THE MORNING CALL

Has a larger circulation than any other newspaper published in San Francisco.

PUBLICATION OFFICE:

525 Montgomery street, near Clay, open until 11 o'clock P. M. BRANCH OFFICES: 710 Market street, near Kearny, open until 12 o'clock midnight; 339 Hayes street, open until 9:30 o'clock; 603 Larkin street, open until 9:30 o'clock, and 2518 Mission street, open until 9 o'clock P. M.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES:

DAILY CALL (including Sundays), $6 per year by mail, postpaid; 15 cents per week, or 65 cents per calendar month through carriers. DAILY CALL, five copies three months, $6 25. SUNDAY CALL (twelve pages), $1 50 per year, postpaid. SUNDAY CALL and WEEKLY CALL $2 50 per year, postpaid. WEEKLY CALL (eight pages), $1 25 per year, postpaid. Clubs of ten (sent to one address), $10.

SPECIAL NOTICE FOR THE SUMMER MONTHS.

Subscribers who intend going to the country during the summer months can have THE DAILY CALL mailed to them for a week or longer at regular subscription rates, 15c per week. Give orders to carrier or send to business office.

AUCTION SALES TO-DAY.

FURNITURE.—By A. R. Briggs & Co., at 517 Folsom st., at 11 o'clock.

FURNITURE.—By M. J. Simmons, at 1057 Market st., at 11 o'clock.

WEATHER PREDICTIONS.

SIGNAL SERVICE, U. S. ARMY, DIVISION OF THE PACIFIC, SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 20, 1890. 5 P. M.—Pacific time.

Synopsis for the Past Twenty-four Hours.

The barometer is highest on the Oregon coast and is lowest in Southeastern California; the temperature has generally risen in Northern California, Eastern Oregon and Eastern Washington; elsewhere it has remained nearly stationary; the weather has been fair, except light rain at Portland and Fort Canby.

Forecast Till 8 P. M. Thursday.

For Northern California — Fair weather, except light rain at Keeler; south to west winds, nearly stationary temperature.

For Southern California — Fair weather, except light rain at Yuma; stationary temperature, except cooler at Yuma.

For Oregon—Local rains; variable winds; warmer in the western portion; cooler in the eastern portion.

For Washington—Local rains, except fair weather in Spokane Falls; winds generally southerly; stationary temperature, except cooler at Spokane Falls.

JOHN P. FINLEY, Lieutenant Signal Corps (in charge).

THE CALL'S CALENDAR.

AUGUST, 1890.

Su.	M.	T.	W.	Th.	F.	S.	Moon's Phases.
					1	2	Aug. 7th. Last Quarter.
3	4	5	6	7	8	9	
10	11	12	13	14	15	16	Aug. 15th. New Moon.
17	18	19	20	21	22	23	Aug. 23d. First Quarter.
24	25	26	27	28	29	30	Aug. 29th. Full Moon.
31							

The Morning Call.

THURSDAY.....AUGUST 21, 1890

NOTICE!

Any of our patrons who fail to find THE MORNING CALL for sale by train-boys will confer a favor by notifying this office of the fact, naming the date and train.

"CAVING DOWN THE BANK."

The *Examiner* in a recent issue referred to this journal, in which it stated that efforts had been made to "cave it down the bank." Yes; there have been several efforts made to "cave THE CALL down the bank," but they seem to have been miserable failures. In the first place several railroad men made an effort to cave it down the bank because it would not do their bidding. As the public know the effort was a failure, for the paper went on its way rejoicing. Most of the other efforts to "cave THE CALL down the bank" we will pass over in silence at this time and refer only to the Buckley-Hearst combination, which we believe has several times tried to purchase the paper, so as to silence its exposures of the frauds which are being practiced upon the public, both of this city and the State. As a purchase could not be effected, money was used to establish several newspapers which are fed with private funds and city pap, but this was also a failure. Even the two thieves who stole from THE CALL $50,000 or $60,000, and whom the *Examiner* has patted upon the back, have not "caved THE CALL down the bank." Is the *Examiner* and the Buckley crowd satisfied? If not, let them go on the streets anywhere and ask if THE CALL is not a live paper and is not found fighting the battle of the people against as corrupt a gang as ever had control of an American city.

AN FAMILIAR SPEECH.

