

war will soon end;
THE Villa has bought a
bath tub.

The Evening Herald

IT takes a brave man to say
nay to 500 suffragettes
headed by a brass band.

TUESDAY, JUNE 30, 1914.
Vol. 26, No. 52.

ALBUQUERQUE, NEW MEXICO, TUESDAY, JUNE 30, 1914.

THE EVENING HERALD
VOL. 26, NO. 52.

MEDIATORS WEARY OF WAITING RECESS

Diplomats at Niagara will not reconvene until Constitutionalists and Huerta Representatives are Ready to Confer.

CARRANZA'S EXCUSE FOR DELAY SATISFIES

Decision to Adjourn for Two or Three Weeks Follows Conference; Peace Makers Preparing to Leave.

[By Leased Wire to Evening Herald.]
Niagara Falls, Ont., June 30.—After a conference today between Ambassador DeGams of Brazil and Ministers Nason and Suarez, it was announced that mediation would formally recess tomorrow until such time as the constitutionalists delegates and Huerta representatives would confer informally on Mexico's internal problems.

The mediators came to this decision after reading General Carranza's note asking for time to consult his generals as to the informed parleys. Minister Suarez referred to the Carranza note as "satisfactory" and sensible in its explanation of the need for time. All the mediators and their secretaries began immediately to make plans for departure tomorrow or Thursday and it is now expected that by the end of the week the entire mediation colony will have left here. No time has been set for the reconvening of the mediators, but it is not believed they will gather again for another two or three weeks.

ANSWER IS EXPECTED FROM CARRANZA TONIGHT

Washington, June 30.—Some answers from General Carranza as to participation in the Niagara mediation conference was expected at constitutionalists headquarters by night. Luis Cabrera, Carranza's agent here, said the general had been conferring with his chiefs, as was required by the plan of Guadalupe and probably by this time had learned their views.

ZAPATA WILL FIGHT CARRANZA FOREVER

Mexico City, June 30.—Newly reached Mexico City today that Emiliano Zapata, the southern revolutionary, had published a decree rejecting any allegiance to Venustiano Carranza and saying that the constitutionalist chief had refused to accept the "plan of Ayala," the original agrarian proclamation of the southern leader.

Zapata is said to have declared that he intends to extend his operations along the western coast of Mexico as far as Sonora and that he will fight Carranza "forever."
The information was brought to Mexico City by persons who arrived from town under the control of the followers of Zapata in the state of Morelos.

CONFERENCE SOON BETWEEN CONSTITUTIONALIST LEADERS

El Paso, Tex., June 30.—Carranza and Villa agents here appeared today to know no details of the proposed conference between General Villa and representatives of General Carranza to settle the differences which have threatened the success of the constitutionalist revolution. Delegates evidently have not been named but it was thought that Carranza's agents would be sent directly from Monterrey to Torreon, and the conference managed as quietly as possible.

General Villa was reported as having gone today to Parral to attend the funeral of Trinidad Rodriguez, one of his generals killed in the recent battle of Zacatecas.
From Carranza's headquarters came word that General Ramon Fraustro was safe in Monterey, doing away with much uneasiness regarding his welfare. Fraustro, who headed the Benton-Hauch investigation committee, had been reported in jail at Torreon.

Ambassador DeGams returned here today after a week's vacation. The note from Carranza reached him immediately on his arrival. It sets forth in polite phrases the thanks of General Carranza for the invitation of the mediators to send constitutionalist delegates to participate in informal conferences with Huerta delegates for the selection of a provisional president of Mexico and the solution of other internal problems. General Carranza states, however, that he would like to have more time in which to consult his subordinate chiefs and generals before acting on the invitation.

General Carranza gave the mediators no intimation as to how long

HIGH HONORS FOR VENEZUELAN MINISTER

President, Members of Cabinet, Justices of Supreme Court and Diplomatic Corps Attend Requiem Mass for Late Dr. Rojas.

[By Leased Wire to Evening Herald.]
Washington, June 30.—Funeral services for Dr. Pedro Riquelme Rojas, Venezuelan minister, who died at Atlantic City Friday, were held here today. President Wilson, members of the cabinet, justices of the supreme court and practically the entire diplomatic corps attended. The cabinet meeting was cancelled.

Escorted by a battalion of engineers, a squadron of cavalry, and the Marine band, the body was taken from the location to the church on a caisson. As the caisson, carried by eight non-commissioned officers and followed by the honorary pallbearers, was taken into the church, the assembled troops came to present arms.

