THE MORNING CALL

Has a larger circulation than any other newspaper published in San Francisco.

PUBLICATION OFFICE:

525 Montgomery street, near Clay, open until 11 o'clock P. M. BRANCH OFFICES: 710 Market street, near Kearny, open until 12 o'clock midnight; 250 Hayes street, open until 9:30 o'clock; 603 Larkin street, open until 9:30 o'clock, and 2518 Mission street, open until 9 o'clock P. M.

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SPECIAL NOTICE FOR THE SUMMER MONTHS.

Subscribers who intend going to the country during the summer months can have THE DAILY CALL mailed to them for a week or longer at regular subscription rates, 15c per week. Give order to carrier or send to business office.

AUCTION SALES TO-DAY.

FURNITURE—By Chas. Levy, at 530 California st., at 10 o'clock.

WEATHER FORECAST.

SIGNAL SERVICE, U. S. ARMY, DIVISION OF THE PACIFIC, SAN FRANCISCO, July 31, 1890. 5 P. M.—Pacific time.

Synopsis for the Past Twenty-four Hours.

The barometer is highest on the Oregon coast and is lowest in Southeastern California; the temperature has generally fallen in all districts and the weather has been fair, except light rains in Southeastern Washington.

Forecast Till 8 P. M., Friday.

For Northern California—Fair weather; westerly winds; stationary temperature.

For Southern California—Fair weather; south to west winds; stationary temperature.

For Oregon—Fair in the northern portion; fair weather in the southern portion; westerly winds; cooler.

For Washington—Fair weather, except rain at Fort Canby, Walla Walla and Spokane Falls; westerly winds; stationary temperature, except warmer at Fort Canby.

JOHN P. FINDLEY, Lieutenant Signal Corps (in charge).

THE CALL'S CALENDAR.

AUGUST, 1890.

S.	M.	T.	W.	Th.	F.	S.
						1
3	4	5	6	7	8	9
10	11	12	13	14	15	16
17	18	19	20	21	22	23
24	25	26	27	28	29	30
31						

Moon's Phases.

Aug. 7th—Last Quarter.
Aug. 15th—New Moon.
Aug. 23d—First Quarter.
Aug. 29th—Full Moon.

The Morning Call.

FRIDAY.....AUGUST 1, 1890.

NOTICE!

Any of our patrons who fail to find THE MORNING CALL for sale by train-boys will confer a favor by notifying this office of the fact, naming the date and train.

CENSUS VAGARIES.

When the first returns from the Census Office were published indicating a population of 1,800,000 to 2,000,000 for New York the journals of that city were merry at the expense of cities which were disappointed at the early returns. New York was content with its reported growth and could laugh at those who were not. But the figures for New York dwindled as the counting was done more in detail. From 1,800,000 the city was reduced to 1,600,000, and a hint has been thrown out that the final figures will not be much above 1,500,000. This would place New York's rate of increase among the lowest of large cities. The New York papers are now trying to show that the census is not correct. The city directory, they say, shows an increase of 50 per cent in the number of names it contains. It is said also that houses have been built out of proportion to the reported increase of population. The registry of voters, making allowance for this not being a Presidential year, shows an increase of 35 per cent compared to a reported increase in population of about 25 per cent. The *Sun* compares the gain of 600,000 for Chicago with the smaller gain for New York and attributes to partisan favoritism. Chicago, in a sure Republican State, is assumed to have been allowed to swell her census returns, while New York, a Democratic city in a doubtful State, is cheated the other way. The known fact that Chicago has annexed large suburbs since the 1870 census was taken accounts for a portion of its handsome increase, but a close calculation will probably show Chicago to be the most prosperous large city in the Union. Smaller cities may have made larger percentage of gains, but it is well understood that the high percentage does not continue beyond the first 100,000 to 200,000. Chicago is near the center of population and is young, pushing and proud of its growth. New York, a much older city, carries a population of perhaps one-tenth of the whole who prefer the quiet and dignity of maturity to the clamor and unrest of excessive vitality.

A SCREECH.

The Hon. Thomas F. Crittenden, whom the New York *Sun* refers to as a Democratic statesman, has this to say about the Federal Election Bill:

Should this election bill become the law, would it not be a just cause for the Southern States, commencing at Missouri and Kentucky, to absent themselves from the fair? This is no idle question. Now is the time to discuss it. It will be discussed, if the bill becomes a law, in every State and before every Legislature of the Southern States.

