

of the University Settlement New York is to aid the... neighborhood, "without... on their self respect," and no... any are assumed.

Housekeepers know "boneless... and now a member of the United... Fish Commission, announces that... boneless shad is in process of evolu... and well advanced toward comple... He does not see his bones in the... way as the cod, to wit, shad, death... out by careful broiling.

The Secretary of Treasury has requested the Secretary of State to instruct the United States consular officers everywhere to refuse to certify invoices of goods on and after September 1st unless the merchandise is invoiced after the metric system. This action is taken on information received from the consuls at Paris and Lyons, who say that the "same" system of measurement now is used in France on invoices of goods intended for the United States, facilitates frauds on the Custom House, and that the metric system would greatly simplify commercial transactions and facilitate a comparison of invoices and prices.

A man up from Venezuela, where they have been cutting one another's throats in a revolutionary matinee, says of that unhappy country's warriors: "Falfast's ragged regiment wasn't in it with the soldiers down there. They are the hungriest looking creatures you ever saw. I've given pennies to them on the street. They wear linen breeches and an undershirt, and when they come into town they wrap their blankets around them to cover their nakedness. They carry old flint-lock muskets. There are a few Remingtons and Winchester, but mighty few. They have machetes. A machete is a sort of butcher-knife without a point. It is about three inches wide and thirty inches long, and pretty heavy. They cut wood and kill snakes and enemies with machetes. Some of them have shoes, but the most of them wear a leather sole with a strap across the heel and toe. The bare heels and toes stick out."

SMOK LIVINGSTON, EDWARD M'IVER, Bennettville, S. C., Cherraw, S. C. Livingstons & M'Iver, ATTORNEYS AT LAW. Will practice in all the Courts of the Fourth Circuit. W. S. JACKSON, Proprietor of Cherraw Livery & Sale Stables. ALSO DEALERS IN WAGONS, BUGGIES, HARNESS, ROAD CARTS, Etc., Etc.

W. L. T. PRINCE, W. F. STEVENSON, PRINCE & STEVENSON Attorneys-at-Law. CHERAW, S. C. Prince & Stevenson, partners in litigation, practice in Chesterfield and Marlboro' counties. W. F. Stevenson will be at the Chesterfield office the first Monday and Tuesday thereafter, and the third Thursday and Friday thereafter of each month.

Chesterfield Advertiser \$1.00 Per Year. Lowest Advertising Rates GIVEN ON APPLICATION. Professional Cards. G. Allen Huggins, DENTAL SURGEON, CHESTERFIELD, S. C. C. L. Vick, DENTIST, CHESTERFIELD, S. C.

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ANOTHER MONEY CROP.

Fig Culture in the South Easy and Profitable. RALEIGH, N. C.—The New York papers say fresh figs are being shipped to New York from California. If this is so why can not we here in North Carolina send them in much better condition. The fig (July 30th) figs are retailing in Raleigh markets for twenty-five cents per peck and the crop from now until frost will be very large. I am going to make an experimental shipment for the benefit of our growers and believe that they can be shipped in strawberry boxes and crates just as well, or better, than strawberries are. Figs all over Eastern North Carolina can be grown as successfully and of as fine quality as anywhere in California, and if we once get our slow people stirred up to their interest in the matter, they are sure to "git there" in the end. The interest in the fig crop is increasing here. I have distributed in the last three years over 6,000 fig trees from the North Carolina State of our thirty varieties of the choicest figs of Italy and the Levant, and an beginning to see some of the results. We have had recently San Pedro figs, which weighed a quarter of a pound each. These were of the first crop, which is always large in size of fruit in the early figs set in late autumn and remain dormant all winter and swell out in spring when the winter is not so severe as to injure them. Many of them get nipped by frost and the early crop is never so large as the later ones. The second or main crop is now coming on, and is unusually abundant, and will be until frost. These were of the first crop, which is always large in size of fruit in the early figs set in late autumn and remain dormant all winter and swell out in spring when the winter is not so severe as to injure them. Many of them get nipped by frost and the early crop is never so large as the later ones. The second or main crop is now coming on, and is unusually abundant, and will be until frost.

