Have you donated your auto to help take the Texas Rotarians on a drive over Albuquerque?

IT would be mighty convenient if we could stuff some of this weather in a silo and get it out next Feb.

# The Evening Herald

IF things keep on in Mexico, Orozco will be answering the roll up yonder before he answers to the court.

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ALBUQUERQUE, NEW MEXICO, MONDAY, JULY 12, 1915.

THE EVENING HERALD VOL. 5. NO. 88.

## COMPARATIVE CALM REIGNS THROUGH ALL THEATERS OF CONFLICT

Only Events Are on Italo-Austrian Front Where Allied Forces Are Reported to Have Made Gains.

### AUSTRIAN OPERATIONS CHECKED NEAR WARSAW

Campaign in Galicia Undertaken With Intention of Establishing Protective Positions, Say Officials.

[By Evening Herald Leased Wire]

London, July 12, (11:46 a. m.)—Comparative calm exists in the various fighting areas with the exception of the Austro-Italian front where the Italians claim a substantial advance in their effort to invest Trieste. Petrograd is elated at the Russian success over the Austrians who are said to have lost one of the three corps which began the advance against Lublin. The entente allies are reminded, however, that this is only a beat triumph of forty miles of a thousand-mile front.

Austrian operations against the Warsaw railroads have been checked if not thwarted, which means that the threatened advance on Warsaw is a little less dangerous than when the Austro-German attack began.

A dispatch from Austrian headquarters in Galicia explains the apparent lull in the Austro-German advance by asserting that the Teutonic allies fixed Lemberg as the objective of the present campaign with the idea of establishing themselves in strong defensive positions to the northward in order to use part of their troops elsewhere. It is claimed that this has been accomplished by establishing lines along the rivers Bug and Zlota Lipa and the Krasnik ridge. It is further exhibited that the Austrians proceeded beyond Krasnik, but encountering unexpected opposition, retired on the positions originally selected where they have repulsed all further Russian attacks.

### RUSSIA PREPARES TO SEND TROOPS TO DARDANELLES

Manila, July 12.—Persons who have arrived from Saigon, capital of French Cochin China, report that all vessels belonging to the Messageries Maritimes which have been engaged in far eastern traffic are being transformed into transports to carry Russian troops to the Dardanelles.

Russia probably benefits more than the other nation from the forcing of the Dardanelles and the fall of Constantinople, but there have been no precisions reports of an authoritative nature to the effect that Russian troops would be sent to the Gallipoli peninsula to assist the allies in the operations there.

### AUSTRIANS MAKE DESPERATE EFFORT TO PENETRATE ALPS

Udine, Italy, July 12.—(via Paris, 2:15 p. m.)—According to reports from the front the Austrians are making desperate efforts to penetrate Italy through the Carnic Alps. They are relying chiefly upon night attacks which so far have miscarried, United The Italians have reinforced their efforts, notably on the forty projection the Pusteria valley along the river Drava, as with the occupation of Innichen on Toblach on that river and on the railway line. Trent could be resupplied only through Innsbruck.

After having bombarded Durrazzo and the port fortified Fort Landon, the most important of the system of fortifications closing the great Alpenstrasse road leading to Austria, the Italians are now giving their attention to the forts forming the flank protecting of that highway. These are all armored and each is divided in two sections, one provided with armored casements for long range cannon and the other with machine guns for close defense. All have steel cupolas.

### AMERICAN CITIZEN REPORTED KIDNAPED

[By Evening Herald Leased Wire]

El Paso, Tex., July 12.—It was reported to federal authorities today that Castulo Padilla, an American citizen, had been kidnaped by Mexicans and is being held a prisoner somewhere in Juarez. An investigation is being made. Three Mexicans and two Americans in an automobile are said to have appeared at Padilla's farm near the international boundary line Friday night, handcuffed him, and forcing him into the car, carried him into Mexico. Padilla is an old man who has lived on his farm forty years.

General Tomas Urquiza, commander of the garrison in Juarez, denied that Padilla was a prisoner in Juarez. He protested to know nothing regarding the alleged kidnaping.

