

# The Daily State Chronicle.

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RALEIGH, N. C., WEDNESDAY, APRIL 23, 1891.

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## A LIVELY DEBATE.

### TRINITY LITERARY SOCIETIES SAY GOVERNMENTS SHOULD NOT OWN RAILROADS.

The Columbians Declared They Should and the Hesperians Won by a Vote of 105 to 47—Athletic Games and a Great Occasion.

[Special Cor. to State Chronicle.]

TRINITY COLLEGE, April 25.—The 3rd annual debate between the Columbian and Hesperian Literary Societies was held at Trinity College yesterday evening in the college chapel. The exercises began at 8:25 p. m. with song by the Trinity College Glee Club—Hail Festal Day.

Mr. D. R. Davis, of Beaufort, N. C., as President of the Hesperian Society presided over the exercises. Numa R. Reid, of Roldsville, N. C., secretary of the Columbian Society, was the secretary of the occasion.

The programme was as follows: Columbian Oration—"Hero Worship," R. L. Durham, of Greensboro N. C. Hesperian Oration—"Ruins, J. R. McCrary, of Lexington, N. C. Joint Debate—Query, "Resolved that the United States Government should own and control the telegraph lines and railroads within its borders." Affirmative, Frank Armfield and W. I. Cranford, negative C. E. Turner and L. S. Massey.

The Columbians had the affirmative and the Hesperians had the negative. Mr. Armfield's opening speech was clear, strong and well arranged. He charged the railroads with violating charters and watering stock, and said they were a corrupting power. Something must be done, Railroad Commission was not a success, but governmental control is a success. He gave the comparison between the German and Austrian systems and the American system. Former is cheaper because the government controls it. Governmental control is cheaper, because it prevents parallel lines and litigation.

Mr. Turner said that railroads sometimes become an evil, but governmental control was not the remedy. Affirmative argument followed up would make the government owner of every interest which could be made a monopoly, until Uncle Sam would be feeding all his numerous nephews and nieces with a spoon. It would create too many new offices—would make six times as many as we now have. Congress would necessarily appropriate money to build railroads. One section would not want to build railroads for another. South would not be developed. Sectional hatred would be re-awakened.

Mr. Cranford said that commissions are not a success. They are or will become bribed by the railroad kings, and the people will furnish the money to pay the bribe. The English system of control without ownership will not work in America. In a few words, the present idea is to serve the capitalists at the expense of the people; the affirmative idea is to serve the people with special privileges to none. One of the strongest points in the evening Mr. Cranford won by declaring that the fact that there were so large a number of employees to be appointed would force the government to more generally adopt civil service reform, and thus giving a death blow to the spoils system.

As for the telegraph, America and China are the only nations who do not own their telegraph lines. Mr. Massey said that the evils are due to the abuse of the present system, opposed to the centralizing effect of the affirmative idea. A difficulty lay before us as to the way of getting the railroads. The government cannot force the sale of private property. The railroads would cost five and half billions. It would ruin the National credit to borrow much. It would cost more to run railroads if the government owned them for there would be more extravagance. Competition gives the public better service. Italy had a committee to investigate the subject for three years. It reported that governmental control is not advisable. Freight rates are higher in Germany when the government control than in America. Mr. Massey would be regulated that the present system of commissions is comparatively new but is being made more effective all the time, and that it will eventually satisfy the demands of the occasion.

Each of the debates had a reply and each made a spirited attack on his opponent's arguments. Mr. Cranford's reply was especially strong. The audience was requested to decide this question on the merits of the discussion. The vote stood: Affirmative 47; negative 105, thus giving it to the Hesperians. The orations were good. Mr. Durham's was strong, clear, logical, and, at times, pathetic. Mr. McCrary's was graceful, eloquent and very well delivered.

The music of the Glee Club was commended by all who heard it, especially the quartette; last night, by Messrs. Harper, Jones, J. W. Durham and Lee, and the vocal solo, "Love's Old Sweet Song," by Mr. W. Jones. We felt that we should make special mention of the graceful and elegant manner in which Mr. D. R. Davis presided over the exercises. Many visiting young ladies from Greensboro, Salem, Winston, Fayetteville, High Point, Lexington, Albemarle and Thomasville made the evening very pleasant to the students.