I have suggested to our growers and wish to repeat it here, to take the figs when ripe, but not too soft, wrap each in tissue paper and pack snugly in strawberry boxes, and then pack in crates not longer than thirty-two in a crate, and I am sure they will reach the northern cities in good order. A number of farmers have written to me for directions for drying figs. I have found the following the best plan: Take well-ripened figs, make a strong lye of hard-wood ashes, dip the figs in the lye, rinse and wipe dry with a soft cloth, and dry in any of the cheap, portable evaporators. When dry pack in boxes just as figs are packed abroad. A lye made of washing soda will answer, but is not so good as wood ashes lye. The object is to remove the acidity of the skins. The figs can also be treated in this way and then instead of drying, preserve them in the old-fashioned way, in syrup: Put them up in glass jars with neat bligh grape leaves and they will "sell like hot cakes." Many southern ladies could make money in this way. A little ginger root with them is an improvement. Here is an industry which our Southern people ought surely to develop. I met one of our leading farmers to day, a member of our Board of Agriculture. He said that our work here has brought about a new era of peace in the State, and that in a section more are being sown than ever knew. Formerly from his station a number of car loads were shipped annually to New Orleans for seed, but this year they were hard to get at all prices. Many southern farmers had the seed on their own land. I had great difficulty in getting seed peace wanted for parties North who are taking an interest in the crop. Here is another opening for our South folk. Hundreds of farmers are trying these peace in localities too far North to ripen them well. They are finding them valuable, and the demand will annually increase. Our farmers should grow them not only for the benefit of their soil, but for the sale of seed. You can not go wrong in this matter. There will be a greater demand every year for this valuable crop and our growers should be prepared to meet it. At present the balance of the trade is against the South and many grow away from us northward, but it is our power, with the wonderful variety of crops we can grow to change all this, get the balance on our side and thus make the money stay here. Grow peace for sale of seed, grow peace to feed hogs and stop sending money North for bacon; and, finally, grow peace to prepare your land to grow more of everything else. All that the upper Piedmont country of North Carolina, there is the finest wheat soil, naturally, in this country, and the people are attempting to grow cotton when wheat or peace fallow would bring them more money, and would enable them to keep stock and make manure and all the products of the dairy. I ate to day peace made at our experiment station. Pro Emory, finer than can be bought to day in Raleigh at twenty cents per pound. All of Piedmont N. C., can make good peace even if they can not make a market for butter. It will be a happy day for the hill country when they quit cotton on most of their lands and go in for wheat, grass, peace and cow peas.

ALLIANCE READING. President Butler's Annual Message. To the North Carolina State Alliance in Session at Greensboro. To the N. C. Farmers' State Alliance: BRETTMAN.—One year ago you placed your banner in my hands. You placed me in the front of the N. C. division of the great national army of reformers. It was a position of tremendous responsibility and I trust I felt in a large degree the gravity of the situation. It was at a time when the organization was entering the most critical period of its existence, a time when we and our principles were to be subjected to the supreme crucible test. This year has been a stormy one. Every day, Sundays excluded, the fire of the enemy has been poured upon us with marvellous force in an unscrupulous manner. The money power has left no stone unturned to crush the movement and down the cry of the weak for mercy and the demand of freeman for justice. Today we meet again. Let us see what has been accomplished; what the present status of the organization is, and what is our duty in the future. Every reform movement has its various stages of growing and development. Many of those movements sooner or later reach the stage of disintegration and decay. This has been the case when the cause is slight or local or temporary or when the people failed to find the true cause for a real wrong, and therefore could not apply the true remedy. The cause of the present movement is deep rooted and wide spread. It is one that in a large degree affects alike every laborer and wealth producer of the whole country and portion of those suffering from the blighting effects of some great influence caused them to organize to study the situation. They formed themselves into a great vigilance committee to search for the cause, a cause that made them poorer while each worked harder created more wealth, a cause that has made poor the people whose labor has made their country rich. Since this class of men and this condition existed in every quarter of the country, the organization soon spread over the whole country. For years the cause or rather the causes have been simultaneously searched for and studied from Maine to California and across the lakes to the gulf. The cause or part of the cause were found. The whole organization agreed on them. The public generally agreed that the evil causes existed. We then appealed to the law makers of the country for a remedy. Great sympathy was expressed for our condition, but no remedy was agreed to. The organization then formulated its own remedies for each cause and appealed to the law makers for their remedies. They found fault with our remedies. We then demanded that they should give those demanded or nothing better. That was fair. For if the wrong exists, if unjust and oppressive laws are on the statute books, it is the duty of our law makers to give us relief, to give us our remedy or a better one. Up to date the demands of the people have been ignored, while every request of the monopoly corporations and the money power has been promptly agreed to. We have just realized that the organization came too late for justice to be gotten by petition.