## *Unofficial Report Is That Sultan Has Been Dead Two Days*

Paris, July 12, (4:25 p. m.)—La Liberte says that the Idea Nazional of Rome has received the following note vised by the censor:

"News from Athens and Sofia advise us that the Sultan has been dead several days and that the Young Turks are hiding the news fearing political complications."

## WOMAN IN CITY OF KARLSRUHE TELLS OF BOMBARDMENT BY AVIATORS

Mother of E. D. Tittman, of Hillsboro, Describes Events Surrounding Shelling of City by Allied Airmen.

### GERMANY NOT STARVING IS HER DECLARATION

Buildings Bearing Red Cross Damaged by Bombs; Old Men, Women and Children Killed.

(Special Dispatch to Evening Herald.)

Hillsboro, N. M., July 12.—Edward D. Tittmann, a well known attorney and Democratic leader of Sierra county, has just received a letter from his mother who is in Karlsruhe, the German city which on the 15th of June was attacked by English and French aeroplanes. Mrs. Tittmann was in the city when the attack took place and this is her description of what occurred:

"Your newspapers will have told you about the attack by the allied fliers on this city on the morning of the 15th. I would have called you that none of us was hurt, but of course could not, as the English have the only cable and the wireless can not be used from here. Your brother-in-law arrived here two days previously from a visit to Lord Mayor von Stroebel at Dresden. We had intended taking a trip to Mannheim that morning and I had risen at six to get ready. From a quarter to seven until eight o'clock a swarm of aeroplanes appeared over the town and began to drop their deadly bombs over the whole city. They picked out the streets and avenues which carried the most traffic, and they stayed high enough in the air to make accurate shooting at them difficult. They did not even spare the buildings that carried the sign of the Red Cross on their roofs. Alfreda, Aunt Hella and Kurt sought safety in their cellar as had been advised and ordered, but at our house we overlooked this precaution, never thinking escaped. Twenty-five were killed and 40 wounded. They were mainly old men, women and children on their way to their day's work, and who could not reach places of safety in time. There was much damage done to houses that had their walls and windows shown in. When the aviators at their attack on an open and undefended city could have been so on and treat. In future if the attack should be repeated I shall not fail to go to the cellar when the alarm sounds sooner I know. Of course the excitement was terrible, and I would send you copies of the newspapers if I did not know from experience that you do not get them in the English colonies so soon. Out they can get their hands on.

"The letter then tells of the condition of the harvest and says:

"The wheat harvest is going to be the biggest ever, and all the other crops promise bumper returns though the weather is a bit dry and the farmers could use some rain. The fruit crop will be large and we are already eating fresh cherries, and the strawberry season has been very good. The letter is dated June 17. In Berlin they are soon selling pale made entirely of wheat bread, and other large cities will soon follow suit. I must say themselves that the so-called war-bread tastes good. We have a great plenty and variety of food, even a plenty for the many hundreds of thousands of prisoners and the attempt on the part of England to starve the Germans has been a complete failure. Your cousin Kurt is now home with his mother after having been in the hospital for eight months. His foot is still numb without feeling and his leg is stiff, but compared with many of the other seriously wounded he is doing very well, though he will never quite recover the use of his limb."

### Prussian Diet's President Dies.

Cologne, Germany, July 12.—(via London, 1:27 p. m.)—The Cologne Gazette announces the death of Heff von Wedel-Piesdorf, president of the upper house of the Prussian diet.

## FOUR WERE KILLED BY COINERS IS NOW CLAIMED

Mrs. M. J. Pease, of Des Moines, Tells Attorney-General Her Father Was Murdered With Others.

[By Evening Herald Leased Wire]

Des Moines, Ia., July 12.—Four men were killed by the counterfeiters' gang at Slam, Ia., in September, 1908, instead of two, according to the statement of Mrs. M. J. Pease of Des Moines at the attorney general's office here today. Her father was among the four. The gentleman's son was not killed, but was returned to his home at West Point, Mo. The gentleman's name was William Hedrick, not Nathaniel Smith, as heretofore believed.

