SCIENCE IS NEEDED IN EDUCATION OF TODAY DECLARES PROF. MORGAN

"Ologies" and "Isms" Are No Good But Facts Are What the Children Need Educator Tells Association.

SECTIONAL MEETINGS HELD BY TEACHERS

(By Evening Herald A. P. Leased Wire)

San Francisco, July 11.—Departmental meetings, at which the technical side of pedagogical problems were lectured upon and discussed by experts occupied delegates of the National Educational association. Perhaps the largest attendance gathered at the joint session of the kindergarten, elementary and special education departments where "The School Lazard" was the subject of discussion.

At the meeting of the department of physical education, physical education of adolescent girls was the subject discussed by John M. Tyler of Amherst while Frances M. Greene, M. D., of Cambridge, Mass., delivered an address on "Sex Hygiene."

"Ologies" and "Isms" in connection with courses in science were condemned at a department meeting of the association today by Professor W. C. Morgan, University of California, who said:

"The most important contribution which science has to make toward the education of the people should be offered in the first year, the fundamental ideas affecting the life and welfare of mankind, whether they come from one science or from many. This means a general science course, treating those things which come within the general experience of the class. It should teach things, not 'ologies' or 'isms.' It should never be a series of 'six weeks courses' in half a dozen different sciences, but rather something like the old natural physiology.

"General science will not only give to all students ideas which will be of the greatest service to them, but by eliminating elementary material common to all, it will advance the standard of work in subsequent scientific courses.

"Educators are agreed generally as to the proper functions of grammar schools and university in developing intelligent citizenship, but the question is constantly raised whether the ordinary high school curriculum offers the best preparation for life. Nearly half of the students are commonly in the freshmen class; three-fourths of those entering high school leave before the junior year; less than ten per cent go to any higher institution of learning. A square deal for the great mass of students who do not continue their schooling should be the chief care of the high school.

"Recalling these facts, few maintain that the science work as usually given would furnish the best possible preparation for life. Physical geography cannot (probably no single science can) justify itself on this basis."

The misplacement of children in schools, getting them too high or too low for their mental capacity, is responsible for much of the truancy and incorrigibility, according to Henry H. Goddard of the School for Feeble Minded, Vineland, N. J., a speaker of one of the section meetings of the National Education association today. The speaker said that studies at the Vineland institution have shown that sixty-five per cent of feeble mindedness is hereditary. The speaker discussed particularly the Binet Measuring scale for intelligence, which has received official sanction by the New Jersey legislature, Mr. Goddard said, in part:

"The Binet scale is a method of marvelous accuracy and of great practical value, and can be applied to help us solve some of our problems and make our school system more efficient.

"We are beginning to recognize that many of our difficulties in school are the result of differences in inborn capacity rather than in inborn wickedness. It is therefore necessary to have some method of measuring that inborn capacity.

"The research department of the New Jersey Training School for Feeble-Minded Children has carried out a systematic testing of an entire school population of 2,000 children using this method. The results amount to almost a mathematical proof of the accuracy of the Binet method. It shows that there are 4 per cent of children who are precocious or better in mentality than the average child, 78 per cent are normal, 15 per cent are backward, and 3 per cent are feeble-minded. This table probably holds almost universally.

"We should have schools or special classes for these precocious children in order that the natural advantage with which they are born should not be lost, and that they should not learn bad ways and bad habits from being in classes that go so much slower than they are able to go. The 15 per cent that are merely backward should be in special classes, too, that they may be coached and helped along and enabled to get through as much of the school work as is absolutely necessary to make them useful. The 3 per cent that are feeble-minded should be in colonies or institutions where they are cared for and enabled to be happy and partially useful as long as they live, but if this is impossible, they must be cared for in special classes in public schools where they are not asked to learn reading, writing and arithmetic, but are taught to do those things with their hands which they can do and the doing of which makes them happy. They must never marry because the studies at the Vineland institution have shown that 65 per cent of feeble-mindedness is hereditary. Therefore, if these children grow up and marry, they simply perpetuate the race of feeble-minded persons.

