

The Daily State Chronicle.

VOL. VIII.—NO. 28.

RALEIGH, N. C., WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 8, 1890.

PRICE 5 CENTS.

LIVINGSTON'S SPEECH.

ARGUES THE CONSTITUTIONALITY OF THE SUB-TREASURY BILL.

Not dealing in personal politics, the Alliance is for Justice and Right and will get there—Don't Oppose it to the People—Or You Will be Swallowed With Oblivion."

Mr. Livingston arrived in the city early morning and took apartments in the City Hotel, where he had many callers during the day.

At twelve o'clock he went to the Court House accompanied by Col. L. F. Livingston, and there he met a very appreciative and intelligent audience.

Mr. Livingston is a tall man of middle age and looks the picture of the energetic and substantial Georgia farmer. He speaks with great energy, and is one of the most logical and clear speakers we have ever heard.

His speech was able, clear and strong, and greatly pleased his audience. He has a bright eye, tells a joke with great zeal, and "takes" gestures. He is plain and carries his audience with him. Those who disagree with him listen to him with interest.

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on the farmer's lands and chattels, and the price he pleases. In fact, the question with the merchant was, "How much can I charge this man for goods and risk getting it?"

Why, down in the cotton belt, up to two years ago, there was a very sad state of affairs. A farmer would go to the merchant for supplies. The merchant met him and would say, "Now, I want to furnish you this year. I want to keep you going, but I want to know how little you can get along with till the crops are gathered." And then the merchant and farmer would sit down and begin to figure. And the figuring would be done on salt bacon, brogan shoes, meal and other bare necessities—not a single comfort, not a single luxury—but the commonest and most meagre necessities of support.

I tell you, I want to see the time come when a merchant will meet the farmer and say, "I want to sell you some goods," and I want the next question to be not "how little can I sell you," but "how much can I sell you."

Matters Getting Better.
We are travelling right along that road my friends, and we are going to get there, and we want you to come along with us.

A Better Fate Deserved.
Now my friends, the farmers and laborers deserve a better fate than they are subjected to and are now enduring. Don't you think so? Are you willing to help them? Don't you honestly think, now, that these classes of people who provide everything for the whole people of the country, deserve the consideration of the whole people? They have been groaning under oppressive and unjust legislation for years, and now they have come forward and asked for relief. They have presented a plan by which they think this relief can be given them, and they have expressly said: "If you don't like this plan, and can substitute one which will give us the relief we so much need, we will take your plan and accept the relief you will give us." But my friends, what was the result of this appeal? We were met with a reply from every Senator in Congress, from both my State and yours, that the plan was unconstitutional, and this reply is all that we have got. They didn't try to help us. They didn't offer us any substitute, when the very last thing we said was: "If this plan won't work, give us a plan that will work and give us relief, and we will accept your plan."

Now you see how we stand before the great legislative body of the country.

Farmers in Congress.
Now who are you going to send to that body at the next election? Are you going to send some fellow there who is not in sympathy with you, and who will meet you with "unconstitutionality," and who will not try to help you? If the Methodists were holding a conference over yonder do you suppose the Baptists would try to send delegates there? Not much. A creed couldn't be formulated that would embrace or exclude everything that each side wanted. You want to send people to your legislative bodies who will carry out your wishes.

The Alliance and Democracy.
Some people have said that the Alliance had taken hold of the Democratic party and proposed to run it at all costs. The only answer I have to make to that is: "let the majority of the Democratic party rule the Democratic party of this country." Isn't that good Democratic doctrine? There is a struggle going on now as to whether the people shall control the Democratic party or whether it shall be controlled by "bosses." That's the question, and on that question there is a struggle.

Measures and Not Men.
I now want to announce this Democratic doctrine—"that men are not measures, yet all over this country we are hearing the cry for men and no cry for measures. I want the time to come when great measures shall take precedence of men. Why, if the angel Gabriel were down here and were a candidate, I wouldn't support him if he were a high protective tariff man."

