

BEAVER HERALD.

H. F. DAVIS, Publisher.
BEAVER, OKLAHOMA

CURRENT COMMENT.

According to the views of a British sea captain, who was in the gulf of Mexico during the Galveston tempest, the disturbance was partly volcanic.

Since the assassination of King Humbert, of Italy, 2,300 anarchists have been arrested in that country, and in addition scores of people have been fined and imprisoned for speaking apologetically of Bresci's deed.

The Marquis de Fontenay now states that the life of the late King Humbert was insured for \$6,000,000 lire, or about \$7,000,000, and of this amount \$6,000,000 was represented in policies in companies in this country.

A Frenchman who recently traveled in the United States has written an article on the tooth-filling branch of dentistry, and after studying statistics he estimates that upward of \$500,000 worth of gold is packed into the teeth of Americans every year.

At Wilkesbarre, Pa., three well-known citizens, who had been indulging in a spree, were brought before the mayor to be disciplined. He sentenced each to saw up five railroad ties for the miners' widows, who have no wood and who apply at the woodyard each day for fuel.

The death of King Humbert has only left one ruler in Europe who is reputed to be a constant smoker. Victor Emmanuel never uses tobacco, the czar seldom does, and the rulers of Greece, Roumania, Sweden, Denmark, Bulgaria and Germany use it only occasionally.

South Carolina negroes have started a new industry by the hand-picking of phosphate rock. During the summer they anchor boats on the Coosaw river, which is from 17 to 25 feet deep, and dive for the fertilizing rock, sometimes bringing up a fragment weighing 100 pounds. The phosphate from the river beds is the most valuable known.

The state of Idaho has segregated 245,000 acres of land on the Snake river, near Shoshone falls, to be reclaimed under the Carey act, by canals to be taken out of the river at the head of the canyon leading to the falls. The undertaking will cost \$1,500,000. This is the greatest irrigation undertaking ever projected in that state.

By order of the London school board teachers in all its schools have tested the sight of the children under their care. The result is that 23.3 per cent. were found to have defective vision. These children were given notices to take to their parents announcing that they were suffering from serious defective vision, and advised to consult an oculist without delay.

The first kindergarten was opened by Froebel in 1837 at Brandenburg, Germany, and 15 years afterward he died. This short period was sufficient to establish a system of education that has made life different for little children. When the king of Prussia, in 1851, forbade the establishment of kindergartens, the old man died of a broken heart, not dreaming that his life work had been a noble success.

It has happened but once in the history of the nation, and it may not happen again, that both father and son are given high honors of presiding over the affairs of the nation. John Adams was the second president and John Quincy Adams, his son, was the sixth president of the United States. And only once have grandfather and grandson served in this office. William Henry Harrison was the ninth president and Benjamin Harrison, his grandson, was the twenty-third president.

The national commissioner of labor reports that the average increase of wages in American manufacturing and mining industries as compared with 1891 is 3.43 per cent. Representing the average wage scale of the latter year by 100, it appears that in 1892 there was an advance to 103.30. Then came the period of decline due to the panic. The lowest point reached was 97.82 in 1895. A change for the better began then, which has continued until the present wage scale is represented by 103.43.

Tacoma, of the state of Washington, made an increase of population of only 4.74 per cent. in the past decade, which is a small gain for a town which was generally supposed in the rest of the country to be in the boom stage. Seattle, in the same state, made a gain of 83.32 per cent. in the same time, while the increase in Portland, Ore., was 94.93 per cent. Portland leads its active rival Seattle in aggregate population as well as in its rate of increase, but only to a slight extent.

The embezzlement of \$100,000, and perhaps more from the Elizabethport Banking company in New Jersey by William Schreiber, is only one more of the numerous illustrations in the history of banking of directors who do not direct. The president of the company says he will spend the last cent of his private fortune "to put that boy behind the bars," which is of little more account than locking the barn after the horse is stolen, since young Schreiber had dissipated most of the money before he left for Europe.