In addition to the president, Secretary Bryan, Secretary McAdoo, Secretary Redfield, Secretary Daniels and members of the senate foreign relations committee and house foreign affairs committee attended the mass, after which the body was taken to the Washington navy yard with the escort of troops placed on the gunboat Dolphin and taken to Hampton Roads, to be transferred to the battle ship Kansas and taken to Venezuela.

CHEROKEE NATION IS OFFICIALLY DISSOLVED

One of Five Civilized Tribes in Oklahoma Turned Loose on Cruel World with \$600,000 in Cash.

[By Leased Wire to Evening Herald.]
Washington, June 30.—The Cherokee nation, largest of the five civilized tribes, will be dissolved as a nation at midnight and the tribal funds, amounting to \$600,000, will be divided among its 41,000 members. Commissioner Sells of the Indian office today called for the resignation of all Cherokee officials. The dissolution of the tribe is in accordance with the policy of the Indian office. Under the law it was intended that the five civilized tribes should be dissolved as nations in 1908. Congress, however, extended that time in the discretion of the Indian office. The Seminole nation practically has been dissolved. Senator Owen of Oklahoma is a member of the Cherokee nation and will receive as his portion of the tribal funds about \$15.

Kansas Official Retires

Topeka, Kan., June 30.—F. D. Coburn, for twenty years secretary of the state board of agriculture and widely known throughout the country as a crop authority, retired from public service today.

It would take him to consult his generals and chiefs. He already has had one week's time in which to do it but it was freely predicted that he might want a month or more.

HUERTA PLANNING TO LEAVE MEXICO, HUMOR

Washington, June 30.—Private dispatches received here today from unofficial sources in Mexico City stated that President Huerta had sent his son and daughter toward Puerto Mexico and was making preparations for his own departure on short notice. The information was conveyed to the state department.

Habasa Doubts It

Niagara Falls, Ont., June 30.—Emilio Habasa, head of the Mexican delegation here, said he doubted very much the report that General Huerta was preparing to leave Mexico City. He said that inasmuch as General Huerta had eight children, four married and four unmarried, the departure of two or three had no significance.

NO COMMENT ON RECESS

BY WASHINGTON OFFICIALS
Washington, June 30.—The recess of the Niagara mediation conference was received in official circles without comment, where it was not unexpected, as President Wilson and Secretary Bryan, in constant touch with the American delegates, had been advised of the situation.

It was variously interpreted in official and diplomatic circles. Those who have been pessimistic as to the success of mediation hold the opinion that the conference might not result, basing their view on their belief that the constitutionalists never have desired to participate, preferring to prolong their military campaign.

SCHUMANN-HEINK GETS BACK HER MAIDEN NAME

World's Greatest Contrato Awarded Divorce Decree from William Rapp and Wins Decision on Every Contested Point.

[By Leased Wire to Evening Herald.]
Chicago, June 29.—A decree of divorce in favor of Mrs. Ernestine Rapp (Mrs. Schumann-Heink), wife of William Rapp of New York, was entered by Judge Dennis E. Sullivan in the superior court today. The decree provides that Mrs. Rapp may resume her maiden name, Ernestine Schumann-Heink, and that the defendant shall pay the costs of the suit. It also finds that the statutory charges made against the complainant, Mrs. Rapp, by the defendant's amended answer, were not supported by the evidence introduced, but the decree is granted on statutory charges which it is held she proved against her husband.

An appeal is allowed by the decree on the defendant's filing a cost bond and a bill of exceptions within sixty days.

STATE TROOPS IN CONTROL OF SITUATION

Strikers from Westinghouse Plants Operate as Pickets Under Restriction; People Kept Moving.

[By Leased Wire to Evening Herald.]
Pittsburgh, June 30.—Dawn saw the state constabulary in complete control of the situation in the strike district of the Turtle Creek valley. Four troops cleared the bridge leading to the Westinghouse electric and machine factories of the deputy sheriffs that have held it for three weeks, and all persons were allowed to pass without question. Streets were patrolled by mounted men and the people kept moving.

A great crowd of strikers assembled at the plant entrances to see who would return to work and pickets were active under the restrictions laid down by Captain Adams when he visited the strike headquarters last night. One man overstepped the bounds and was arrested by a trooper. Strict orders were given by the constabulary for the armed guards to remain in the works and in no case to show themselves on the streets with their guns. The guard at the Pennsylvania station to protect the railroad property was reduced at daybreak.

FRENCH EXHIBIT AT EXPOSITION POSSIBLE

Appropriation of \$400,000 Asked by Bill Reintroduced in Chamber of Deputies for San Francisco Display.

[By Leased Wire to Evening Herald.]
Paris, June 30.—The French government's bill for the appropriation of \$400,000 to cover the expenses of the French exhibit at the Panama-Pacific exposition at San Francisco was reintroduced into the chamber of deputies today.

