eekly Intelligencer.

S E. PAYNE, : : Editor and Manager.

RMS, : : $2 A YEAR
uction of 50 cents will be made if paid strictly in advance.

UIT COURT—First Mondays of April, st and December
MINAL COURT—First Monday of March and d Monday of October.
BATE COURT—Second Mondays of Feb-, May August and November.
NTY COURT—First Monday in each month.

o make hauling easy, boom the d road idea.

he most extensive tin mines in the ld have just been discovered in ico.

f the republican party is not ribund, why does it not stand on its and breathe easy?

The Missouri legislature has refused go into an investigation of Ex-Treas-r Noland's defalcation.

A bridegroom for only three days s found dead in his bed in Sumner, His life was insured for $2,000.

The force bill was an administration —and there is weeping and wailing the white house because that pet is t.

The columns of the INTELLIGENCER e open to the farmers alliance when-er it or any member desires to use em.

A scientific man has invented a oiseless piano and it will soon be ossible to live next door to the girl ho is learning to play.

Milton Drummond made his bow in e Odessa Democrat this week as ditor-in-chief of that sterling expo-ent of Democracy. Success to him.

The silver men in congress have not iven up the fight yet, but they are lmost hopeless of bringing the Vest ill to a vote in the house this session.

Senator Vest is not the only Missou-ian to be elected to the senate for the hird term. Senator Cockrell enjoyed hat distinguished honor four years ago.

The county court did a wise thing in transferring the amount received for de-posits of county funds to the road fund, for there is where it will do the people the greatest good.

Lafayette county seems to have had far better bids for the county deposits than any of the neighboring counties. But then, there are not many Lafayette counties in Missouri.

Sarah Bernhardt resents the insinua-tion that she is growing "fat." Well, Sarah is correct. Fried for a week, she wouldn't yield enough grease to oil a Waterbury watch.

The late attempt to make a finish of despoiling the Sioux Indians cost the government several millions of dollars. We should no longer speak of the Indian as Lo—for verily he cometh high.

Under the new congressional appor-tionment it is doubtful if Jackson county will become a congressional district by itself, as it was supposed it would before the census was taken.

It is true, as claimed by republicans, that reciprocity is provided for in the McKinley tariff bill; but it is just as true that a high protective tariff is in nowise a necessary element of recip-rocity.

Where the democratic party is un-power, the alliance has no need to become an independent party or or-ganization. It is only in republican states where the alliance has a call to work as a political party.

A gambler recently cheated the Prince of Wales out of a large sum of money at bacarat, and the people of England are very indignant over it. As they furnish the prince with his gam-bling money they have a right to be mad.

That remarkable anti-American measure, the McKinley tariff bill, is about to mature some big fruit in France. The government there will enact a law to prohibit the importation and sale of American pork. The only hope of the pork raiser of this country is to convert his hog pens into frog ponds.

Just see what an array of talent has been lost to the republican party since the country made a fool of itself by exchanging Grover Cleveland for Benjamin Harrison! Ingalls, of Kansas; Evarts of New York; Spooner, of Wisconsin, and McKinley, of Ohio. These were four of the strongest men in the party. Their loss is almost irreparable; especially in the face of the fact that nearly all the western senators are out of line with the eastern wing of the party.

The Lafayette F. & L. U. members are not a whit behind their brother alliance men in other portions of the country. They are not only studying the situation, but are doing an encour-aging lot of original thinking. Their teaching and practices are the very essence of democracy and they find that there is no need of organizing as an independent party. By presenting their wants to the democratic conven-tions they feel assured that what they ask for will be granted. And democ-ratic leaders should see that the alliance men have no cause to fall out with the party.

It has become a dangerous thing for the old-time, chronic traducers of Missouri in congress to renew their attacks on this state. With Vest and Cockrell in the senate, and men like Tarsney in the lower house, Missouri has as able a band of defenders as any state in the union. Hoar, of Massa-chusetts, assailed the state in the senate a few days ago, but by the time Cockrell was done with him, the old pharisee wanted to go home. Then Grosvenor of Ohio, Kerr of Iowa, and a few others in the house, tried their hand but "our John" went at them like a gladiator, and one by one they were drag-ged from the arena, as it were, by their friends—utterly discomfited.

WHITHER ARE WE DRIFTING?

The future of the farmers, the wage-workers, and the bread-winners of the United States is a subject that may well claim the attention of American statesmanship.

There was a time when one might turn his eyes to where the thrifty tradesman or industrious husbandman plied his daily toil, and gaze upon a picture in which the beaming face of contentment was ever present.

Down in the villages where the hum of humanity ladened every breeze—in the villages, over whose housetops floated the smoke of the factory as it bore away in graceful, everchanging convolutions until it mingled invisibly with the depths of ether, could be seen the cheerful abodes of happiness and love.