Senator Chandler, of New Hampshire, is a brave man in prediction, for he has published an article on what the American navy will be 50 years hence. But as he was secretary of the navy under President Arthur and began the construction of our present fleets his views are unusually interesting. Mr. Chandler thinks heavy armor-clads will give place to small, lightly armored fighting vessels, very speedy and crowded with moderate caliber, quick-fire guns. Russia is already experimenting in this direction.

CHINESE NATIVES SLAIN.

Rebels Attacked the Village of Pengkok and Killed Two Thousand Residents, Burning 2,000 Houses.

Hong Kong, Oct. 26.—The governor of Hong Kong has been informed that 4,000 villagers in the Samtschuok-Kwaishin district were attacked by rebels at Pengkok. The villagers were defeated and 2,000 of them killed. The rebels, who lost 400 killed, burned two villages containing 3,000 houses. A force of 2,000 troops went to the assistance of the villagers and engaged the rebels on October 22. No details of the result have been received. Gen. Ho, with 2,000 troops, has returned to Hong Kong, having burned the villages of Shancha and Malantau.

Reward for Heads of Rebels.
Canton, Oct. 26.—The Chinese officials have placarded the Shetow district, offering several hundred dollars reward for the heads of four foreigners who are supposed to be leading the rebels. The rice crop has failed in Kwang-Si province and robbers are pillaging. Rebellion and famine there are certain.

German Marines Killed 400 Boxers.
Kiaou Chau, Oct. 26.—A detachment of German marines, in a battle near Kaumi, killed 200 boxers.

SHERMAN LAID TO REST.

Ohio and the Nation Contributed Laurels to the Illustrious Dead—President McKinley at the Funeral.

Mansfield, O., Oct. 26.—In a picturesque little cemetery where generations of Mansfield's builders sleep lie the remains of John Sherman, Ohio's senator and the nation's statesman. There yesterday all that is mortal of the former secretary of state was laid to rest with ceremonies that were impressive yet eloquently simple. All Ohio contributed laurels to the illustrious dead, and representing the nation were President McKinley, Elihu Root, secretary of war, and other Washington officials. The city was draped in mourning. Every business house closed at two o'clock and all the schools were dismissed that the pupils might attend the services at the Grace Episcopal church, where, half a century ago, John Sherman first worshipped and where for years he was a vestryman.

SOUNDS "NOTE OF ALARM."

Chairman of the Democratic National Committee Urges Appointment of "French-er Committee" Over United States.

Chicago, Oct. 26.—Chairman Jones and his lieutenants urge the immediate appointment of "French-er Committee" all over the United States. In emphatic words committee men are warned to report all efforts at coercion and colonization to their state chairman by telegraph. "We have the votes," the democrats proclaim. "We will win if we can get them counted. This, of course, relieves the national committee of further responsibility. If democrats do not go to the polls, or having gone to the polls do not get their ballots counted, the fault will be with local organizations."

Decision in Favor of Passengers.

St. Louis, Oct. 26.—According to a decision by the United States circuit court of appeals in the case of the Rock Island Railway company vs. Nancy A. Wood, railroads are responsible for the safety of their passengers while in their stations for a reasonable time after descending from trains, and the railroads of carrier and passengers continue until a passenger quits the station or depot.

Charged with Selling Worthless Diplomas.

Chicago, Oct. 26.—James Armstrong and John H. Randall, officials of the Metropolitan Medical college, charged with using the United States mails to carry on a scheme to defraud by selling worthless diplomas, were indicted by the grand jury yesterday. The operations of the men are said to have been extensive, the victims being scattered all over the United States.

Admiral O'Neill's Report.

Washington, Oct. 26.—The annual report of Rear Admiral O'Neill contains an interesting summary of the important developments of the year in the matter of naval ordnance and armor and powder. The estimates for the next year, which aggregate \$2,427,553, include a single item of \$4,000,000 under the head of increase of the navy, armor and armament.

To Aid the Red Cross.

New York, Oct. 26.—Under the patronage of and for the benefit of the American National Red Cross, 15,000 watch meetings, to welcome the new century, will be held in this country on the night of December 31 next. Collections will be taken at these meetings and it is expected that \$1,000,000 will be realized.