"In this study of the entire school population tested by the Binet method, it is shown that some children are in classes that are way ahead of the mental capacity of the children, those ten all the way from the children that are in classes that are one year ahead of them to three years. In other cases, children are behind what they ought to be from one to three years. Two tendencies are shown to prevail. First, to keep all children as nearly as possible at the average, keeping those that are dull up to the average, holding those that are precocious down. The other tendency is to let those children that are very backward go, and not giving them the attention they need, they are as a result farther back than their mentality really warrants, or on the other side children who are a little precocious and encouraged and spurred on and placed in classes that are even higher than their mental attainments can reach. This is an injustice in both cases.

"In this misplacement of children, getting them too high or too low for their mental capacity is to be sought a large explanation of truancy and incorrigibility, also the fact that precocious children often break down. It is not because they are precocious, but because their precocity leads teachers and parents to push them too far ahead."

MISS ABBOTT SAYS SHE COPIED THE TAFT LETTER

Woman Writer Stands Alone In Charge That Certain Big Men Tried to Grab Controller Bay In Alaska.

(By Evening Herald A. P. Leased Wire)

Washington, July 11.—Washington is waiting with much interest for the story to be told tomorrow before the house committee on expenditures in the interior department by Miss M. F. Abbott, who claims to have copied from the files of the interior department a letter from Richard S. Ryan to the then secretary Richard A. Ballinger, showing that Ryan sought the aid of Chas. P. Taft in securing President Taft's approval of the opening of the water front on Controller Bay, Alaska.

Up to this time Miss Abbott appears to have been the only person to have seen the mysterious letter. Secretary Fisher has said that a thorough search of the department files failed to reveal such a letter. President Taft has stated that he had never talked with his brother about Ryan or Controller Bay, and it is announced that neither the files at the White House nor those of Chas. P. Taft show any correspondence on the subject.

Ashmuna Brown, former secretary to Mr. Ballinger, from whom Miss Abbott claims to have secured the letter has denied absolutely any knowledge of it. According to published accounts Miss Abbott will testify that she found attached to a typewritten letter from R. S. Ryan, from Ballinger dated June 12, 1910, this note:

"Dear Dick:—I went to see the president the other day about this Controller Bay affair. The president asked me whom it was I represented. I told him, according to our agreement, that I represented myself. But that did not satisfy him so I went for Chas. P. Taft and asked him to tell his brother who it was I represented. The president made no further objection to my claim.

"Yours, Dick."

A list of witnesses made up late today by the committee conducting the inquiry is said to include the following:

Charles P. Taft, brother of the president.

Daniel Guggenheim, head of the Alaskan syndicate.

Frank H. Hitchcock, postmaster general.

Richard S. Ryan, the alleged protector and a large number of land office clerks.

The inquiry promises to be a long one.

PEOPLE WILL NOT

(Continued from Page One.)

upon it. What he objected to in the referendum was not its hysterical application, but it hysterical extension.

"The people as a whole," he said, "have neither the inclination, the specialized training, nor the time requisite to enable them to master the thousand and one details necessary to qualify them wisely to discharge the functions of ordinary legislation.

"Under the initiative as provided, proposed laws will, of course, frequently be drafted by a clique of interested persons, perhaps all of one way of thinking. It will not be considered and debated in the house as legislative enactments are; there will be little if any opportunity for the consideration of opposing views in framing the law.

"The power of compromise, which is a necessity in the making of laws, will be wholly absent. The chances are altogether in favor of the adoption of more unwise laws than ever get through legislatures.

"The recall puts into the scale, upon one side or the other, in every case where strong public feeling exists, the artificially induced anxiety of the judge for the retention of his place. The recall institutes a tribunal where everybody decides and nobody is responsible; where at least twenty-five per cent of the membership have already, as the judge's accusers, prejudiced his case, and from whose arbitrary and unjust findings there is no appeal."

KANSAN SAVES DAY FOR ENGLAND IN BIG ATHLETIC CONTESTS

Rhodes Scholarship Contestant Wins the Hammer Throw and Secures the Honor for Winning Team.

AMERICANS HAVE NOT LEARNED TO RUN YET

(By Evening Herald A. P. Leased Wire)

Queens Club, July 11.—With America and England tied with four victories each, Philip John Baker of Kings College, Cambridge, turned the scales for the home team by winning the mile run today. It was the most exciting international university contest yet witnessed. The starting point of the Englishmen at long odds with the assistance they received from the Rhodes scholar Putnam of Kansas, who won the hammer throw, decided today's contest.