Has it ever occurred to Mr. Crittenden that sectional action by a minority section is a blunder? Its only effect is to bind the majority section into closer unity. The people of the United States are not fit for the form of government they have adopted unless they have the moral sense to be just to minorities. The election bill on its face is a bill to provide for fair elections of Congressmen in all parts of the country. Why does the South become so excited over this measure? Is it because a considerable portion of its representation in Congress is the result of intimidation and fraudulent counting? If not, why not let the measure go into operation that its iniquities may be demonstrated? The power that will pass it can repeal it. If it does not produce good results, the party that supports it will demand its repeal. Some so-called Southern statesmen are somewhat too ready with their counsel. They have inflamed the Southern mind with the idea that a measure which applies to the entire Union is designed to do the South a mortal injury. It is safe to say that there is no desire in the North to do the South harm. There is not one Republican in ten that would harm the South unnecessarily to secure partisan advantage. It is just to the people of all the States who are affected by the laws of Congress to provide that members elected represent the people of their several districts. Representative government depends largely upon the submission of minorities to majorities, but to secure submission there must be confidence in the substantial fairness of elections.

THE INTERNAL REVENUE.

The internal revenue receipts for the fiscal year 1889-90 reflect a period of tranquil prosperity and growing comfort among the people at large. They amounted in round numbers to $142,500,000, the largest sum collected by the internal revenue collectors since 1883, when the act of 1882, reducing the duty on tobacco and abolishing other taxes, went into effect. At the present time the only articles which are subject to direct taxation are distilled and fermented liquors, tobacco and oleomargarine; but a tax on these four articles, which is not felt by the public, produces a revenue larger than the total revenues of the Government from all sources before the year 1863.

Over one-half of the total revenue from internal taxes is collected from distilled spirits—whisky. That article contributed last year $81,600,000 for the support of the Government—a larger sum than was ever before collected from that source. Whisky may be said to defray one-third the whole cost of the Government. A portion of our citizens would have us throw away this revenue for the sake of promoting the cause of temperance, but as it has not been observed that the United States revenue from distilled spirits has fallen off in States which are under prohibitionist control, it is hardly likely that the country will follow their lead.

The increased consumption of fermented liquors is reflected in receipts of $26,000,000 from the internal revenue tax on that commodity. This implies an annual consumption of about 920,000,000 gallons of beer—a prodigious quantity to be drunk by 65,000,000 of people. The taste for beer is said to be growing in this country at the expense of the taste for spirits. But the figures above given would seem to imply that whisky-drinking increases almost pari passu with beer-drinking, and it would be nearer the truth to say that the increased consumption of both means increased wealth among the working people and increased means to spend on luxuries.

The tax on tobacco yielded last year in round figures $24,000,000. From 1875 to 1883 that source of revenue yielded annually from $37,000,000 to $47,000,000. In 1882 Congress was offered the alternative of reducing the tax on tobacco or the duties on imports, and it was decided to cut down the former. Accordingly the revenue from tobacco fell off from $42,000,000 in 1883 to $26,000,000 in 1884. Since the latter date it has been steadily creeping up. If the reductions in the tobacco tax contemplated by the pending revenue bill go into effect, the income from smokers and chewers will probably decline in 1891 below $20,000,000.

EDITORIAL NOTES.

Heretofore quite a number of American beauties have striven for the honor of being called a princess, a duchess, a countess, or some other title of nobility, but now the upper four hundred are in a flutter of excitement over the simple title of "Mrs." When William Waldorf Astor succeeded to the vast estate of his father, he adopted the family custom of simply inscribing "Mr. Astor" on his cards, and his wife, formerly Miss Paul of Philadelphia, believed she was entitled to the plain designation of "Mrs. Astor," an honor long gracefully held by Mrs. William Astor, who at Newport notified the postmaster to send all letters so addressed to her. Mrs. William Waldorf Astor also paid a visit to the postoffice and declared all such letters sent to her. The postmaster, who was for a while in a quandary, decided the controversy in favor of the latter.

Secretary Noble's report on the irrigation surveys declares that the general purpose and plan of the department is to preserve the sources of water supply from the possession or appropriation of individuals or corporations. "It is believed," he adds, "to be the duty of the department, so long as the statute remains operative, to enforce it and that its fruits, at least in the preservation of the sources and reservoirs of water, may be kept under either national or State governmental control." It is hoped that misapprehensions between the Senate and House regarding the appropriation for a continuance of the survey will be satisfactorily adjusted, so that the good work can be vigorously prosecuted. Every dollar properly devoted to the work will soon return a hundredfold.

Delaware, noted for its peach crops, is in a deplorable condition, late advices representing that the State is other than even a prohibition State. Nearly every growing crop has been ruined, wheat showing half a yield, oats less than a quarter, while corn is literally dried up from root to tassel. The peach crop usually runs from 1,000,000 to 3,000,000 baskets, but this year the entire crop is estimated at 12,375 baskets. Last year floods and rain deluged the crops and this year the drought proved far more damaging.

The danger of the spread of leprosy is emphasized by the reports just received from China and Canada. In the province of Kwangtung, in the Flowery Kingdom, leprosy is said to be so common that there is scarcely a third-rate town that has not a leper village of its own, while in the Dominion to the north of us, the disease is reported as having made it appearance in several remote quarters. On the island of Anticosti the disease is represented as having secured a strong foothold and spreading out to the mainland.

