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## REPUBLICAN CENTRAL COMMITTEE IN SESSION IN SANTA FE WITH MANY PARTY LEADERS PRESENT

**Following Attention to Routine Business, Adjournment is Taken Until Tomorrow in Honor of Labor Day; Chairman Bursum in Brief Speech, Asks for Harmony in All Parts of State; Reviews Fight for Statehood and the Opportunities Which Confront a United Party; Larrazolo is Warmly Welcomed Into the Republican Camp, Having Left the Democratic Party.**

### *The Bernalillo County Situation Is Brought to Attention of Organization*

(Special Telegram to Evening Herald)

Santa Fe, N. M., Sept. 4.—The fact that the state Republican central committee did not finish its business with a short session today was due entirely to a desire on the part of the members to secure harmony in the situation in Bernalillo county if it could be done. The question came before the committee within a few minutes after the session opened. W. H. Gillenwater, who was eliminated from the position of county chairman by a majority of the committee in Bernalillo county, precipitated the question when the secretary of the state committee started to read a communication from Judge Edward A. Mann, who was elected county chairman. Charles A. Spiess of San Miguel county declared that as the document from Judge Mann was a long one it should be referred to a subcommittee of five to be appointed by Chairman Bursum, and that the subcommittee go into the details of the Bernalillo county situation and report to the main committee its findings. Mr. Gillenwater at once took the floor. He recieved the Bernalillo county situation at some length from his standpoint, with frequent references to "the sovereign people" and his part in the great work he said he had undertaken to solidify the party. He declared that he had not the time or inclination to remain in politics and that he would resign at once and do it gladly if that would promote harmony in the situation, but he declared that such would not be the case and he intimated that he represented the "sovereign people" and that they could not dispense with his valuable services. He said he had been summarily and unjustly kicked out of his job as chairman and that the "sovereign people" very indignantly opposed it. He neglected to mention, however, that a majority of the committee named by the sovereign people of Bernalillo county were present at the meeting and that they had removed him from the office of chairman.

He declared that he wanted harmony in the county, but, summed up, his remarks indicated that the only idea he had of harmony was that he should personally conduct the party affairs. Judge Mann replied to Mr. Gillenwater. He, too, reviewed the situation in Bernalillo county and, pointing to the 19 members of the Bernalillo county Republican committee who are in attendance here, he said: "We have right here with us a majority of an original committee that is to show this committee that Mr. Gillenwater was regularly and legally unseated as chairman of the Bernalillo county central committee."

Judge Mann then said: "I will call Mr. Gillenwater's bluff right here and now. If he wants harmony in the party in Bernalillo county, let him make good his statements and resign. And my resignation will be sent right up there along with his."

Judge Mann then asked the state committee to decide the question as to the chairmanship of Bernalillo county as far as it had authority to do so and he pledged himself and his committee to abide strictly by that ruling. This was too much for Mr. Gillenwater. He did not make good on the resignation stunt, but informed the state committee that his feelings had been hurt; that he was a republican and that Judge Mann had questioned it.

He also said he was from east Tennessee, all of which information he backed up by solemnly holding his hand aloft and announcing that the Lord knew it. Charles A. Spiess said the trouble in Bernalillo county was not among the voters, but among the leaders. He said the committee should take that into consideration and take action to secure harmony. Mr. Gillenwater denied that the trouble was among the leaders, but said that it lay with the "sovereign people," whom he was defending. The result was the naming by Chairman Bursum of the following sub committee:

Judge E. R. Wright, E. A. Cahoon, Melquiras Martinez, Reed Holtman, T. J. Mollinari.

The committee this afternoon is holding a session in the capital building at which Judge Mann and Mr. Gillenwater will be called upon to devise some basis for the adjustment of the situation in Bernalillo county. This sub committee will report to the main committee at ten o'clock tomorrow morning.

