The Watchman and Southron.

TUESDAY, JULY 13.

The *Sumter Watchman* was founded in 1850 and the *True Southron* in 1866. The *Watchman and Southron* now has the combined circulation and influence of both of the old papers, and is manifestly the best advertising medium in Sumter.

EDITORIAL ITEMS.

There are stirring times in Congress now. The President's pension vetoes are under consideration, and the bloody shirt is gaily flapping. Boutelle and Co. have not been as happy in months, and their gory eloquence incardines the very atmosphere in Washington.

Oregon pays a bounty of two cents for every squirrel killed, one man recently drawing pay for 125,000. Sumter County can send Oregon enough colored huntsmen, each accompanied with his "yaller" dog, to exterminate the "varmints before Christmas.

The Fitz Sohn Porter bill has passed both Houses, and has been approved by the President, so that at last the stain that the braggart Pope, put upon Porter's name has been officially removed. Fitz John Porter is of no consequence to us, but we are delighted at the action of Congress just because it hurts Black Jack and his crew so badly.

In Abbeville the Farmers' Convention met just before the county Democratic Convention, and recommended eight of the twelve delegates to the State Democratic Convention. Their recommendation was promptly endorsed by the Democratic Convention, and each one was elected. That County does not intend to have any domestic row over the farmers, and they are carrying a level head in this matter.

The crop reports from the entire State are discouraging, and a continuance of financial stringency is almost certain. This is hard on newspapers and preachers, for retrenchment always begins and ends with these unfortunates. We notice, however, that the corn crop is reported in better condition than cotton; and it is some satisfaction to know that we will have bread to eat. A stiff upper lip is a most difficult piece of furniture to a hungry man.

Prohibition is still marching on, conquering and to conquer. In a number of States the prohibition movement has absorbed all the interest from the other political parties, and while not hoping to elect an entire ticket, the immense gains made each year convince the most skeptical that success is only a question of time. It is coming, surely coming, despite the opposition of the whisky fraternity, and their powerful allies, the daily press.

Farmers' Conventions are all the rage at present, and as was said of the State Agricultural Convention, their acts are sometimes wise, and sometimes otherwise. Among the latter we would mention that part of the proceedings of the Greenville Convention in recommending the nomination of State Officers by primary election. However, it made a number of good suggestions which we cheerfully endorse. The one asking the Legislature to adopt measures for the recovery of taxes on forfeited lands, and for the disposal of said lands, is needed and timely.

We are glad to see that the Oconee Democrats are, once more, dwelling together in unity. Their Convention last week was marked by an entire absence of the warring spirit which was so distinguished a characteristic of the former one. Our Democracy is becoming very independent, sometimes too much so, for there is too much at stake to risk a lasting quarrel. These outbreaks teach a lesson though, to would-be dictators, and ought to convince them that bosses are out of date.

Only three weeks before the nomination of candidates for State Offices, and except in the case of a few officers, the people seem to be all at sea as to whom they will chose. Therefore we may expect a lively session of the Convention. The very best material should be sent by each County to this Convention so as to insure all parties from the crafty wire puller. What we want is a State ticket that will indicate the unbiassed wish of the delegates, and not the result of shrewd manipulators.

The Congressional Convention for the Third District met at Seneca City last week and adopted the primary system for nominating Congressional Candidates, contingent, of course, upon the approval of the State Convention. With all due respect to the primary system we fear our Third District friends have an elephant on their hands. We hope not, and would be glad to see the experiment a success, for the primary is the fairest plan if carried out properly, but ther is the rub. There is so such work necessary, that it will most apt be a botch.

The Republicans in Alabama are trying to prepare for a campaign, the Ex-Committee having nominated a State ticket as a matter of form. This seems very foolish to an outsider, and entirely useless. The South is solid for Democracy as long as the Republican party antagonizes us in the way it has continuously done since the war closed. Flaunting the bloody shirt in Washington, and supporting papers whose sole mission is to lie about us will never bring the g. o. p. any friends from the South. As for their party in the South! there is nothing of the sort and never has been. There was an organization—not political in any true sense of the word—made up of ignorant negroes led by shrewd carpet baggers. This organization, as far as the leaders were concerned, was held together solely by office and plunder, and now that that is gone, all is gone. And it ought to go. No party should exist in any country, which antagonizes all the best elements of political and social life which exist there.

REPRESENTATION IN THE STATE CONVENTION.

The Constitution of the Democratic Party in Section VII provides as follows:

"The State Convention shall be composed of delegates from each County in the numerical proportion in which that County is *entitled* in both branches of the General Assembly."

It will be observed that the language of the Constitution is that representation shall be upon the basis of what each County is *entitled* in both branches of the General Assembly, and not what they may *actually have* therein.

It is one thing to be *entitled* to a certain representation in the Legislature, and quite another thing, it seems actually to *have* such representation.

