

ALBANIA IN WOMUL STATE OF ANARCHY

AMERICAN MINISTER TO GREECE APPEALS TO THE POWERS

PRAISES THE DUTCH Criticizes Prince Wied and Says Five Governments Fail to Control the Principality

Athens, June 26.—George Fred Williams, American minister to Greece, today sent to the newspapers a report of his investigation in Albania, where he went recently at the order of the Mr. Williams says that he considers the conditions in Albania anarchical, and he declares the present regime impracticable, owing to the antagonistic rivalries. He appeals to the powers to create a neutral state.

The report attributed to Mr. Williams denounces as "a burlesque of a king" what the powers are doing in Albania. It does not even spare the Prince of Wied, saying of him:

"I found a prince calling himself king, with no power, no territory and no subjects except his wife and his children."

Elsewhere in the report, Mr. Williams says: "I uncovered at Durazzo an epochal scandal of anarchy, incompetence, hypocrisy and murder. My first effort was to find the Albanian government. I found none except six warships and they were silent."

"I took opinions on the London agreement. Everyone agreed it created no government, except one of armed force from abroad, for which all the authorities were clamoring.

Five Governments, "Five ostensible governments were in sight: first, the six great powers with all the power; second, the commission with control of the civil administration and finance; third, the Dutch gendarmes with control of the military; fourth, the prince without any powers remaining; fifth, the ministry with no powers."

The report, as published, highly praises the Dutch officers as the only sincere men in the whole of Durazzo, accuses the Albanian government of having plunged Albania into the throes of civil and religious war, and appeals to Europe to remove the Prince of Wied, and the international commission and to substitute a system of cantonal government.

The statement has created a great sensation here. London, June 26.—There are conflicting reports concerning the situation at Durazzo. A belated dispatch says that insurgent leaders have arrived to negotiate the terms. Other dispatches represent the situation as extremely grave.

The Prince of Wied, who occupies the throne, has, it is said, appealed to the powers to send international troops. Austrian warships are taking steps to protect Durazzo and Avlona.

Vienna, June 26.—A volunteer force of retired officers and men is being formed here to go to Durazzo to protect the Prince of Wied. Already 1,600 men have been enrolled for this purpose.

FLAGMAN RAISED HIS \$500 BOND

L. S. Starnes Was Given Freedom Yesterday After Spending One Week in County Jail

(From Sunday's Daily.)
L. S. Starnes, who was arrested by the Anderson county officials at Williamston one week ago on a charge of attempting to wreck a passenger train on the Piedmont and Northern lines by throwing a switch at that point, was yesterday given his freedom after appearing in Magistrate Broadwell's court and giving bond in the sum of \$500. This is a serious accusation which Starnes will face when the case is called for trial at the next term of the court of general sessions.

George Gordon, a Belton negro, was admitted to bond yesterday. Gordon has been in jail for some time on the charge of forgery and it is said that the authorities have sufficient proof to convict him.

Aside from these two actions, things were rather quiet in the Magistrate's court yesterday.

CITY POSITIONS

Removed That There May Be Some Changes on Police Force.

The intelligencer learns that there are perhaps a dozen aspirants for the position of city clerk, soon to be made vacant, when Mr. Godfrey assumes the duties of mayor. There is also said to be a movement on foot for the reorganization of the police department. Just what shape this is taking could not be learned, but there may be some changes on the force.

Will Not Reach Vote

Washington, June 26.—The plan to have the rules committee vote July 1 on the Hobson resolution for a prohibition amendment has been abandoned. Representative Henry, chairman of the committee, campaigning in Texas for re-election, has telegraphed that it will be impracticable for him to return by that date, and has suggested that consideration of the resolution be postponed until August 1. Other Democratic leaders occur in his proposal and it was predicted by many in the house today that there would be no action at this session of congress.

FIVE THOUSAND IN BREAD LINES BY SALEM FIRE

Latest Estimate of the Loss In the Massachusetts City is \$12,000,000

Salem, Mass., June 26.—Measures for the relief of the 18,000 persons made homeless in yesterday's conflagration were proceeding with military precision tonight. More than 3,500 were directly dependent on the relief committee for shelter, while 4,500 waited patiently in the various bread lines for food which streamed into the city in abundance.

Those cared for in the tented camps were of the poorer classes, mostly foreigners. Nearly all the well-to-do had found refuge elsewhere.