On account of the rain the athletic games were postponed till Saturday afternoon. Athletic Games. The games, which were postponed from Friday, were held on Saturday evening. The weather was fine and everything passed off lovely. The galaxy of lovely girls from Greensboro College inspired the athletes to renewed efforts. '91 was represented by Daniels, Harper and Durham; '93 by Edwards, W. and Durham; '94, Flowers, Erwin, Taylor, Ball and Tuttle. '91 won class prize, scoring 48 points; '94, 38 points, scoring 48 points; '93, 31. Daniels won the individual championship of college, scoring 68 points, making 30 points, to Harper's 18. The

features of the games were the magnificent running of Messrs. Flowers and Erwin; the jumping of Messrs. Harper and Taylor, and the surprising work of our Daniels. His turning in the high jump, was especially pleasing and amusing, while his performance in the vaulting was beyond wonderful. He first won at 9 ft 3 in., then desiring to beat the record of the South, 9 ft 4 in., he cleared the bar at 9 ft 11 in., then tried to lower the American college record but succeeded in only clearing 10 ft 4 in. below the record. It is believed that he can make a record, as he had to quit because of a sprained ankle.

The games were as follows: 100 yds. dash—W. W. Flowers—10½ seconds. High Jump—T. C. Daniels—5 ft. 4 in. Pole Vault—T. C. Daniels—10 ft. Broad Jump—T. C. Daniels—10½ ft. 150 yds. dash—Flowers and Erwin tie—16 seconds. 200 yds. Bicycle race (boys)—Thad. Troy, 20½ seconds. 200 yds. dash—J. C. Erwin—20 sec. 150 yds. 3-legged race—Daniels and Harper—18½ seconds. Hop, step and jump—Daniels—39 ft. 5 in. High kick—Fred Harper—8 ft. Potato race—Edwards W. 140 yds. hurdle—Daniels—17 sec. Judges—B. B. Nicholson, 90; S. J. Durham, 91; and D. N. Caviness, 93. DANIELS.

## "I TOLD YOU SO."

Is the Only Reply a Wake Forest Boy Thinks Necessary in Regard to Base Ball Game.

(Special Cor. of STATE CHRONICLE.) A "grand combination" (as it seems) of the University and Trinity College appearing in the CHRONICLE of the 25th, bestirs itself in a considerable extent and says among other things, in its efforts to hatch up an excuse for the stinging defeat we gave them last Saturday, that "the most important position in a base ball team, that of pitcher, was filled on the Wake Forest team by a player who was not a student of the college," and that "this was well understood by both sides" and that "the University team rather than miss a game altogether, consented to the arrangement," and that therefore "strictly speaking it cannot be said that the University was defeated by Wake Forest College."

I TOLD YOU SO! W. F.

## The Deadly Electric Wire.

(By the United Press.) New York, April 28.—John Devine, thirty years old, a lineman in the employ of the Metropolitan Telephone and Telegraph Company fell from a pole to day and was instantly killed.

Devine was cutting a wire when he received the shock which caused him to fall. Thomas McAney saw him fall and ran to take his body from the mass of wires in which he lay. McAney touched a wire and was knocked senseless. Two horses drawing an express wagon came in contact with the wire and were severely shocked. An electric light wire crosses the street where Devine was working on the telephone wires and it is thought the two systems became entangled. A large crowd gathered at the scene but dared not go near the wires.

That pain under the shoulder blade is dyspepsia. Take Simmons Liver Regulator.

## Compulsory Education in Pennsylvania.

(By the United Press.) HARRISBURG, PA., April 28.—The compulsory Education Bill finally passed the House to-day by a vote of 116 to 49. Under the provisions of the bill, all children between the ages of 8 and 12 years must attend school about sixteen weeks each year. The bill recently passed by the legislature returning the \$100,000 loaned by Wm. Keble, of Philadelphia, to Governor Beaver for removing and abating nuisance caused by the Johnstown flood when no state appropriation was available, was signed by the governor to-day.

## Commencement Exercises at the University of North Carolina.

We are indebted to one of our correspondents for the following programme: Sunday, May 31st. Baccalaureate Sermon, by Dr. W. W. Moore, Hampden-Sidney College, Va. Address on the Life and Character of Dr. A. W. Mangum, by Mr. Joseph Daniels. Wednesday, June 3rd. Annual Address before the Alumni Association—Col. John M. Galloway, N. C. Thursday, June 4th. Commencement Day. Marshals.

John M. Cheek, Chief; Dialectic Society—F. C. Mebane, W. E. Collins, A. J. Edwards; Philanthropic—P. P. Winborne, R. H. Johnston, C. F. Harvey.