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THREE STATES BRIEFS.

Telegraphic Dispatches From Many Points of Interest. The Fields of Virginia, North and South Carolina, are being cleaned for wheat. VIRGINIA. There are about 100,000 acres cut on a strike at Pocomoke at present. The national archery tournament, an at Old Point Comfort, Thursday, a nearly all the clubs in the United States have representatives present. Col. John M. Brookenbrough died at his residence in Richmond. He was 62 years of age and a native of Richmond county. He commanded the 40th Virginia regiment in the war up to Gettysburg. Mrs. Ye, wife of the Consul secretary, has not been well for some months past, and will leave Washington, September 5th for a visit to her home in Paris, to which country she will be accompanied by Miss Davis, of Abingdon, Va., who will go as a missionary. They will sail September 17th from San Francisco. A fatal and singular accident occurred on board the train for the Queen of the South at Albright Saturday evening, by which a colored woman had her neck broken. She was on her way from Washington to her home, near Brooke station. After the train left Brooke she attempted to pass through the car when by a sudden lurch of the train she was thrown violently against the back of one of the seats and her neck broke.

NORTH CAROLINA. The residence of Sheriff E. O. Ross at Asheboro was burned Tuesday. The Rowan County Fair will be held in Salisbury October 4-7. Guy Maxwell, aged 23, was drowned in Lake Forsyth at Charlotte, Friday. A young lady, Miss Kate Pater, was killed by lightning at Farmer's Turnout, Brunswick county. The aggregate valuation of the property in Forsyth county, as reported by the tax collector, is \$7,570,000. The property held by the white class is rated at \$7,456,598, and the colored people at \$123,725.

Dr. Kemp P. Battle, of the State University, has accepted an invitation to deliver the historical address at Raleigh's centennial celebration on October 19th. His subject as assigned by the committee will be "The First Hundred Years of Raleigh." The convention of oyster growers was held at Ocracoke last week. Resolutions were adopted and ordered to be presented to the Legislature next winter that the oysterman were opposed to scraping or dredging of any kind on oyster grounds. Two Second Adventists, a man and his wife, have been committing suicide at Charlestown, in Lenoir county, for about three months past. Their property held by the white class is rated at \$7,456,598, and the colored people at \$123,725.

