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FEDERAL OFFICERS ARREST VIC HUERTA

Charged With Conspiring to Incite Revolution

NEARING BORDER OF MEXICO

Officials Silent as to Future Plans Pending Advices from Washington.

Machine Guns and Rifles Discovered in Vicinity of Place of Capture.

El Paso, Texas, June 27.—Charges of conspiring to incite a revolution against a friendly country were filed today against Gen. Victoriano Huerta, former president of Mexico, who was placed under arrest at Newman, N. M., by federal officers.

Similar charges were filed against Gen. Pascual Orozco, who was arrested at the same time.

Huerta was released tonight on \$15,000 bond and Orozco on \$7,500.

Huerta arrived here today. Upon his arrival federal officials, who accompanied by a squad of American troopers had met the Mexican party at Newman, N. M., escorted Gen. Huerta to the federal building where he conferred with representatives of the United States department of justice. While not under actual arrest it was declared that Gen. Huerta was under virtual detention pending instructions from Washington.

Later Gens. Huerta and Orozco and members of the Mexican party were taken to Fort Bliss, where they will be held temporarily by the military upon authorization of agents of the department of justice.

The transfer to Fort Bliss was made upon the request of the mayor of El Paso because of the crowd which had gathered about the federal building when the news spread abroad that the Mexican leaders were there.

Detained with Huerta was Gen. Pascual Orozco, who, with Maj. Luis Fuentes, a son-in-law of Huerta, had gone to Newman, N. M., by automobile to meet Gen. Huerta.

Fuentes and Victor Huerta, a son, traveling with the general, were not detained.

United States officials were silent regarding future action pending the receipt of instructions from Washington. Other observers however, freely expressed the belief that today's action of United States authorities would have an important bearing on Mexican developments and might effectively put an end to rumors of a new revolutionary movement.

A public demonstration in Juarez about the hour Huerta's train was due to reach this city ended as suddenly as it began. There were hurried conferences among Mexican leaders on both sides of the Rio Grande. Many guardedly admitted that Huerta's detention was of the utmost importance, but none would comment on its possible effect on Mexico.

Americans were freer in their comment. They reviewed the recent activity along the border of the adherents of the cientifico party in Mexico, including the disbursement of considerable sums of money for a variety of purposes, the discovery of machine guns and rifles in an El Paso warehouse owned by a member of that party, and the appearance of Gen. Inez Salazar in western Chihuahua. They recalled the activities of Gen. Orozco and Gen. Salazar in the recent anti-Madero revolution and their subsequent service during the Huerta regime.

For several days there have been persistent reports that June 28 had been fixed as the date for far-reaching developments at Juarez in connection with the so-called third revolutionary movement. Some observers professed to see a close relation between this movement and the arrival of Gen. Huerta. They expressed the opinion that his detention had prevented such a consummation by removing the possibility of Gen. Huerta's participation in such a movement, despite his declaration that he had no intention of attempting to cross into Mexico.

A hearing was set for July 1. After the formal charges issued in instructions from the United States district attorney at San Antonio had been filed, the accused men were taken before George Oliver, United States commissioner, and their bond approved

ITALIAN ADVANCE SLOW BUT STEADY

Moves Toward Classic Pivot of Invasion.

Udine, Italy, June 25.—Slowly, owing to the difficulties of mountain warfare, but steadily, Italian forces are advancing both from the east and from the south toward Tarvis, which is the pivot of the classical roads along which every great invasion of Austria from Italy has occurred.

From Javoreck, which is about 5,000 feet high, the heavy artillery of the Italians is sweeping the valley below, as far as Plezzo, which lies four miles away in a direct line. The big guns also dominate the whole valley of the upper Isonzo river and threaten Predil fort. The defense did not prevent Napoleon from passing this position in 1798, but these fortifications and also those in the Pella valley were strengthened and coordinated in 1901.

The plan of Gen. Cadorna, the Italian commander in chief seems to attempt an invasion of Austria through the region around Tarvis, threatening the right wing of the Austrian army having headquarters at Laibach and obtaining as an immediate consequence relief from the pressure of the Austrian forces massed along the Tolmino-Gorizia-Trieste front.

and the date for their hearing fixed. Surety was furnished by Isaac and Frank Alderete, Max Moye, Rudolph Cruz and R. E. Thomason.

Gen. Huerta was driven to the home of his daughter, Mrs. Luis Fuentes. Orozco was taken to the home of friends.

Instead of being given an enthusiastic welcome by his supporters, many of whom had gathered at the border, Huerta reached El Paso in custody of federal officers and under guard of 25 United States troopers.

The former Mexican executive and Gen. Orozco were taken to the customs house and later removed to Fort Bliss, where they were held until their bonds had been provided.

