The Morning Call.

VOLUME LXVII—NO. 162. SAN FRANCISCO, THURSDAY MORNING, MAY 1, 1890—EIGHT PAGES. PRICE FIVE CENTS.

LABOR'S DEMANDS.

Everything in Readiness for the Reform Movement.

Unusual Precautions Taken to Guard Against Trouble at Paris.

All Parts of the City Patrolled by Troops, Orders Governing the Procession in London.

Special by the California Associated Press.

PARIS, April 30.—The authorities throughout France are continuing energetic measures to prevent disturbances to-morrow. The police continue to arrest anarchists in this city who are suspected of being connected with a plot to inaugurate a revolution by dynamite.

Several anarchists were arrested to-day. Among the number was a Roumanian named Sthojanoff, the author of revolutionary placards. Louise Michel was arrested at Lyons. No deputation of over five persons will be received by the Chamber of Deputies to-morrow and no deputation will be received from the street. An assembly of eight cavalry regiments will re-enforce the Paris garrison and be placed at the Palace of Elysee, Carnot's residence, the Legislative Chambers and other points where disorder is likely to occur. There will be no interruption of street traffic. Meetings on the streets are not allowed.

The military preparations for May day are very comprehensive. The ordinary garrison of Paris has been increased by eight regiments of cavalry, and placed at the disposition of the Government. They will remain in readiness within the barracks during the day. Some, however, will be stationed at the Elysee residence of the President, others at the Quay de Orsay, others on the boulevard and others on the Place de la Concorde. Infantry will be kept in the vaults of the Church of Madeline, while four squadrons of cavalry will be held within the walls of the Palais de Industrie, amid the sculpture of the salon. All will have loaded rifles or carbines and the infantry will stand with bayonets fixed.

ON GUARD AT BERLIN.

BERLIN, April 30.—The Government is taking great precautions to suppress all disorders that may arise from the celebrations to-morrow. The troops in the various districts in which trouble is threatened are being paraded and put through a course of exercises in tactics for the suppression of rioting. The detachments around Potsdam are supplied with ball cartridges and the railway trains are held in readiness to instantly convey re-enforcements to any point.

THE POPE'S APPEAL.

ROME, April 30.—As promised in an interview last week, the Pope to-day issued an appeal to the German Bishops, urging them to begin a crusade in defense of society against the revolutionary spirit of socialism. It will be followed by similar rescripts to other nations. The Pope asserts that he has deeply reflected on the causes of the labor troubles, and the true remedies are found in conforming to the doctrines of Christ.

A FACTORY PILLAGED.

VIENNA, April 30.—There was a workmen's riot at Frankstadt yesterday. A factory was pillaged by a mob. The troops bayoneted many of the rioters.

PESTH, April 30.—The agitation among the workingmen of Hungary has assumed colossal proportions.

PROCESSIONS FORBIDDEN.

LONDON, April 30. — All processions of workingmen to-morrow except one, which will be compelled to follow a specified route, have been forbidden.

A PARADE AT HAVANA.

HAVANA, April 30.—The various trade organizations have petitioned the authorities to allow a demonstration on May day, and permit a procession through the principal streets of the city. Permission has been granted on condition that the workmen maintain order.

STRIKES IN NEW BRUNSWICK.

ST. JOHN (N. B.), April 30.—The labor strike here is assuming a grave aspect. The employes of McAvity & Sons, the brass-founders, have gone out on a nine-hour strike. The men of Fleming's Locomotive Works have also gone out.

AFFAIRS AT CHICAGO.

CHICAGO, April 30.—The situation of the strikers, irrespective of trade, is in the same unsettled condition. The culmination of affairs, however, either for gain or loss, will take place undoubtedly to-morrow.

The striking carpenters are wrought up over the sensational exposure that two members of the Strikers' Committee have been disclosing affairs transacted in the sessions to the Boss Carpenters' Association.

Nine strikers were arrested yesterday for interfering with non-union carpenters.

Four carpenters are at the Detention Hospital, having gone crazy over the strike.

Preparations are being made by the trades for a monster demonstration to-morrow.

The situation at the stock-yards is this: The laborers who do rough work around the houses demand eight hours and higher wages. Being polyglot and not well organized, they cannot succeed unless skilled butchers assist them. The butchers are divided on the point of striking at the present time, but, as the dissenters are in the minority, it is believed that they can be easily brought to the other side. If they go out the packing-houses will shut down and 25,000 men will be out of work.

A rough estimate shows that 150,000 men will be in the parade to-morrow.

THE SITUATION AT PORTLAND

PORTLAND, April 30.—The situation of the strike to all appearances is unchanged, but it is known that a movement is on foot among the workingmen to form a contractors' association, composed of many of the most responsible and efficient strikers, and that by Friday morning the new arrangement will declare itself ready for operation. The action of the builders in attempting to form a combination with the mill-men and wholesale furnishers of shop stuffs and paints and oils is denounced in the most scathing terms by all union workingmen. Judging from present indications the desired conclusion cannot be easily reached, as it is understood that all the manufacturers will not enter into the consolidation scheme. It is said that a well-known capitalist who owns a large sawmill will not have anything to do with the matter, but will furnish material in quantities to suit all non-union contractors as well as to the Exchange builders. In speaking of the situation to-day the men assumed an air of confident independence.