The advices from Samoa are a little disquieting. Perhaps the islanders have been playing cricket with the usual result, the defeated team, or rather battalion, resorting to extraordinary measures, after a game lasting a week or more, to gather provisions for a feast to the victors. The land disputes were left unsettled by the Samoan Commissioners, and as a shameful advantage was taken of the natives by their despoilers, they are liable to result in more or less controversy till settled.

A Chinese newspaper reports that a native priest was recently burned to death by order of a higher priest on account of being caught in a compromising flirtation. The culprit is said to have been buried alive by being placed on a large stack of hay saturated with oil, which on being fired by the torch speedily cremated the victim of a woman's blandishments.

ALL IN TIME.

The Increased Postal Facilities Will Surely Be Granted.

Postmaster Backus yesterday received the following telegram, which speaks for itself, and shows that First Assistant Postmaster-General Clarkson has not forgotten San Francisco:

WASHINGTON (D. C.), July 31st.

Samuel W. Backus, Postmaster, San Francisco: I have been detained in reaching Washington. I am now preparing my report to my office and will urge the increased facilities that I agreed upon with you. I expected to reach here in time for it to take effect the 1st of August; but it will be postponed only for a few days.

J. S. CLARKSON,
First Assistant Postmaster-General.

It is evident that the department means business in regard to the promised increased facilities for the Pacific Coast mail service. It has just transpired that James P. Low, Chief of the Engineering Division of the Treasury Department, was here a couple of days ago, and, after spending some time in San Francisco went on to San Jose. It is supposed that his mission is to inspect the various sites proposed for the new Postoffices here and in both cities from an engineering standpoint, and to report to the department the facilities of each for foundations, etc.

While here Mr. Low made an inspection of the picturesque and moldy ruin that is now being utilized by the United States Government as a general Postoffice, and expressed his surprise at the clerks consenting to work in such a place. He examined the plan agreed upon by Mr. Clarkson for building a glass and iron addition to be used until the new Postoffice is completed, and considered the idea a good one, which should be carried out without delay. Upon his return to Washington, Mr. Low will also do what he can to secure the appropriation.

Another Case of Mayhem.

James Kenny, a laborer, who lives at 81 Everett street, applied at the Receiving Hospital yesterday morning to have the Police Surgeon dress the stump of his right forefinger, which was severely lacerated. He stated that on the previous evening he had a quarrel about paying for some drinks with the bar-keeper of the New York Bay Saloon, on Kearny street, and that in the rough-and-tumble fight which followed the bar-keeper closed his teeth on the digit and chewed it nearly off.

The New Cathedral.

In two months more the new Cathedral, on the corner of Van Ness avenue and O'Farrell street, will be finished. Carpenters and painters are the only workmen left inside and cement-pavers on the outside. The pews will not be put in position until after the proposed fair to raise more funds. The date of the fair has not been fixed, but will be some time within a month. After this event the Archbishop will designate the time for the dedication of the Cathedral.

VISIT Gettysburg Panorama, Market & 10th. *

FRESH buttercups all favors. Townsend's. *

CHILDREN'S shoes heretofore sold at $1 50 go for 75c at Lesser Bros.', 406 Kearny street. *

OUR 25c cream mixed candies are equal to 50c mixtures sold elsewhere. Townsend's. *

BENTON CONSOLIDATED.—The Benton Consolidated Mining Company has elected J. T. Hill, J. S. Knowlton, V. B. Allen, E. Hertires and Edward Howard as Trustees.

LESSER BROS., 406 Kearny, undersell everybody in men's calf boots, only $2 50, worth $6.*

BETH ISRAEL'S CANTOR.—Cantor Joseph Rabinowitz of Vilina will officiate at the Turk-street Synagogue (Congregation Beth Israel) this evening at 6 o'clock and also to-morrow morning.

J. F. CUTTER'S OLD BOURBON.—This celebrated whisky is for sale by all first-class druggists and grocers. Trade mark—star within a shield. *

LADY WASHINGTON MINE.—The Lady Washington Mining Company has elected Monroe Thompson (President), R. N. Graves, S. G. Whitney, J. P. Martin and L. Osborne (Secretary) as Trustees.

THERE has been a monopoly in ice for many years. It has been poor at high cost, but now pure distilled water ice at low cost can be had in any quantity at 420 Eighth street. *

TO RECOVER LIFE INSURANCE.—A suit was begun in the United States Circuit Court yesterday by George W. Dennis Jr. against the Mutual Union Life Insurance Company to recover the sum of $2500, alleged to be due on a policy on the life of James C. Dennis, deceased.

THE CENTRAL AMERICAN MUDDLE.

