

Job Work of every description done promptly and in the very best and most artistic manner at reasonable rates.

E. C. DAKE, 65 Merchants' Exchange, San Francisco, is Sole Agent for the Enterprise in that City.

Entered at the Florence Post-Office as second-class matter.

FLORENCE, SATURDAY, OCT. 7, 1882

FOR DELEGATE TO CONGRESS, HON. GRANVILLE H. OURY, OF FLORENCE, PINAL COUNTY.

FOR SUPERINTENDENT PUBLIC INSTRUCTION, W. B. HORTON, OF TUCSON, PIMA COUNTY.

MR. DAVIS is a politician, and politicians know but little and care less about the management of public schools.

THERE is a great deal of fool in politics this fall.—Star. Our contemporary must have heard that Reymert was a candidate.

ENGLAND has decided to keep 20,000 troops in Egypt till the objects which caused the war shall have been accomplished.

THE election of Reymert would be equivalent to offering a premium for rascality, and our voters are not the kind to do that.

REYMER is so unpopular that he is under the necessity of treating himself ten or twelve times a day, to make sure of his own vote.

PORTER'S boom is not visible to the naked eye, in this county, and it would take a telescope of great magnifying power to discover it.

DON CAMERON has practically given up the fight in Pennsylvania. The Independents are too many for him. A democratic victory will be the result.

THE stiffening has all oozed out of Porter's spinal column, and he has awoke to a realization of the fact that his pole is too short, by a thousand votes, to reach the congressional perambulations.

ON the 28th of September the supreme court of Illinois decided, in effect, that state legislatures have power to regulate freights and fares. This decision will be another "thorn in the side" of our esteemed railroad contemporary of Tucson.

BOTH factions of the New York democracy support Cleveland for governor. The split is on the other side of the house this time, and Secretary Folger had better hold on to the treasury department till after the election.

THE Star could neither climb over nor walk round the mountains of legal facts the ENTERPRISE piled up on the subject of railroad control, and has lapsed into silence. The ENTERPRISE is a pretty hard institution to "down" on any subject.

THE republicans of Virginia have struck against the boss-ship of little Billy Mahone, and decline to lend further aid to his schemes of repudiation and self aggrandizement. This revolt will consign Billy to the political boneyard, to which place he should have, long since, been relegated.

THE Sunday Examiner comes to us this week with its first page taken up with a large wood cut and an interesting sketch of the life and labors of Gen. George B. Stoneman, the next governor of California. The Examiner is making a gallant and manly fight for Stoneman and the people.

INDEPENDENCE in politics is becoming popular in a majority of the states and is liable to bring about a political revolution in '84, if not sooner. It is even extending into Arizona, and causing organized revolts against both of the old parties in several counties. Bossism has set the people to thinking and thought leads to independence.

WHATEVER criticism the ENTERPRISE may indulge in during the present campaign will be characterized by fairness, decency and candor. It shall assault no private characters. This last has no reference to Reymert, of course, because he has no private character to assault. To attack him on that point would be like kicking at nothing.

THE Utah Mormons have surprised the gentiles by their quiet compliance with the terms of the Edmunds law. None of the Mormons, guilty of polygamy, have attempted to register. But this will not materially affect the result of the election, says the commission. Under the provisions of the Edmunds' law only a plurality of wives disfranchises a mormon, and this class is not large enough to reduce the vote much.

THE Yuma Sentinel has repeatedly and specifically charged the Territorial prison management with the grossest corruptions and the same committee appointed to investigate the books and accounts of the Territorial Treasurer should also be instructed to make a searching enquiry into this prison matter. The committee should be empowered to send for papers and persons and instructed to spare neither time nor expense in throwing daylight into the doubtful transactions of those departments. It is time to check extravagance and official peculation.

THE Phoenix Herald, with its characteristic innocence, rises up and asks: "Can our democratic friends tell us who of the Federal officers in Arizona do not support Porter?" Whereupon the Star replies, "Yes, we will do so with pleasure. The list is as follows: Zabriskie, Tidball, Hoover, Robbins, Pinney and some seventy-five postmasters, beside a score or two of deputy officials." The Herald should ask something harder.