CHARLESTON. Charleston has quarantined against the cholera. Lieut. Commander Wm. W. Rhoads has been ordered to duty at the naval station at Port Royal, S. C. The acreage of sea island cotton in the State is 12 to 15 per cent less than last year. A little boy named John Meadows was drowned in Colonial Lake, Charleston, Thursday. Fairfield county fair will be held at Wainsboro October 27-30. The Richmond fair will open at Columbia on Nov. 15. The Geo gettown Rice Mill has recently put eleven Engleburg rice millers in its mill at a cost of \$4,000. The acreage in rice is increasing. OTHER STATES. A coroner's jury at Nashville, Tenn., investigated the killing of J. H. Taylor, a horse thief, and returned a verdict that Sheriff Hill was justified in killing the man. A man at Macon, Ga., has a \$10 note of the State of North Carolina, printed in 1788. While he is rather proud of his treasure as a curiosity he cannot help calculating the compound interest he has lost by the money lying there unemployed. To Invite Senator Hill to Topeka. [From the Kansas City Times.] TOPEKA, KAN.—The Kansas Democratic Flambeau Club of Topeka at a meeting voted to invite Senator David B. Hill of New York to visit Topeka this fall and to give the address at the Topeka Chamber of Commerce. The following committee on this purpose was appointed with orders to report at the next regular meeting: Judge John Mar in, Mayor R. L. Coffey, C. K. Holliday, J. Eugene Hagas, Eugene Wolfe, S. B. Jenhart, the Hon. M. Heery, Randall Mason, John Miteham, and A. J. Arnold. A Mountain Cave Hospital. MEMPHIS, TENN.—A special from Coal Creek says a mountaineer discovered the hiding formation of the discovery of the hospital in the mountains a few miles from Coal Creek which the miners have in covered to a cave. He says he saw 21 dead bodies there and a large number wounded. Used Her Dress to Take Her Life. NEW YORK, N. Y.—Mary Burns, aged 28, of 49 Christie street, was arrested on the Bowery last night for taking drunk and disorderly. She was locked up in the station house and this morning was found dead. She had torn her dress into shreds and hanged herself to the bars of the window. To Prison for Hugging Girls. NYACK, N. Y.—Justice Matthews of this place sent John Lampe of Brooklyn to Rockland county jail for two months for hugging girls on the street. First Frost in New Hampshire. CONCORD, N. H. Aug. 30.—The first frost of the season prevailed in this vicinity this morning.

A ROMAN BULL.

The Pope Dismisses Cardinal Ruggiero in Disgrace. All Germany's Sons Must Learn the Art of War. Says Emperor William. ROME, ITALY.—Great excitement has been caused by the dismissal of Cardinal Ruggiero, Prefect of Financial Affairs of the Propaganda, and who has been looked upon as the probable successor of Pope Leo XIII. It is said that the Pope himself ordered Ruggiero's dismissal, being convinced, as a result of inquiry, that Ruggiero, and not Monsignor Folchi, was the really guilty party in connection with the misinvestments, to use a mild term, for which Monsignor Folchi was dismissed from the Papal service about a year ago. The dismissal of Folchi was brought about by the Cardinal, Ruggiero, Folchi was Vice-Chamberlain to the Pope, and had control of the Papal funds. It was alleged that in the winter of 1890-91, Monsignor Folchi, supported by Prince Buoncompagni and Baron Lascaoli, resolved, in order to save the Banco di Roma, which the Vatican held 10,000 out of 12,000 shares, besides other securities, to establish first in Paris and London, and afterward in Rome, Berlin and New York, a syndicate of Catholic banks, with the object of absorbing the financial societies of Rome. It was known to be a disastrous condition, and to cost them to vitality, while at the same time raising the value of the depreciated securities. Above all they wanted to save the Banco di Roma, intending, as they eventually did, entirely to reconstruct it. The scandal arising out of the affair has already been made public. Later investigations appear to have exonerated Folchi and implicated Ruggiero. There is great excitement in church circles, and it is generally believed that a tremendous scandal is awaiting disclosure.

ANTWERP IN A STATE OF TERROR. ANTWERP, HOLLAND.—The excitement in this city over the outbreak of cholera is increasing. There little doubt that the disease was brought here by vessels from eastern Europe. The first victims were local laborers. They were taken to the hospitals, where the doctors stated that it was ordinary cholera and that nothing was to be dreaded from it. The disease, however, spread and the public became alarmed. The first victims died almost immediately after entering the hospital and the appearance of the bodies showed the disease to be Asiatic cholera.

