Albuquerque Evening Herald.

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Telephone 167 and 168.

NON PARTISAN CANDIDATES FOR CITY SCHOOL BOARD.

MOS. H. B. RAY.
W. W. STRONG.
O. N. MARRON.
M. B. HICKEY.
LOUIS A. M'RAE.

THEY ARE THRICE WELCOME.

Albuquerque feels honored today by the presence of such a notable and representative assemblage of the women of New Mexico as is gathered to attend the third annual meeting of the New Mexico Federation of Woman's Clubs. The large number of delegates present from every county in the state makes the convention numerically one of the most important ever held here; and when it comes to brains and ability and culture, the convention is one of which any city in the country might well be proud. The delegates are the wives and mothers and home makers of the state of New Mexico; the women who have the profoundest influence in shaping the future of the state, the women whose influence is felt strongly in the affairs of every community, the women who are beautifying the cities, who are securing progressive and wholesome legislation, who are making the state and its people happier and better off. Albuquerque takes off its several and collective hat to the federation delegates and swells with pride that the newest state has one of the strongest and most rapidly growing state women's organizations in the United States.

The federation movement unites in this country the very best class of American women; not the butterflies of fashion and those who shun woman's greatest responsibilities, but the women, who are the bone and sinew of national greatness and national advancement.

The women of New Mexico are thrice welcome to Albuquerque; and the only regret of the people of this city is that the convention is of such short duration.

A HAPPY SELECTION.

The choice of members of the city school board agreed upon by the mass meeting last night will meet the approval of the great majority of the voters of Albuquerque and those who are interested in the welfare, growth and prosperity of the public schools of Albuquerque.

The names agreed upon are those of W. W. Strong, Louis A. McRae, M. B. Hickey, O. N. Marron and Mrs. H. B. Ray. It is a capital combination and we are confident the opposition to this ticket will be negligible. The persons chosen have all the qualifications of business ability, intelligence, progressiveness and dependability needed and we believe that with the personnel as agreed on there will be little opportunity for partisan politics to influence the management of the affairs of the public schools. The Herald is confident that the business affairs of the schools, including the immensely important task of spending $100,000 for a new high school, will be safe in the hands of the persons named; that they will keep the schools abreast of the times and devote their best efforts toward the advancement of the cause of education of the boys and girls of Albuquerque; education that is well rounded and efficient and that will mold good citizenship.

WORLD CONGRESS OF STUDENTS.

The name of Woodrow Wilson, president of the United States, heads the honorary committee on the eighth international congress of students ("Cordo Fratres") to be held at Cornell university, Ithaca, N. Y., August 28 to September 12. Other prominent Americans on the committee are: Governor William Sulzer, of New York; Dr. P. P. Claxton, United States commissioner of education; John Barrett, director general of the Pan-American union; Hamilton Holt, editor of "The Independent"; Mayor William J. Gaynor, of New York city; Edwin D. Mead, of the World Peace foundation; Samuel T. Dutton, of the American Peace society, together with the presidents and other officers of many of the leading universities of the country.

The "Cordo Fratres," or International Federation of Students, was started in Italy in 1898, and now has affiliated organizations in many European countries and in both North and South America. The principal aim of the federation is "to support and spread the idea of unity and brotherhood among students," without regard to their religious or political beliefs. At the last congress, held in Rome in 1911, the United States was selected as the meeting place for 1913, and it was determined to take up at this time a plan for developing an all-embracing world organization of students in the higher institutions of learning.

An elaborate program of entertainment has been arranged for the foreign delegates. Upon their arrival at Boston they will start on a tour of the principal points of historical interest in New England and New York. In New York city they will be the guests of the American Peace society, and at Albany they will be tendered a reception by Governor Sulzer. After the deliberations of the congress at Ithaca are over, the delegates will proceed to Philadelphia, and later to Washington, where they will be honored with a reception in the Pan-American building and will be presented to President Wilson.

The Cornell Cosmopolitan club is making arrangements for the congress and will act as hosts to the delegates in their handsome club house at Ithaca. A general invitation has been extended to all student organizations in the world to send delegates to the congress.

ONE EXCEPTION.

The pulchritude-consciousness as developed in the two sexes is the subject of a highly illuminating discussion between an unknown exchange and the Fort Sumner Review. It is understood the matter will be discussed at great length at the present meeting of the Woman's Club Federation. The unknown editor says:

Men delight in criticising young ladies who stand in front of the mirror and primp and paint and arrange their curls and imagine that they are beautiful, and yet you never saw a man sit down in a barber's chair that, after the barber had combed his hair and while shaving his neck, he did not betray the same fondness for his own handsome features that is displayed by the young ladies. The homeliest man in the land imagines that he can see in his own countenance the evidence of greatness and handsome outlines that are not observable by any other person.