## The First Step.

Perhaps you are run down, can't eat, can't sleep, can't think, can't do anything to your satisfaction, and you wonder what ails you. You should heed the warning; you are taking the first step towards Nervous Prostration. You need a Nerve Tonic, and in Electric Bitters you will find the exact remedy for restoring your nervous system to its normal, healthy condition. Surprising results follow the use of this great Nerve Tonic and Alternative. Your appetite returns, good digestion is restored, and the Liver and Kidneys resume healthy action. Try a bottle. Price 50c, at John Y. MacRae's drug-store.

## DR. TALMAGE'S TABERNAACLE.

Opened Sunday—Cost \$400,000—Account of the Stones Brought From the Holy Land.

On Sunday the new Brooklyn Tabernacle was opened for the first time. The New York Herald says it was dedicated to the Lord and Talmage. The services were very interesting. Rev. Dr. Hamlin, of Washington, D. C., preached, and in the afternoon union service was held participated in by Dr. Deems and Tom Dixon among others.

DR. TALMAGE is one of the greatest of living forces. He preaches a glorious gospel of hope and faith. It lifts up age and gives zest to youth. Long may he live!

Opening Sermon in New Tabernacle. At the evening service Dr. Talmage preached his first sermon in the new church. There was again a congregation which completely filled the edifice. The title of his discourse was "Sermons in Stones." His text was from Joshua, iv. 16: "What mean ye by these stones?" He told the story of the Israelites crossing the turbulent floods of the Jordan when the surging waters were miraculously held back, and how they erected a monument of stone to commemorate the wonderful passage. In the course of his remarks he told the interesting story of the curious memorial wall which has been built into the church at the side of the pulpit.

"By permission of the people of my beloved charge," he said, "I recently visited the Holy Lands, and having in mind, by day and by night, during my absence, this rising house of prayer, I bethought myself 'what can I do to make that place significant and glorious?'"

"On the morning of December 3rd we were at the foot of the most sacred mountain of all the earth—Mount Calvary. There is no more doubt of the locality than of Mount Washington or Mount Blanc. On the bluff of this mountain, which is the exact shape of the human skull, and so called in the Bible 'The place of the skull,' there is room for three crosses. There I saw a stone so suggestive I rolled it down the hill and transported it. It is at the top of this wall, a white stone, with crimson veins running through it, the white veins of purity, the crimson suggestive of the blood that paid the price of our redemption. We placed it at the top of the memorial wall; for above all in this church for all time, in sermon and song and prayer, shall be the sacrifice of Mount Calvary. Look at it. That stone was one of the rocks rent at the crucifixion. 'That heard the cry, 'It is finished.' Was any church on earth honored with such a memorial?"

Beneath it are two tables of stone which I had brought from Mount Sinai, where the law was given. Three eagles were three weeks crossing the desert to fetch them. When at Cairo, Egypt, I proposed to the Christian Arab that he bring one stone from Mount Sinai. He said, "We can easily bring two rocks than one, for we must balance them on the back of the camel," and I did not think until the day of their arrival how much more suggestive would be the two because the law was written on two tables of stone. Those stones marked with the words 'Mount Sinai' felt the earthquake that shook the mountains when the law was given.

"The lower stone of the wall is from Mars Hill, the place where Paul stood when he preached that famous sermon on the brotherhood of the human race, declaring, 'God hath made of one blood all nations.' Since Lord Elgin took the famous statue from the Acropolis, the hill adjoining Mars Hill, the Greek government makes it impossible to transport to any other lands any Grecian antiquities, and armed soldiery guard not only the Acropolis but Mars Hill. That tone I obtained by special permission from the Queen of Greece, a most gracious and brilliant woman, who received us as though we had been old acquaintances, and through Mr. Triticopis, the Prime Minister of Greece, and Mr. Snowden, our American Minister Plenipotentiary, and Dr. Manatt, our American Consul, that suggestive tablet was saved from the pulpit of rock on which Paul preached.

"Now you understand why we have marked it 'The Gospel.' Long after my lips shall utter in this church their last message these lips of stone will tell of the Law, and the sacrifice and the Gospel. This day I present them to this church and to all who shall gaze upon them. Thus you have my answer to the question, 'What mean ye by these stones.'"

## Behring Sea and Anti-Lottery Cases Postponed.

(By the United Press.) WASHINGTON, D. C., April 28.—In the Supreme Court of the United States to-day Chief Justice Fuller announced that on account of the illness of Justice Bradley, the hearing of the argument in the Behring Sea case, and the Anti-Lottery cases, would be postponed until early in October, as owing to the importance of the cases it was desirable that arguments should be heard by a full bench.