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THE DREAD CHOLERA.

U. S. Government Precautions to Prevent its Coming Here. People Dying by the Thousands in Germany, Persia and Russia. WASHINGTON, D. C.—The State Department received further advice relative to the cholera, of a very disgusting nature, the vice consul general at Teheran, Mr. Fox, son of a prominent newspaper man at Washington, D. C., says the estimated deaths in Persia are 25,000; 5,000 in Mesched, 13,000 in Tabriz, 8,000 in Teheran and 10,000 in other places. His appeals for assistance to the American hospital in Teheran have already been made public. The consul at Hamburg telegraphs that the authorities of that city admit that Asiatic cholera has been prevalent there since August 18th, and that up to August 3rd there were 291 cases and 75 deaths. Nevertheless, the fact, the existence of cholera there was denied, up to August 23d, just as it is now also denied at Havre. The attempt to suppress accurate information occasions much uneasiness to health officers here.

THE DREAD PESTILENCE IN HAMBURG. HAMBURG, GERMANY.—One hundred and sixty-nine bodies of cholera victims are awaiting burial in this city. So great is the terror caused by the cholera that it is difficult to get men for the work of burying the dead and many assistants of undertakers have deserted their places. Business is prostrate and shipping is going to other ports. So serious is the panic that Russian immigrants now in the city find it difficult to procure food, as everybody tries to avoid them. At Altema the army surgeons have been ordered by their superiors to assist the civilian doctors in caring for the cholera victims.

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LONDON MOVING AGAINST THE CHOLERA. LONDON.—The health committee of the municipality held a meeting to consider the precautions against the cholera. It was announced that all the steamship lines proposed to suspend their immigration traffic until the danger from cholera should be over. IT HAS REACHED ALBION'S SHORES. LONDON.—The Asiatic cholera has arrived in England. The steamer Gemma from Hamburg has entered at Gravesend bringing several cases of the plague. Two women on the steamer have died of cholera, and another victim, a man, is improving. The cause causes great consternation at Gravesend. PARIS.—At Havre forty-eight fresh cases of cholera and 21 deaths are reported. RUSSIAN TRADE CUT OFF. KONGSBERG.—The government has ordered the suspension of all traffic on the Russian frontier except at Eydtkum and Proskten. A multitude of intending emigrants have been stopped at points on the frontier and driven back to Russia. FEARFUL CHOLERA MORTALITY IN RUSSIA. ST. PETERSBURG.—Thursday, according to the official returns, there were 6,322 new cases of cholera against 5,670 deaths. Yesterday there were 2,977 deaths reported against 2,748 for Wednesday. In St. Petersburg there were reported 103 new cases and 24 deaths. STEAMSHIP VOYAGES AFFECTED. LONDON.—The Hamburg-American steamship Columbia will not proceed to Hamburg. She is unloading here and will start for New York on Saturday. The steamship Normandie, of the same line, will not be allowed to land, it is said, although she declined to take on board 400 emigrants who applied for passage. "No Mormons Need Apply." RICHMOND, VA.—Pursuant to adjournment a meeting of the citizens of Henover county was held at Beaver Dam depot on Saturday to take into consideration the "Mormon settlement." It was resolved that no Mormonism would be tolerated and a committee was appointed to escort the Mormons to the border of the county which was promptly done, and upon promise of the elders not to return they were released. Ran Away With His Mother-in-Law. SALEM, VA.—A citizen of this place has been placed in a curious predicament by the action of his son in law. The latter, who lives with his father-in-law and works at the mines of the Salem Furnace Company, returned home a few nights ago and eloped with his mother-in-law. The father-in-law has instituted a suit for divorce on the ground of desertion. Mr. Cleveland Won't Go Stumping. BUZZARD'S BAY, MASS.—Ex-President Cleveland has felt obliged to decline all invitations to make political speeches, from what ever part of the country they come. He does not expect to make a political speech during the campaign. Charleston, S. C., is making soundings to deepen its harbor, so as to admit the biggest ocean ships. Dr. Le lie E. Keeler, of bi chloride of iron fame, has sued the London Lancet for libel. The Louisiana Lottery will remain New Orleans. One man out of every twenty-five occupies his own house in England.

