TOWN AND COUNTY NEWS

SUMTER ELEVEN WINS

Timmonsville High Bows After Putting Up Hard Fight

Timmonsville, Sept. 29.—The Sumter Gamecocks defeated Timmonsville High school this afternoon by a score of 7 to 0. the game was a good one, both teams being in fine shape for a first game. Timmonsville had the best of it the first half, twice nearly making a touchdown. Sumter, however, got in its work in the last quarter. W. McDaniel, Ben and I. White Savarence, Simpson and Sims for Timmonsville, and Kirven, Wright and Wray of Sumter, were the stars. Kirven was hurt, but not seriously during the game.

Timmonsville, S. C., Sept. 29—The Sumter High School foot ball team defeated the Timmonsville High School team today 7-0. Although the Sumter lads were greatly outweighed they held their ground remarkably well. The score was made in the last three minutes of the game.

Sumter will play their next game Friday, October 6. Let's all be there and support the team.

Marriage Licenses.

White—G. W. Dukes, Jr., of Pinewood, S. C., to Miss Evelyn Dicks of Williston, S. C.

Colored—Philip Johnson of Paxville to Cassie Stukes of Paxville.

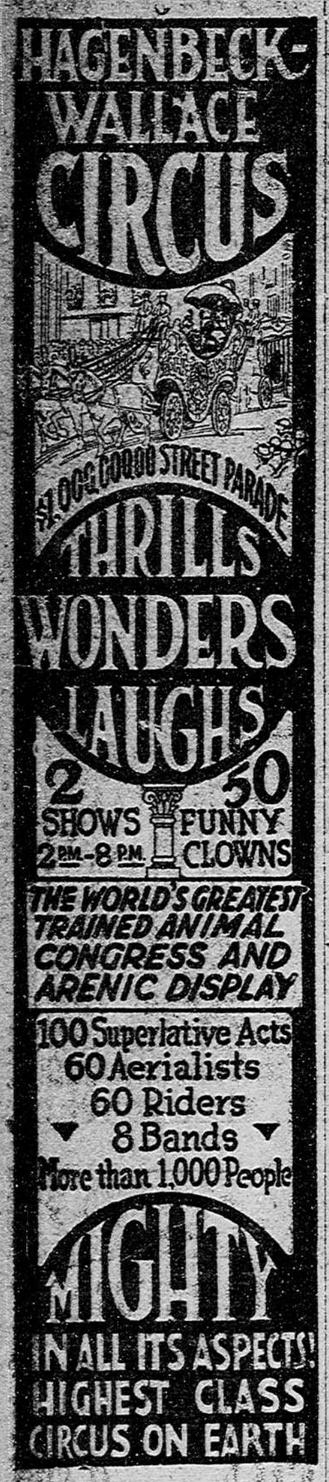
County Treasurer Wallace issued tax receipts for 1921 taxes for approximately $4,000 on Saturday, the last day before the books closed and executions delivered to the sheriff.

The farmers of this section should need no urging to plant the largest possible acreage in small grain this fall, either wheat, oats or Abruzzi rye, as a more profitable crop, when followed by peavine hay, than cotton.

Only Big Circus to Give Street Parade.

SUMTER

SAT. OCT. 14



Seats on Sale Circus Day at SIBERT'S DRUG STORE.
Prices:
Adults 75c. Children 50c.
War Tax Included. Same Prices as at Show Grounds.

BISCUIT MAKING CONTEST

Pretty and accomplished young ladies of thirteen counties of the Pee Dee District Home Demonstration department girls' clubs are in Sumter today in the biscuit making contest being held at the domestic science department of the Girls' high school. Exhibits of canning, preserving, and sewing, prize winning demonstrations of efficiency by the girls of fifteen counties are at the Girls' High school and show that home demonstration work is worth every dollar and many more than it costs.

Berkeley county—Gladys Platt.

Darlington county—Aileen McEnville.

Dillon county—May Miller.

Florence county—Nora Mae McMillan.

Georgetown county—Zula McSwails.

Horry county — Minnie Burroughs.

Kershaw county—Mae Burgess.

Lancaster county—Alta Rogers.

Lee county—Atlie Humphries.

Marion county—Beatrice Dickens.

Marlboro county—Ida Louise Ashby.

Sumter county—Sarah Murray.

Williamsburg county — Bessie Locklier.