Huerta in answer to a question denied he had intended to reenter Mexico at this time.

Huerta had planned to leave the train at Newman and motor 20 miles to El Paso, accompanied by Maj. Luis Fuentes, his son-in-law, and Gen. Orozco, who had been one of his most active commanders. That portion of his plan was carried out, but his party was augmented by the addition of the federal official and the cavalrymen.

Late last night federal officials learned that Gen. Huerta was traveling toward El Paso. Zack L. Cobb, collector of customs at El Paso, acting for the state department, assisted by Clifford Beckham of Fort Worth, special agent for the department of justice, arranged to meet his train at Newman, N. M., accompanied by a small force of federal officers and 25 cavalrymen from Fort Bliss under Col. George Morran, the troops being used as an escort and guard against disorders on the drive through the city.

Huerta reached Newman at 6:40 a. m., and readily agreed to the request that he and Gen. Orozco accompany them to the custom house in El Paso for a conference. The general was informed that he was not being placed under arrest, but was to be given every courtesy as their guest on the drive to the city.

"Ah, soldiers, fine!" exclaimed the general spying the cavalrymen as he alighted from the train. He chatted cheerfully during the drive to the city.

"War is not all bad," said Huerta at mention of the American War between the Sections. "That made of the United States a greater nation than it could otherwise have been. Perhaps the civil wars of Mexico may likewise benefit my country."

Of the European war he said: "No good can come from that conflict, for when it ends all countries involved will lose."

A brief stop was made at the El Paso Country club for refreshments. Then the automobiles sped to the home of Gen. Huerta's daughter and proceeded to the federal building. In a brief chat with newspaper representatives the general declined to discuss Mexican affairs from any angle. "I did not intend to enter Mexico," he said. "Perhaps I may return at some future time, but not in less than five years."

WANTS RESPECT FOR NEUTRAL COMMERCE

Pressure being Brought to Bear on President to Secure Modification of English Blockade.

Washington, June 26.—Pressure of a formal and organized character was exerted today on the United States government to secure from Great Britain a modification of the embargo on all commercial intercourse between Germany and neutral countries.

Twenty members of a committee appointed by more than one hundred American importers laid before Secretary Lansing and other State department officials a petition setting forth that Great Britain had "studiously avoided" answering the American note of March 30; that in the meantime valuable time has been lost in preparing for future business, and that the general effect had been harmful to the "long established trade in this country."

The importers pleaded for "an uninterrupted supply of American-owned merchandise, whether the same has been paid for, contracted for or may be contracted for, and the unrestricted right to ship non-contraband goods through neutral countries to or from Germany."

In a statement issued by the importers after their conference it was revealed that Secretary Lansing had "expressed a determination on the part of both the President and himself to do all in their power to aid the importers in securing the rights to which they are entitled under the laws of nations and by treaty obligations."

The effect of today's conference will not be apparent for several days. Secretary Lansing took the facts presented by the importers under consideration and will communicate with President Wilson.

It has been announced that the State department for many weeks has already been preparing further representations to Great Britain asking for a modification of the so-called blockade. The president, however, has been unwilling to complicate the situation with the delicate negotiations with Germany in progress.

There has been an insistence in many quarters that the note should be sent to Great Britain simultaneously with the German negotiations to emphasize the determination of the United States to defend neutral rights, whether violated by Great Britain or Germany.

Mr. Wilson has told friends that he has been on both sides of the question of sending a note to Great Britain at this time, but it is known that he finally decided to wait for Germany's answer concerning submarine warfare.

It is thought certain in diplomatic quarters here that Germany will in her next note take advantage of the invitation of the United States to submit suggestions for a modus vivendi to the allies whereby submarine warfare might be abandoned if the so-called blockade of commerce through neutral countries were dropped and restrictions removed on the shipment of foodstuffs.

Before a note is sent, however, covering all the phases of the order in council, it is considered possible that the statement of the American importers will be transmitted to Ambassador Page for presentation to the British foreign office in order that Great Britain may appreciate the growing unrest of American merchants.

South Carolinians on Board.

Washington, June 24.—The high position in naval affairs of the nation now occupied by two South Carolinians is evidenced in the naming of two officers from that state on the "secretary's advisory council" of the navy, appointed today. The two members are Rear Admiral Victor Blue of Marion, chief of the bureau of navigation, and Rear Admiral Samuel McGowan of Laurens, chief of the bureau of supplies and accounts.

Laurens Mill Won.

The Laurens cotton mill team turned the table on the Lydia mill team Saturday afternoon on the local grounds by defeating them by the score of 9 to 0. The battery for the Laurens mill team was Wolf and Burgess and for the Lydia team Davis and Mathis. Though rather one-sided, the game was watched with interest by the assembled fans.