The Constitutionality of the Sub-Treasury Bill.
Now about this sub-treasury matter. It has been cried abroad, that it is unconstitutional. I say that it is constitutional. If there is anybody here who doesn't believe this let him stand up. If you don't stand up I won't argue the question. (Nobody stands up.) Well, I'll go this far any how. The cry has gone out that it is unconstitutional for the government to lend money. Well the government thinks the constitution gives it the right to borrow money. Now anybody or corporation that can borrow, can lend, and I defy any lawyer to separate the two rights. Within the last twenty days the United States Supreme court has decided that the sub-treasury bill was constitutional when it decided that the government could lend money. He cited the case where Congress lent money to the Philadelphia centennial exposition.

The government coins money. If it does that it has a right to lend that money. If it has this right, it has the right to prescribe the method of loan. Now let somebody deny this.

Is the Sub-Treasury Practical?
Well, the sub-treasury is practical, and it can operate without injury to the business of other classes. Let's see something about its practicability. You take a hoghead of tobacco or bale of cotton to a warehouse and deposit it, and get a deposit certificate. You can take that certificate and step to a bank and get money on it. You do that every day don't you? Now, why can't the cotton farmer have this right. Let him go to some government warehouse and deposit his bale of cotton; and all that the sub-treasury bill demands is that the government shall advance to the farmer eighty per cent. of the value of the cotton in money, holding the cotton as collateral. This would give the poor farmer immediate command of sufficient money to provide necessities for his family, and would give him the opportunity of holding that bale of cotton till the spinners wanted it, and then the cotton would bring to the farmer the highest possible price, and the farmer would get the benefit of that

price. Now, the speculator takes advantage of the poor farmer's necessity, buys the cotton at reduced market price and the speculator puts the cotton in a warehouse and holds it till the spinners want it, and then sell it for all the profit there is in it. The speculator who does nothing is getting the benefit and profit which the sub-treasury plan proposes and will give to the farmer who makes the cotton.

The Fight is on to the End.
We are going to fight this plan through Congress just as it is, or make Congress give us a better plan. If they won't give us a better plan, then they've got to swallow this one without dotting an "i" or crossing a "t."

What is Flexible Currency?
We have in our plan the term "flexible currency." That's an easy term to explain. Suppose the cotton crop of the South is worth \$700,000,000. They suppose there is only \$600,000,000 of currency to meet it. Don't you see the crop suffers? It suffers because there is not sufficient money to buy it. But suppose there is \$1,400,000,000 to meet this crop. Can't you see that the money will suffer? It goes out freely and spontaneously and the price of cotton goes up! up! up! That's what flexible currency means—a sufficient currency, but not too much.

The Plan Would Help Everybody.
Now don't you business men, lawyers, professional men, everybody think you ought to help us out in our plans? These plans mean good to everybody; and as honest men I ask you if you don't think you ought to come to us and help us. Since we have been organized we have studied and learned a great deal. We have mingled with others and they have seen our purposes. And I'm glad to say that other classes are coming to us. In my State able lawyers have discussed the matter and have declared for us, and now the wholesale business men are holding meetings and declaring that these farmers are entitled to all they are asking for and they say they will help them.

What is to be Feared.
There are one or two things which we have to fear. One is dissension among ourselves. Here Mr. Livingston made a strong appeal for unity and give out a ringing protest against dissension and strife. He said that such a dissension was nothing less than putting the knife to the business throat of the country and murdering it.

The Money Power.
Another thing we have to fear is the Money Power. Before the war there were but two millionaires in the country. Now there are sixteen thousand of them. The financial system of this country is wrong, and somebody is getting too much out of it. There are five men in New York to day who can bankrupt Raleigh in five minutes by a telegram. My friends, is that a safe condition of things for you to lie down under? There never was a farmer who became a millionaire and no man can become one by an honest and morally legitimate business, for life is a little too short for that.

