THE MORNING CALL

Has a larger circulation than any other newspaper published in San Francisco.

PUBLICATION OFFICE:

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AUCTION SALES TO-DAY.

FURNITURE.—By Geo. F. Lamson, at 1015 Mason st., at 11 o'clock.

FURNITURE.—By M. J. Simmons, at 1057 Market st., at 11 o'clock.

BOOTS, etc.—By Froomberg & Co., at 621 Mission st., at 11 o'clock.

REAL ESTATE.—By McAfee, Baldwin & Co., at 10 Montgomery st., at 12 o'clock.

WEATHER PREDICTIONS.

SIGNAL SERVICE, U. S. ARMY, DIVISION OF THE PACIFIC, SAN FRANCISCO, April 16, 1890—5 P. M.

Synopsis for the Past Twenty-four Hours.

The barometer is highest off the coast of Northern California and is lowest in Washington. The temperature has generally fallen. Local rains have fallen near the mouth of the Columbia River; elsewhere the weather has been fair.

Forecast Till 8 P. M. Thursday.

For California—Local rains in the extreme northern portion; fair weather elsewhere; southwesterly winds; nearly stationary temperature.

For Oregon and Washington—Light rains in the western portion; fair weather in the eastern portion; variable winds; slightly cooler.

J. E. MAXFIELD,

THE CALL'S CALENDAR.

APRIL, 1890.

Su.	M.	T.	W.	Th.	F.	S.	Moon's Phases.
		1	2	3	4	5	April 5th, Full Moon.
6	7	8	9	10	11	12	
13	14	15	16	17	18	19	April 12th Last Quarter.
20	21	22	23	24	25	26	April 19th, New Moon.
27	28	29	30				April 26th, First Quarter.

THURSDAY.....APRIL 17, 1890

Any of our patrons who fail to find THE MORNING CALL for sale by train-boys will confer a favor by notifying this office of the fact.

TIMELY RESOLUTIONS.

The resolutions of the San Francisco Chamber of Commerce declaring against all propositions to acquire Mexican territory are the more appropriate as certain prominent public men have created the impression that there is a clique or party in the State which favors such acquisition. But for some ill-advised scheme on the part of Governor Waterman and Representative Vandever, there would have been no especial reason for any expression of opinion on that subject. It is rather important, however, that the pleasant relations now existing between Mexico and the United States should not be disturbed by schemes which have no support among the people of the State. There are a few mining speculators who think their interests would be promoted by the acquisition of Lower California, but outside of these interested parties the proposition has no considerable support. There has never been a time when the people of the United States have been so little disposed to look with a designing eye upon a neighbor's possessions as at present. If the door to the Union is open at all, it is not open very wide.

CAPRIVI'S BAD BREAK.

The new head of the German Government, General von Caprivi, inaugurates his assumption of office by prohibiting public officials from giving any information to newspapers. This is precisely what might have been expected from a military martinet. An army in the field cannot afford to have its movements predicted by newspapers, and generals always conceal their purposes from newspaper correspondents. Bismarck's successor sees no reason why the same rule should not apply in civil matters.

There is, however, an excellent reason, which he will learn before he is much older. The public of every country believe that they are entitled to know what their servants, whom they pay, and for whose acts they are ultimately responsible, are doing; and they buy newspapers to get the information they want. If the newspapers can get correct information from headquarters, they publish that in preference to other information. But if they cannot get that reporters will guess at the facts, and the papers will publish the guesses. Thus, in the course of a year, a vast amount of false information gets afloat, and the interests of the nation and the Government suffer in consequence.

It is always best for a Government to have no secrets. The old-time diplomacy, in which one statesman tried to outwit another by fraud and falsehood, is dead as Julius Cæsar. Nowadays the foreign as well as the domestic policy of Governments is governed by public opinion, as expressed in the press, and every detail thereof is fully and openly discussed in the light of day before action is taken. A Minister who undertook to adopt a line of policy in opposition to the general consensus of public opinion would have a short shift. If there were no constitutional machinery to upset him peacefully he would be overthrown by a revolution.

Of course a General, fresh from the camp, where there is no public opinion and no freedom of thought, does not understand this higher law of modern political science. General von Caprivi is a soldier, and proposes to run the German Empire as he would drive an army corps. He will not be long in reaching the end of his tether.

A UNION OF IDEAS.