Sumter County for instance is entitled according to population to *five* members of the House of Representatives, but actually has only *four*. Greenville, Spartanburg, Laurens, Edgefield, Marlboro and Beaufort are each entitled to an additional member, but in fact are deprived of their true representation. On the other hand Charleston County according to population is only entitled to about *seven* members of the House, but actually has *twelve*.

The reason why this inequality exists is owing to the deliberate refusal of a bare majority of the State Senate last Winter, principally led by the Senators from Charleston, to provide for the Census, although imperatively required by the Constitution of the State, which Constitution its members had sworn to protect and obey. But if the State Senate has refused to do its duty, can the Democratic Party in State Convention refuse to do justice to the Counties?

Can the Democratic Party afford to deprive these Counties of their proper representation in the State Convention? Are the Counties of Greenville, Spartanburg, Laurens, Edgefield and Marlboro—the very citadel of the Democracy—to be denied their just representation?

If the wrong done by the State Senate is acquiesced in by the Convention then Charleston will have about ten delegates more than it is justly entitled to, Richland two and Aiken two, while Sumter will be deprived of two delegates, Greenville two, Spartanburg two, Edgefield two, Laurens two, Marlboro two and Beaufort two, in the aggregate, a change of some thirty delegates.

The result may be that the whole policy of the Democratic party to be embodied in the platform may be adopted, and every State officer from Governor down may be nominated by a small majority of delegates who have no lawful right to seats upon the floor of the Convention.

Will such a result, accomplished by such means, promote harmony and contentment in the ranks of the Democratic Party? Is it not right that the party should do exact justice to all its members?

We would therefore advise that the Counties of Sumter, Greenville, Spartanburg, Laurens, Edgefield, Marlboro and Beaufort, elect full delegations to the State Convention upon the basis above mentioned, and that the seats of the unlawful delegates from Charleston, Richland and Aiken be contested upon the floor of the Convention.

FARMERS AND FARMERS.

Some of our friends seem to think that the Farmers' Clubs and Convention, which are to be organized under the new movement begun in Sumter last Saturday week, will interfere with, and weaken the Sumter Agricultural Association; but we can see no reason for such fears. The Agricultural Association is an organization of farmers in which membership can be secured only by vote and the payment of an annual fee. Their meetings are held for the specific purpose of considering better methods of farming. Politics is rigidly excluded from their deliberations which are confined exclusively to the farm topics.

On the other hand, the clubs to be organized under the new movement and through which the County Convention is to be formed, are incidentally connected with politics. It will not be their intention, so far as we can learn from the leaders in this movement, to name and advocate individuals for office, but to formulate plans looking to the advancement of farming interests, and advocate their adoption. In other words, it is not men but principles which will be the proper subject of attention by the farmers' conventions. Still their methods will be somewhat political. We see nothing to condemn but much to commend in this. There is a deal of restive dissatisfaction among the tillers of the soil, and while we are very sure that the root of their troubles lies much nearer home than Columbia, and, as a friend remarked lately, is the result of spending 75 cents to make 50 cents, yet this farmers' movement will do good if entered into heartily by the people of the State. It will convince those who are always ready to lay the results of their own faults upon others, that they possibly, are not blameless, and while good legislation is always needed, brawn and brains must after all put the farmer on his feet.

Therefore we cheerfully endorse the new movement. The Farmers should meet in every Township and discusss their wants and troubles. They should send their best men to the County Convention, which in turn will choose representative farmers to meet their brethren in Columbia, where the farmers' needs can be discussed in a judicial spirit, entirely free from the narrowing influence of political requirements. The suggestions of such a body, backed by the yeomany of the State would most certainly be adopted, and do good—positively, in assuring the farmers of legislation which they need, and negatively, in convincing them that the main source of their troubles lie, as we remarked before, nearer home than Columbia.

A DANGEROUS LAW SUIT.

We are informed that an action has been commenced in the United States Court by the heirs of a former resident of Columbia named Friday to recover from the State the Agricultural Building and the lot on which it stands. The basis of the suit is that the title is defective and the State therefore bought nothing. This property was purchased some two or three years ago, and the purchase money and improvements cost the State some $20,000.

We would like to know who is responsible for this blunder? who advised the purchase? and how came the State to buy costly property upon defective titles?

Give us the facts.

The Two Governors.

We collate from the *Register* of the 11th instant the following account of the resignation of Governor Thompson and the inauguration of Governor Sheppard:

A few minutes before 12 M. yesterday the presence of a number of prominent citizens concentrating about the corridors of the capitol in the vicinity of the Governor's office, indicated that the expected change in the executive head of the State government was about to take place as previously announced.

Governor Thompson had been in his office from an early hour in the morning performing the final acts which were to close his long and successful administration.