Don't imagine your breakfast is not good because your head aches. Badyerine will cure it.

## Bismarck Can't Attend.

(By the United Press.) BERLIN, April 28.—The Hamburg Nachrichten says that owing to illness Prince Bismarck will be unable to attend the funeral of the late fellow Marshal Von Moltke.

Are you paying rent? Then you are losing money every day. If you are prepared to pay a small cash margin we can make the same money build you a beautiful house on an elegant lot in the best section of our city. We have the parties who can and will do this. You will apply to us at once. Send your address for our circular entitled "Homes for all on Forty Years Credit" free by mail. J. M. Broughton & Co., Agents.

## ITALY'S REPLY TO BLAINE.

RUDINI SAYS ITALY WILL NOT BE SATISFIED WITH IT.

Indignities to Americans from the Southern States Visiting Rome. [By the United Press.]

ROME, April 23.—It is asserted that Marchesi di Rudini, after several interviews with Baron di Fava, has decided upon the terms of his answer to Mr. Blaine, will be to this effect: Italy will not rest satisfied with the reasons given by the United States. The question is one of public rights, and public rights demand reciprocal protection for the subjects of friendly powers. The Marchesi di Rudini declares that all civilized nations would fail in its duties if it did not indemnify for the families of the murdered Italians and the arrest of the assassins.

LONDON, April 28.—A Rome dispatch says that some stir has been created there among visitors from the southern part of the United States by derogatory remarks which the United States Consul General Augustus Bourn is said to have uttered about New Orleans. The southerners say that Bourn has some reason for being prejudiced against the city.

## The District Attorneys Report on the New Orleans Affair.

(By the United Press.) WASHINGTON, D. C., April 28.—The report of U. S. District Attorney Grant of New Orleans, on the Mafia troubles, was received here this afternoon. Attorney General Miller said that he did not intend to make the report public at this time. At some future time, when the report had served the uses for which it was made, it might, he said, be given to the press for publication.

## Blaine Not a Candidate—So Says Steve Elkins.

(By the United Press.)

PENNSYLVANIA, N. Y., April 28.—The N. Y. Press publishes the following this morning: Stephen B. Elkins, is authority for a statement made to a representative of the N. Y. Press to the effect that James G. Blaine would shortly announce his decision not, under any circumstances, to allow his name to be used at the next Republican National Convention as a candidate for President. It is said that Mr. Blaine's letter on announcement will be so positive as to admit of but one construction and that is, that he will never again be a candidate for the Presidency.

## THEY PUT IN THEIR MONEY.

And Now Want It Back Again. [By the United Press.]

LONDON, April 28.—A subscription is called for in behalf of Justin McCarthy, Herbert Gladstone and Lord Arthur Hill, to relieve these gentlemen from the payment of eight thousand pounds, a liability incurred in connection with the late Irish exhibition which proved a financial failure. Young Gladstone is very much stirred up over the matter, and is reported to have made some remarks about Ireland that would not help his popularity there.

## American Schooner Fired on by a Chilian Battery.

(By the United Press.)

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., April 28.—The schooner Fred. E. Londer, American, from Talait, Chili, forty-six days out, arrived here yesterday. Her Captain reports that the Londer entered Talait harbor one evening in February. While entering she was fired on by a Chilian battery. Several shots were fired at her, none of which took effect. The vessel was mistaken for one of the insurgent's gun boats.

Simmons Liver Regulator is a most excellent appetizing tonic.—Saml. S. Chap, to Bishop of North Carolina.

## BASEBALL YESTERDAY.

(By the United Press.) American Association.

At St. Louis—St. Louis 13; Louisville 0.

At Cincinnati—Cincinnati 9; Columbus 8.

At Baltimore—Baltimore 19; Washington 3.

At Philadelphia—Athletic 4; Boston 9.

At Pittsburg—Pittsburg 17; Cleveland 6.

At Cincinnati—Cincinnati 6; Chicago 11.

At New York—New York 5; Brooklyn 4.

At Boston—Philadelphia 6; Boston 11.

## The Old Samoan Ex-King Dead.

(By the United Press.)

LONDON, April 28.—Advices from Samoa by Melbourne, state that ex-king Tamasse is dead. Tamasse had for some time been suffering with bright's disease.

## Old Fellows Celebration at Tarboro.

(Special to STATE CHRONICLE.)