As Safeguard Against Dishonesty.

New York, Oct. 26.—Russell Sage believes that were the banks to adopt a "moving" policy—transferring men from one post to another—it would be one of the best safeguards against dishonesty and would at the same time make better all-round bankers.

Degeneracy Roscoe Ferrell's Defense.

Marysville, O., Oct. 26.—Degeneracy is the defense which will be made in the trial of Roscoe Ferrell, now in progress here for the alleged murder of Adams Express Messenger Charles Lane and the robbery of the express safe.

A Farmer Fails for \$350,000.

Columbus, O., Oct. 26.—W. N. Cowden, a farmer at Quaker City, O., yesterday filed a petition in bankruptcy, alleging liabilities of \$350,000 and assets of \$100,000. Mr. Cowden was one of the promoters of a railroad project.

New His Wife With a Neckyoke.

Fort Worth, Tex., Oct. 26.—John Harris, a wealthy negro, murdered his wife near Mineola, beating her brains out with a neckyoke. Then he attempted to kill his daughter, crushing her skull. Harris was arrested and threats of lynching are made.

A Fireman Killed.

Detroit, Mich., Oct. 26.—Fire last night destroyed the three-story brick building occupied by Meyer Johnson, a junk dealer. Falling walls killed Lieut. Hagenstein, fireman, and injured four others.

THE STRIKE CALLED OFF.

Anthracite Miners Go Back to Work at These Places Where Union Demands Were Compactly With.

Hazleton, Pa., Oct. 26.—President Mitchell, of the United Mine Workers, gave out a statement addressed to the strikers last night for publication. In it he says:

"After carefully canvassing the entire strike situation, we, your officers, district and national, have concluded that your victory is so nearly complete that no good end can be served by continuing the strike longer. The contest has been in progress for 33 days and the companies employing you have, with few exceptions, signified their willingness to pay the scale of wages formulated by the Seranton convention of October 12 and 13."

"As there are some few companies who have neither posted, notified nor signified in any other manner, their willingness to pay the ten per cent. advance in wages and suspend the sliding scale, we would advise that, unless the men employed by such companies receive notice before Monday that the advance will be paid, they remain away from the mines and continue on strike until the companies employing them agree to the conditions offered by the other companies; and the employees of the companies who have offered the advance of ten per cent. and abolished the sliding scale are authorized to resume work Monday morning, October 29, and to be prepared, if called on, to contribute a reasonable amount of your earnings for the maintenance of those who may be compelled to continue on strike."

A CENSUS BULLETIN.

It Summarizes the Returns of Population of Cities Having 25,000 or More Inhabitants.

Washington, Oct. 26.—The census bureau in a bulletin issued yesterday summarizes the returns of population of cities having 25,000 inhabitants or more in 1900, the individual census of each of these cities having been officially announced heretofore. There are 139 of these cities and the bulletin shows that the percentage of increase in their population from 1890 to 1900 was 32.5 as against 49.5 for the same cities in the previous decade. The absolute increase in the population of these cities from 1890 to 1900 was 4,839,136, or \$2,425 less than the absolute increase from 1880 to 1890, when it was 4,921,562. The 139 cities combined have a population in 1900 of 19,694,625, against 14,555,489 in 1890, and 9,933,927 in 1880. Of these 139 cities divided into four classes, 19 had 200,000 and over, 19 had 100,000 and over, 40 had 50,000 and under 100,000, and 51 had 25,000 and under 50,000. In 1880 there were but 20 cities which contained more than 100,000 inhabitants, but in 1900 this number had increased to 28, and in 1890 to 25. In 1900 there are 78 cities of 50,000 inhabitants or more as compared with 58 in 1890 and 35 in 1880.

ADMINISTRATION CONDEMNED

Resolutions Signed by Over 500 Officers of Anti-Imperialist Club in 45 States and Five Territories.

