

CHOSEN HEAD OF DAUGHTERS OF THE AMERICAN REVOLUTION



Mrs. Donald McLean of New York, the new president of the Daughters of the American Revolution, probably has made more speeches on the subject of patriotism than any living woman. She has spoken in schools and at celebrations in half the states

of the union, and has been active in other ways in patriotic educational work. She is a charter member of the D. A. R. Her campaign for the presidency was made on an "American" platform. Mrs. McLean was born in Maryland.

MOTIVES OF JOHN PAUL JONES

Difference of Opinion as to Whether the Splendid Exploits of America's First Naval Hero Were Due to Love of Adventure or to His Devotion to His Adopted Country.

If the bringing back of the remains of a hero to the land for which he fought were a proper occasion for a popular demonstration of noisy enthusiasm it is probable that the remains of John Paul Jones would be received in America with the acclaim of admiration rather than the acclaim of love.

Some day it may be known definitely whether America's first admiral fought for the infant republic from motives of pure patriotism or from the spur of ambition. He fought with nothing less than desperate courage for the cause which he had espoused, but there are those things in John Paul Jones' life which make it seem that he may have fought because of sheer love for fighting and because the immediate need of the struggling colonies gave opportunity for the acquiring of that need of individual glory which some men claim the soul of John Paul Jones craved.

He did his work well. There was no turning back; there was no let-up in strenuous endeavor. No man whose birthplace was America and whose heart's love was fixed on the country of his hearthstone fought more apparently soulfully for the cause of the struggling colonies than did John Paul Jones, the alien. For what he did his name will be held in admiration in the centuries to come as it has been held in the century that has passed. It may be that when more is known about this man of mystery the people will revere his memory as they do that of the known patriots of the revolution.

James Fenimore Cooper served in the United States navy. In common with his fellow sailors of the old oaken frigates he held in first place of honor the alien admiral who commanded the first vessel flying the American flag which compelled a ship of the supposedly invincible British navy to strike colors. Yet James Fenimore Cooper in that greatest of sea tales, "The Pilot," paints John Paul Jones as a hero rather than as a patriot. At the close of his story Cooper puts into the mouth of one of his chief characters, a naval officer, these words, touching the life and motives of John Paul Jones:

"His devotion to America proceeded from a desire for distinction, his ruling passion. His love for liberty may be the more questionable, for if he commenced his deeds in the cause of these free states, they terminated in the services of a despot.

"He is now dead, but had he lived in times and under circumstances, when his consummate knowledge of his profession, his cool, deliberate and even desperate courage could have been exercised in a regular and well-supported navy, and had the habits of his youth better qualified him to have borne meekly the honors he acquired in his age, he would have left behind him no name in its lists that would have descended to the latest posterity of his adopted countrymen with greater renown.

It may be, however, that the American who reveres John Paul Jones for

the blows that he struck for liberty would prefer to take as the essence of truth the words which Cooper puts into the mouth of the admiral. In the story, "The Pilot," John Paul Jones stands on English soil and has met Allice Dunscombe. She upbraids him for being disloyal to his king. "The Pilot" answers:

"A man with a soul not to be limited by the arbitrary boundaries of tyrants and hirelings, but one who has the right as well as the inclination to grapple with oppression, in whose name soever it is exercised or in whatever hollow and specious shape it finds its claim to abuse our race."

It is evident that Cooper's judgment repudiated the words of his hero, for the passages quoted first almost unquestionably express the judgment of the American novelist on the motives and character of the first great American admiral.

One of the latest and possibly the best of the biographers of John Paul Jones says that his life was written in three languages—English, French and Russian—and that though this life was "for more than 100 years the theme of many busy pens, the half of it has not yet been told."

Because the half of it is not known, the papers of John Paul Jones were scattered to the four winds. Some of them have been found, and from them a disconnected account of his life and of the motives which actuated him has been constructed. When more material has been collected and a fuller study can be made light may be let in upon the character of this man who carried the first American flag to victory on the high seas.

There is one authenticated story concerning John Paul Jones which would go to show that his love for America had an earlier birth than the date of the opening of the American revolution which gave the sailor his opportunity to serve his ambition. Jones was living on a plantation in Virginia. Some British naval officers were visiting the port near his home. One of them, Capt. Parke, when the subject of a possible revolt of the colonies was broached, said in Jones' presence: "America can be easily overcome if the courage of the colonial men is on a par with the virtue of the colonial women."