The engagement of Miss Winnie Davis to Mr. Fred Wilkinson is typical of the changes which have for the last quarter of a century been going on among the people. Miss Davis is the daughter of about the only leader of the Confederacy who did not accept the verdict of the war. His daughter doubtless shared his political sentiments to an extent, but fate would have it that her woman's heart should go to a grandson of one of the old abolitionists whom her father regarded with abhorrence. There was a period along before the war when an abolitionist was held to be a greater enemy to society than a common law-breaker. Samuel J. May, the grandfather of Miss Davis' chosen husband, was one of the pioneers in the agitation which resulted in the war and final abolition of slavery and overthrow of the Confederacy. If anybody had told Jefferson Davis when, as a Senator from Mississippi he was the most extreme champion of the constitutional rights of the slaveholders, that a daughter of his would marry the grandson of one of the hottest abolitionist leaders the Senator would have regarded the prediction as impossible of fulfillment. But the North and South have been coming together in this way ever since the war ended.

SUGAR DUTIES.

The latest report is that raw sugar is to be put on the free list and a bounty of two cents a pound paid on all the sugar produced in the United States, whether of cane, sorghum or beet. Refined sugar or sugar above No. 16, Dutch standard, will be subject to a duty of four tenths of a cent a pound. The committee have had a pretty hard fight over this free-sugar proposition, and no decision it could possibly come to would please all the parties interested. The bounty of two cents a pound would answer about the same purpose as a duty to the same amount if there could be any assurance that the next Congress would not repeal the bounty clause. It is not probable that sugar-beet factories will be built until there is some better assurance than this, that free sugar will not be admitted to destroy the beet-sugar industry. Under the bill as now proposed a large proportion of the sugar consumed in the country will be of the grades below No. 16, which are admitted free.

SPEAKER REED'S RULING.

The *Alta* says in reference to the failure of the Democrats to test the constitutionality of Speaker Reed's decision on the quorum proposition: "Reed himself saved the Democrats the trouble of construing the constitutional point, for, when in the minority, he declared 'the constitutional theory of a quorum' to be 'not the physical presence of a majority, but its presence and participation in the business of the House.'" Admitting that Mr. Reed advanced this theory it does not follow that it is binding upon Congress. Mr. Reed is not the Supreme Court. The Democrats announced their intention to appeal from Mr. Reed's decision as a Speaker, not to Mr. Reed as a member of Congress, but to the Supreme Court. Their failure to prepare a case for submission is an indication at least that they are not certain of the ground on which they proposed to stand. Quoting Mr. Reed against himself does not establish either opinion which Mr. Reed may have expressed. In regard to constitutional authority the first clause of the fifth section of the first article of the Constitution says that "a majority of each (House) shall constitute a quorum to do business; but a smaller number may adjourn from day to day, and may be authorized to compel the attendance of absent members, in such manner and under such penalties as such House may provide." If this is not giving the Speaker power to enforce the attendance of members of the House it certainly authorizes the House to give him such power. The *Alta* says that instead of establishing majority rule in the House Mr. Reed and his party have established minority rule. This position is based on the fact that measures have been passed which did not receive the votes of a majority of the House. When a legislative body is nearly evenly divided into two parties a measure rarely receives a majority of the whole. If the minority in such cases vote solid the majority must have about every man in his seat to pass a bill. This, we know, is impracticable. If the House must wait for a quorum composed of one party it might do nothing but adjourn from day to day during an entire session. But if a minority is as constant in attendance as our contemporary held that the majority should be, no bill could become a law without receiving very nearly the entire majority vote. If two States have been admitted by 129 votes of the 350 which compose the House it is because so many Democrats were absent or refused to vote that 129 was a majority of those voting.

FROM THEIR STANDPOINT.

In reference to the action of the Methodist Episcopal Church in the East in condemning as unchristian and impolitic the Chinese Exclusion Act, a New York contemporary says that from their standpoint the Methodists are entirely right. It is worth while now to inquire if the Methodist point of view is right. That they sincerely regard it so will be admitted. The question is if they have the full comprehension of the subject which enables them to come to a just conclusion. The Methodist Missionary Society has in China seventy-five missionaries and several hundred thousand dollars' worth of property in the form of churches, school-houses, furniture, books, etc. They say that if the Chinese Government should retaliate the missionaries would be driven out and the property confiscated. The question may be relieved at once of its property complication. It its property were ten times what it is it would not enter into a comprehensive consideration of the case. The Chinese in the United States earn somewhere from $25,000,000 to $30,000,000 a year. They do no work that would not be done by some by our people if the Chinese were not here. They establish no new industries, but simply take such places in the field of labor as they can get on account of their cheapness. It is not known exactly what proportion of their earnings they send home, but as they make no investments in this country of a permanent character, it is fair to consider that their entire savings are sent out of the country. This can hardly be less than one-third of their earnings, and is probably more. They consequently constitute a drain on the country of from $8,000,000 to $10,000,000 a year. There are more than 100,000 of these people in the United States, but very few become Christians. Yet it will be admitted that if we cannot convert a considerable proportion of those subject to our influence the results of missionary labors in China are likely to be meager. We give all possible consideration to the belief on the part of the Eastern Methodists that the Exclusion Act stands in the way of their work in China. But in view of the fact that the Chinese in the United States are the disseminators of immorality and crime, and that they are actually debauching thousands, yes hundreds of thousands of the rising generation, their presence must be an injury to the country. All residents in California realize that with the unrestricted entrance of Chinese into the United States, they would soon establish sinks of iniquity in our cities and towns which would eventuate in the ruin of vast numbers of the rising generation. In a religious point of view it does not seem advantageous to permit such a state of degradation and crime as these people have brought to obtain any stronger foothold than it has already secured.