Out upon the broad fields where the widening pastures smiled in the beau-tiful sunlight, or where the ripening grain was waving and billowing in the joyous winds; where the ringing echoes of the woodman's axe sang chorus to the trill of birds, were found a peace and a contentment that made of home a paradise, of occupation a round of endless pleasure.

Then there was a condition, a joy, a happiness, that spoke of fruited hopes, and aspirations satisfied. There were a thrift of habit and a garniture of cir-cumstance that placed their stamp upon the lives of men and women that filled their souls with happiness and peace.

True, our cities then were small ones, our towns mere villages, our villages hamlets. Out from these were the smiling field in spring, verdue clothed; in sum-mer, laughing in the quickening sun-shine; in autumn, golden hued, purple and brown, and in winter reposing be-neath the drifted snow. Back of these was the wilderness into which the cohort of civilization were following close in the wake of the swift videttes of day, as morn after morn these chased across the distant horizon the shadows of night.

To hill and mountain and plain there was then no thrill of transconti-nental railway train. The invisible coursers of electricity bore no swift messages along the singing telegraph wire. These came later—came with great cities, thrifty towns, growing villages—those and other active con-comitants of a civilization that is with-out parallel, robust energy and expedi-tion. But what a "Pandora's Box" of evils came following in the wake of this civilization's march! Like the fabled Harpies,—gaunt sisters of deceit, wrong, and crime—there came new and strange things, methods and ener-gies that struck from the lips of man the overflowing cup of contentment, changed laughter to lamentations and smiles to tears.

There came multitudes of people, affording opportunities for the amassing of wealth in a measure unheard of and unexampled. But it was not that wealth of simple plenty that is so great a boon to man, but that which nourishes the most ignoble ambition, surfeits aspiration and begets a vanity whose hot breath scorches the soul and burns out all the nobler attributes of man.

With this wealth there came an in-satiate desire for power—power to enslave the poorer classes of humanity and rob them of the fruits of their toil. Like the breath exhaled from the Upas tree, the desire for wealth, for power, for ostentation and show, grew upon the people, and before the hosts of ambition and vain-glory, of avarice and parsimony, the gentle genii of content-ment, hope and joy fled to realms un-known. Fled that noble trust and con-fidence man had in man; fled all those purer, manlier traits that bind humani-ty in one vast brotherhood.

The result of this deplorable change in condition and character has been to build up a monied aristocracy on the one hand, and to reduce to partial serfdom and slavery two of the classes of our population that were once the most prosperous and contented.

In the mad rush for success in the accumulation of vast hordes of wealth, the strong are trampling the weak under foot, and, all heedless of the bones they are crushing, of the quiver-ing flesh they are lascerating, of the sacred lives they are destroying, they press forward with the fierce, inhuman recklessness of wild beasts. Little they reck of the homes they make desolate, of the eyes from which they wring tears. What care they for the mouths they make hungry, or of the hearts they torture? Human ties, even human life is nought to them in that mad, absorb-ing last and chase for gold.

Whither are we drifting? We no longer have the great west as a sanc-tuary for those who can flee the op-pressors' gall. The better portion of this is occupied, and the occupants are already paying a ruinous tribute to plutocracy. Where will be the end? Is this country destined to the ruin and degredation that befell the pride of Rome? Is the madness of the French revolution to be repeated here? God defend us from such a fate as that; and yet the corruption of the Cæsars and the tyranny of French aristocracy were not more dangerous to human liberty and human weal than the plutocracy of the America Republic.

GOOD COUNTRY ROADS.

Gov. Francis in his message to the legislature urged that measures be taken to provide for the people of the state better highways.

This is a subject that should have the attention of not only the state leg-islature and the county courts but of the people also.

Several years ago Judge John F. Philips made a tour through Europe, including the interior of France. When he returned he was asked:

"What great work did you see during your travels that most impressed you with the greatness of the man who made it?" He answered with readiness "The roads of France."

"The roads and road system of France," he said, "redowned more to the glory of the great Napoleon than do all his achievements in the field or on his imperial throne."

The value of good roads to a country is incalculable. They add more to the ease, comfort and profits of the farming community than anything else save good houses.

While the roads of Lafayette county are comparatively fair, they are by no means perfect—not yet what they ought to be, nor what they will be when the people becomefully aroused to the importance of having them.

During the past year, the roads have been greatly improved. A majority of the districts now have road graders, and where these are used there is a great change for the better. But the work of improvement should not stop here. The acme of good thoroughfares will not be reached until there is a system of macadamized roads extend-ing all over the county. One thing the people who raise corn, wheat, cattle, hogs, and hay need to do is to make themselves as independent of the rail roads as possible. They cannot become so while liable to be debarred from mar-keting their own produce.

MISSOURI MISREPRESENTED.