COMMON PLEAS COURT.

Judge M. L. Smith to Preside at Court which is to Convene July 12th.

The jury commissioners met in the office of the clerk of court Monday and drew the following jurors who are to serve in Common Pleas court which convenes July 12th with Judge M. L. Smith on the bench:

Laurens—J. Allen Barksdale, J. W. A. Boyd, C. F. Morgan, J. E. Oglesby, J. R. Page, James M. Dean.

Youngs—O. F. Cox, L. L. Ligon, J. R. Taylor.

Dials—A. W. Boho, H. G. Armstrong, L. C. Owens, W. Z. Bail, H. S. Wallace, W. H. Bagwell, E. M. Marler.

Sullivan—T. J. Coleman, A. O. Copeland, J. K. Thomason, W. C. Tumblin.

Waterloo—T. J. Coleman, J. Marvin Moore, Rex Lanford.

Cross Hill—L. P. McSwain, R. W. Griffin, John C. Carter.

Hunter—C. R. Workman, S. S. Farrar, Geo. W. Young, C. E. Todd; William Lyles, C. Q. Guderson.

Jacks—Fred Johnson, H. M. Young, Scuffletown—R. J. Patterson, S. O. Clark.

ENTERTAINMENT AT OWINGS.

Ladies Aid Society of Presbyterian Church to be Host Friday Evening.

The Ladies Aid Society of the Owings Presbyterian church will entertain at the chapel at that place on Friday evening July the 2nd, from 8:30 to 11.

The program which will be a good one, will include numbers by the Fountain Inn Band, the Simpsonville quartet, Mrs. Outz, the violinist; reading by Miss Bozeman of Chieora College and instrumental solos.

After this program a delightful reception on the lawn, where the social committee will introduce us to our friends.

Cake and cream will be sold.

Apples and Tomatoes.

The title of this little paragraph at once suggests what it is all about, apples and tomatoes, some certain apples and tomatoes or apple and tomato, Mrs. Ray Anderson and they were sent to the "Garden Editor" of The Advertiser the other day by one of the "foremost" gardeners of the city, Mrs. W. Ray Anderson and they were like all other products from Mrs. Anderson's garden and nursery, large and luscious. The tomato was the first he had seen of local growth this season and was as pretty as seed company's pictures. The apple was the equal in size of the finest mountain apples and pretty as a "peach". Mrs. Anderson has been gathering tomatoes and selling them since the latter part of last week.

Still Hanging On.

According to an estimate by one of the cotton weathers here several days ago, there still remain very nearly three thousand bales of cotton in the two local warehouses. Some of this was brought over from the 1913 crop, though a very little of it.

Rev. Kirk to Asylum.

Rev. Jesse Kirk, the well known colored "exhorter", who has been a familiar character upon the public square and streets of the city for a number of years, has been pronounced insane and will be carried to the asylum at Columbia today. "Reverend Kirk" has enjoyed no mean degree of notoriety heretofore, being an exponent and originator of several varieties of home-made religions and claiming power to do miracles along several lines. Kirk made a practice of preaching very nearly all day Saturdays and Sundays, whenever and wherever he could attract a crowd of onlookers. Collections were a permanent feature of his meetings.

James Allen Owings.

Mr. James Allen Owings, a popular citizen of the Watts Mills village, died suddenly of acute indigestion Monday afternoon at the age of 36 years. He was stricken while on his return to his work in the mill and lived but a short while afterwards. The funeral was held at the Watts Mill cemetery yesterday afternoon, services being led by Rev. Little and Rev. J. A. Brock. The W. O. W. camp attended in a body and assisted in the services. Besides his wife, Mr. Owings is survived by his mother and brother, who live in Fountain Inn. Those who knew the deceased spoke of him in the highest terms, saying that he was a man of high character and many likable qualities.

WILL CELEBRATE INDEPENDENCE DAY

Exercises at Watts Mill on Saturday and at Laurens Mill on Monday. Stores to Close Monday.

The Fourth of July falling on Sunday this year, Independence Day will be celebrated here on Saturday and Monday. No exercises have been arranged for in the city proper, but much preparation has been made at both mills for observing the day in a fitting manner. The stores of the city will close Monday.

Watts Mill Saturday.

At Watts Mills the celebration will be in charge of Fairview Camp, No. 142, Woodmen of the World, and Little River Council, Junior Order United American Mechanics. The day will be featured by sports, speaking and a picnic. The public is invited to attend and bring baskets. Music will be furnished by Metz's Band. The following is the program:

10 a. m.—Flag Raising and Flag Drill under auspices of Little River Council, No. 66, J. O. U. A. M.