It is probable also that our Eastern Methodist friends take an alarmist view of the possible results of Chinese exclusion. There are a thousand Chinese in this country to one American in China. The American Government secures to these Chinese residents all the rights of other residents except that of naturalization. The Chinese are protected in life, property and the pursuit of wealth. If there were a disposition on the part of any considerable number of our people to deny Chinese these privileges, the Government would protect them. In the few cases where their property has been destroyed by lawless action it has been paid for three times over. A Government which is so scrupulous in its protection of Chinese in this country will require the Chinese Government to exercise a like protection over Americans in China.

POTATOES.

There is a lesson for farmers in the past and present condition of the potato market. A few weeks ago it was discovered, rather to the inconvenience of consumers, that the supply of potatoes was exhausted. Prices rose until the best quality of potatoes sold at retail at 4 cents and in some instances as high as 5 cents a pound. They became a luxury which very poor people could not afford. This, of course, did not last long. As soon as regular transportation was resumed on the railroads potatoes began to pour in from Utah and settlements still further east, and in a few days there was a collapse in the market. Prices fell as rapidly as they had risen. At the present time they are about steady, a further decline being arrested by the tardiness of the crop of new potatoes.

If people will eat a tuber which contains 75 per cent of water and no nitrogen or fat they ought to grow it if they can. Soil which will not yield over 25 bushels of wheat to the acre will grow 300 or 400 bushels of potatoes with proper cultivation, and it rarely happens that a potato crop fails. It is inexcusable that a fertile State like California should be dependent on other localities for its supply of a vegetable that is seen on every dinner table. It seems ludicrous to watch freight-cars going east from San Francisco laden with cabbages and returning home loaded with potatoes. There has been more money perhaps this year in potatoes than in all other garden truck.

Writers on dietetics are not agreed as to the value of the potato as an article of food. Like oatmeal, it satisfies the appetite by distending the stomach, but the large quantity of water which it contains causes it to be quickly taken up, leaving a void in the alimentary system. People who live on potatoes require at least three meals a day, whereas those who live on meat or wheaten flour can get along with two. Consumed in combination with articles carrying a large proportion of nitrogen and carbon, it is useful by reason of the proportion of starch which it contains, but it cannot safely be adopted as a chief article of diet unless it is eaten in conjunction with milk or some other fatty substance.

It was hard work to persuade our ancestors to eat the potato when it was first introduced into Europe, and it would probably be still harder to induce their descendants to discard it now. But if we must eat potatoes we ought to grow enough of them for our own consumption.

TOO MUCH FAT.

Grover Cleveland and John L. Sullivan are alike afflicted. Both have developed an unpleasant tendency to accumulate more flesh than is consistent with physical health. Neither seems to have an abnormal tendency to brain development. Nature has not made them that way. Both are readily distinguished from ordinary men, but the marks of distinction are clearly physical. Mr. Sullivan recently had to decline a fistic encounter with a young man whom he declares is not in his class as a pugilist because of an abnormal stomach development. It is now said that Mr. Cleveland is going into training, though the name of the antagonist he proposes to meet is not mentioned. He probably wants to be in fighting trim on general principles. There is a man in New York named Hill who is always in condition and always ready for a set-to. Possibly Mr. Cleveland regards Mr. Hill as his Corbett. The public will watch the progress of these distinguished Democrats in getting themselves into fighting condition with interest. May the best man win.

BRITISH SEALERS.

The British Columbia sealers are said to ridicule the action of the American Government in sending a force to Behring Sea sufficient to accomplish its avowed purpose. They say they will pay no attention to any action on the part of our Government to restrict their sealing until negotiations now pending decide the question whether Behring Sea is an open or closed sea. They propose to send their sealing schooners to the sealing grounds as usual and take the chances. It is to be hoped that there will be no repetition of last year's proceedings on the part of the American Government. If force is used in the capture of sealers, enough force should be employed to make the capture effective. Taking a sealer, putting a man aboard of her and letting the captain sail into a British port and there remain without being called to account is enough to provoke the ridicule of our northern neighbors. The President has declared sealing illegal and a sufficient force should be employed to make the proclamation good.