An insurance adjuster who went carefully over the devastated district tonight, estimated the loss at \$12,000,000, of which \$10,000,000 was covered by insurance. This insurance, it was stated, is well distributed, the largest holding on any one company being \$1,000,000.

The Naumkeag Steam Cotton Company was the heaviest individual loser. The loss on its great plant was placed at \$2,500,000.

Fifteen hundred employees were "thrown out of work by the destruction of these mills. The total number added by the fire to the ranks of the unemployed was estimated at nine thousand.

Hand in hand with measures for relief went preparations for rebuilding the city. The Naumkeag company and some of the other larger firms hurried out, announced they would begin work of reconstruction as quickly as possible. In the meantime the unemployed will be given work in the rehabilitation of the city, or provided for in nearby places.

The active work of relief was temporarily in the hands of the state militia, directed by Adjutant General Cole, who commanded 750 men from the Eighth and Ninth regiments.

Early in the day the domestic affairs department had the names of 200 men, women and children who had become separated from their families. To night this number had been reduced to one hundred.

A relief committee of seven, appointed by Governor Walsh, conferred with Mayor Hurley and the local relief committee.

After a survey of the situation the committee announced:

"The principal need is money, not clothing or food. The people who were burned out managed to save all the necessary clothing and there is on hand a sufficient supply of food to last a week or possibly longer."

Miss Mabel T. Boardman, national relief secretary of the American Red Cross Society, arrived today and offered her services to the organization.

So many maternity cases were reported that a number of women prominent in the wealthy North Shore Summer Colony organized a hospital for them in a church.

The list of dead as a direct result of the fire was placed tonight at four. The identified dead were Mrs. Jennie Cunningham and Samuel F. Withey. Another body was so badly burned its sex could not be determined. The fourth body was that of a child.

THE END OF THE WORLD.

Was Propheced and the Negroes Were Greatly Exalted.

Atlanta, Ga., June 27.—The police department is wondering today what to do with half a dozen frenzied, inarticulate negroes locked up in the station. They were arrested after a squad of reserves had been rushed to Larkin and Roach streets to "quell a riot."

When the police arrived they found 1,000 negro men and women in an open field under a 99 degree sun, rolling on the ground praying, shouting, singing and tearing off their garments to a point beyond the law's most liberal construction. Some of them had the "gift of tongues" and jabbered in a weird dialect which the official interpreter at the station could not recognize.

Some of the calmer spirits at last explained that three strange negroes had come to town with the announcement that the end of the world was about due and all sinners had better prepare for the ascension. It was called for Friday at 11 o'clock sharp and that is why the mob had gathered. The police could not make any headway against the frantic negroes until the nearest schoolhouse clock struck 11, but after that a spirit of doubt crept over the crowd and it began to disperse. Six were taken in as being the most violent in the bunch, and will explain to Judge Broyles today.

Billy Sunday's Sayings.

Better limp all the way to heaven than not get there at all.

You don't have to look like a hedgehog to be pious.

Going to church don't make anybody a Christian, any more than taking a wheelbarrow into a garage makes it an automobile.

The devil hates the church, but he likes the work some highbrow.

If there is a heaven for fools, the man who thinks he can get to glory on his wife's religion will be there on a front seat.

The man who don't believe in hell is about sure to be scorching to it with both pedals loose.

A man can slip into hell with his hand on the door-knob of heaven.

So buoyant is a life preserver invented in Germany that it will support several persons clinging to it as well as its wearer.

M'REYNOLDS WITHHOLDING HIS PROGRAM

ATTORNEY GENERAL RETI- CENT ABOUT INTENTIONS IN NEW HAVEN CASE

MAY TAKE ACTION He Declared There Was No Im- munity From Possible Crimi- nal Charges Offered

Washington, June 25.—Attorney General McReynolds' determination not to prosecute and present his purpose as to possible criminal prosecution in connection with the affairs of the New Haven railroad system was emphasized in a letter read before the senate today by Senator Norris. The letter, written by Mr. McReynolds, contained statements made on the floor of the senate by Senator Norris as to the department's attitude toward the situation.

Senator Norris declared in discussing the matter:

"The attorney general did not have in contemplation any criminal action, and nobody has given immunity in that case," and had referred to a statement from the attorney general's office to the effect that there never was in contemplation any criminal action; that there was no violation of any federal statute in all the proceedings that were had in the New Haven affair.

Writing to the attorney general, Senator Norris supported these statements by references to a conference with the attorney general at which Senator Kern was present.

No Criminal Charge.