John Paul Jones promptly knocked Capt. Parke down and the officer was carried to his ship and never pressed for the opportunity to fight in a duel.—E. B. C., in Chicago Post.

Will Contest Statesman's Will.
The will of Frederick Cook of Rochester, N. Y., former secretary of state, disposing of an estate approximating \$3,000,000, will be contested by the widow and the daughter. The will was offered for probate Saturday, but neither the widow nor the daughter joins in the petition for its admission. By the will the widow receives \$100,000 outright and the income of a trust fund of \$200,000. To the daughter is bequeathed \$50,000 and the income of a trust fund of \$100,000. Some thirty other bequests are made. About \$100,000 is left to charitable institutions, and the residue of about \$1,000,000 goes to relatives in Germany. Several of these are relatives of Mr. Cook's first wife.

BACK TO PRIMITIVE TIMES.

Nature Seeks to Draw Mankind, Declares Scientist.

Nature tends obstinately, Michelet thinks, to bring back toward primitive animality, to unmake the civilized man, says Gustave Lanson in the Quarterly Review. It is perhaps still her dream to have sons like her, men all nature. Humanity, in its earliest age, could be but that, and legitimately it had then to take possession of the world which had just been born. It engaged in sternest combat with the primitive, shaggy creatures, well armed with teeth and claws, that looked with contempt at this last-born of creation, without claws, unprotected by hair, all naked and unarmed. To conquer these creatures man must be like them. "He also must belong to this lower world, or rather he must take on the two natures—that is to say, he must needs become at once man and beast, possessed of instinctive craft as well as bloodthirsty fury. The victory, which rested decisively, at so many points of the globe, with the weaker, shows none the less the original superiority of the conquered. In the manbeast, at first controlled entirely by physical fatalities, slept already as in the crystals the true man, who walks upright and with his face to the heavens." And thus true man, little by little, set himself free. "Today mind is decidedly the victor. To the heavy dreams of a troubled blood, to the energy of the brute, has succeeded the nervous life of delicate, intelligent sensibility; in short, the higher life." But the beast is not dead, he must be watched.

GUARDS AMERICAN NEUTRALITY.

Rear Admiral Charles J. Train, who has made such disposition of the squadron that the ships at once can observe the movements of foreign fleets near to or in Philippine waters, is the American naval commander in the Philippines. He was commander of the auxiliary cruiser Prairie during the Spanish war, and later of the Puritan



REAR ADMIRAL TRAIN

and Massachusetts. Admiral Train was graduated from the naval academy in 1884, was made a commander in 1883, a captain in 1898, and reached his present position two years later. Before going to the Philippines he had been president of the board of inspection and survey, and has served in many stations and in various capacities.

Life in Town and Country.

We live in a day when the average man does not get the physical exercise of his primordial ancestors. He is engaged in sedentary occupations and he is not fortified for the work of digestion as are the field toilers. Some of the work of digestion must be done for him. Scientists say that the cooking of food, especially of flesh, is a great aid to making it easily digestible. If this be true it develops the secret of the tenacity with which the sedentary worker holds to his cookery. He realizes that he can more easily digest food from the fire than from the ice box. Besides, all other objections waived, eating is a function in which man takes pleasure. Uncooked food is, as a rule, insipid and unpalatable. His appetite must be coaxed. This is unhygienic, perhaps, but it is true, and so long as it is true man will be a worshiper at the shrine of the kitchen range.—Kansas City Journal.

Farmers Gamble on Weather.

The science of meteorology has not yet taught men what a day may bring forth in the way of weather. Farming operations are clouded with uncertainty from seed time to harvest, and from the nature of the case the most enlightened and conservative tiller of the soil is compelled to gamble in "futures" much as does the speculator in the wheat pit. Unfortunately, too, his stake is often his all. Delayed or premature frost, too much or too little rain, to say nothing of the visitations of creeping or flying destroyers, always threaten him with loss or ruin and keep him forever guessing. He must bet his crops on the presence or absence of favorable conditions, an exorbitant fact that in the course of ages may have had something to do with the ingrained gambling habit which besets mankind everywhere.—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

New Niagara in South America.