**LABOR DAY IS RESPECTED BY REPUBLICAN PARTY**

Because today is Labor day the session of the state republican central committee was cut short and when the committee adjourned at one o'clock this afternoon it was out of respect to the workingman's holiday. The matter came up when a member of the committee called the attention of the fact that today was Labor day. T. B. Catron of Santa Fe moved that the committee take up the business then on the table and after disposing of it to adjourn at once out of respect for Labor day. The motion prevailed unanimously.

**LARRAZOLO WELCOMED INTO REPUBLICAN CAMP**

One of the important matters taken up by the republican state central committee today was the welcome on behalf of the republican party to O. A. Larrazolo, of San Miguel county, who recently announced that he had left the democratic party and would hereafter affiliate only with the republican party. Formal recognition of Mr. Larrazolo's change of political faith was extended in a resolution by Secundino Romero of San Miguel county. Upon motion of Charles A. Spiess a rising vote was taken. The resolution was adopted unanimously.

"Whereas, Hon. O. A. Larrazolo, distinguished citizen and loyal friend of the people of New Mexico, has determined that to best serve the interests of his fellow men and aid in working out the destinies of the great state of New Mexico by joining the Republican party of New Mexico; and

"Whereas, the Hon. O. A. Larrazolo has announced in the public press that he regards the Republican party of New Mexico as the great champion of equal rights for all mankind and the only party to which such rights may be preserved to the people of New Mexico;

"Therefore, be it resolved that we, the Republican central committee in convention assembled, in the name of the Republican party of New Mexico, heartily welcome the Hon. O. A. Larrazolo into the party fold and heartily congratulate our party that so able, patriotic and brilliant a man as the Hon. O. A. Larrazolo is, has joined our ranks."

**CHAIRMAN BURSUM SOUNDS THE KEYNOTE.**

With nearly every member in attendance and enthusiasm at high tide, the New Mexico state Republican central committee met at 10 o'clock this morning in the hall of the legislative house at the capital. H. O. Bursum, chairman of the committee, presided and the minutes were kept by Jose D. Sena, secretary. The meeting was held in absolute harmony and every member who spoke forecasted a sweeping victory for the Republican party at the coming election. In opening the meeting Chairman Bursum made a short speech on the present situation in the party, which merely indicated the feeling prevalent at this time among the Republicans of New Mexico.

Mr. Bursum said:

Gentlemen: I am very glad at this opportunity to greet my fellow members of the committee and fellow Republicans as fellow citizens, American citizens on an equal basis of those of the state of the Union. New Mexico has made a long fight which has lasted for more than sixty years. Many a patriot has died in the harness, fighting for New Mexico's liberty. We all remember Colonel Chavez. I remember when the old man said to me just a few years ago, 'If I could only live to see New Mexico a state I could die happy.' Fate was against him. I remember when Pedro Perea was nominated at Las Vegas he said that his dreams at night and his thoughts during the day were solely for the attainment of American citizenship for this great territory. That was his only object in running for congress that he might represent New Mexico in a battle for statehood. Many others have taken part in this great battle and while they are not all present to enjoy this meeting I am sure that New Mexico will never forget them and their services. We owe a great deal to our great president, William Howard Taft. (Applause.) We owe much to a Republican congress for having passed the enabling act which has made it possible to obtain statehood at this time. We owe much to those who have served faithfully in congress and out of congress. Delegate Andrews has represented us well and faithfully.

