of 1901, page 180, and laws of 1903, page 211, which latter provides that the election returns shall be forwarded to the secretary by express, and only in cases where there is no express company at the county seat, shall a special messenger be employed and then only to convey the returns to the nearest express office. The messenger must be one of the board of canvassers and receives twelve and one-half cents per mile for conveying such returns.

Judges of registration and judges and clerks of election cannot be too careful in following exactly the above rules, for upon their doing so may depend whether the vote of their precinct shall be counted in the election. Very respectfully,

H. O. BURRUM,
Chairman Republican Cent. Com.
C. V. SAFFORD,
Secretary.

MARIE FOUNTAIN COMPANY

RENDERED "THE AMERICAN DRUMMER" AT OPERA HOUSE LAST NIGHT.

(From Friday's Daily Citizen.)

"The American Drummer" was produced at the Elks' opera house last night by the Marie Fountain Theatre company to a large audience.

The play is a farce comedy in four acts and portrays an American yean drummer in the depths of Ireland. There is a little plot and little bone to the story. The American has a way of bobbing up at critical moments when life or wealth is in jeopardy, and comes to the rescue with his yeast cake, and then rushes off with a smirk—"In fact, there is nothing like it."

The bill tonight is "The Gambler's Wife."

New York Closing Prices.

New York, Oct. 28.—Close: Atchison, 53⅝; Atchison pfd., 101⅝; New York Central, 134⅝; Pennsylvania, 136⅝; Southern Pacific, 62⅝; Union Pacific, 111⅝; Union Pacific pfd., 93⅝; United States Steel, 36⅝; United States Steel pfd., 81⅝.

The Money Market.

New York, Oct. 28.—Money on call, steady; prime mercantile paper, 4 @ 5; silver, 58⅝.

SHERIFF SMITH STRIPPED OF CLOTHING

Special to The Citizen.

Gallup, N. M., Oct. 27.—The prisoners of the McKinley county jail, lead by George Black, a desperado, made a break for liberty yesterday afternoon, and some got away.

Sheriff W. A. Smith took dinner to them, and was stripped of his clothing and locked in the cell, when the prisoners marched away. The plan was that of George Black, doing time for highway robbery. He donned the sheriff's clothes, and at the point of the sheriff's six-shooter marched the other prisoners from the jail.

At 2 o'clock in the afternoon Marshal McVickers saw two of the prisoners on the street, recognized them and started for them. They threw up their hands and told the marshal they were looking for him. They refused to fly with the other seven and came down town to give the details. The marshal took the two men back to jail and found the sheriff in his underclothes locked in the cell. As soon as clothing could be procured for the sheriff he was released and a posse of deputies on horses armed with Winchester rifles scoured the hills and adjacent territory for the prisoners. Two have been found with the two who gave themselves up, making four. Five made good their escape.

One of the prisoners who was captured was Black, who was the instigator of the movement. He was locked up some time ago charged with holding up three men at the point of a gun. After relieving the victims of their belongings, he quietly went into Gorden's saloon and sat down quite unconcerned. He was found a few moments later by the sheriff and placed under arrest. At the time opinion was expressed that he was not right mentally, and now looks either mentally unbalanced or a hard criminal, who played a little game so as to be locked up and escape punishment for a possible greater crime elsewhere.

The original plan was to lock the sheriff in the cell, then telephone Marshal McVicker, telling him the sheriff wished him at the jail, and according to the plan, when McVicker arrived he was to be hit on the head and locked up. With both county and city officers locked up, it would be some time before the people became acquainted with what had happened. The prisoners would have ample time to leave and gotten miles away. This plan was not carried out.

FOOT SQUEEZED BUT NOT CRUSHED

MRS. M. F. STEINER'S NARROW ESCAPE FROM AWFUL ACCIDENT.

(From Friday's Daily Citizen.)

Because someone yelled "Look out!" Mrs. M. F. Steiner, of North Second street, stopped stock still in front of a moving train at the Railroad avenue crossing yesterday afternoon, and barely escaped being ground to death under the cars. As it happened, she has a torn place an inch and a half long on her right foot just above the big toe and is at St. Joseph's hospital very lame.