EDITORIAL NOTES.

The Senate, after amending the Chinese Enumeration Bill, laid it on the table by a vote of 51 to 2 on the representation that it would do more harm than good.

The Senate has, as expected, disposed of the Montana Senatorial contest in favor of Sanders and Powers by a party vote. The whole case turned upon the question whether five Democrats or five Republicans were entitled to participate in the organization of the Montana House of Representatives. The prospects of the Democrats securing control of the Senate are manifestly growing more and more remote.

Quite an animated debate occurred in Congress yesterday over the bill amending the alien land law so as to permit the investment of foreign capital in mines of gold, silver, lead, tin, cinnabar and copper. While the representatives of the mineral regions are in favor of the change, there are quite a number in Congress who are inclined to jealously guard against the evils of "absenteeism." These apparently had the floor yesterday.

Commissioner Groff of the General Land Office is making a record in the disposition of land claims that will be appreciated by settlers on the Pacific Coast. When he entered office in September there were pending 292,886 final entries, of which 60,688 have since been passed to patent, or about 10,000 cases a month in addition to the current work of the office. An effort will be made to dispose of all these delayed final entries inside of the present year.

New York is to have a new Custom-house, and San Francisco, every one will admit, is badly in need of one. The House Committee on Public Buildings is in favor of the Lansing measure appropriating $5,000,000 to construct the New York Custom-house and $3,000,000 more for the Custom-house and Appraiser's store sites. The Custom-house is to be located on Bowling Green and the Appraiser's stores further uptown, $650,000 having already been appropriated for the latter, the total cost of the two edifices being limited to $8,650,000. The old Custom-house is to be sold for not less than $4,000,000.

The majority and minority reports of the Ways and Means Committee on the Tariff Bill have been presented to the House. It is estimated in the former that the bill will effect a reduction of $60,957,000 and probably more in customs, and about $10,328,000 in internal revenue, something like $71,264,000 altogether. A marked feature of the report is the section relating to wool. It declares that in the past fiscal year undervalued invoices showed an importation of woolen manufactures amounting to $52,681,000, the real value being nearer $90,000,000. The bill by increasing the duty on fine wools will, it is estimated, transfer to this country $15,000,000 to $20,000,000 in woolen manufactures.

WHO HE WAS.

Identity of the San Francisican Found Dead in Kansas.

A careful investigation of the case of the man found drowned in the Kaw River, Wyandotte County, Kansas, was made yesterday by the police, and it is believed he has been correctly identified as Henry C. Bassett, a night watchman in the Vienna Model Bakery, at 205 Kearny street.

Bassett left this city on February 6th to visit his father in New York. The appearance of the body was carefully described in a letter to Chief Crowley, and it corresponds with that of the bakery watchman. Fuller particulars from Kansas are awaited, however, before the identification can be accepted as positive.

Bassett was a steady, sober man of quiet disposition and habits. He had some property on Point Lobos road, and also some money saved from his wages. He is not known to have spoken of suicide while here, and there is a suspicion that he was murdered for his money.

Bingham's Order Affirmed.

Judge Van Reynegom has affirmed the validity of the Bingham gambling ordinance in the case of five Chinese convicted in Police Judge Lawler's court and fined $300 each. The Judge says there can be no doubt of the power of municipalities to pass such police regulations.

A New Police Sergeant.

Police Officer George W. Bennett of the Potrero has been appointed a sergeant of police, filling the vacancy caused by the retirement of Joseph Biggy. Bennett has done good work among the rough element in his quarter during his twelve years on the force.

FEARS' Soap secures a beautiful complexion. *

ADAIR WELCKER, attorney-at-law, has removed to Berkeley.

DIVORCE GRANTED.—Judge Hoge has granted Maria S. Fish a divorce from Lorenzo H. Fish for wilful desertion and failure to provide.

2 LBS. choice cream mixed candies, in Japanese baskets, for 50c. Townsend's, 627 Palace. *

CLAIM CONTESTED.—Mark Davis has brought suit against David Davis et al. to set aside defendants' claim to certain property in the estate of Harris Silberstein, deceased.

FOR any case of nervousness and sleeplessness, weak stomach, indigestion, dyspepsia, relief is sure in Carter's Little Liver Pills. *

RELEASED ON BAIL.—James Brown, who was arrested on Tuesday while attempting to smuggle two boxes of opium off the steamer Montserrat, was released yesterday on $100 cash bail.

PALACE BATHS.—Warm salt water. Large swimming tank. Porcelain tubs. Elegantly refitted. Now open. 715 Filbert street. *

INJURED HIS SPINE.—Albert Walton, a window-cleaner at 1133 Harrison street, injured his spine yesterday by falling from a window on the first story of a house on Larkin street.