"Hon. A. B. Fall, George Curry, T. B. Catron and many others have made personal sacrifices in behalf of New Mexico at their own personal expense and I am sure that the people appreciate it. The people themselves have all done well, regardless of party. We received considerable assistance, although not probably along the lines which would be in strict accordance with what our ideas are, from the patriotic Democrats, and we all rejoice that we have this opportunity to call a state convention for the formation of a state government. Under the state we will have a voice in politics of the federal government and national legislation. The policies which

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## KRUTTSCHNITT IS IN ALBUQUERQUE ON WAY EAST AFTER CONFERENCE

**Greatest Railroad Expert Since Time of Wizard Harriman Here for Few Moments Today En Route East**

**NOTHING FURTHER TO SAY ABOUT SITUATION**

(By Evening Herald A. P. Leased Wire)

San Francisco, Sept. 4.—That arbitration may become the means of the settlement of difficulty between the Harriman system officials and the shop employes is the belief of James W. Kline, international president of the Blacksmiths' union, acting as spokesman for the eastern labor leaders, now in this city. Kline said he had received a number of telegrams from eastern cities to the effect that the shopmen favor arbitration, providing all efforts fail to gain from the railroad official recognition of the federation.

Thirty-five delegates, comprising the general committees for shopmen employed by the Harriman system will be in this city for a conference, and that the arbitration question then will receive formal consideration.

The eastern labor leaders took part in the labor day parade here today.

Julius Kruttschnitt, vice president and director of maintenance and operation on the Southern Pacific and Union Pacific railroads, a man who looks after 15,000 miles of railway and who is conceded to be the greatest railroad manager since the death of E. H. Harriman, passed through Albuquerque on Santa Fe train No. 10 this morning, traveling in his private car, Guadalupe, accompanied only by his secretary, H. Neill. Mr. Kruttschnitt is on his way to Chicago after having attended a conference in San Francisco, attended by representatives of five unions of shop employes. The primary purpose of the conference on the part of the labor unions, it was said, was the recognition by the Southern Pacific and Union Pacific and its tributary lines of the Shop Employes' federation.

When called upon in Albuquerque today Mr. Kruttschnitt did not seem greatly worried because of the failure of any agreement between the labor organizations and the railroads.

"As far as I have learned," said Mr. Kruttschnitt, "the situation has not changed since I left San Francisco. We left there Saturday night, following a conference with the railroad men, which as everybody knows failed to arrive at any definite settlement."

Mr. Kruttschnitt said he had received no official information regarding a conference to be held by the five railroad union leaders in San Francisco next Friday, at which further negotiations will be conducted.

"The situation, as far as I know," said Mr. Kruttschnitt, "is where it was before the conference. In the conference the question of the benefits to accrue to both the company and the men from a federation was fully presented by the international officers and the officers of the railroad company explained at length the embarrassment that the company would experience in performing its public functions if hampered by a committee vested with sufficient power to control or partially control its operations. The conference lasted several hours without altering the situation."

Mr Kruttschnitt did not care to go into the possibility of a strike on the part of the Southern Pacific union men.

"Returning to Chicago over the Santa Fe instead of over the Southern Pacific has no significance," said Mr Kruttschnitt. "I have never been over the Santa Fe line and thought it a good opportunity to see what it is like. The Santa Fe and Southern Pacific have spent a great deal of money building railroad lines in the west and southwest. What will happen if the railroads are hampered by pernicious legislation in the various states in the future as they have been in recent years is a grave question."

For 30 years Mr Kruttschnitt has been a railroad man. He knows more about maintenance and operation of railroad lines than any other man in the country and possibly the world.

**KEENE UNDERGOES OPERATION.**

(By Evening Herald A. P. Leased Wire)

London, Sept. 4.—James R. Keene, the American financier, was successfully operated upon for stomach trouble yesterday at a nursing home here. The patient rallied well, according to a statement issued by his physicians, and his condition today is encouraging.

**ALTITUDE RECORD BROKEN.**

(By Evening Herald A. P. Leased Wire)

Paranc, France, Sept. 4.—Roland G. Garros, the French aviator, broke the world's record for altitude in an aeroplane. He ascended 4,250 meters (13,943 feet).