It is said of George C. Gorham that he concluded an after-dinner speech, the purpose of which was to define the difference between the Republican and Democratic parties, by saying: "In a word everything that is good is Republican, and everything that is bad is Democratic." Byron Waters made a little speech on being elected Chairman of the San Jose Convention in which he endeavored to show that all legislation for the masses of the people had come from the Democrats and all legislation for trusts and corporations had come from the Republicans. Mr. Waters spoke at some length, but he did not go into details. He did not tell his hearers that during the four years of Mr. Cleveland's administration the war Mr. Cleveland waged upon silver reduced the market price of farmers' products at least 10 per cent, nor did he tell them that two years of Mr. Harrison's administration has undone all the mischief in respect to silver that Mr. Cleveland did in his four years. During the four years of Democratic administration there was a steady purpose to open the American market to foreign goods with only the slight protection to American labor afforded by revenue duties. The effect of this reduction of duties would have been to transfer to Europe industries which are now supporting hundreds of thousands of American workingmen. Mr. Waters, as reported in the *Examiner*, says: "Find if you can, either in a State or national policy, a time when the Republican party has ever been with the people upon any vital issue." The remonetization of silver and the protective tariff are vital issues upon which the Republican party has been with the people. If Mr. Waters will show that the establishment of the single gold standard would be for the benefit of the people, we will give him some other issue to work upon.

AN IMPULSE TO COMMERCE.

An Eastern Democratic paper says that "Great Britain has abundantly demonstrated that free trade is the most powerful impulse to commerce." Great Britain has demonstrated nothing of the kind. That nation has simply given an example of the admitted fact that under certain conditions free trade may prove advantageous to a country. If Great Britain had adopted free trade without first establishing these conditions the effect would have been disastrous. The conditions which admit the adoption of a free-trade policy is the ability to produce as cheaply as any other country. It does not follow that every variety of production must be included among those that can be produced as cheaply, but the bulk of products. England did not adopt free trade until she was in a position to supply the markets of the world with staple goods in competition with the world. This condition established, free trade proved a powerful impulse to commerce. Our Eastern Democratic contemporary adds:

But we have quite as clear a demonstration at home in the growth of our coasting trade. While our domestic tonnage engaged in the foreign trade has decreased since 1860 from 2,379,396 tons to 999,619 tons, our coasting trade has increased from 2,644,867 to 3,211,416.

Our coastwise trade has flourished through the protection it has enjoyed. The navigation laws prohibit foreign vessels from engaging in that trade. It is free between States but protected from foreign competition. The foreign trade, which has decreased since 1860 from 2,379,396 tons to 999,619 tons, is conducted on free-trade principles. It is almost the only industry which we do not protect. Bills are before the House to extend to that trade protection in the form of bounties, but in the last twenty years it has furnished an example of the fate that would overtake American industries without a protective tariff.

FOR SAKE OF HARMONY.

Early on the second day of the Democratic Convention Mr. White withdrew his proposition to nominate a candidate for United States Senator by the people. The pressure brought upon him was too great to bear. As THE CALL predicted he would be, some time ago, Mr. White was ground to powder by the Hearst-Buckley machine. He was threatened with political annihilation if he did not retrace his steps. The position Mr. White was forced to abandon will be taken up by the Republicans. In a little time we venture the prediction that neither party will elect a Senator who has not been named by a State Convention and voted for indirectly by the people. Resolutions declaring for the election of United States Senator by the people will be received with derision as long as parties refuse to allow a convention to make an informal nomination which would at least indicate its choice. The effect of Mr. White's withdrawal of the proposition will be to help the Republican canvass. The fact of the Senatorial compact is practically demonstrated. It is Senator Stanford this year and Senator Hearst two years hence. There is no visible opening for Mr. White. Republicans who would have voted the Democratic legislative ticket had White been nominated in opposition to the machine will stick to their ticket. They will prefer almost any one to Thomas Clunie with a string attachment in the hands of the Hearst-Buckley machine. The danger which threatened the complete success of the Republican party in November seems removed. The Republican State ticket has never been in danger, and there will not be much trouble about electing a Republican Legislature with Clunie as a probable Democratic candidate for Senator.

THE SAN LUIS EXCITEMENT.

When the coast branch of the Southern Pacific reached Margarita it was evident that the final contest between the general public and the landholders under Spanish grants in the county of San Luis Obispo could not long be delayed. An unusual proportion of that county was so held, and was used by its owners as pasture land, though if it could have been cut up into farms it would have proved as good land for fruit and grain as there is in the State. The demand for its division has now taken the usual shape. Hundreds of settlers have set out from Templeton and San Luis, and have located on promising spots in the valleys of Torro and Atascadero, bidding defiance to the Murphys, who claim the property under an old Spanish grant that fell into the hands of the late Martin Murphy. The squatters urge, first, that the original grant did not cover as much land as its present holders claim, and, secondly, that the grant being irregular in shape, has been made to embrace a large tract of Government land, estimated at no less than 20,000 acres. These pretensions are pronounced groundless by the holders of the grant. The controversy is one to be settled by the courts; outsiders can scarcely form a proper opinion of its merits. Such controversies were frequent enough a few years ago, when they led to expensive litigation and quite often to breaches of the peace. It is to be hoped that this dispute will be adjusted peaceably, by a reference to courts whose judgment will be accepted by all parties as final.

