

# The Daily State Chronicle

VOL. VII.—NO. 153.

RALEIGH, N. C., SUNDAY, AUGUST 31, 1890.

PRICE 5 CENTS.

## THE NATIONAL CONGRESS.

### WOOL WON'T GO ON THE FREE LIST.

Legislation Which Will Do Nothing—The House Trying to Make a State of Adjustment for Laborers, Mechanics, Etc.

[By United Press.]  
WASHINGTON, Aug. 30.—After a few moments spent in the transaction of routine business in the Senate this morning, the tariff bill was taken up, the pending question being on Mr. Carlisle's motion to strike out the wool paragraphs so as to place wool on the free list.

Mr. Aldrich gave notice that on Monday he would move that on that day, Tuesday and Wednesday, the Senate should take a recess from half past 5 to 6 p. m.

Mr. Donald addressed the Senate in support of Mr. Carlisle's amendment. He demonstrated, he said, that the high tariff on wool and woollens had been a complete failure. He said that the American manufacturer of woollens, it had failed. If the design had been to decrease the price of wool, it had succeeded. The high duty did not check the importation of foreign wools because these were necessary for the utilization of American wools.

Mr. Hawley replied to some of Mr. Donald's allusions to the decay in Connecticut agriculture, and reminded him that the tendency of population towards towns and cities was common in all States and nations.

Mr. Donald explained that he had only alluded to the decay of farming interests in Connecticut to rebut the argument that high tariffs created home markets for the farmer.

The vote was then taken, and Mr. Carlisle's motion to strike out all the wool paragraphs was rejected, yeas 17; nays 27; a strict party vote.

Mr. Carlisle argued against the amendment which made the duty, he said, over 132 per cent. ad valorem.

Mr. Allison did not believe the pending bill would increase prices of wool or woollen goods.

Mr. Vance was unable to see how Mr. Allison reconciled the wool schedule. The bill would either raise the price of wool or it would not. If it did not, it was no benefit to wool growers. If it did raise the price of woollen goods, it was no benefit to the manufacturers.

In the course of his remarks Mr. Plumb spoke of the necessity of the American farmer finding a market for their surplus product in England, and of the possibility of England pursuing the policy of which the United States was setting an example and establishing an embargo against American farm products.

Mr. Hiseock asserted that England was compelled by the necessities of her condition to buy the cheapest food, and that she never would exclude American wheat or corn.

**House.**  
WASHINGTON, Aug. 30.—The House this morning devoted an hour to debate on the bill for the adjustment of the accounts of laborers, workmen and mechanics arising under the 8 hour law. The measure was earnestly advocated by Careuth, of Kentucky, Dingley, of Maine, Covert, of New York, Mr. Merrill, of Kansas, Flower, of New York, Wade, of Missouri, Redley, of Pennsylvania, Osborne, of Pennsylvania and Farragut, of New York. Mr. Chapman, of Michigan, characterized the bill as a make shift; a good enough morgan until after the election. It meant nothing, it would do nothing and in his opinion it was introduced to do nothing.

The House then took up the bill amending the alien contract law, and Mr. Buchanan, of Maryland, advocated the measure.

Mr. Niedringhaus, of Missouri, criticized the clause which exempted preachers. He said he believed in protecting the American preacher. Ministers of the gospel came not under contract, but on the call of the Lord God Almighty. [Laughter.] The clause was intended to protect fashionable lecturers.

After further discussion, the bill was passed without opposition.

The House then, at 5 o'clock, adjourned.

### Attempts to Wreck Trains—Successful and Unsuccessful.

[By United Press.]  
ALBANY, N. Y., Aug. 30.—A dastardly attempt to wreck passenger trains was made at two o'clock this morning near Karner's, about seven miles west of this city. By almost a miracle the Chicago Express, heavily laden with passengers, and going at lightning speed, was brought to a stand still within twenty feet of a pile of heavy ties and railroad iron placed across the tracks.