George E. Leighton, of St. Louis, is in Washington City representing the gold bugs. In an interview he said:—"Notwithstanding the cry of interested parties he maintained that the great body of the industrious people of the west, and especially of Missouri, was opposed to free coinage." It is strange that any man from Missouri who is at all conversant with public sentiment in this state should make such a statement as that; and the INTELLIGENCER is forced to the conclusion that Mr. Leighton doesn't know what he is talk-ing about. Either this, or he wilfully misrepresents the people of not only Missouri but of the entire west. The INTELLIGENCER has had ample means of learning what the sentiment of the people of this state is, and will guaran-tee that more than ninety per cent of the men in Missouri who earn their own living are in favor of the free coin-age of silver.

CLEVELAND OPPOSES SILVER.

Grover Cleveland is not given to equivocation. He is one prominent man in politics who never uses lan-guage to disguise his thoughts. He is a man thoroughly courageous, and a man of the firmest convictions. Mr. Cleveland was called upon to address a business man's club which met in New York City Wednesday night to discuss the silver question. He could not attend but wrote a letter. In that letter he set himself squarely and unequiv-ocally in opposition to the free and unlimited coinage of silver, as provided for in the Vest free coinage bill. In doing this, Mr. Cleveland has cut him-self loose from the large body of people who favor the silver coinage measure, and has allied himself irrevocably with those who would thrust out of sight the interests of the non-capitalistic class. What the result will be it is not difficult to foresee. It will be the almost total alienation of the entire democratic party of the west, one of the most regrettable things that could happen. But the west has interests, and those interests must be protected. There is no protection to them by the monied plutocrats of the east save that shown by the wolf to the lamb.

The eastern plutocrats, those ruthless robbers that have so long despoiled the west; those insolent task masters that have held the farmers and laborers in bondage, for so many years: those giant monopolies that have ground the people to want; those soulless vampires that have been sucking the life blood of the people—those creatures whose representatives stand up in congress and seek to deprive the west and south of the advantages of silver coinage, should understand this: The people of the west and south need and want silver coinage, and they are going to have it. It they cannot get it through this congress they will have it by the next. If this administration dares, in its slavish subserviency to the pluto-crats of New York and New England, to vete the free coinage bill, then the people will put in a president who will listen to the voice of the people, and obey their commands.

Mr. Julian of Jackson county is at work on a bill to secure the assessment of promissory notes. The bill will provide that in a suit on a note the defendant may set up the claim that the taxes on the note have not been paid and thus throw the burden of proof on the holder of the note. In case it is shown that the taxes have not been paid the holder of the note is assessed the amount of them and the money goes to the person who made the note and forced the proof of non-payment. The fact that the notes have been out of the state cannot be argued, as the bill will provide that proof of the payment of taxes upon them in the state where they were must be fur-nished.

Last year the imports into Brazil from all othe countries amounted to $58,635-182,46, Of this amount the United Statse exported and sold only $5,480,-532.00. By a reciprocity treaty be-tween Brazil and the United states, many articles of imports from this country will be admitted free, and the duty on others will be reduced 25 per cent. In consideration of these concessions, the United States will admit Brazillian coffee, sugar, hides and molasses, products of Brazil, free of duty.

The outlook for the Missouri River Packet Co. is not encouraging. Unless some needed river improvement is done soon the boats will not be put in Missouri river service at all this year. The company claims that a little work at the mouths of Grand, Osage and Gasconade rivers would greatly facili-tate river traffic.

Don't buy or trade for any Stone county land unless you know who you are buying from. There is a gang of scoundrels making bogus deeds to Stone county land, and more than one unlucky wight has been swindled by them.

It will not be necessary to have a law providing for beer inspectors in Missouri. We have fully as many beer inspectors now as there is any pressing need for.

CHEAPER TWINE.

A machine has been invented for ex-tracting fiber from fibrous plants, and the days of breaking and hackling are over. It has been a marvelous feat for a Cuban or Bahama islander to scrape five or six pounds of manilla, jute or sissal in a day, but with the new machine it will be possible for a man and two boys to run out 1000 pounds of fiber in that time. Vast areas in Florida, Louisiana, Texas, New Mexico, Arizona and Southern California are covered with fibrous plants, such as the maguey, rhamie, sissal and meschal, while on the Bahama islands the pine-apple plant abounds and the culture of it and other plants of a like nature for their fibrous qualities is the chief industry of the inhabitants. It has always been the misfortune of the farmers that the genius of man has not devised a means of combing out fiber in a manner less laborious than the Pharaohs had of making bricks. The want of such a machine has kept the price of twine and all kinds of cordage far above and out of all proportion to the simple way in which it can and must be provided. Fancy a machine, says the Chicago Post, that looks like one for making bricks by steam power, being fed a big six-foot banana stalk at one end, which stalk comes out with all the fibers finely separated at the other. Imagine a pineapple plant being pushed and drawn under steel blades and in a few seconds appearing in beautiful silken shreds as soft and fluffy as a cocoon, a few strands of which, twisted between the palms, make a line as strong as strips of steel. Maguey is treated in a similar fashion, and, lo and behold! it is seized in an instant and baled like cotton and ready for manufacture into all sorts of cordage. By an artificial treatment the silken fibers of the pineapple plants are puri-fied, mixed with wool, silk and other fabrics, and then sold in stores as 'camel's hair underwear,' 'medicated,' this and that, pure silk hosiery and a dozen other articles of apparel. The fibers of all the plants named are nearly white. The bleaching process is required to adapt the various varie-ties to the needs of commerce and the price of binding twine alone, over which our American farmers have so vigorously kicked, will be reduced from 16 cents to 5 cents per pound.