### ATTORNEY GENERAL ASSUMES PERSONAL CHARGE OF CASE

Des Moines, Iowa, July 12.—Attorney General George W. Chasm took personal charge today of his department's investigation of the so-called Bedford, Iowa, murder and treasure chest cases.

Mrs. Maria Porter of Quitman, Mo., the state's chief witness against Samuel Scrivner, Peter Hostetman and John and Henry Transwood, the four aged defendants, will be in Bedford, Iowa, tomorrow, to give her testimony in the hearing, according to a telephone message received by the local authorities from her husband.

Attorney General Cosson today enumerated the principal points in the case. Among them he included the following:

A statement of C. P. Huntsman of Fresno, Cal., tending to establish that there was a murder in 1908 at Slam as claimed by Mrs. Porter.

That there was continuous digging on the Slam, Iowa, farm for treasure buried by someone.

That when Dr. Galloway, an alleged member of the gang, died, $45,000 was found in his shack.

A sister of Mrs. Porter at one time was a sweetheart of "Bob" Little, a member of the James gang. This is said to establish a connection between the James boys and the Bedford outlaws.

## PRESIDENT OF BIG CONCERN PROVES TO BE LABORER

Shoe-Fitter in St. Louis Has Name at Top of Stationery of South Dakota $1,000,000 Corporation.

[By Evening Herald Leased Wire]

St. Louis, July 12.—George H. Montgomery, shoe fitter by a local factory and president of a firm incorporated in South Dakota at $1,000,000, was arrested by federal authorities here today on a charge of promoting a scheme to defraud. Montgomery and the main office of the Montgomery Shoe Company of America, for "million-dollar corporation," was in his rooming house here.

Montgomery was indicted during the last session of the federal grand jury. Government officials say the total assets of his company are represented to a valuation of $500,000 for the trade mark "Open Kiss Brand Shoe" and $1,000,000 for Montgomery's services.

The company's literature, according to federal officials, said the capital stock was fully paid up at $10 a share for twenty shares. Montgomery was held in lieu of $1,500 bond.

## "PURPOSE MEETING" TO END SESSIONS OF ENDEAVORERS

[By Evening Herald Leased Wire]

Chicago, July 12.—Concluding sessions of the fifth world's convention of the Christian Endeavor societies were held today. Tonight a big "purpose meeting" will wind up the convention.

The 16,000 delegates attending the meeting will express the purpose they desire to carry out during the ensuing years before the next convention in New York city.

The condition of F. E. Clark, head of the Christian Endeavor Union, whom an attack of typhoid fever kept from attending the convention, is grave, according to a telegram received here today from Mrs. Clark.

The telegram was dated Sagamore Beach, Mass., and was addressed to H. H. Vanmeter of this city.

"Mr. Clark, when the fever subsided, gained for a few days," the telegram said, "and we were very hopeful, but a serious complication has put him back so much that we are very anxious. A slight improvement today over yesterday gives us courage, but his condition is very serious still."

## GERMANY MUST WAIT UNTIL PRESIDENT STUDIES REPLY

Situation So Critical That Nothing Will Be Said or Done by Statesmen Before Entire Situation Has Been Thoroughly Canvassed and Course Decided On.

### WILSON AND LANSING WORK INDEPENDENTLY

Chief Executive and His Secretary of State Pursue Individual Investigations and Will Compare Notes When Ideas Have Reached Stage of Maturity, Is Report.

[By Evening Herald Leased Wire]

Washington, July 12.—The situation between Germany and the United States has taken on such a critical character that the policy of the American government will require lengthy and deliberate consideration, that it may have the firmness which the circumstances require.

This was the statement made today in high official quarters. Secretary Lansing, after taking several days to examine the German reply, may not go to Cornish, N. H., after all, to confer with President Wilson. The original plan, it was explained, was for the president and Mr. Lansing to confer and then have the secretary of state draft a note to be submitted to the cabinet on the president's return to Washington. Now it is believed that the president and Mr. Lansing, working independently, will prepare memoranda and confer after their ideas have matured.