It is difficult to segregate the truth from the mass of wild rumors which reach us from Central America. The telegraph is in Salvadorian hands and we consequently hear of constant defeats of the Guatemalans. If the stories could be believed these warriors fight a battle every day and deluge the soil with patriotic gore. Our former experience of South American warfare leads us to receive this intelligence with many grains of salt. It is perhaps true that the two States are fighting; but even that requires confirmation by trustworthy authority. It is not so long since an authenticated account of a bloody revolution at San Jose, Costa Rica, simmered down into a street row in which an old gentleman was shot by accident and a baby died from being carried through the streets head downward by an excited mother.

Perhaps the most practical event of the present imbroglio is the seizure by Guatemalan authorities of some cases of rifles shipped by a Pacific Mail steamer from this country to San Salvador. The steamer was lying in Guatemalan waters under Guatemalan jurisdiction. If war was pending between Guatemala and another State, or was likely to break out, international law probably justified the seizure of the rifles as contraband of war. We would have had no hesitation in April, 1861, in seizing in our port of Baltimore rifles which were consigned to the seceding States. All that the shipper of the rifles could have claimed would have been compensation for the goods which he had shipped innocently. Guatemala may thus terminate the incident by handing to the Pacific Mail Company a check for the value of the rifles.

But so long as the five Central American States remain separate and war is their normal condition, trade with any of them will be conducted under embarrassing conditions. To-day there is said to be a state of war between Guatemala and Salvador; to-morrow it may be Nicaragua and Costa Rica which fall out. If the cargo of an American vessel plying to the ports of one of these States is liable to be seized as contraband of war, it will take much of the time of the State Department to formulate reclamations and collect damages. That is improving on the United States a duty which is not imposed on Britain.

This country has neither the wish nor the right to control the Central American States in their quarrels. But the incident of the rifles affords Mr. Blaine an opportunity of giving them some wholesome advice. It will be pertinent for him to observe that these incessant squabbles are a source of annoyance to us, and that we feel it to be a duty we owe to civilization to use all proper moral pressure to prevent them in future. They appear to us to arise out of petty jealousies and provincial rivalries, and, so far as Salvador is concerned, to be inspired by a policy which we regard as hostile to the best interests of that State. It is not likely that any one will advocate armed interference by the United States, but if Salvador should continue to stand in the way of a consummation that would be beneficial to her, to her neighbors and to us, it is always feasible for Congress to modify our commercial relations with her in a way that would bring her to a more wholesome frame of mind.

PERSECUTION OF THE JEWS.

The decision of the Russian Government to put in force the May laws against Jews proves that autocratic Governments may be as narrow-minded and as short-sighted as the most impulsive democracies. It is just about ten years ago since the thrift of the Jews in Continental Europe revived the old popular prejudice against them. Germany then took the lead; the feeling took the name of the Juden hetze, and parties were formed which demanded the bodily expulsion of the Hebrews from Prussia, Austria, Hungary and other countries in which the rural population was in debt to the Jews. Bismarck was willing to pander to the feeling; but the then Crown Prince, who afterward became the Emperor Frederick, opposed it so vigorously that the persecution was defeated, so far as Germany was concerned. Bismark had to content himself with exiling numbers of Poles on the ground that they were Catholics. But the Emperor of Russia had no press or Parliament to keep him in check. He sanctioned a decree by which no Jew was allowed to hold or lease real estate, or to exercise a learned profession, or to reside except in certain specified towns.

The decree was no sooner proclaimed than a protest arose from the whole civilized world. Wealthy Europeans, horror-stricken at the prospect of dooming four million human beings to starvation, attempted to organize a wholesale migration of Russian Jews to this country. This led to vigorous protests from the Government at Washington, and the language used by the American, English and French Ministers at St. Petersburg was so menacing that the Czar suspended the action of the decree. Now, eight years afterward, he proposes to carry it into effect.

This is transplanting into the last quarter of the nineteenth century the barbarous tenets of the fifteenth. If the Jews cannot farm, or practice a calling, or even live where they can sell their labor, they are in a sad condition.

It is not for a moment to be supposed that the Christian world will submit to the execution of this decree. No country is willing to admit four million foreign paupers, speaking a foreign tongue and unacquainted with the ways of countries other than their own; for the simple reason that the great bulk of them would necessarily become dependent upon the nation under whose flag they sought shelter. The American people are the mildest and most generous people on earth. But if Russia attempted, directly or indirectly, to dump four millions of people into this country, Mr. Harrison would protest in language which could not be misunderstood. It is the business of every nation to care for such among its population as are so unfortunate as to invite the hatred of their fellow-countrymen. No country can evade that duty by enacting laws which compel the exile of large bodies of its people.

RECIPROCITY FAVORED.

Secretary Blaine's Idea Indorsed by the Merchants.