An attempt was made and successfully to wreck a train at Greenbush last night. A coupling pin was dropped in between the tracks of a switch and a freight train was derailed. Traffic was delayed for five hours.

### The First Defeat of the Alliance in South Carolina.

[By United Press.]  
COLUMBIA, S. C., Aug. 30.—George Johnstone, a prominent lawyer of Newberry, was nominated for Congress by the Democratic primaries of the Third South Carolina district, defeating the Farmers' Alliance candidate, D. K. Morris, by a majority of 24 out of a total vote of 11,682. This is the first defeat attained by the South Carolina Farmers' Alliance in politics.

### W. H. & R. S. TUCKER & CO.

Please notice our "Show Window." The carpets are put there simply as a reminder of what we have up stairs.

W. H. & R. S. TUCKER & CO.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Aug. 30.—First Assistant Postmaster-General Clarkson today severed his official connection with the Postoffice department.

## CABARRUS COUNTY CONVENTION.

### Mr. A. F. Hileman, a Strong Vance Man, Nominated for the House.

The Cabarrus Democrats have nominated the following ticket: A. H. Hileman, for the House; J. C. Gibson, for clerk of court; John K. Patterson, for register of deeds; L. M. Morrison, for sheriff; and J. H. Long for surveyor; T. A. Sims, for treasurer; E. F. White, cotton weigher; M. C. Walter, for coroner.

Mr. Hileman was waited on and made a speech, in which he said he had before expressed himself as strongly in favor of Vance for re-election; and that if he was elected to the House he would most certainly vote for him. His nomination was then made by acclamation.

Resolutions of instruction to vote for Vance "first, last and all the time" were adopted.

Mr. HILEMAN is a prominent member of the Alliance, a successful farmer, and represented his county as delegate in the State Alliance at Asheville last month.

### ANSON COUNTY'S NOMINEES.

Col. W. M. Pickett, a Vance Man, Nominated for the House.

At the primary election held in Anson county the following county ticket was nominated:

For Legislature—W. M. Pickett.  
For Clerk Superior Court—J. C. McLaughlin.

Col. PICKETT is a gentleman of large and varied information, an eloquent speaker, and will do honor to his county in the House of Representatives. The Wadesboro Messenger and Intelligencer says of him:

"He is for VANCE first, last and all the time. Some idea of his popularity with the people may be obtained from the fact that his opponent for the nomination was one of the best farmers and most sensible gentlemen in the county."

### UNION COUNTY CONVENTION.

Each Nominee is Enthusiastic for Senator Vance.

(Charlotte Chronicle.)

MONROE, N. C., Aug. 29.—To-day the Democratic party of Union county assembled to nominate county officers.

The following were nominated:

V. T. Chears, Representative; J. P. Hoan, Sheriff; P. H. Wolfe, Clerk of Superior Court; J. V. Evans, Register of Deeds; James McNeely, Treasurer; M. D. L. Biggers, Surveyor; J. C. Austin, Coroner.

V. T. Chears, Esq., is President of the Alliance in this county and a notable and thoroughly Democratic man. He is the choice of the county by a large majority, and a staunch advocate of Senator Vance. The entire ticket is composed of good men, and gives entire satisfaction to all. Never has there been a convention more harmonious at this place. Each nominee, when called for a speech forward and made an enthusiastic speech for Democracy and for Vance. The mere mention of "Our Zeb's" name elicited deafening applause. Democracy and Alliance pull together without the slightest division.

### WILL MAKE SURE

There will be no Flaring Announcements of Impossible Things.

A correspondent of our evening contemporary hopes the managers of the State Fair will make no announcement that any distinguished man will be present unless there is reason to believe that such will be the case.