New York, Oct. 26.—President C. C. Hughes, of the Greater New York Association of the National Association of Anti-Imperialist clubs, last night gave out a set of resolutions which had been signed by over 500 officers of the organization in 45 states and five territories. The resolutions condemn the administration because of the Porto Rican tariff, the "slavery in the Sulu archipelago," "for the perversion and suppression of news," for "the infamy committed in the Philippine islands," for "the tacit understanding with monarchial governments which deprives a people struggling for self-preservation and a republican form of government in South Africa of the moral support and sympathy which our people would gladly extend," and "for the arbitrary exercise of executive power by the McKinley administration."

Want an Eight-Foot Channel.

St. Louis, Oct. 26.—A joint committee consisting of the business interests of this city was held yesterday to procure legislation for the deepening of the channel of the Mississippi between St. Louis and New Orleans. It was decided that Congress should be asked to insure a minimum depth of eight feet in the channel at all seasons.

For Compulsory Education.

Pawhuska, Ok., Oct. 26.—O. A. Miesher, United States agent for the Osage Indians, is employing radical means to compel white non-citizens living on the reservation to give their children an education. He has issued an order that children must be sent to school at least five months in the year.

By Forging Campaign Checks.

New York, Oct. 26.—Operating under the cloak of agents of the republican congressional campaign committee rogues have succeeded in obtaining probably \$100,000 on forged checks in this city and through the state. The committee will lose nothing.

Want to Keep Dr. Quayle.

Indianapolis, Ind., Oct. 26.—Trustees of the Meridian Street Methodist church have agreed to prevent the transfer of Dr. Quayle, its pastor, to the Grand Avenue church, Kansas City, if possible, by more than equaling the Kansas City offer.

New Indian Territory College.

Muscogee, T., Oct. 26.—The cornerstone of Spalding Institute was laid here yesterday. It is being built by the M. E. church, south, at a cost of \$30,000 and will be the largest college building in the territory.

A New Railroad for Texas.

Santa Fe, N. M., Oct. 26.—Articles of incorporation have been filed for the El Paso, Pecos Valley & Eastern Railway extending from Roswell, N. M., to El Paso, Tex., a distance of 175 miles. This line will shorten the distance by rail between El Paso and Kansas City and Chicago 200 miles.

Will Use American Locomotives.

St. Petersburg, Oct. 26.—Four engineering corps have begun laying out a railroad between Orenburg and Taschkend for which American locomotives have been ordered.

OKLAHOMA

IMPORTANT EVENTS OF THE TERRITORY.

Refuse New College Building.

The Guthrie Capital says: Governor C. M. Barnes, Captain J. C. Tinsley, W. E. Holton and J. F. Gandy returned to this city yesterday noon from Stillwater where they attended as members a session of the board of regents of the Agricultural and Mechanical college and a meeting of the "bulldozer" board.

The principal reason for the meeting of the regents was to accept the new library building from the contractor, John M. Ellis, of Minco, Texas. The building originally was to have cost \$19,510 dollars and should have been completed by January 1, 1900, the contract calling for a forfeiture of \$5 per day for each day after that date that the building was not completed. Despite that fact, Contractor Ellis demands about \$22,500 from the board and all efforts to compromise the matter proved futile. The board made Ellis a compromise offer of \$20,000, but he held out for \$25,000 more, although the board had not taken out the \$5 a day forfeiture.

All members of the board were present except C. J. Benson and they determined not to except the building above the compromise offer. There are portions of it still unfinished and certain parts of the work are considered rough, thus damaging the structure. The board has been compelled to hold several meetings since January 1, on account of Ellis' delay and also to provide an architect for all the extra time. One portion of the contract says that if any dispute as to settlement shall arise between Ellis and the regents, that the matter shall be referred to the architect, and whose decision shall be final. The architect, Mr. Joseph Foucart, was appealed to and the board divided the difference between his figures and Ellis', thus favoring the latter, but no settlement could be reached.

Contractor Ellis has announced that he will sue the territory and claims to have employed Attorney Ames of Oklahoma City, to prosecute the case. In regard to this matter a member of the regent's board said that he would prefer having the territory sued rather than pay several thousand dollars more to Ellis than he is due.

Ellis says, the board will demand the \$5 per day forfeiture since January 1, 1900.

Indian Territory's Timber Law.