'EVEN AS YE DO IT UNTO THOSE.'

A man will travel a long time and a great distance before he finds better people than those who live in Lafayette county. On the 20th of December last Mr. Albert Cole, who lives three miles from Higginsville had the misfortune to have his house and many of the contents burned. It was a sad blow to him and seemingly an irreparable loss. But not so. Mr. Cole had neighbors and friends who were so in deed and act. These came to his aid. They hauled him lumber, supplied him with funds and rendered all the assistance in their power. By their timely aid the L of a new house has been built and occupied, and plasterers are at work on the main building. All this for for friendship's sake and not for pay, and Mr. Cole thinks he has the best neighbors in the world. The INTELLIGENCER agrees with him fully.

Mr. Dalton, chairman of the com-mittee, on corporation, is working on a more equitable taxation of corpora-tions. The bill will probably provide for a state board of assessments to assess corporations, and it is probable that capital stock will be taken as a statement of wealth,

If the state would slap a good healthy tax on that $1,300,000,000 of incor-porated capital that has been going untaxed for years past, and convert the same into a road fund it might lend material aid to the people in making good roads.

A petition was presented and signed by members of the Maple Glen Sabbath school on last Sabbath protesting against the opening of the World's Fair on the Sabbath day.

At their weekly prayer meeting a few evenings before they voted a pro-test on the same question. Will not many others from this part of the country join in this work, send in their petitions with thousands of others throughout our land, to the commis-sioners of the exposition protesting against the desecration of the Sabbath?

PERSONALITIES.

Charles Russell is still very ill.

James Duval, of Richmond, spent Tues-day in this city.

Cal. Calkins returned to his home, in St. Joseph, Monday.

Judge Richard Field went to Marshall Monday to hold court.

Judge J. W. Harrison, of Higginsville, was in the city Monday.

Miss Blanche Gordon returned to her home, in Kansas City, Monday.

Little Willie Aull has been very ill this week with membraneous croupe.

Miss Ella Young returned home from a short visit in Higginsville Tuesday.

We regret to learn that Mr. Abe Hays, of Mayview, is very low with Bright's disease.

James Dillard, of Denver, Col., after a short visit to his father, J. R. Dillard, re-turned home Monday.

Mrs. Henry Switzer, of Kansas City, came down last Saturday night and spent Sun-day in this city with relatives.

A letter received from Dr. McDonald, at Los Angeles, Cal., last Monday, states that he is much improved in health.

Miss Jennie Woodson, after a pleasant visit to Miss Carrie Ryland, returned to her home, in Richmond, Monday.

Miss Georgia Fletcher, of Alma, is the guest of Miss May Catron, on Eighteen street and Washington avenue, in this city.

W. B. Waddell, after a trip to Florida and Cuba, returned home Sunday. He re-ports everything flourishing in the south.

Miss Lizzie Hutchison, who is teaching school in Independence, spent Saturday and Sunday with her parents, in this city.

Mrs. W. K. Trigg and children, who have been visiting relatives in Independence and Kansas City, returned home Saturday night.

"Count" Oscar Andreen, the commercial tourist for the St. Louis paper company, arrived from a trip to Pittsburgh, Kansas, Sunday night.

B. T. Weaver and son were callers at the INTELLIGENCER office last Tuesday. Mr. Weaver is one of the wide-awake farmers of the Odessa neighborhood.

Miss Annie Allen was too ill to teach last Monday and her place was supplied by Miss Nannie Gordon. She was able to be in school again, however, on Tuesday.

Y. M. C. A. Notes.

The monthly reception will not be held this month until Tuesday evening, the 24th inst.

The vocal class, taught by Mr. Kin-caide, is a great success, and sixteen young men are learning to read music by note.

There will be a praise and thanksgiv-ing service at the Men's meeting Sunday afternoon at 3 o'clock. All men, and especially young men, are invited to at-tend this meeting.

The fact that the association has taken a new lease of life inspires the young men of the community with confidence in it. Greater interest is being manifes-ted and the attendance at the rooms has largely increased during the last month.

The Y. M. C. A. is again taking new strength, the officers of the association having been successful in the canvass for the funds for the current expenses for the year. But little more money is needed, and there is no doubt that the amount will be subscribed in the next few days.

Jottings from B. F. C.