The following lady specialists of Winthrop College are assisting: Mrs. Theodosia Plowden, Pee Dee District Home Demonstration agent in the contest and instructive sessions; Mrs. Dora Dee Walker, Miss Loney Landrum, Mrs. Harriett Johnson, Miss Lola Snider, and Miss Caro Truluck, Sumter County Home Demonstration Agent. Miss Henrietta Dargan also assisted while Secretary E. I. Reardon was accorded the honor of welcoming the girls and the Winthrop specialists to Sumter and thanking them for honoring Sumter by their presence.

THE GAS RATE CASE

Two Motions to Be Heard Tuesday in Judge Smith's Court

Messrs. R. D. Epps, A. W. Harby and B. B. Hodges, representing the city of Sumter, and Mr. R. O. Purdy, representing the Sumter Gas and Power Co., went to Charleston Tuesday morning to appear in the federal court in the case of the City of Sumter vs. the Sumter Gas & Power Co., involving the rate charged gas consumers. The attorneys representing the city will present a motion asking Judge Smith to issue an order requiring the Sumter Gas & Power Co. to refund to customers of the company the amounts collected by the company over and above the franchise rate. In the original order issued by Judge Smith the gas company was permitted to collect a higher rate than that fixed in the franchise until the appeal taken to the United States Court of Appeals had been determined, the gas company giving bond to refund all overcharges, in the event the court the decision was adverse to the contention of the gas company.

Mr. Purdy, for the Sumter Gas & Power Co., will present a petition requesting permission to amend the bill of complaint, the petition being based upon an act of the legislature placing its regulation of rates of all public utility firms, corporations or individuals in the hands of the railroad commission. The act specifically exempts rates fixed by contract, and the point in issme is whether or not the City of Sumter is a corporation within the meaning of the act.

Hagenbeck-Wallace Circus.

Circus day has been set for Saturday, October 14th when the majestice Hagenbeck-Wallace Circus will exhibit here. Bright, flashing posters are now heralding the glad news.

The advance car No. 1 has already been here and the men in charge say the exhibition this season will surpass all former programs. The show will exhibit on the lot at Sumter.

From information received in advance from cities wherein the circus has already appeared this season, it is said the trained animal acts contain many new features. The trainers spent the winter months in drilling these beasts to answer their command and have accomplished wonders heretofore unknown.

Further information declares the equestrian acts are composed of European headliners, and daring American performers. There will be the funny clowns, famous acrobats, bewildering aerialists and many unmentionable features that are proving decided hits.

A menagerie containing a member of every living wild animal family is being carried and is said to be one of the largest collections in the world. The doors will be opened before each performance, both matinee and night, so that a thorough visit to the menagerie may be enjoyed. During the show's visit here a downtown ticket office, where the same price will be charged for tickets as on the circus lot, will be opened at Sibert's Drug Store.

The Supervisors of Registration will be in the office to morrow and Wednesday.

RAILROAD STRIKE NOT ADJUSTED

Dispatchers Appeal to Labor Board For Classification

Chicago, Sept. 29 (By the Associated Press).—Arguments on the status of chief train dispatchers—whether they are officials or subordinate officials — to determine their right to inclusion in the wage and rule agreements between carriers and the American Train Dispatchers' association, occupied the attention of the United States railroad labor board today.

While the board was hearing arguments by the roads' executives, John Higgins of the Western roads; John G. Walber of the Eastern carriers and Dr. C. P. Neal of the Southeastern group. Ben W. Hooper, chairman of the board, was closeted with D. B. Robertson, head of the railroad firemen's organization. President Robertson asked for the conference with Chairman Hooper to discuss pending rules disputes with all the 202 class one carriers of the United States. They have been before the board for several months. The two main issues in dispute are the union's request for two firemen or automatic stokers on all engines of over 200,000 pounds and expenses while away from the home.

At the same time John Scott, secretary of the federated shop crafs, announced that B. M. Jewell had signed agreements with additional roads on the Baltimore peace plan, bringing the grand total to 74. Other conferences arranged by Mr. Jewell, assisted by Daniel Willard, president of the Baltimore & Ohio, were pending, Mr. Scott said.

All representatives of the railroads before the board today opposed the demands of the dispatchers' organization for two weeks' vacation a year with pay and the classification of chief dispatchers as subordinate officials. Under the terms of the transportation act, subordinate officials are governed by its provisions, while officials are not.