Lieutenant Governor John C. Sheppard, who had arrived in Columbia on Thursday night from his home in Edgefield and taken quarters at the Grand Central, had walked unattended from the hotel to the State House about an hour before, stopping along the street to exchange hearty greetings with friends, and after reaching the State House, walked in company with Chief Justice Simpson and Attorney General Miles from the Chambers of the Chief Justice to the Executive office, where, as the hour of 12 approached, he engaged in pleasant chat with the retiring Governor and the few friends there assembled.

A few moments later the company, who were scattered in groups outside the Governor's room came in, and when the city bell announced the hour of noon, Governor Thompson rose from his seat at the desk with a folded document in his hand—all the company, who were seated, rising at the same time—and the Governor, addressing Governor Sheppard, said, as he handed him the document:

"GOVERNOR SHEPPARD: I have the honor to inform you that I have to-day filed my resignation as Governor of South Carolina."

The resignation read as follows:

"COLUMBIA, S. C., July 10, 1886.

"Having been appointed by the President of the United States an Assistant Secretary of the Treasury, and having accepted said office, I do hereby resign the office of 'The Governor of the State of South Carolina.'

"HUGH S. THOMPSON."

The resignation was accompanied by the following letter:

"COLUMBIA, S. C., July 10, 1886.

"MY DEAR SIR: It becomes my duty to inform you that I have this day resigned as Governor of South Carolina.

"Permit me to express the hope that your administration of the office of Governor which thus devolves upon you, will meet fully your desires and the expectations of the people of the State.

"In severing the official relations which for nearly four years have brought me into constant intercourse with the other State officers, I desire to express my high appreciation of their uniform courtesy to me, and of the zeal, intelligence and fidelity with which they have discharged their duties. To them is largely due whatever measure of success has been attained in the efforts to secure a wise, just and efficient administration of the State government.

"With profound gratitude to the people of South Carolina for the confidence they have reposed in me, and for the honors they have conferred upon me: with the earnest hope that harmony may prevail in all the councils of the State, and that peace, prosperity and happiness may abound throughout this commonwealth, I have the honor to be very respectfully, your obedient servant, HUGH S. THOMPSON."

"To His Excellency JOHN C. SHEPPARD, Governor of South Carolina."

Upon receiving the document from the hands of Governor Thompson, Governor Sheppard turned to Chief Justice Simpson, who stood beside him, and said: "Your Honor I am prepared to take the oath of office."

The oath was administered and Governor Sheppard issued the following

PROCLAMATION.

STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA,
EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT.

Whereas, the Honorable Hugh S. Thompson has vacated and resigned the office of "the Governor of the State of South Carolina," as appears by his resignation now on file in the office of the Secretary of State.

Now, therefore, I, John C. Sheppard, do proclaim, that, by virtue of the provisions of Article III, Section 9, of the Constitution of the State, I have this day taken the oath of office as "the Governor of the State of South Carolina," and have entered upon the discharge of the duties thereof.

In testimony whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the great seal of the State to be affixed, at Columbia, this tenth day of July, A. D. 1886, and in the one hundred and eleventh year of the Independence of the United States of America.

J. C. SHEPPARD.

By the Governor: JAS. N. LIPSCOMB, Secretary of State.

In addition to taking the oath verbally, Governer Sheppard subscribed to it in a printed form, and it was attested by the Chief Justice.

Written for the Watchman and Southron.

Recollections of Potter's Raid.

NUMBER II.

The night was spent restlessly, and the dawn of Friday, April 7th, 1865, found me with fever.

A new alarm created anxiety viz: That the Federal army which was approaching were coming from the West, and not from the direction of Georgetown, that they had been to Mrs. Col. Jas. E. Davis', three miles from Manning, had swept her of every thing, burning her home and the outbuildings, and would soon be in the town.

For this we tried to prepare ourselves though it seriously interfered with the preparations already begun to make me some nourishment, which I very much needed.

The facts, however, soon reached us. These statements were partially true. Eight or ten white men, officers and marines, with negro soldiers accompanied by many negroes of the neighborhood, making a large crowd, had appeared in Mrs. Davis' yard.

These officers and marines had come up the Santee River from Georgetown S. C., 75 miles, to Wright's Bluff a landing on the river some 20 miles away in their Gun Boats. There was, however, no mistake about their stealing. They were a crowd of robbers, all of them, officers, marines negro soldiers, and camp followers.

It was ten oclock at night when Philip, the colored boy who waited in the house, excitedly announced to Mrs. D. and her niece Miss K. that Yankee white men and negro soldiers were coming, and that the yard was full of them.

They were loud-mothed, and boisterous, and rushing into the larg ecircular passage, they instantly demanded admittance into Mrs. D's bed room with unmistakable knockings at the door.

Philip did his part well. He tried to control them. He shamed them. He said to them as he saw their determined purpose to enter anyway, you would not go into a ladies bedroom, would you? and repeating it, as they continued to thunder for admittance, they said, no, and hesitated.