The only running event captured by the Americans was the half mile won by B. M. Preble of Harvard.

Baker won the deciding event by five yards. Amid great enthusiasm at the finish the crowd swarmed on the field, the band played "God save the King," and Baker was carried away on the shoulders of his comrades.

The Harvard and Yale men naturally were disappointed with the result but no excuses were offered or complaint was made. Capt. Kilpatrick of Yale voiced the views of his men when he said:

"There is nothing to say except that the best team won."

Captain Foster of Harvard expressed similar sentiments.

In the first event, Hammer throw, the American team was beaten by an American, G. S. Putnam of Kansas, a Rhodes scholar at Christ church, as a member of the Oxford Cambridge team.

Putnam made 151 feet 5 inches; Childs of Yale 140 feet 7 inches; Cable, Harvard, 137 feet 10 inches.

120 yards high hurdles, won by George A. Chisholm, of Yale; J. G. Cummings of Harvard second. Time 15 2-5 seconds.

Running high jump won by Wooster Canfield of Yale, whose mark was 5 feet 10 3-8 inches; Albert D. Barker of Harvard, second, with 5 feet 10 3-8 inches.

100 yard dash: Won by Duncan MacMillian, Trinity, Cambridge. Time 10 1-5 seconds. Fred A. Riley, Yale, second.

Half mile run: Won by B. M. Preble, Harvard. Anderson, Oxford, second; Jacques, Harvard, third. Time 1 minute 57 1-5 seconds.

The two-mile race was won by E. Gowan Taylor, Pembroke, Oxford; C. H. Porter, Brazenose, Oxford second; Paul R. Withington, Harvard third; Wm. F. Ryan, Harvard, fourth. Time 9 minutes 29 1-5 seconds.

Running broad jump, won by John R. Holden, Yale, 22 feet 9 1-4 inches; J. R. Kilpatrick, Yale, second, 21 feet 9 1-2 inches. M. J. Jenkins, Pembroke, Cambridge, third, 21 feet 5 inches; J. Hartley, Merton, Oxford, fourth, 21 feet 1 1-2 inches.

Quarter mile run. Won by F. G. Black, Pembroke, Cambridge; Duncan MacMillian, Trinity, Cambridge, second; John H. Stewart, Jr., Yale, third; Herbert W. Kelley, Harvard, fourth. Time 49 4-5 seconds.

One mile run: Won by Philip John Baker, Kings, Cambridge.

W. C. Moore, Exeter, Oxford, second; H. P. Lawless, Harvard, third. Time 4:27 3-5.

The Englishmen won five firsts of nine events.

FISHED TIES OUT OF RIVER NOT THEIR OWN

Santa Barbara Pole and Tie Company Has Two Men Arrested on Charge of Larceny; Fined in Police Court

Charged with larceny of ties from the Santa Barbara Pole and Tie company, Jose Zamora and Roman Lucero y Santallanes, of Alameda, were arraigned before Justice of the Peace George R. Craig this morning, having been arrested by Mounted Policeman George Fred Murray last Saturday. On saturday the men gave bond for their appearance today. Both men practically admitted their guilt. Zamora was fined ten dollars and costs and Santallanes fifteen dollars and costs.

According to the evidence introduced, ties belonging to the Santa Barbara company had got away from the boom at Domingo, forty-six miles north of Albuquerque, and floated down the Rio Grande to Alameda, nine miles north of here. Zamora and Santallanes, it is alleged, fished a number of ties out of the stream and appropriated them to their own use.

PRETTY GIRLS BOUND OVER

(By Evening Herald A. P. Leased Wire)

New York, July 11.—Ethel Conrad and Liliana Graham, who on June 6, shot W. E. D. Stokes, the millionaire hotel man, in their apartment, were held in $5,000 bail today for the grand jury on a charge of felonious assault.

Learnard-Lindemann Co.
THE SQUARE MUSIC DEALERS
PIANOS PHONOGRAPHS
Catalog free; write today
Established 1900 ALBUQUERQUE, NEW MEXICO

STATEHOOD WILL BE DISCUSSED AT A MEETING TONIGHT

Former Governor George Curry, Back Recently from Washington, Will Tell About Situation.