The Financial System.
The financial system needs to be reformed. I can tell you that if the money power was proportionately distributed throughout this country, twenty-seven men would control everything in North Carolina. How many of you would be willing to submit to such a state of affairs as that?

The Value of Agitation.
Col. Livingston spoke for nearly two hours. He showed how the agitation of the sub-treasury bill had caused people to wake up and begin to think on questions of political economy, and how it had proven a great impetus to the study of government methods. It had been a great educator, and most people owed whatever knowledge they had of government finances and government methods to the introduction of the sub-treasury bill, and the great mass of information that had been given out incident to its discussion.

Words to Outsiders.
He closed by saying that the sub-treasury plan was a measure for the people and was being supported by the people; and the people have never yet failed to carry through any project on which they were united. Then he gave some words to the class which he designated as "outsiders." He said: "I warn you not to take a stand against the people now, for just as sure as you do you will be overwhelmed. If you oppose yourself to them the wave will engulf you and swallow you into oblivion. The thing for you to do is to join them and go along with them, or stand aside and see them go by; but don't resist them or you will be crushed. Revolutions never go backward but forward."

He Rested His Case.
Then Col. Livingston rested his case on its merits. He said: "We are right and right shall prevail. There is a Power stronger than all the combined classes and clans of the earth—a Power that rules this earth and all the numerous planets that revolve about him. Our plea and our case is in his hands. We are for justice and right, and these are the principles which that Mighty Power loves, approves, and which he will cause to triumph over all opposition and obstacles."

W. H. & R. S. TUCKER & CO.
From now until Fair week we will every day make special exhibits of Fabrics for Evening Dresses, Tea Gowns and the New Tea Jackets.

Unquestionably the most magnificent display we have ever attempted. The finest, the best, and most beautiful Novelties are offered for your inspection, and the prices are decidedly more reasonable than former seasons for like textures.

W. H. & R. S. TUCKER & CO.
PARIS, Oct. 7.—The Figaro states that a letter has been written to Prince Valori by Don Carlos in which the writer says that having sacrificed his right to the French throne, he has determined never to interfere in the foreign or domestic politics of France.

DEMOCRATIC TEXT BOOK.

A VALUABLE DOCUMENT—THE FINISHING TOUCHES JUST PUT ON.

The National Democratic Committee Doing Nothing—Good Texts to Preach From But no Preachers—A Solid Democratic Delegation From the South Next Time.

(Special Cor. of STATE CHRONICLE.)
WASHINGTON, D. C. Oct. 7th.—Senator Carlisle who has remained here since the adjournment to assist his son, who compiled the "Democratic Campaign text book," in putting the last touches to that valuable book, the issuing of which was delayed so as to include the conclusion of the long tariff fight, will go to Kentucky this week, and it is probable that he may make some speeches in other states during the campaign. The Text book is now out, and the Democratic Congressional committee is prepared to fill orders for them.

I have been making a quiet investigation to learn what the Congressional committee is doing towards capturing the next House, and I find that Mr. Flower, the Chairman, is in New York looking after his own affairs, political and otherwise, (mostly the latter) and that the committee is making no pretense of doing anything, except to furnish all of the documents asked for. It furnishes neither speakers, nor money to pay the thousand and one little incidents of an active campaign in those districts where it is impossible to raise it locally. If this policy is to be kept up nothing short of a miraculous popular tidal wave can give the Democrats control of the next House.

Documents are all very good in their place, but with the election not a month off it is good talkers that are needed to meet the arguments of the men sent in swarms by the Republican committee into every doubtful congressional district to blind the voters to the injury inflicted upon them through Republican legislation. The Democratic party was never so well equipped with good texts to preach from as at the present time, and the opportunity should not be lost through lack of preachers. If the national committee will not furnish them let the local committees see to it that the fight is not lost by not having the issues properly talked up to the voters.