Mrs. D. then and not till then, made her appearance, and her niece locked the door. She at once asked for an officer. One promptly presented himself.

She asked for a guard and pointing to the door asked that, that door be guarded. This lone widow surrounded by U. S. navy officers, marines and negro soldiers, soliciting a guard to protect her bed chamber at a late hour of the night.

Knowing their power and seeing her helplessness, they determined to add to her discomfiture in every way, and now they announced to her the surrender of Gen'l R. E. Lee. This she indignantly denied. They now demanded her basket of keys and said they had come for horses, saddles and bridles.

Just then two or three of them appeared at the piazza door with Dr. S. K.'s horses which had been sent from the neighborhood of Wrights Bluff, for her to protect. They took them, but failed in getting hers, as that morning they had been taken away by her son, who was at home from the Virginia army becuase of sickness.

They then proceeded to use the basket which had been handed to them. They ransacked the house from top to bottom, she could not have hid a biscuit as she said. They secured all the silver they could find, all the clothing of her deceased husband. They carefully searched through every room, drawer, closet; every hole and corner of that elegant house and carried off everything they wanted. They made the search thorough. They were in no hurry, remaining several hours, and they departed back to their Gun Boats unmolested as far as we have ever heard.

The day wore on, several of our neighbors came in to make inquiry after my health and to know what I proposed to do in the way of meeting this invading negro force? my reply would be "Why lie here and meet them."

There was at times much confusion in the streets, many running to and fro, and I could see from my window squads of armed malitia men riding by, going towards the Court House, their place of rendezvous.

Towards noon the sky became threatening, dark clouds obscured the sun, accompanied with a very high wind which blew the dust in every direction. It was a stormy day, an April squall was threatening us. These surroundings were calculated to depress my feelings, being so feeble and sick at a time when I saw so much to do; but I tried to be composed, and to await the issue of the coming of these approaching negro troops.

Later in the day Mrs. L. came over and excitedly said they are coming, and I am not going out of this room until they leave."

We asked "have you left your home unprotected?"

"Yes, no one is there."

Then we urged her to return and stay in it, that if they found it unoccupied they might burn it, and she would lose everything. We were very urgent and she reluctantly consented to take our advice and returned to her home It was a trying ordeal to her, as E. P. C who was at home on farlough, had come into town and most positively asserted, that this army was approaching, that he had ridden around it and had estimated their numbers and it was largely composed of negroes; that there was artillery, cavalry and infantry, that they kept the road and marched in good order.

Still later in the day, perhaps about three oclock, a messenger at the door announced a box and a large, oval, beautifully framed picture from Mrs. Col. Jas E. D. The picture was that of her husband and the box contained his elegant and elaborate uniform as Colonel of the regiment during his lifetime. Valuing these articles and the picture, very highly, she had sent them to me for protection. They had escaped one boisterous, and thieving crowd of U. S. navy officers and marines, she was afraid she said to risk another. She sent them to me because she had been informed that Sherman in his raid through Georgia had protected the Parsonage in the town of Rome, and she hoped they would be safe with me.

I received them, having the elegant picture placed conspicuously on the melodeon in the sitting room where I could see it from my bed; the box was placed placed under my bedstead. As night approached the confusion in the street increased, there seemed to be wagons and vehicles of various kinds passing; sometimes voices in loud tones would reach us in the house. How I longed to see my Physician.

It was at dusk when my friend E. R. P. and his brother Capt. E. P. were announced. They came into my bed room with their heavy over coats on, and with their double-barrel shot guns in their hands. These they leaned carefully in the corner. They had but a moment to sit. They both expressed great surprise and sympathy at my condition.

And you are sick in bed and this negro army upon you. They are on the direct road to this place from Georgetown. You and your family don't intend to stay here do you? They camped last night at Mrs. H. M.'s eight miles from Kingstree. You must not, you cannot stay here. Can't you make some arrangements and leave the town? It is not too late. But I pointed to the precious year old babe in his mother's arms and replied. I am not strong enough for this flight and I cannot leave them. Is it not possible that our town may yet escape? May they not purpose to go into the Fork, and do their work over in Salem? Yes, that was their purpose. But Col. Shingler, one of the Governor's aids, sent a special order by a special messenger that when I was satisfied beyond a doubt that that was their purpose to effectually prevent it, by burning Brewington Bridge.

Have you done so?

Yes, showing us their blackened hands, we have finished that bridge, and they can not pass there. We crossed Black River at the "Fork Path." This is a nearer way, used only by horsemen. We did it effectually. Unassisted, we piled each arch separately and burned them. (Its destruction was *complete* as I realized to my discomfiture some months afterwards.)

Joseph H. Earle for Attorney-General.