A CORRESPONDENT desires to know if Reymert is a good lawyer, and candor compels us to reply in the negative. He has been quite successful here, in civil actions, and this fact has created the belief that he is well versed in law. But exactly the reverse is true. He could not pass a legal examination before competent examiners if his life depended upon it. All of his cases here have been won by chicanery of the most questionable character, such as falsifying the records, fixing testimony, etc. He never tries a case upon its merits or strictly upon legal grounds, simply because his knowledge of law is superficial and he would be at sea in such an undertaking. He could not draw an indictment that would stand against a demurrer, nor lay down a correct proposition of law, and, therefore, as a prosecuting attorney would be a perfect failure. But there is a more serious objection to him, as a prosecuting attorney, than the mere fact of his incompetency, and that is his known and acknowledged dishonesty. He could not be trusted with the prosecution of an important criminal case, even if he were a competent lawyer. No one, who is at all familiar with his character and record will deny this. As a tree is judged by the fruit it bears, so must a man be judged by his conduct; it is an unerring index to his character. We are told that some of our friends at Pinal say, "We know that Reymert is a d--n rascal, but he is a great deal smarter than his opponents for district attorney." Granting that the latter part of this allegation is true,—there is no question about the first part of it,—it is no reason why he should be elected. An honest fool is infinitely preferable to a smart rascal in any position. Honesty is the chief requisite in a district attorney. The whole interests of the county are in his hands, and if he be dishonest these interests are in constant jeopardy. But we deny that he is smarter than his opponents. Either one of the three have a better knowledge of the law, and stronger natural abilities than has he. He leads them only in a low cunning, which our friends mistake for smartness. If anyone doubts our estimation of him as a lawyer, let them address a letter of inquiry to Judge Stillwell, or any other Judge before whom he has practiced.

ONE of the first duties of the next legislature is to investigate the books and accounts of the Territorial Treasury. It is an open secret, of long standing, that the books of that institution are about as thoroughly "mired" as a Brunswick stew. They have not been balanced for a number of years, and from all we can learn, it would puzzle an expert to straighten them out inside of six months, hard labor, if, indeed, they could be straightened out at all. The last legislature, about three days prior to the close of the session, appointed a committee to investigate the Treasurer's books, but they could accomplish nothing. Had each member of the committee been a professional in that line they could not have brought order out of the chaotic state of the books and accounts, within the brief time allowed them. That style of investigation is simply a farce and the next legislature should see that it is not repeated. Either appoint a committee at the beginning of the session, else employ an expert to engage in the work and continue it till the books shall have been thoroughly overhauled and "posted up." It is important that the people should know exactly how much money has been received by the Territorial Treasurer and for what and in what manner it has been expended. Nearly one half of the taxes collected in Pinal county go into the Territorial funds and we presume the same is true of other counties. If so, the aggregate must amount to something near \$100,000. If this colossal sum is necessary to meet the legitimate expenses of the Territory, the people want some proof of the fact, and the only reliable proof is an itemized statement of the receipts and disbursements. No other Territory within the boundaries of the Union, requires a half or even a fourth of \$100,000 to meet running expenses and there is no reason why Arizona should require any more money to meet her expenses than do her sisters. There is a leak somewhere and it should be stopped immediately. It would be well for the voters of the several counties to defeat every legislative candidate who does not pledge himself to do all within his power to secure a full and complete investigation into the affairs of the Territorial Treasury.

IT is absolutely certain that Florence will have a railroad inside of two years, and probably sooner. Three companies are anxious to build to this place. The only thing keeping them back at present is the uncertainty that each company feels as to the movements of its rivals. This condition of affairs cannot last long, as some one of the companies will make a "break" soon. No point in the Territory can offer better inducements to railroad builders than does Florence. It has more and better resources than any other Arizona town, and with the aid of a railroad would soon become the largest, most substantial, prosperous business and mining center in the Territory. It needs only a careful examination of the field to prove this assertion to the entire satisfaction of any clear-headed and far-seeing business man.

THE Phoenix Herald, with its characteristic innocence, rises up and asks: "Can our democratic friends tell us who of the Federal officers in Arizona do not support Porter?" Whereupon the Star replies, "Yes, we will do so with pleasure. The list is as follows: Zabriskie, Tidball, Hoover, Robbins, Pinney and some seventy-five postmasters, beside a score or two of deputy officials." The Herald should ask something harder.