Muscogee.—The belief is general in Indian Territory that it is unlawful for persons to cut timber for fuel and offer it for sale for local consumption in the different towns. As a result the price of wood at Ardmore has doubled in a year. J. Blair Shoenfelt, United States Indian agent, is authority for the statement that this belief is a mistake, and said:

"Indian Inspector Wright and myself have encouraged the sale of wood in the towns in the territory where it would be used for domestic purposes and not shipped out of the territory. There is a certain revenue which quite a number of citizens secure through the clearing up of farms and sale of wood that helps them out in the course of the year and the secretary of the interior never contemplated taking away from these men this income from this source. The regulations do contemplate, however, the driving out of the Arkansas, Texas and Oklahoma sawmill men who were in a fair way of denuding the territory of its forests. There has not been a prosecution, nor has there been a warning sent to the wood haulers in any part of the Indian Territory demanding that they should quit the business, and their efforts to make a livelihood by supplying the citizens of the towns with stove wood or wood for heating purposes have rather been encouraged."

Will Rely Upon Lacy Law.

Sportsmen will rely upon the Lacy law this year to prevent the shipment of quail to outside markets. In past years thousands upon thousands of dozens of quail were killed by pot hunters and sent to Kansas City, Chicago and St. Louis by commission dealers in violation of the game laws. The game warden, Whit M. Grant of Oklahoma City, instituted a number of prosecutions last year and confiscated a large amount of game, with beneficial results. Ordinarily quail retail in Guthrie at \$1 a dozen. An idea of the surplus received for shipment can be given when it is told that last season arrest frightened shippers and caused them to go out of business for a time. During the scare the local market became so overstocked that local dealers bought quail at 10 cents a dozen, less than one cent each. Deputy United States marshals will co-operate with game wardens and county officers this year in suppressing unlawful traffic in quail.

Sportsmen are Unhappy.

Arkansas City, Kan.—The hunters and fishermen are worried over a letter that was received here recently from the department of Indian affairs. It bears the information that hereafter the game and fish law relating to persons hunting or fishing on Indian lands will be enforced to the very letter and hunters in the Indian country may not be surprised if their arms are confiscated by the police. The hunters of this city will probably obey the warning given by the letter, although it will deprive them of a great amount of sport.

For several years the Indian country has been about the only place where quail and prairie chicken could be found in sufficient numbers to afford sport. The quail have continued to grow so scarce on the farms of this region that every farmer who has a covey of the birds on his place guards them as closely as he does his domestic fowls. The new stand taken by the Indian authorities will lessen the number of hunting parties that go from this city.

Form of Ballot Prepared.

Guthrie.—The territorial board of election commissioners met on the 17 to pass upon the certificates and petitions of nominations of candidates for delegate in Congress and the two houses of the general assembly and to prepare the form of the official ballot. W. M. Jenkins, territorial secretary and acting governor, sat as chairman in the absence of Governor Barnes. Joseph W. McNeal represented the republican party and Joseph Wisby in the absence of C. G. Horman, appointed for the democrats by Governor Barnes, was appointed for that party by Acting Governor Jenkins. All the candidates of the different parties succeeded in filing their certificates or petitions of nominations before 10 o'clock on the night of the 16, and none was received after that hour. The fusionists have a full ticket. The republicans made no nomination for the fifth council district. E. Duffy, anti-fusionist populist, appearing as the republican candidate by petition. In the twenty-fourth legislative district, the fusion candidate, Paul Nesbit, and the anti-fusionist populist, W. E. Spear, contested for the name populist. Isaac Ferguson, fusion, and A. McArthur, populist, made a similar contest in the twelfth council district. For purposes of campaign strategy the two dominant parties brought out tickets in the different precinct and legislative districts, bearing these names: "The Bryan Ticket," "Free Silver," "Independent Republican," "Independent Democrat," "Straight Democratic" and "Abraham Lincoln Republican."