J. F. CUTTER'S OLD BOURBON.—This celebrated whisky is for sale by all first-class druggists and grocers. Trade mark—star within a shield. *

LEAVE TO AMEND.—In the divorce case of Lilias M. Spalding against her husband and father-in-law, Judge Hoge has granted plaintiff leave to file an amended complaint, and hearing is postponed until next Tuesday.

HUSBAND'S CALCINED MAGNESIA.—Four first premium medals awarded. More agreeable to the taste and smaller dose than other magnesia. For sale in bottles only, with United States Government registered label attached, without which none is genuine. At druggists and country stores.

A TRADE-MARK IN DISPUTE.—Charles I. Hood of Lowell, Mass., has sued the California Fruit Sarsaparilla Company and the Carl Company to enjoin them from using a certain trade-mark on sarsaparilla which is claimed by the plaintiff. Judge Sawyer yesterday granted a temporary restraining order.

VICTORIA HOSPITAL.

An Unprofitable Investment for Two Directors.

A meeting of the Victoria Hospital Association was held on Tuesday evening at 307 Sansome street, James McNabb in the chair, P. T. Hollings Secretary.

Very little business was transacted, the time being consumed by a discussion which arose over the loss of $300 deposited by two of the Directors, Messrs. Pope and Fuller, on a lot.

It transpired that the two gentlemen named, having in hand some of the association's funds, paid the $300 to secure the right to purchase a piece of property which they deemed it advantageous for the association to invest its funds in, thinking thereby to make more rapid accumulation than could be done by leaving the money on interest in a savings bank.

When the matter was brought to the notice of the Board of Directors and investigation had the board refused to have anything to do with the purchase, finding the property was not worth more than half the money asked.

The question then arose in the meeting of the association, as to who should bear the loss, many holding that as the two Directors acted without authority of the board they are personally responsible, which liability the two Directors desire to avoid.

The matter is left for further action at another meeting.

For Stealing a Newspaper.

Thomas Wilson was arrested yesterday by Officer Hawkins on Van Ness avenue for stealing a morning paper from a doorstep. He was caught in the act.

SCROFULA humors, salt rheum, and all diseases caused or promoted by impure blood or low state of the system, are cured by Hood's Sarsaparilla. It is sold by all druggists. Try it.

LOUISIANA SUGAR still down. 15 lbs White and 18 lbs Light Brown Sugar for $1. Choice Ranch Butter, 25c per roll. At Sbarboro & Co., 531 Washington street.

USE Angostura Bitters to stimulate the appetite and keep the digestive organs in order. Dr. J. G. B. Siegert & Sons, sole manufacturers. At all druggists.

WHEN YOU SUFFER FROM SICK HEADACHE, dizziness, constipation, etc., remember Carter's Little Liver Pills will relieve you. One pill is a dose.

HIGHLAND Brand of Milk is a rich cream of delicious natural flavor. Try it for coffee.

BEACHAM'S PILLS cure sick headache.

NOTICES OF MEETINGS.

California Lodge, No. 1, F. and A. M.—THIS THURSDAY EVENING, April 17, at 7:30 o'clock. Third degree. All Master Masons in good standing are invited. By order of the Master.
ap17 1t GEORGE JOHNSON, Secretary.

La Parfaite Union Lodge, No. 17, F. and A. M.—The officers and members of this lodge are hereby notified to attend a special meeting for first degree on FRIDAY EVENING, April 18, 1890, at 8 o'clock, at Masonic Temple. All Masons are cordially invited. By order of the W. M.
ap17 2t A. LEMARDELAY, Secretary.

San Francisco Chapter, No. 1, Royal Arch Masons, meets THIS (THURSDAY) EVENING for R. A. degree. All companions in good standing are invited.
ap17 1t H. G. PRINCE, Secretary.

Abou Ben Adhem Lodge, No. 322, I. O. O. F.—THIS THURSDAY EVENING, when the first and second degrees will be conferred. Visiting brothers are cordially invited to be present.
ap16 2t J. H. DURST, Rec. Sec.

Franco-American Lodge, No. 207, I. O. O. F.—Regular meeting THURSDAY NEXT, April 17th. Initiation. Members of the Order invited.
ap16 2t THEO. CAPDEVIELLE, Rec. Sec.

Excelsior Lodge, No. 12, K. of P.—Officers and members are requested to assemble at their hall, 913 Market st., on THURSDAY, April 17th, at 2 o'clock P. M. sharp, for the purpose of attending the funeral of our late brother, JOSEPH JENKINS.
J. P. WARREN, K. of R. and S. ap16 2t

San Francisco Alliance, No. 1, of St. Patrick's Alliance of Cal.—Brothers: You are hereby notified that the semi-monthly meeting will be held in K. of P. B. Hall THIS (THURSDAY) EVENING, at 8 o'clock sharp. Per Order
J. J. JYCKSON, Rec. Sec. [1t] J. J. LYONS, Pres.