THE boom the ENTERPRISE makes for Oury don't extend beyond the town limits of Florence.—Phoenix Herald.

WRONG, Mr. Herald. It is sweeping over the Territory like a tidal wave. You have been so busy focusing your spy-glass on Porter's little boom to keep track of it, that you haven't had time to take the measure of Oury's. Why, if the two booms should be placed side by side, Porter's would look like a mole hill and Oury's like a mountain.

REVOLTS have been organized against bourbonic rule in several of the southern states, and a break in the lines of the "solid south" is not at all improbable. A long continuance in power, of any one party, by whatever name called, is not conducive to good government, either state or national. Power is corrupting and the only effective corrective, is a rotation of parties in the administration of national and state governments.

The Silver King.

THERE are among the hundreds of exhibits of fabulous richness or striking beauty none which excite more comment than the array of Arizona, and a prominent feature of that is the Silver King case. It is filled with specimens of rare attractiveness, which not alone draws the eyes with its glittering silver threads, but fascinates with the thought of the marvelous wealth it represents in the veins of this great western territory. Wire silver is the metal in its native state, and in form which is handsomer than any article the most skilled workman with his tools and his genius can produce. The secret forces which work far under the ground have wrought the material into curious and fantastic shapes. Pieces of rock are bound together by silver wire or the wire is thrown in a lump which looks like a bird's nest. Stuff of a similar character is shown by several counties in small quantities, but the Silver King makes the display of all displays in this line. Mr. A. H. Elliott has charge of it, and is always on hand. This gentleman is, in an unobtrusive way, one of the most active of the commissioners, looking not alone toward sectional advancement but toward the general progress of the great industry. Those who have visited the Silver King have noted the courteous bearing of the person in charge, and have returned again induced as much through their reception as the display. The mines of Arizona have done nobly, and the effect upon the territory, whether manifest or not at once, will be great and lasting. The Silver King is only one of many mines, and Mr. Elliott, a sample from a number of commissioners, who will be mentioned in a day or two more specifically.—Denver News.

A Successful Smelter.

THE Hubbs' smelter, a 40-ton Galsena, at Bonanza, has proved a great success, fulfilling all the promises of the manufacturer, and expectation of the owners. Much delay has been occasioned by the lack of supplies, but these have been provided and a long and successful run is now anticipated. Considering the many failures that have been made in this kind of mining enterprises, both in this territory and Colorado, it affords us much pleasure to record such an instance of success. This is one of the famous Pacific Works Smelters, made by Rankin, Brayton & Co. of the Pacific Iron Works, in San Francisco, and which is now in general use and great favor in all the mining districts of the country. We are glad to learn that our mining men are now learning what has long been the practice on the Pacific coast, not to experiment in machinery for reducing ores, when well known and tried appliances can be had that can be counted upon for success, and which involve no risk to the purchaser. When all chances regarding the manipulation of ores are thus eliminated from a mining proposition, leaving only the question of product and management, mining will soon come to be regarded as the safest as well as the most profitable business in the country.—New Mexico Mining News.

WE HAVE witnessed receptions of public men in all parts of the Union, but the most quiet, indifferent reception we ever saw, was that accorded to Judge Porter upon his arrival in Florence, Thursday. Although his coming had been announced in handbills, several days prior to his arrival, not a soul was present to receive him or bid him welcome. He spent the afternoon in wandering about the town, in company with a personal friend, and whenever he found an old acquaintance, they greeted him in much the same spirit as they would a neighbor whom they had been in the habit of meeting daily. The arrival of an utter stranger would have created as much enthusiasm and attracted a great deal more attention. The same indifference was exhibited in the evening. Not more than seventy persons were present at his meeting and most of these were democrats and republicans who will vote for Mr. Oury. These facts lead us to suspicion that all those "enthusiastic receptions" the organs have been blarneying were merely creations of reporters' fancies.

JUDGE PORTER came to Arizona simply because the party to which he looked for a living had no other place to send him. But for this fact he would not have condescended to look upon this Territory. It had no attractions for him except the two thousand dollars salary the Judgeship offered. Hon. Granville H. Oury came with the first band of pioneers to open the way to civilization and to lay the foundation for a new state; to build him a house and win his fortune by honest and hard labor incident to pioneer life he remained true to this purpose, and no man in Arizona had a larger part in its settlement and development than had he. Who, therefore, could have a better knowledge of Arizona's needs and wants, or feel a deeper interest in her present and future welfare? Between him and the man lured hither by the glitter of government gold, there can be but one choice and the voters will attest this fact by giving Mr. Oury a handsome majority on the 7th of November.