Dennis T. Flynn, as the republican congressional, was given the device of an eagle. Robert A. Neff's name will appear in two places on the ballot. As a democrat his device will be a rooster. As a populist his device will be a plow. John S. Allen was given the name of anti-fusion populist, and his device will be the picture of a home. Edgar T. Tucker, socialist candidate for Congress, will have an open hand as the emblem of his party. The fusion and anti-fusion populists each wanted the device of a plow, but the fusion populists won by reason of their being first to file the certificate of nomination of their congressional candidate.

The election board was divided as to whether the names of congressional and legislative nominees should be printed on one ballot. McNeal favored separate ballots, but Wisby and Jenkins were for consolidation.

Anti-Horse Thief Association Meets

Oklahoma City.—The annual session of the Anti-Horse Thief association met here Wednesday. The meeting was called to order in the opera house in the morning by President Barnes of the association. After the usual routine business the convention went into executive session, which lasted all the afternoon. The most effective method of capturing and dealing with horse thieves was discussed. The convention lasted three days.

Shot at Her Foot.

Sulphur.—George Campbell, while handling a gun which he thought was not loaded, asked a little daughter of M. L. Moore to hold up her foot and let him shoot at it. She did so and Campbell pulled the trigger. Both barrels exploded but the shot missed the girl's foot, most of them lodging in a post near by. Two of Moore's sons were injured, one receiving three shot in his leg and the other three in the back of his head.

Anti-Saloon League Defeated.

Oklahoma City.—The anti-saloon league met its first defeat in the commissioners' court here on Wednesday last, when the commissioners overruled the motion made by the counsel for the anti-saloon league to cancel several liquor licenses which had been granted to saloon keepers whom the league alleged had violated the law. These are the cases which were sent back from the supreme court for a re-hearing by the board.

Indians Play Football.

The University of Oklahoma defeated the Chilocco Indian football team at Norman last Saturday by a score of 27 to 0. The varsity went through the Indians' line and around ends for gain of five to 50 yards. The university plays Muscogee next Saturday.

Postal Growth at Ponca City.

The Courier cites that the Ponca City postoffice is growing in business steadily. Each new quarter shows an increase over the relative quarter for the year preceding. The quarter just closed shows a total business of \$1446.49 while the same quarter last year was \$1,305.84, an increase of \$140.65 or about 10 per cent.

Murderers are Sentenced.

Arnpahoe.—The trial of Burrell Lane, Edward Terry and Garfield Terry for killing a German farmer near this place resulted in their conviction, with penitentiary sentences as follows: Burrell Lane, ten years; Edward Terry and Garfield Terry, five years each.

Requisition From Missouri.

Guthrie.—Governor Barnes honored a requisition for Adolphus Mahaney, who is under indictment in Maries county, Mo., for murder in the first degree. Mahaney shot and killed James Cross November 23, 1893, and has since been a fugitive. He was arrested at Watonga.

Frisco's Oklahoma City Extension.

The terminal railroad three miles long, which gives the St. Louis and San Francisco at Oklahoma City as up-town station was completed Saturday night and the train now runs up town. The Frisco has been at great disadvantage heretofore because its station was so far from the business center.

First Doubt of Her Love.
She (as her lover is about to start on a journey round the world)—My dear Adolf, will you be good to me when you are far away? Promise me that you will write to me from every town you visit.
His—Oh, Adolf, it is love that prompts you to say that! I am sure to me, do you really love me, or are you merely courting for my money?—Stray Stories

Up-to-Date Enterprise.
Mr. Oldham—Oh, I don't know that I have much to complain of in a business way; I am holding my own.
Mrs. Oldham—That won't do, John. If you want to be a successful business man to-day you must strive to hold as much as possible of everybody else's.—Richmond Dispatch.

Kind of the Kid.
Jones—Come, be honest; when you have to walk the baby don't you sweat a little?
Smith—Possibly, but then the baby makes such a noise with his crying that nobody can hear me.—Boston Transcript.

When a man is looking for trouble he never loses his way.—Town Topics.

THE TURN OF LIFE.

The Most Important Period in a Woman's Existence.—Mrs. Johnson Tells How She Was Helped Over the Trying Time.