The management is in the hands of men who feel the force of the point urged. If the Fair were to be for one year only, they could afford, perhaps, to make great promises, which they knew could not be fulfilled. But it is for more than one year. The men who manage have won a personal and official reputation at stake. The Chronicle believes that all promises made last year were reasonably kept, and the management is not likely to be less so this year. Promises were reasonably kept, because in the large number of persons with whom dealings and correspondence are had, some failures will occur. In every announcement, bill, and programme, the managers will give to the public human certainties only.

### AN ANGRY SURF.

Its Destructive Work at Asbury Park—It Causes a Loss of \$25,000.

(By United Press.)

ASBURY PARK, N. J., Aug. 30.—The high surf of last night and this morning, sweeping along the beach here, has carried away all the ocean promenade between the Asbury Pavilion and Third Avenue. The angry waves tore away hundreds of feet of the beautiful board walk, and nothing is left but the bluff on the edge of which pedestrians are now compelled to walk. All of the bath houses are toppling over or carried off in the breakers. Loss \$25,000.

### Ladies Shoes.

Heller Bros. sell Ladies' Kid and Goat Button shoes at \$1.25 per pair. All sizes common sense or box toes.

HELLER BROS.

Rescue! Attention.

Rescue Fire Company holds its regular monthly meeting to-morrow night at eight o'clock. Members are requested to be present promptly.

WHEELING, W. Va., Aug. 30.—The strike of all the building trades extending over six months and affecting 1,000 men, was declared off yesterday. Work will be resumed at once.

## "THE RAMBLER."

### HE TALKS ABOUT HOMES FOR THE HOMELESS.

He Shows How a Poor Man Can Get a \$500 Home for \$260.

The Rambler sat on a rustic in Capitol square yesterday. He was in the shade of the magnificent oaks. His hat lay near him the ground. He was in an easy, lazing attitude, and while the Reporter quietly approached him he was puffing beautiful rings of blue smoke from a fragrant cigar.

The Reporter sat down and the Rambler without turning his head quoted:

"Home, home, sweet, sweet home. Be it ever so humble, there's no place like home."

Before the Reporter could express his astonishment at the poetical humor of the Rambler, that worthy said:

"Do you suppose that a working man who lives in a rented house can fully appreciate that sentiment? Don't you suppose that if a working man could be shown how he could get a house of his own by a little patience and a very little economy, that he would take advantage of the plan?"

People are going wild over building and loan associations. These organizations, I believe, promise to double the money, or nearly double it, in six or seven years. Why can't some of us get crazy on a building association that will give a man a \$500 home in five years for half that money. I've seen and know something about a plan by which this thing can be done.

As set forth, the plan shows how one hundred homes, costing \$500 each, can be built in five years, for an actual cash outlay of \$260 from each member; or to make a planer, at the end of five years each member will have a \$500 home in five simple which will have cost him not exceeding \$260. The statement may seem reckless at first blush, but an illustration will show the practicability of the plan.

Let the association consist of one hundred members.

Operations are commenced by assessing each member \$1.00 per week. The collections will therefore be \$100.00 per week from the association. In five weeks, \$500.00 will have been collected—enough to build one home. Work is commenced on the first home as soon as the first weekly collection is made, and with subsequent collections for the other four weeks the work is kept up and the house completed at the end of the first five weeks.

One of the members of the association then occupies the house at a nominal rent—say \$6.00 per month. He also continues to pay his weekly assessment of \$1.00, making his rent cost him \$10.00 per month.

Under the old system of renting, he pays probably as much as this for the simple use of a house for one month, and the transient use of the house is all he gets for the use of his money.

Under the proposed plan this rent money, as well as the weekly assessment of \$1.00 goes into the building fund for the next home.

In five more weeks another \$500 is collected from the association—\$1.00 per week from each member, and in the meantime the weekly payments are devoted to the building of the second house. This costs \$500 as the other, but the occupant of the first house has paid into the fund a rental of \$6.00 and this amount is on hand at the completion of the second house, which is paid for in full.

