

Arizona Enterprise.

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FLORENCE, PINAL COUNTY, ARIZONA, SATURDAY, AUGUST 4, 1888.

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Hardware, Wagons, Buggies, And Agricultural Implements,

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Agents for Columbus Buggies, Bain Farm Wagons, Racine Wagons Carriages, John Deere Plows, Acme Harrows and McCormick Mowers.

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Bits, Spurs, Whips, Horse-Clothing

All our work is hand sawed

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CITY

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Fresh Bread, Cakes and Pies baked daily.

All kinds of

Fresh and Dried Fruits, Nuts, Candies, Cigars, Cigarettes, Groceries and Provisions.

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DEALERS IN

Furniture, Carpets, Bedding, and

ALL KINDS OF HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS AT LOWEST PRICES

Mail orders will receive prompt and careful attention

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FANCY AND TOILET ARTICLES.

Sponges, Brushes, Perfumery, &c.

Prescriptions carefully compounded at all hours, and orders answered with care and dispatch. Our stock of medicines is complete, warranted genuine and of the best quality.

ANTONIO GONZALES. JOE LANIGAN.

Lanigan & Gonzales,

Blacksmiths

Foot of Main street, Florence.

All kinds of Blacksmith and Wagon work done promptly and satisfaction guaranteed.

THE SEASON OPENS.

The swallow marks the margin of the river in skimming. The daisies and buttercups gemming the lawn. The roses and hydrangeas their cheeks are turning red. And blossoms like snowflakes descend from the trees.

The maiden is wearing a bright red Varden. In which many conquests she's certain to make. The season for flirting, and oft in the garden. When twilight is falling, she's seen with a rake.

For ornaments wives husbands' overcoats barter. And mantles are splashed with roses and things. Like strawberries sell at "three-quarters for a quar." And boarders are living in clover, by flag!

Now opens for boyhood the glad swimming season. And home in the evening the urethra doth go. With his shirt inside out, quite at loss for a reason. His mother to satisfy why it is so.

The hammock is hung on the cottage veranda. And there doth the beautiful maiden recline. And dream of a lover with shikels to squander. While her mother is tanning the wicker on the line.

Oh, season delicious! we've longed for thy coming. We've longed for thy sunshine and beautiful days. At last we have got 'em and business is humming. With merchants who freely their goods advertise.

A Lightning Plug. Down on the docks the other day they were talking about a schooner which had been struck by lightning on Lake Erie, when the reporter singled out an old head and said:

"Capt. E—, it seems to me, we read of a boat of your brig being struck."

"Yes, she was," answered the old fabricator, after taking time to outline the lie he was to tell.

"What was it?"

"'Old Point aux Barques, about fifteen years ago. Very strange case that. Probably the only one of the kind ever heard of."

"Give us the particulars."

"Well, we were logging along down when a thunder storm overtook us, and the very first flash of lightning struck the deck amidships and bored a hole as big as my leg right down through the bottom of the vessel."

"And the foundered, of course?"

"No, sir. The water began rushing in, and she would have foundered, but there came a second flash and a bolt struck my foremast, gutting it. It was cut off near the top, turned bottom end up, and as it came down it entered the hole and plugged it up as tight as a drum. When we got down to dry dock we simply sawed off either end and left the plug in the plank."

"Did you ever swear to that, captain?"

"I did, but it was before a notary who afterward went crazy, and I have never been quite satisfied. Is there a notary here among us?"

"There was none," Detroit Free Press.

What Became of It. "Success to life may depend somewhat on circumstances, but it depends more on the individual," said Mr. Skute, who is noted for his wealth and peculiar habits.

"That's so," said Mr. Billson, one of the millionaire's attendants.

"When I first came to this town I had fifty cents. Now, what do you suppose I did with it?"

"Oh, that's an easy one," said Billson. "Anybody that knows you, Skute, would know what you did with that fifty cents."

"Why, you've got it yet," Merchant Traveler.

A Mistake. "Distinguished Stranger—Will you try one of Hornbrow's imperial cough drops. Cures coughs, colds, headache, neuralgia.—Lifta.