TARBOUR, N. C., April 28.—The Old Fellows of this place celebrated their seventy-second anniversary to-day. Brethren from Hamilton and Greenville were present. It was a gala day with them, in the town hall Hon. T. J. Javis delivered a most able and glowing address. His subject was "Obligation to Man." A large audience greeted the distinguished North Carolinian. After his address an elegant dinner was enjoyed on the town commons.

## DEDICATION OF THE NEW

Hall of Phalax Lodge of Knights of Pythias.

There was a large audience last night assembled to witness the dedicatory exercises at the elegant room fitted up by Phalax Lodge Knights of Pythias over the store of Julius Lewis & Co. Many ladies greeted the Knights and they contributed no little to the enjoyment of the evening. Both schools, Peace Institute and St. Marys, were represented and gave some fine selections of rare music. Prof. Banman presided at the piano and had a vocal quartette by some of his pupils which was particularly fine. The solos by the ladies from St. Marys were also very well rendered, but Mej. Harrell said that no applauding would be allowed nor encores given. The violinello obligato by Prof. Pauli was first rate in every respect.

After the opening ceremonies by the lodge Grand Chancellor W. S. Cook, of Fayetteville, delivered an address, and East Grand Chancellor Thomas D. Meares, of Wilmington, also addressed the audience, as well as S. F. Letair, Grand Vice Chancellor; Dr. J. H. Gordon, Grand Prelate; Dr. G. W. Sanderlin, Past Grand Chancellor, and E. B. Eighelard, Grand Master at Arms.

After the ceremonies were concluded a splendid repast was served by that prince of caterers A. Dughi, which was most heartily enjoyed by all who were so fortunate as to be the guests of this splendid organization.

The addresses were especially well delivered and those of Messrs. Cook and Meares especially entertaining and instructive. Of course the themes were all bearing on the order, its works and other matters connected therewith.

## WAKE SUPERIOR COURT.

(By the United Press.)

This following business was transacted in this court yesterday, Judge Robt. W. Winston, Judge presiding:

Orders removing C. D. Upchurch Receiver and appointing Jno. W. Thompson, Clerk, &c., Receiver in his stead of the following estates of minors, idiots and lunatics, upon motion of E. W. POU, Jr., Esq., Solicitor:

In re the estate of Minnie Taylor.

In re the estate of L. F. Terry.

In re the estate of A. W. Nichols.

In re the estate of Clarence and Sherwood W. Upchurch.

In re the estate of Wm. Nash.

In re the estate of Arthur Crocker.

In re the estate of Estelle Rosa Paul and Hester Ray.

In re the estate of infant child of J. J. Mann, deceased.

In re the estate of Thomas Griffin.

In re the estate of David L. Griffin.

In re the estate of John W. Griffin.

In re the estate of Margaret, Sarah A. and Nancy Koiby.

In re the estate of Vance S. Watkins.

In re the estate of Freddie and David Sanders.

In re the estate of Henry and Siddle Hinton.

In re the estate of Walter, Gertrude, W. E. and J. W. Harris.

In re the estate of John G. High.

In re the estate of Samuel High.

In re the estate of W. C. Barker.

In re the estate of Bettie Mitchell.

In re the estate of P. P. Collins.

In re the estate of Edgar, Mollie, Annie, Ellie and Eva Pool.

In re the estate of R. B. Andrews.

G. J. Bowers vs. A. R. Holloway; suit for \$5,000 damages; trial commenced on yesterday; verdict in favor of defendant.

The Raleigh & Gaston R. R. Co. vs. The Board of Commissioners of Wake county, 2 cases; order consolidating same and of reference to G. W. POU, Jr., Esq.

Ellington, Royster & Co. vs. H. S. Keith and James Dodd; set for Friday night.

Pioneer Manufacturing Co. vs. Phoenix Assurance Company of London; set for first case for Wednesday (to-day).

Afred Vivian vs. W. R. Lynn, owner of Galata show; case given to jury; verdict for plaintiff for \$30.

## McCracken Acquitted.

(By the United Press.)

FREDERICKSBURG, Va., April 28.—The case of Thomas J. McCracken, who shot and killed his father in this city last February, and which has been on trial since last Wednesday was concluded this evening by the jury rendering a verdict of "not guilty" by reason of insanity. The jury were out three hours and forty minutes.

## The English Forces Have a Skirmish With the Manipuris.

(By Cable)

## SUPREME COURT.

The following cases were argued yesterday:

Patton vs. City of Asheville; appeal reinstated by consent and case continued.