11 a. m.—Exhibition Drill by Fairview Camp No. 142, W. O. W. Uniform Rank.

11:15 a. m. to 12 m.—Field Sports.

12 m. to 1 p. m.—Speaking by prominent men.

1 to 2:15 p. m.—Basket Picnic.

2:15 to 4 p. m.—Field Sports and athletic events.

4 p. m.—Base Ball Game: Fats vs Leans.

Laurens Mill Monday.

At the Laurens mill preparations have been made for the biggest celebration ever held there. In addition

Hart Richey to Statesville.

The friends here of Mr. Hart Richey will be interested in the news that he has moved from Florence to Statesville, N. C., where he has accepted a more lucrative position. Of his departure from Florence, the Daily Times, of that city, had the following to say:

"Mr. Hart Richey, who for the past five years has been the efficient bookkeeper for the Southern Motor Car company, of this city, and is so well known and popular in Florence left this morning for Statesville, N. C., where he has accepted the position as manager of the Carolina Motor company. Mrs. Richey, who is a Florence girl, Miss Nina McClenaghan before her marriage will join him there in the next few days. This young couple has a host of friends here who regret their going away but their good wishes go with them to their new home."

Going to Exposition.

A party of about a dozen Laurens ladies will leave Friday afternoon for Birmingham where they will join a larger party taking a special train for the Panama exposition at San Francisco. While away they will visit numerous other places of interest in the west, returning after about a month's travel. In the party from here will be Miss W. G. Lou Boyd, Miss Sarah Dorroh, Misses Mary, Lucia and Annie Simpson, Miss Beta Meredith, Mrs. Liddle Harris, Miss Mary Belle Fuller, Miss Carrie Fleming and probably Misses Henry Wright, Lila Hart and Charlotte McGowan. They will be joined at Greenville by Miss Ina Little and at Birmingham by Miss Frances Thames.

About to Blow Up!

Which! Bet it's hot in Newberry!—Laurens Advertiser.

None too hot. Just right and perfectly delightful. That heat you feel doesn't come from Newberry; it's right under your town. Newberry Observer.

Coming!

Which! Bet it's hot in Newberry!—Laurens Advertiser. What'll you bet?

Which! Bet it's hot in Newberry!—Herald and News.

To Accept Foreign Tenders.

London, June 25.—It is officially announced that the Bank of England is prepared to receive applications for the new war loans from abroad. It is stipulated that telegraphic advice from the foreign applicants must be received by the bank and the necessary 5 per cent deposit paid before July 10.

BOND INJUNCTION FAILS.

Special Judge Ansel Passes on Green- ville Case—Appeal May Be Taken.

Greenville, June 28.—Special Judge Martin P. Ansel today denied the request for an injunction to restrain the county supervisor from issuing on July 1 \$400,000 in bonds for the public roads of the county. The notice of appeal, however, given by Lewis W. Parker and O. K. Mauldin, counsel for the plaintiff, J. W. Little, means that if the case is carried to the supreme court that it will be several months before the matter can be decided and thereby will stop the road work for the present summer. There is keen disappointment felt here and many hope that the appeal will not be perfected. Ten days are granted. The court answered the four points brought up by counsel—as to the legality of the road commission, legality of the act of the legislature in granting the right to issue, as to whether or not the county had overstepped its constitutional limitations as to borrowing powers, and as to whether or not the people should vote on the issue. He ruled that the legislature is supreme and the entire procedure legal.

Mrs. Martha Day Dead.

Mrs. Martha Day, one of the oldest residents of Greenwood county, died at her home at Coronaca Monday night. The cause was due to old age, and a fall that she had about five years ago. Mrs. Day was born in Laurens county September 8th, 1829 and was about 86 years of age. Her husband was killed during the Civil War. She is survived by two children, Mrs. Alice D. Compton, and Mr. Bolton Day of Coronaca, and nine grand-children, Messrs. E. S. W. B. C. S. H. B. J. D. J. B. Compton, Mrs. T. H. Stewart, and Misses Lila and Marie Compton. All reside in Greenwood county with the exception of Prof. W. B. Compton, who is superintendent of the graded schools at Lake City, C. S. Compton, traveling passenger agent of the Seaboard Air Line Railway, Athens, Ga., and J. D. Compton, agent for the same company at Oakesby, Ga.

Mrs. Day Is Also Survived by Seven great grand children, who are T. H. Stewart, Jr., Alice and Gertrude Stewart of Coronaca, Mary Alice, William, and Nannie Compton, of Lake City, and Alice Dorsey Compton of Athens, Ga.

Mrs. Day had a host of friends and relatives, especially in Laurens, Greenville and Spartanburg counties. She resided in Laurens county 70 years. She was a member of the Baptist church for over 70 years.—Greenwood Index.