## *Frank Gotch Is Champion Wrestler of the World*

**American Wins Three Straight Falls From Russian Lion Before Vast Audience; Hackenschmidt Nervous and Shaky, Proves An Easy Victim for Confident Iowa Farmer; Two Falls, With Simple Holds, Cover Only Twenty Minutes**

(By Evening Herald A. P. Leased Wire)

Matside, Chicago, Sept. 4.—Frank Gotch won two straight falls and the match, which took with it the championship of the world, when he defeated George Hackenschmidt beforea vast audience in Comiskey's baseball park this afternoon. The Iowan secured the first fall in fourteen minutes, eighteen and a half seconds, with a reverse body lock. The American, cheered to the echo by thousands, took the second fall in five minutes, thirty-two and one-fifth seconds, with the lock hold. Gotch was at all times supremely confident of himself, continually smiling at the audience. Hackenschmidt from the time he entered the ring until he began to grapple with the farmer, was plainly nervous and unstrung. The crowd was with Gotch and this seemed to have an ill effect on the Russian. The crowd went wild when Gotch was declared winner of the first fall. Pandemonium reigned when the American took the second fall with but five and a half minutes wrestling.

| Gotch | | Hackenschmidt |
|---|---|---|
| 32 years | Age | 34 years |
| 205 pounds | Weight | 224 pounds |
| 5 feet 11 inches | Height | 5 feet 9½ inches |
| 45 inches | Chest | 52 inches |
| 40 inches | Waist | 54 inches |
| 42½ inches | Hips | 47 inches |
| 28 inches | Thigh | 28 inches |
| 18 inches | Calf | 17½ inches |
| 22 inches | Biceps | 23 inches |
| 19 inches | Biceps | 14½ inches |
| 14½ inches | Forearm | 13 inches |
| 8 inches | Wrist | 7 3-4 inches |
| 9 inches | Ankle | 8 inches |
| 19 inches | Neck | 18 inches |

Facts about the match.

Principals: Frank A. Gotch, champion, born April 27, 1878, at Humboldt, Iowa; George Hackenschmidt, challenger, born August, 1877, at Dorpat, Russia.

Conditions: Best two out of three falls, pin falls to count; Graeco Roman catch as catch can wrestling championship of the world.

Division of the purse: Gotch, $21,000 and 50 per cent of moving picture proceeds; Hackenschmidt, $11,000.

Place: American league park. Time: 3 o'clock. Referee, Edward W. Smith, Chicago.

Frank Gotch and George Hackenschmidt met in a padded arena this afternoon before thirty thousand or more spectators to determine whether the world's championship shall go to Dorpat, Russia, or remain at Humboldt, Iowa.

Gotch was the first to enter the arena and was loudly cheered.

Dr. J. J. Davis, who examined both contestants, pronounced Gotch in perfect condition, but was less optimistic as to the big Russian.

Hackenschmidt, he said, was pale and evidently in a nervous state following his sleepless night. He examined one of Hack's legs, which was reported to be about out of condition from a training accident, but could find no apparent defect.

Gotch posed by the side of the arena for an army of camera men.

Gotch, in a blue bathrobe, faced the audience with a grin of recognition on his face. He then sat with his back to the audience, exposing a four-inch bald spot.

The Russian, his tights covered for the time being with a bathrobe of brown, came to the field at 3:07 p. m., seven minutes behind Gotch.

The passing years were exhibited with him in the encroachment of baldness over his forehead.

The crowd's attention was still centered on Gotch and Hackenschmidt, nearly a stranger in a strange land, was given little applause.

Burke, Westgaard, Rogers and Hassan, the Turk, were announced as Gotch's second. Hackenschmidt's seconds were Dr. Roller, American and Koch.

The announcer announced that the match would be the best two out of three falls.

The favoritism was plainly evident in the words of the announcer when he said, "George Hackenschmidt, of Russia and our own Frank Gotch."

They grappled at 3:15, each securing a lock and arm hold.

They balled around the ring several seconds and Hackenschmidt made a false dive at Gotch's legs but he did not connect.