Lendon vs. Insurance Company; argued by Graham for plaintiff and Hinsdale for defendant.

Hart vs. Hart continued.

Howland vs. Forlaw; submitted on printed brief of C. R. Thomas for defendant.

Stewart vs. Register; argued by Battle (and Stewart by brief) for plaintiff and A. W. Haywood for defendant.

Gilchrist vs. Middleton; argued by Geo. V. Strong (and Shaw and McNeill by brief) for plaintiff and Barwell and Walker by brief for defendant.

Mitchell vs. Mitchell; argued by Graham for defendant and J. W. Hays by brief for defendant.

Opinions were handed down yesterday as follows:

Randall vs. Railroad—Madison; no error.

Marshall vs. Bank, from Macon; no error.

Meredith vs. Railroad, from Bancolomb; no error.

Elbiss vs. McLams, from Alamance; no error.

Whitehead vs. Whitehurst, from Edgecombe; no error.

Gudger vs. Penland, from Buncombe; no error.

King vs. Phew, from New Hanover; affirmed.

Jones vs. Cotton, from Craven; case remanded.

Johnston vs. Johnston, from Buncombe; modified and affirmed.

Spragins vs. White, from Bertie; new trial.

Dover vs. Ray, from Madison; new trial.

Bank vs. Bobbitt, from Granville; error.

## EXPOSITION NOTES.

Real Estate Convention at Raleigh.

In reply to a letter addressed by Mr. John T. Patrick to Mr. R. D. Carpenter, Commissioner, Richmond, Va., relative to rates of fare to the Real Estate Convention to be held in Raleigh during the coming month, the following reply was received:

RICHMOND, Va., April 23rd, 1891.

MR. JOHN T. PATRICK, Commissioner.

DEAR SIR:—It has been agreed to apply the enclosed tariff in sale of round trip tickets to Raleigh from points within the State on account of Real Estate Convention referred to in yours of the 16th; tickets to be sold May 12th and 13th, limited to return until May 16th. This is our customary rate for State Conventions, and I hope will be satisfactory.

Yours Truly,

R. D. CARPENTER, Commissioner.

The tariff referred to—too long and minute to be published here—in effect fixes the rate at 2 1/2 cents per mile, or 5 cents for the round trip. The calculation is readily made. We present the following illustrations: Greensboro, 85 miles and over 80, \$4.30; Salisbury, 135 miles and over 130, \$6.30; Charlotte, 175, and over 170 miles, \$7.45; Statesville, 155 and over 150 miles, \$6.90; Asheville, 275 and over 270 miles, \$11.00; Goldsboro, 50 and over 45 miles, \$2.75; Wilmington, 135 and over 130 miles, \$6.20.

These illustrations will suffice to show the operations of the special tariff.

## Mad Dog Scare on North Person Street.

The citizens in the neighborhood were much alarmed yesterday morning by the appearance on North Person Street of a dog acting in a most peculiar manner; foaming at the mouth, snapping at all near him, and behaving singularly at variance with well bred dogs generally. Everybody said he was mad and everybody else said they thought so too, so Toby Marshall was at once telephoned for.

It seems that Toby was too busy trying to figure out how it was that everybody got elected at the primaries the night before to attend to this case so Mr. Cecil Stone, our noted music man, was called on to solve the difficulty. Everybody knows that Cecil can shoot as good as he can ride his bicycle, so he got his trusty shot gun and went for that dog. The dog is dead.

## The Good Work Goes On.

News comes from House's Creek township of an elopement that has created quite a flurry in that section.

Miss Patty Roberts' aged 17, the daughter of Zachariah Roberts, Esq., one of the most successful farmers in that township, started off, saying she was going to church. As she did not return in the afternoon, nor even after dark, the family became alarmed and sent several of the sons to find what had become of her. They came back with the startling news that Miss Patty "was no longer" Miss Roberts, but was Mrs. Geo. Ray, Jr. She had met young Ray, and they had been made man and wife.

It is quite a youthful couple, as the groom is barely sixteen. They are spending the honeymoon at the residence of the groom's grandmother, Mrs. E. M. Ray.

There was a large delegation of prominent citizens of Garner in the city yesterday in attendance as witnesses in the case of Bowers vs. Holloway.

## The New Discovery.

You have heard your friends and neighbors talking about it. You may yourself be one of the many who know from personal experience just how good a thing it is. If you have ever tried it, you are one of its staunch friends, because the wonderful thing about it is that when once given a trial, Dr. K. K.'s New Discovery ever after holds a place in