RAILROAD TROUBLE ENDED.

PITTSBURG, April 30.—The Executive Council of the Railroad Federation has ordered the men to accept the terms proposed by the railroad companies. The rates are 18 and 19 cents per hour, respectively, for day and night brakemen, and 24 and 25 cents per hour for day and night conductors. This settles the railroad troubles here.

DOCK-LABORERS' STRIKE.

DULUTH, April 30.—All the men on the coal docks are out on a strike for 50 cents an hour. They were getting 40 cents. The coal companies say they will not give the extra 10 cents. About 450 men are engaged in the strike.

AT PHILADELPHIA.

PHILADELPHIA, April 30.—The carpenters and bosses have failed to agree, and a strike to-morrow is probable.

NO TROUBLE FEARED.

NEW YORK, April 30.—About twenty-five thousand workmen will parade here to-morrow. No trouble is feared.

It is announced that all the carpenters in Brooklyn will strike Monday morning.

BOSTON CARPENTERS.

BOSTON, April 30.—The threatened strike of the union carpenters in Boston for eight hours a day seems inevitable.

STRIKE AT DETROIT.

DETROIT, April 30.—The carpenters here will strike to-morrow for eight hours. No adjustment is possible.

ON MANY DIAMONDS.

Results of Yesterday's National and Players' League Contests.

CHICAGO, April 30.—To-day's league game was won by the home team without any trouble. Summary:

Chicagos.....3 0 0 0 2 0 0 1 *—6
Pittsburgs.....1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—1

Base hits—Chicagos 7, Pittsburgs 5. Errors—Chicagos 0, Pittsburgs 4. Batteries—Hutchinson and Kittridge, Schmitt and Wilson.

Cleveands Whitewashed.

CLEVELAND, April 30.—The Cincinnatis spread a nice coat of whitewash all over the home team to-day. Summary:

Clevelands.....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0— 0
Cincinnatis.....1 0 0 2 0 0 0 1 0— 4

Base hits—Clevelands 3, Cincinnatis 5. Errors—Clevelands 2, Cincinnatis 1. Batteries—Beatin and Zimmer, Rhines and Harrington.

Lost on Errors.

BROOKLYN, April 30.—The Bostons hit Carruthers hard and often to-day, but lost the game by their loose fielding. Summary:

Brooklyns.....0 2 0 2 0 0 0 3 1—8
Bostons.....0 0 2 0 0 1 3 0 1—7

Base hits—Brooklyns 7, Bostons 15. Errors—Brooklyns 3, Bostons 7. Batteries—Carruthers and Clarke, Geizein and Ganzell.

An Easy Victory.

PHILADELPHIA, April 30. — The home team was outplayed at all points to-day and lost by the following summary:

Philadelphias.....3 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—3
New Yorks.....0 1 0 2 3 2 0 1 0—9

Base hits—Philadelphias 6, New Yorks 13. Errors—Philadelphias 2, New Yorks 1. Batteries—Gleason and Clements, Rusie and Buckley.

THE BROTHERHOOD.

Pittsburg, Brooklyn, Cleveland and Boston Win Their Games.

PITTSBURG, April 30.—Heavy stick-work won to-day's game for the Pittsburgs from Buffalo. Summary:

Pittsburgs.....0 2 0 5 2 1 1 0 0—11
Buffalos.....0 0 3 0 0 1 0 0 0— 5

Base hits—Pittsburgs 14, Buffalos 10. Errors—Pittsburgs 5, Buffalos 5. Batteries—Stanley and Carroll, Ferson and Mack.

Won by Boston.

PHILADELPHIA, April 30.—The home team was outplayed by the visitors, who won handily. Summary:

Philadelphias.....0 1 0 3 6 0 1 1 0— 6
Bostons.....2 0 1 2 1 0 3 0 0— 9

Base hits—Philadelphias 8, Bostons 11. Errors—Philadelphias 3, Bostons 6. Batteries—Buffinton and Cross, Kilroy and Kelly.

A Close Game.

CLEVELAND, April 30.—The Chicagos were defeated after an exciting contest. Summary:

Clevelands.....0 0 1 1 3 0 0 1 0—6
Chicagos.....0 1 1 1 0 0 2 0 0—5

Base hits — Clevelands 7, Chicagos 7. Errors—Clevelands 5, Chicagos 3. Batteries—Gruber and Brennan, King and Boyle.

Van Was in the Box.

