

**Troop Ships to Charleston**

**South Carolina Port to Receive All "Old Hickory" Fighters Except Sick and Wounded.**

Washington, March 20.—All transports bringing home units of the Thirtieth ("Old Hickory") Division will go to Charleston, S. C., unless they carry also sick and wounded soldiers, for whom there are no facilities at the South Carolina port.

In addition to the transport Mercury, the war department announced officially late today that the transports Pocahontas, Matawaska and Ronjen der Nederlander, all with units of the Thirtieth aboard, had been diverted from Newport News and would land their men at Charleston.

Charleston, March 20.—Official news was received here this morning by the Southeastern Department Headquarters that the U. S. S. Pocahontas, which sailed from St. Nazaire on March 16 for Newport News, has been diverted to Charleston and is expected to arrive March 30 with nearly 3,000 officers and men of the Thirtieth Division, bringing the total number of troops scheduled to debark here within four days up to about 8,000. The present expectations are that the Konigin der Nederlanden will arrive on March 27, the Mercury on March 29 and the Pocahontas on March 30, which means that the debarkation officers will be called upon to handle a much larger number of troops in one week than was originally expected. There is a report current, which is not as yet officially confirmed, that two other vessels are also bound for Charleston.

The following units are aboard the Pocahontas: Of the One Hundred and Eighteenth Infantry, First and Third Battalions, medical headquarters detachment, Companies A, B, C, D, L and M; in all 24 officers and 790 men. Of the One Hundred and Seventeenth Infantry are headquarters and staff headquarters of the First Battalion, ordnance and sanitary detachment, First and Second Battalion headquarters, Machine Gun and Supply companies A to F, inclusive, totalling 50 officers and 2,027 men. There are also aboard special casual company No. 5, ten discharged, one officer and 23 men; also two casual officers of the air service and one civilian, the total number aboard being 2,918.

As with the troops of the first two transports, these units will be sent to Camp Jackson, where they will be discharged or sent to camps nearest their home towns. The casual officers will be handled here.

Due to the fact that the transport Mercury is a somewhat faster ship than the Konigin der Nederlanden, the two ships bound for this port with nearly 5,000 boys of the Thirtieth Division, many of them Charlestonians or South Carolinians, on board, the local entertainment committee working with Mayor Hyde is endeavoring to arrange if possible for the transports to enter Charleston harbor, together for the sake of combining the city's greeting and facilitating arrangements generally. It is not known whether this can be done. It appeared practically certain today that there would be no opportunity for the troops to parade here upon landing, as their trains will be within a very short distance of their ship and Charleston is eight miles or so from the port terminals. A meeting at city hall today of the mayor's committee about completed all details for the citywide greeting to be extended the soldiers. The people will line the waterfront when the transports proceed up the Cooper River, whistles and bells will ring, a signal will be sounded to appraise the public of the ship's approach, bands of music will play at vantage points along the wharves, and there will be a general display of flags with the lid off as to cheering. Official committee boats will meet and escort the boys in from the ocean. Red Cross workers will supply them with refreshments at their landing place and on the trains going to Columbia.

Nw York, March 21.—The famous Sistine choir from Rome will make a concert tour of the United States, under the auspices of high dignitaries of the Roman Catholic Church this spring, it was announced today. This choir which is the oldest and most famous known to the Christian world comes in May. The choir was organized in the fourth century.

**MYSTERIOUS PAINS AND ACHES**

**Make Life Hard to Bear for Many Sumter Women.**

Too many women mistake their pains and aches for troubles peculiar to the sex. More often disordered kidneys are causing the aching back, dizzy spells, headaches and irregular urination. Kidney weakness becomes dangerous if neglected. Use a time-tried kidney remedy—Doan's Kidney Pills. Hosts of people testify to their merit. Read a Sumter case:

Mrs. L. L. Gage, 207 W. Oakland Avenue, says: "A short time ago I was troubled with pains in the small of my back. It felt as though someone were sticking pins and needles into me. Headaches and dizzy spells bothered me and specks seemed to float before me. My kidneys acted very irregularly and I was in bad shape. Doan's Kidney Pills had been used in our family for years, so I got some at DeLorme's Pharmacy. I certainly must say Doan's positively relieved me of kidney trouble."

Price 60c, at all dealers. Don't simply ask for a kidney remedy—get Doan's Kidney Pills—the same that Mrs. Gage had. Foster-Milburn Co., Mfgs., Buffalo, N. Y.—Adv.

