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THE CIMARRON NEWS.

AND CIMARRON CITIZEN

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JAUREZ CAPTURED BY REBELS AFTER BLOODY BATTLE

El Paso, Texas, May 9.—A general engagement between revolutionary forces and federals at Juarez is raging today. The entire rebel army broke camp during the night and this morning were swarming into town. Privates Emile Gracia and Cassidy of the American legion with the insurgents, who came to El Paso this morning to get food, stated that already fifteen Americans were killed and the insurrecto loss would probably reach a hundred and fifty killed and wounded. The federals' loss is more than double that.

Cassidy said General Villareal had arrived from Ojinaga with reinforcements and two pieces of artillery.

Prospects of rebel success are dependent upon the ability of the federals to use their twelve machine guns in the town.

General Madero admitted today he had given consent to a general attack, but declared the federals had opened fire and the men who were reported as revolting against him had pursued the federals of their own accord and could not relinquish their position.

Madero said he made effort to arrange an armistice last night, but failed because of the progress the rebels had made. All the leaders had been acting on Madero's orders.

General Navarro would have consented to an armistice if the rebels had evacuated the town, but the rebel chief by that time had given orders for an attack primarily to reinforce two hundred brave fellows who had forced their way into Juarez despite federal trenches and barricades.

Bullets have been pouring into El Paso and American troops are keeping sightseers three blocks away from the river.

The casualties of the insurrectos and federals are not known tonight but five people on the American side of the line were killed and at least twelve wounded. Thousands of people in El Paso dotted roof tops or lined the river bank in direct line of the fire. Colonel Steever of the Fourth United States Cavalry protested to both armies against the fire into American territory and it lessened considerably thereafter. Nearly a thousand American troops were massed on the border keeping the crowds back and ready to respond to any orders from Washington.

El Paso, Texas, May 10.—Ciudad Juarez, the federal base of operations in northern Mexico and the Mexican government's principal port of entry into the United States, has fallen.

With the hoisting of the white flag over the barracks of Juarez shortly after noon today, and the surrender of the federal commander, General Navarro and his entire staff, together with what remained of the federal garrison of 800 men, to Colonel Garibaldi, the two days' battle ended.

The surrender, which was unconditional, made the victory of the revolutionists under General Francisco I. Madero, J.C. complete. But the victory was not secured without a terrible loss of life on the battlefield, as well as on the American side of the line. The dead may number 200, while upwards of 300 were wounded, many fatally.

The casualties on the American side of the line were 4 killed and 16 wounded, several fatally.

Following the suspension of hostilities this afternoon, scores of surgeons from El Paso, their Red Cross insignia glaring in the sunlight crossed the river and began to treat the wounded federals and insurrectos alike.

Juarez presents a scene of carnage and ruin. Dynamite bombs, shells, bullets and a conflagration that raged a greater part of the night, transformed the usually sleepy and tranquil border town into a mass of smoking ruins. Numerous adobe houses were razed,

several large buildings, including the city market place, the Northwestern depot and the postoffice were burned.

The hoisting of the white flag over the barracks had the effect of putting an immediate stop to the firing, it being the signal that the federals had given up the battle. Rebel flags were at once hoisted over the principal buildings, the customs house and from many of the housetops and the church bells rang out in the celebration of the rebel victory.

General Madero on his entry into the city, issued a proclamation guaranteeing protection to all foreign residents.

Curtain Falls on Farce Comedy

Denver, Colo., May 6.—At 10:15 o'clock tonight the joint assembly of the Colorado legislature, halting to elect a successor to the late United States Senator Charles J. Hughes, Jr., was formally dissolved, leaving unbroken the deadlock which has existed since January 12. As a result Colorado, with practically a complete democratic state administration and with an overwhelming democratic majority in the legislature will be represented in United States senate for the next two years by a solitary republican, Simon Guggenheim.

A personal fight waged against Mayor Robert W. Speer, of Denver, the leading candidate, whose final strength of 13 votes in the last ballot was exactly one-half of the democratic majority in the legislature, is held responsible for the failure to elect a senator.

The closing hours of the joint assembly were marked by the triple refusal of State Senator McCue, Mayor Speer's campaign manager, to accept nomination for the senatorship at the hands of members of the anti-Speer faction.