To which the editor of the Fort Sumner Review rejoins:

It's an awful charge you enter against our sex.

Possibly some men do count the lines of intelligence that streak their brows and the beauty spots that gem their faces, while the barber is removing surplus hirsute adornment from their necks, but you must not say all men do. We know a man who had himself shaved weekly, but who never peered into the mirror—or if he did he paid no attention to the intellectual lines, or the beautiful curves of brow, jaw or chin. He was blind.

LET HER BLOW.

You find many philosophers in the sage brush who can give old Socrates and others some valuable pointers. Here is a concentrated bunch of wisdom from the Montoya Republican:

"We fret and complain of the almost terrific winds that annoy us as we go to and fro in the performance of our routine duties. But it is quite probable that if we had the power and quelled such winds, our climatic conditions might be so changed as to divest us of the right to boast as we now do of the most ideal health conditions on the continent and place us in the category of other sections less fortunate in this respect, without leaving us an equivalent in some other respect, if indeed an equivalent could be possible. Therefore, we have stood at our front door, gazing out into the dense cloud of dust as it swept mercilessly through the streets and into buildings, and said benchalantly, 'Let her blow.'"

JABS In the Solar Plexus...

UNCLE JOE CANNON continues to be good for a small headline.

—o—

THE MAN WHO pleases only himself must furnish all the applause.

—o—

TO ACQUIRE a reputation for stinginess a man pays a high price.

—o—

JUSTICE is what every man wants, provided he may define it himself.

—o—

SOMEHOW the majority of our good deeds never get found out.

—o—

OUR OPINION is that March is going out like a behemoth.

—o—

THE NEW NICKEL is only half as popular as the old fashioned dime.

—o—

IT'S A GREAT DAY for Mother and Auntie.

—o—

LIFE IN THE middle west seems to be just one twister after another.

—o—

NOW IF WE could only have a woman's convention every week!

—o—

THE MASS MEETING did its work in a most workmanlike manner.

—o—

OUR CONGRATULATIONS to the first woman member of the Albuquerque board of education.

—o—

MEXICO CONTINUES to furnish excitement for the moving picture films.

—o—

YES, THEY did have a trifle worse Easter in Omaha than we did in Albuquerque.

—o—

THEY'RE TALKING about everything from making pies to bringing up children.

—o—

KANSAS, home of cyclones, seems to be getting rather the best of it for once. But the week isn't over yet.

—o—

GENTLEMEN today should be seen and not heard—and it isn't absolutely necessary that they be seen.

—o—

WOMAN LIKES to exercise her sense of humor when the joke is on some man.

—o—

THOUGH MARRIED to a cooking school graduate, many a man would rather fight than eat.

—o—

ARKANSAS has two governors at present, but is contending itself with only one legislature.

—o—

APPARENTLY some health officials have come to the conclusion that Dr. Friedmann knows how to keep a secret.

—o—

OF COURSE, there's politics in the federation—and while they are polite about it, you will have to admit that the women folks can tell us more about politics than a man could learn in forty years.

—o—

HERE IS A CLOVIS boy's composition on the horse: "The horse is the most useful animal in the world. So is the Cow. I once had thirteen Ducks and two was drakes and a Skunk killed One, he smet Orful. I knew a Boy which had 7 chickens but His father would not let him rais Them and so he got mad and so he boared a Hole in his mother's Wash tub. I wish I Had a horse—a horse weighs 1400 pounds."

SALT

By Jean Hubbs

Science has discovered that common salt is not a necessity. At one time it was supposed to be indispensable to health. It was thought that because the buffalo and deer sought out the salt springs or "licks," salt was an essential.

The cattle upon the great plains of Texas and the west thrive perfectly well without salt, and cattle in other parts of the world thrive equally well without this luxury. Feeding salt to domestic animals is simply a custom; animals are educated to use salt, just as children are educated to eat sugar.

Many People Do Not Use Salt.

It is a well known fact that there are numbers of people who never use salt. The North American Indian, whom the hand of civilization has not made unnatural, does not eat salt, and many of the peoples of the more northern parts of Europe and America as well as Central Africa, have no use for salt. Many English people are unable to eat salted butter in this country because they are used to clotted cream on their bread—and it is unsalted.