Miss Dema Smith will visit her home in Bogard, Mo., Saturday.

Miss Jennie Bliss, of Odessa, visited Prof. and Mrs. Wilson last week.

Percy Wilson, of Denver, Col., came to attend the concert Friday evening.

Miss Flora Smith, one of our brightest pupils, left Tuesday morning for her home.

Misses Mabel Thompson and Mary Breaker will visit the home of the former at Greenwood, Mo., Saturday.

Our concert Friday evening was a grand success. The house was crowded and the girls all did their parts well.

Our girls are very much interested in the meeting at the Baptist church, and trust it may meet with great success.

Miss Metta Scott went to her home in Rich Hill, Saturday, and returned Wed-nesday evening, accompanied by her mother, who will visit the school a few days.

An impression having been made in certain quarters that dancing was allow-ed and approved in our college, we are assured, that under the present manage-ment, such is not the case, but on the contrary, as ours is a christian school, dancing is discouraged and forbidden.

Central Notes.

Miss Hyde, of Baptist College, called on Miss Rose Combs one day this week.

Miss Mamie Woodard enjoyed a visit last Sunday to her brother, Dr. Wood-ard, whose home is at Hardin.

Misses Nettie, Florence, and Lizzie Clemmens and Jennie White spent last Sunday at their homes near Mayview.

Rev J. W. Carpenter was a visitor at Central this week. He conducted devo-tional exercises in the chapel Tuesday morning.

Mrs. Wilson and Miss Jewell, of the Baptist College, and Miss Bliss, of Odessa, called on Miss Corpeny last Sat-urday afternoon.

Miss Leah Asbury, of Higginsville, called on Miss Julia Brown Tuesday evening last. They were schoolmates at Hardin several years ago.

Owing to the inclemency of the weath-er only a few of our girls attended church last Sabbath. Quite a number, however, were present at the evening services.

Our thanks are due Revs. Eason, of this city, and Russell, of Holden, for their pleasant visit to our college Thurs-day morning. Mr. Russell officiated in our usual chapel exercises. We hope these good brethren will come again and often. Bro. Eason is an especial favor-ite with all connected with Central.

Miss Boddie surely believes in taking "plenty" of exercise, judging from the length of the walks she has taken us this week. We have traversed several miles of the surrounding country. Our appearance, they say, was most pictur-esque on last Wednesday afternoon we wended our way, for some distance, to-ward Riverton, keeping all the while "in the middle of the road."

Masked Ball.

The masquerade ball given Monday night by the Turn Verein, at Turner's hall, was quite a pleasant affair, and lasted until 2 o'clock. Dancing was quite spirited, masks being drawn at about 11 o'clock. Following is a list of the participants, with the costumes worn by each: Mrs. C. G. Kist, old fashioned lady; Mrs. Paul Frischer, maid of all work; Miss Ella Sorber, nobody's claim; Miss Lizzie King, milk maid; Miss Katie Schneider, Italian orange girl; Miss Katie Graendorf, Grecian lady; Miss Minnie Nagel, bat; Miss Carrie Nagel, imp; Miss Mary Weis, folly; Miss Annie Weis, fruit girl; Miss Annie Seiter, flower girl; Misses Minnie Mehl, Fannie Baehr and Ida Hoffman, three little maids from school; Misses Minnie Baehr and Anna Ludwigs, Kate Greenaways; Capt. C. Anderson, Misses Annie and Fannie Gillen, Lillie Quandt and Katie Selling, negro picnic at Riverside park; Miss Katie Ludwigs, little joker; Miss Julia Gillen, dolly; Miss Lizzie Selling, artist; Miss Gussie Mehl, spring; Miss Carrie Pirner, folly; Misses Carrie and Katie Klee, twin topsys; Miss Hannah Mehl, fisher maiden; Mrs. Al Hoffman, shepherdess; Miss Jennie Lawson, peasant; Miss Emma Marks, mystery; Miss Carrie Guenther, calender. Mr. Frank Weis, mother hubbard; Mr. John Seiter, one of the girls; Mr. Al Gillen, Mex-ican; Mr. Gus Klee, colored dude; Mr. Charles Guenther, infant; Mr Ed Ludwigs, music; Mr. John Jakowsky, jockey; Mr. Robert Johns, humpty dumpty; Mr. John Meiror, prospector; Mr. Theodore Ludwigs, Washing-ton Zouave; Mr. Ed Payne, Annie Rooney's baby brother; Mr. Richard Wendt, Turk; Mr. Karl Wendt, Jockey.

Concert at C. F. C.

The Euterpean society of Central Female College held its regular monthly meeting in the college parlor last Saturday evening.