Last week there returned from South America to New Orleans a party of explorers which included scientists from different institutions. With a score of natives they visited the Rio Leon territory, near the equator, and penetrated a part never before seen by white men. Among the discoveries was a wonderful cascade which rivals that of the Yosemite in height and Niagara in volume. It is crescent in form and has eight cataracts, divided from each other by islands smaller than those at Niagara. It is thought to be only a question of a few years when these islands will be swept away and leave one vast cataract.—Philadelphia Ledger.

SURE WATER SUPPLY

DENVER WILL NEVER GO DRY.

Cheesman Lake Equal to New York's Big Croton Reservoir—Highest Masonry Dam in the World.

The water in Cheesman lake, the reservoir recently completed by the Denver Union Water company, has reached the highest point since the construction of the monster dam, which is the highest masonry dam in the world.

"The water in the lake is over 190 feet deep to-day," said Walter S. Cheesman of the water company yesterday. "The reservoir now contains about 20,000,000,000 gallons of water, its greatest capacity being 30,000,000,000 gallons. This is the highest point yet reached. If the water reached twenty-two feet higher, it would flow over the spillway. Six months ago the lake contained less than 100,000,000 gallons. The total depth of the reservoir is 212 feet.

"The capacity of Cheesman lake is about the same as the big Croton reservoir in New York, which is supposed to contain about 32,000,000,000 gallons of water. However, the Croton reservoir is not so deep and covers so much larger area that the danger of loss by seepage and evaporation is increased to such an extent that it really will save no more water than Cheesman lake.

"Denver's water supply is now fully assured. Besides this big storage at Cheesman lake, we have also about six or eight billion gallons of water in Marston lake, which is more than half full. Exclusive of these reservoirs, our water rights would more than supply the city of Denver. We have estimated that the people of Denver will consume about 12,000,000,000 gallons of water the coming year, so it can readily be seen that we are on the safe side.

"However, we do not count all the waste of water because several spells of drought might seriously draw upon the reserve supply. In building Cheesman dam, however, we have looked far into the future and endeavored to insure an ample supply of water for the city of Denver for all time. Our location is magnificent, there being a watershed of 1,796 square miles of timberland tributary to Cheesman lake.

"Denver is much better off than either Chicago and New York, which always have been handicapped by a lack of water. I believe that the big Croton project in New York will, in twenty years, cost fully one hundred or even two hundred million dollars to insure an adequate water supply for New York. The expense will be almost a continuous one for that length of time, for in spite of all the work done, they will have to tap the Hudson river and filter its water to increase the supply.

"Our supply has been assured at much less expense and we feel that with what has been accomplished, Denver is safe as regards its water supply for all time."—Denver Republican.

Marvelous Toy Cannon.

Prof. William Suddards Franklin, head of the department of physics at Lehigh University, is said to have invented a harmless toy cannon designed to take the place of the deadly cast-iron affair filled with gunpowder and which reaps a rich harvest of victims every Fourth of July. By applying a well-known principle of chemistry he has produced a cannon which makes a report, but cannot explode; bursts missiles which can do no harm, and is a flash of fire which does not scorch tissue paper.

The explosion is caused by an electric spark igniting a combination of air and gas, somewhat on the principle of a gas engine. This discharges a cork, no other missile will do, and produces a flame of so low a temperature that it does not burn. Furthermore, it is said, 5,000 shots can be fired for a nickel.

Long Distance Gramophone.

The auxetophone of the Hon. C. A. Parsons is a gramophone whose sounds are conveyed to a distance by a blast of compressed air. The air is pumped by a small engine up to eight pounds, and it passes into the trumpet through a little valve taking the place of the ordinary diaphragm. The valve consists of a number of small slots covered with a fine comb. The vibration of this comb by the record plate reproduces the speech or other sounds and the air current makes the sounds audible at distances estimated to reach three miles.

Where Toys are Made.

The United States spent last year \$4,000,000 on toys—mostly dolls from Sonneberg, Germany, alone. Little Sonneberg sent out \$13,000,000 worth of toys last year. Great Britain used to buy most of them, but John Bull has been very hard up this past year, and the United States has taken most of England's share. The men who make these toys earn by ten hours labor a day between 54 and 60 cents. The thousands of boys and girls employed earn an average of 30 cents a day.