Steamship Stevedores' Protective Union—The regular semi-monthly meeting of the union will be held in Irish-American Hall on FRIDAY EVENING, April 18th, at 8 o'clock. A full attendance is urgently requested, as business of the utmost importance is to be transacted. By order of the union. THOS. HALLINAN, Pres.
JOHN GRIFFIN, Rec. Sec. ap17 2t

Society of "Old Friends"—The Regular monthly meeting of the Society of "Old Friends" will be held at Fire Veterans' Hall, Pioneer Building, on THURSDAY EVENING, April 17th, at 8 o'clock. Nominations for officers for the ensuing year will take place. Committees will be appointed for the moonlight excursion to the Cliff House beach on SATURDAY EVENING, May 3d.
By order CHARLES H. GOUGH, Pres.
JOHN H. GILMORE, R. S. ap17 1t

A Meeting of the Stockholders of the Pacific Undertakers will be held at the parlors of the company, 777 Mission st., bet Third and Fourth, on FRIDAY, April 18th, at the hour of 8 o'clock P. M., for the transaction of important business. C. GORHAM, Secretary, Office—777 Mission st., San Francisco, Cal. ap17 2t

DIVIDEND NOTICES.

Dividend No. 60 ($1 per share) of the Oceanic Steamship Company will be payable at the office of the company, 327 Market st., on and after THURSDAY, May 1, 1890. Transfer books will close THURSDAY, April 24, 1890, at 3 o'clock P. M. [ap16 1st] E. H. SHELDON, Secretary.

Dividend Notice—Office of the Firemens' Fund Insurance Company, San Francisco, April 14, 1890. At a regular meeting of the Board of Directors of this company, held this day, a dividend was made payable on and after April 16, 1890. WM. J. DUTTON, Secretary. ap15 3t

Dividend No. 27 (Thirty Cents per share) of the Hawaiian Commercial and Sugar Company will be payable at the office of the company, 327 Market st., on and after Thursday, May 1, 1890. Transfer books will close Thursday, April 24, 1890, at 3 o'clock P. M.
ap10 2t E. H. SHELDON, Secretary.

Dividend Notice—Dividend No. 11 (40 cents per share) of the Hutchinson Sugar Plantation Company will be payable at the office of the company, 327 Market st., on and after MONDAY, April 21, 1889. Transfer books will close Monday, April 14, 1890, at 3 o'clock P. M.
ap9 13t E. H. SHELDON, Secretary.

ASSESSMENT NOTICES.

Electric Improvement Company, location of principal place of business San Francisco, Cal.—Notice.—There are delinquent upon the following-named stock on account of assessment (No. 8) levied on the 7th day of March, 1890, the several amounts set opposite the names of the respected stockholders as follows:

NAMES.	No. Cert.	No. Shares.	Am't.
William H. Howard	47	4249	$8498
H. B. Land, Trustee	59	1000	2000
A. J. Bowie, Trustee	81	500	1000
H. B. Land, Trustee	104	200	400
H. B. Land, Trustee	115	250	500
H. H. Land, Trustee	116	250	500
H. B. Land, Trustee	117	100	200
H. B. Land, Trustee	120	49	98
Leon D. Smith, Trustee	125	500	1000
Leon D. Smith, Trustee	126	500	1000
Leon D. Smith, Trustee	127	500	1000
Leon D. Smith, Trustee	128	500	1000
Leon D. Smith, Trustee	129	500	1000
Leon D. Smith, Trustee	130	500	1000
Leon D. Smith, Trustee	131	500	1000
Leon D. Smith, Trustee	132	500	1000
Leon D. Smith, Trustee	133	248	496
T. C. Van Ness, Trustee	137	1069	2138
George W. Reynolds	143	50	100
H. B. Land, Trustee	145	450	900
William H. Howard	148	2125	4250
H. B. Land, Trustee	152	20	40
H. B. Land, Trustee	155	1000	2000
H. B. Land, Trustee	156	1000	2000
H. B. Land, Trustee	160	200	400
H. B. Land, Trustee	161	200	400
H. B. Land, Trustee	162	200	400
H. B. Land, Trustee	163	100	200
J. P. Martin, Trustee	166	4249	$8498
J. P. Martin	167	1	2
George W. Arnold, Trustee	176	100	200