President George C. Perkins presided over a special meeting of the Chamber of Commerce yesterday afternoon, called for the purpose of discussing the question of commercial reciprocity, as embodied in the letter of the Hon. Secretary of State James G. Blaine to Senator Frye of Maine.

President Perkins stated on calling the meeting to order that the Board of Trustees had been in correspondence with similar commercial bodies of the East, which had asked for an expression of the opinion of the merchants of San Francisco. Messrs. Chapman, Watt, Taylor, Rosenfeld and Anderson had been appointed to draft a suitable resolution expressive of the sentiments of the chamber, and on being called upon for their report presented the following:

WHEREAS, The Chamber of Commerce of San Francisco desires the adoption of a policy calculated to develop the trades and industries of the Pacific Coast, as well as of the entire republic, by securing for our products the control of our adjunct markets. Now, therefore, be it

Resolved, In view of the consideration of this question in connection with the Tariff Bill before the Senate, that this chamber is strongly in favor of commercial reciprocity, as embodied in a letter received on July 25th by Senator William P. Frye of Maine from Hon. J. G. Blaine, Secretary of State, and requests the Pacific Coast delegates in Congress to give it their unanimous support.

Resolved, That this resolution be telegraphed to our Senators and Representatives in Congress as the unanimous opinion of the chamber.

Stewart Menzies and C. L. Taylor both spoke in favor of the resolution, the latter referring particularly to the tactics adopted by Brazil in levying an export duty on coffee when placed on the free list by the United States. Reciprocity, he argued, would have prevented this, and would prevent similar action by foreign countries on the sugar question.

On being put to a vote the resolutions were unanimously carried and the Secretary was instructed to wire them to Washington at once.

STATE UNIVERSITY.

Professor Martin Kellogg May Be Chosen Its President.

It is the report now that Professor Martin Kellogg will succeed Horace Davis as President of the University of California. He is now in Europe and as soon as he returns he will be tendered the position.

Professor Kellogg was elected to the chair of "Latin Language and Literature" in the old College of California in 1869, and, with the exception of Professor John le Conte, was the first professor chosen in the university. In 1870, when the present university was established, he was made Professor of Latin and Greek, and held that position until 1874. From 1870 to 1885 he was Dean of the Faculties of Letters and Sciences, in which position much of the university's management fell upon him.

Professor Kellogg was born at Vernon, Conn., March 14, 1828. He entered Yale College in 1843 and graduated with the class of 1850, of which he was the valedictorian. He was elected a tutor at Yale and afterward studied theology. He has been with the University during its existence, and knows its plant of working better, perhaps, than anybody else. For the past two years he has been in Europe, studying the university systems there in connection with his own particular field of work. He is now on his way home.

A Slave to Morphine.

Frank Carleton, a confirmed morphine fiend, was convicted of vagrancy in Judge Joachimsen's court yesterday and sent to the House of Correction for three months. He is the young man whose mother complained to Mayor Pond recently about a certain druggist who was selling her son morphine despite her appeals not to do so. Carleton is a perfect wreck from the effects of the drug.

Bowers at Large Again.

Joseph Bowers, who seconded Frank la Rue in his fight with Harry McBride at the Golden Gate Athletic Club resulting in McBride's death, has been released from the County Jail in $1000 bonds, furnished by J. J. Jamison of the Golden Gate Club and George Harris, a bar-room keeper at the corner of Sutter street and Grant avenue.

IN hot weather of midsummer impurities in the blood may seriously annoy you. Expel them by taking Hood's Sarsaparilla, the great blood purifier. Sold by all druggists. $1; six for $5.

The Doctor's Indorsement.

Dr. W. D. Wright, Cincinnati, Ohio, sends the subjoined professional indorsement: "I have prescribed DR. WM. HALL'S BALSAM FOR THE LUNGS in a great number of cases and always with success. One case in particular was given up by several physicians who had been called in for consultation with myself. The patient had all the symptoms of confirmed consumption—cold nightsweats, hectic fever, harassing cough, etc. He commenced immediately to get better and was soon restored to his usual health. I have also found DR. WM. HALL'S BALSAM FOR THE LUNGS the most valuable expectorant for breaking up distressing coughs and colds that I have ever used."

DURNO'S CATARRH SNUFF cures catarrh and all affections of the mucous membrane.

"MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP" has been used over Fifty Years by mothers for their children while Teething with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures Wind Colic, regulates the bowels and is the best remedy for Diarrhœa, whether arising from teething or other causes, and is for sale by Druggists in every part of the world. Be sure and ask for Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup. Twenty-five cents a bottle.

SUGAR still lower. Any one who wishes to reduce the August expenses will do well to examine the prices of sugar and other goods of Sbarboro & Co., 531 Washington street. Send for price list.

FLOUR IN ADVANCE.—Fine family flour can be had at the old rate of $4 ⅌ bbl., at Sbarboro & Co.'s, 531 Washington street.