Count von Bernstorff, the German ambassador, has asked Secretary Lansing if he wishes to see him, and the secretary is said to have replied that he does after he has carefully examined the situation. The ambassador is seeking information on the attitude of the American government toward the German reply. After Mr. Lansing has consulted with President Wilson it is not unlikely that some intimation will be given to the German ambassador of the seriousness with which the United States government regards the crisis.

Secretary Lansing has begun work on a draft of a reply to Germany, but has not given anyone the slightest inkling of his views. Such intimations, however, as have been received from the White House as well as the state department point to the framing of a policy which will express even more emphatically than before the views of the United States and the belief is growing that the next note may include some idea of the intentions of the American government if its demands are not met. The general command in executive quarters was that the next American note would define the position of the United States even more clearly, so that Germany's subsequent attitude would definitely determine whether diplomatic relations are to be continued.

### PRESIDENT RELAXES BY PLAYING GOLF AND RIDING

Cornish, N. H., July 12.—President Wilson played golf near here this morning and sought relaxation from the press of official duties which have kept him close for the last few days. On the way to the golf course he rode on the front seat of the automobile with the driver and appeared absorbed and in deep thought, but as soon as he reached the links he became interested in his game.

### PARIS NEWSPAPERS SCORE GERMANY'S REPLY TO AMERICA

Paris, July 12.—The Paris newspapers yesterday published in full the text of the German reply to the American note. Such leading as "A Monument of Impudence," and "A Monument of Hypocrisy" appeared in editorials.

The Echo de Paris has this to say: "The note marks sensible progress over the preceding notes; to conclude the Germans now add persiflage. To comment seriously on such a moral would be to permit ourselves to be flouted by the Germans; to laugh at it would perhaps fall in respect towards the Germans' two victims—the Lusitania and the prestige of President Wilson.

The Figaro says it is embarrassed to determine which is the more remarkable, "the impudent cynicism of German diplomacy or the extraordinary presumption to lead them to believe that the United States would be satisfied with such a reply."

## SUCCESSOR FOUND FOR MUENTER IN NEW ORLEANS

Gentleman Signing Himself "Pearce" Would Kill Off Leading Citizens and Put Bombs on Vessels.

[By Evening Herald Leased Wire]

Washington, July 12.—Navy department officials today awaited responses from the British steamships Howth Head and Baron Napier, laden with mules for the British army, and now off the South Atlantic coast, to a warning wireless to them to watch out for bombs in their holds. Both vessels sailed from New Orleans July 5, the Howth Head for Dublin and Belfast via Norfolk and the Baron Napier direct for Avonmouth.

The warning was flashed out over the sea from the Arlington wireless station upon the receipt by Secretary Daniels of a New Orleans newspaper, stating a letter received from a person who signed himself as "Pearce" indicated that explosives had been placed aboard two vessels.

The writer also declared his intention of killing J. P. Morgan and Sir Cecil Spring Rice, the British ambassador and completing the work of Erich Muenter who committed suicide recently after wounding Mr. Morgan.

### WILL INVESTIGATE ALLEGED BOMB THROWING CONSPIRACY

New York, July 12.—An investigation of the alleged conspiracy to place bombs on board steamships leaving here loaded with war munitions for the allies was in progress today. A conference of police officials, agents of the federal government and private detectives was called to consider means of co-operation to prevent the placing of any more bombs on board steamships in New York harbor. A special bomb squad of detectives was assigned to work around the river front and piers where war munitions were being loaded on board steamers were closely guarded.

### NO EXPLOSIVE FOUND ON STEAMER "NAPIER"

New Orleans, July 12.—A wireless message received late today by local agents from Captain Goudy of the British steamship Baron Napier, said he had searched the vessel and had found no explosives.

## LABOR DEPARTMENT WILL CO-OPERATE WITH STATES

Discusses How Better Relations May Be Attained by Federal Office and Industrial Commissioners.

[By Evening Herald Leased Wire]

Washington, July 12.—Secretary Wilson today had under consideration plans for a further co-operation of the federal labor authorities and the industrial departments of the various states outlined in a conference with Commissioner Caminetti and J. T. Fitzpatrick, secretary of the association of governmental labor officials.