Concluded Not to Wait. An obliging lady customer in a certain store in one of the big cities Friday inquired that she always traded with the proprietor and not with mere clerks. "But the proprietor is not in," said the clerk. "Oh, well," was the reply. "I'll sit right down and wait for him."

"She waited, and at the half hour she sped the great impatient. "When will he be back?" she said, loudly. "In about four weeks, madam," was the reply. "He is now on a business trip to Montana." She traded with the clerk.—Lewiston Journal.

New to Him. Our New "Boys" whose credentials are coming by mail—Dey's a jamaicanna down stairs, sah, what wan't a card? Our Boy—Noseir. Our Boy—Wants that in your hand? Our Boy—Dar's a kind ob eyard, sah, he, but taint got no spots outer him—only speckles.—Tid Bits.

A Painful Spectacle. A new item states that John Murray while at work in a quarry, "was blown by pieces by an explosion of dynamite and instantly killed." It may surprise some persons to know that the man was instantly killed. It is an intensely painful spectacle to see a man lingering several hours after he has been blown to pieces.—Narristown Herald.

A Remedy for Safety. A gun has been invented that will throw a ten-pound ball eight miles. It is rumored that the bazooka clubs are discussing the propriety of substituting these guns for pitchers. Something of the kind should be adopted, to make it less dangerous for the catcher.—Narristown Herald.

Where Eels Are Caught. Very early in the spring men go out with spears in the swampy meadows that border the little creeks and tread about with bare feet until they come upon a place where the mud is soft. In such a spot there is likely to be a spring of fresh water, and the spears thrust down through the ooze bring up at every stroke between their prongs writhing eels. It is nothing unusual to get three or four bucketsful out of one hole. Most of the eels marketed, however—and vast quantities of them are brought here—are taken by the familiar process known as "choking."

In other words, they are fished for at

THE CURIOSITY SHOP.

The English Cabinet System—Action in Case of defeat. If the English government is defeated in the house of commons by a vote on some bill upon which it has staked its existence, it may either resign at once, when the sovereign sends for the leader of the party which has defeated it, who is directed to form a ministry, or it may dissolve parliament and appeal to the country in a new election. When the government is forced out the leader of the triumphant opposition invites the cabinet from the ministry or the government; the more important are invited into the inner circles, known as the cabinet; the less important, together with the cabinet from the ministry or the government, are elected to sit in the ministry. English custom requires them to ask their constituents if they may do so, and this asking takes the form of standing another election. Generally the constituency re-elects its members. Sometimes it doesn't; in such a case some member of the party who sits for a constituency absolutely certain to return anybody of his political faith is persuaded or bribed to resign, the would-be minister stands again, and is elected, and the form, though not the spirit, of the election is thereby lowered. The bribe sometimes takes the form of a peerage; at other times it consists of a seat on the bench, or the lord lieutenantcy or abridgment of some county.

Short Grammar. Here are ten complex, not new, however, giving the shortest English grammar ever published:

I. Three little words you often see. Are articles, a, an and the.

II. A noun's the name of anything. As school or garden, hoop or swing.

III. Adjectives tell the kind of noun. As great, small, pretty, white or brown.

IV. Nouns of number the pronouns stand.—His head, her face, your arm, my hand.

V. Verbs tell something to be done.—To read, cough, laugh, sing, jump or run.

VI. How things are done the adverbs tell. As slowly, quickly, ill or well.

VII. Conjunctions join the words together.—As men and women, wind or weather.

VIII. The preposition stands before the noun, as in, through, the door.

IX. The interjection shows surprise. As Oh! how pretty, Ah! how wise.

The whole are called nine parts of speech. Which reading, writing, speaking teach.

The Early Needle. It is impossible to say who were the inventors of needles; for at a very early period rule attempts were made among various civilized nations to use such an article out of bone, ivory or like materials, in order to stitch together their clothes. Doubtless our first mother employed such an instrument, and the needle of the present day is but a fine needle of metal wire in common use among the more refined nations of antiquity, as the Hindus, Chinese, Egyptians, Assyrians, Hebrews, Greeks and Romans.