In the East, where royal grants occasionally led to lawsuits, the letter of the law was overborne by considerations of public necessity. At a time when the "back country" was an unknown wilderness, conveyancers did not think it worth while to state how far back crown grants extends—their frontage on the ocean or on a river was all that the deeds were careful to specify. Some of them, which are still in existence, seemed to warrant a claim for a strip of land extending almost indefinitely toward the interior. On the bank of the St. Lawrence there are farms whose original title deeds seemed to justify their owners in insisting that their rear boundary was Hudson Bay or the Arctic Ocean. Common sense led to a modification of these limits. Partly by law, partly by private agreement, holders under grants from the British or the French crown were induced to set a reasonable depth to their estates; and so the back country was thrown open to settlement. The Spanish grants were less indefinite, but still they were so loosely drawn that lawyers in the early history of this State reaped a rich harvest by trying to bound them.

A DEPLETED TREASURY.

When the Democracy in State Convention dilated upon the dangers of a depleted treasury, it is assumed that they had the National Treasury in view. When $84,000,000 were voted out of the State Treasury last year, above the estimates of a Democratic Controller, by a Democratic majority, under the direction of the Democratic boss, depleted treasuries were not held to be so terrible as they now seem. It is well, however, that the Democrats have turned a sharp corner. They see the Republican 50-cent plank and go a nickel better. A stump speech on the evils of oppressive taxation was listened to by an audience who had some knowledge of the subject. Most of them—in fact, all who figure on the assessment roll—have just paid 27 cents and 2 mills on the hundred dollars more than the convention declared necessary.

DISTANT AND SOFT.

The eighth resolution in the Democratic State platform declares the Democracy to be in favor of the election of United States Senators by direct vote of the people. The resolution is attended with no dangers to the Senatorial compact. It cannot be carried into practice until thirty-three States have voted to adopt a constitutional amendment to that effect. Whether the assent of the thirty-three States can be gained is not certain, but the process of changing the Constitution is long and tedious. It was not intended by the framers that it should be changed except upon the mature verdict of the people. Meantime, a convention which is thrown into convulsions over a proposition to name a candidate for Senator by the people votes in favor of electing Senators by the people. There is consistency for you.

EDITORIAL NOTES.

The decision of the United States Circuit Court in Ohio in the suit instituted by the Interstate Commerce Commission against the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Company, on the ground that to sell tickets in groups of ten to theatrical company or other persons was a violation of the interstate commerce law has attracted considerable attention in legislative and railroad circles. The court held that the common carriers of the United States are not impaired in their privileges and powers by the Interstate Commerce Act and that it is not in the faculty of the commission to restrict them from making such rates as they may see fit for the proper conduct of their business. They may classify, scale and alter their charges as they please, provided only those charges may be just and reasonable. The commission has persistently held that there should be no discrimination as to persons or places; the court maintains that it is not unjust discrimination to exercise the discrimination which all merchants recognize between wholesale and retail dealers.

The House Committee on Military Affairs has reported as a substitute for the bill establishing a military post on the Yukon River a measure appropriating $100,000 for a survey of the interior of Alaska. The Secretary of War, who favors the substitute, has outlined a programme to be followed in the event of the bill being passed by Congress and approved by the President. The proposed expedition is to be commanded by an army officer of some experience in Alaskan affairs, and his force will be composed of volunteer army officers, botanists, geologists, mineralogists and a detachment of enlisted men. It is proposed to start out early in the spring. A light-draught steamer will convey the expedition to the Yukon, and a smaller steamer and boats will be utilized in the work on the river and its tributaries. It is believed the good results of such an expedition will many times exceed the sum appropriated to prosecute the work. The interior of Alaska is rich in resources of which little is at present known.

This has been the most prosperous year for fruit growers and shippers in the history of California. Not very many years ago it was the fashion in the East to belittle California fruit. Its size and handsome appearance were at first admitted, but it was claimed that in point of flavor it had to yield to the products of other sections. Now, the California grower obtains the highest prices, in some instances the result of improved varieties, but generally owing to greater skill in preparing his fruit for market and leaving it in the East in prime condition. The Boston Journal, in commenting upon the situation, declares: "There can be no question that California competition is going to be an increasingly formidable factor for Eastern fruit-growers to reckon with."

The House River and Harbor Committee has refused to concur in the Senate amendments to the River and Harbor Appropriation Bill, and will demand a Conference Committee to arrange the differences between the two Houses. The Senate made quite a number of amendments to the measure, and largely increased the aggregate amount of the appropriations. Among the leading changes were the insertion of items of $2,500,000 for the entrance to Galveston Harbor, $900,000 for new locks and approaches at St. Marys Falls, Mich., and substitute provisions for the improvement of the Mississippi and Missouri rivers.