**Pharmacy Board Meets**

**Pharmaceutical Association Holds Test for Druggist Licenses at Spartanburg**

Spartanburg, March 19.—The South Carolina Pharmaceutical Association held an important meeting in this city today at which the president, chairman of the legislative committee and all members of the examining board were present. Seven young men from various parts of the State took the examinations for licenses as druggists.

Those here today attending the meeting were: D. Tilden Riley of Florence, president; S. C. Hodges of Greenwood, first vice president; T. P. Young of Greenwood, second vice president; Frank M. Smith of Charleston, secretary and treasurer; J. Wilbur Hicks of Florence, solicitor; Frank A. McLeod of Sumter, assistant solicitor and J. G. DeLorme of Sumter, C. M. Miller of Laurens, R. M. Davis of Greenville, I. A. Rigby of Spartanburg, M. S. Dantzier of Elmore and Frank M. Smith of Charleston, members of the examining board.

**Killed by Negro Convict**

**Fatal Shot Fired Near Spartanburg**

Spartanburg, March 20.—A posse composed of Sheriff W. J. White, county and city police officers and a large number of Spartanburg men are tonight scouring the country in the neighborhood of Cowpens for Ivey Littlejohn, who this morning shot and fatally wounded J. S. Holbert, a native of Hendersonville, N. C., who was engaged with convict labor in constructing a concrete bridge on the National Highway about four miles west of this city. Thus far the negro has not been located, but it is believed that his arrest will come before morning.

Littlejohn shot Mr. Holbert this morning after he had slipped up behind the guard, struck him over the head with a stone and then removed the pistol from Mr. Holbert's pocket. Mr. Holbert was found a few minutes later and brought to a hospital here, but the bullet had taken a fatal course and death came at 11 o'clock this morning. The coroner's jury this afternoon returned a verdict to the effect that the deceased came to his death at the hands of Ivey Littlejohn.

Mr. Holbert was a native of Hendersonville and is survived by his widow and several children. The remains were taken to Hendersonville this afternoon for interment.

Two other convicts escaped with Littlejohn, but they later voluntarily surrendered and declared that Littlejohn had forced them to flee.

**Flour Mill Goes Up**

Bishopville, March 19.—Work has been begun here on a flour and grist mill on the site on which the mill was burned last June. The new mill will be a brick building and modern in every way, costing approximately \$60,000. This will mean much to the people of Bishopville and Lee County. Heretofore all grain had to be sent to Sumter or Darlington. R. W. Rustin, manager of the flour mill has just completed an attractive dwelling on Lee Street near this plant.

J. B. Kelley has awarded the contract for a two story brick building to be built on Main Street between the Bishopville National Bank and the store Mr. Kelley now occupies. Mr. Kelley will move his stock of dry goods as soon as his store is completed.

On September 1 the Stafford Dry Goods Company will move into the store now occupied by Mr. Kelley. The Chandler Clothing Company of Sumter will establish a branch store in the same building to be run in connection with the Stafford Dry Goods Company.

**Charleston Dry Dock**

Washington, March 20.—Congressman R. S. Whaley has recently been discussing with the Secretary of the Navy and the chief of the bureau of yards and docks the matter of beginning work on the great \$4,000,000 dry dock whose construction at Charleston was authorized by the last congress. Mr. Whaley was informed today by the department that preparations are now being made to let the contract and that advertisements for bids will probably be published in about two weeks.

The first district Congressman Whaley said that he had been trying to wind up his immediate work in such a way as to permit him to get home for a while in this interim between congresses, but that he had been delayed by several important matters about which he wished to feel satisfied before leaving Washington. He now thinks that he will be able to go to Charleston some time next week.

**Notice.**

The Local Board for the County of Sumter, State of South Carolina, is offering for sale its Underwood typewriter, filing cabinets, and stove. Sealed bids, accompanied by check are to be submitted, and opened on March 25th. The property will be immediately delivered to the highest bidder, provided that the bid exceeds the minimum fixed by the government. Posters containing all information concerning the sale have been placed in conspicuous places about the city. Persons desiring further information may obtain it at the office of the Local Board.

A letter from Second Lieut. Jas. McB. Dabbs dated March 6th, states that he has been promoted to First Lieutenant. He was then at Havre, France, on his way to attend one of the English universities. Since the middle of January he has been on the regimental headquarters staff. Some of the officers were assigned to French and some to English universities for a 3 months course. They expect to come home along with the 1st Division in July.