EVERYBODY URGED TO ATTEND GATHERING

"Statehood for New Mexico" is the theme for a big statehood rally to be held in the Commercial club, beginning at 8:30 o'clock this evening. The meeting is the regular semi-monthly gathering of the club, but statehood will be given the right of way and topics of minor importance will be relegated to the background. George Curry, former governor of New Mexico, who recently returned from an extended visit in Washington, is a visitor in the city and will make an address on the statehood proposition at the club meeting tonight. Captain Curry's address will be a straight talk on statehood and what may be expected from the senate and house in Washington. Everybody in Albuquerque is invited to attend the meeting, tonight, members or nonmembers.

PRINCE PROPHECIES OF TWENTY YEARS AGO FULFILLED

"An Empire of Imperial Dimensions," Is Slogan Used in Santa Fe Folder Issued Two Decades Since.

H. B. Hening, secretary of the New Mexico Bureau of Immigration is in receipt of a folder issued by the Santa Fe railroad in 1881, just 29 years ago. The folder comprises two addresses delivered by Hon. L. Bradford Prince, at that time governor of New Mexico. It is printed in the most approved typographical form of those days, but makes a very poor comparison with the average commercial circular of today.

The booklet deals in glowing terms of the resources and possibilities of the empire "of imperial dimensions" whose area is almost "precisely that of England, Scotland and Ireland combined." The addresses were delivered at the annual territorial fair in this city in September 1880, and in 1881, and deal with "The Present and Future of New Mexico," "A land of prosperity and happiness," respectively. Wood cut illustrations of an Indian Pueblo, the Montezuma house, a view in the Glorieta mountains, and a picture of two burros accompany the text. One hundred thousand copies of the folder were distributed.

Many of the prophecies of Governor Prince for the future development of New Mexico have been fulfilled and in many instances the results achieved have surpassed the most sanguine expectations of 29 years ago. So vast is the extent of the territory, said Governor Prince, "that among all the crowd assembled here (New Mexico fair, Albuquerque 1880) perhaps not five persons have been in all of our 15 counties."

PROFESSOR DAMSON LECTURE IS POSTPONED

Globe Trotting Experiences of Traveler Will Be Given in Lutheran Church at Later Date.

Because of the sudden and rather serious illness of Prof. William Damson the lecture which he was to have given in the Lutheran church this evening has been indefinitely postponed. Mr. Damson was to have given an account of his trip around the world on $100. Further notice of the date for the lecture will be made in ample time to permit those holding tickets to arrange to attend.

COURT NOTES.

Attorney W. C. Heacock, representing the Southwestern Brewery and Ice company, today filed suit in the district court asking judgment against L. T. Shryer and Otto Mann of Galup, in the sum of $2,511.40, alleged to be due on promissory notes. Shryer and Mann, it is stated in the complaint, gave a chattel mortgage on the Commercial hotel property in Gallup to secure payment on this note.

Ramshaw Case Postponed.

At the request of the defendant Justice of the Peace Jose E. Romero of Precinct No. 13 today postponed until Monday the case of A. Trosello versus Ed Ramshaw. Ramshaw is charged with breaking up the Trosello home.

GATES' END NEAR AT HAND.

(By Evening Herald A. P. Leased Wire)

Paris, July 11.—The condition of John Gates, the American financier, was worse today and his physicians state that their patient is in a critical condition.

Charles Gates, who hastened to his father's bedside from New York, arrived here today.

The Markets

WOOL PRICES DOWN FULLY TEN PERCENT

Intense Heat and Uncertainty of Congressional Action On Tariff Combine to Knock Prices of Fleece.

(By Evening Herald A. P. Leased Wire)

Boston, July 11.—The combination of intense heat, a holiday and an uncertainty over congressional tariff action made last week a dull one in the wool market, offering prices of dealers in the west for the new clip are practically 10 per cent below the high point of three weeks ago and spectators have practically ceased. The market transactions were such of small prices, including 21 cents, for half blood Montana.

Wall Street.

New York, July 11.—Prices of stocks ruled somewhat higher during the morning, following yesterday's reaction on publication of the government crop report. Traders today took a more cheerful view of the crop report, some spread stress on the increase in corn acreage, and the grain carrying railroads were among the strongest in the list.