With Lieutenant Governor Fitzgerald doing all in his power to withhold the announcement of the final vote in the hope that the warring democrats might find the way to an election at the eleventh hour, State Senator Icky, Mayor Speer's private secretary, rushed from the chamber for a conference with his chief, and the report thrilled through the assembly that he had gone to bring word of Speer's withdrawal and pave the way to McCue's election. His return shattered the hopes of those who still thought an election might be brought about. It was thought Speer would stick to the bitter end, but a moment later the lieutenant governor rapped his gavel with the words: "I am ringing down the curtain on the greatest farce-comedy in the political history of Colorado."

Spreading Rails Causes Wreck.

Glenwood Springs, Colo., May 11.—Spreading rails caused a 149 grand passenger train to leave the track at Res. Colo., causing the death of Mrs. Catherine J. Martin, of Albany, N. Y., and injury to twenty-seven others, three seriously. The chair car and the tourist sleeper broke from the train and the lower ends plunged into the Eagle river. Mrs. Martin was drowned.

Bail Denied in M'Namara Case

Los Angeles, May 9.—The application of John J. McNamara for the fixing of bail, upon the charge of dynamiting, was disallowed today by Superior Judge Bordwell without prejudice and with leave to renew it at any time. The court asked for suggestions as to the fixing of the bail and Attorney Harriman answered that the defendant had the right to demand that the amount be named.

"The prosecution is indifferent as to the fixing of the bail," District Attorney Fredericks said. "The admission of bail is what we object to. The fixing of bail applies to charges; the admitting to bail to individuals. If the court makes any order, it might as well be one permitting the defendant to go on his own recognizance."

After some argument Judge Bordwell disallowed the application adding that he did so without prejudice and that it could be renewed later. McNamara was not in court.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. F. W. Brooks Sunday, May 7th, a fine boy. All parties doing well.

Ev Winters Gets Another Contest

Ev Winters of Raton, has matched himself for another boxing exhibition at Trinidad with Pete Jensen, the Battling Dane, of Denver. The contest will be held before the Trinidad Athletic Club May 10th, Decoration Day, and is scheduled to go fifteen rounds. The Dane has the reputation of being a terror and goes after his man a la Nelson. Winters is hard to handle and is more than willing to mix it with his opponent. If Winters wins this time it will put him in line for some of the top notchers and there is no fear among his friends that he will not make good.

Business at the Sawmills Picking up

A large force of men will begin work in a few days at the Roberts and D. H. Wood sawmills. The men in the business are expecting to cut more lumber this season than they have in the past. The C. & N. will put on another train in order to enable them to handle the increased output of the mills.

May Vote for Our President in April

Washington, May 8.—A change of the date of the inauguration of the president is assured of ratification by the Sixty-second congress and it is not improbable similar action will be taken to change the date of holding national elections.

The proposed amendment of the constitution of the inauguration from March 4, usually an inclement day in Washington, to the last Thursday in April.

The date of holding national elections would be changed from the first Tuesday in November to the first Tuesday in April preceding the expiration of the terms of the president and members of congress.

Quantrell Declared Alive

Warrensburg, Mo., May 11.—According to a letter received here by F. F. Ross from W. G. Colman, of San Benito, Tex., Will C. Quantrell, noted guerrilla, is alive in Mexico. He was supposed to have been killed in a battle at Taylorville, Ky., August 10, 1895, and what he purported to be his skull is now on exhibition in Topeka, Kan. Colman, who knew Quantrell in Kansas before the civil war, says the guerrilla will meet with his comrades at their annual reunion in Independence, Mo., next August if he lives.

MADERO ESTABLISHES PROVISIONAL GOVERNMENT

In speaking of the lawyers in attendance at the term of court being held at Taos, the Taos Valley news says in part:

On Wednesday evening two more distinguished attorneys appeared: A. B. Renshan of Santa Fe and Charles Springer of Cimarron. Mr. Renshan is always present at the terms of the Taos court and is always welcome. He is one of the busiest men in New Mexico but that never interferes with his genial greeting of friends and he seems to mix a close attention to business with social enjoyment, of neither. Charles Springer is known everywhere. He was a prominent member of the constitutional convention, a lawyer who is much sought after and, it is said has ambitions toward statesmanship. It may be that he will combine his legal work with a little fence building.