First made in Spain. The steel needle was first manufactured in Spain, where the process of making it was long kept a secret, whence it was first imported into England in the time of Queen Elizabeth. In 1553 Christopher Goussier, at Long Crendon, in Buckinghamshire, erected needle works, and thus began the manufacture of an article for which England is famed throughout the world.

The Rank of General. The rank of general in the American army was created in July, 1802, and Lieut. Gen. Grant was promoted general of the army. After Gen. Grant resigned from the army to become president, he promoted Lieut. Gen. Sherman to the rank of general. In 1869, however, the ranks and titles of general of the army and lieutenant general were limited to the officers then holding them, namely, Sherman and Sheridan. The rank of general was retired in 1884, the rank of general expired with him, and Lieut. Gen. Sheridan was not, and could not be promoted then, however, by the act of congress of July 1, 1888, the rank was revived. Sheridan was promoted, and so will be the last general of the army of the United States.

Gotham. New York is called Gotham because the inhabitants thereof were such wiseacres—the allusion being to the three wise men of Gotham in the fable of the blind men and an elephant. Gotham is a parish in Nottinghamshire in England, the inhabitants of which were famed throughout England for their stupidity. A hospital for leprosy was founded at Gotham in a bush, and never having seen the bird, to have built a fence around the bush, so that the cuckoo might not escape. The name was first applied to the city of Washington in 1800. It is chiefly affected by the lower classes, yet occasionally proved fatal to the very highest personages. Robert Bruce, of Scotland, died of leprosy in 1329. A hospital for leprosy was founded at Granada by Queen Isabella of Castile about 1504, and a large number of leper houses were founded in Britain.

Leprosy. Leprosy is a skin disease described in Lev. xiii (B. C. 1400), which prevailed in ancient times throughout all the world. It is most common in Europe. It chiefly affects the lower classes, yet occasionally proved fatal to the very highest personages. Robert Bruce, of Scotland, died of leprosy in 1329. A hospital for leprosy was founded at Granada by Queen Isabella of Castile about 1504, and a large number of leper houses were founded in Britain.

Goodwin's Oath. Goodwin's oath is a voluntary and Intemperate one. The expression had its rise from an instance related by the monk Goodwin, of Kent, who was tried for the murder of Prince Alfred, brother of Edward the Confessor, and pardoned, but dropped dead at the king's table while calling upon the piece of food which he ate to choke him if he was guilty of the crime. It was thought to have been a just punishment.

Twisted Rifle Bores. In some rifles the bore is twisted. There is an advantage in this, because it is supposed to produce a rotation of the ball around an axis in its direction of its motion, which overcomes the compression and irregularities in the air and renders the ball less liable to deviate from its path.

Harvesting of Grain. It is a matter of familiar observation with regard to the phenomena which determine the times of harvesting grain crops that the standing crop ceases to grow soon after the ears have fully formed. It is evident enough that from this time forward the grain ripens at the expense of the leaves or stalks. Hence the common custom of farmers to cut grain before fully ripe and leave it to ripen in sheaves and stooks in order to avoid loss by shanking.

It is little matter whether the plants remain connected by their roots or not. In either event it can be seen that the stalks gradually dry up and change to straw from below upward.

A new brand of fowls—the Oprington fowls—just coming into notice among English poultrymen. It is claimed that they are good layers and table fowls.

The Stewart Mining Bill.

To amend Chapter six of Title thirty-two of the Revised Statutes, relating to mineral lands and mining resources. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section twenty-three hundred and nineteen of the Revised Statutes be amended by adding thereto the following:

"But no person shall acquire, by location or possession, more than one mining claim on the same vein, nor shall any person relocate a claim which he has previously located."