The subjects of special study were the liv es and works of Mendelssohn and Godard. All things considered this was, perhaps, the most satisfactory and enjoyable meeting so far held by the society. The pupils are beginning to show the results of their successful work during the past five months. Where every one did so very well it is difficult to indi vidualize, and to say who did best. It would argue lack of sensibility and a due appreciation of the beautiful in this paper were it to omit to say that Mme. Blitz never played more exquisitely than in her artistic rendition of No. 6 of the program; it is needless, too, to speak of the delight given by Dr. Blitz and his tuneful violin. He is an artist, and the society is grateful to him for his accommodating kind-ness.

In the vocal selections the young ladies did great credit, not only to themselves, but also to their accomplished teacher. Miss Greene's essay was a beautiful composition, and was read by her in a most pleasing and im pressive manner.

The following excellent program rendered:

Piano—Overture to "Le Dominoe Noir," (Auber.) Misses Fannie Tabb, A Belle Smith, Susie Lesueur and Inez Greene.

Essay—"Life and Works of Mendelssohn"—Miss Inez Greene.

Piano Solo "Spring Song"—from songs without words—(Mendelsshon.) Miss Claudia Silver.

Piano Solo—Capriccioso, E min. op. 14—(Mendelsshon.) Miss Sue McMillan.

Vocal Duet "I would that my love."—(Men-delsshon.) Miss Blanche Harper and Mayme Cobb.

Piano Solo—Capriccio Brillante, B. min, op. 22—(Mendelsshon.) Mme. Edouard Blitz (ac-companied by Miss Helen Cobb.)

Violin Sonate—F min, op. 4—(Mendelsshon.) M. Blitz.

Vocal Quartette Swiss Love Song—(F. Mair.) Misses Harper, Moore, Olive, Corpeny, Cobb, Boddie, Clemmens and Mrs. Jones.

Piano Solo—Third Mazurka, op, 54—(Godard.) Miss Blanche Berry.

Violin Solo—"Simple Avon"—(Thoml.) M Blitz.

Piano Solo—Third Valse—Serenade—op. 71—(Godard.) Miss Frank Moore.

Vocal Quartette—Lullaby (without accom-paniment)—Brahms.) Misses Corpeny, Moore Harper, Cobb. Olive, Boddie, Clemmens and Mrs. A. A. Jones.

Frightened Soldiers.

Walker Osborne tells with much humor how he stampeded a company of federal soldiers during the war.

"I was not old enough to go into the army, but just right, it seems, to have small pox. Well, I did have the small pox, and for a while was pretty bad off. One day just after I got so I could move about a little, a company of federal soldiers came along and camped at the spring near the house for dinner. While they were engaged in cooking I made my appearance. I was still very weak and my face showed the ravages of the disease very plainly.

"As the 'feds' saw me standing in their midst, they became very uneasy, and turn-ing to a negro man who was working on the place, anxiously inquired:

"'Sambo, what is the matter with that boy?'

"'Him, oh, he's got de small pox, dat's young massa Walker Osborne, an' he's got 'em awful bad. Almos' dead an he ain't well yit.'

"At that the fellows begun to scatter and the way they hustled out of that neighborhood was a caution. I don't think they stopped running until they got to Warrensburg."

The Carrie Anderson company will open a week's engagement at the Opera House commencing Monday. Any gentleman purchasing a reserved seat ticket for the opening night can reserve one extra seat for a lady free of charge.

COUNTY COURT.

[Continued from last week.]

POOR HOUSE FUND.

Geo. Stewart	$ 2 00
Lewis Robinson	2 00
Rufus Young	2 00
Elizabeth Talbot	2 00
Bridget Hastings	2 00
Silas McNamord	2 00
William Crutchfield	2 00
E. S. Hord	3 00
Dorla Fox	3 00
William Thurkles	3 00
H. Hord	4 00
William Harris	1 00
E. S. Dade	1 00
James Peak	1 00
Henry Trent	1 00
Ham Williams	1 00
Susan McMuller	1 00
Sarah Kennedy	5 00
M. Lockhart	5 00
John Scott	5 00
Dr. J. W. Lightner	5 00
H. W. Thelman	5 00
L. J. Powell	6 00
Alice Stultz	6 00
H. P. Harwood	8 00
W. J. McDonald	10 00
Hy Schoveugardt	1 00
H. Houson	2 50
W. J. McDonald	7 50
Alex Hibbon	11 65
Charles E. Lenard	1 00
C. W. Saunders	65 25
Harwood Shelly	65 65
	5 00

COUNTY EXPENSE.

W. A. Bethel	$16 65
John C Young	2 00
Lexington Gas Co	39 40
Lexington News	25 50
Catron & Moreland	10 00
C. C. Wallace	7 75
C S. Ewing	50 11
D. H. Lyons	1 10
Winkler Furniture Co	9 25
Jno. R. Santmeyer	100 00
Chas. Mitchell	8 00
Joseph F. Smith	20 00
R S. Andrews	3 10
H. H Elling	22 50
Barnard & Co	7 50

ROAD FUND.