Mrs. Steiner attempted to cross the tracks when the gates were down for a passing train, and had left the sidewalk and was crossing in front of a string of box cars being pushed by a switch engine. Just as she reached the track some one yelled at her. She became confused and stood still and let the train knock her down. Luckily she fell to one side of the tracks and they are passed on without doing any more damage than squeezing one foot, which laid close to the rail.

The physician in charge of the case says that Mrs. Steiner will be out within a week.

THE BIG MINSTRELS

WILL BE HERE WITH NEW SPECIALTIES ON THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 3.

It is always pleasant to look forward to a real up-to-date minstrelsy, and the new Mahara Musicale Minstrels is among the recent showy productions of the current season. Critics are profuse in their praise of the unique company, and together with the superb scenic environment, which Manager Mahara has supplied, this attraction has been called a work of art. From a musical standpoint the Mahara company is superior in every particular, the musical medley being a treat in itself. The festive vaudevillian also furnishes a big part of the entertainment, and numerous other attractive features place Mahara's Operatic Minstrel Room on a par with the best. A splendid street parade will be given on the day of the performance. At night the company appears at the opera house on Thursday, November 3.

Chicago Banks Consolidate.

Chicago, Oct. 27.—The purchase of the National Bank of North America by the Continental National bank is announced effective at once. This action comes as a climax to the charges connecting the name of President Isaac N. Perry, of the National Bank of North America with the felonious burning of the Chicago Car and Locomotive company's plant at Hegewisch, October 9. While the directors accept the president's denial as truth they thought a merger the best business policy. With the consolidation the Continental will take rank as the second largest bank in Chicago.

Farewell Address.

Harbin, Oct. 28.—Viceroy Alexieff today issued his farewell order of the day to the effect that he was leaving for St. Petersburg, and thanking the officers and men of the Pacific fleet for their self-sacrificing work and especially the seamen at Port Arthur.

CHINAMAN CAPTURES A WHITE WIFE

SAM JUNG FORD AND MISS DAISY STALEY OF SAN FRANCISCO, MARRIED HERE.

(From Friday's Daily Citizen.)

Rev. W. J. Marsh, pastor of the Congregational church, performed the marriage ceremony yesterday of Sam Jung Ford to Miss Daisy Staley.

The groom is a Chinese merchant recently of Chinatown, San Francisco, and the bride is the daughter of J. A. Staley a wealthy fruit and nut grower of California. She is 20 years old and very pretty, being a decided blonde, with blue eyes and a rosy complexion. When seen by The Citizen representative Mrs. Ford wore a stylish brown tailor made skirt and silk shirt waist of a very pretty figure.

She said that she met Sam Jung Ford five years ago and became acquainted with him while trading at his store in San Francisco. They have been keeping company since shortly after their first meeting.

Mr. Ford is 22 years older than his bride, and there is considerable gray in his heavy shock of once black hair. Besides his interests in San Francisco, he also has an interest in a store at Fresno, Cal. He said that he and Miss Staley come to Albuquerque on train No. 3 of Wednesday night and were married the following morning. They came here with a view to locating, and have already looked at some garden land north of the city which is for lease.

Mr. and Mrs. Ford have taken rooms on South Second street.

Western Illinois Medicos.

Quincy, Ill., Oct. 28.—The convention of the Western Illinois Medical association here today was largely attended by prominent physicians and surgeons from all parts of the territory embraced by the organization. The meeting was devoted to papers and discussions on a variety of topics of interest to the profession.

Reconciliation.

Reconciliation with God is not brought about by mere repentance or by any other outward means, but by a thorough searching of the heart and by the renovating of man's disposition and will.—Rev. A. Gutmacher, Hebrew, Baltimore, Md.

Rush for Stocks.

New York, Oct. 28.—There was a rush today to get back the stocks sold yesterday on account of the fright over the Anglo-Russian crisis, and very heavy buying orders lifted nearly all the principal stocks.

A DENIAL

Chairman Gallos, of the territorial independent republican committee, says that H. S. Rodey, the independent candidate for delegate, was in Santa Fe yesterday and last night, hence he could not have been at Raton.

Chairman Gallos pronounces that "Special to the Morning Journal" dated from Raton, a fake in every particular, and, therefore, as Rodey was not at Raton last night, his reception was not a decided "frost." Mr. Gallos is under the impression that the "special" was manufactured in the Journal office.