And in accordance with law and an order of the Board of Directors made on the 7th day of March, 1890, so many shares of each parcel of such stock as may be necessary will be sold at public auction at the office of the company, 36 New Montgomery st., San Francisco, Cal., on Wednesday, the 7th day of May, 1890, at the hour of 12 o'clock M of said day, to pay said delinquent assessment thereon, together with costs of advertising and expenses of the sale.
I. GUTTE, Secretary.
Office, Room 28, 35 New Montgomery st., San Francisco, Cal. ap17 4d

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Sealed Proposals Will Be Received on or before April 21st for the privilege of the bar at the Park to be given by the Iron-molders' Union, No. 164, for the benefit of the striking molders, at the Mechanics' Pavilion, Saturday, April 26th. Committee reserves the right to reject any and all bids. RICHARD P. BURNETT, 227 Second street. ap17 3t*

Ask Your Drug, Shoe, Grocer, Banker or stationery dealer for DR. HALPRUNER'S Liniment; cures irritation and pain, internal or external; grand money premiums awarded at Pavilion May 1st. ap17 1t*

Ask Your Druggist for Infallible T. BAILEY & CO., Sole Agents, Alameda, Box 48. 15t*

Advice Free—Divorce, Insolvency, etc. ROBERT SCOULER, Att'y, 211 Sutter st. 1t

Bad Tenants Ejected for $4. Collections made, city or country. Pacific Collection Company, 528 California st., Room 3. dec22 1t

A New Process Discovered by the celebrated physician, DR. E. ANCE of Berlin, for female trouble, no matter from what cause, etc.; no medicine need be taken; safe; in all cases impossible to fail. Sole agent for Cal., DR. V. POPPER, 127 Montgomery st.; can be used at home.

A Card.—John Hoey, Inventor of the famous Hoey Bed-lounge, sincerely thanks the public for the liberal patronage given the lounge from the time it was put on the market in this city, where it was invented; and as it is a well-known fact that it is the lounge all over the United States; in fact, any lounge that looks like the Hoey Lounge finds ready purchasers, and many a housekeeper who goes out to purchase a Hoey Lounge instead brings home an imitation, and thereby unwittingly defrauds the inventor of the fruits of his labor, as well as being imposed on themselves. The only way to avoid all this is to see that the inventor's name is stamped on them, as I am now very particular to stamp Hoey's patent on all I make. Another good way to avoid being imposed on is to have the dealer write on your bill of sale "Hoey Patent Bed-lounge," and when you get home and should find out differently, you and I can have the dealer arrested for fraud and violation of letters patent; penalty, $100. Respectfully,
JOHN HOEY.
P. S.—The reason I do not give the number of my factory is that it is more convenient to get them from the dealers in furniture. [mr23 1t] J. H.

Madame Weiss' Specific Removes hair from ladies' faces; Madame also removes hair from gentlemen's ears. Residence and office 1433 Steiner, nr. Ellis. ap13 1t Su Tu Th

33 Taylor st.—Rose Cleveland, from New York, with new lady assistants, magnetic massage: 1 to 11 P. M. ap13 3t*

SITUATIONS—CONTINUED.

Rose de Lafont, Best Massage, 1126 Market, Parlors 2, 3. ja20 3m

Addie Wood and Assistant Removed to R. 18, Nucleus House, 34 and Market. 13 3*

Mrs. Dr. Donovan—Private Home in confinement. 27 Eleventh, nr. Market. 12 7*

Mrs. Dr. Strassman, 916 Post—Specialist for all female troubles; pills $1. ap9 1t

Ladies, Send for Our Pamphlets; we have something new which will save you trouble. Address KIRKWOOD HARD RUBBER CO., cor. Market and Jones, 4th floor, Room 124, San Francisco. Send stamp; lady agents wanted. ap5 1t

Books bought and sold. King Bros. 3 Fourth st., near Market. mr27 1t

Dr. E. P. Tierney—Office 14½ Montgomery ave.—will, owing to the great financial depression among the working classes, reduce his fee to $1 per visit. mr21 1m*

Mrs. A. Lang, Nurse and Midwife, agent Dr. Simms' great uterine tonic, a harmless, positive relief for uterine weakness and obstructions; satisfaction guaranteed. 408½ Grove st. 6 1t

Hydropath Institute, 832 Sutter, is prepared to treat patients of every kind. 1t

Alameda Maternity Villa—Furnished rooms previous to confinement; private. MRS. DR. E. FUNKE, near Encinal Park. mr2 1t

Mrs. Davies, 426 Kearny St.: Only safe and sure cure for all female troubles. 12 1t

Julie La Blanche, Magnetic Massage. 1020 Market st., Rooms 1 and 2. m15 1t

Dr. Hall, 426 Kearny st.—Diseases of women a specialty; hours 1 to 4, 6 to 8. m9 5 1y

Dr. C. C. O'Donnell—Office and Res. NW. cor. Washington and Kearny sts. my6 1t

Dr. Ricord's Restorative Pills: Specific for exhausted vitality, physical debility, wasted forces, etc.; approved by the Academy of Medicine, Paris, and the medical celebrities. Sold by J. G. STEELE & CO., 635 Market st., Palace Hotel, San Francisco. Sent by mail or express. Prices: Box of 50, $1 25; of 100, $2; of 200, $3 50; of 500, $6. Preparatory Pills, $2. Send for circular. fe2 1t

SITUATIONS—FEMALE.