Of course, in criticising the Congressional committee, it should be remembered that they have no protected manufacturers to draw upon for unlimited cash, as the Republican committee has, and no sensible person for a moment expects that the Democrats could spend as much money as the Republicans, and it would not be desirable if they could—it is against the principles of the Democratic party to carry elections by bribery.

Representative Wheeler, of Alabama, says the result of the Force bill will be the election of a solid Democratic delegation to the next House from the Southern States.

LAND SALE IN WINSTON.

The Largest Private Sale on Record—An Aggregate of \$15,000—A New Company Organized.

(Special to STATE CHRONICLE.)
The most successful private sale of real estate ever known to have taken place in North Carolina, and probably in the South, took place here to-day when the West End Hotel and Land Company offered its lots on the market. Everything passed off nicely and with great credit to the management. Before the books were closed over five hundred applications for lots were filed and private sales aggregated nearly \$15,000. All the lots were disposed of except about sixty which were reserved by the company which is building a hundred thousand dollar hotel in their midst for resorters.

To-day over twenty thousand dollars worth of property changed hands in the centre of the city, within twenty-five minutes. The Twin City Investment Company was organized with a cash capital of twenty-five thousand. Offers to take one hundred shares were turned down immediately.

War Renewed Between Guatemala and San Salvador.

(By United Press.)
NEW YORK, Oct. 7.—Advices received here says the Guatemalans and Salvadorians are fighting again on the frontier. It stated that the war has again been precipitated, owing to the inability of the Guatemalan government to exchange prisoners with San Salvador. The first named government shot every Salvadorian soldier captured in the late war. No particulars as to the locality where the fight has taken place are received beyond the fact that it has occurred on the borders of the two countries. Efforts to keep the news of the conflict quiet are being made by Guatemala.

A Cotton Steamer Burning.

(By United Press.)
NEW YORK, Oct. 6.—The steamer Alamo, of the Mallory Line, arrived here this morning from Galveston with her cargo of cotton on fire. After landing her passengers in safety by means of a tug, she proceeded to the Erie basin. Her hold is being flooded by the fire tugs. She has 5,000 bales of cotton on board.

ALLIANCE GATHERINGS.

Col. L. F. Livingston, of Georgia, and Col. L. L. Polk to speak.
(Special to the State Chronicle.)
WASHINGTON, D. C., Sept. 27.—Col. L. F. Livingston, President of the Farmers' State Alliance in Georgia, and Democratic nominee for Congress from the Atlanta district, will speak in North Carolina at the following places:
Weldon, October 8th.
Goldboro, October 9th.
Col. L. L. Polk will be with him and will speak at Raleigh, Weldon and Goldboro.

CALVINISTIC REVISION.

A Meeting of The Revision Committee at Alleghany.

(By United Press.)
PITTSBURGH, Pa., Oct. 7.—The committee on revision of the Confession of Faith of the Presbyterian church, appointed at the last General Assembly, held their opening session in the Library building of the Western Theological Seminary, Alleghany, this morning. All of the distinguished members of the committee were present except Rev. Dr. Thomas and S. H. Hastings, of New York, and Barker Munmere, Esq., of New Jersey. A permanent organization was effected by the election of Dr. Wm. C. Roberts, of Lake Forest, Ill., President, and Dr. Wm. E. Moore, of Columbus, Ohio, Secretary. The remaining time of the session was occupied in formulating rules for the government of the future sessions of the committee.

CONFLICTING DISPATCHES

As to How the Comte De Paris is Received in America.

(By United Press.)
LONDON, Oct. 7.—The dispatch received from the Count of Paris, saying that he had been warmly received in America, does not agree with other dispatches published in Paris to the effect that the public authorities of the United States have carefully avoided giving the Prince anything like official recognition, and that the President has found a pretext for not staying at Washington to receive the pretender to the throne of France.