The torpedo-boat Cushing has been showing the people of Boston what she can do. She flew about the fleet in the harbor at a rate of speed that was fairly dazzling, and was controlled as easily as the lightest steam launch. Her startling evolutions were watched with profound interest by naval officers as well as landsmen.

The House has laid the bill to exempt mining land from the operations of the alien land law upon the table. The appeal of Carter of Montana in favor of the measure evidently had little effect.

ARMY MARKSMEN.

Shooting for Places on the Division Team.

On Tuesday, shooting for places in the Division of the Pacific Rifle Team of 1890 was resumed at Monterey, The shooting was at known distances, namely, 200, 300, 500 and 600 yards, and resulted in the following totals being made:

First Lieutenant W. H. Jones, 14th Infantry	152
First Lieut. R. C. Van Vliet, Tenth Infantry	156
First Lieut. F. F. Eastman, Fourteenth Infantry	156
Second Lieut. F. de W. Ramsey, Ninth Infantry	158
Second Lieutenant D. E. Holley, First Infantry	141
Sergeant A. C. Austin, Co. E, Fourth Infantry	161
Sergeant W. Bowman, Co. F, First Infantry	165
Sergeant B. Brown, Co. C, 24th Infantry	152
Corporal S. A. Densmore, Co. K, 4th Infantry	168
First Sergt. E. G. Ebers, Co. C, Fourth Infantry	165
Q. M. Sergeant A. Fern, Ninth Infantry	160
Corporal L. Foerster, Co. H, 14th Infantry	153
Private H. Garrard, Co. K, Ninth Infantry	161
Sergeant W. Gleason, Co. I, Tenth Infantry	161
Sergeant J. G. Harbord, Co. A, Fourth Infantry	159
Private R. H. Haven, Co. H, First Infantry	164
Private C. L. Hays, Co. K, First Infantry	163
First Sergeant J. Heifer, Co. A, Fifth Artillery	144
Private O. Herman, Co. D, Ninth Infantry	164
First Sergt. S. A. Hudson, Co. H, 14th Infantry	152
Sergeant W. Humphries, Co. C, 14th Infantry	156
Private L. McCarty, Co. B, First Infantry	156
Private C. Martin, Co. B, First Infantry	156
Private E. G. Nelson, Co. E, First Infantry	151
Private E. O'Flaherty, Co. B, Tenth Infantry	159
Sergeant F. T. Ogburn, Co. I, Ninth Infantry	152
Corporal F. D. Powell, Co. D, 14th Infantry	159
Sergeant C. Robertson, Co. H, 14th Infantry	162
Private P. Sheehan, Co. D, First Infantry	152
Sergeant H. S. Smallwood, Co. I, 4th Infantry	148
Sergeant M. Tiernan, Co. I, Fifth Artillery	160
Corporal J. H. Van Scoice, Co. B, 4th Infantry	156
Sergeant J. H. White, Co. D, Fourth Infantry	149
Sergeant W. Wilkes, Co. F, 24th Infantry	163

Temperance Meetings.

Under the auspices of the Women's Christian Temperance Union addresses on the subject of temperance will be delivered by Colonel George W. Bain of Kentucky tomorrow and Saturday evenings, at 8 o'clock, in the Central M. E. Church, Mission street, between Sixth and Seventh. Mr. Bain is regarded as one of the ablest temperance orators of the day, and this is the last opportunity afforded to listen to one who charms by wit and eloquent speech even those who do not agree with him in sentiment. The members of Valley Lodge, No. 293, I. O. G. T., have voted to attend in a body on Friday evening in honor of the speaker, who organized that lodge in this city on May 13, 1879. The meetings are free to the public.

No Damages Secured.

William Lamar was injured some months ago by falling into an excavation on Howard street. He sued Mrs. Mary Morrow, owner of the excavated property, and others for $10,000 damages. The case was tried before Judge Hunt and a jury yesterday. A motion for nonsuit as to the defendant Mrs. Morrow was granted, and the jury gave a verdict in favor of defendant Whalen.

Nonsuit Granted.

In the case of Mary F. Corcoran, administratrix of the estate of the late William Corcoran, against John Hinkel and twelve others, a nonsuit was granted defendants by Judge Hunt yesterday. The action was to quit title to a portion of Mission Block No. 21, near Woodward's Gardens, and valued at $220,000.

For Partial Distribution.

In the matter of the estate of the late William T. Garratt, a brother of deceased, Benjamin T. Garratt, and a son, William T. Garratt Jr., have petitioned the Superior Court to be awarded a portion of what is devised to them by the will. The case will be heard next Wednesday.

Let Off Lightly.

Mrs. Emma Cummings, charged with conducting a small beer-shop on Brannan street without a license, has been released on her own recognizance by United States Commissioner Sawyer, with the understanding that she will pay up the $30 license fees in arrears.