**More Unemployment Reported**

**Marked Increase in Number in Greater Part of Country in Week.**

Washington, March 19.—Marked increases in the number of unemployed throughout the greater part of the country and in the number of cities reporting a surplus of labor are shown in a report to the federal employing service for the past week. A slight increase in unemployment was recorded generally throughout the Middle West and on the Pacific coast. Conditions in the Southern States, however, were shown to be practically stationary. The report which was given out tonight showed that the number of unemployed increased from 356,000 to 372,000 and that the number of cities where a labor surplus existed advanced from 63 to 69 per cent. of the cities reported. Only 6 per cent of the cities reported a labor shortage and the number reporting an equality of supply and demand dropped from 28 to 25 per cent.

The labor surplus in Connecticut and Massachusetts was said to have become "acute" while increases in numbers of unemployed were reported generally throughout New England. Other States in the East, where there were increases, were New York, New Jersey and Pennsylvania. The total number of unemployed in Ohio was estimated at 150,000.

**Camp Jackson**

**Permanent**

Columbia, March 20.—Camp Jackson will be a permanent cantonment and additional acreage will be purchased by the government in addition to the present site, according to a telegram from Washington from former Senator Christie Benet. Mr. Benet gives Assistant Secretary of War Crowell as his authority. The telegram, addressed to J. D. Miot, president of the local Chamber of Commerce, reads: "Camp Jackson is permanent. Secretary Crowell assured me so today and issued order putting same into effect. Present plans contemplate purchase of land, including actual camp site."

**Governor Answers**

**Students**

Governor Cooper yesterday gave out the following statement as chairman of the board of trustees of the University of South Carolina in answer to the petition from the students last Tuesday asking for a change in the University administration:

"A special meeting of the board of trustees of the University of South Carolina will be called before June to consider the action of a part of the student body in asking for the resignation of President Currell. This meeting will not be for the purpose of examining into the merits of the opinions expressed by the students in their petition but to consider conditions existing in the student body and to discover the cause of these conditions.

"The trustees have no idea of permitting the students to dictate who shall be president. Dr. Currell has been duly elected, the trustees have full confidence in him, and at this time there is no disposition on the part of the board to dispense with his services.

"The trustees can not allow the presidency of the university to lose its prestige locally with the outside educational world. This prestige will surely be lost if student rule were allowed to go beyond its proper bounds. Conditions in the student body leading to demoralization can not be tolerated.

"The people of the State may be assured the trustees will not stir over the affairs of the university. Its best interests will be safeguarded."

Appended is a copy of the letter Governor Cooper addressed to G. A. Buchanan, president of the student body of the university, who transmitted the petition of the students:

Columbia, S. C., March 21, 1919. Mr. G. A. Buchanan, Jr., President of the Student Body, University of South Carolina, Columbia, S. C.

Dear Mr. Buchanan: Your communication of the 18th instant transmitting a petition of the student body was submitted to the board of trustees of the university on the date received.

I am authorized as president of the board of trustees to say in reply that the board feels that it is capable of managing the affairs of the institution, and if at any time we feel that a suggestion from the student body will aid us in the performance of our duty we will not hesitate to ask for it. Further, if the student body should feel that it has a grievance of any kind and desires to appear before the board, such complaint as you have will be considered if presented in the proper way.

It is inconceivable that your student body would knowingly take any action in this case the wide publicity action calculated to injure the institution and yet the board is convinced which you saw fit to give your complaint, and the method adopted, will be an embarrassment to the future administration of the affairs of the university. It is essential to the successful administration of any educational institution that the rules and regulations adopted for its government shall be observed and that those in authority shall always receive the respect and consideration due them. The law of the State and the rules adopted by the board provide definitely for university's government. Any complaint from either the student body or faculty can be properly made to the board of trustees with confidence that the same will be duly considered. It is the desire of the board that this communication be read to those students who signed the petition.

What is said on behalf of the board of trustees is said in all kindness, but at the same time, with all firmness. Very Sincerely yours, R. A. Cooper, Governor and Chairman of the Board of Trustees.

**Excitement in Vienna**

**Revolution in Hungary Caused No Surprise—Karolyi Merely a Figure Head**

London, March 24.—The revolution in Hungary caused great excitement in Vienna, but did not surprise those aware of the true condition of affairs, says the Vienna correspondent of The Telegraph. He says the Hungarian Communists have long been the real masters of the country and have been only awaiting an opportunity to get rid of Count Karolyi, who was considered never more than a figure-head.