The question of vacations was overshadowed in importance by the controversy over the status of chief dispatchers. Most of the day was given to arguing the duties and powers and whether they are sufficient to class them as officials.

President Robertson's visit with Chairman Hooper today was regarded as an effectual sincerity of any rumors that the Big Four brotherhoods are attempting to dodge the labor board. The rules he discussed with Chairman Hooper were first placed before the carriers in 1919, later taken up by a mediation board during federal control and subsequently caried to the labor board in 1920.

Although no official announcement was forthcoming, it was understood that the board has left the disputes undecided at the request of the firemen who were negotiating with the carriers. No decision on these rules is expected, however, until the return of board members.

The board is expected to take up for decision in executive session the case of the United Brotherhood of Maintenance of Way Employees on Monday, the same day that organization will be in convention in Detroit.

Chicago, Sept. 29. — Seventy-four railroads have signed the Baltimore agreement, which the federated railway shop crafts ratified in Chicago September 13, to end the shopmen's strike, John Scott, secretary of the railway employees' department of the American Federation of Labor, announced today. These included the 19 roads which with their subsidiaries were among the earliest of the roads to reach a peace settlement, Mr. Scott said. B. M. Jewell, president of the shop crafts, still is in the East conferring with rail executives, and Daniel Willard, president of the Baltimore & Ohio railroad, is aiding in the conferences, the secretary said.

As part of the American Federation of Labor's nation-wide protest against the use of the injunction in labor disputes and a demand for impeachment of Attorney General Daugherty, the Chicago and Illinois labor federations will hold a meeting Sunday night at which United States Senator William E. Borah of Idaho has been invited to speak. Senator Robert M. LaFollette, who was to have been a speaker, telegraphed today he would not be able to attend.

John P. Frey, editor of The International Moulders' Journal of Cincinnati, B. M. Jewell and Donald R. Richberg, counsel for the federated railroad shop crafts, are among the labor speakers.

RADIO IS HEARD ACROSS OCEAN

Wireless Phone Carries From Newark to London

Newark, Oct. 1.—Officials of radio station Wor here, today announced receipt of a wireless message declaring that the voice of a woman singing and the strains of an orchestra that were broacasted from Newark last night in an attempt at transatlantic communication had been heard in London.

A message broadcasted by Sir Thomas Lipton did not carry across the ocean, however, the London message mentioning only the music strains and the woman's voice. Sir Thomas, it was announced, will make a second attempt next week.

COTTON CROP REPORTS NOT FAVORABLE

Average Condition is Placed at Only 52.5 Per Cent. Despite Increase in Acreage, Yield Will Not Be Much Greater

New York, Oct. 1.—Reports of the cotton crop for the month of September are not favorable and indications point to still another cut in yield. According to the latest returns, gathered under an average date of September 24, estimates of percentage condition have been lowered 7.5 to 52.5 per cent.

This figure, which represents the opinion of more than 1,600 competent correspondents of the Journal of Commerce, compares with 44.7, the low record figure established a year ago, and a ten-year average of 62.4 per cent. The September 1920, per cent condition was estimated at 63.9; 56.8 the year before and 58.1 in 1918. It is, in fact, the lowest level, with the exception of last year, in more than twenty years, although not the largest drop.

At this time in 1921 the per cent condition had fallen 10.4; the year before there was a decline of 8.7 per cent and in 1919 8.1 per cent. In view of the above it has again been necessary to revise estimates of production and a condition of 52.5 following the government's method of calculation and using the government acreage of 34,852,000 indicates a possible yield under normal conditions of approximately 10,533,600 bales. This compares with last year's actual yield of 7,953,641 bales, 13,439,603 bales in 1920, and 16,134,930 bales in the banner year of 1916. Other private estimates of cotton condition range from 49.0 per cent to 52.4 per cent.

An examination of the foregoing shows losses were far less drastic than last month. For instance, the Oklahoma condition declined 12 per cent against a previous loss of 20.4; Mississippi, 6.3 against 15.7 and Texas only 6.8 against 15.3. Next to Oklahoma the largest reduction was Tennessee which fell 11.1 with Arkansas a close second at 10.3. The smallest loss was reported in Alabama, namely, 5.1. South Carolina with a decline of 7.4 shows the lowest condition report, 41.6 while the highest is Missouri at 10.0.