FIFE IN RANDELMAN.

He is Preaching in a Tent—The Meeting Starts Off Well.

(Special Cor. of State Chronicle.)
RANDELMAN, N. C., Oct. 6.—We have the Evangelist Rev. William Fife with us now for an eight days' meeting, and the meeting started off yesterday with 3,000 persons present. Mr. Fife says the meeting opened better than any he has ever held. All the mills are closed down and we expect a good time generally. The services are being held under a large tent, procured for the purpose. Mr. Fife is in good trim, and preached three fine sermons yesterday.

AN AWFUL SCOURGE AROUND THE RED SEA.

(By United Press.)
LONDON Oct. 7th.—Horrible accounts come from the Red Sea of the condition of cholera victims. The Arabs and strangers in that section are dying by scores. Persons are seized with cholera and die within an hour with clenched teeth and bodies drawn up. Birds and dogs feed on the corpses, which the people are afraid to touch, and vast flocks of vultures dispute for the prey with the four footed scavengers. From the interior of Arabia the accounts are fully as heart rending, and the victims are said to be numbered by thousands.

A Fatal Dispute Between Two Rich Men.

(By United Press.)
ERLANGER, Ky., Oct. 7.—Yesterday afternoon Louis Richards and Tom Edwards, two wealthy farmers living at Beach Grove, about two miles South of here, met at Florence and Independence pike when a dispute arose regarding damages done Edwards by Richards' hogs getting into his field. Edwards struck Richards when the latter drew his knife and stabbed Edwards five times, killing him instantly.

The Iron Prospecting Tour.

(By United Press.)
PHILADELPHIA, Pa., Oct. 7.—The delegates to the British Iron and Steel Institute who have been guests of the city for the past couple of days, left here to-day. The train that carried them was a long one, for there were several hundred passengers. They left the depot at ten o'clock for Lebanon, where the well-known millionaire, Robert Coleman, will entertain them.

A Car Smashup With Fatal Result.

(By United Press.)
DENVER, Col. Oct. 7.—The sleeping coach attached to the Salt Lake express on the Denver and Rio Grande railroad, due at Gunnison at 11 o'clock this morning, was thrown from the track and overturned on a sharp curve, three miles east of Sargent, in Marshall Pass. One man is reported killed and several are wounded.

A Disastrous Marine Collision.

(By United Press.)
NEW YORK, Oct. 7.—A special cable to the Herald from London says the British steamer Ouse, collided with and sank a bark off Flushing. The crew of the bark, numbering twelve men, were drowned.

Free Postal Delivery for Durham and Greensboro.

(By United Press.)
WASHINGTON, D. C., Oct. 7.—The free delivery service will be established at the following named postoffices in November 1, 1890: Durham, N. C. and Greensboro, N. C.

W. H. & R. S. TUCKER & CO.

The New Tea Jacket.
And for them we offer all the choicest things—the stuffs to make them—the frock, filmy new crepe effects for the soft, flimsy and sleeves, and the daintiest jeweled gimps for the accessories.
Really, these garments are superb. Our people will tell you how to make them.
W. H. & R. S. TUCKER & CO.

WINSTON-SALEM.

Gov. Jarvis Dispensing Sound Democracy—Census Returns—Showing a Big Increase for Forsyth County.

(Cor. of STATE CHRONICLE.)
WINSTON, N. C., Oct. 7.—Last night, at Brown's Opera House, Hon. Thos. J. Jarvis spoke to an immense audience of people upon the issues of the day. An outline of his speech could not be given here, but it was ringing with pure Democracy and did a great deal of good toward unifying the white people of old Forsyth under one banner and upon like principles. Every thing is getting straight now. The Alliancemen have found out that they are and always will be Democrats so long as this country has the two present political parties. Secretary Beddingfield's earnest and eloquent speech Saturday set them in a good condition to drink in the points of Ex Governor Jarvis last night, and, although there were few from the country to hear him, one or two made the audience know that they were Democrats of the correct metal.