These plans, which had for their purpose the promotion of the efficiency of state labor laws and which deal chiefly with the unemployment question, will be discussed at the congress of the state commissioners in San Francisco August 2. Secretary Wilson and other members of his department are planning to attend.

One of the most important questions concerning the means of securing work for the unemployed was the matter of transportation of seasonal workers. Steps will be taken to co-ordinate the slack periods in the factories with the harvest season in the west.

Another scheme for relieving the unemployment situation provides for "low rate excursions" when the railroads are sending empty trains westward for grain. The excursions would make cheap transportation possible when the workingman can find a ready market for his labor on the farms.

The opening of federal lands or the leasing in of idle districts under bond point to further a "back to the soil" movement has also been considered by the department in Washington.

The creation of an inter-related labor exchange between the states which will secure the necessary co-operation for efficient transportation of labor is also under consideration.

### British Sailors Honored.

London, July 12 (4:37 p. m.)—It was announced here today that Emeror Nicholas of Russia has conferred the cross of St. George upon all the officers and crew of the British submarine which recently sank a German battleship in the Baltic.

## *Attorneys Confer on Fight to Save Chas. Becker's Life.*

[By Evening Herald Leased Wire]

New York, July 12.—W. Bourke Cockran, Martin T. Manton and John G. Johnston, counsel for Charles Becker, conferred here today to decide on the next step in the fight to save their client's life. An announcement of their plans was expected later in the day.

## CASES OF HUERTA AND ASSOCIATES CONTINUED TO OCTOBER 4

Action Against Former President of Southern Republic for Alleged Violation of Neutrality Postponed.

### BOND OF GEN. PASCUAL OROZCO IS FORFEITED

Report That Favorite General Is to Appear for Trial Brings Crowd to Court, but He Fails to Answer Call.

[By Evening Herald Leased Wire]

El Paso, Tex., July 12.—The neutrality cases, based on charges filed by United States officials in El Paso, and growing out of the arrest of General Victoriano Huerta and five others, were deferred to the federal grand jury for action October 4. General Pascual Orozco is a fugitive from justice under a United States information charging conspiracy to launch a new revolutionary movement in Mexico. His bond of $7,500 was declared forfeited today when he failed to appear before George R. Oliver, United States commissioner, for preliminary hearing.

General Marcelo Caraveo, Jose Zozaya, Frank and Ike Alderete, defendants, waived preliminary examination and were held to the federal grand jury under reduced bonds. General Caraveo was placed under $2,500 bond and the three other defendants under $4,000 bond each, barring the possibility of additional arrests for the conspiracy today's action disposes of all the El Paso charges until the federal grand jury convenes in October. New bonds were furnished by Jose Zozaya, F. Armendariz, Ike, Frank and Benigno Alderete.

Rumors that Orozco would appear were current in El Paso until just before the cases were called. As a result the courtroom was filled. A few Americans were noticed among the Mexican spectators. No women were in the courtroom, in contrast to the scene attending the rearrest of Huerta July 3. Among the spectators were Generals Ignacio Bravo and Eduardo Cauz, under bond in similar cases brought by San Antonio officials.

The agreement to waive preliminary hearing was reached at a conference attended by Commissioner Oliver, R. E. Crawford, assistant United States district attorney, and counsel for the defendants, held just before the hour set for hearing.

### STATISTISIAN SAYS FUTURE INVESTMENTS SHOULD PAY ROADS

[By Evening Herald Leased Wire]

Chicago, July 12.—L. E. Wetting, a statistician, under cross examination in the western passenger rate case today, insisted that the railroads are entitled to a return on investments in property constructed with an eye to future needs.

The union station at Kansas City and big stations in Chicago were cited as instances of millions of dollars sunk in property designed to care for the requirements of future generations.