The appetite for salt is a habit and may be developed to such an extent that the victim may well be called a "salt eater."

Physiological Effect of Salt.

The physiological effect of salt is that of an irritant upon all the mucous membranes of the body, producing a watery discharge. This is the purpose for which salt is prescribed by physicians,—as a medicine to irritate or cleanse by the effect of this irritation, which is only intended to be temporary in character and not an every day affair. It is an interesting fact that salt and cane sugar have practically the same effect as an irritant on the human organism. The stimulating or irritating effect of sugar and candy may be observed in the case of an inflamed or dry throat. Swallowing a little of either produces a profuse discharge of mucous, thereby relieving the affected parts.

Anyone can easily prove the truth of this assertion by snuffing a solution of salt of sugar and water up the nostrils; the profuse discharge which follows is proof of the irritant effect of either upon the mucous membrane of the nose. What applies to the nose, applies equally well to the stomach or any other organ of the body. So that the effect of salt when used in excessive quantities is to produce catarrh of the mucous membranes of the body, and this in time becomes chronic.

Various Ailments Due to Excessive Use of Salt.

Eczema and other rashes of the skin are caused by excessive use of salt. Frequently the tenderness of the edges of the nose both within and without the nostrils is due to the same cause, which affects the eyelids also.

A milk diet in kidney diseases improves the condition of the patient rapidly; the salt which has been deposited in the tissues is washed out, as it were, by the milk. The same is true of the grape-cure. The fruit juice of the grape also washes out the salt from the tissues, obviously the real cure consists in the fact that no salt enters the system.

The opinion that salt is a necessary aid to digestion is absolutely without foundation, and there can be no question that the excessive and continuous use of salt produces a host of diseases.

Inorganic Salts.

In the natural foods there is quite a sufficient supply of what is called the inorganic salts, without any artificial addition of sodium chloride (common salt), being necessary for man's wants.

Sodium chloride is only one of the many inorganic salts and it is the combination of these various salts which is of value in foods. The phosphates are particularly important.

Vegetables should be eaten raw or baked, from the standpoint of nutrition, because in either way all the inorganic salts are retained.

Thirst.

The presence of salt in all prepared foods creates an unnatural thirst, the tissues of the body being constantly deprived of a great amount of water. The sensation of thirst is a matter of common observation, especially after using salty preparations of butter, corked meats, or fish.

LEGAL NOTICES.

(State of New Mexico)
CERTIFICATE OF COMPARISON.
United States of America,)
) ss.
State of New Mexico)

It is hereby certified, that the annexed is a full, true and complete transcript of the

CERTIFICATE OF INCORPORATION OF AUTO SPECIALTY COMPANY
(No. 7481)

with the endorsements thereon, as same appears on file and of record in the office of the State Corporation Commission.

In testimony whereof, the chairman and clerk of said Commission have hereunto set their hands and affixed the seal of said commission, at the City of Santa Fe, on this Eleventh day of March, A. D. 1913.

(Seal) HUGH H. WILLIAMS, Chairman.
Attest:
EDWIN F. COARD,
Clerk.

AUTO SPECIALTY COMPANY

Certificate of Incorporation.

We, the undersigned, in order to form a corporation for the purposes hereinafter stated, under and pursuant to the provisions of an Act of the Legislative Assembly of the Territory (now state) of New Mexico entitled "An Act to Regulate the Formation and Government of Corporations for Mining, Manufacturing, Industrial and Other Pursuits" approved March 15th, 1905, do hereby certify as follows:

1.

The corporate name is the AUTO SPECIALTY COMPANY.

2.

The registered office of the corporation is N. T. Armijo Block, Albuquerque, New Mexico, and R. Fred Pettit is designated as the statutory agent therein in charge, and upon whom process against the corporation may be served.

3.

The primary objects for which the corporation is established are as follows:

To operate, maintain and conduct automobile salesrooms, garages, warehouses and establishments for the sale, disposal or hire of automobiles, motorcycles or other motor vehicles.

To make, manufacture, produce, sell or dispose of a compound or compounds, mixtures, solutions, formulae for the prevention of puncture in pneumatic tires and for the prevention of loss of air in pneumatic tires occasioned by punctures; and to that end to make, manufacture, produce or acquire by purchase or otherwise any or all chemicals or ingredients contained in said compound or compounds, mixtures, solutions or formulae.

To deal in, acquire, sell and dispose of any or all automobile accessories.