Very little of the hoped for improvement has taken place. Here and there reports have been received of refreshing showers in localities where drouth had prevailed or else of a cessation of the drenching rains complained of at other places. At these points conditions are undoubtedly better but over probably the greater part of the cotton belt excessive heat and drouth have persisted. Many correspodents declare that no cotton has been made since early August.

There are some counties where the drouth has been unbroken since last July. Coming after an excessive wet spring, the effect has been distinctly bad. Lacking a good tap root the plant has proven extremely vulnerable to untoward conditions and although earlier reports indicated well-grown plants heavily fruited, the yield is turning out to be short.

Shedding has been very heavy, while from nearly all parts of the belt have come plaints of premature opening. The result of this is cotton that is immature and of poor quality. Bolls are described as small and knotty and the lint yield very light. To this must be added the depredations of weevils and other insect pests.

It is conceded that the hot, dry weather of August and September helped to check weevil ravages, but in a great many instances the extent of the damage wrought earlier in the season is proving worse than expected. Even half-grown bolls, though perfect, have been found to be punctured. In parts of Texas, leaf and boll worms, also caterpillars, have added considerably to the sum total of the loss. top crop prospects are regarded as negligible. Only a poor, middle crop is expected, which leaves little more than the bottom crop to be realized.

Summing up, correspondents generally express the opinion that notwithstanding the increase in acreage, production may not be very far in excess of last year.

Turning from these gloomy forecasts, not a few call attention to some more favorable features. Unusually fine weather over nearly all of the cotton belt during the last half of September has greatly facilitated picking, which, as a result of the cheapness and availability of labor, is being pushed at record speed.

At the date of these returns picking was estimated as 56 per cent completed, or the highest average since 1915. At this time last year 48 per cent was picked, but in 1920 only 24.6 per cent and 2.70 per cent the year before. Never before in recent years has the crop matured and been picked in such a short space of time. In sections where cotton has suffered most all of the crop has been gathered in and marketed. At other points practically everything will be made in one or two pickings. However, except where serious injury has been caused by premature opening cotton is said to be clean and of fine quality and likely to grade well, a factor of considerable importance when it comes to computing final results.

With very few exceptions, cotton is being sold as fast as ginned. The principal reasons for this are the farmers' urgent need of funds wherewith to pay off bank loans, also the high prices prevailing. In some states there are a few reported as holding 10 to 25 per cent back.

Inquiry into the activities of co-operative growers' associations shows that these are most effective in the Carolinas, Georgia and Mississippi. At other points, especially Texas, Oklahoma, Tennessee and Arkansas these organizations are not in favor. However, even where they have most members the general belief is that they will not prove much of a factor in the marketing of the crop. In only a few isolated cases are they said to be handling as much as 25 per cent of the cotton ginned.

In analyzing this month's returns the feeling paramount seems to be one of keen disappointment at the failure to realize the splendid promise of last spring. Coupled with the ever increasing inroads of the boll weevil, rendered doubly formidable by two open winters and then excessive moisture throughout the spring, weather conditions have been consistently unfavorable to cotton growing and many farmers are showing signs of extreme discouragement. This is indicated by numerous reports to the effect that planters are planning either increased diversification in their crops or else give up the attempt at cotton production altogether.

In view of all these considerations it is perhaps not altogether unreasonable to presuppose that a rather too pessimistic attitude is being taken. Some usually well-informed observers point out that last year, with fully as many drawbacks as this, nearly two million more bales were produced than estimated. It would not be at all surprising, therefore, if this year's "spotted" crop should turn out to be less of a failure than is now so widely believed. At all events with the constantly increasing demand for the staple and high prices realized coupled with lessened costs of production there is very little likelihood of the south abandoning its struggle to raise cotton. It is far more likely that new and more effective means to control the weevil will be essayed next year.

ENGLAND YIELDS TO KEMAL PASHA

Dispute Over Dardanelles to Be Settled at Armistice Conference at Mudania

Constantinople, Oct. 2.—With the armistice conference definitely fixed for tomorrow at Mudania, a peril of war between Great Britain and Turkey appeared less menacing. Britain's recession from the neutral zone controversy caused no little surprise and disappointment, but it was generally admitted this step was the only thing which could have stayed Mustapha Kemal Pasha's hand.

Constantinople, Oct. 2—An immediate mutual agreement to suspend all movements of troops is expected to be the first outcome of the Mudania armistice conference, which meets tomorrow. The allied policy at the conference will be decided upon at a meeting in Constantinople this afternoon of the allied generals, admirals, high commissioners and military attaches in extraordinary council.