**Work for Returned Soldiers.**

Editor Daily Item.

Will you please give space in your paper for the following article: The war is over and we hail with delight the return of our boys, who so nobly marched to the call of our country. We are proud of them, and proud of the loyal support given to the flag by twelve million negroes of this country. We all did our bit, as best we could, especially those who went overseas, on the battlefield, and we look with special pride in the faces of many of them wearing decorations for bravery, and heroic deeds. We say to them all "well done." The citizens of Sumter, city and county, give them a welcome back home.

The war is over, but we must not throw away or lose the good name made for the race, nor the laurels won on the battlefields. Let the boys hold fast to their laurels, by showing that they are as good, and better citizens even than they were soldiers.

Let every man, back from the army get on a job as soon as possible, and hold on to it. It may not be the kind of job you want, it may not pay the price you want, but if you cannot get what you want, take what work you can get until you can do better. Remember the adage of the idle brain. It must, of necessity, take a long while for the readjustment of conditions.

We appeal to the citizens, white and colored, to help in this matter of finding employment for the returning soldiers. We call upon the ministers, who are leaders of the people to help in this matter. Let us speak to them from the pulpits, and as we come in contact individually with them, advise them to return to their occupations as speedily as possible.

We shall be glad to help in any way we can to bring about best results for the good of the entire community. If anyone is needing help and will let us know, or if any soldiers needing employment, will advise with us, we will be glad to do what we can to place them, without charge.

If inconvenient to call at our residence, 207 S. Sumter Street, ring 108.

A. J. Andrews, Chairman Colored Council of Defense.

**Summer School at Winthrop**

The 1919 session of the Summer School at Winthrop College will begin on June 17th and close on July 25th. In answer to the great demand for improvement in the schools, and the desire of teachers to fit themselves for better service the college is hoping to make this the best summer session that has ever been held at the institution.

The equipment of the College makes it an ideal place for summer work. The fine climate of Rock Hill, the large halls of the College, the covered ways, the swimming pool, the tennis courts, and the comfortable dormitories, all help the teachers to spend a pleasant as well as profitable six weeks at the College.

There will be abundant choice in the selection of courses of study, from primary work to high school and college. Special courses in vocational work will be offered for those who wish to prepare themselves to meet the new demands in these subjects.

For the first time in the history of summer schools, a course will be offered at Winthrop this summer to prepare for the important work of teaching illiterates and near-illiterates.

As usual, the College will be visited during the summer by a number of distinguished educators and specialists. Among those who have already agreed to deliver courses of lectures are, Professor C. Alphonso Smith, of the United States Naval Academy; Professor W. C. Bagley and Professor W. H. Kilpatrick both of Teachers' College, Columbia University; Dr. Henry E. Jackson of the United States Bureau of Education, Washington, D. C.; Mr. Henry Y. Allen, of the War Camp Community Service, New York; Professor Edwin Mims, of Vanderbilt University; Miss Mary E. Moxey, of New York; and President Charles McKenny, of the State Normal College, at Ypsilanti, Michigan.

Full provision has been made for evening entertainments, including plays and moving pictures.

Credit for courses in the Summer School will be allowed if a teacher attends class for two-thirds of the session. This may be of interest to some teachers whose schools may be in session when the Summer School opens.

**Cotton Market**

LOCAL.  
P. G. BOWMAN, Cotton Buyer.  
(Corrected Daily at 12 o'clock Noon).  
Good Middling, 26 1-2.  
Strict Middling, 26.  
Middling 25 1-2.  
Strict Low Middling 23.

NEW YORK COTTON MARKET.  
Yes! Id's  
Open High Low Close Close  
(Old Style)  
May . . . 24.30 24.30 23.45 23.45 24.60  
July . . . 22.50 22.58 21.65 21.65 22.62  
(New Style)  
May . . . 24.60 24.60 23.96 23.96 24.72  
July . . . 22.75 22.78 21.84 21.84 22.85  
Oct . . . 21.10 21.10 20.01 20.01 21.14

**Building Activities**

**Contracts Let in February Reported in Statistics of Department of Labor**

Washington, March 19.—Improvement in building and construction activities as shown by contracts let in February were reported today in statistical memorandum by the public works division of the department of labor. Contracts for the month aggregated \$95,000,000 or \$11,000,000 less than the month's average for the four preceding years, the prices of former years being changed to the current level.