### TSE-NE-GAT AVERS HIS INNOENCE ON THE WITNESS STAND

[By Evening Herald Leased Wire]

Denver, July 12.—Tse Ne Gat, Piute Indian on trial for his life, charged with murder, today took the stand in the United States district court and swore that he did not kill Juan Chacon, the Mexican sheepherder whose body was found in Montezuma county, Colo., in March, 1914.

Asked by his attorney, Henry MacAllister, if he killed the Mexican, Tse Ne Gat replied:

"No, I could not kill my friend."

MacAllister in his opening statement declared the defense would prove that Tse Ne Gat was the victim of a conspiracy on the part of certain Colorado Indians who wanted to run the Utah Utes and Piutes out of Colorado.

## NEW AUTHORITY IN MEXICO CITY IS EXPECTED TO END FAMINE

Change in Domination of Capital Thought by State Department to Indicate Improvement.

### LATEST ADVICES SAY CONDITION IS SERIOUS

Dispatches Reaching Washington Today Started Before Carranza Took City; Believed Incorrect Now.

[By Evening Herald Leased Wire]

Washington, July 12.—Brief dispatches reached the state department today from Mexico City dated before the occupation of the capital by Carranza forces describing food conditions as almost intolerable, but officials believed the situation either had been relieved already by the change of authority, or would be remedied as soon as transportation with Vera Cruz was resumed.

State department officials when asked today whether the occupation of Mexico City by Carranza would affect the question of recognition, declared no definite consideration had been given to the subject. They said however, that it always seemed more favorable for recognition when a party in the conflict becomes dominant. The American government has been waiting for many months for one of the factions to get military supremacy and set up a provisional government giving promise of stability. The United States now will watch carefully the attitude and policy of the Carranza authorities in Mexico City but there will be no decision, it is believed, for sometime as to any change of policy on account of the pressing nature of the German situation.

Heretofore the possession of Mexico City has not been regarded as of much importance by officials, because of the few changes in authority, but there are now indications that if General Carranza can better his position by further acquisition of territory north of the capital and re-opening communication with the American border, his chances of obtaining the moral support of the United States will materially improve.

### GENERAL BOMBARDMENT OF GUAYMAS AVERTED

Guaymas, Mex., July 11, (By Radio to San Diego, July 12.)—A general bombardment of Guaymas by the Carranza gunboat Guerrero, planned for Monday, has been prevented. After a strong protest by Admiral Thomas B. Howard of the United States cruiser Colorado and foreign consuls the Guerrero commander agreed to fire only upon Southern Pacific trains entering or leaving, and the Mexican steamer Bonita, anchored in the inner harbor.

The commanding officer of the Guerrero said the trains and steamer Bonita would be fired upon because they have been used by the enemy in the transportation of troops. He agreed not to open fire upon any other part of the city. Many foreigners and foreign property would have been endangered by a bombardment.

The plan for the general bombardment was only prevented after Admiral Howard and the French, German, British, Italian and American consuls called upon the Carranza commander on the Guerrero and made a vigorous protest in the name of humanity. They made the trip from the cruiser Colorado in the admiral's barge.

The time for the bombardment had been set for six o'clock Monday morning, but the Guerrero commander decided not to open fire upon the trains and Bonita until six o'clock Monday night.

The Guerrero arrived here Saturday and immediately a blockade was declared. A schooner which attempted to enter port soon afterward was stopped and ordered to put to sea soon after its passengers had been permitted to land. A protest against the blockade was made by Admiral Howard and the foreign consuls.

### CARRANZISTS NOW CLAIM AGUAS CALIENTES AGAIN

Brownsville, Tex., July 12.—General Luis Caballero, at Monterey, today wired to Matamoras that Aguas Calientes fell into the hands of General Obregon's Carranza forces on Sunday.

### YAQUI INDIANS DRIVE BRONCHO'S CAVALRY TO HILLS

Guaymas, Mex., (By Radio to San Diego, Cal., July 12.)—Word has been received here that Commander Urbalejo, leading Yaqui Indians, has separated General Broncho's cavalry from his infantry forces and has driven the infantry into the mountains. Sixty per cent of the Indians are mounted.

Heavy rains have caused a sudden

(Continued on Page 5.)