During the first five minutes neither man secured an effective hold. They tugged and pulled at each other's legs and arms, each seeming to test the other's strength.

Gotch made three passes as though he intended to attain a knee hold, but all of them fell short.

The Iowan's smile was not always one of good humor, but a contortion of the lips due to the fact that an impediment in his nasal passages compels him in moments of supreme effort to breathe through his mouth.

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## BEATTIE MURDER TO BE DEMONSTRATED IN AUTOMOBILE FOR DEFENSE

**Prisoner Accused of Ugly Crime, Flatly Denies Allegations Made By the State of Virginia.**

**SAYS BINFORD GIRL WAS NOTORIOUSLY BAD**

(By Evening Herald A. P. Leased Wire)

Chesterfield Court House, Va., Sept. 4.—Henry Clay Beattie, Jr., on the witness stand today categorically denied that he took part in any of the proceedings for the purchase of the shotgun by his cousin, Paul Beattie, with which his wife was killed.

Formerly two and a half hours he was in the witness chair and when court recessed for luncheon the direct examination of the prisoner, closing the case for the defense, was concluded except for the demonstration requested by counsel for the prisoner that the murder be demonstrated in the car with which the murder was supposed to be committed by Beattie.

The prosecution devoted the first hour or more for cross examination to a searching inquiry into Beattie's relations with the Binford girl. The prisoner continued frankly to admit his intimacy but insisted that he could not have had any love for the girl who was so notoriously bad.

## EVERYTHING QUIET IN MEXICO CITY SAYS REYES

**Shutters Removed From Windows This Morning and Business Resumed Same As Before Yesterday's Riot.**

(By Evening Herald A. P. Leased Wire)

Mexico City, Sept. 4.—There was nothing in the aspect of this city today to recall yesterday's rioting except the heavy patrol of mounted police which moved about the town at regular intervals.

Shutters were removed from the windows at the usual hour this morning and everything was reported quiet.

General Reyes ascribes the affair to a prearranged plan of certain persons attached to the department of communications. The general said he had communicated this information to President De La Barra, who promised that he would see that the plan, if such a one existed, was frustrated.

A proclamation telegraph by Francisco I. Madero from Puebla and published here today, expressed his approval at the breaking of the Reyes meeting yesterday.

**GENERAL ZAPATA IS REPORTED DEAD IN BATTLE**

Mexico City, Sept. 4.—A battle is reported to have occurred between federal troops under General Fredico Morales and a force commanded by General Guiliano Zapata, near Chinameca, in the state of Morelos.

News reached the department of the interior that the fifty Zapiistas have been killed. Zapata was seen to fall from his horse. General Zapata, who was formerly an adherent to Francisco I. Madero, is reported to have gathered several hundred at Chinameca in violation with an agreement with Madero.

## FUNDS STOLEN FROM JEWISH HOSPITAL MAY BE PAID BY DEFAULTERS

(By Evening Herald A. P. Leased Wire)

Denver, Colo., Sept. 11.—Bruce Grosser, aged 58, assistant secretary of the National Jewish Hospital for consumptives and nominal of the late Alfred Muller, former secretary of the association arrested on a charge of embezzling of funds from the hospital funds, was questioned today regarding the shortage. Grosser declared he had made possible Muller's alleged defalcations by manipulating the hospital books, that only himself and Muller were implicated in the speculations which, he said, covered the last two years. He told how the money had been transferred to Muller's private bank account and said the former secretary assured him that all the money appropriated from the hospital funds would be made good.

Authorities today stated that Grosser would be arraigned on a charge of embezzlement tomorrow.

**STARVING MEXICANS ASK FOOD AND DEMAND WORK**

(By Evening Herald A. P. Leased Wire)

El Paso, Texas, Sept. 4.—Two hundred Mexicans unable to get work or food in the region of the Corralitos ranch in northern Mexico, reached Juarez today and are almost rioting for food. Authorities are making arrangements to feed them. The men demanded food and work or transportation to where both may be had.