John Price	2 00
Robert M Ramsay	3 30
Herman Menshagen	29 50
William Littlejohn	11 00
A. V. Reed	44 15
C. H. Reed	15 15
L. D. McClintic	88 75
Frank Stewart	67 25
Hawkins & Smith	113 74
B. D. Weeslon	69 80
H. Krause	16 00
L. A. Collier	5 00

Ordered that John Price be allowed $3 about road in which Mrs. Santmeyer is interested.

Court overrules motion in the case of Talbott Simpson vs. James Ham and the defendant excepts of it and the defendant files objections and case set for Monday, February 9th.

Bond of J. G. Worthington approved and filed by the court.

Mary Meyerard granted reduction of valuation on lots 9 and 10, block C, Young's addition to Higginsville, from $350 to $75 by agreement of assessor.

New road of Z. T. Davidson accepted by overseer.

The Commercial bank of Lexington files bond as county depository, which is approved and treasurer instructed to turn over funds to said bank.

Ordered that E. Winsor be allowed to pay on lots 5, 6, 7 and 8, block 4, Davis' addition to Lexington, 1880 and all back taxes by paying $10 into the treasury.

Ordered that James Catron, Tom Sawyer and Lock Terhune be appointed commissioners on the Lexington and Wellington road in which W. G. McCausland is interested.

Ordered that Mary Carrol be allowed to pay all taxes on lots 5 and 8, block 14, Pomeroy, Houx & Graham addition to Lexington, by $25.

Ordered W. T. Richardson, F. W. Stockton and D. J. Powell as commis-sioners to assess damages in the James H. Starr road case.

Ordered that H. Ficken be granted reduction for 1889, on 40 feet, south side, lot 8, block P, from $1,135 to $300 in Concordia.

Collector authorized to accept of H. Avitt original taxes without interest for 1887 and back on lots 7 and 8, block M, Aullville.

Ordered that in matter of new road upon petition of J. S. Nichols report of commissioners assessing damages filed.

SPECIAL SESSION.

The county court held an adjourned session of the February term Monday with Judges Smith and Elling sitting.

Dr. James H. Straughan was appoint-ed county physician for the term ending March 1, 1892.

The petition for a private road asked for by Talbot Simpson and others, and remonstrated against by James Horn and others, was not granted, and all proceedings dismissed at the cost of the petitioners.

The county judges were granted salaries as follows, from the county revenue fund:

Joseph F Smith	$3 00
H. H. Elling	2 50
C. S. Mitchell, fees as clerk	200 00

Mrs. S. A. Rine was granted an abate-ment of $200 on the valuation of her property.

The merchants' ad valorem tax for 1891 was apportioned as follows: state tax, 60 cents on the $100 valuation; county tax, $1.60 on the $100, and school tax, $1.40 on the $100.

James C. Kelly's valuation of $300 on the northeast quarter of the northeast quarter, of section 27, township 48, range 29, was reduced to $200 for 1890 and prior years, he to pay taxes on an assessment of $200 for each year.

City Money.

Mayor Russell made a statement to the city council at last meeting of city finances from June 1, 1890 to Feb 1, 1891.

Total Receipts	$14,403 54
Total Expenses	13,431 44
Balance in Treasury	$972 10

The INTELLIGENCER regrets that it has not space enough for the report in full.

WANTED—EMPLOYMENT.

Steady employment on a farm by a man with a small family. Good references given. Address J. A. McCLAIN, feb14t2 Wellington, Mo.

JOSEPH O. LESUEUR.

Land, Loan and Insurance Agent, Abstracter and Conveyancer, Lexington. Money to loan on improved farms in Lafayette and adjoining counties, at lowest rates of interest, with privilege of paying part or all of principal before maturity

No delay, no red tape. Money always on hand. Write me for terms. mo8yl

NOTICE OF ELECTION.

Notice is hereby given that a meeting of the stockholders of the Lexington Pontoon Bridge company, of Lexington, Mo., will be held at the Business Men's Hall, Thursday, March 5th, 1891, at 9 a. m., for the purpose of electing seven (7) directors to serve for the ensuing year. W. G. McCAUSLAND, Pres.

CHAS. W. LOOMIS, Secretary feb6t

Happy Hoosiers.

Wm Timmons, postmaster of Idaville, Ind., writes: "Electric Bitters has done more for me than all other medicines combined, for that tired feeling arising from Kidney and Liver trouble." John Leslie, farmer and stockman, of same place, says: "Find Electric Bitters to be the best Kidney and Liver medicine, made me feel like a new man." J. W. Gardner, hardware merchant, same town, says: "Electric Bitters, a just the thing for a man who is all run down and don't care whether he lives or dies; he found a new strength, good appetite and felt just like he had a new lease on life. Only 50c a bot-tle, at L. Farmer's drug store. no. 2.

NOTICE OF STOCKHOLDERS MEETING.