THE boom the ENTERPRISE makes for Oury don't extend beyond the town limits of Florence.—Phoenix Herald.

WRONG, Mr. Herald. It is sweeping over the Territory like a tidal wave. You have been so busy focusing your spy-glass on Porter's little boom to keep track of it, that you haven't had time to take the measure of Oury's. Why, if the two booms should be placed side by side, Porter's would look like a mole hill and Oury's like a mountain.

REVOLTS have been organized against bourbonic rule in several of the southern states, and a break in the lines of the "solid south" is not at all improbable. A long continuance in power, of any one party, by whatever name called, is not conducive to good government, either state or national. Power is corrupting and the only effective corrective, is a rotation of parties in the administration of national and state governments.

The Silver King.

THERE are among the hundreds of exhibits of fabulous richness or striking beauty none which excite more comment than the array of Arizona, and a prominent feature of that is the Silver King case. It is filled with specimens of rare attractiveness, which not alone draws the eyes with its glittering silver threads, but fascinates with the thought of the marvelous wealth it represents in the veins of this great western territory. Wire silver is the metal in its native state, and in form which is handsomer than any article the most skilled workman with his tools and his genius can produce. The secret forces which work far under the ground have wrought the material into curious and fantastic shapes. Pieces of rock are bound together by silver wire or the wire is thrown in a lump which looks like a bird's nest. Stuff of a similar character is shown by several counties in small quantities, but the Silver King makes the display of all displays in this line. Mr. A. H. Elliott has charge of it, and is always on hand. This gentleman is, in an unobtrusive way, one of the most active of the commissioners, looking not alone toward sectional advancement but toward the general progress of the great industry. Those who have visited the Silver King have noted the courteous bearing of the person in charge, and have returned again induced as much through their reception as the display. The mines of Arizona have done nobly, and the effect upon the territory, whether manifest or not at once, will be great and lasting. The Silver King is only one of many mines, and Mr. Elliott, a sample from a number of commissioners, who will be mentioned in a day or two more specifically.—Denver News.

A Successful Smelter.

THE Hubbs' smelter, a 40-ton Galsena, at Bonanza, has proved a great success, fulfilling all the promises of the manufacturer, and expectation of the owners. Much delay has been occasioned by the lack of supplies, but these have been provided and a long and successful run is now anticipated. Considering the many failures that have been made in this kind of mining enterprises, both in this territory and Colorado, it affords us much pleasure to record such an instance of success. This is one of the famous Pacific Works Smelters, made by Rankin, Brayton & Co. of the Pacific Iron Works, in San Francisco, and which is now in general use and great favor in all the mining districts of the country. We are glad to learn that our mining men are now learning what has long been the practice on the Pacific coast, not to experiment in machinery for reducing ores, when well known and tried appliances can be had that can be counted upon for success, and which involve no risk to the purchaser. When all chances regarding the manipulation of ores are thus eliminated from a mining proposition, leaving only the question of product and management, mining will soon come to be regarded as the safest as well as the most profitable business in the country.—New Mexico Mining News.

PORTER'S PIPINGS To a Small and Quiet Audience. His Speech a Great Disappointment.

Pursuant to announcement, the Hon. De Forest Porter, republican candidate for congress, delivered an address at the Court House hall, Thursday evening. There were seventy persons present, by actual count, and a majority of this seventy were democrats.