LADIES—IF YOU NEED SERVANTS SEND orders to B. MAGNUSON & CO., 109 Stockton st., telephone 5091. 1t*

SCOTCH WOMAN, AN EXPERIENCED COOK; good bread and pastry; steady and reliable; city or country; wages from $30 to $40. Address S. W., Box 109, CALL Branch Office. ap17 1t*

WOMAN WISHES TO DO GENERAL HOUSEwork or to assist in kitchen; references; city or country. 202 Second st., upstairs. ap17 1t*

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE WOMAN, A situation to do light housework or charge of children. Call at 119 Shotwell st. 1t*

A FEW MORE ENGAGEMENTS WANTED BY A first-class dressmaker; will go out by the day. 134 McAllister st. ap17 2t*

COMPETENT STENOGRAPHER WISHES POSItion; operates calligraph and Remington; able to do general amanuensis work; references given. Address Dress Shorthand, Box 123, CALL Branch Office. 17 3*

EXPERIENCED WOMAN WISHES SITUATION to help in kitchen in private boarding-house or restaurant. 162 Clementina st., off Third. 1t*

LADY WISHES POSITION AS GOVERNESS; will teach English branches, literature, drawing, music and painting; references given. Address Governess, Box 150, CALL Branch Office. ap17 3t*

WOMAN WANTS SITUATION TO DO HOUSEwork; city or country. 1018 Howard st., near Sixth. 1t*

COMPETENT PERSON WISHES SITUATION TO take care children. Please call 630 Eddy. 17 2*

RESPONSIBLE PERSON WISHES TO TAKE charge of a house during summer months; best of reference. L. L., Box 145, CALL Branch Office. 1*

YOUNG GIRL WISHES A SITUATION TO DO general housework in small family; is willing and obliging. Please call at 39 Everett st. ap17 2t*

COMPETENT WOMAN WANTS TO DO HOUSEwork; is a good cook; city or country. 1 Delta place, off Mason st., near Bush. 1t*

YOUNG GIRL WISHES SITUATION WITH A family that is traveling; can give city reference. Call from 1 to 4 at 1021½ Market st. ap17 3t*

WANTED—BY RESPECTABLE WOMAN, SITUation as nurse; best of city reference given; city or country. 709 Hyde st. 1t*

COMPETENT GIRL WISHES SITUATION FOR cooking and general housework; city or country. 223 Minna st. 1t*

WOMAN WANTS TO DO LIGHT HOUSEWORK. 622 Natoma st. 1t*

GERMAN GIRL, GOOD COOK AND GOOD HAND for general housework, wants a position. 504 Third st. ap17 3t*

SITUATION WANTED BY A FIRST-CLASS cook in boarding-house or restaurant. Apply 510 Hayes st. 1t*

DESPECTABLE LADY WOULD LIKE PLAIN sewing by the day; wages $1 per day. 1037 Mission st. ap17 3t*

COMPETENT PERSON WISHES SITUATION; understands German and American cooking; laundress. Call 10½ Hayes st. 1t*

YOUNG GIRL WANTS TO DO LIGHT HOUSE work and mind baby. 52 Natoma st. 1t*

WOMAN WANTS TO DO LIGHT HOUSEWORK. 1017 Folsom st. 1t*

YOUNG WOMAN (SWEDISH) WISHES SITUAtion to do housework; is a good cook and laundress. Apply 5 Golden place, off Golden Gate ave., bet. Larkin and Hyde sts. ap17 3t*

COMPETENT WOMAN, GOOD COOK AND laundress, would do small housework in family; private family; references. Call or address 732 Howard st. 1t*

DESPECTABLE GIRL WISHES TO DO GEneral housework; good cook; references. 1202 California st., near Jones. 1t*

DESPECTABLE WOMAN DESIRES SITUATION to do light housework; good references. Call 569½ Natoma st., near Seventh. ap17 1t*

YOUNG GIRL WOULD LIKE TO DO HOUSEwork or take care of children; sleep home preferred. 446 Jessie st. ap16 3t*

SITUATION WANTED BY NEAT AND COMPEtent woman to do housework; city or country. 115½ Market st., near Eleventh. ap17 1t*

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