MINE OWNERS TO MEET MINERS

Cleveland, Oct. 1.—About one hundred representatives of bituminous operators and miners from five states will meet here tomorrow to consider matters pertaining to the coal industry, which have been subdued since the mine strike ended and to arrange for a conference in January, when miners' wages for the fiscal year beginning April 1, are to be set. Another purpose of the conference will be to initiate an investigation of the industry concurrently with that to be carried on by the fact-finding commission to be appointed by President Harding.

The conference may recommend representative union officials and operators to be placed on the president's coal commission. The hope has been expressed on both sides that the conference will reach some agreement which will avoid another national coal strike.

The conference was provided for in the agreement which brought the coal strike to an end in the middle of August. The area of the bituminous coal fields to be represented tomorrow will be larger than that covered by the Cleveland conference. Scale committeemen from all the operators' association of Ohio, Illinois, Indiana, Pennsylvania and West Virginia dealing with the United Mine Workers of America are expected. Members of the Pittsburgh Vein Operators' Association of Cleveland, many of whom seceded from the August conference, will participate individually.

The fall term of the court of general sessions will open Monday, October 9th for a two weeks' session.

RUM RUNNER CAPTURED

High Powered Car Especially Fitted For Hauling Liquor Being Held in Augusta

Augusta, Ga., Sept. 27.—A high-powered automobile, apparently especially constructed for transporting liquor, and a negro driving the car were captured shortly before 6 o'clock yesterday by Officer Radford, who said that he had been "tipped off" that the machine was en route to this city from South Carolina. The officer stated that the car originally bore a South Carolina state license number, but that the negro driver had stopped the car at the Center street bridge and changed the tags, placing a Georgia state number on the machine.

Some parties crossing the bridge detected the negro in the act of changing the tag and, upon seeing Officer Radford, informed him that the car would arrive in Augusta in a few minutes. When the machine reached the Georgia side of the bridge, shortly after, the negro was placed under arrest and sent to police headquarters for investigation.

Upon investigation it was found that the machine, a high-powered Cadillac touring car, was constructed in such a manner as to be able to haul at least 300 quarts of liquor. The seats were camouflaged to look natural, but the padding and springs had been removed and in their place was a box-like affair in which a number of bottles could be stored. The partition between the front and rear seats of the car was also constructed for hauling purposes, and small doors were cleverly concealed which led to the hiding places.

A thorough inspection of the car was made by officers yesterday morning, but no whiskey was found, and even though the odor of liquor was strong and some straw coverings of whiskey bottles were found, the authorities stated that they are without authority to confiscate the machine, inasmuch as no liquor was found.

The negro driving the machine gave his name to the local authorities as John Hibbs, and said that his home was in Columbia, S. C. He told the officers that the machine beonged to P. G. Kanelos, a white man, at Columbia, and stated that "he was just taking a trip to Savannah." The authorities here are of the belief that the car was en route to Savannah for other purposes, however, and the owner of the machine has been notified to come to this city for the car.

In searching the negro, following his arrest, Officer John Vaughn found a pistol on his person, and charges of carrying a pistol without a license and carrying concealed weapons have been docketed against him.

Florence Needs Expense Money

Not Enough in the Treasury to Run Until January 1

Florence, Sept. 28.—A resolution directing the county attorney to prepare a bond issue for $350,000 for Florence County, to be voted upon by the people in the general election in November, was one of the important matters disposed of today at a joint meeting of the past indebtedness and governing commission and the new county delegation. The funds derived from this bond issue will be used to handle the county's past nidebtedness to date and pay the running expense to January 1, 1923. This will leave the county with a clean slate with the beginning of the new year. The bonds are to run for a period of twenty years.

Another matter taken up was that of raising the necessary funds for running the county expenses, the remainder of this year, there being only some $10,000 in the treasury at present for all county purposes. It was estimated that additional funds amounting to $23,000 will be needed and unless this is secured all county work will be closed down and the courts suspended, with the exception of the Criminal Court, which meets next month. It was decided to accept the suggestion of Ashton H. Williams, Senator-elect, to find out the amount necessary for running expenses for the remainder of the year, and get the members of the old delegation to authorize this appropriation, the new delegation not having authority to authorize it. If this appropriation is authorized, the new delegation is bound by law to appropriate the amount at the next meeting of the General Assembly.