A memorandum of reasons for the appropriation, which accompanied the bill, is dated June 22, and is signed by Premier Viviani, Joseph Noulens, minister of finance, and Gaston Thompson, minister of commerce. In this document diplomatic and economic considerations are put forward and France is urged to join in celebration of the union of the Atlantic and the Pacific oceans by the work begun by French engineers and carried out by Americans.

COLONEL ROOSEVELT IS OFF FOR PITTSBURGH

[By Leased Wire to Evening Herald.]
New York, June 30.—Colonel Theodore Roosevelt, accompanied by his son, Theodore Roosevelt, Jr., and his secretary, left at 8 o'clock this morning for Pittsburgh, where tonight he will speak at the closing session of the second annual conference of the Progressive League of Pennsylvania.

DEATH PLOT TRAGED TO SERBIAN SOURCE

Archduke Francis Ferdinand and Consort Assassinated as Result of Deep Rooted Nationalist Propaganda.

BATTLESHIP CONVEYS BODIES TO VIENNA

Authorities had Knowledge of Conspiracy to Assassinate But Were Unable to Prevent Sunday's Crime.

[By Leased Wire to Evening Herald.]
Vienna, June 30.—According to opinions expressed by high government officials the plot which resulted in the assassination on Sunday of Archduke Francis Ferdinand and his wife, the Duchess of Hohenberg, at Sarajevo, owed its inception to nationalist propaganda which originated in Serbia.

This propaganda took deep root among certain elements of the Serbian population of Bosnia. The Bosnian government was aware of the treasonable aims being pursued but was obliged to proceed with the utmost caution in order not to injure another group of Serbians who were loyal to it. Also there were certain considerations of foreign policy which had to be reckoned with.

The Bosnia authorities, while carefully watching and restraining these fanatics, apparently were unable to discover the conspiracy in time to prevent Sunday's crime.

How deeply this Serbian danger really penetrates Bosnia is impossible to estimate, but fears are expressed here that it would be difficult to stem it now.
The will of the late archduke was found and opened by Emperor Francis Joseph this afternoon. The archduke's children, it is said, are to inherit their late father's estates in Bohemia and at Salzburg and Artstetten. The rest of the estates including the famous villa Tivoli at Florence, are to go to the new heir to the throne.

BODIES EN ROUTE TO VIENNA FOR FUNERAL

Melkovich, Herzegovina, June 30.—The bodies of Archduke Francis Ferdinand and his consort, the Duchess of Hohenberg, arrived here on a special train at 8 o'clock this morning from Sarajevo, Bosnia.

The coffins were removed from the cars by blue-jackets and after a prayer by a priest were conveyed amid the roll of muffled drums and the tolling of church bells to the royal yacht Dalmat, lying in the river.

When the Dalmat reached the mouth of the river, it proceeded directly to the battleship Viribus Unitis, which was lying at anchor waiting to convey the bodies to Trieste. The yacht fired a salute of nineteen guns as she came alongside the battleship and the coffins were then transferred to the afterdeck of the Viribus Unitis, which had been transformed into a mortuary chapel decorated with flags.

The battleship Viribus Unitis is proceeding slowly toward Trieste so as to allow court officials in Vienna to make preparations for Wednesday evening and conveyed on Thursday and conveyed on through troop-lined streets to the railroad station on their way to Vienna.

Reports from other districts of Bosnia today say that disorders have virtually ceased.

The perpetrators of Sunday's outrages are to be tried before the civil courts and not under martial law, which was at the archduke and his consort on Sunday, will then be liable only to imprisonment for a period of from five to ten years on a charge of attempted murder, while Gavrio Princip, who fired the fatal shot, may, it is said, escape with ten years imprisonment on account of his youth.

"HUCKLEBERRY" FEUD IN ARKANSAS REVIVED

Paris, Ark., June 30.—The "Huckleberry" mountain feud, which has existed in this section of Arkansas for many years, was revived last night, when Frank Ross, a mountaineer, shot and killed Hubert Houn and probably fatally wounded Chatham Sherill when, it is said, Houn and Sherill attacked the Ross home. The officers have arrested all known factional leaders in the feud to prevent further trouble.

FEDERALS FLED IN WILD PANIC AT ZACATECAS

Villa's Constitutionalist Army Slaughtered Thousands in Battle, and Took 5,000 Prisoners.

[By Leased Wire to Evening Herald.]
Torreon, June 30.—Railroad men brought the information today that General Medina Barron, commander of the federal garrison defeated last Tuesday at Zacatecas, had reached Azus Calientes with only fourteen men, General Barron was wounded in the thigh, they said.