BROOKLYN, April 30.—The Giants were unable to hit Van Haltren at the right time to-day and lost to the home team. Summary:

Brooklyns.....0 1 0 5 0 0 1 3 0—10
New Yorks.....0 1 1 0 0 0 0 1 2— 5

Base hits—Brooklyns 11, New Yorks 10. Errors—Brooklyns 3, New Yorks 4. Batteries—Van Haltren and Cook, Ewing and Ewing.

The American Association

ROCHESTER, April 30. — Rochester 7, Brooklyns 0.

SYRACUSE, April 30.—Syracuse 10, Athletics (Philadelphia) 0.

ST. LOUIS, April 29.—St. Louis 7, Columbus 1.

WON AND LOST.

Relative Positions of the National and Players' League Teams.

The following table gives the number of games won, lost and played by each club of the National and Players' leagues. It will thus be an easy matter to compare the work of the rival clubs:

NATIONAL LEAGUE.	Won.	Lost.	Played.	PLAYERS' LEAGUE.	Won.	Lost.	Played.
Bostons	5	4	9	Bostons	7	2	9
Brooklyns	4	3	7	Brooklyns	4	4	8
Chicagos	5	3	8	Buffalos	4	3	7
Clevelands	3	5	8	Chicagos	4	3	7
Cincinnatis	4	4	8	Clevelands	3	5	8
Philadelphias	4	3	7	Philadelphias	3	4	7
Pittsburgs	4	4	8	Pittsburgs	4	4	8
New Yorks	3	6	9	New Yorks	2	6	8

A REVOLUTION.

Several Persons Killed and Many Wounded in Paraguay.

BUENOS AYRES, April 30.—A revolution has broken out in Paraguay. Several persons have been killed and many wounded. Telegraphic communication is interrupted and the details received are meagre.

A MONARCHIST PLOT.

Confirmation of the Reported Scheme to Overthrow the French Republic.

PARIS, April 30.—La France (Republican) confirms the report of the existence of a monarchist plot to overthrow the Republic.

A Dominion Scandal.

QUEBEC, April 30.—A political sensation has been created by the publication of charges that Larkin, Connolly & Co., chief contractors for the Federal Government have paid Sir Hector Langerin, the head of the Dominion Department of Public Works, between $100,000 to $300,000 to obtain the preference in awarding contracts.

Under British Influence.

ZANZIBAR, April 30. — The expedition under Jackson, by order of the British East Africa Company, has arrived at Uganda and concluded treaties with Mwanga and the other chiefs, placing Uganda exclusively under British influence.

Mexican Presidential Terms.

CITY OF MEXICO, April 30.—The Chamber of Deputies has approved the bill granting an indefinite number of terms to Presidents. The bill has been sent to the Senate.

The Turkish Debt.

BERLIN, April 30.—Germany has assented to the scheme for the conversion of the Turkish debt.

Universal Suffrage.

MADRID, April 30.—The Spanish Senate has approved the Universal Suffrage Bill.

The Queen at Windsor.

LONDON, April 30.—Queen Victoria has returned to Windsor.

BOXING AT SACRAMENTO.

Contest Between James Corbett and Professor Donaldson.

SACRAMENTO, April 30.—James J. Corbett and Professor Donaldson boxed four rounds here this evening, and although it was a tame exhibition, it was shown that Donaldson is no match for the Olympian, even as a boxer. Eugene Van Court and George Miehling gave an imitation wrestling exhibition, and a couple of Sacramento amateurs boxed four rounds.

The World's Fair.

CHICAGO, April 30.—The World's Fair Directors met this evening and adopted by-laws and elected Lyman Gage President, Thomas Bryan First Vice-President and Potter Palmer Second Vice-President. The other officers will be elected at the next meeting.

For the Loss of an Arm.

Florance Raymond was employed in L. P. Degen's leather-trimming workshop at 130 First street on September 25th last. His right arm was caught in machinery and so mangled and broken as to require amputation. He charges negligence on the part of the defendant in neglecting to supply necessary tools for the labor he was employed upon, and has sued him for $25,500 damages.

LONDON, April 30.—The race at Newmarket to-day for 1000 guineas was won by Barefoot, Leonard second.

The Edison talking dolls are in demand in the New York toy-shops.

THE TARIFF BILL.

It Will Come Up for Debate Next Tuesday.

The Caucus Silver Measure Not to Be Acted Upon at Present.

A Bitter Fight Expected in the Senate Over the White Metal—Stewart and Teller Agree Upon Free Coinage.

Special by the California Associated Press.

WASHINGTON, April 30. — Several conferences have been held between Messrs. Carlisle, Reed and McKinley this week, and a time for the debate on the Tariff Bill agreed upon. The bill will be called up in the House next Tuesday. Reed and McKinley are anxious to have the bill passed within two weeks, at most, after the debate begins. There is a disposition among the Democrats to prolong the debate. It is proposed by the Republicans to limit the general debate and let the voting on amendments occupy most of the time.