Sec. 2. That section twenty-three hundred and twenty-four of the Revised Statutes be amended so as to read: "Sec. 2324. The miners of each mining district may make regulations, not in conflict with the laws of the United States, or with the laws of the State or Territory in which the district is situated, governing the location, manner of recording amount of work necessary to hold possession of a mining claim, subject to the following requirements: The location must be distinctly marked on the ground so that its boundaries can be readily traced. All records of mining claims hereafter made shall contain the name or names of the locators, the date of the location, and such a description of the claim or claims located as will identify the claim. On each claim located after the tenth day of May, eighteen hundred and seventy-two until a certificate of entry has been issued therefor, not less than one hundred dollars' worth of labor shall be performed during each year. On all claims located prior to the tenth day of May, eighteen hundred and seventy-two, ten dollars' worth of labor shall be performed or improvements made during each year, for each one hundred feet in length along the vein until a certificate of entry has been issued therefor; and each subdivision thereof, less than twenty acres, fifty dollars' worth of labor shall be performed or improvements made during each year until a certificate of entry shall be issued therefor. The period within which the annual work required to be done by this section shall continue for twelve o'clock meridian on the first day of August of each year: Provided, That upon claims already located previous to the first day of March in any year the annual work shall be performed on such claim for that year prior to twelve o'clock meridian of the first day of August next succeeding. And the time for performing annual work on claims heretofore located is hereby extended to the first day of August at twelve o'clock meridian. When the labor required by this section shall have been performed or the improvements made, an affidavit shall be filed with the officer authorized to record such claims. The steel needle was first manufactured in Spain, where the process of making it was long kept a secret, whence it was first imported into England in the time of Queen Elizabeth. In 1553 Christopher Goussier, at Long Crendon, in Buckinghamshire, erected needle works, and thus began the manufacture of an article for which England is famed throughout the world.

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Arizona News.

A daughter of Mr. Jordan, living six miles west of Phoenix, was badly gored in the right thigh by a vicious cow she was milking, on Tuesday of last week.

Mary Lee Porter, aged six years, daughter of J. V. and M. E. Porter, died at Camp Creek station, Maricopa county, on July 25th.

Dr. Chandler informed the reporter today that the disease which is attacking a number of horses in the valley, is an aggravated form of influenza, and not pleuro-pneumonia, as stated yesterday. No new cases are reported to-day.—Herald.

The body of D. D. Ford, an old prospector of Pima county, who has been missing for two months, was found last week near Quini's ranch on the Quijota road.

Valentine Eichel, a Tomestone miner, fell 60 feet to the bottom of a shaft in the Topaz mine last week and was instantly killed.

Sol Trescott, working at the Three Brothers mine, three miles from Tombstone, was struck by lightning last week and seriously injured, as reported by mail or express to any part of the Territory.

A public house near Fort Huachuca was burned last week, having been set on fire by soldiers. Five soldiers have been arrested charged with the crime.

This is reported by bee owners to be the best year for honey ever known here. The reason attributed is the constant flowering of the mesquite and cat-claw bushes. Many hives have swarmed and gone wild and the woods are said to be full of them.—Citizen.

Word comes from the Oracle that Messrs. McKay and Bruce have struck a big flow of water in a well they were engaged in sinking. Grass is coming up splendidly not only there but also all along the San Pedro. The rains through that entire country have been unusually copious.—Citizen.

The little 18-months old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Geo. W. Nichols, of Tempe, fell in a shallow ditch last week and was drowned.

Hon. A. C. Baker and family of Phenix, have gone to Los Angeles to remain a couple of months.

Engineer Harry Elliott and Fireman Lupe were badly injured by a railroad accident on the P. & A. C. railroad near Prescott Junction, last week. A broken flange on the engine wheel caused the accident.

A house belonging to Ronald Mosher, but occupied by Deputy Sheriff Tackitt and family, in Prescott, was burned last week. Loss \$500.

The Atlas company's well is a success. The water supply cannot be exhausted with a pumping power necessary to supply sufficient water for all purposes required.—Star.

About 100 men and teams are now working on the Highland canal, of which but three sections remain to complete the great work. About a mile of the distance involves heavy rock work.—Arizona.