To purchase, lease or otherwise acquire lands and buildings in New Mexico, or elsewhere, for the erection and establishment of a manufactory or manufactories and workshops, laboratories and display rooms, with suitable plant or plants, engines and machinery, with a view to the manufacture, purchase, sell or otherwise deal in directly or indirectly through the medium of agents or otherwise automobiles, motorcycles or other motor vehicles, and automobile accessories of all kinds and descriptions.

To purchase or otherwise acquire patents, patent rights and privileges, improvements or secret processes for or in any way relating to all or any of the objects herein mentioned, and to grant licenses for the use of, or to sell or otherwise deal in any letters patent of the United States or any foreign country, or any of the rights and privileges thereunto appertaining or any improvements or secret processes acquired by the corporation.

To act as agent for any person, firm or corporation manufacturing or producing automobiles, motorcycles, motor vehicles or any of the accessories thereof.

4

As subsidiary to, and in connection with the foregoing objects, the corporation from time to time may manufacture, purchase or otherwise acquire goods, wares, merchandise and personal property of every class and description, and hold, own, mortgage, sell or otherwise dispose of, trade, deal in and deal with the same.

To acquire and undertake the good will, property, rights, franchises, contracts and assets of every manner and kind, and the liabilities of any person, firm or association or corporation, either wholly or in part, and pay for the same in cash, stock or bonds of the corporation or otherwise.

To enter into, make, perform and carry out contracts of every kind, and for any lawful purpose with any person, firm, association or corporation.

To issue bonds, debentures or obligations of the corporation, and at the option of the corporation to secure the same by mortgage, pledge, deed of trust or otherwise.

To acquire, hold, use, purchase, sell, assign, transfer, mortgage, pledge or otherwise dispose of shares of the capital stock and bonds, debentures, or other evidences of indebtedness created by other corporation or corporations, and while the holder thereof to exercise all the rights and privileges of ownership, including the right to vote thereon.

To purchase, hold, re-issue the shares of its capital stock, its bonds or other securities.

With a view to the working and development of the main objects of the corporation, and to effectuate directly or indirectly its objects and purposes, or any of them, the corporation may, in the discretion of the directors thereof, from time to time, carry on any other lawful business, manufacturing or otherwise to any extent or in any manner not unlawful.

The corporation may conduct its business in the state of New Mexico and elsewhere, including any of the states, territories, colonies, or dependencies of the United States of America, the District of Columbia and any and all foreign countries, and therein hold, purchase, mortgage and convey real and personal property, except as and when forbidden by local laws.

The foregoing clauses shall be construed both as objects and powers, but no recitation, expression or declaration of specific or special powers or purposes herein enumerated shall be deemed to be exclusive; but it is hereby expressly declared that all other lawful powers not inconsistent therewith are hereby included.

5.

The corporation is authorized to issue capital stock to the extent of Thirty Thousand ($30,000.00) Dollars, divided into thirty thousand shares of the par value of One ($1.00) Dollar each, which shall be non-assessable.

6.

The capital stock with which the corporation will commence business is subscribed by the incorporators as follows:

Name.	No. Shares	Amount.
Frank D. Lawrence	10,000	$10,000
R. Fred Pettit	10,000	$10,000
Avery S. Hill	10,000	$10,000
		$30,000

The post office address of each of the incorporators is as follows:

Frank D. Lawrence, Albuquerque, New Mexico.

R. Fred Pettit, Albuquerque, New Mexico.

Avery S. Hill, Albuquerque, New Mexico.

7.

The corporation shall keep at its registered office in this state the transfer books, in which the transfers of stock shall be registered and the stock-books which shall contain the names and addresses of the stockholders and the number of shares held by them respectively which shall at all times during the usual hours for business be open to the inspection to the stockholders in person with respect to his interest as such stockholder, or for a purpose germane to his status as such, upon application in writing to the registered agent of the corporation in charge of such office and having the custody of said books; but the registered agent may refuse permission to any stockholder to examine the same (except as to the entries affecting the shares owned by such stockholders), unless and until satisfied that such examination and the information to be acquired thereby are for a legitimate purpose and not for a purpose hostile to the interest of the corporation or its individual stockholders, and the determination of the registered agent shall be final, conclusive and binding upon all stockholders and all persons claiming under such stockholders.

8.

In furtherance and not in limitation of the powers conferred by statute, the board of directors are expressly authorized to hold their meetings, to have one or more offices, and to keep the books of the corporation within or except as otherwise provided by statute, without the state of New Mexico, at such places as may, from time to time be designated by them.