Juarez, Mex., May 11.—After a long conference this afternoon of the rebel chiefs, the following members of the provisional cabinet was announced:

- Minister of Foreign Relations—Dr. Vasquez Gomez.
- Minister of Finance—Gustavo A. Madero.
- Minister of War—Venustiano Carranza.
- Minister of Interior—F. Gonzales Garza.
- Minister of Justice—Jose M. Pino Suarez.
- Private Secretary to President Madero—Juan Sanchez Azcona.

18,000 Apple Trees Are Planted

Astec, N. M., Mar. 7.—What is undoubtedly the largest commercial apple orchard ever set in San Juan county has been this spring by the Bloomfield Orchard company. The trees, which were furnished by a Utah nursery, were as fine a lot as were ever shipped into this section. The 18,000 trees filled a car, and were of three varieties only, Rome Beauty, Winesap, Jonathan. These varieties have proven to be almost frost proof in this country and are first class commercial fruit.

The trees arrived early and a force of experienced men was secured and the 200 acres were planted in less than three weeks. A visit to the orchard, it is said, will show the trees now all leafing out and all in a healthy, thriving condition. The Citizens ditch, which waters this mesa, has been put in the best condition, it is said, and water will be delivered for first irrigation this coming week, although the ground was put in fine condition before the planting, and trees might not suffer for water for a month.

About one-half of the orchard has been sold to Colorado, Texas, Nebraska and Massachusetts parties. The Bloomfield Orchard company to care for same until trees are in bearing.

Apples in this section have not been damaged by the cold weather, and if no severe frosts come later on, the country will have one of the largest apple crops in its history.

Statehood Laid Before the House

Washington, May 9.—Statehood for New Mexico and Arizona held the attention of the house today. Reports were received from the sub-committee on the resolutions of inquiry, and the committee on territories, which met early in the day approved the sub-committee reports, recommending statehood for both territories, after they shall have voted on certain constitutional amendments. Arizona is asked to resubmit the recall provision of its constitution, voting on an amendment which eliminates the judiciary. New Mexico on an amendment making its constitution more easily amendable. The joint resolution reported by Chairman Flood of the committee on territories, will be called up later in the week.

Juarez, Mex., May 11.—Comfortably lodged in their new provisional capital, the taking of which the rebels declare, will make their prospects of recognition by foreign powers much brighter, rebel political leaders today were conferring with General Madero and revising the demands made on President Diaz before the battle.

They are strengthening these somewhat and will continue to insist on a real participation in government affairs and such privileges as the naming of men from their party for governors in fourteen states and four portfolios in the cabinet.

The attitude of the rebels on the question of the resignation of President Diaz hardly has crystallized yet. Dr. Vasquez Gomez, one of the rebel peace commissioners, declared today it still was the paramount question. With reference to the contention of the government that insubordination in the Madero ranks provoked the attack on Juarez, and that General Madero is not in control of his soldiers, the rebels charge trickery on the part of the government to disseminate the state of anarchy is prevalent in the republic and that therefore it would be fatal for Diaz to abdicate.

The insurrectos are determined not only to hold Juarez but to prevent any other fight in this vicinity if possible. Plans were being laid today for a force of several hundred men to march south to meet Colonel Rabago the federal leader reported on his way here from Chihuahua, with a good-sized army.

The rebels already have about 300 men at Casas Grandes and probably will open fire on Rabago's command when it arrives there.

Though the revolutionists are flushed with victory, and some of them are eager to pursue the fight with increasing vigor throughout Mexico, till the capital of the republic shall have fallen, conservative rebel leaders are hoping that the bloody battle of Juarez will be the last chapter of the military side of the revolution. Having demonstrated their strength in the field, they now wish to turn their attention to the argument of words and public opinion.

The insurrectos to day are conquerors in a town which is the most important capture of the revolution. Not only because of the fact that it is a port of entry to the United States—and the insurrectos believe that in the next twenty-four hours food and supplies will be crossing the line to them un molested—but because they are now in possession of about 450,000 rounds ammunition several machine guns and heavy field pieces, about 700 Mauser rifles and enough ammunition belts and other warlike sundries to wage a furious warfare for some time to come.

The border town was quiet today. The inhabitants slept peacefully in their homes last night, while insurrecto sentries guarded the town. General Juan Navarro, was paroled with his officers last night, spent the night in the same house with General Madero. Though the federal commander now has been given the liberty of the city, he does not deem it safe to be seen much about town because there are said to be several insurrectos who cherish a grudge against him for alleged bayoneting of the wounded in other battles of the revolution.