Another member moves into the second house and begins to pay a monthly rental of \$6.00 per month. In five more weeks another house is completed by the fund from the weekly assessments. By this time the occupant of the first house has paid into the fund two months rent amounting to \$12.00, and the occupant of the second house has paid in \$6.00 for one month rent making a balance of \$18.00 in the fund after three \$500 houses have been paid for.

This system of building and renting is continued during the time it requires to build the one hundred homes. A little calculation will show that in the course of two years the rental of the houses built in that time will amount to a considerable income, and soon get large enough to permit the building of four or five houses every five weeks, without increasing the weekly assessment of \$1.00 from each member.

It runs so that at the end of about five years every member of the company has a fine hundred dollar home which has virtually cost the member only an assessment of \$1.00 per week for five years, or \$260.

Of course those who moved into the houses first built have paid out a considerable amount in rentals, but this they would have done any way, and have probably paid a higher rent than \$6.00. This rent, instead of vanishing forever from the payee, has been siding to build other association homes.

In the meantime members of the association who are not in the co-operative houses, are paying rent elsewhere, but also paying in the weekly assessment of \$1.00.

The plan works so that the member who gets the last house does not pay a cent of rental, and at the same time the rental charges of the occupants of all the other houses cease.

The great advantage of the plan is the turning of money paid for rent by many of the members for several years into a fund for building houses for other members, instead of paying the rent to parties who use it for individual purposes.

### Lawn Tennis Shoes.

Heller Bros. just received a full assortment of Gents' Tennis Shoes. All sizes. 75 cents per pair.

HELLER BROS.

New York, Aug. 30.—A special to the Herald from Guatemala says: President Barillas' cabinet resigned yesterday in a body to show their disapproval of his action in signing the treaty of peace with Salvador. The President will proceed to form a new cabinet at once.

## PROF. C. D. McIVER'S GREAT WORK.

### The People of Cabarrus are Greatly Pleased and Profited.

From Concord the CHRONICLE has received a private letter, from which we make an extract in regard to the work done there by Prof. Chas. D. McIver in the Teachers' Institute. Our friend writes: "Prof. McIver is the brightest man we ever had here on education. God bless him, he has what so few men have, the courage of his convictions. Since I first met him I have been drawn to him; now I love him for his great love of North Carolina's best interest and his great work in that cause. He has stirred Cabarrus as our people have never been stirred. He has done more for education this week than has been done in a hundred years. I wish that every good citizen of the State could have heard Prof. McIver. I am sure he is pleased with Cabarrus but our people are more pleased with him than he can be with us. He is always, now, getting a great audience here. There is a new star in the heavens."

The Concord papers speak of the work of the Institute in the highest terms. The Standard says its highest address "has never been equaled by anything of its kind in the county."

At the conclusion of the address, the following resolution was introduced by Col. Paul B. Means, and unanimously adopted by a rising vote:

"Resolved, That we, the people of Cabarrus county, tender our sincere thanks to Prof. Charles D. McIver for his interesting and instructive address, which we consider to be the best, and to have done more to arouse and increase the true spirit of public education than any address on that subject ever made in this county. And that this resolution be adopted not merely to compliment, but to encourage him in this great work, and especially in his intelligent and manly presentation of the subject."

### A CARD.

Dr. Grissom Writes a Letter From Denver.

Thomas R. Parnell, Esq., has requested the CHRONICLE to publish the following letter from Dr. Eugene Grissom:

DENVER, Col., Aug. 23.

DEAR SIR:—The report of the interview with me by a newspaper correspondent in Denver and copist, with hostile criticisms, by the STATE CHRONICLE, was exaggerated, needless from the indiscriminate application by the very gentlemanly correspondent of historical and political facts relating to SOUTH CAROLINA as well as North Carolina in the long and varied career of a variety of subjects, which formed the basis of the article published. This was particularly true of the election law in South Carolina, as I understand it, no practical application of the LATE election law having been made as yet in North Carolina. How it will be executed in this State remains to be seen. No one, I presume, will deny the accuracy of the statement made by me as to North Carolina. I send you an interview about the same time, containing a few inaccuracies, but upon the whole much more correctly reported.