Gettysburg and Phonograph, Market & Tenth.*

PEARS' Soap secures a beautiful complexion.*

WHITEWASHING, machine, brush. 6 Valencia.*

LARGEST manufacturer of California glace fruits in United States. 506 Alb. Townsend's.*

ADMITTED TO PRACTICE.—Alexander Buck, A. B. Lemmon and Edgar C. Chapman have been admitted to practice in the United States courts by Judge Sawyer.

Heart Disease cured. Dr. Rogers' Heart Tonic. Cure guaranteed. Redington & Co., agents. *

DIVORCE DENIED.—Judge Garber has denied a divorce to Charles A. Lawrence from Laura Lawrence. There were no grounds for the charge of desertion.

J. F. CUTTER'S OLD BOURBON.—This celebrated whisky is for sale by all first-class druggists and grocers. Trade mark—star within a shield. *

FOR PAINTINGS.—In the case of Mary A. Borneman vs. Walter F. Baker, an action to recover $1000 for three paintings, Judge Finn has given judgment for $300 to plaintiff.

PALACE BATHS.—Warm salt water. Large swimming tank. Force-lain tubs. Elegantly refitted. Now open. 715 Filbert street. *

DREDGERS SOLD.—H. B. Slaven has sold the dredgers he used on Panama Canal work to the Nicaragua Canal Company for $600,000. Mr. Slaven was at one time a resident of this city.

THE ALARM OF THE "EXAMINER."

[From the San Francisco Bulletin, August 20th.]

About the rottenest thing in this city in the shape of a newspaper is the *Examiner*. It is never engaged really in what may be called newspaper business. It has tried its hand in running an intelligence office and failed. Its latest exploit is a lottery as distinctly illegal as that of Louisiana. But while these may be regarded as its special ventures, it is in league with Buckley and the worst elements in our society. It has aided in foisting on the city the closest paving monopoly that has ever been contrived. The general effect of its operations in this line has been to run up the price of the "poultice" eight cents per foot. The city is in for a loss of millions under this head.

There is no scheme intended to gouge the public or individuals in which this pretended journal does not appear to have a hand. It was heading some time ago for the valuable school lot on the corner of Market and Fifth streets. With Buckley practically as the seller, there was a chance for a big turn. Nothing but its dense ignorance stood in the way of the accomplishment of the deal. When something unusually bad takes place politically, its denunciation of the wrong-doers is as soft as gentle zephyrs. The most comical thing observable about it is its hesitating and mild rebukes of the Boss. It columns will be searched in vain for a noble or even a decent sentiment.

This Democratic organ is steeped to the eyes in every political villainy that is going on. No steady purpose has ever been exhibited by it but in looking out for the interest of the Hearsts. The Democratic utterances of this Democratic exponent are wholly devoid of Democracy. Its brazen untruthfulness has passed into a proverb. People who have any respect for themselves are ashamed to be seen reading it in public. It is not too much to say that it is not admitted into any decent household. It has sunk a colossal fortune in its vain efforts to buy a subscription list and force itself on the public.

That paper is nothing more than the screen behind which all sorts of jobs, financial, political and monopolistic, are put up. When to these tendencies are added its bad morals and its obscenity, the public will be able to form a good opinion of what the *Examiner* really is. There is no originality about it even in its evil ways. It borrows most of its ineffective tricks to gain a circulation from the New York *World*. It is published for all there is "in it." It is to real-estate grabbing, to monopolies and jobs that it is devoted, and not to the dissemination of information. Its purpose is to hoodwink and despoil, rather than advance the public welfare. Nobody who has any stake in this town can encourage it without injury to himself and his prospects.

It is quite natural that a newspaper of this nature should view with dismay the possible doubling of the circulation of the *Bulletin* in this city. Self-seeking journalism cannot do a great deal of public injury when its schemes and plots are exposed to the public gaze. It is only when its poison is allowed to fester and spread that it can do any harm. To comfort itself in its mortal agony the *Examiner* has evolved the pretended law that newspapers do not increase in circulation by reducing the price. It has probably reached this queer conclusion by a feverish examination of its own books. But we incline to the opinion that newspapers are subject to the general rules observable in other forms of activity. A reduction in price, without any lowering of the standard, will always increase sales of newspapers as well as of dry goods.

KILLED BY A FLY.

A Case Unparalleled in the History of Medical Science.

Mrs. Anna Beatty, who lived with her family in Bay View, died a most horrible death at Milwaukee on the evening of the 12th of August. About two weeks ago a fly got into one of her nostrils, and it was some time before she was able to remove it, and when she did an itching sensation remained and her nose and throat began to swell. She became alarmed, and a week ago Sunday a physician was called. Since that time Mrs. Beatty had been suffering in a manner almost indescribable, and the doctors can assign no cause is unknown to medical science. It is stated that soon after she was taken sick maggots were discovered in her nose and throat, and for several days Mrs. Beatty had been unable to swallow anything like food. Her death was the cause of having been literally eaten up by maggots. She died in the greatest agony, and her affliction was a puzzle to the doctors. Upon examination of the body it was found that the partition of her nose was gone, a hole had been eaten through the roof of the mouth, the soft palate had disappeared and the throat was frightfully eaten.—Cincinnati Enquirer.