The caucus Silver Bill, which was on the programme of the House for this week, will not be brought up until the Tariff Bill has been disposed of. This postponement is caused by the failure of the caucus of Republican Senators to agree on the bill adopted by the Republicans of the House. A California Associated Press Reporter talked with Senator Stewart to-night. He and Mr. Teller practically agree on the silver question. The free-coinage measure of Teller, which he lately introduced, is identical with a portion of Mr. Stewart's bill introduced early in the session. Stewart expects a bitter fight in the Senate but is hopeful of free-coinage success in that body, and says the House will likely pass its caucus measure.

When in conference between the two houses some agreement will be likely to be reached favorable to silver. The Senate will agree to a compromise of this kind, if necessary, in order to insure some kind of silver legislation this session.

Charles N. Felton is here. He represents that Pacific Coasters are dissatisfied with the McKinley Tariff Bill, especially the sugar schedule.

CONFLICTING TESTIMONY.

The Investigation of the Ohio Ballot-Box Forgery Resumed.

WASHINGTON, April 30.—The special House Committee on the Ohio ballot-box forgery resumed its hearing this morning. Lewis A. Bode of Cincinnati, an employe of the Cincinnati Screw and Tap Company, which made the famous ballot-boxes, declared that Ben Butterworth's assertion that he had not spoken to Tom Campbell for eight years was untrue, for in 1887 he saw Butterworth in Campbell's back office. One of the ballot-boxes was on the table and Wood was there. They looked anxious, as if waiting to "get down to business."

Butterworth interrupted Bode with the remark: "You are lying from beginning to end."

Butterworth then testified: "There is not a single word of truth in Bode's statement that I was there. I never was there; never had a talk with Campbell or Wood, and, in fact, Campbell and I have not been on speaking terms, as some persons in this room know, for five or six years. I think that possibly once in the past five or six years I have been in Campbell's office; but that was in the front office, and then for a single moment. I never saw a bollot-box there and never saw Wood there."

Bode reiterated the truth of his statement and said that he had no object to asperse Butterworth. The committee then adjourned.

INDIAN WAR PENSIONS.

Hermann's Efforts to Secure the Passage of His Bill—Poor Postal Facilities.

WASHINGTON, April 30. — Congressman Hermann of Oregon is now sanguine that the Pension Committee will report favorably on the pension bill for Indian war soldiers, but the committee first wants to get the general pension bill disposed of and the Indian war measure bill will next be considered.

Mr. Hermann is of the opinion that the mail service of the Pacific Coast is inadequate and that the Postal Department is acting rather parsimoniously. "There are ten divisions in the United States Postal Service," said Mr. Hermann, "and one of these divisions includes the great area of California, Oregon, Washington, Montana, Idaho, Nevada, Utah and Arizona. It is impossible for one Division Superintendent to supervise this great area, consequently his subordinates can give but indifferent service." Mr. Hermann will endeavor to have two districts created, with headquarters at San Francisco for one and Portland for the other. Mr. Hermann also says an arrangement will be made for two daily mails between Portland and Astoria.

TOOK THE OATH.

Fremont Sworn In as Major-General and Placed on the Retired List.

WASHINGTON, April 30.—There was quite an interesting scene in the office of Chief Clerk Tweedale at the War Department to-day. An old, white-haired man, with every indication of age except a sprightly movement as he walked, appeared and said that he wanted to take the oath that would make him Major-General in the United States Army and place him on the retired list. He was General Fremont, the famous veteran whom Congress has just honored by the passage of a bill placing him on the retired list with the highest possible rank. His features, despite the lines of age, have not changed in the least, and, barring his white hair, he looks just as he did during the war.

LEAD ORES.

The Law Governing Their Taxation Defined by Secretary Tichenor.

WASHINGTON, April 30.—Assistant Secretary of the Treasury Tichenor has informed the United States Consul at Paso del Norte, Mexico, that in case of ores composed of silver, gold and lead, where the silver and gold together are of chief value, the ore would not be dutiable, but where the lead is more valuable than either of the others separately the ore would be dutiable under the provision of the law for lead ores. The term "chief value" of an article or substance composed of three materials means greater than either of the others and not greater than their aggregate.

MOLASSES SUGAR.

Manufacturers Ask for a Bounty of One Cent a Pound.

WASHINGTON, April 30.—The New York, Brooklyn, Boston, Philadelphia and Portland delegations from the manufacturers of sugar (from molasses) argued before the Ways and Means Committee to-day. They contended that if "molasses sugar" was admitted free as provided in the McKinley bill their industry would be crippled, because imported sugar could be sold at a less price than the cost of manufactured sugar produced by them. They asked that a bounty of 1 cent a pound be allowed the manufacturers of molasses sugar.

A New Office Filled.

WASHINGTON, April 30.—Colonel Richard Hinton has been appointed Superintendent of Artesian Irrigation, Department of Agriculture, and has an appropriation of $20,000 to expend before July 1st prox., in ascertaining whether the agriculture of Dakota and adjacent States can be benefited by the artesian system.