The *Enterprise* heartily endorses the nomination made by the Sumter *Watchman and Southron*. Mr. Earle is one of the ablest lawyers in the State, and would, if elected, fill the position of Attorney-General with credit to himself and to the State.—*Clarendon Enterprise*

We take great pleasure in endorsing the suggestion of the name of Col. J. H. Earle, of Sumter, for the position of Attorney General. Col. Earle is an able, careful and scholarly lawyer; a strong, logical and eloquent debater; and an up-right, courteous and polished gentleman. His nomination as Attorney General would give to the State an officer at the head of its Law Department who would fully maintain the reputation which her Haynes, Connors and other eminent Attorney Generals have established in this office. Mr. Earle is one of the most accomplished and promising men in the State, and his friends work in no uncertain cause when they seek his promotion, for he will reflect nothing but credit and honor alike to the State, and upon himself in any position to which he may be called. We predict that he will be easily nominated for the position indicated.—*Anderson Intelligencer.*

Go to O'Connor's and call for patent bread.

The late lamented Hon. F. C. Furman of Ga., the distinguished intensive Farmer, advises that, 'when you give your cotton the last sweeping, you drill peas in the middle of each row, and apply with them about two to three hundred pounds of ash element to the acre. The peas will grow off rapidly, will prevent washing, will not interfere with the opening or picking of cotton, will protect the lower bolls against dirt and will give you a magnificent coat of humus as a manure for your land.'

If you want Ash Element or manures of any kind, write to the Ashley Phosphate Company. All their goods are first class.

The *Watchman and Southron* prints letter beads, bill beads, hand bills, &c., as well as they can be printed elsewhere, and as cheap as the cheapest.

Asheville & Spartanburg Railroad.

Taking effect Monday, May 3rd, 1886.

Down Train, No. 43.	Leave	Arrive
Hendersonville	6 08 a m	
Flat Rock	6 15 "	
Colemans	6 35 "	
Saluda	6 55 "	
Melrose	7 15 "	
Tryon City	7 35 "	
Landrums	7 45 "	
Campobello	7 49 "	
Inman	7 55 "	
Campton	8 00 "	
Air-Line Junction	8 15 "	
Spartanburg, R & D d'pt		8 40 a m

Up Train No. 42.	Leave	Arrive
Hendersonville		7 10 p m
Flat Rock	6 55 p m	
Colemans	6 35 "	
Saluda	6 15 "	
Melrose	6.00 "	
Tryon City	5 35 "	
Landrums	5 15 "	
Campobello	4 55 "	
Inman	4 35 "	
Campton	4 25 "	
Air-Line Junction	4 05 "	
Spartanb'g R & D depot	4 00 "	

J. E. SUARES,

CHEAPER THAN THE CHEAPEST.

The Live Furniture Man would call the attention of his friends and the public generally to his

LARGE STOCK OF

FURNITURE AND CHAIRS,

Of which he is receiving weekly additions.

JUST RECEIVED:

Another supply of those Cheap

SPRING BEDS,

For comfort and durability they cannot be surpassed. You will find it to your interest to give him a call.

—ALSO—

Cloth and paper Shades, Wall Papering, Picture Frames, Looking Glasses, Mattresses, &c., &, down town in Hulbert's Corner Brick Store, Main Street, Sumter, S. C.

THE PRATT GIN.

Mr. R. F. Hoyt is still sole agent for the Pratt Gin in Sumter County and will be pleased to take orders from farmers in want of same.

The Pratt Gin is so well and so widely known from its excellent qualities that no words are needed to recommend it. The farmers already know that it is the best gin sold.

—ALSO—

The Peerless Engines, made by the Geiser Manufacturing Co., Presses and other machinery. Call and see him for anything needed.

How many bald heads you see. Work worry, disease dissipation. These do it. Parker's Hair Balsam stops falling hair and restores gloss and youthful color. Exceptionally clean, elegant, a perfect dressing, not greasy. Prevents dandruff. m

THOUSANDS OF CHILDREN DIE UNDER THE age of five years. Why? Physicians attribute it to various causes, and have a vocabulary of infantile diseases too numerous to mention. Worms! Worms! Shriner's Indian Vermifuge will kill them and restore the child.

It Fills the Bill.

Physicians, consumers, dealers and all proclaim Westmoreland's Calisaya Tonic the best of all:

Jonesville, S. C., Sept 3.—Westmoreland Bros.—Gentlemen; I have used your Calisaya Tonic in several forms of indigestion, and can recommend it to the profession as a fine Tonic for digestive disorders. Respectfully,

WM. O. SOUTHARD, M. D.

Messrs. Westmoreland Bros.—Gentlemen: I can heartily recommend your Tonic for chills and fever. It cured me when all other remedies failed. Yours truly,

T. O. TAGGART,
Baggage Master C. & G. R. R.
Elberton, Ga., August 7.

Messrs. Westmoreland Bros., Gentlemen: Please ship by first freight another case of your incomparable Calisaya Tonic. It is the only preparation of the kind I have ever seen that fully bears out the promises made by the sellers. We guarantee it. Very truly yours.