Many horses in this valley are afflicted with an unknown disease. J. P. Moffet, George U. Collins and several other farmers have lost valuable animals. We trust that the disease will not assume epidemic form.—Arizona.

Two men are making good wages out on Lynx creek, by packing water on four burros, for a distance of two miles, with which to wash out gold. They pack 10 gallons to each animal at a trip, making from two to three trips per day. There is no better evidence of the richness of the gravel than the fact that by this crude method they are able to make excellent wages.—Journal Miner.

A citizen of this place, a few days ago received a very tempting offer from a saw dust broker in New York, asking him to come there and receive some \$4000 or \$5000 good money for \$300. This saw dust racket is a little too old to catch suckers with in this section, however.—Journal Miner.

Recent developments in the Hercules mine, Cababi district have opened up some wonderfully fine bodies of ore. Should these indications of a good mine continue for another month an additional force of men will be put on and the mine developed for all it is worth.—Citizen.

The Indian School. Yesterday a representative of the Star visited the new building of the Indian Industrial School and found that the carpentering work is about finished and the lathing is nearly all set and plastering will begin probably next week. The outside painting has been completed, so that the building presents an attractive appearance. The site of the building is undoubtedly one of the very best points to get a good view of Tucson and its surroundings. Porches surround the building, on the ground floor with balconies surrounding the second floor from which delightful views of the Santa Cruz valley can be had as far as the eye can reach. The altitude makes the air pure and refreshing, which will make the school building, very pleasant for the little dusky pupils.

The kitchen and laundry department are about completed and consist of an independent two-story adobe building with a cellar underneath. This building is twenty feet distant from the main building.

The construction of the buildings is under the supervision of Mr. L. M. Prince. He has eight or ten good carpenters and builders under him who have pushed the work from the beginning with rapidity.

Mr. Prince thinks the building will be ready for the occupation of the Indian pupils in a month or six weeks, so that it will be observed those in charge of the Indian Industrial School mean business.—Star.

H. N. ALEXANDER,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
Tribune Building, Phoenix, Arizona.

H. V. JACKSON,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Will practice in all Courts in the Territory,
Office in Collinsworth Building, Main Street,
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WM. HARVEY, M. D.,
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Phoenix, Ariz., will practice in all courts
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COUNTY RECORDER,
Conveys and records searching a specialty.
Abstracts and Mining abstracts of land
titles. Reports made at Florence, Pinal
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Pure Fresh Water,
Served families morning and evening.
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CASA GRANDE, A. T.
Executes all kinds of papers with dispatch.
Prompt attention paid to all collections. Will
attend cases in Justice Court, Change mode-
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GEORGE MARTIN,
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Prescriptions carefully compounded and sent
by mail or express to any part of the Territory.

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OPERATIVE AND PROSTHETIC
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No. 215 Pennington Street, by stairs,
Tucson, Arizona.
Special attention paid to correcting irregularities
in children's teeth.
Dentures of the month, either congenital or
acquired, corrected by mechanical
application.Artificial Dentures made on Gold, Platinum or
Vulcanite base.

JULIUS LUEDKE,
—DEALER IN—
Watches, Clocks, Jewelry and
Spectacles.
Watches, Clocks and Jewelry repaired
and warranted.

Orders left at the Florence Hotel or
sent by mail or express will
be promptly attended to.
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JOHN A. BLACK,
—Dealer in—
WATCHES, DIAMONDS, JEWELRY
AND REPAIRING.

Congress Street, Tucson,
WATCH REPAIRING A SPECIALTY.

A. J. DENIER,
Main Street, Florence.

Blacksmithing,

WAGON SHOP,
HORSE SHOEING
AND
Repairing of every
kind.
Low Prices.

CASH STORE.

Keeps a full assortment of
General Merchandise,
DRUGS & NOTIONS. Strictly a cash business.
J. N. DENIER, Proprietor.

W. J. BLEY.

Contractor & Builder.

FLORENCE, ARIZONA.

Barber Shop

SAMUEL BOSTWICK,
Opposite Peter Will's Brewery.
At this establishment you can get
first-class work at moderate
prices.