Railway Mail Service.

WASHINGTON, April 30.—The Postmaster-General this afternoon appointed William P. Campbell of Chicago to be Assistant General Superintendent of the railway mail service. Mr. Campbell is an old employe and has been Assistant Superintendent for many years. Alexander Grant, at present acting as chief clerk of the service, was promoted to be chief clerk. These two offices were created by this Congress.

Appointments.

WASHINGTON, April 30.—The President made the following appointments to-day: Willis H. Pettit, to be Surveyor-General of Idaho Territory; Samuel H. Swiggett of Montana, to be Register of the Land Office at Helena; George N. Bourquin of Montana, to be Receiver of the Land Office at Helena.

The Pension List.

WASHINGTON, April 30.—California pensions: Original, Edward Pickett, Navano. Mexican survivors—Davis B. Sutton, Willows; George P. Gillies, San Francisco; Ferdinand Meyer, San Leandro.

CONGRESS.

THE SENATE.

Dolph's Resolution Providing for a Treaty to Prevent Chinese Smuggling.

WASHINGTON, April 30.—In the Senate to-day Dolph introduced a concurrent resolution authorizing the President to negotiate a treaty with Mexico and Great Britain relative to the estoppage of Chinese laborers entering the United States from Canada and Mexico. Dolph asked immediate consideration, but Ingalls objected, and the resolution went over until to-morrow. Following is the text of the resolution:

Resolved, By the Senate, the House of Representatives concurring, that the President, if, in his opinion, not incompatible with public interests, be requested to enter into negotiations with the Governments of Great Britain and Mexico with a view to securing treaty stipulations with those Governments for the prevention of the entry of Chinese laborers into the United States, contrary to the laws of the United States, from the Dominion of Canada and Mexico.

Squire presented a petition from the citizens of Washington, asking that the town of Blaine, in the State of Washington, be made a port of entry. Referred to the Commerce Committee.

Squire also presented a memorial from the State of Washington, representing that the obstruction between Port Townsend Bay and Oak Bay is a great inconvenience to the commerce of Puget Sound and can be removed at a cost of $40,000, and asking for an appropriation by Congress. Referred to the Commerce Committee.

At 12:30 o'clock the Administrative Customs Bill came up as unfinished business and was considered. The debate on this continued and was participated in by Vest, Allison, Sherman, Gray, Ingalls and others. The subject of the duties of appraisers generally was discussed.

The amendment offered yesterday by Dawes, that in cases of importation of books, magazines and periodicals in several parts but one declaration of entry shall be required, was agreed to.

The amendment offered by Vest, providing that general appraisers who originally acted on the case shall be excluded from the board of three general appraisers to which an appeal may be made, was discussed at much length.

Several amendments were introduced and the debate continued the entire afternoon.

Neither the amendments nor bill were acted upon and the Senate went into executive session for a few minutes and at 7:30 o'clock adjourned.

THE HOUSE.

Favorable Vote on the Senate Service Pension Bill—Woolen Cloths.

WASHINGTON, April 30.—The House having non-concurred in the Senate amendments to the act approving the Arizona Funding Bill, conferees on the part of the House were appointed.

Among the bills introduced was one by Ewart (by request) regulating and altering the manner of holding election for Representatives of Congress. Referred.

The House proceeded to vote upon the passage of the bill for the classification of worsted clothes as woolen cloths, and the bill was passed—ayes 138, noes 0, the Speaker counting a quorum. The text of the bill is as follows: That the Secretary of the Treasury be and hereby is authorized and directed to classify as woolen cloths all imports of worsted cloth, whether known under the name of worsted cloth or under the names of worsteds or diagonals, or otherwise.

McKinley from the Committee on Rules reported a resolution providing for the immediate consideration of the whole the report of the Committee on Ways and Means on the Pension Bill to which the Morrill Service Pension Bill may be ordered as a substitute, the previous question to be considered as ordered at 4 o'clock.

Carlisle protested against the adoption of resolutions of this character, which took from the committee of the whole the right to consider money bills, and forced the House to vote upon them after a brief debate.

McKinley argued that the resolution was justified under the present code of rules—not only this, but was justified by precedents set by the House over which the gentleman from Kentucky (Carlisle) presided. The Republicans wanted to do the public business of the country. The Democrats considered and did nothing, and the Republicans considered and did nothing. What the country wanted was results and not speeches. [Applause on the Republican side.]

The resolution was adopted, and Morrill took the floor in explanation and support of his bill.

A long debate followed on the bill, which was finally passed—ayes 179, noes 71. The Republicans voted solidly for the bill.

Among the Democrats voting for the bill were Clunie and Biggs of California.

