

OREGON REPUBLICAN.

VOL. 1.

DALLAS, OREGON, SATURDAY, APRIL 23, 1870.

NO. 8.

The Oregon Republican
Is Issued Every Saturday Afternoon at
Dallas, Polk County, Oregon.

BY D. M. C. GAULT & COMPY.

OFFICE—Main street, between Court and
Mill streets, two doors south of the Postoffice.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

SINGLE COPIES—One Year, \$2 50; Six
Months, \$1 75; Three Months, \$1 00.
Subscription must be paid strictly in advance.

ADVERTISING RATES.

One square (10 lines or less), first insert'n, \$3 00
Each subsequent insertion, 1 00
A liberal deduction will be made to quar-
terly and yearly advertisers.

Professional cards will be inserted at \$12 00
per annum.
Transient advertisements must be paid for
in advance to insure publication. All other
advertising bills must be paid quarterly.

Legal tenders taken at their current value.

Blank and Job Work of every description
furnished at low rates on short notice.

All advertising bills must be paid
monthly.

IDLE.

I sit in the twilight dim,
At the close of an idle day,
And hear the soft, sweet hymn
That rises far away,
And die on the evening air;
Oh, all day long, they sing their song,
Who toil in the valley there.

But never a song sing I,
Sitting with folded arms;
The hours pass me by,
Dropping their golden sands;
And I sit from day to day,
To the tick, tick, tock, of the old brown clock,
Ticking my life away.

And I see the sunlight fade,
And I see the night come on
And then, in the gloom and shade,
I weep for the day that is gone—
Weep and weep in pain,
For the mispent day that has down away
And will not come again.

Another morning beams,
And I forget the last,
And sit in my idle dreams,
Till the day is overpast;
Oh, the toiler's heart is glad,
For the day is gone and the night comes on,
But mine is sore and sad.

For I dare not look behind;
No golden shining leaves,
Can I ever hope to find;
Nothing but withered leaves,
Ah! dreams are very sweet!
But will it please, if only these
I lay at my Master's feet?

And what will the Master say?
To dreams, and nothing more?
Oh, idler all the day!
Think, ere thy life is o'er,
And the day grows late,
Oh, soul of sin! will He let you in
There at the pearly gate?

Oh, idle heart, beware!
On to the field of strife!
On to the valley there,
And live a useful life.
Up! do not wait a day,
For the old brown clock, with its tick, tock,
Is ticking your life away.

Baiting the Hook.

The New York Tribune observes that in the present melancholy condition of the "Democratic" party, its only possible hope of anything never so mildly glorious in the way of "victory" is to rope in a few Republicans of the softer sort. Under cover of "The Labor Reformers," this little game was lately tried in New Hampshire, as our readers know, with but mitigated success. And now we hear from Cincinnati of "The Democratic Executive Committee" trying something like the same expedient. At a meeting of the Committee the other day, one Mr. Nietert moved that the coming Convention be called "The Democratic Citizens' Reform Convention." Then indignantly sprang to his feet Mr. Kraemer. "I am a Democrat," said K., "and I glory in the name. It goes to my heart to see the glorious old name discarded." But the mover of the resolution explained: "We need Republican votes. We must have Republican votes. Unless we get Republican votes, the party will go up in a balloon." "Now," sagaciously observed Mr. Nietert, "Republicans will not bite at the bare hook of an out-and-out Democratic Ticket, and we propose to bait the hook with a so-called Democratic Citizens' Reform Ticket." The Committee voted so to "bait the hook," but they caught no gudgeons. Cincinnati went Republican by a large majority than ever before.

A new tunnel under the Thames has lately been completed, at a cost of £18,000. The shafts descending to it have a diameter of 10 feet at top, and 8 1/2 feet at bottom. The tunnel is 7 feet in diameter. It is 1320 feet long, and was dug at the rate of 9 feet a day. The passage under the river will be made by an omnibus, by means of a stationary engine with lifts at either end.

How Taxes Have Been Reduced.