In December contracts were about 50 per cent. of four year average, it was stated, and the decrease being caused by an expectation of lower prices for building materials as a result of the armistice. A similar condition prevailed in January.

Evidence indicating that building costs are less than current estimates also was reported by the public works division, which stated that 17 out of 18 bids submitted for construction of a navy department building at Annapolis Md., were less than the estimated cost of \$800,000. The low bid on the work was \$658,927, and several other bids were \$100,000 less than the estimate.

The division also issued a statement today calling attention of municipal officials to the railroad administration's policy of causing railroads to bear their share of the cost of joint improvements.

It was stated that such improvements should be taken up with the railroad involved with the municipal authorities in the same manner as before the war.

**American Naval Efficiency**

**Vice Admiral Sims Tells True Story of Arrival of Destroyers at Queenstown.**

New York, March 21.—Vice-Admiral William S. Sims, commander of the American naval forces in the war zone, refuses to be known to history as the author of a laconic reply to the British naval commander who asked when the American destroyers sent to Queenstown to help conquer Germany would be ready to fight. The famous words as attributed to Vice-Admiral Sims were: "We can start at once. We made our preparation on the way."

What actually happened, asserts the vice-admiral in a letter published here, was that when the destroyers commanded by Commander Joseph K. Taussig arrived at Queenstown after their 3,000-mile trans-Atlantic voyage, they were in need of coaling. Admiral Bayly asked when the American ships would be ready for service and Commander Taussig replied that he would be ready "as soon as his vessels could be refueled."

Vice-Admiral Sims writes that he was at that time in Paris. He added that Commander Taussig "was one of the ablest destroyer commanders who served under me in the Atlantic fifties and the reply he made to Admiral Bayly was exactly the reply I would have expected him to make. I can make no claim to having made use of any epigrammatical expression on this occasion."

**To Have Newspaper**

**Negro Baptists to Raise \$50,000 Educational Fund**

Columbia, March 20.—The executive board of the Baptist State Convention of South Carolina representing a membership of 260,000 negroes met at the Zion Baptist Church in this city yesterday and formed a corporation with a capital stock of \$10,000, the business of which will be to own and operate a weekly newspaper for that denomination in this State.

The proposed journal will be issued from the Columbia office. R. W. Westberry of Sumter was elected president of the concern, the Rev. C. T. Philips of Union, vice president; the Rev. D. F. Thompson of Columbia, secretary; Dr. C. C. Johnson, M. D., of Aiken, treasurer. Application will be made in a few days to the secretary of state for a charter.

A committee of seven with Dr. J. H. Goodwin of Columbia chairman was appointed to draft the rules and bylaws to govern the concern. There were about 62 members of the executive board representing the 45 associations in the State present at the meeting yesterday.

The negro Baptists of the State will launch their \$50,000 campaign for education Sunday, March 23, the Rev. J. C. White of Columbia will act as State chairman of this drive. Dr. J. J. Starks, president of Morris College of Sumter, was present and made an encouraging report of the school. Dr. J. J. Durham, president of the State convention, presided yesterday.

**THE BUILDING OUTLOOK.**

(Manufacturers Record.)

Washington, Feb. 28.—According to the views of 15 expert investigators of the economic section of the division of public works and construction developments, department of labor, expressed at a recent conference here, no exceptional reductions in the price of building materials or in wages paid to labor may be expected during the next few years. The consensus of opinion was that any immediate small reductions in the cost of building materials would be soon followed by even higher prices, due to the inflation of the currency, the general high cost of living and the increasing demand from abroad for American goods.

These investigators have assembled a formidable array of statistics to show that war's in the building trades have not increased more than 30 per cent., except in overtime payments, although the general increase in the cost of living is estimated by them to have amounted to approximately 90 per cent.