H. C. EDMUNDS,
Druggist and Physician.

ATTENTION DEMOCRATS!

A MEETING OF THE SUMTER TOWNSHIP DEMOCRAT CLUB will be held at Music Hall, at 8 o'clock P. M., on Thursday, July 15th, to reorganize, by electing the proper officers for the ensuing two years, and also to select a member to represent the Club upon the County Executive Committee, and to elect Delegates to the County Convention to be held in the Town of Sumter, on Monday, 26th, July next.

H. F. WILSON, President.
D. J. AULD, Secretary and Treas.
July 3, 1886.

State of South Carolina,

COUNTY OF SUMTER.

IN THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS.

Elizabeth Hodge and Joseph S. Tisdale, Plaintiffs,

against

James Broadway, Thomas Broadway, Caroline Gibson, Alfred E. Broadway, Susan Hodge, Mary Winkles, Roxana P. Pack, Agnes E. Broadway, Thomas J. Tisdale, James G. Tisdale, George W. Tisdale, Richard C. Tisdale, Mary Touchberry, Lillian China, George W. Broadway, James W. Broadway, Judson J. Broadway, Henry Broadway, Lewis Benjamin Broadway, Noah Graham Broadway, Eliza Hodge, Priscilla Bateman, Elizabeth Windham, Martha E. Timmons, Mary S. Jenkins, Sarah Broadway, B. L. Broadway, A. Broadway, Oliver Hodge, Majoy Hodge, Elisha Hodge, Oscar Hodge, Mary Hodge, Natalie Holliday, Elizabeth Rogers, Alonzo Hodge, Margaret Hodge, Henry Rogers, Elijah Rogers, James Rogers, Susan Wise, Rebecca Wise and Hulda Hudson, Defendants.

SUMMONS FOR RELIEF.

(Complaint not Served.)

TO THE DEFENDANTS:

James Broadway, Thomas Broadway, Caroline Gibson, Alfred E. Broadway, Susan Hodge, Mary Winkles, Roxana P. Pack, Agnes E. Broadway, Thomas J. Tisdale, James G. Tisdale, George W. Tisdale, Richard C. Tisdale, Mary Touchberry, Lillian China, George W. Broadway, James W. Broadway, Judson J. Broadway, Henry Broadway, Lewis Benjamin Broadway, Noah Graham Broadway, Eliza Hodge, Priscilla Bateman, Elizabeth Windham, Martha E. Timmons, Mary S. Jenkins, Sarah Broadway, B. L. Broadway, A. Broadway, Oliver Hodge, Majoy Hodge, Elisha Hodge, Oscar Hodge, Mary Hodge, Natalie Holliday, Elizabeth Rogers, Alonzo Hodge, Henry Rogers, Margaret Hodge, Elijah Rogers, James Rogers, Susan Wise, Rebecca Wise and Hulda Hudson:

You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint in this action, which will be filed in the office of the Clerk of the Court of Common Pleas, for the said County, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the Subscribers, the Attorneys for the Plaintiffs, at their office, at Sumter, in the said County and State, within twenty days after the service hereof, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the complaint within the time aforesaid, the Plaintiffs in this action will apply to the Court for the relief demanded in the complaint.

Witness, William H. Cuttino, Esquire, Clerk of the Court of Common Pleas, in and for the said County and State, at Sumter, this twenty-third day of January, Anno Domini, 1886.

[L. S.] WM. H. CUTTINO,
HAYNSWORTH & COOPER, C. C. P.
Plaintiffs' Attorneys.

July 13

A GIFT send 10 cents postage, and we will mail you *free* a royal, valuable, sample box of goods that will put you in the way of making *more money* at once, than anything else in America. Both sexes of all ages can live at home and work in spare time, or all the time. Capital not required. We will start you. Immense pay sure for those who start at once. Stinson & Co., Portland Maine

FOR SALE.

BEST QUALITY OF CORN FODDER, AND CRAB GRASS HAY, by

E. W. DABBS,
Privateer, S. C.

Valuable Lands at Private Sale.

102 acres, known as the Vinson Tract at Catchall.

50 acres, known as the Cato Tract at Catchall.

164½ acres, known as the James R. McKachern Home place in Spring Hill Township.

1 acre land with Dwelling House and Store at Gaillard's X Roads.

Terms easy. Apply to

MOISES & LEE,
Jan 5 Att'ys at Law.

A FINE

FLORIDA TONIC!

Mr. FOSTER S. CHAPMAN,

One of the landmarks of the Georgia Drug trade, now of Orlando, Florida, writes:

"I can hardly select a single case of the many others to whom I have GUINN'S PIONEER BLOOD RENEWER, but what have been satisfied; and I find it the best remedy for all Skin Diseases I have ever sold, and a Fine Florida Tonic.

"FOSTER S. CHAPMAN,
"Orlando, Fla."