"There was no claim made at this conference," he wrote, "by you that any federal statute had been violated, or that your department contemplated any criminal proceedings in the New Haven affair."

The senator said the statement referred to in his speech was one issued by the department of justice in January, setting forth that there is on law under which the department can prosecute "officers, directors or other agents of a railroad company for improvident or dishonest management."

In his reply the attorney general said:

"The language which you unfortunately employed is out of harmony with the real facts, and if accepted an accurate would cast a false light about the situation."

Immunity Not Given.

"The assertion that the attorney general did not have in contemplation any criminal action, and nobody has been given immunity in that case," was unwarranted and misleading. "Speaking in your presence, I had expressly declined to declare my plans or purposes and this has been my uninterrupted attitude. It was, therefore, impossible for you to know what they were, and yet you undertook to make an announcement in respect to them. As is well known, Mellett, a conspicuous figure, was then, and is now, under indictment in the federal court because of certain transactions connected with the New Haven affairs. How far his examination by Interstate Commerce Commission gave immunity need not be discussed here."

RAILROAD MEN HERE TOMORROW

A. W. Anderson of Charleston & Western Carolina Is Expected In the City

(From Sunday's Daily.)
For some days Anderson shippers have been expecting that a conference would be held in this city in regard to various matters concerning the interests of local business men and the railroads in this state and they will therefore be interested in learning that A. W. Anderson of the Charleston and Western Carolina Railway will be in Anderson tomorrow for the purpose of conferring with some of the local business men.

Mr. Anderson has a number of friends in the city; he is well known here and if he promises Anderson people that they will get the big end of the impending discussions, they may rely upon the fact that this will come true.

E. W. Williams, general freight agent of the C. & W. C. will also probably be present tomorrow.

BUBONIC PLAGUE

One Case Discovered in New Orleans Yesterday.

New Orleans, June 27.—Health officers tonight announced that a case of bubonic plague had been discovered in New Orleans. Charles Lundene, a 45-year-old, who had been in the city 11 days, is the victim. Where he came from has not been learned. He was taken ill several days ago in a cheap lodging house, and later removed to a hospital, where physicians pronounced him suffering from the plague. The patient has been isolated and precautions taken to prevent the spread of the disease. The lodging house where Lundene lived has been quarantined.

Health officers of Southern States were notified by telegraph tonight of the discovery of the case.

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R. W. Tribble

The Up-To-Date Clothier

Anderson, South Carolina.

WILL PROSECUTE LAWLESS ELEMENT

County Attorney at Butte De- clares That Vigorous Efforts Will Be Made to Punish

Butte, Mont., June 26.—Soon after word was received here today that President Wilson was considering Governor Stewart's request for federal troops to be prepared for an outbreak County Attorney Joseph McCaffery announced he would begin a vigorous prosecution of men who caused the riot Tuesday night when one man was killed, others wounded and the building of the miners destroyed with dynamite.

The county attorney asserted investigation had convinced him that after the inquest tomorrow into the killing of Edward Nol he would be able to make an arrest on the charge of murder.

It was asserted today the city would start an active campaign against lawlessness. All men on the police waiting list were called in. The findings of a bottle of acid and a bottle of glycerine in the pocket of an arrested man was given as the reason for the police activity.

The city was quiet today. Officers of the new independent union of the miners continued enrolling men who have revolted from the Butte local of

the Western Federation of Miners. Altogether 1,555 names are on the list.

At the inquest tomorrow each man who enters the court room will be searched for arms.

Despite his previous announcement that he will speak in Anderson, President Meyer remained at Helena. The mayor of Anaconda had advised Meyer not to visit Anaconda at this time.

CHILD LABOR SHOW

State Factory Commission Gives an Object Lesson.

New York, June 26.—Exhibition was made today before the State Factory Investigating Commission, of some of the products of child labor. According to George Hall, of the New York Child Labor Commission, they were made under pitiful and illegal conditions. Mr. Hall exhibited a bunch of violets made by a girl of 14. He said the girl must make 576 flowers and paste them in wreaths to earn ten cents. The average earnings would not exceed \$2 a week.

A mother and three children, aged respectively, 8, 13 and 15 years, who make artificial flowers, earned between \$4 and \$7 a week. Mr. Hall said the children were required to go to work at 5 o'clock in the morning and work until 9 o'clock when they went to school. After school, they were required to work till 10 o'clock at night.

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James P. Kinard, Ph. D., Pres.