The Fire Bell.

The burning of some alcohol in the store of Garnier, Lange & Co., at 618 Sacramento street, yesterday afternoon was the cause of an alarm from Box 21. The loss was trifling.

At 7 o'clock in the morning an alarm from Box 18 took the Fire Department to the Genesee Flour-mills on Gold street, where friction of machinery had started a blaze. Damage to the extent of $150 was done before the fire was extinguished.

What Will He Get?

James O'Brien, the last of the quartet of toughs who assaulted J. J. Merz near the Five-mile House in April last and robbed him of several valuables, is on trial before Judge Van Reynegom. His pals have been disposed of as follows: Matthew Sullivan got seven years in Folsom, Francis White four years in San Quentin and James McClusky was acquitted.

THE success which Hood's Sarsaparilla has had in freeing childhood from afflictions caused by impure blood, is really remarkable. Many a mother has reason to be thankful for it.

SUGAR at bedrock. White sugar 5⅞ cents and light brown sugar 4½ cents per pound, at Sharboro & Co.'s, 531 Washington st.; country orders promptly attended to.

To tone up the system and stimulate the appetite take Angostura Bitters, Dr. J. G. B. Siegert & Sons, sole manufacturers. At all druggists.

SUGAR DOWN TO BED-ROCK.—17 lbs. white and 21 lbs light brown sugar for $1 at Sharboro & Co.'s, 531 Washington street.

BEECHAM'S PILLS cure bilious and nervous ills.

EXTRA mince pies. SWAIN'S, 213 Sutter street.

NOTICES OF MEETINGS.

California Lodge, No. 1, F. and A. M., meets THIS (THURSDAY) EVENING, August 21st, at 7:30 o'clock. Second degree. By order of the Master. GEORGE JOHNSON, Secretary. 1t

Yerba Buena Lodge, No. 18, I. O. O. F., Memorial Hall, Odd Fellows' Building—Regular meeting TO-NIGHT (Thursday). Officers and members are requested to attend. The lodge will take action upon the report of the Committee of Investigation of Brother C. C. Steven's case. E. SCHWERIN JR., N. G. N. C. BOYES, Rec. Sec. 1t

I. O. O. F., Manchester Unity—Regular meeting of Loyal California Lodge will be held THIS (THURSDAY) EVENING, at Druids' Hall, 413 Sutter st. GEORGE BARNES, N. G. GEORGE PHEBY, Rec. Sec. 1t

Golden West Lodge, No. 322, I. O. O. F., will confer the Third degree TO-NIGHT (Thursday). 1t J. WILLARD PIPPITT, Rec. Sec.

Pacific Lodge, No. 155, I. O. O. F.—Officers and members: You are requested to attend on THURSDAY EVENING, Aug. 21, 1890. Initiation. Visiting brothers cordially invited. By order of N. G. J. H. McKENZIE, R. S.

Abou Ben Adhem Lodge, No. 112, I. O. O. F., meets TO-NIGHT; members urged and visiting brethren invited to attend. HENRY LARGE, N. G. 1t

San Francisco Alliance, No. 1, of St. P. A. of Cal.—Brothers, the semi-monthly meeting will be held in K. R. B. Hall on THIS (THURSDAY) EVENING, at 8 o'clock sharp. As business of great importance is to come before this meeting, a full attendance is required. For order JAMES J. LYONS, Pres. J. H. O'CONNOR, Recorder. 1t

Canadian Association—A Meeting will be held THIS (THURSDAY) EVENING, at 8 o'clock, in B. B. Hall, 123 Eddy st., for the purpose of organizing an association. All Canadians invited. 1t

Hall to Let Tuesday Evening. Grand Central, cor. Sixth and Market sts. jy23 tf

SPECIAL NOTICES.

$20,000 Given Away — Send This clipping and 10 cents in stamps to DR. HALPRUNER, 850 Market st., San Francisco, you will receive one trial package of Dr. Halpruner's Patent Corn and Bunion Salve; positive cure; also one chance for the money; 3 packages to 1 order, 25c. 2t*

A Sure and Safe Cure for Rheumatism and Gout for sale. Try it. Address A. B., Box 132, CALL Branch Office.