Bonds were generally firm. There was considerable selling of American Tobacco bonds, which declined 1½.

Business was very scanty but purchases were at a higher level. The early afternoon prices showing most of the principal railroad stocks ruling about a point above yesterday's close. Union Pacific, Southern Pacific and St. Paul, Atchison, Reading, Lehigh Valley and United States Steel were comparatively in the spirited movement at intervals.

The market closed steady.

Liverpool Spot.

Liverpool, July 11.—Close: Cotton spot in fair demand, prices 8 points lower; American middling fair, $8.25; good middling, $7.96; middling, $7.71; low middling, $7.54; good ordinary $7.28; ordinary, $7.03. Sales, 5,000 bales.

New York Spot.

New York, July 11.—Cotton spot closed quiet, 15 points higher; middling uplands, $14.25; middling gulf, $14.50.

New York Money.

New York, July 11.—Call money 2 3-8@2½ per cent.

Prime paper, 4@4½ per cent.

Mexican dollars, 45c.

New York Stocks.

New York, July 11.—Amalgamated copper, 68½.

Sugar, 117 7-8 bid.

Atchison, 113.

Great Northern preferred, 135.

New York Central, 108½ bid.

Northern Pacific, 132 3-8.

Reading, 169 1-8.

Southern Pacific, 122 1-4.

Union Pacific, 158.

U. S. Steel, 79 3-8.

U. S. Steel preferred, 118 7-8.

New York Metals.

New York, July 11.—Lead steady, $4.45@4.50.

Standard copper quiet; spot, $12.12½@12.35; September, $12.17½@12.37½.

Chicago Grain.

Chicago, July 11.—With the government crop report construed as bullish, and with the European visible supply expected to show a big decrease, the wheat market today had an upward turn. On the other hand, the heavy offerings of the new crop of wheat here had a decidedly retarding effect. September started at 96 7-8@97c, a gain of ½@7-8c, but receded to 96 1-4c. The close was firm, 2-8c up for September.

Corn went sharply higher on account of the hot weather. September opened ½@1c up at 65@65½c. The market steadied around 65 1-4c. The close was firm at a gain of 1 1-4@1 3-8c for September.

New investors competed with shorts for meager offerings of oats. September started 1-4@3-8c to ½@3-4c higher at 46½@46 3-4c, and fell back to 46 1-4c.

Grain strength gave provisions a firm tone. Initial sales were unchanged to 5c higher, with September delivery $8.45 for lard and $8.50 for ribs. There was little doing in pork.

Grain and Provisions.

Chicago, July 11.—Wheat—Sept., 96½c; Dec., 93 1-4c.

Corn—Sept., 65@65 7-8c; Dec., 64 5-8c.

Oats—Sept., 46½c; Dec., 48 3-8@48½c.

Pork—Sept., $15.75; Jan., $15.60.

Lard—Sept., $8.42½; Jan., $8.40.

Ribs—Sept., $8.50; Jan., $8.10.

Chicago Livestock.

Chicago, July 11.—Cattle—Receipts 3,000; market slow and steady; beeves, $4.85@6.90; Texas steers, $4.60@6.00; western steers, $4.75@5.90; stockers and feeders, $3.00@5.10; cows and heifers, $2.35@5.75; calves, $5.75@7.75.

Hogs—Receipts 14,000; market steady to shade lower; light, $6.40@6.82½; mixed, $6.25@6.82½; heavy, $6.20@6.80; rough, $6.20@6.40; good to choice, heavy, $6.40@6.80; pigs, $6.10@6.60; bulk of sales, $6.55@6.70.

Sheep—Receipts 16,000; market generally steady; native, $2.50@4.65; western, $3.00@4.75; yearlings, $4.40@5.30; native lambs, $3.50@7.60; western lambs, $4.75@7.00.

Kansas City Livestock.

Kansas City, July 11.—Cattle—Receipts 12,000; market steady; native steers, $4.90@8.25; southern steers, $3.00@6.50; southern cows and heifers, $2.50@6.25; native cows and heifers, $2.50@6.75; stockers and feeders, $3.00@6.60; bulls, $3.00@5.50; calves, $3.50@8.00; western steers, $4.00@6.85; western cows, $2.50@4.50.