Government Holds Big Interest

Washington.—Stacked in one of the corners of the U. S. treasury, \$300,000 in gold coin is going begging. The government cannot give it away, yet none of the rightful owners can be induced to take it, it represents unclaimed interest on the public debt, somewhere in nooks and crannies and out-of-the-way places are the government's interest checks for the money, which never have been cashed. Some of them never will be presented, others may be brought around in time and some are being held by cautious investors.

From time to time the treasury attempts to call in the checks and the vagaries of human nature are shown. One citizen has more than \$60,000 waiting for him and holds the checks for it. He was recently invited to cash in, and made a trip to Washington to tell treasury officials the checks were his property; he could cash them when he pleased or burn them up if he wished. If he does the latter his money will be held in the vaults until congress, perhaps, might dispose of it. The treasury can do nothing but keep it.

The contractor who laid the first pavement upon Pennsylvania avenue from the capitol to the

White House has \$21,000 waiting for him; it has been there many years, but the treasury has never been able to find the rightful payee, as the contractor faded and his affairs became involved in litigation which never has been settled.

The amounts of this seemingly ownerless find range from thousands down to a few cents. The smaller amounts are all held for those who owned government securities at some time or other and probably have forgotten to collect their latest interest.

Statehood Still Hanging Fire

Washington, May 10.—Neither branch of congress was in session today but committees were active. Interest in the senate at the capitol lay chiefly in the continued hearings on Canadian reciprocity before the finance committee.

Farmers, paper manufacturers and wire manufacturers had obtained reservations of time in which to address the committee. They seemed to direct their remarks largely to the members of the committee.

Mrs. Dawson Succumbs to Operation

The sad news has just reached us of the death of Mrs. Grace C. Dawson that occurred in the Presbyterian Hospital at Chicago from the effects of an operation performed two weeks ago last Saturday. The body will arrive here on No. 9 Thursday afternoon where the funeral will be held at a time to be announced later. This news will come as a great shock to a large circle of friends in Raton where Mrs. Dawson has spent many years of her life and where she possesses many dear and close friends. The sad news is the more unexpected because of the previous information received stating that the deceased was rapidly from what was supposed to be a most delicate though successful operation. A daughter, Bernice, is left of the immediate family to mourn the loss of the departed one.—Raton Range.

The house committee on territories again considered statehood for Arizona and New Mexico, delay having been caused by the insistence of Republican members that New Mexico voting on a proposed amendment. There will be a report of the minority when the resolution is submitted to the house Friday.

Sampsell Charges are Dismissed

Springer, N. M., May 9.—After extended investigation the board of trustees of the New Mexico Reform school at its meeting here dismissed the charges brought against Superintendent Kirkpatrick by the former Assistant Superintendent, E. D. Sampsell, of Albuquerque, who resigned and left the school some time ago. Trustees—Mills, Hunt, Aldredge and Aguilar were present. The board found that the charges were vague and general and not sustained by the evidence.

The board also heard the alleged grievances of some twenty inmates most of the complaints being trivial and only one boy alleging cruel treatment, claiming that Sampsell had punished him too thoroughly for bad conduct.

The bids for supplies were opened and awards made to the lowest bidder, who were: Pioneer Mercantile Co., Cadahy and Armour Packing Co., Nels Kreiberg and others for special supplies. The quantity called for was reduced more than one-half upon the theory that many products would decline in price.

The question of employing an assistant superintendent was brought up. It was decided for the pre-

sent to get on with the three subordinate employes, Mann, Conser and Ortiz.

The superintendent was instructed to continue making cement blocks for use in building a wall in front of the grounds, to quote price-cases for public sale, and also continue farming as extensively as could be done.

Sells Interest in First National Bank

A deal was closed last Saturday whereby A. W. Vasey formerly of Leroy, Illinois, becomes the owner of 208 shares of stock in the First National bank owned by W. S. Kilpatrick. He also purchased the residence owned by Mr. Kilpatrick and has moved his family here. Mr. Kilpatrick resigned as cashier of the bank Saturday and Mr. Vasey was elected to succeed him.

The new cashier comes to Cimarron highly recommended, having had over twelve years experience in the banking business.

Mr. Kilpatrick will remain in the city for some time at least having other property interests here that demand his attention.



John Hays Hammond, the world famous mining engineer, whom President Taft has appointed special ambassador to the coronation of King George V.