## ENTIRE COUNTRY IS CELEBRATING LABOR DAY WITH PARADES AND SPEECHES

**Union Men By Thousands March in the Large Cities; Many Noted Leaders Address Big Gatherings.**

**MORRISON TELLS OF FIGHT AGAINST UNIONS**

Throughout the length and breadth of the United States today, the union man and laboring man is celebrating Labor day, the most important day on the calendar of the year for the many who earn their daily bread by honest toil. Monster celebrations were held in all important cities of the country. Speeches were made at many of the meetings by labor leaders of national repute.

**MORRISON CHIEF SPEAKER AT BIG UNION GATHERING**

(By Evening Herald A. P. Leased Wire)

Binghamton, N. Y., Sept. 4.—In his address at the Labor day celebration here today, Frank A. Morrison, secretary of the American Federation of Labor, said:

"Antagonism by hostile associations of employers toward the men of labor is a potent argument for the trade unions. It clearly depicts the struggle and emphasizes the pressing necessity of workmen combining for mutual protection. To stand and retard the growth of our movement, every means which can be conceived by subtle minds has been invented. In an open and fair contest before the war of public opinion, even with an unfair press, the cause of labor has steadily advanced. With the full knowledge of this, these antagonistic organizations of employers, driven with desperation, having no regard for the inherent rights of men, or any form of law, are seeking by various means to destroy the organizations of labor. To make false and criminal charges without any foundation whatever, appears to be their present mode of warfare.

"In the kidnapping of the McNamaras, taking them by force, without complying with even the simplest forms of law, transporting them across the country, is apparently considered by the men committing this outrage as permissible. These employers' associations do not hope for a final conviction of the men charged, their purpose being to cast odium on our entire movement. They apparently are determined by fair means or foul, to strike union labor a fatal blow. In this, the present difficulty, the members of labor organizations of our country should, with one accord, resolve to give to the full limit of their ability a sufficient amount of funds to guarantee to the McNamaras a fair and impartial trial.

"The chief question of interest to the trust today is how they can prevent their employes from becoming members of unions, thus minimizing the possibility of a demand being made upon them for an increase in wages or shorter hours of labor. The trusts are employing the ablest men this money can secure, to perfect plans to more effectively bind the workers to the industry. One of the most plausible and at the same time the most vicious systems that the representatives of great corporations are trying to foisten upon the workers at the present time, is the so called dividend scheme, a scheme in which the employes cannot make a suggestion, either as to wages, hours or share of the profits. This scheme of the trusts to hold their employes is permanent into serfdom, when it is known that a roll call of the corporations that favor this system will reveal the facts that they are the same corporations and trusts that have absolutely refused to permit their employes to organize, aye, more, they have demonstrated their willingness to expend millions of dollars to keep their employes as helpless to change the conditions under which they labor, as the slaves were helpless to do other than the bidding of their masters. Some will say there is a difference—that the employes of the trust can quit and look for work elsewhere, while the slave could not; but I ask you where can these men secure other employment, when you take into consideration the constant influx of over a million aliens a year. About 280,000 men are working for the steel trust—yet if any of these men are today members of a trade union, the steel trust is the late strike defeated the union. The influx of aliens constantly coming to our shores to secure employment at any price, because they must live, is used as a club by the trusts to prevent men from quitting work for fear they cannot secure employment elsewhere."

**In Colorado.**

Denver, Colo., Sept. 4.—Business was practically suspended in Colorado cities and towns today for the annual celebration of labor day. Although local showers were predicted the prospects early today were for favorable weather conditions.

A parade of 5,000 of union men, scheduled to move at 8 o'clock was the opening feature of today's celebration in Denver. This was to be followed by basket picnic, a program of athletic events, and an address by Henry George Jr. At Pueblo a similar pro-

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