Col. Levi Ruggles was called to the chair and introduced the speaker, in a eulogistic strain. The Judge came to the front smiling, and a murmur of applause ran through the audience. But it was evident from the start that there was no sympathy between the orator and the auditors. The speaker began by paying a deserved compliment to Florence, dwelling upon the beauty and advantages of her location and the promise of her future, then proceeded to discuss, in a desultory manner, what he was pleased to denounce the issues of the campaign. The speech was a disappointment to both his friends and opponents, who had been led, by report, to expect something beyond the ordinary standard of campaign oratory. It was lacking in force, thought and logic, while his phraseology was awkward and his manner hesitating. His argument,—so called by courtesy,—was disconnected, his sentences were broken and he passed from one question to another with an abruptness that almost took ones breath. There was no body to his remarks. They were all shadow and no substance. He touched briefly on the Indian question, but offered nothing new on the subject, repeating what has been repeated a thousand times, namely: that the interests of the Territory demand their removal beyond its borders; that their presence is a constant menace to our people and a check to our prosperity. But he did not say that he could secure their removal, nor that Delegate Oury would have succeeded in having them disarmed but for the interference of the republican governor, who, to make political capital against Mrs. Oury, went before the committee and declared that an attempt to disarm them would cause a general outbreak and bloody war. He also made a brief reference to our public schools and intimated that a delegate, by proper efforts, could induce the government to donate land to the Territory to be held in trust till we become a state, and then sold to endow our public schools, forgetting, perhaps, that land has already been set apart for that purpose. In this connection he stated lands had been donated to Nebraska, while a Territory, and that after it became a state these lands had been sold and gave the state a public school endowment fund of \$20,000,000. That is a mistake. A portion of the lands have been sold and the balance retained for a period of twenty years. The revenue, thus obtained, is very small, and the people there maintain the public schools, the state university, the normal school and the agricultural college by direct taxation, the same as we do here, only they pay, by far, a larger per cent on each \$100 than we do. He further stated that a delegate might induce the government to build penitentiaries, assay offices and other public buildings in this Territory, as they had done so in other Territories. He did not say in what particular Territories these improvements had been made by the government and we don't know of any Territory that has been so favored, except Wyoming, and a large portion of the cost of its Territorial prison was borne by the Territory.

In conclusion he defended himself against charges of official corruption and denied that he had been removed. He admitted that charges of some character had been preferred against him, but said he had never been permitted to see them. He might have added that he refused to see and answer them when the department invited him to do so, and that it was because of his refusal to meet them, that the department asked for his resignation. In this connection he made a personal attack upon delegate Oury and accused him of being the moving spirit in this matter of charges, influenced by the fact that he (Porter) was a possible candidate for congress. This attack was not only in bad taste but was a misrepresentation of the facts. The "moving spirit" in those charges was the San Francisco Board of Trade, who presented charges through Senator Miller, and asked for the removal of Mr. Porter. This is a fact too well known to be successfully contradicted. The Judge did not gain any votes by his assault upon Mr. Oury. Both men are well known here, and the faith our people have in the honesty and manliness of Mr. Oury cannot be shaken by anything that Judge Porter might say. At the close of the Judge's remarks, the chair called for "three cheers for Porter," and a dead silence reigned. He repeated the call and finally six men, by actual count, arose and gave a few faint whoops. The audience seemed to feel the impropriety of making a noise at a funeral gathering.

Mr. J. W. Davis and F. L. B. Goodwin, in response to calls, made brief speeches and received thrice the applause elicited by the rambling remarks of Judge Porter, and it was evident from the manner of the latter that he was fully conscious of his failure.

Notice of Assessment.

Pinal Consolidated Mining Company. Location of principal place of business, San Francisco, California. Location of works, Pioneer Mining District, Pinal County, Arizona. Notice is hereby given, that at a meeting of the Board of Directors, held on the 28th day of September, 1882, an assessment, No. 4, of fifty cents per share was levied upon the capital stock of the Corporation, payable immediately in United States gold coin, to the Secretary, at the office of the Company, Room 37, Nevada Block, San Francisco, California. Any stock upon which this assessment shall remain unpaid on the Sixth (6th) day of November, 1882, will be delinquent, and advertised for sale at public auction, and unless payment is made before will be sold on Tuesday, the 28th day of November, 1882, to pay the delinquent assessment, together with costs of advertising and expenses of sale. By order of the Board of Directors.

W. W. TRAYLOR, Secretary.

Office: Room 37, Nevada Block, San Francisco, California. 28-11

ROYAL BAKING POWDER Absolutely Pure. This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight, alum or phosphate powders. Sold only in cans. ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 Wall-st., N. Y.

Announcement of Candidates.

For Sheriff. I hereby announce myself as a candidate for re-election to the office of Sheriff of Pinal county, A. T. Respectfully, J. P. GABRIEL.