Yours truly,  
EUGENE GRISSOM.

### 11TH SENATORIAL DISTRICT.

Dr. W. C. Galloway, a Strong Vance Man, Nominated.

(Special to STATE CHRONICLE.)

KINSTON, N. C., Aug. 30.—In the Democratic Senatorial convention of the Eleventh District, composed of the counties of Greene and Lenoir, at Snow Hill, Dr. W. C. Galloway, of Snow Hill, was nominated on the first ballot. He is a strong Vance man, and is certain of election.

DR. GALLOWAY is a leading physician of Greene county, an elegant, fluent and polished speaker, a facile writer, and a gentleman of fine social qualities, as well as of extended information and accurate knowledge. He is a kinsman of the able and popular SWEET GALLOWAY, Esq.

### WINSTON TOBACCO SHIPMENTS.

The Largest from Any Southern Market in the Month of August.

(Special to STATE CHRONICLE.)

WINSTON, Aug. 30.—Winston tobacco manufacturers shipped 102,314 pounds of plug tobacco this month. This is said to be the largest plug tobacco shipment ever known in the south in the month of August.

### THE SOLDIERS' HOME FUND.

Contributions From Old Veterans and From Noble Ladies.

Mr. W. C. Stronach, secretary of the State Confederate Veterans' Association, yesterday received the following contributions to the Soldiers' Home Fund:

Check for \$22.75, being a contribution of the old Confederate Veterans of Elkin township, in Surry county.

Check for \$4.95—amount collected by Mrs. W. J. Harrell, of Mitchell township, Bertie county, and forwarded by Mrs. P. H. Winston.

The Confederate feels pleasure in recording these evidences of interest in the comfort of the noble old soldiers.

### Trunks Cheap.

Call and see Hellers' 34 and 36 inch Saratoga trunks, at \$4.00 and \$5.00. Our cheapest trunks from 75 cents to \$1.00 and up.

HELLER BROS.

BERLIN, Aug. 30.—The cellar of a brewery in Stoetteritz, Saxony, in which a number of men were at work, collapsed today, burying sixteen of the workmen. Of these seven were killed and the remainder were severely injured.

## A YEAR OF PLENTY.

### THE COTTON CROP ABOVE THE AVERAGE—TOBACCO FINE—CORN GOOD.

New Cotton Has Found Its Way to Market—The Rice and Potato Crop Good—Better Times Ahead.

The reports of correspondents of the Weekly Weather Crop Bulletin, issued by the North Carolina Experiment Station and State Weather Service, co-operating with the United States Signal Service, show that the week ending Saturday, August 30th, 1890, has been generally favorable for the maturing of crops. The temperature has been about the average during the week, but the nights have been cool. The temperature range during the week was 61 to 83 degrees. The weather was rather dry until the 28th, on which day copious rains fell. Some very heavy showers occurred Thursday night at a number of places. The average rainfall for the week was 1.65 inches, which is 0.25 inches above the normal September average. The cotton crop is above the average. It is opening rapidly, and picking is in progress. New cotton is already in market. The potato crop also will be a fine one. Cutting and curing is going on, and the curings are generally reported good. The rains during August have, however, made the lowlands a sedge growth, and there will be some rough, coarse tobacco which is too big for good treatment. The crop of corn, rice, and potatoes is good.

EASTERN DISTRICT.—The temperatures have been about the average during the day, but the nights have been cool with heavy dew. Lowest temperature reached 54 degrees. On 30th rains fell in some places, but not widespread. It is opening and picking has commenced. Rice harvest in progress in the southeastern counties, crop excellent and some weeks earlier than usual. Good crops of potatoes. The average rainfall for the week in this district was 1.75 inches, which is somewhat above the average. A very heavy rain-storm is reported on the night of 28th at Rocky Point, Pender county.