B. Nicoll, General Commission and purchasing agent, late of 816 Market st., Rooms 46 and 48, Phelan Building, Market st.; commissions of all descriptions executed; properties sold, let, exchanged or taken care of; life and fire insurance effected. au16 1m

Home Institution for the Special treatment of abdominal and pelvic diseases of women and men. Patients at a distance who can not obtain the comforts and care so essential to success in connection with judicious and competent management may communicate with JOHN A. MILLER, M.D., 236 Taylor st., San Francisco. jy19 3m

Doctors B. & B., Late Army Surgeons and Specialists—Cure all *Diseases of Men* of a *Private Nature* in less time and for less money than any other Specialists on the Pacific Coast. Free advice. All communications strictly confidential. Call or write to DOCTORS B. & B., 523 Kearny street, San Francisco, Cal. The Doctors are well-known and to be recommended. au4 tf

SPECIAL NOTICES—CONTINUED.

Fine Watch and Jewelry Repairing a specialty. Watches cleaned, $1; main-spring, $1; warranted. W. ALLEN, 15 Sixth st. au5 1m

Bad Tenants Ejected for $4. Collections made, city or country. Pacific Collection Company, 528 California st., Room 3. de22 tf

Books bought and sold. King Bros. 3 Fourth st., near Market. mr27 tf

Harlow Davis' Wonderful Magnetic Healer and Test Medium; hours, 10 to 5. 142 Seventh st., cor. Howard. jy23 1m

Munro's Maritime Hotel—35 Stanford, bet. Brannan, Townsend, Second and Third sts.; patronage of mariners solicited. jy14 6mo

Dr. M. Strassman, 916 Post—Specialist for all female troubles; pills $1. ap9 tf

Astral-Seer—Past, Present, Future; horoscope cast. Prof. Holmes, 11 Scott. 14 6m

Old Gold and Silver Bought; Send your old gold and silver by mail to the old and reliable house of A. COLEMAN, 41 Third st., San Francisco; I will send by return mail the cash; if amount is not satisfactory will return the gold. 2y

Dr. Ricord's Specific—For Kidneys, bladder and liver, $1; sole agent, A. GROS, Druggist, cor. Kearny and Washington, S.F. je14 6mo

Mrs. Schmidt, Midwife, Graduate University of Heidelberg, Germany; private hospital; women's diseases a specialty; sure specific remedy for monthly irregularities; reasonable. Office 1211½ Mission st.; 2 to 6 P. M. my27 12mos

Ladies, Send for Our Pamphlets—We have something new which will save you trouble; price $5. Address KIRKWOOD HARD RUBBER CO., Market and Jones, 4th floor, R. 124, San Francisco. Send stamp; lady agents wanted. ap5 tf

Smith & Trowbridge, West Coast Wire Works, 11 Drumm st. je11 6m

Ladies, If Disappointed, See Mrs. PUETZ, 205 4th, and be contented. my25 3m

Mrs. Wilmet, Midwife, Graduate Ladies 50, gentlemen $1. 865½ Market. R'm 39. 6m

Dr. C. C. O'Donnell—Office and Res. NW. cor. Washington and Kearny sts. my4 tf

Bad Tenants Ejected for $10 and all costs paid; collections city or country. COFFEY'S COLLECTION CO., 919 Montgomery. 1f

Alameda Maternity Villa; strictly private. DRS. FUNKE, ur. Encinal Pk. m3 tf

Mrs. Davies, 426 Kearny St.; Only safe and sure cure for all female troubles. 12 tf

Dr. Hall, 426 Kearny st.—Diseases of women a specialty; hours 1 to 4, 6 to 8. my5 1y

Dr. Ricord's Restorative Pills; Specific for exhausted vitality, physical debility, wasted forces, etc.; approved by the Academy of Medicine, Paris, and the medical celebrities. Sold by J. G. STEELE & CO., 635 Market st., Palace Hotel, San Francisco. Sent by mail, sealed, $1 per box; Box of 50, $1 25; of 100, $2; of 200, $3 50; of 400, $6. Preparatory Pills, $2. Send for circular. fe2 tf

DIVIDEND NOTICES.

Dividend Notice—Dividend No. 64 ($1 per share) of the OCEANIC STEAMSHIP COMPANY will be payable at the office of the company, 327 Market st. on and after Monday, September 1, 1890. Transfer books will close Monday, August 25, 1890, at 3 o'clock P. M. au20 13t E. H. SHELDON, Secretary.

MASSAGE.

MRS. THOMSON — MANICURE, MAGNETIC treatment, flagellation. 101 Grant ave., Room 18. mh15 7t*

99 TAYLOR—ROSE CLEVELAND FROM NEW York; new assistant; 1 to 11 P. M. au14 3t*

MISS ANDERSON, BATHS, MASSAGE AND Swedish movement. 1 Fifth st., Room 2. 5 1m*

MRS. FRIEDA, TEST AND BUSINESS MEDIUM; fee $1; massage treatment. 28½ Sixth. au2 1m

DOSE DE LAFONT—BEST MASSAGE. 917 MARket st. Parlors 3 and 4. my21 tf

SPIRITUALISM.