For Sheriff. At the earnest solicitation of friends, I hereby announce myself as a candidate for the office of Sheriff of Pinal county, A. T. Respectfully, A. J. DORAN.

For Probate Judge. Yielding to the wishes of friends, I hereby announce myself as a candidate for the office of Probate Judge for Pinal county, A. T. Respectfully, JOHN T. BARTELESON.

For District Attorney. I hereby announce myself as a candidate for the office of District Attorney for Pinal county, A. T. Respectfully, JESSE HARDESTY.

For County Surveyor. I hereby announce myself as a candidate for the office of County Surveyor of Pinal county, A. T. Very Respectfully, GUSTAVE COX.

To the Voters of Pinal Co. I hereby announce myself as a candidate for re-election to the office of County Recorder, at the ensuing election, to be held Nov. 7th next, and would respectfully solicit your support. Respectfully, J. J. DEVINE.

For Treasurer. At the solicitation of friends, I hereby announce myself as a candidate for the office of Treasurer of Pinal county, and most respectfully solicit the suffrages of the people. Respectfully, P. R. BRADY.

For Recorder. At the earnest solicitation of my friends, I hereby announce myself as a candidate for the office of Recorder of Pinal county, and would respectfully solicit your suffrage at the coming election. Respectfully, HINSON THOMAS.

For Recorder. Having been nominated for this office by the People's Reform Party, I respectfully solicit the support of the voters of this county. Respectfully, HARRY BROOK.

PROFESSIONAL.

J. W. DAVIS, ATTORNEY AT LAW, FLORENCE, ARIZONA.

HORACE L. SMITH, ATTORNEY AT LAW, Florence, Pinal Co., A. T. Will attend to business in all the courts of the Territory.

A. ZABRISKIE, HEREFORD & ZABRISKIE, Attorneys and Counsellors at Law, NOTARY PUBLIC. Office on Meyer street, opposite the Palace Hotel, Tucson, A. T.

JOHN C. LOSS, Justice of the Peace, Registering Officer Casa Grande Precinct. Conveyancing and Notarial Work promptly attended to at lowest rates.

DR. W. L. GRAVES, DENTIST, 20 Camp Street, TUCSON, A. T.

H. FARLEY, Attorney and Counsellor at Law, and District Attorney Pima County. Office corner Meyers and Pennington streets, Tucson, A. T.

T. L. STILES, LUCIUS P. MARSH, JOHN HAYNES, HAYNES, MARSH & STILES, Attorneys and Counsellors at Law, Office:—Cor. Pennington and Meyer Sts., TUCSON, A. T., and Room 3 Gilard Building, TOMESON, A. T.

SMITH & MURRAY, FORWARDING & COMMISSION MERCHANTS

Casa Grande, A. T.

WE GIVE SPECIAL ATTENTION TO CONSIGNMENTS IN OUR CARE

MARK GOODS "CARE OF S. & M., CASA GRANDE, A. T." WILL CONTRACT FOR FORWARDING MACHINERY AT THE LOWEST RATES.

HAVE ALWAYS ON HAND

BARLEY, Chopped Feed, Potatoes, CALIFORNIA FLOUR

AND EVERY THING NEEDED BY THE

TEAMSTERS, FARMERS,

Miners and Prospectors.

—ALSO AT—

OUR FLORENCE HOUSE,

WILL BE FOUND A LARGE STOCK OF

General Merchandise, Groceries, Crockery,

PROVISIONS, LIQUORS,

Produce, Tobacco, Cigars, Grain and Flour

WE KEEP ONLY A CHOICE ARTICLE OF GOODS AND SELL AS LOW AS THE LOWEST.

GIVE US A CALL.

SMITH & MURRAY.

SILVER KING HOTEL

W. L. BAILEY, Proprietor,

Florence, Pinal County, A. T.

—IT IS THE—

Only First Class Hotel

IN FLORENCE,

And Has Just Been Refitted and Refurnished

THROUGHOUT.

The Rooms are Provided with New Spring Beds,

AND EVERY OTHER ARTICLE IN THEM IS NEW.

FINEST AND LARGEST DINING ROOM IN THE COUNTY.

The Tables are Provided with the Best that Money can Buy.

A First Class

Livery, Feed & Sale Stable

In Connection With the Hotel.