BEECHAM'S PILLS cure bilious and nervous ills.

NOTICES OF MEETINGS.

Yerba Buena Lodge of Perfection, No. 6.—Stated meeting THIS (FRIDAY) EVENING, August 1st, at 8 o'clock. [1t*] GEO. J. HOBE, Secretary.

Caledonian Club—Regular meeting will be held at Scottish Hall, FRIDAY EVENING, August 1, 1890. W. C. BURNETT, Chief. THOS WILSON, Secretary. 1t

Stevedore Engineers' Protective Association—The regular semi-monthly meetings of this association will hereafter be held at Academy Hall, 927 Mission st., Room 1, commencing FRIDAY, August 1, 1890.
CHAS. NEYLAN, President.
P. L. ENNOR, Secretary. jy31 2t

Ho! For Laurel! Get your tickets for the Rebel Corks again.—Fourth grand annual picnic and reunion of the Rebel Corks Benevolent Society will be held at Laurel Grove Park, near San Rafael on SUNDAY, August 3, 1890. Games and prizes for every one. Hefferman's Celebrated Band, also Professor McCarthy, the Irish piper, will discourse music for dancing. Boats leave at 8, 9:30, 11 A. M. and 1:30 P. M. Tickets good on all boats during the day. jy26 9t

Hall to Let Monday Evening. Grand Central, cor. Sixth and Market sts. jy23 tf

All Saloon, Grocery and Restaurant Keepers are hereby invited to attend a grand mass-meeting to be held at the Metropolitan Temple, Fifth st., near Market, on FRIDAY, August 1st, at 2 P. M., for the purpose of forming a strong union to protect the interests of our business against any possible attempt of the English syndicate to injure the same. Now is the time to act. Come one, come all. Respectfully,
THE GERMAN SALOON-KEEPERS' ASSOCIATION. jy27 6t

Annual Meeting—The Regular Annual meeting of the stockholders of the Hakalau Plantation Company will be held at the office of the company, 327 Market st., San Francisco, Cal., on FRIDAY, the first day of August, 1890, at the hour of 11 A. M., for the purpose of electing a Board of Directors to serve for the ensuing year, and the transaction of such other business as may come before the meeting. Transfer books will close on TUESDAY, July 29th, at 3 o'clock P. M.
jy18 15t E. H. SHELDON, Secretary.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

All chances bought for Dr. Halprunn's $200,000 limited distribution; purchaser's signature and address must be attached; 1 chance comes with 50c bottle, 2 chances with $1 bottle. Apply at 850 Market st., Room 11. 1t*

Important to Ladies Free of Charge. See personals. aul 3t

Doctors B. & B., Late Army Surgeons and Specialists—Cure all *Diseases of Men* of a *Private Nature* in less time and for less money than any other Specialists on the Pacific Coast. Free advice. All communications strictly confidential. Call or write to DOCTORS B. & B., 523 Kearny street, San Francisco, Cal. The doctors are well-known and to be recommended. je5 tf eod

A New Process Discovered by the celebrated female physician, Dr. E. Vice of Berlin, for female trouble, no matter from what cause, etc., no medicine need be taken; safe; in all cases impossible to fail. Sole agents for Cal., DR. V. POPPER, 127 Montgomery; can be used home. 28tf

Bad Tenants Ejected for $4. Collections made, city or country. Pacific Collection Company, 628 California st., Room 3. de22 1f

Books bought and sold. King Bros. 3 Fourth st., near Market. mr27 tf

Mrs. S. Selp, Metaphysical Healer and teacher. Healing, 10 to 1. Class, 2 P. M. daily. 226 Taylor.

Harlow Davis; Wonderful Magnetic Healer and Test Medium; hours, 10 to 5. 142 seventh st., cor. Howard. jy23 1m

Home Institution of J. A. Miller, M.D., for the special treatment of abdominal and pelvic diseases of women and men; home comforts; send for announcement. 236 Taylor. jy19 3m

Dr. M. Strassman, 916 Post—Specialist for all female troubles; pills $1. ap9 tf

Dr. C. F. Blake Sr., Dentist, 23½ Post, next to Mechanics' Institute. jy18 1m

Castalian Cures Kidney Troubles, rheumatism, catarrh, poison oak. 1322 Market.

Munro's Maritime Hotel—35 Stanford, bet. Brannan, Townsend, Second and Third sts.; patronage of mariners solicited. jy14 6mo

SPECIAL NOTICES—CONTINUED.