The body of General Olea, another federal commander, has been found in the position his men occupied on the Zacatecas battlefield, according to reports made to General Villa, who was here today. A son of General Barron, a major, also was killed and his body found and identified.

The only group of federals which left Zacatecas in any order was one of about 200 men, it has been learned. All others fled panic-stricken. So far as it has been possible to ascertain, the federals who managed to escape the constitutionalists' fire numbered no more than 300. The garrison consisted of from 14,000 to 15,000 men. About 5,000 were taken prisoners.

The extensive battle ground has made accurate figures difficult to secure. On the Guadalupe road leading to the city some 2,000 federals died, while more than 100 bodies were found in redoubts and trenches around the hill El Cirillo.

MEXICO CAPITAL IS QUIET AND ORDERLY

Warning to British to Leave Republic Grounded on Fear Famine will Occur as Constitutionalists Advance.

[By Leased Wire to Evening Herald.]
Vera Cruz, June 30.—Fear of famine resulting from the advance of the constitutionalist army and the cutting of railways, rather than anticipation of disorder in Mexico City, prompted Sir Lionel Carden's warning to British subjects to leave the federal capital, according to passengers who arrived here today.

The impression was general among the Englishmen, all of whom had come down on business, that few persons would take advantage of the special British refugee train to Puerto Mexico, as most of those now in the capital preferred to remain there.

All who arrived here today agreed that the capital was quiet and that there were no visible indications of unrest among the people.
No confirmation of the evacuation of Azus Calientes by the federal forces has reached here, but the railroad passengers said there were many rumors afloat regarding multiple attacks on the federal troops in various places to the northward.

One passenger declared a band of revolutionists a few days ago attacked Necaxa, where the light and power plant supplying the capital is located, and it is reported other bands are active in the vicinity of Orizaba.

A report was brought in by passengers that 50 constitutionalists had been captured and executed near Orizaba last week.

OHIO GIRL WEDDED TO FRENCH NOBLEMAN

[By Leased Wire to Evening Herald.]
Paris, June 30.—Miss Laura McDonald Stallo, daughter of Ed and K. Stallo of Cincinnati, Ohio, and Prince Francisco Hospignoni were married today at St. Joseph's church in the presence of a company of distinguished guests. Among those present were Ambassador and Mrs. Myron T. Herrick and Prince and Princess Murat, who is a sister of the bride.

Prince and Princess Hospignoni are going to Norway for their honeymoon.

BATH TUB FOR VILLA BEST MONEY CAN BUY

[By Leased Wire to Evening Herald.]
Chicago, June 30.—General Francisco Villa's bath tub, shipped from here in response to his order for the best tub money could buy, cost him \$400. It was made known today by the firm that sent it. Shipping charges came to \$125 more.
"If he transports the tub from city to city it will be the heaviest thing his army has to move," said a member of the firm.
General Villa ordered the tub in El Paso from a representative of a Chicago firm.

MEMORANDUM BEARING ON MEDIATION ISSUED

Proposals by American Delegates at Niagara Tantalizing to Reducing Personal Liberty to Sham, Claimed.

CARRANZA PLAINLY FAVORED IS ALLEGED

Washington Government Sharply Criticized and Indirectly Accused of not Desiring Electoral Liberty in Mexico.

[By Leased Wire to Evening Herald.]
Mexico City, June 30.—Roberto Esteva-Ruiz, acting foreign minister, has given out a memorandum, the statement of the Mexican delegates to the Niagara Falls mediation conference, addressed to the American delegates and first made public from Niagara Falls June 17. In it he brings out certain passages which were not contained in the statement issued at Niagara Falls. The object of the memorandum, it was said, was to combat the proposals presented by the American delegates, which were said to be tantamount to reducing electoral liberty in Mexico to a sham, as the elections would be held under pressure in favor of Carranza. This, it was argued, would be better for Mexico and for the United States as well as for Carranza, as it would cause bad feeling between the two peoples and Carranza would always be regarded as the nominee and subordinate of the American government.

The Mexican delegates in the document ask why the government at Washington objects to the establishment of a neutral provisional government which the Mexican delegates had immediately accepted. The only answer, they say, can be that the Washington government does not desire electoral liberty in Mexico. The Mexican delegates denied that the advance of the revolution favored national sentiment in Mexico favored Carranza. But, even supposing the national sentiment favored Carranza, his election, they pointed out, was certain under a neutral government and there was no necessity for putting him in through a provisional government under his influence.