The bill as passed places on the pension roll all honorably discharged soldiers or sailors, on arriving at the age of 60 years, who served ninety days or more in the War of the Rebellion, the pension to continue during life at $8 per month; also those who are now disabled, or may become so, whether such disability was caused by the service or otherwise; also widows, reaching the age of 60 years, of deceased soldiers and sailors; also children under 16 years of age, without means of support other than daily labor, are to be paid a pension until reaching 16 years of age.

The pension provided by the bill shall not operate to reduce or increase any pension now running at or above $7 a month. The bill limits pension agents to a fee of $5.

The House adjourned at 6:45 o'clock.

OPPRESSIVELY STYLISH.

The Pappenheim-Wheeler Wedding Ceremony at Philadelphia.

PHILADELPHIA, April 30.—The wedding of Count Pappenheim and Miss Wheeler at St. Mary's Church this morning was a very swell affair. The groom wore a dark blue coat, embroidered with silver, and knee breeches. He carried a straight court sword and a cocked hat. The bride was attired in a white satin gown, cut plain, the costume being devoid of ornamentation. There were twelve bridesmaids. The groomsmen and ushers included many men of title connected with the German, Russian, Swedish and other legations. All wore court uniforms. After the ceremony a reception was held and all fashionable Philadelphia was present.

NICARAGUA CANAL.

A Force of Engineers and Railroad Material Bound for Greytown.

NEW YORK, April 30.—The steamship Hondo, which sails for Greytown to-morrow, takes out a cargo of railroad material for the Nicaragua Canal. Among the passengers is a force of engineers, besides Charles T. Treat, railroad contractor, and J. B. Harris of San Francisco, assistant to Treat. It is expected the railroad to the Atlantic Divide will be completed in about three months.

The Iowas' Reservation.

GUTHRIE, April 30.—The Indian Commission will establish headquarters at Guthrie May 12th and will negotiate with the Iowa Indians for their reservation of 150,000 acres. An allotment of land is to be made to the Indians and the balance is to be open to settlement. The Indians are willing to negotiate and a horde of home-seekers are ready to take advantage of the land.

Accident Association Sued.

CANTON (Ohio), April 30.—A petition was filed in the Common Pleas Court yesterday by Jay Burns against the National Accident Association of Indianapolis, Ind., for $25,000 damages. They caused his arrest on the 19th of April for embezzlement, and on the trial a few days later he was acquitted. He asks for the above amount for defamation of character.

Injured by a Falling Scaffold.

CANTON, April 30.—While engaged in slating the roof of a house in this city to-day the scaffolding gave way, hurling three men to the ground, a distance of thirty feet. All were badly hurt.

KILLED IN COURT.

A Noted Western Crook Shot by His Wife.

Louisiana Sugar Plantations Inundated by Back Water.

John M. Ward and Helen Dauvray Sign an Agreement to Separate—Pulitzer Indicted.

Special by the California Associated Press.

MEMPHIS, April 30. — Jake Ackerman, a notorious "crook," was placed on trial for assault against his wife this evening. His wife was called as a witness, and as she passed the prisoner she drew a revolver and fired three shots, each one of which would have been fatal. The woman was arrested and said that if she had not killed him he would have killed her. Ackerman devoted his attentions to the principal Western cities.

LET OFF EASY.

A California Runaway Boy Before a New York Judge.

NEW YORK, April 30.—Leroy Amos Weltz, a "black sheep" of one of the wealthiest and most respectable families on the Pacific Coast, to-day pleaded guilty of burglary in the Court of General Sessions. Judge Martine, out of consideration for the eminent persons who asked that clemency be shown the prisoner on account of his youth and promises of reform, discharged Weltz. He stipulated, however, that the discharge would not take place until Weltz should be put aboard a steamer with his passage paid to San Francisco. Young Weltz is an intelligent-looking boy, about 16 years old. His parents sent him to school at Georgetown, D. C. He ran away some time ago and came to this city, where he knocked about until his money was gone. His folks sent him a ticket to come home, but he sold it in Chicago and returned here. He fell in with evil companions and one evening was caught in trying to enter the residence of Frederick Blackhaus. He was committed to the Tombs for trial and subsequently indicted by the Grand Jury. The Chief of Police and many prominent citizens, including a judge in San Francisco, have sent letters to Judge Martine vouching for the respectability of the Weltz family and requesting that clemency be shown.

CRIMINAL LIBEL.

Editor of the New York World Indicted on Charges by Judge Hilton.

NEW YORK, April 30.—The Grand Jury has indicted Joseph Pulitzer, John H. Cockerill, Julius Chambers and James F. Graham of the New York World for criminal libel on Judge Hilton's complaint. Recent articles in the World in reference to Hilton's management of the Stewart estate caused the complaint.

In response to the indictment the World will to-morrow editorially say that it practically invited the indictments, and charges Henry Hilton with preying upon the late Alexander T. Stewart and robbing and defrauding his widow. It promises to publish further revelations of his perfidy.

CLAYTON'S DEATH.

Governor Eagle and Mrs. Hooper Examined by the Committee.