To determine, from time to time, whether, and, if allowed, under what conditions and regulations the accounts and books of the corporation shall be open to the inspection of the stockholders, and the stockholders' rights in this respect are and shall be restricted and limited accordingly, and no stockholder shall have any right to inspect any account, books or document of the corporation, except as conferred by statute or authorized by the board of directors, or by a resolution of the stockholders.

To make, alter, amend, and rescind the by-laws of the corporation, to fix, determine, from time to time, and vary the amount to be reserved as working capital to determine the times for the declaration and payment, and the amount of each dividend on the stock, to determine and direct the use and disposition of any surplus or net profits, and to authorize and cause to be executed mortgages, and liens upon the real and personal property of the corporation, provided, always, that a majority of the whole board of directors concur therein.

By a resolution passed by a majority vote of the whole board of directors under suitable provision in the by-laws to designate two or more of their number to constitute an executive committee, which committee shall for the time being, as provided in said resolution, or in the by-laws have and exercise any and all powers of the board of directors, which may be lawfully delegated in the management of the business and affairs of the corporation, and shall have power to authorize the seal of the corporation to be affixed to all papers which may require it.

The board of directors and the executive committee shall except as otherwise provided by law, have power to act in the following manner, viz: a resolution in writing, signed as affirmatively approved by all the members of the board of directors or by all the members of the executive or other committee, and thereafter with original or duplicated signatures inserted in the recorded minutes and properly dated shall be deemed to be action by such board or such committee, as the case may be, to the extent therein expressed, with the same force and effect as if the same had been duly passed by the same vote as a regularly convened meeting.

Subject to the foregoing provisions, the by-laws may prescribe the number of directors to constitute a quorum at their meeting, and such number may be less than a majority of the whole number.

9.

At all meetings of the stockholders of the corporation cumulative form of voting for the election of the board of directors shall be permitted.

10.

The corporation reserves the right to amend, alter, change or repeal any provision contained in this certificate of incorporation in the manner now or hereafter prescribed by statute for the amendment of the certificate of incorporation.

In witness whereof, we have hereunto set our hands and seals this, the 10th day of March, A. D. 1913.

FRANK D. LAWRENCE. (Seal)
R. FRED PETTIT. (Seal)
AVERY S. HILL. (Seal)

State of New Mexico,)
) ss.
County of Bernalillo)

On this the 10th day of March A. D. 1913, before me personally appeared Frank D. Lawrence, R. Fred Pettit and Avery S. Hill, to me known to be the persons described in and who executed the foregoing instrument, and acknowledged that they executed the same as their free act and deed.

In witness whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and seal on the day and year first above written.

CLEORA B. HOLMES,
(Notarial Seal) Notary Public.

My commission expires October 16th, 1915.

ENDORSED:
No. 7481.

Cor. Rec'd, Vol 6, Page 209. Certificate of Incorporation of AUTO SPECIALTY COMPANY.

Filed in office of State Corporation Commission March 11, 1913; 9:45 a. m.

EDWIN F. COARD,
Clerk.

Compared EDC to JJO.

INDEXED.

State of New Mexico,)
) ss.
County of Bernalillo)

This instrument was filed for record on the 21st day of March, 1913 at 2:00 o'clock p. m.

Recorded in Vol "X" Misc. of Records of said county. Folio 227.

(Seal) A. R. WALKER,
Clerk and Recorder.

Compared GW to MW

PUBLIC ANNOUNCEMENT

W. DENT & COMPANY PRACTICAL TAILORS.
$15 Ladies' and Gents' Suits Made to measure—$15. We clean and press suits, $1. We also are representatives for several leading Ladies and Gents' Tailoring Companies and Woolen Mills of New York and Chicago. All suits made by us pressed and kept in good order for one year free of charge. Perfect fit and workmanship guaranteed. Work called for and delivered free. Give us a trial and be convinced.
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KINDLING AND MILL WOOD
BRICK AND PLASTERING LIME
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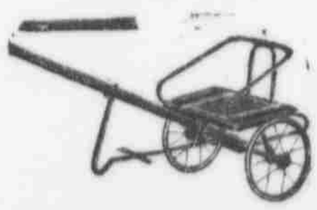
423 SOUTH FIRST. PHONE 102.

FEE'S Candy Store

Go-Carts and Carriages

for the youthful heir in original and novel designs are among the lately arrived goods. We have them in black, green and brown with all modern improvements. They range in price from $5.00 to $35.00.



Sulkies

Just the cart for down town use: a splendid line to select from. They range in price from $4.25 to $7.00 each.

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308-310 West Central
FURNITURE, CARPETS, DRAPERIES & STOVES