If the Washington government insisted on its proposals, the delegates contended, the negotiations would fail and civil strife in Mexico would continue, and even if the revolutionary armies were victorious it would be only at the cost of much suffering and bloodshed. They said it was unnecessary to the government of a great civilized people such as the Americans to accept responsibility for these horrors, when the result could be attained by an honorable and peaceful exercise of the ballot. Senator Esteva-Ruiz stated that, after the memorandum had been presented, an agreement had been reached between the Mexican and American delegates, but it could not be given out because the Mexican government had made some observations on it.

PROHIBITION FIGHT IS ON IN IDAHO

[By Leased Wire to Evening Herald.]
Bozeman, Idaho, June 30.—Platform conventions of the four political parties recognized under the primary election law of Idaho—Republican, Democratic, Progressive and Socialist—are being held here today. Prohibition is the chief issue before each of the three leading parties. The Progressives will, it is practically certain, adopt a platform declaring for prohibition by legislative enactment and also the submission of a constitutional amendment.

In the Democratic convention chief interest centers in an effort to be made to obtain the adoption of a home rule plank giving cities and incorporated towns the right to decide the prohibition question for themselves. The Republicans are said to be closely divided on the question.

I. W. W. Leader on Trial

Paterson, N. J., June 30.—Carlo Treves, the Industrial Workers of the World leader, whose active role here during the great silk strike of a year ago caused his indictment for advocating bodily injury and inciting to riot, was today again placed on trial. Treves was tried at the time of the strike, but the jury failed to agree.

TODAY IN CONGRESS.

SENATE.
Met at noon.
Many private pension bills were considered.
HOUSE.
Met at noon.
Debate was resumed on the District of Columbia appropriation bill.

STATES MUST DEAL WITH VOTES FOR WOMEN

President Wilson Tells 500 Suffragettes Today that He will not Recommend Constitutional Amendment.

DECLARES QUESTION IS NOT NATIONAL

Ladies March Behind Brass Band to White House and Make Known Demands in Aggressive Speeches.

[By Leased Wire to Evening Herald.]
Washington, June 30.—President Wilson told a deputation of more than 500 woman suffragists at the White House today that woman suffrage was a state issue and not a national one, and for that reason he would not use his influence for the passage of a constitutional amendment in congress.

In the historic east room of the executive mansion the president received the suffragists, who represented the organized club women of nearly every state. When the president declined to support the Mordell-Bristow amendment, which comes up for a vote in the house rules committee tomorrow, some of the leaders began to put him through a sharp cross-examination which the president took good naturally.

Mrs. Rheta Childs Dorr and Mrs. Harvey W. Wiley questioned him on his attitude with respect to other national issues after answering several of their queries the president declared:

"I cannot permit myself to be cross-examined."
That put a stop to the questioning and the delegation slowly filed out of the White House giving expressions of disappointment and regret. The president told the women that his "passion is for local self-government" and that he believed every state should decide certain things for itself. He claimed the right of suffrage among these things. He told the women that the suffrage issue had not been mentioned in the Baltimore platform and, therefore, he would be reluctant to take it up even though his own ideas were different.

"The president of the United States has a dual personality," said Mr. Wilson. "First he is the chief executive of the nation and next he is the leader of a party. In both those capacities I must refuse to push woman suffrage as a national issue."

The president advised the club women not to be discouraged, but continue their fight in the various states. He added that he was deeply interested in the question.

Some of the mothers brought small children with them to the White House and throughout the speaking there were frequent wails and cries from the babies.

More than 500 women suffragists, representing organized clubs of nearly every state, marched on the White House today and demanded of President Wilson a definite statement of his position toward voter for women. "What are you going to do for woman suffrage at this session of congress?" was the question the leaders bluntly asked.

"Will you use your influence in favor of the Mondell-Bristow suffrage resolution for a constitutional amendment which comes up before the house rules committee tomorrow?"

Headed by Mrs. Harvey W. Wiley, Rheta Childs Dorr, Mrs. William Kent, Alice Paul and other leading spirits in the congressional union for woman suffrage, the delegation, after a public mass meeting marched behind a big brass band to the White House gates, where they were received by Secretary Tamm, who took them to the president.

A large engraved copy of the suffrage resolution adopted at the recent Chicago convention of the Federation of Women's Clubs was presented to the president as a preliminary to the speeches of the suffragists.

Presenting the engraved resolution, Mrs. Etta Logan replied to the charge that the Chicago convention had been packed in favor of the suffrage resolution.

"The women over the seas are holding out their hands to us," said she. "Eight million working women have their eyes on the result of this resolution today. Mr. President, in view of the Fourth of July, when the declaration of our forefathers still rings as brilliant notes around the world, what more fitting hour and time for our president, the father of