Dr. W. Kanzler, Massage and Magnetic treatment, especially ladies. 18 Mason st. 6m

Astral-Seer—Past, Present, Future; horoscope cast. Prof. Holmes, 11 Scott. 14 6m

Old Gold and Silver Bought; Send your old gold and silver by mail to the old and reliable house of A. COLEMAN, 41 Third st., San Francisco; I will send by return mail the cash; if amount is not satisfactory will return the gold. 2y

Dr. Ricord's Specific—For Kidneys, bladder and liver; $1; sole agent, A. GROS, druggist, cor. Kearny and Washington, S. F. je14 6mo

Mrs. Schmitt, Midwife, Graduate University of Heidelberg, Germany; private hospital; women's diseases a specialty; sure specific remedy for monthly irregularities; reasonable. Office 1211½ Mission st.; 2 to 6 P. M. my27 12mos

Ladies, Send for Our Pamphlets— We have something new which will save you trouble; price $5. Address KIRKWOOD HARD RUBBER CO., Market and Jones, 4th floor, R. 124, San Francisco. Send stamp; lady agents wanted. ap5tf

Smith & Trowbridge, West Coast Wire Works, 11 Drumm st. je11 6m

John O'Byrne, Attorney and Counselor-at-law, Flood Bldg, New York correspondent, Robert O'Byrne, 280 Broadway, N. Y. je8 6m

Ladies. If Disappointed, See Mrs. PUETZ, 205 4th, and be contented. my25 3m

Mrs. Wilmet, Clairvoyant. Ladies 50, gentlemen $1. 865½ Market, R'm 39. 6m

Dr. C. C. O'Donnell—Office and Res. NW. cor. Washington and Kearny sts. my27

Try Kelly's Corn Cure; 25 Cents bottle; no cure, no pay. 109 Eddy. my19 3m

Alameda Maternity Villa; Strictly private. DRS. FUNKE, nr. Encinal Pk. m3 tf

Bad Tenants Ejected for $10 and all costs paid; collections city or country. COFFEY'S COLLECTION CO., 619 Montgomery. tf

Mrs. Davies, 426 Kearny St.; Only safe and sure cure for female complaints. 12tf

Dr. Hall, 426 Kearny st.—Diseases of women a specialty; hours 1 to 4. e to 8, my5 1y

Dr. Ricord's Restorative Pills; Specific for exhausted vitality, physical debility, wasted forces, etc.; approved by the Academy of Medicine, Paris, and the medical celebrities. Sold by J. G. STEELE & CO., 635 Market st., Palace Hotel, San Francisco. Sent by mail or express. Prices: Box of 50, $1 25; of 100, $2; of 200, $3 50; of 400, $6. Preparatory Pills, $2. Send for circular. fe2 tf

DIVIDEND NOTICES.

Dividend Notice—Office of the Pacific Borax, Salt and Soda Company, San Francisco, July 31, 1890—At a meeting of the Board of Directors of the above-named company, held this day, a dividend (No. 24) of one dollar ($1) per share was declared, payable MONDAY, August 11, 1890, at the office of the company, 230 Montgomery st., Rooms 11 and 12. Transfer books close August 5, 1890, at 3 P. M.
aul 1d F. B. PRITCHARD, Sec. pro. tem.

Dividend Notice—Dividend No. 63 of Hawaiian Sugar Plantation Company, Limited, ship Company will be payable at the office, 327 Market st., on and after FRIDAY, August 1, 1890. Transfer books will close Friday, July 25, 1890, at 3 o'clock P. M. E. H. SHELDEN, Sec. jy16 1tu

MASSAGE.

33 TAYLOR—ROSE CLEVELAND FROM NEW York; young assistants; 1 to 11 P. M. jy31

EVA ST. CLAIR, WITH ASSISTANTS—MASsage-magnetic. 719 Market, Rooms 3 and 5. jy30 7t*

MASSAGE BY A LADY FROM THE COUNTRY. 1 Fifth st., Room 30. jy30 7t*

SUPERIOR MAGNETIC TREATMENT. 29 EDDY St., Parlor 15; hours 4 to 9. jy27 7t*

ADELE KENT, 859 MISSION; HEALER WITH Edith C. Roberts; baths day and Sunday; chronic ailments a specialty; 10 to 10. jy27 7t*

JULIE LA BLANCHE HAS RETURNED FROM vacation, 15 Eddy st., Rooms 8 and 9. jy16 1m

MRS. FREDA, TEST AND BUSINESS MEDIUM; fee $1; massage treatment. 28½ Sixth. jy2 1m

ROSE DE LAFONT—BEST MASSAGE. 917 MARket st. Parlors 3 and 4. my21 tf

SPIRITUALISM.

A. DERBY STRANG, GREATEST PSYCHROMAtrist of the age. 166 Clara, nr. Fifth. jy23 1m

SITUATIONS—FEMALE.