LITTLE ROCK, April 30.—In the Congressional investigation of Clayton's death to-day, Governor Eagle was on the stand. He turned over all the evidence, etc., he had collected, and gave a full account of Tom Hooper's confession, in which Hooper said that he killed Clayton out of revenge, as in 1868 Clayton helped to kill Hooper's father. Hooper died at Los Angeles, Cal. Mrs. Hooper was on the stand and denied that her husband was away on the night Clayton was killed.

SHOOTING CONTESTS.

Prizes Won Under the Auspices of the American Association.

COLUMBUS (Ohio), April 30.—This was the first day's sport of the American Shooting Association. The day was fine and the attendance large. A light wind prevailed. The first prize was won by Edwards. In the second match the first prize was won by McDonald. In the third match the first prize was divided by Runyan and Lee. In the fourth contest the first prize was divided by Osborne, Keykes and McDonald. In the fifth match the first prize was won by Courtney.

AGREED TO SEPARATE.

John M. Ward and His Wife Have Parted Permanently.

NEW YORK, April 30.—Shortstop John M. Ward and his actress-wife, Helen Dauvray, have signed papers agreeing to separate. Mrs. Ward and her sister, Mrs. Keefe, start for California to-morrow. An affidavit filed by Mrs. George Dermott for a divorce from her husband mentions Ward's name in a disagreeable fashion. This is believed to be the reason for Ward's separation. His wife says, however: "His punishment comes not through me."

THE M'KINLEY BILL.

Strong Protests Against Its Passage by Leading Importers.

NEW YORK, April 30.—A large number of representatives of New York importing houses this afternoon passed resolutions protesting in the strongest terms against the enactment of the proposed McKinley tariff bill, or any other bill by which the duty upon any single article of merchandise is advanced. Among the signers were Arnold, Constable & Co., McCreery & Co. and R. H. Macy & Co.

FROM PRISON TO AFFLUENCE.

A Forger While Serving His Sentence Falls Heir to Half a Million.

JOLIET (Ill.), April 30.—The richest convict ever confined in the Joliet Penitentiary was discharged from the prison to-day. His name is John Sellinger and he was sent up for one year for forgery. He is 23 years old and is heir to $500,000, recently left him in one of the principal cantons of Switzerland. On his release he was given $1400 and started for Chicago, and from there will proceed to Switzerland.

INUNDATED PLANTATIONS.

Valuable Farming Tracts Being Submerged by Back-Water.

NEW ORLEANS, April 30.—News reaches here from Brusley Landing that the backwater has been rising so rapidly that it is thought nearly all the plantations will be inundated. The large Sinclair place went under yesterday. The back levee gave way, and within six hours many acres of fine cane land were flooded. Deer are coming out of the swamps in droves, and are being mercilessly slaughtered.

STRUCK BY A TRAIN.

Fatal Accident on the Pittsburg and Lake Erie Railroad.

YOUNGSTOWN, April 30.—Train No. 17 of the Pittsburg and Lake Erie Road ran into a gang of Italian laborers this evening near Wampum and Antonio Cascelli was struck by the engine. He was picked up mangled and bleeding and died in a few minutes. Several others were injured.

Delegates to the World's Fair.

COLUMBUS, April 30.—Governor Campbell to-day appointed the following delegates to the Chicago World's Fair from Ohio: Henry P. Platt of Lucas County, and William Richie of Butler County; alternates, Louis Cron of Miami, and Adolph Pleamer of Hamilton.

Suspension of a Bank.

PHILADELPHIA, April 30.—Notice has been posted announcing the suspension of the Bank of America. The bank closed in five minutes after giving assurances that it was in a condition to pay small depositors without delay. The bank is a small State concern with a capital of $375,000 and about the same amount of deposits, with six or eight branches in and near the city.

MICHIGAN GOVERNORSHIP.

T. W. Palmer Authorizes the Withdrawal of His Name as a Candidate.

DETROIT, April 30.—T. W. Palmer, Minister to Spain, recently lost his only relative, Mrs. Roby Hamilton. To-day William Livingstone, chief engineer of the Palmer canvass for Governor, received a dispatch from Paris saying: "Withdraw my name. I cannot now be a candidate."

The Hendricks Monument.

INDIANAPOLIS, April 30.—The material for the Hendricks monument, including a statue of the late Vice-President, making fifteen car-loads, arrived to-day, and the work of erection will begin immediately. The unveiling ceremonies will occur about June 1st.

Prohibition in South Dakota.

PIERRE, April 30.—The State prohibition law goes into effect at midnight, and at 10 o'clock to-night every saloon in South Dakota, numbering over 1000, closed their doors.

Waived Examination.

MILWAUKEE, April 30.—Dr. Hatchard and wife, who are under arrest for wholesale malpractice, waived examination to-day and were remanded back to jail.

NORTHERN PACIFIC.

Incorporation of a Road From Yakima to the Pacific Ocean.