CENTRAL DISTRICT.—The average rainfall for this week was 1.00 inch. Heavy rains centered during night of 28th. At Raleigh, Wake county, 2.20 inches fell. The highest temperature was 91 degrees, the lowest 52. The nights have been cool and unfavorable to most crops. Cotton is still above the average, is opening fast. Picking is progressing rapidly and new cotton is in market. The tobacco crop will be a fine one. Curings are reported good. Fodder is being saved. Corn and potato crops good.

WESTERN DISTRICT.—The weather has been warm and cloudy, with frequent rains on the night of the 25th at a number of places, the average for the district being 2.15 inches. The wet weather is unfavorable for cotton; however Saturday opened dry and warmer. Cotton has commenced to open. Tobacco is being cut and cured rapidly. Corn is good on uplands and lowlands. The week was favorable for making hay and fodder.

Remarks of Special Correspondents.

EASTERN DISTRICT.—Wilmington, Gates county: Crops doing well. Nearly through saving fodder. Cotton beginning to open. Beyer, Craven county: All crops in good and bid fair for best yield in many years. Chapanoke, Perquimans county: Last Saturday and Sunday were very cool. Also Sunday night cool, with heavy rain, sending cotton to just some. Cotton is a good deal in places. Corn little above the average. Weldon, Halifax county: Too much rain. Southampton, Brunswick county: Rice harvest has commenced in this county. Crop is reported excellent and some two weeks earlier than usual. Clinton, Sampson county: Only one rain since last report. Cotton opening rapidly and picking commenced. Rocky Point, Pender county: Up to yesterday (28th) all crops were doing well, but heavy rain of 1.5 inches last night may have done some damage. Hertford, Perquimans county: Crops of cotton and peanuts have been injured by the cool weather and too much rain. 25th we have good crops, better than for years. Elizabeth City, Pasquotank county: Crops have not deteriorated materially since last report. Cotton shows much in some places, but it is not so good. Second crop Irish potatoes irregular and stand generally poor. Rain two days within two weeks.

CENTRAL DISTRICT.—Laurinburg, Richmon County: Very little rain since last report. Showers 24th. Temperature ranged from 91 to 64. The low temperature was injurious to all growing crops. Cotton picking general and progressing very fast. Lenoir, Graham county: Good rain this morning, 27th. Potatoes fine. Fodder being saved. Cotton opening. Tobacco wasting by bottom leaves burning up. Natural, Vance county: Weather favorable. All crop doing well. Tobacco curings good. Macon, Warren county: Fodder is being pulled. Tobacco not curing bright as expected. All crop doing well. Raleigh, Johnston county: Crops in good, though not as fine as expected some time ago. Corn and potatoes very good. Cotton something above the average. Highest temperature 91 on 27th, lowest 52 on 24th. Fodder nearly all saved. Had heavy local rains on 27th. Cotton about three-fourths of what was expected. Leitchfield, Johnston county: Cotton has shed its fruit to some extent. Some farmers say it has fallen off one-fourth during August. Warrenton, Warren county: Farmers busy saving fodder and curing tobacco; curings better than last week. All crops about matured and best for thirty years. Most of the tobacco will be cut by last of September. Tameyville, Caswell county: Thursday night, which was a heavy rain, needed. We are now in midst of cutting and curing tobacco. Succeeding well. Pelham, Caswell county: Cutting and curing tobacco now. Some curings reported good. Pinesville, Mecklenburg county: Finer crops never known. Gilson, Richmond county: Cotton being picked and marketed. Some planters say crop will be one-fourth short of what was expected. Corn and peas fair. Wake Forest, Wake county: New cotton coming into market. Big Lick, Stanly county: Light showers 29th and 27th. Highest temperature 94, lowest 53. Reidsville, Rockingham county: Gentle rain for the last twelve hours (29th). Tobacco curing well. Corn and potatoes fine. Raleigh, Wake county: Heavy rain of 2.25 inches night of 28th. No damage done.