A CERTAIN CURE FOR CATARRH!

A SUPERB

Flesh Producer and Tonic!

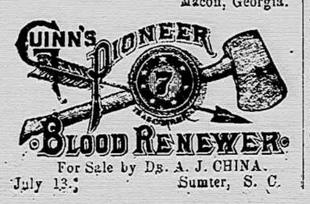
GUINN'S PIONEER BLOOD RENEWER

Cures all Blood and Skin Diseases, Rheumatism, Scrofula, Old Sores. A perfect Spring Medicine.

If not in your market it will be forwarded on receipt of price. Small bottles $1.00; large bottles $1.75.

Essay on Blood and Skin Diseases mailed free.

MACON MEDICINE COMPANY.
Macon, Georgia.



For Sale by Dr. A. J. CHINA.
July 13. Sumter, S. C.

In New Quarters.

Messrs. Lord & Thomas, of Chicago, the well-known and popular Advertising Agents are about to move into new quarters, which are so spacious, so elegant, so original and novel in their appointmets, that they deserve more than a passing notice.

The building, Nos. 45, 47 and 49 Randolph St., between State and Wabash Ave., is at once the most striking in appearance and the most elegant in Chicago: built of sandstone, it is 70 by 174 feet, practically fire proof, and lighted on four sides.

Messrs. Lord & Thomas will occupy the entire third floor, giving them a superficial area of nearly 12,000 square feet. This beautifully lighted room is unbroken by partitions, save a private office in one corner, thus bringing the entire working force of about sixty clerks i: to one spacious room, certainly the largest office of any advertising agency in the country, if not the largest business office of any kind on the continent.

The various departments are so arranged, that the work passes along with almost mechanical regularity.

While the entire appointments are elegant, the filing department is arranged on an entirely new principal, which amounts to an important invention. Heretofore Advertising Agents have filed their Newspapers in wooden pigeon holes, which not only excluded the light, but caught and retained the dust, and thus proved a nuisance. The new filing department of Messrs. Lord & Thomas is made entirely of wire work; a separate compartment is made for each Newspaper, Magazine and Periodical in the U. S. and Canada, about 14,000 in all. The various sections are suspended from the ceiling, and hang clear of the floor, leaving a space under each one so that the entire floor can be swept.

Our friends who wish to see a copy of our paper when in Chicago, can always find it on file at the Agency of Messrs. Lord & Thomas.

Excitement in Texas.

Great excitement has been caused in the vicinity of Paris, Tex., by the remarkable recovery of Mr. J. E. Corley, who was so helpless he could not turn in bed, or raise his head; everybody said he was dying of Consumption. A trial bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery was sent him. Finding relief, he bought a large bottle and a box of Dr. King's New Life Pills; by the time he had taken two boxes of Pills and two bottles of the Discovery, he was well and had gained in flesh thirty-six pounds.

Trial Bottles of this Great Discovery for Consumption free at J. F. W. DeLorme's. 2

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The Best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores Ulcers, Salt Rheum. Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands. Chilblains, Corns and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by J. F. W. DeLorme. o

Itch, Prairie Mange, and Scratches of every kind cured in 30 minutes by Woolford's Sanitary Lotion. Use no other. This never fails. Sold by A. J. China, druggist, Sumter.

NOTICE.

CLERK & TREASURER'S OFFICE,
SUMTER, S. C., July 11, 1886.

TAX PAYERS OF TOWN OF SUMTER who have not yet made Returns of Property for taxation for year 1886, are hereby notified that the time for making returns of property to the Clerk & Treasurer, has been extended to Saturday, July 17th, instant, after which date, all Returns of Property not made will be liable to addition of 20 per cent. penalty, and same added to taxes for said year.

By order of Council.

C. M. HURST,
July 13 Clerk & Treasurer.

NOTICE.

PRIVATEER DEMOCRATIC CLUB will meet at Privateer on Saturday the 17th July, 1886, at 11 o'clock A. M. for the purpose of re-organization and election of delegates to County Convention.

By order the President.

July 2. J. L. DWIGHT, Secty.

Estate Wm. H. Cuttino, Deceased.

ALL PERSONS holding claims against said Estate will present same duly attested, and all persons in any way indebted to said Estate will make payment to myself or David W. Cuttino who is hereby appointed my agent.

MRS. E. A. CUTTINO,
Qualified Admiuistratrix.
Sumter, S. C., July 6, 1886—3t

Estate of Edmund Stuckey, D'ed.

ALL PERSONS having claims against said Estate will present the same duly attested, and all persons in any way indebted to said Estate will make immediate payment to

JAS. E. STUCKEY,
Qualified Administrator.
June 22 3t

ICHABOD AND OTHER POEMS,

BY W. G. KENNEDY.

FOR SALE AT THE SUMTER BOOK STORE. Price reduced to one dollar per copy.

A NEW DEAL.