A CLOUD-BURST AT ROANOKE.

Over \$100,000 Damage Done and a Man Drowned. ROANOKE, VA.—A cloud burst over this city at 9:30 Monday night and rain fell in torrents over four hours, filling cellars and lower floors of business houses on Campbell and Salem avenues and Nelson, Jefferson, Henry and Commerce streets. Doors were burst open, windows crushed in by floating debris and goods washed away. The loss in goods damaged will reach \$100,000. Many buildings are seriously damaged by the undermining of foundations. Barney Smith in trying to cross Salem avenue stepped into an excavation for a sewer and was drowned. Policeman Peck lost his footing there and fell in and was killed or maimed. It is said that other people have been drowned, but the report cannot be verified. Men and horses travelling the flooded streets were compelled to swim. The electric light station was flooded. The electric cars are not running, and it will be a week before lights and power for the operation of machinery in many establishments can be supplied. The storm was confined principally to Roanoke. Six miles westward there was only a sprinkle. Farms a two miles South of the city were ploughing, and north and east the rainfall was very light.

Was Afraid He'd Be Elected. JACKSON, MISS.—The Rev. J. H. Gambrell, the Baptist minister who was some weeks since nominated for Congress in this district by the People's party, has withdrawn. He gives the strange reason that he thinks he will be elected if he remains a give up his church and go to Congress, and that his former candidacy was for the purpose of assisting in the reform movement. His reason is the theme of much diverse criticism. Richmond's Chamber of Commerce. RICHMOND, VA.—The cornerstone of the chamber of commerce was laid in dry Masonic form at 5 o'clock. The grand lodge of Masons at 5:30 proceeded to the site, corner Main and Ninth streets, the Knights Templar acting as escorts. The address was delivered by Colonel John Purcell in behalf of the chamber. A Mountain Cave Hospital. MEMPHIS, TENN.—A special from Coal Creek says a mountaineer discovered the hiding formation of the discovery of the hospital in the mountains a few miles from Coal Creek which the miners have in covered to a cave. He says he saw 21 dead bodies there and a large number wounded. Used Her Dress to Take Her Life. NEW YORK, N. Y.—Mary Burns, aged 28, of 49 Christie street, was arrested on the Bowery last night for taking drunk and disorderly. She was locked up in the station house and this morning was found dead. She had torn her dress into shreds and hanged herself to the bars of the window. To Prison for Hugging Girls. NYACK, N. Y.—Justice Matthews of this place sent John Lampe of Brooklyn to Rockland county jail for two months for hugging girls on the street. First Frost in New Hampshire. CONCORD, N. H. Aug. 30.—The first frost of the season prevailed in this vicinity this morning.

PRETTY POLITICS.