WESTERN DISTRICT.—Mt. Pleasant, Cabarrus county: The rains during the 27th and 28th were very favorable for turnips and sowing oats. It is raining at this writing, 29th. Pineville, Mecklenburg county: After two or three weeks of dry weather, rain began last Wednesday.

Good rain every day since. We look for good average crop of cotton. Corn good. Murphy, Cherokee county: The weather has been generally favorable to all crops this week. Dallas, Gaston county: A most excellent week for maturing cotton, making hay and fodder, holding protracted religious meetings, political conventions, etc. Lenoir, Lenoir county: Corn crop is fine, but too much rain for fodder and hay. No damage by floods. Hickory, Caswell county: Farmers are making fodder. Tobacco curings going on and the crop is very good. Corn and cotton good, both upland and bottom. Fork Church, Davie county: On Friday, 29th, had good rain. None since. Meetings and nights cool. Tobacco curings in order. Corn and cotton looking fine. Newton, Catawba county: It has been cloudy and warm for past seven days. Not much rain, however, and crops not much affected. Salisbury, Rowan county: Heaviest rain of season fell last night (28 to 29th). The weather has been showery during the past week. Very good for late corn, but rather bad for cotton, which has commenced to open. Highest temperature 84, lowest 58. Davidson College, Mecklenburg county: The weather has been changeable. Rained all night of 29th, 1.4 inches. Hope no damage done.

## CITY CHURCHES TO-DAY.

Services will be held in our city churches to-day as follows:

### EPISCOPAL.

Church of the Good Shepherd, Rev. W. M. Clark, Rector.

Thirtieth Sunday after Trinity. Sunday school at 9:30 a. m. Morning prayer and sermon at 11 a. m. Evening prayer and sermon at 8:15 p. m. Services during the week: Wednesday and Friday at 10 a. m. All seats free. Polite ushers. All cordially invited to attend.

### CHRIST CHURCH.

Rev. M. M. Marshall, D. D., Rector.

Thirtieth Sunday after Trinity. Sunday school 9:45 a. m. Divine service and sermon at 11 a. m. Evening prayer at 6 p. m. Services during the week: Wednesday 6 p. m. and Friday 10 a. m. Polite ushers. All cordially invited.

### METHODIST.

Edenton Street M. E. Church, Rev. J. H. Condon, D. D., Pastor.

Sunday school at 9:30 a. m. Preaching at 11 a. m. and at 8:00 p. m. The public cordially invited to attend all services.

### Central Methodist Church.

Rev. L. L. Nash, D. D., Pastor.

Sunday school at 9:15 a. m., H. C. Reiford, Superintendent. Preaching at 11 a. m. and at 8:00 p. m. by the pastor. A cordial welcome to all. Seats free. Polite ushers.

### Brooklyn M. E. Church.

Rev. J. D. Pearn, Pastor.

Sunday school at 3 p. m. Preaching at 11 a. m. and at 8:00 p. m. by the pastor. All are cordially invited to attend.

### BAPTIST.

First Baptist Church, Rev. J. W. Carter, D. D., Pastor.

Sunday school at 9:30 a. m., T. H. Briggs, Superintendent. Preaching at 11 a. m. and at 8 p. m., by Rev. N. S. Jones. Strangers in the city and the public cordially invited to attend all these services.

### Baptist Tabernacle.

Rev. J. J. Hall, D. D., Pastor.

Sunday School at 9:00 a. m. N. B. Broughton, Superintendent. Preaching at 11 a. m. and at 8 p. m. by the pastor. All cordially invited.

### CHRISTIAN.

Christian Church, Rev. J. L. Foster, Pastor.

Sunday school at 9:30 a. m. Preaching at 11 a. m. and at 8 p. m. by the pastor. All cordially invited to attend these services.