Owing to modern methods of living, not one woman in a thousand approaches this perfectly natural change without experiencing a train of very annoying, and sometimes painful symptoms. Those dreadful hot flashes, sending the blood surging to the heart until it seems ready to burst, and the faint feeling that follows, sometimes with chills, as if the heart were going to stop for good, are only a few of the symptoms of a dangerous nervous trouble. The nerves are crying out for assistance. The cry should be heeded in time. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound was prepared to meet the needs of woman's system at this trying period of her life. The three following letters are guaranteed to be genuine and true, and still further prove that a great medicine Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is for women.

Mar. 12, 1897.
"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I have been sick for a long time. I was taken sick with flooding. All my trouble seemed to be in the womb. I ached all the time at the lower part of the womb. The doctor says the womb is covered with ulcers. I suffer with a pain on the left side of my back over the kidney. I am fifty years old and passing through the change of life. Please advise me what to do to get relief. Would like to hear from you as soon as possible."—Mrs. CHARLOTTE JOHNSON, Monclova, Ohio.

Jan. 25, 1898.
"I have been taking your remedies, and think they have helped me a great deal. I had been in bed for ten weeks when I began taking your Vegetable Compound, but after using it for a short time I was able to be up around the house. The aching in the lower part of womb has left me. The most that troubles me now is the flooding. That is not so bad, but still there is a little every day. I am not discouraged yet, and shall continue with your medicine, for I believe it will cure me."—Mrs. CHARLOTTE JOHNSON, April 13, 1898.

"I send you this letter to publish for the benefit of others. I was sick for about nine years so that I could not do my work. For three months I could not sit up long enough to have my bed made. I had five different doctors, and all said there was no help for me. My trouble was change of life. I suffered with ulceration of the womb, pain in sides, kidney and stomach trouble, backache, headache, and dizziness. I am well and strong, and feel like a new person. My recovery is a perfect surprise to everybody that knew me. I owe all to Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. I would not do without your medicine for anything. There is no need of women suffering so much if they would take your remedies, for they are a sure cure."—Mrs. CHARLOTTE JOHNSON, Monclova, Ohio.

When one stops to think about the good Mrs. Johnson derived from Mrs. Pinkham's advice and medicine, it seems almost beyond belief; yet it is all true as stated in her three letters published above at her own request. As a matter of positive fact Mrs. Pinkham has on file thousands of letters from women who have been safely carried through that dangerous period "Change of Life." Mrs. Johnson's cure is not an unusual one for Mrs. Pinkham's medicine to accomplish.

\$5000 REWARD.—We have deposited with the National City Bank of Lynn, \$5000, which will be paid to any person who can find that the above testimonial letters are not genuine, or were published before obtaining the writer's special permission. LYDIA E. PINKHAM MEDICINE CO.

WALTHAM WATCHES

Over twenty-five years ago the American Waltham Watch Company stated that "350,000 Waltham Watches are speaking for themselves in the pockets of the people." To-day EIGHT MILLION Waltham Watches are in use throughout the civilized world.

"The Perfected American Watch", an illustrated book of interesting information about watches, will be sent free upon request.

American Waltham Watch Company, Waltham, Mass.

Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup

Cures Coughs, Sore Throat, Whooping Cough, Pneumonia and Bronchitis in a few days. Why then risk Consumption? Get Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup. Don't be imposed upon. Refuse the dealer's substitute. It is not as good as Dr. Bull's. Satisfaction or your money back. Price, 15 and 25 cents.

STOMACH TROUBLES.

If you have Stomach Troubles, Indigestion, Sick Headache, Wind in the Stomach, Diarrhoea, Dysentery or Cholera, BILLY'S PEPPERMINT CURE will cure you. It is regular, and the action of the trouble will be rapidly removed.

Dr. W. A. Barrett, P. M. Clinton, Tex., says he was troubled with CHOLERA since childhood, and "BILLY'S PEPPERMINT CURE" is the only remedy that would cure him.

Sold by Agents in Every Town.

SOHN'S HOME-MADE PILLS

and QUININE will

Cure Chills Without Chill Tonics.

Get the LIVER and STOMACH in good condition. (From the St. Louis drug and medicine house.)