If the old delegation refuses to authorize this amount, the activities of the county will be closed down and the county convicts probably sent to the State penitentiary, it was stated.

There is much complaint that the detours around the sections of public roads now being hard surfaced are unnecessarily long and that little has been done to make them reasonably fit for use.

Farmers of various sections of Sumter and Clarendon counties who were in town Saturday, almost without exception reported that cotton picking was practically completed this week and if good weather continues next week the crop will be cleaned up. The concensus of opinion is that the total yield will fall considerably below that of last year which was less than one-third of a normal crop.

County Treasurer B. C. Wallace was quite busy Saturday writing tax receipts for those who availed themselves of the last opportunity to pay their 1921 taxes before executions are issued.

Abandon Steel Merger Plan

Bankers Unwilling to Finance in Face of Government Opposition

Washington, Sept. 28.—The proposed merger of the Inland Steel Company, the Midvale Steel and Ordnance Company and the Republic Iron and Steel Company will not be effected, it was announced today. The situation arising from the action of the federal trade commission in declaring that such a merger would be illegal, was declared responsible for the decision.

The decision to abandon the three-company consolidation, which was to have been known as the North American Steel Company, was strengthened, it was said, by the unwillingness of bankers to finance the merger in the face of the federal trade commission's ruling.

While the commission's action was expected to result in a modification of the original merger terms the actual abandonment of the plan came as a surprise in the financial district.

The original plans for an independent steel merger involved seven companies, the Republic, Midvale, Inland, Youngstown Sheet and Tube, Lackawanna Steel, Steel and Tube of America, and Brier Hill Steel companies. Executives of the seven companies made a tour of the plants involved late last spring. Shortly after they returned to this city, the Lackawanna company withdrew from the negotiations and announced that tentative plans had been completed for its absorption by the Bethlehem Steel company. Soon afterward the Youngstown Sheet and Tube company withdrew because of dissatisfaction with the capital readjustment plan, feeling that their plant was not being considered at its true valuation. After a series of conferences two more companies dropped out and it was finally decided to go ahead on a three-company plan.

The merger plans were attacked by the Lockwood legislative committee investigation housing conditions and later both the federal trade commission which gave out a decision that the combination if effected, would constitute an illegal monopoly. Promoters of the merger called attention to the fact that the combined output of the three companies was more than 20 per cent of the country's total steel production. They also claimed to have the attorney general's approval of their project.

COTTON MARKETING ASSOCIATION

New Contracts Pouring into Columbia Headquarters

Columbia, S. C., Sept. 30.—Indicating the onward sweep of cooperative marketing of cotton in South Carolina, a telegram was received at the headquarters of the South Carolina Cotton Growers Association from L. L. Rice, of Anderson, stating that J. J. Fretwell, one of the largest farmers, bankers and business men in the upper part of the state, had signed the contract. After watching the progress of the organization, Mr. Fretwell made up his mind this morning to affix his signature to the contract.

Notwithstanding the cotton season is on, dozens of contracts are pouring into association headquarters daily. Yesterday over fifty new contracts were received. Cotton is also pouring into the association from all sections of the state. Yesterday over 200 cars were either in the yards here or enroute over one railroad alone, the Atlantic Coast Line. Other roads also had heavy incoming shipments. So heavy was the traffic that a report got in circulation over the state that an embargo had been placed on the association's cotton. This report was denied by both association and Coast Line officials. It was admitted that shipments to the association were exceedingly heavy, but denial was made that an embargo would be placed. Railroad officials are cooperating with the association as closely as possible in moving the cotton.

Conference Declined

General Manager of Coast Line Refuses to See Shopmen

Rocky Mount, N. C., Sept. 28.—"There can be no subject for discussion or negotiations and the request for a conference has been declined," said P. R. Albright, vice president and general manager of the Atlantic Coast Line, when questioned concerning the appeal made by officers of the Atlantic Coast Line shop crafts for a conference with the management with the view of effecting an individual settlement of the strike on that railroad.

Sultan Quits, Report

Paris, Sept. 28. — Mohammed VI, Sultan of Turkey, has abdicated in favor of the heir apparent, Prince Abdul Medjid Effendi, according to a report sent by the Havas correspondent at Constantinople. The news, he adds, has not yet been officially announced.

Prince Abdul Medjid, who is a cousin of the Sultan, was born in 1868.