Every housekeeper should know that if they will buy Defiance Cold Water Starch for laundry use they will save not only time, because it never sticks to the iron, but because each package contains 16 oz.—one full pound—while all other Cold Water Starches are put up in ½-pound packages, and the price is the same, 13 cents. Then again because Defiance Starch is free from all injurious chemicals. If your grocer tries to sell you a 12-oz. package it is because he has a stock on hand which he wishes to dispose of before he puts in Defiance. He knows that Defiance Starch has printed on every package in large letters and figures "16 oz." Demand Defiance and save much time and money and the annoyance of the iron sticking. Defiance never sticks.

The average man needs temptations about three-fourths of the way.

A TRAINED NURSE

After Years of Experience, Advises Women in Regard to Their Health.

Mrs. Martha Pohlman of 55 Chester Avenue, Newark, N. J., who is a graduate nurse from the Blockley Training School, at Philadelphia, and for six years Chief Clinic Nurse at the Philadelphia Hospital, writes the letter printed below. She has the advantage of personal experience, besides her professional education, and what she has to say may be absolutely relied upon.

Many other women are afflicted as she was. They can regain health in the same way. It is prudent to heed such advice from such a source.

Mrs. Pohlman writes: "I am firmly persuaded, after eight years of experience with Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, that it is the safest and best medicine for any suffering woman to use."

"Immediately after my marriage I found that my health began to fail me. I became weak and pale, with severe bearing-down pains, fearful backaches and frequent dizzy spells. The doctors prescribed for me, yet I did not improve. I would bleed after eating and frequently become nauseated. I had an acrid discharge and pains down through my limbs so I could hardly walk. It was as bad a case of female trouble as I have ever known. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, however, cured me within four months. Since that time I have had occasion to recommend it to a number of patients suffering from all forms of female difficulties, and I find that while it is considered unprofessional to recommend a patent medicine, I can honestly recommend Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, for I have found that it cures female ills, where all other medicine fails. It is a grand medicine for sick women."

Money cannot buy such testimony as this—merit alone can produce such results, and the ablest specialists now agree that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is the most universally successful remedy for all female diseases known to medicine.

When women are troubled with irregular, suppressed or painful menstruation, weakness, leucorrhoea, displacement or ulceration of the womb, that bearing-down feeling, inflammation of the ovaries, backache, bloating (or flatulence), general debility, indigestion and nervous prostration, or are beset with such symptoms as dizziness,

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Succeeds Where Others Fail.



Mrs. Martha Pohlman

ness, faintness, lassitude, excitability, irritability, nervousness, sleeplessness, melancholy, "all-gone" and "want-to-be-left-alone" feelings, blues and hopelessness, they should remember there is one tried and true remedy, Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound at once removes such troubles.

No other female medicine in the world has received such widespread and unqualified endorsement. No other medicine has such a record of cures of female troubles.

The needless suffering of women from diseases peculiar to their sex is terrible to see. The money which they pay to doctors who do not help them is an enormous waste. The pain is cured and the money is saved by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. Experience has proved this.

It is well for women who are ill to write Mrs. Pinkham, at Lynn, Mass. In her great experience, which covers many years, she has probably had to deal with dozens of cases just like yours. Her advice is free and confidential.

DE LAVAL CREAM SEPARATORS
Save \$10.- Per Cow EVERY YEAR OF USE
Over All Gravity Setting Systems And \$3. to \$5. Per Cow Over All Imitating Separators.

Now is the time to make this most important and profitable of dairy farm investments. Send at once for new 1905 catalogue and name of nearest agent.
THE DE LAVAL SEPARATOR CO.
Randolph Canal Sta. | 74 Cortland Street
CHICAGO | NEW YORK

"All Signs Fail in a Dry Time" THE SIGN OF THE FISH NEVER FAILS IN A WET TIME
In ordering Tower's Slickers, a customer writes: "I know they will be all right if they have the 'FISH' on them." This confidence is the outgrowth of sixty-nine years of careful manufacturing.
Highest Award World's Fair, 1904.
A. J. TOWER CO., The Sign of the Fish Boston, U. S. A.
Tower Canadian Co., Limited Toronto, Canada
Makers of Warranted Wet Weather Clothing

4 Per Cent Per Annum
Write for booklet and instructions "Banking by Mail." Assets \$1,800,000. Depositors in 21 states. Are your savings earning dollars?
The Central Savings Bank
Denver, Colorado.