MRS. J. J. WHITNEY, CLAIRVOYANT TEST medium, life-reader. 1812 Market st. au19 tf

MISS BENHARD, MEDIUM; INFORMATION on stocks, lottery, love, etc. 353 Fourth. a12 1m

CLAIRVOYANTS.

MRS. KINKEAD, CLAIRVOYANT TRANCE MEdium. 1239½ Market st. au6 6m

SITUATIONS—FEMALE.

FOR GERMAN, SCANDINAVIAN, SWEDE, American and neat Irish girls, city or country, Scandinavian Employment Office, 106 Stockton. 1*

DRESSMAKER WHO UNDERSTANDS HOW TO cut and fit wishes to go out by the day in private families. Address Dressmaker, 1425 Pine street. au21 7t*

GOOD SEAMSTRESS, ALSO ABLE TO MAKE children's clothes, wishes to go out by the day in private families. Address Seamstress, 1425 Pine street. au21 7t*

STRONG GIRL WISHES A SITUATION TO assist with general housework. Apply to GEORGE KREUZER, San Bruno road, near Fifteenth ave. au21 3t*

YOUNG WIDOW, WITH 2 CHILDREN, WISHES a situation as housekeeper, either in city or country; home in preference to wages. Address 20 Prospect place, bet. Sacramento and Clay. au21 3t

MIDDLE-AGED GERMAN PROTESTANT LADY wishes situation as housekeeper or to do light housework in small fam ly. 1228½ Folsom st. 21 3*

COMPETENT WOMAN WISHES SITUATION IN private boarding house; understands business; good references. Address C. X., Box 31, this office. au21 3t*

DRESSMAKER, LATELY FROM EAST, WISHES to take in work. 28½ Sixth st., Room 1. 21 2*

COMPETENT, NEAT SWEDISH GIRL, LATELY from the East, wants situation to do upstairs or general housework; American family preferred. Address 2608 Sutter st. au21 2t*

PROTESTANT WOMAN WISHES SITUATION in Protestant family; good home. 21 2*

GERMAN GIRL WISHES PLACE TO DO GENeral housework and cooking. Call 6 Munroe st., bet. Stockton and Powell, off Bush. au21 2t*

WANTED—CARE OF INFANT OR CHILD. 213 Hickory ave. au21 2t*

SITUATION WANTED BY SCOTCH COOK OR housework. 1006 Hyde st. au21 2t*

COMPETENT LADY WISHES HOUSE-CLEANing by day; wages $1 25 a day. Address R., 339 Hayes st. au21 2t*

LADY WOULD LIKE ENGAGEMENTS BY THE day; cutter and fitter; $1 50 a day. Address 14 Oak st. au21 2t*

GIRL WANTS SITUATION TO DO GENERAL housework in small private family. 434 Tenth st., near Harrison. au21 2t*

WANTED—BY RELIABLE PERSON PLACE TO mind children, help with upstairs work and sewing; best of references given if required. 1804 Geary st. 1t*

GOOD RELIABLE AMERICAN WOMAN WITH good references wishes situation in country or ranch as working housekeeper. 106 Stockton st 1t*

GERMAN GIRL WISHES TO DO GENERAL housework or plain cooking. Apply 2738½ California st., for 3 days. 1t*

GERMAN GIRL, 18 YEARS OLD, WISHES TO take care of children. Address 115 Jasper place, bet. Union and Filbert sts. 1t*

COMPETENT WOMAN WISHES TO DO HOUSEWork; is good cook and will do plain washing; reference. Address for 2 days C. C., Box 151, CALL Branch Office. 1t*

BY RELIABLE PROTESTANT WOMAN, TO take care of children; best reference. Apply 1527½ Market st. 1t*

GIRL WANTS SITUATION; SECOND WORK, nurse or housework. 644 Minna st. 1t*

SITUATION WANTED BY NOVA SCOTIA woman to do light housework in American family. Call, for 2 days, 327 Minna st. 1t*

RESPECTABLE GIRL WISHES SITUATION; upstairs and waiting at table; wages $20. Apply 649½ Stevenson st., off Seventh. 1t*

WIDOW AND DAUGHTER WANT WORK; office-cleaning, nursing, house-cleaning, or work of any kind. Inquire 681 Mission st., Room 48, top floor. 1t*

FIRST GIRL JUST FROM THE EAST, AT chamberwork and laundress or housework; is a good cook. 559 Bryant st. 1t*

SCANDINAVIAN GIRL WISHES SITUATION to do general housework. Apply bet. 12 and 4 P. M. 2322 Mission st. 1t*

SITUATION BY A GIRL LATELY FROM THE East to do general housework; best of reference; good cook; wages $20 to $25. Call 26 Laskie st., bet. Eighth and Ninth, off Mission. 1t*

COMPETENT REL