Quite a number of Sumter people attended the centenary district rally at Boykins' Mill Thursday. Some of those in the party were Dr. and Mrs. J. W. Daniel, Rev. and Mrs. E. L. McCoy, Rev. J. G. Ferguson, Mr. Robert Brown and Mrs. E. W. Vogel.

FRENCH POLICY REMAINS SAME

Government is Concerned Over Athens' Report

Paris, Sept. 28 (By the Associated Press).—France's policy in the Near East, as laid down in the note she sent to Kemal Pasha jointly with the other allies, has not been modified by the overturn in Greece, it was announced after a cabinet meeting today.

The French government is greatly concerned over the reported determination of the new Greek government to defend Thrace. Such a decision, it is believed, would be certain to react unfavorably on the Kemalists and the dispatch of Greek forces to Eastern Thrace would almost certainly be followed by a belligerent move on the part of the Turks in Asia Minor and disturbances in Constantinople. The situation, it is thought, will have the effect of delaying Kemal's reply to the allied note several more days.

M. Franklin-Boullin, the French emissary to the Nationalists, is expected to see Kemal at Smyrna today or tomorrow. He will use the entire influence of his government to try and keep the Nationalist leader from taking any action with regard to Thrace until the intentions of the Greek government are clearly established.

After his interview with the French diplomat Kemal, it is understood, will leave immediately for Angora, where the Nationalist assembly will formally vote on the allied communications. The fear is expressed that if Greece meanwhile begins plans for the defense of Thrace the assembly will refuse to accept the allied terms.

There was said today to be no intention of modifying the allied attitude toward Greece in view of the abdication of Constantine. The allies will make the strongest efforts to have the Greeks retire from Eastern Thrace under the terms made to Kemal. Allied observers, however, admit that a popular revolt in Greece for the defense of Thrace could not be stopped by allied diplomatic pressure.

GOVERNOR REVOKES PAROLE

Anderson Man to Be Sent Back to Prison

Columbia, Sept. 29.—Governor Harvey yesterday afternoon revoked the parole of Reed Shaw, an Anderson man, convicted of manslaughter, but who since being paroled has been reported to the governor as having violated the laws. Shaw was convicted of manslaughter and sent to the penitentiary for seven years. On May 17, 1920, he was paroled during his good behavior. A recent investigation of his behavior produced for the governor evidence to show that he has not been living up to the condition of the parole, and the clemency was revoked.

Beaufort Girl Wins

Given First Honors in Biscuit Making Contest

Columbia, Sept. 28.—Miss Edna Mae McDaniels, of Beaufort, won first honors here today in the biscuit making contest, with competitors entered from Aiken, Allendale, Bamberg, Barnwell, Beaufort, Hampton, Lexington, Orangeburg and Richland counties. Miss Iva Thomas, Hampton, was second; Miss Mary Shealey, Lexington, third and Miss Allene Mitchell, Barnwell, fourth.

Miss Annie Ruth Carter, Bamberg, was awarded first place in the canning exhibit, and Miss Genievieve Smith, Lexington and Elizabeth Curran, of Richland, were next in order.

Engagement Announced.

Mr. and Mrs. Thomas B. Caudle announce the engagement of their daughter, Miss Evelyn Austell Caudle to Mr. William J. Crowson, Jr., the wedding to take place about the middle of November.

Much interest has been occasioned by the announcement for Miss Caudle is one of the most popular members of the younger set in Sumter, while Mr. Crowson as cashier and director of the National Bank of Sumter, is one of the best known young bankers of the state, besides being prominently identified with civic and social organizations in the city and county.

A special term of the court of common pleas will convene on Monday, October 23rd for a two weeks' session. The order was signed today by Chief Justice Gary at the request of the Sumter Bar Association. The special judge who will be named to preside over this court has not been announced.

The Sumter tobacco market closed for the 1922 season Friday. The Banner warehouse closed on the 22nd, and the Farmers' Warehouse and the Co-operative receiving warehouse closed Friday. The total receipts of tobacco at the Sumter market during the season approximated 1,500,000 pounds.

Bishop Collins Denny of Richmond, Va., was the guest on Wednesday evening of Rev. and Mrs. E. L. McCoy. On Thursday the bissop delivered a great address to the preachers and a large number of laymen of the Sumter District at Baykin's Mill where a picnic dinner was served.

Why shouldn't the ex-kaiser marry? He has enough wood cut to last him all winter.