NOTICE is hereby given that a meeting of the stockholders of the Lexington Building and Loan Association, of Lexington, Mo., will be held at the courthouse in the city of Lexington, Lafayette county, Missouri, on

TUESDAY, APRIL 7, 1891, at 9 A. M.

of that day for the purpose of taking a vote of the stockholders of the association, on a propo-sition then and there to be submitted to them, to increase the capital stock of said association from the sum of three hundred thousand dollars ($300,000) which it now is, to the sum of three hundred and fifty thousand dollars ($350,000), an increase of fifty thousand dollars.

By order of the board

WM. G. McCAUSLAND, Pres.

CHAS. W. LOOMIS, Secretary jan28td

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

In the Probate Court of Lafayette county—February term, 5th day, February 13, 1891

In the matter of the estate of Benjamin F. Corbin, deceased.

Now at this day comes Henry L. Corbin, ad-ministrator of the estate of Benjamin F. Corbin, deceased, and presents his petition praying for an order for the sale of so much of the real estate of said Benjamin F. Corbin, deceased, as will pay and satisfy the remaining debts due by said estate, and yet unpaid for want of suffi-cient assets, accompanied by the account, time and inventories required by law in such cases for examination whereof, it is ordered that all per-sons interested in said estate be notified that application as aforesaid has been made, and that unless the contrary be shown on or before the first day of the next term of this court, to be held on the second Monday in May, an order will be made for the sale of the whole, or so much of the real estate of said Ben amin F. Corbin, dec'd, as will be sufficient for the payment of said debts; and it is further ordered that the heirs of said deceased, resi-dents of Lafayette county, be personally served with notice hereof as provided by statute

And it is further ordered that this notice be published in The Intelligencer, a newspaper published in the said county for four weeks successively before the commencement of the next term of this court.

A true copy: Attest,

WILLIAM YOUNG, Probate Judge, and ex-officio Probate Clerk. feb14t5

D. M. SMITH & CO.

A box of "Red Hot Paste Stove Polish," and a copy of "Little Annie Rooney," "The Little Fisher Maiden," or "I Whistle and Wait for Katie," for 10c.

Ladies should try our Columbia Shoe Dress-ing, at 25c.

MEATS.

Best Sugar Cured Ham, 12½c.
Best Sugar Cured Breakfast Bacon, 10c.
Best Dry Salt Bacon, 7½c.
Fresh Meats, ice down to 2½c.

ROASTED COFFEE.

Arbuckle Coffee, 25c.
African Java, 25½c.
Early Breakfast, 30c.
Blue Mountain, 35c.
Nectar, 30c.
Green Coffee, best Rio, 25c.

SUGAR.

11 pounds Granulated, for $1.
Light Brown, almost white, 15 pounds for $1.
Dark Brown, 16 pounds for $1.
Cut Loaf, 8 pounds for $1.
Pulverized, 8 pounds for $1.

FISH.

Mackerel, 2 for 25c.
Salmon, 15c, 20c and 25c.
Oysters, 12½c and 25c.
Canned Mackerel, 12½c.
American Sardines, 7c.
Mustard Sardines, 10c.
Imported Sardines, 15c.

TEAS.

Best Gunpowder, 80c.
Good Gunpowder, 50c.
Fine Imperial, 50c.
Young Hyson, 30c.
Best Oolong, 50c.
Hemo, 75c.

TOBACCOS.

Star, 45c a pound.
Honey Bee 35c
Leader, natural leaf, 30c.
Anchor, natural leaf, 50c.
Gold Rope, 50c.
Tinsley's Missouri Leaf, 60c.
Climax, 45c.
Yucatan, 50c.
Twist Smoking, fine tobacco, 40c.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Coal Oil, 15c a gallon.
Parlor Radiant oil, 20c a gallon.
6 pounds Green Peas, 25c.
Flake Hominy, 5c a pound.
Pearl Hominy, 4c a pound.
3 pounds Butter Beans, 23c.
Tomatoes and Corn, per can, 10c.
Olives, in bulk, 30c a pint.
Pickles, in bulk, 40c a gal.
Quart Bottles Bluing, 15c.
Pop Corn, 4c.
Best Candies, 30c.
Mixed Candy, 17½c.
Four pounds Rolled Oats, 25c.
Gold Dust, washing compound, 5c.
Three pounds Vermicelli, 25c.
Three pounds Macaroni, 25c.
Four pounds Starch, 25c.
Clover Leaf Lobster, 40c.
Good Lobster for 25c.
Chocolate Balls, 25c.
Vanilla, Chocolate and Lemon Wafers, 20c.
Other cakes, 15c
Lamps, 25c to $1 50.
Lanterns, 50c each.
Oranges and Lemons, 30c and 40c a dozen.
Candies, 15c.
Jellies and Preserves at your own price.
Beans, 6c.
Swiss Cheese, 25c a pound.

And everything else, too numerous to men-tion, in our large and fresh stock at correspon-dingly low prices. Come and