TACOMA, April 30.—Articles of incorporation of the Yakima and Pacific Coast Railroad Company will be filed to-morrow. The incorporators are Northern Pacific officials, and that company is undoubtedly behind the scheme. The road begins at North Yakima and running in a general westerly direction along the valley of the Natchez River or its tributaries, across the Cascade Mountains at or near Cowlitz Pass, thence down the Cowlitz River in a general westerly direction, through Lewis County to a point near Chehalis; then westerly by the valley of Chehalis River to the headwaters of Willapa River, to some point at the head of Shoalwater Bay, at or near South Bend, together with a branch from South Bend running in a general northwesterly direction through the counties of Pacific and Chehalis to a point on the south side of Grays Harbor. Also a branch railroad beginning near South Bend, thence running in a general southerly direction through Pacific County to a point on the Columbia River opposite Astoria, thence from Astoria in a westerly direction down the north bank of the Columbia River to the Pacific Ocean, and thence due north through Pacific County and along Spit, Bowen and Shoalwater bays and the ocean to Leadboter Point. The capital stock is $5,000,000.

CHICAGO, April 30.—The conference between the passenger men of the lines east and west of the Missouri River has reached a point where it is positive that the Western States Passenger Association will be re-organized with a membership including nearly all the lines between Chicago and the Rocky Mountains. The agreement is practically completed, and only awaits the assent of three roads to go into effect. There is no doubt of these roads agreeing, and the conference adjourned till Tuesday, when the officers will be elected. The conference meeting of the lines in the Western freight and trans-Missouri territory relative to making through rates has been a complete failure. The Rock Island will either lease a part of the Burlington line between Omaha and Lincoln or parallel that line between the two places. This will give them two good lines to Denver.

The resignation of General Manager Ripley of the Burlington road, following so closely on the heels of Morton and Stone, has given rise to all manner of rumors.

The general passenger agents were again in session this afternoon.

There is a rumor that the Vanderbilts will secure control of the Great Northern at the coming election and will extend it to Puget Sound. The route is from Chicago, via Chicago, St. Paul and Omaha; thence by the Seattle, Lake Shore and Eastern, on which the Great Northern has ninety days' option to purchase. The Chicago and Northwestern will be extended to San Francisco, connections being made at St. Paul with the Great Northern; by a line from Southern Idaho.

BOSTON, April 30.—At the annual election of Union Pacific stockholders Marvin Hughitt, President of the Chicago and Northwestern road, was elected a Director to succeed David Dows. No other change is made in the board.

After the election of Directors a stock vote was taken upon the ratification of the following: Modification of the Oregon Railway and Navigation Company lease; the Oregon Short Line and Utah Northern Railway Company traffic agreement; the guarantee of the Oregon Short Line and Utah Northern collateral Trust bonds; the Union Pacific, Denver and Gulf Railway Company traffic agreement; the Colorado Central Railroad Company trackage from Denver to Cheyenne; approving the 4½ per cent collateral trust of the Denver, Leadville and Gunnison mortgage indenture; the Chicago, Rock Island and Pacific Central trackage from Linden to Denver, etc.; the Kearney and Black Hills Railway Company traffic agreement; the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul Railway Company trackage from Council Bluffs to Omaha; the Chicago, Rock Island and Pacific Railway Company trackage to Omaha, and from Lincoln to Beatrice, Nebr. President Adams explained the several investments made during the year. The vote approving and ratifying the action of the directors in making them was unanimously passed. The directors' report was also adopted. After a recess the vote was announced as 437,476 shares, all in favor of the above propositions.

Among the investments approved were the following: $39,100 for the last outstanding shares of the Credit Mobilier; $110,500 paid to settle all claims and to secure about $1,000,000 worth of property involved in the Credit Mobilier litigation; and the purchase of the Oregon Short Line of $7,741,000 of bonds secured by the Oregon Railway and Navigation stock as collateral.

ST. PAUL, April 30.—John M. Egan, General Manager of the Chicago, St. Paul and Kansas City Railway will succeed H. B. Stone as General Manager of the Chicago, Burlington and Quincy. At a conference with the directors of the Burlington in Chicago to-morrow, Mr. Egan will formally accept the position which was tendered him immediately after the resignation of Mr. Stone.

MONTREAL, April 30.—The Canadian Pacific proposes to issue $20,000,000 four-per cent bonds on the Duluth, South Shore, Atlantic and Marquette, Houghton and Ontanogon roads, and guarantee the bonds. It will retire all Marquette, Houghton and Ontanogon bonds and stock, leaving only the Duluth and South Shore Atlantic fives ahead of the fours. It will use the additional money in betterment and some new mileage in the way of spurs. The $1,500,000 Marquette, Houghton and Ontonagon sixes of 1923 may be called in at 105 and $576,200 sixes of 1903 may be paid at par from the proceeds of land sales.

CONDENSED TELEGRAMS.

NEW YORK, April 30.—It is authoritatively stated that the differences between Shortst