So great is the outcry on the subject of taxation by our small Democratic politicians, (many of whom, however, do not pay a farthing of taxes), that one not familiar with the action of Congress on this subject might be led to suppose that there had been no reduction of taxes since the close of the war. The New York Tribune prints exhibits on this subject, from which it appears that in 1865-6 the Internal Revenue receipts from manufactures and productions were \$178,856,661 37; in 1867, \$146,223,673 66, and in 1868, \$100,274,508 22. Here is a reduction of taxes on manufactures and productions in three years of \$78,082,153 15. The receipts of taxes on incomes in 1866 were \$60,894,135; in 1867, \$57,040,640; in 1868, \$32,027,610. Here is a reduction of income tax in three years of \$28,866,525—making a total reduction of taxes on manufactures, productions, and incomes since 1866, of \$106,948,178.

In 1866 clothing paid an Internal Revenue tax of \$12,434,129; in 1868, \$826,537. Boots and shoes, in 1866, paid \$6,516,814; in 1868, \$1,946,962. In 1866 pig iron paid \$2,255,882, and in 1868 nothing. Manufacturers of iron, in 1866, paid \$5,238,728, and in 1868, \$951,496. In March, 1868, Congress relieved all manufactures and productions, except spirits, tobacco and cigars, of internal taxes, except two dollars on each thousand dollars of sales. The tax of two dollars on one thousand is not very oppressive, on all over five thousand; and the income tax ceases this year.

From this exhibit appears that taxes have already been reduced to an extent which, considering the condition of the country, is very remarkable. Further reductions can doubtless be made, and the Republican party will make them as rapidly as a due regard for the public credit will allow. It stands pledged to this policy, and what it has done in this direction in the past may be taken as an earnest of what it will do in the future.

A story is told of a family who live in Vesper, Onondaga county, N. Y., consisting of a man and wife, and one little boy about two years old. The little fellow had noticed that whenever his mother scolded his father, he would commence whistling, and keep whistling until the storm had passed over. One day, however, he made no demonstration whatever while receiving a slight correction from his wife. The boy noticed this, and after watching his father some time, said to him, "why don't you give her a d—d good whistling?"

A Connecticut reporter, who recently attended a wedding, apparently for the first time, writes that when he looked upon the bride "in her sweet grace and with her gentle ways, he felt like going into the shadowed gardens of imagination and gathering there the rarest roses of language—roses half asleep in their buds and half awake as they swelled to bloom from slumber—and adorning her wedding wreath, already full with the blessings and repeated blessing and bridal offerings of loving friends."

A gigantic plant of the Arum species, has recently been forwarded to England from Nicaragua. This plant, which has heretofore escaped the notice of the traveling botanists, produces but one leaf, nearly fourteen feet in length, supporting a stalk ten feet long. The stem of the flower is a foot in circumference, the spathe or flower two feet long, purpleish in color, with a powerful carion-like odor. As this remarkable species of flower is quite new to science, it has not yet received a name.

NOT ENCOURAGING.—The bridge over the American river, four miles from Sacramento, constructed by the Pacific Railroad Company, for the use of their line of trade, at a cost of about \$100,000, was destroyed by fire on the 25th ult.—the work of an incendiary. Within the past year the Company has not lost less than half a million dollars worth of property at the hands of the people of California, by such wanton destruction as the above. We do not recollect to have read of a single instance where any incendiary has been detected and punished for any destruction of property belonging to the company. Such a state of affairs will not encourage outsiders to invest their money in improvements in California.

—This fills the column.

Telegraphic Summary.

Congressional.

WASHINGTON, April 12.—Senator Cragin, from the Committee on Territories, reported the House bill suppressing polygamy in Utah.

Pomeroy gave notice of an amendment declaring the existing State government provisional, and constituting the State of Georgia the 3d Military District, and directing the election of members of the Legislature, and for their assembling Nov. 23d, 1870. Without a vote the Senate adjourned.

Bills were introduced amendatory of the homestead act, in favor of honorably discharged soldiers, to fix and establish the number of enlisted men in the navy.

Another Fenian Raid.

NEW YORK, April 13.—Fenians are said to have left this city in large numbers. Some say they have gone to attend the Chicago Congress, others own that they are concentrating on the Canadian frontier, with a view to another raid. Arms and ammunition stored in various Fenian armories of this city are said to have been removed. Nobody seems to know where they have been taken to.