**Cotton Delegates are Named**

**Gov. Cooper Appoints Representatives to Attend Cotton Convention.**

Columbia, March 20.—Governor Cooper today appointed the following additional delegates to the cotton convention at Memphis March 24th: J. S. Starke, Asheville; G. L. Toole, Aiken; W. I. Johns, Baldoc; Lee C. Holleman, Anderson; J. H. Porter, Barnwell; C. W. Rentz, Bamberg; C. S. Adams, Beaufort; Russel Williams, Moncks Corner; J. R. Faurey, Fort Motte; W. H. Mixson; Charleston; C. M. Smith, Gaffney; R. G. Sarratt, Gaffney; R. F. No. 2; R. B. Caldwell, Chester; R. B. Laney, Cheraw; W. C. Davis, Manning; Paul Sanders, Ritters; Dr. J. H. David, Dillon; I. S. Hutto, Dorchester; Bright Williamson, Darlington; A. E. Padgett Edgefield; Mark Doty, Winnsboro; J. W. McCown, Florence; W. D. Morgan, Georgetown; Barron Grier, Greenwood; R. L. Woodside, Greenville; John E. Carroll, York; William Gifford, Gifford; J. A. McDermott, Conway; J. C. Richardson, Ridgeland; F. M. Wooten, Camden; E. M. Croxton, Lancaster; W. L. Gray, Laurens; W. R. Scarborough, Bishopville; Dr. D. M. Crosson, Leesville; Douglas McIntyre, Marion; R. C. Hamer, Bennettsville; J. R. Cheatham, McCormick; John M. Kinard, Newberry; W. E. Verner, Walhalla; B. H. Moss, Orangeburg; E. P. McCravy, Easley; W. W. Ray, Columbia; B. W. Crouch, Saluda; John B. Cannon, Spartanburg; L. D. Jennings, Sumter; Lowndes J. Browning, Union; H. E. Montgomery, Kingstree; Ira B. Dunlap, Rock Hill; J. B. Johnson, Rock Hill; L. I. Guion, Lugoff; J. S. Wanmaker, St. Matthews; J. H. Claffey, Orangeburg; R. M. Mixson, Barnwell; John T. Mackey, Camden; E. F. McLeod, Charleston; W. W. Long, Clemson College; Prof. D. W. Watkinson, Clemson College; T. J. Britt, McCormick; Thos. G. McLeod, Bishopville; John D. Harris, Greenville; D. F. Efrid, Lexington, and D. T. Kinard of Laurens.

The presence of Gov. Cooper and of Commissioner of Agriculture B. Harris has also been requested at the convention.

The central committee also issued a statement today urging that all delegates to the last New Orleans meeting attend the Memphis meeting.

**Bull Fighting Revived**

Brownsville, Texas, March 21.—A revival of bull fighting is planned by residents in some of the Mexican States along the border.

Reports say that the people of Matamoros, across the Rio Grande from here, are arranging for reconstruction of the famous bull ring there and have applied to the governor of Tamualipas for authority to proceed. It is planned to hold a bull fight in a temporary arena on May 5, the anniversary of the victory of Mexican arms over the French at Puebla.

Bull fighting in Matamoros was discontinued six years ago. The arena, one of the finest in the republic, was destroyed by Carranza's adherents when Matamoros was taken by the forces under General Blanco. The federal forces made their last stand in the bull ring.

Bull fights were abolished in the republic by decree of General Carranza as soon as he became president. Later the governors of the respective states were permitted to allow or prohibit the fights.

Years ago many Americans were attracted to bull fights in the towns across the border and the railroads gave reduced rates.

Paris, March 21.—Among the amendments to the covenant of the league of nations suggested at the meeting of neutrals yesterday were several which urged an increase in the number of secondary countries to be admitted to the executive control of league reduction of armament and control of munitions manufacture.

Washington, March 21.—The possibility of the anti-trust law being an obstacle to the government's price stabilization program was the subject of a conference today between the industrial board and Attorney General Palmer.

**Stomach Got Hard As a Rock**

**Would Swell Up and Severe Pains Attacked Him, Now Claims He is Well, Thanks to Drecto.**

"When I began taking Drecto I was in awful shape; after eating my stomach would ache, swell up and get hard as a rock. I was never able to eat any breakfast at all. My liver was dull and I had dizzy spells, foul breath and bad taste in my mouth. My kidneys were out of order, which gave me pains in my back, and rheumatism of the joints. I have taken two bottles of Drecto and my pains are all gone now. I eat three big meals every day, and never have those stomach pains. The dizzy spells have ceased, and I sleep fine. Drecto is great," are the words of Mr. M. C. Bryant, 128 Crescent Ave., Spartanburg, S. C.

Drecto is compounded from the juices, and extracts of medicinal roots, herbs, barks and berries. There is no doubt about the value of this great medicine for stomach disorders, weak kidneys, sluggish liver, constipated bowels, nor for cleansing the blood of poisons and impurities, thereby eradicating rheumatism and catarrh. Scores of people have testified to its merits; many of them after all other medicines and doctors had failed to help them, and all declared Drecto had restored their health.

Drecto is now sold by all good druggists throughout the country and is especially recommended in Sumter by

Smith's Drug Store.—Adv.