Interesting Events [From All Over The Field. Nominations For Congress and State Tickets Made at a Lively Rate. A convention of Ohio Democratic colored men will be held at Akron on September 15-16. LYNCHBURG, VA.—The Democratic nominating convention for the Sixth District nominated Hon. Paul C. Edmunds for re-election by acclamation. At Richmond, Va., the Third party district met and nominated Walter E. Grant for Congress. At Martinsville, Va., the Democratic Congressional convention for the Fifth nominated Claude A. Swanson of Pittsylvania county. RALEIGH, N. C.—John S. Henderson was nominated for Congress by acclamation by Democrats of the Seventh District. Frank Koonce is nominated for Congress by the Third party in the Third District. The number of voters registered in Mississippi and entitled to take part in the November election is about 80,000, of whom 9,000 are negroes. It is estimated that 94 per cent of the negroes failed to register. Col. W. C. P. Breckinridge has been officially declared the Democratic nominee for Congress from Ashland district in Kentucky, no candidate having appeared against him. Senator Hale stated in an interview that Mr. Blaine will, if physically able, deliver two or three speeches during the campaign in Maine; otherwise he will express his views in a letter. The Washington Democratic State convention at Olympia nominated H. S. Sively of Yakima, for Governor; J. A. Munday for Congress; H. C. Wilson for Lieutenant Governor, and B. K. Hanna and H. W. Brinker for the Supreme bench. During the session of the Kentucky Legislature a Senator said that any man who said the journal was incorrect "lied from the tip of his lying tongue to the bottom of his black, bribe-taking heart," and that he was astonished that the Senate would tolerate such a member who came into the Senate "bleary eyed and incapable of comprehending the business before it." When he was called to order he "disclaimed any intention of being personal."

TWO PUGILISTS IN A ROW. Corbett and McCaffrey Nearly Come to Blows.—The "Chip on the Shoulder." NEW YORK, N. Y.—James J. Corbett, the California pugilist, and Dominick McCaffrey, who is now acting as boxing instructor in the Manhattan Club, nearly came to blows at the Madison Square Garden. McCaffrey came to the garden to accept an offer that has appeared in several papers by which Corbett was to stop McCaffrey in 4 rounds on September 12 at the Manhattan Club. Corbett denied that he had made any such offer, whereupon McCaffrey exclaimed: "Why, it has been in all the papers," at the same time tapping Corbett on the arm with a folded newspaper he was carrying. "Don't you touch me!" cried Corbett, excitedly; "keep that paper off me!" "Does it hurt you?" asked Dominick sarcastically. At that Corbett made a move as though to draw back his right hand for a blow, but his better judgment prevailed and he only remarked: "Don't try to monkey with me! I'll chuck you out of this window." "I guess I can protect myself," replied McCaffrey. Corbett finally offered to box McCaffrey four rounds before the Club giving the largest purse, the man having the best of it to get the decision and he would bet the amount of the purse that he would knock Dominick out. McCaffrey answered that he only intended to accept Corbett's original proposition and after a lot of talk it fell through.

TILLMAN ELECTED. South Carolina's Present Governor Carries the Primaries. COLUMBIA, S. C.—Returns are coming in slowly. The towns are largely in the majority for the Sherman or conservative ticket, whereas Tillman and his ticket have their chief strength in the country districts. Reports coming in from the towns put Sheppard in the lead. At the Democratic primaries in this Chester county Hemphill, for Congress, carried the county by 400. Tillman, for Governor, 500 majority. Returns indicate that Tillman has carried Greenville county by 300 to 500 majority. The indications are that Tillman will carry York county by not less than 700 majority. The race between Hemphill and Strait is so close that it is impossible to say who will get the majority. Hemphill's friends are most hopeful. A feature of the balloting in Columbia was the refusal of the managers of the election to allow Judge A. H. Haskell to vote. Col Haskell is the man who led the independent Democratic movement against Tillman two years ago. When asked if he was entitled to vote he replied that he had been a Democrat all his life and had been a member of a club for ten years. Being asked if he would pledge himself to abide the result and support the nominee he replied "I decline to pledge myself to abide the result of the primary and to support the nominees of the party, such pleading at the primary elections being against the fundamental principles of a republican form of government, against the rights of free men and in violation of some Democracy."

MacRae Associate Justice. RALEIGH, N. C.—Gov. Holt has appointed four James C. MacRae, of Fayetteville to be Associate Justice of the Supreme Court, to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Judge David Davis. Henry W. Grady, only son of the lamented Henry W. Grady, will enter the University in Virginia in October.

THE STRIKE ENDED. BUFFALO, N. Y.—The switchmen's strike is officially declared off. Effective at midnight.