CHICAGO, April 13.—It is evident there is a state of feeling in the Supreme Court by no means pleasant relative to rehearing Legal Tender case or cases so presented to involve other points on which argument will be offered. In any event the Attorney General asks that legal tender argument may be made. Chase, Clifford and Field hold that the same order or argument of last year precludes this, but the majority overrule them, though Chase may be able to throw any further decision over until next winter.

The House Committee on Territories agreed to report to admit New Mexico as a State.

The same dispatch says the evidence of Governor Center, as well as other leading Tennesseans, show that there have been less outrages perpetrated in the last year than in any year preceding.

Anti-Polygamy Bill.

CHICAGO, April 13.—The Tribune's Washington special says the anti-polygamy bill as reported by the Senate Committee on Territories, retains all the amendments to which the House on Cullom's motion agreed, and half a dozen other sections. Officers of the Mormon church are not only prohibited from solemnizing marriages but it is made a misdemeanor punishable with fine and imprisonment. Marriages in violation of the terms of the bill are declared incestuous and void and all persons aiding or consenting to them are to be punished for misdemeanor. Spiritual marriages, sealings, consecrations, and all other devices whereby men get services of women are prohibited, and so-called spiritual wives may sue and recover payment for their labor. The Mormon remonstrance adopted at Salt Lake City about a fortnight since, applicable to this bill, and all other anti-Mormon legislation, was today presented.

WASHINGTON, April 14.—Dawes presented a memorial of C. W. Fields for aid in the construction of a marine telegraph between America and Asia, with a bill for that purpose, which he asked to be referred to the Committee on Foreign Relations. Referred to the Committee on Public Lands.

Bill amendatory of census law passed as amended, by substitute of Senate Committee, provides that census Marshals shall include statistics representing surviving officers, soldiers and sailors of the war of 1812 and their surviving widows. Concerning their pensions at the same time, within which returns shall be made as to the population and mortality. Increases the compensation of Marshals giving all Marshals eight cents for each page. Two copies of the original census returns required as in the 11th section, second act of 1850.

EXPORTATION OF HOPS.—The Scientific Press notices the fact that, a few days since, \$20,000 worth of hops were carried away by one vessel from San Francisco, for export to Europe, and presumes that the shipment has been more or less influenced by the exhibition of California hops at the late Paris Exposition. A bale or two of hops were opened there, and freely distributed to brewers and others who were congregated there from the various countries in Europe, and who, without exception, bore testimony to the fact that they were not equalled by the hops raised in any other part of the world.

The Books We Read.

Too much care cannot be exercised in the selection of the books we read. It is a fact well known to those who have given attention to this subject that the influence exerted upon the mind by a certain class of works is almost as enervating as indulgence in the ordinary rounds of dissipation. A confirmed novel reader, one who has so accustomed himself to the excitement produced by reading works of fiction and to the day-dreaming that is sure to follow, is no more competent to hold his mind firmly upon any given subject than is the drunkard able to hold his hand steady. It may be regarded as a serious question whether the circulating libraries that pander so largely to this vitiated taste are not doing more harm than can ever be counterbalanced by the information they diffuse among those who take from them a better class of works. The only consideration that would lead us to regard the account as balanced would be the fact that the injury done to worthless mind is of small consequence compared with the improvement of a mind of higher quality.—*Technologist.*

WASHINGTON'S LOVE FOR HORSES.—The President's stables in Philadelphia were under the direction of German Johns, and the grooming of the white chargers will rather surprise the moderns. The night before the horses were expected to be ridden, they were covered entirely over with a paste, of which whitening is the principal component part; then the animals were swathed in body clothes and left to sleep upon clean straw. In the morning the composition had become hard, was well rubbed in and curried and brushed, which process gave to the coats a beautiful, glossy and satin-like appearance. The hoofs were then blackened and polished, the mouth washed, teeth picked and cleaned, and the leopard skin housings being properly adjusted, the white chargers were led out for service. Such was the grooming of the ancient times.