Sheep & Cattle Dip
We carry all the best makes of dips. PATHE'S VACCINE, LIME AND SULPHUR. Write for prices and directions. We are headquarters.
L. A. WATKINS MDSE. CO.
1525-31 Wazee St., Denver, Colorado.

PIPE VISES
Combination Pipe and Bench Vises, exactly like cut.
Jaws, Holds Pipe, Weight, Price.
Inches. 1/2 to 3/4 4 1/2 \$ 3.00
3/4 to 1 5 4 1/2 4.00
1 to 1 1/2 6 1/2 5.00
1 1/2 to 2 8 1/2 6.00
2 to 2 1/2 10 7.00
2 1/2 to 3 12 8.00
3 to 3 1/2 14 9.00
3 1/2 to 4 16 10.00
4 to 4 1/2 18 11.00
4 1/2 to 5 20 12.00
THE S. H. STUPPLY CO.
15th and Lawrence Sts., Denver, Colo.

Denver Directory

- STOVE REPAIRS** of every known make of stove, furnace or range. Geo. A. Allen, 1323 Lawrence, Denver. Phone 15.
- BLACKSMITHS** and wagonmakers' supplies. Wholesale and retail. Money Hardware & Iron Co., 15th & Wazee, Denver.
- THE C. W. FAIR CORNICE WORKS CO.** Local skylights, stamped steel ceilings, piping and stove, fire and metal work, etc.
- THE COLORADO TENT & AWNING CO.** Hammocks, Canvas Furniture, Flags, 1521 Lawrence St., Denver, Colorado.
- RELIABLE HELP** OF ANY KIND. Bureau. Phone Mjln 1371. Denver, Colorado.
- MACHINES** Sewing and Parts for all makes. Whomever a Hotel. Agents wanted. Standard Sewing Machine Co., 25 1/2 West.
- THE FAMOUS J. H. WILSON STOCK SADDLES**. Ask your dealer to them. Take no other.
- The A. E. MEEK TRUNK & BAG MFG. CO.** 1247 26th St., Denver, Colo. Write for catalog.
- WRITE G. E. ADY & CO.** For special offer on BAKING POWDER. The New England Electric Co., 1513 Blake St., Denver, for your ELECTRICAL SUPPLIES. Write for catalogue.
- ORDER CARLSON'S ICE CREAM** 1417 California St., Denver, Colo.
- BROWN PALACE HOTEL** Absolutely fire-proof. Columbia plan, \$1.50 and upward.
- COLUMBIA HOTEL** 7 blocks from Union St. Rates \$1.50 to \$2.00. American plan.
- AMERICAN HOUSE** Two blocks from Union depot. Best \$2 per day hotel in the West. A mercantile plan.
- ST. ELMO HOTEL** Two blocks from Union Depot, up 17th St., Denver. Fire-proof European plan. Electric lights, baths. All outside rooms, 75 cents and \$1.00.
- Oxford Hotel** Denver. One block from Union Depot. Fireproof. C. H. MORSE, Mgr.
- E. E. BURLINGAME & CO., ASSAY OFFICE AND CHEMICAL LABORATORY** Established in Colorado, 1866. Samples by mail free express will receive prompt and careful attention. Refining, Assaying and Assaying Gold & Silver Bullion OR PURCHASED. Concentration Tests—100 lbs. or car load lots. Write for terms. 1736-1738 Lawrence St., Denver, Colo.
- RELIABLE ASSAYS** Gold \$1.25, Silver \$1.00, Lead \$1.00, Copper \$1.00, Fluoride Gold, Refractory and High Grade. OGDEN ASSAY CO., 1125 Arapahoe Street, Denver, Colo.
- The Colorado Saddlery Co.** Wholesale Manufacturers of Harness and Saddles of every style. Ask your dealer for our goods. If he does not keep them we will put you in touch with one who does.
- Denver Camera Exchange** 325 16th Street, Opposite Court House. Wholesale agents for Cya & Photo and Non-Toxant supplies. Developing a specialty. Mail your films.
- BEE SUPPLIES** Of all kinds. Also Wholesale HONEY and BEEHIVE. Catalogue of supplies free. COLORADO HONEY PRODUCERS' ASSOCIATION, 1440 Market Street, Denver. Established Queen 1st award.
- New York Stocks AND GRAIN** For Cash or on Margin. **The Central Commission Co.** 222 Quinlan Bldg., Denver, Colo. Bank references. Established 25 years.