Yesterday morning as the Roanoke and Southern train was rounding a curve on its way into the city from Walnut Cove, the engineer saw three colored children upon the track. He blew to alarm them and two had sense enough to get off. The engine knocked the third twelve feet in the air and fatally injured him. Doctors were summoned but there is little hope of saving the child's life.

The supervisor of the census for this district has sent in his report and Forsyth county leads in the per cent. of increase of population since 1880. There are the figures for the seven highest counties:—

County	Per cent. increase.
Forsyth	57
Surry	25
Mecklenburg	24
Alamance	23
Rowan	20
Randolph	20
Rockingham	16

Thus it can be seen that Forsyth's per cent. of increase is more than double that of the other counties of the district and probably is larger than any county in the State.

The returns have not yet been received of Salem's census, but I am told by the enumerators that that place that it will pull close to 4,000. Winston's population fell short of the figures that were sent on to Washington and there is a cry in the camp about it. The enumerators, when asked two months ago as to the number of our people, said that it was something over 12,000. The census returns for Winston shows an increase of 180 per cent. and, unless Asheville will come over this figure we can claim the most progressive city in the State. We have the most progressive and I can prove it. In 1885 Winston did not have over 3,500 people in it by close count. The percentage of increase since 1885 is 128 per cent. Now can any other city in the State beat that since 1885?
M. VICTOR.

AN IMPORTANT PURCHASE.

The Bank of Hickory Purchased by Gastonia Capitalists.

(Special Cor. STATE CHRONICLE.)
GASTONIA, N. C., Oct. 6.—The First National Bank of Gastonia, J. H. Craig, President, L. L. Jenkins, Cashier, has bought the magnificent bank building lately occupied by the Shuler Bank of Hickory. The price paid was \$6650. This places Messrs. Craig and Jenkins in possession of one of the finest, if not the finest, of North Carolina bank buildings. The purchasers decline as yet to make any statement as to the use they will make of the property. But they are gentlemen of sufficient business foresight to recognize in Hickory one of the best banking points in the State, and it is believed that they intend to do a general banking business in their new and commodious quarters. Of course this will be an entirely new enterprise, the First National Bank of Gastonia being here to stay.

PROHIBITION CONFERENCE.

Prof. Samuel Dickie Will be at Greensboro, October 17th.

(Special Cor. STATE CHRONICLE.)
GREENSBORO, Oct. 6.—Will you please give notice of the Conference of the Prohibitionists of the State at Greensboro, on the afternoon and evening of October 17th. Prof. Samuel Dickie will attend. The object is to lay plans to make a vigorous attack upon the saloon business during the coming winter.
Respectfully,
D. W. C. BENBOW.

Public Speaking.

Hon. W. H. Kitchen will address the people on the current questions of the day at the following times and places:
Henderson, Wednesday, Oct. 8th.
Warrenton, Thursday, Oct. 9th.
Weldon, Friday, Oct. 10th.
Jackson, Saturday, Oct. 11th.
Kinston, Sunday, Oct. 13th.
Snow Hill, Tuesday, Oct. 14th.
New Berne, Wednesday, Oct. 15.
W. A. Dunn, Esq., will also speak at Kinston, Snow Hill and New Berne.

Don't postpone it, but go and register to-day.

A Safe Investment.

Is one which is guaranteed to bring you satisfactory results, or in case of failure a return of purchase price. On this safe plan you can buy from our advertised druggist a bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption. It is guaranteed to bring relief in every case, when used for any affection of Throat, Lungs or Chest, such as Consumption, Inflammation of Lungs, Bronchitis, Asthma, Whooping Cough, Croup, etc., etc. It is pleasant and agreeable to taste, perfectly safe, and can always be depended upon. Trial bottles free at John Y. MacRae's drugstore.