DON'T LIKE IT.—A telegram of the 14th says:

At Laramie City, Wyoming, the jury in the Hewett murder case returned a verdict of manslaughter in the first degree, at 12 o'clock on the night of March 12th. The ladies of the jury were much fatigued, and thoroughly disgusted with their jury practice.

A previous dispatch read as follows: LARAMIE, March 12.—The Hewett murder case is still pending. The jury cannot agree, and were ordered confined until 9 o'clock a. m., when the court agrees to meet them. They were allowed dinner and supper. The women looked pale and fatigued, this being the fourth night of their confinement. General complaint among the married men.

SHORT DRESSES are good things for the shoemakers and bad for the doctors. The ladies buy and wear better shoes, and the doctors report a noticeable decline in diseases among women coming from cold damp feet. When long garments prevailed, women were very careless in this respect, often wearing thin and broken shoes, and this, together with the dampness always clinging to their long skirts, brought on illness, which not unfrequently terminated fatally.

A verdict of a Cheyenne coroner's jury on the body of a victim of intemperance was, "died from the effects of mixed collaterals." The jury didn't want to hurt the fellow's feelings by saying delirium tremens.

Frank Bosworth, a prominent druggist of Milwaukee, and a great sportsman, who is traveling in Europe, writes, that while standing on the Leaning Tower of Pisa, a couple of mallard ducks flew over within good range, which made him think of home.

Among the pall-bearers at the funeral of Wesley Harper, the second dead brother of the firm of Harper Brothers, were Wm. H. Deuerest, who has been employed by the firm for thirty-seven years, Henry Marsh, an employee of forty-eight years, and Thomas Farrington, an employee of fifty years.

Prince Arthur is to visit California next month. Towards the close of the year he returns to England with his regiment in a troop ship.

Out in Wyoming the farmers plow with tame buffaloes.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS, &C.

JAS. McCAIN,
Att'y & Counsellor-at-Law
McMinville, Yamhill Co., Oregon.

Particular attention given to the study and practice of Criminal Law, Collection of Claims, Notes, Accounts, etc.

J. R. SITES, M. D.,
Physician and Surgeon,
Dallas, Ogn.

Having resumed practice, will give special attention to Obstetrics, and the treatment of the diseases of Women and Children.
Office at his residence.

VINEYARD & BUTLER,
Att'y & Counsellor-at-Law
Dallas, Oregon.

Will give special attention to the collection of Claims, and all business entrusted to his care.
REFERENCES—Hon. John Burnett, Hon. R. S. Strahan & Simpson, Hon. A. J. Thayer.

B. F. BOND, M. D.,
Physician and Surgeon,
Dallas, Oregon.

OFFICE—At Nichols' Drug Store. 36

JAS. H. TURNER,
Att'y & Counsellor-at-Law
DALLAS, OGN.

Special attention given to the Collection of Claims, also the buying, selling and leasing of Real Estate, and Conveyancing.
Justice of the Peace for Dallas Precinct.
OFFICE—In Polk County Times building, Main street, opposite Court House.

W. D. JEFFRIES, M. D.,
Physician and Surgeon,
Eola, Oregon.

Special attention given to Obstetrics and Diseases of Women. 11f

J. E. DAVIDSON, M. D.,
Physician and Surgeon,
Independence, Ogn. 1

T. V. B. Embree,
PHYSICIAN & SURGEON
AMITY, YAMHILL CO., OREGON.

Office at residence. 14y1

BONHAM & LAWSON,
Attorneys & Counsellors-at-Law,
SALEM, OREGON.

OFFICE IN THE COURT HOUSE. 1

C. G. CURL,
Attorney and Counsellor-at-Law,
SALEM, OREGON.

Will practice in all the Courts of Record and Inferior Courts of this State.

OFFICE—In Watkins & Co's Brick, up stairs. 1

Hayden & Myer,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,
Dallas, Oregon.

OFFICE IN THE COURT HOUSE. 1

SULLIVAN & WHITSON,
Attorneys & Counsellors-at-Law,
Dallas, Oregon.