Hogs—Receipts 15,000; market steady to weak; bulk of sales, $6.30@6.45; heavy, $6.35@6.65; packers and choice, $6.50@6.62; light, $6.25@6.55.

Sheep—Receipts 14,000; market steady; mutton, $3.50@4.65; lambs, $5.75@7.90; fed western ewes, $3.20@5.00.

KICKS GO TO PORTLAND NEXT.

(By Evening Herald A. P. Leased Wire)

Atlantic City, July 11.—Portland, Oregon was chosen today by the Grand Lodge of the Benevolent Protective Order of Elks as the next meeting place.

HEADACHE

"My father had been a sufferer from sick headache for the last twenty-five years and never could get relief until he began taking Cascarets. Since he has begun taking Cascarets he has never had the headache. They have entirely cured him. Cascarets do what you recommend them to do. I will give you the privilege of using his name." E. M. Dickson, 1127 Bonner St., W. Indianapolis, Ind.

Best for The Bowels
Cascarets
CANDY CATHARTIC
THEY WORK WHILE YOU SLEEP
10c 25c 50c ALL DRUGGISTS
Pleasant, Palatable, Potent. Taste Good. Do Good. Never Sicken, Weaken or Gripe. The genuine must stamped CCC. Guaranteed to cure or your money back. Never sold in bulk.
Sterling Remedy Co., Wheeling, W. Va.
ANNUAL SALE, 12 MILLION BOXES

TROOP TRAINS WILL BEGIN TO REACH HERE SOON

Soldiers Who Are Ordered to Leave Texas Frontier to Ride Through Albuquerque Soon.

Local Santa Fe officials are looking for a big movement of troop trains through Albuquerque within the next week or ten days. Equipment is now being rushed to San Antonio and other frontier Texas points where troops are being assembled for transportation to the various army posts throughout the country. The Santa Fe railroad has received a request for transporting a number of troops and at least a dozen trains will be sent through Albuquerque for Fort D. A. Russell near Cheyenne; Fort Logan, near Denver; Fort Wingate, near Gallup, and other southwest posts. It is not known yet whether troops will be brought back to occupy the Fort Wingate barracks, it being rumored that Wingate is to be abandoned.

Reports of the movement of the troop trains will be made public as soon as definite dates of arrival and departure is ascertained.

RECIPROCITY VOTE BLOCKED AGAIN

(By Evening Herald A. P. Leased Wire)

Washington, July 11.—All attempt to secure an agreement to vote on the Canadian Reciprocity bill July 15, the free list bill July 20, and the wool tariff bill July 21, was made in the senate today by Senator Watson of West Virginia. The motion was met by an objection by Senator Clapp.

Try a Herald Want Ad.

Hair Dressing
The most fashionable and artistic coiffure effects—also expert Shampooing and Massage. Our line of hair goods is complete and absolutely sanitary.
MRS. S. J. BONSALL
111 SOUTH FOURTH.

WANTED—A good baker at once.
HOME BAKERY
111 North First Street
PHONE 469.

Colorado Culvert and Flume Co.
Culverts, Flume, Headgates, Well casings and Storage Tanks that never leak. We use Anti-Corrosive Rust-Resisting metal.
R. J. JOHNSON, Agent
Room 36, Barnett Bldg. Telephone 181.
Albuquerque, New Mexico

PRINTING
Albright & Anderson
212 WEST GOLD AVENUE ALBUQUERQUE, N. M.

New Planing Mill
Completely Equipped With New and Modern Machinery for Turning Out
Screen Doors and Windows, Store Fronts, Counters, Sash, Doors, Etc.
at Prices That Will Warrant Your Investigation.
Chicago Mill & Lumber Co.
W. F. OLBRAU, Manager.
Corner Third and Marquette, Albuquerque, N. M.

Finnigan-Brown Company
Hides, Pelts and Goat Skins
Albuquerque Branch 422-424 North First Street—Telephone 363—Long Distance connection—Write for Latest Quotations.

City Scavenger Company
Cleans Your Vaults and Cess Pools. Hauls Your Trash.
540 CALL PHONES 430

HARRY T. JOHNSON
BICYCLES, SPORTING GOODS AND FISHING TACKLE. Gun and Lock Smith.
AGENCY FOR
Ford Automobiles
402 W. Central. Stern Bldg