WAITING FOR SITUATIONS—SWEDISH first-class laundress, cooks, second girls and many housework girls; at MRS. ELFEN'S, 315 Stockton st. 1t*

LADIES' BEST SERVANTS. SWEDISH EMployment Office, 524 Bush st. 1t*

LADY WISHES TO TAKE IN PLAIN SEWING. 28½ Sixth st., Room 1. aul 7t*

GERMAN GIRL WANTS PLACE; GENERAL G housework; wages $15 a month. 36½ Geary st. aul 4t*

GERMAN GIRL WISHES A SITUATION IN A private family for upstairs work. 445 Bryant street. aul 3t*

WANTED—WORK BY THE DAY; WASHING, cleaning, or any kind of work. 649 Minna street. aul 3t*

ELDERLY GERMAN WOMAN WOULD LIKE to work for small family. Inquire at 611½ Grove st. aul 3t*

GERMAN WOMAN WANTS WORK BY THE G day to do cooking, washing and ironing. Address W. B., 558 Mission st. aul 3t*

GOOD WOMAN WANTS WORK BY DAY; WASHG ing, ironing and house-cleaning; best of reference. 532 Fourth st., Room 6. aul 2t*

WOMAN WANTS WORK BY DAY, WASHING and house-cleaning; will take home flannels. 13 Lewis, off Post st. aul 2t*

RESPECTABLE GIRL WISHES SITUATION AS R first-class waitress in private American family; best city reference. 608 Jones st. aul 2t*

FRENCH GIRL WISHES POSITION AS CHAMbermaid or to mind children and sewing; speaks good English. Address 10 Junipero st. aul 2t*

DRESSMAKER (EXPERIENCED) WISHES ENgagements by the day. 610¾ Polk st. aul 2t*

GERMAN GIRL WISHES SITUATION AS G cook and to do general housework in German family. 866 Bush st. aul 2t*

REFINED YOUNG LADY WOULD LIKE A POSItion to take charge of an office; is a fair penman and can serve as copyist and amanuensis. Address MISS L. DEAN, Oakland, Cal. aul 2t

MOTHER AND DAUGHTER WISH SITUATION together; mother do light housework or chamber work, daughter as nurse girl and assist. Call 7 P. M., at 435 Fourth st., Room 11. 1t*

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE WIDOW AS seamstress and light housekeeper; reference from present situation. 708 Taylor st. 1t*

HOUSEWORK—WANTED BY A COMPETENT colored woman a situation to do housework; is good cook, washer and ironer. Apply 1202 Powell. 1*

YOUNG LADY, WHO IS FIRST-CLASS MILliner and also first-class musician (piano), would like position; some light employment. Address E. B., Box 128, CALL Branch Office. jy31 2t*

SCANDINAVIAN GIRL WISHES SITUATION S in American family to do general housework; city references; no postals. Apply 621 Sansome st., Room 16. 1t*

SITUATION WANTED BY A RESPECTABLE S woman to do general housework, wash and iron; city reference required. 13 Hinckley st. 1t*

GOVERNESS, A LADY, A GOOD MUSICIAN, G who teaches piano, organ, English branches, etc., wishes engagement, city or country; reference, MISS M. E., 1203½ Market st. 1t

COMPETENT WOMAN WISHES SITUATION C to do chamber and light housework. 79 Jessie street. 1t*

RESPECTABLE YOUNG GIRL WISHES SITUAtion to do general housework in small family; understands French and American cooking; city references; wages $20 to $22 50. Call 1407 Scott st.; no postals. 1t*

YOUNG GIRL, JUST FROM NEW YORK, FOR a second work or take care of children; best reference. 819 Vallejo, bet. Jones and Leavenworth. 1t*

MIDDLE-AGED LADY WISHES POSITION AS M useful companion and give children piano lessons; is also a good seamstress; only moderate wages; city or country. Address MISS McI., 51 Third st., Room 12, upstairs. 1t*

GERMAN GIRL WOULD LIKE TO DO GENERAL G housework; wages $20 to $25. Call 85 Ninth. *

YOUNG GIRL, 14 YEARS OLD, TO DO LIGHT Y housework and take care of children; reference required. Call at 7 P. M. for 3 days, Room 11, 435 Fourth st. 1t*

POISON OAK, INSECT OR ANIMAL BITES INstantly relieved and cured with DR. HALPRUNER'S wonderful liniment; 2-oz. bottles 50c, 6-oz. bottles $1; sold by all dealers. Prepared by DR. HALPRUNER, 850 Market st. 1t*

WANTED—BY AN ENGLISH GIRL, SITUAtion as lady's companion, traveling companion, or any other suitable situation; will make herself useful. Address A. B., care KEARNEY & CO., 129 S. Spring st., Los Angeles. jy31 6t*

WANTED—SITUATION AS NURSERY GOVerness or as child's nurse, chamberwork or light housework in small family; competent person. Call or address 756 Folsom st. jy31 3t*

WIDOW WANTS SITUATION AS HOUSEkeeper. Apply or address 1104 Mission st., Room 9. jy31 3t*

GERMAN PROTESTANT LADY WISHES SITUA