Will practice in all the Courts of the State. 1

J. L. COLLINS,
Attorney and Counsellor-at-Law,
Dallas, Oregon.

Special attention given to Collections and to matters pertaining to Real Estate. 1

J. A. Applegate,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Dallas, Polk County, Ogn. 1

L. J. WARDLAW, M. D.,
Has recently returned from the Atlantic States and is now permanently located at
Lafayette, Polk Co., Ogn.

And offers his professional services to the citizens of the County.

Particular attention given to Female Diseases. 2-f

KNIGHT & LORD,
Att'y & Counsellor-at-Law,
Corner Commercial and State Streets,
Opposite Ladd & Bush's Bank,
SALEM, OREGON.

Will practice in the Supreme Court and the Circuit Courts of the Second and Third Judicial Districts. 2-f

CURREY & HURLEY,
Attorneys-At-Law,
LAFAYETTE - - - OREGON.

MARION RAMSEY,
Att'y & Counsellor-at-Law,
Lafayette, Oregon. 3-f

A. F. FORBES,
Att'y & Counsellor-at-Law,
Lafayette, Oregon. 3-f

RUSSELL & FERRY,
Real Estate Brokers and
Collection Agents,

Northwest Cor. of First and Washington
Streets,
PORTLAND - - - - OREGON.

Special attention given to the sale of Real Estate. Collections made in Oregon and the Territories.

Property, town lots, improved farms, stock ranches, lands, &c., situated in the best portions of Oregon and W. T., for sale on reasonable terms. 3-f

JENNINGS LODGE No. 9 F
& A. M., Dallas, holds its regular communications on the Saturday preceding the Full Moon in each month, unless the moon falls on Saturday—then on that day, at one o'clock.

Also, on the second Friday in each month at 7 o'clock, P. M., for the purpose of improvement of the Craft in Masonry, and for such other work as the Master may from time to time order.

All Brethren in good standing are invited to attend. By order of the W. M.

MORE THAN 200,000 PERSONS

Bear testimony to the Wonderful Curative Effects of
Dr. Joseph Walker's

VINEGAR BITTERS

Manufactured from the native Herbs and Roots of California.

The Great Blood Purifier
FOR INFLAMMATORY AND CHRONIC RHEUMATISM AND GOUT, DYSPEPSIA OR INDIGESTION, BILIOUS, REMITTENT AND INTERMITTENT FEVERS, DISEASES OF THE BLOOD, LIVER, KIDNEYS and BLADDER, these BITTERS have been most successful. SUCH DISEASES are caused by VITIALIZED BLOOD, which is generally produced by derangement of the DIGESTIVE ORGANS.

Clearse the Vitiated Blood whenever you find its impurities bursting through the skin in Pimples, Eruptions, or sores; cleanse it when you find it obstructed and sluggish in the veins; cleanse it when it is foul, and your feelings will tell you when. Keep the blood healthy, and all will be well.

AGENTS,

R. H. McDONALD & Co.,
Importing Wholesale
DRUGGISTS,
Corner Pine and Sansome Streets, San Francisco, Cal., and Sacramento, Cal., and 34 Platt street, N. Y. 8-ly

E. D. SLOAT,
Carriage and Ornamental
SIGN PAINTER,
Commercial Street,
Opposite Starkey's Block. SALEM. 21-f

"GEM" SALOON,
MAIN STREET, INDEPENDENCE.

WINE WINES, LIQUORS and SEGARS served to customers on short notice. This establishment does not dispense tangle-foot or anything of that character. Call at the Gem. 22-f

FURNITURE!
Bureaus,
Lounges,
Tables,
Bedsteads,
A Variety of CHAIRS, for Kitchen and Parlor use,
RAW-HIDE BOTTOM CHAIRS,
Of my own make.

Shop near Waymire's Mill

I INVITE THE PUBLIC TO EXAMINE my stock. I shall be pleased to show you my goods, and better pleased when you buy. New Work put up to order, and Repairing done at the lowest cash price. 37 **W. C. WILLS.**

SALT.—CARMEN ISLAND and LIV ERPOOL Salt, in quantities to suit, at COX & BARNHART'S Salom.

ALL SORTS OF GOODS SOLD FOR Cash or Marketable Produce at J. H. LEWIS'S