EVERY ONE IN SOUTH CAROLINA wants a new deal in State politics, therefore I think it wise to get up a new deal in the SEWING MACHINE TRADE.

I have succeeded in getting the agency for

The New High Arm Davis Vertical Feed,

which is known all over the world to be the lightest running, most practical and simplest Machine made.

IT IS EASILY UNDERSTOOD by those not accustomed to running sewing machines, and beginners can easily accomplish work on it that the most skilled cannot approach on any other Machine. Hence I offer

FIFTY DOLLARS REWARD

FOR ANY SEWING MACHINE

That will follow the DAVIS through its vast range of practical and fancy work.

It is gotten up on the most scientific principles, and will last a life-time.

See it before you buy and you will have no other.

I am selling a number of these machines, and always keep a large stock on hand.

Will be pleased to show them to any one that will call, or if they will write me I will have one of my operators take a Machine to their home, and give full instructions.

I also sell the

HOUSEHOLD,

which is THE BEST UNDERFEED MACHINE MADE, and is only excelled by the "New High-Arm Davis Vertical Feed."

WM. BOGIN,

June 29 Main Street, Sumter, S. C.

MACHINERY FOR SALE CHEAP.

W. E. BRUNSON is still sole agent for the celebrated

VAN WINKLE GINS, FEEDERS AND CONDENSERS,
FRICK CO. ECLIPSE ENGINES, BOILERS,
SAW MILLS AND SEPARATORS,

—AND—

JOS. HUNTER'S CORN MILLS.

All of this machinery is so well known for excellent qualities that words of commendation are unnecessary.

I also have several SECOND-HAND ENGINES and PRESSES on hand, which I will sell low down and on terms to suit the times.

I am also prepared for REPAIRING ENGINES and BOILERS, having lately purchased a very fine set of Tools for that business, and all orders and work sent to me will receive prompt attention.

Address W. E. BRUNSON,
P. O. Box 84, Sumter, S. C.
June 15

HOUSE PAINTING

In First Class Style.

I AM PREPARED TO FURNISH MATERIAL of the best kind and finish up jobs in workmanlike manner, and no money required until work is completed.

Any kind of work in the House-painting line, such as Walnut Graining, Oak Graining, Mapleing, Marbleizing, Wall and Fancy Painting in flat or gloss work, Graniteing, Rough-casting, Gold or Brass Bronzing, Staining, and Varnishing in any shade.

All jobs will be promptly dealt with.

Address LEMUEL R. DAVIS,
May 19 Sumter, S. C.

NOMINATIONS.

FOR THE LEGISLATURE.

Mr. Editor: We hereby put in nomination subject to the action of the Democratic Primary, the name of MAJ. H. F. WILSON, as Representative from Sumter County in the next Legislature.

MAJ. MARION MOISE is suggested to the Democrats of Sumter County as a suitable man to represent them in the House of Representatives.

Sumter Township casts about one-fifth of the Democratic vote, and pays more than one-fourth of the entire taxes of the County. Simple justice would seem to require that (other things being equal) one member of the House should be selected from that Township.

Maj. Moise is a gentleman of fine ability, a ready and forcible debater, a successful business man, and is well equipped in all respects to protect and defend the interests of his County. SUMTER TOWNSHIP.

FOR THE SENATE.

The undersigned respectfully present Col. W. D. SCARBOROUGH to the voters of Sumter County, as experienced and trustworthy, and competent to represent them, and hereby nominate him for the State Senate. NEIGHBORS.

FOR PROBATE JUDGE.

Mr. Editor: Allow us to nominate for the office of Probate Judge of Sumter County, at ensuing Election, our present, worthy, well-qualified and acceptable Probate Judge, Col. THOS. V. WALSH. He is deeply grateful for the past support of the Democrats of Sumter County, and will duly appreciate their continued suffrages in his behalf.

July 13, 1886. FRIENDS.

FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONER.

Believing that he would be the "right man in the right place," we beg leave to place before the voters of Sumter County the name of R. FRENCH HOYT as candidate for the office of County Commissioner. VOTERS.

Mr. Editor: We respectfully and confidently announce the name of ELIAS CHANDLER as a candidate for the office of County Commissioner at the approaching election. He is no stranger to the Democrats of Sumter County. We know how faithfully his duty was discharged in the same office in 1880 and '82. Let us show our appreciation of his services by our unanimous support.

July 13 PRIMARY.

FOR SCHOOL COMMISSIONER.

THE NAME OF W. G. KENNEDY, Esq., is hereby presented for the suffrages of his fellow-citizens of Sumter County for the office of School Commissioner. Of his qualification for and claim to the position, the people are the best judges. There is no man in the County, who needs the office more. He enters upon the canvass, to win if possible.

MR. ISAAC W. BRADLY is presented to the voters of Sumter County for the office of School Commissioner, at the ensuing election. MANY VOT