THE MORNING CALL

Has a larger circulation than any other newspaper published in San Francisco.

PUBLICATION OFFICE:

525 Montgomery street, near Clay, open until 11 o'clock P. M. BRANCH OFFICES: 710 Market street, near Kearny, open until 12 o'clock midnight; 526 Hayes street, open until 9:30 o'clock; 603 Larkin street, open until 9:30 o'clock, and 2518 Mission street, open until 9 o'clock P. M.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES:

DAILY CALL (including Sundays), $6 per year by mail, postpaid; 15 cents per week, or 65 cents per calendar month through carriers. DAILY CALL, five copies three months, $6 25. SUNDAY CALL (twelve pages), $1 50 per year, postpaid. SUNDAY CALL and WEEKLY CALL $2 50 per year, postpaid. WEEKLY CALL (eight pages), $1 25 per year, postpaid. Clubs often (sent to one address), $10.

SPECIAL NOTICE FOR THE SUMMER MONTHS.

Subscribers who intend going to the country during the summer months can have THE DAILY CALL mailed to them for a week or longer at regular subscription rates, 15c per week. Give order to carrier or send to business office.

WEATHER PREDICTIONS.

SIGNAL SERVICE, U. S. ARMY, DIVISION OF THE PACIFIC, SAN FRANCISCO, September 2, 1890. 5 P. M.—Pacific time.

Synopsis for the Past Twenty-four Hours.

The barometer is highest in Western Washington and lowest in Southeastern California; the temperature has generally risen in all districts; the weather has been fair, except local rains in Washington and Western Oregon, hail and heavy rain at Spokane Falls about noon to-day.

Forecast Till 5 P. M. Wednesday.

For Northern California—Fair weather; north to west winds; stationary temperature except warmer at Red Bluff, Sacramento, San Francisco and Fresno.

For Southern California—Fair weather; westerly winds; warmer, except stationary temperature at Yuma.

For Oregon—Fair weather, except rain at Roseburg; winds generally northerly; warmer.

For Washington—Fair weather, except light rain at Spokane Falls; northwesterly winds; warmer.

JOHN P. FINLEY, Lieutenant Signal Corps (in charge).

THE CALL'S CALENDAR.

SEPTEMBER, 1890.

Su.	M.	T.	W.	Th.	F.	S.	Moon's Phases.
	1	2	3	4	5	6	Sept. 5th. Last Quarter.
7	8	9	10	11	12	13	
14	15	16	17	18	19	20	Sept. 13th. New Moon.
21	22	23	24	25	26	27	Sept. 21st. First Quarter
28	29	30					Sept. 28th. Full Moon.

The Morning Call.

WEDNESDAY..... SEPTEMBER 3, 1890

NOTICE!

Any of our patrons who fail to find THE MORNING CALL for sale by train-boys will confer a favor by notifying this office of the fact, naming the date and train.

EFFORTS TO DECEIVE.

Prior to the last election THE CALL directed the attention of voters to Buckley's city ticket, and warned them against the election of his candidates. At that time ring newspapers were strenuous in their assertions that the candidates nominated through Buckley's machinations were excellent men, and, if elected, that they would protect the people and waste no money. One organ, however, went so far as to say that Buckley's ticket was an excellent one. We have seen since that the result of the election turned out precisely as THE CALL said it would in the event of his candidates being placed in office; to wit: that the people would be plundered. Our citizens know now that they ought to have stamped Buckleyism out of existence, but between counting ballots fraudulently and other tricks, including, as we believe, stuffing the ballot-boxes, Buckley's candidates got into office. Does any person now doubt that THE CALL'S advice ought to have been followed at the last election? At this time there seems to be but one opinion as to the danger of trifling with candidates which Buckley nominates for us. The organs of the ring which share in the spoils tell the people that Buckley has no ticket; that his lambs have not been nominated for office so far as the State ticket is concerned. This will not answer at present, for every person pretending to intelligence knows that what is termed the Democratic party in San Francisco is nothing but Buckleyism.

THE COMING CELEBRATION.

The Native Sons are certain to make a success of the Admission day celebration. They have provided a programme of five days' entertainment, which includes almost every variety of amusement the mind can conceive of. There will be parades, military maneuvers, fireworks, regattas, dancing and social receptions. Visitors who remain in the city from Saturday until the following Thursday will be kept busy without going over the same ground twice. But no degree of splendor or variety in the way of entertainment will compensate for the ordinary comforts of life. Visitors who cannot find beds to sleep in will complain, no matter how lavish may be the display. The refreshments offered in hospitable parlors will not serve the purpose of breakfast or dinner. The hotels and restaurants are certain to be overcrowded. There will probably be from 75,000 to 100,000 people in town on Tuesday, many of whom will remain two or three days, either before or after the 9th. What is going to be done with these guests of the city? Provision should be made for them and care be taken that none are subjected to exorbitant charges. A committee has this department of the celebration in charge, but as it is impossible to compute the number of visitors in advance, there is danger that the crowd will be greater than can be easily handled. The greater part of the families in the city will receive return visits from country friends, and consequently their spare rooms will not be available for strangers. There is room in the city for all who will come if precautions are taken to establish connection between vacant rooms and visitors who would like to occupy them.

THE SAME OLD STORY.

Henry George is back in New York. He does not appear to have gathered any wisdom from his tour round the world. His single-tax theory and his free-trade notions were politely waived aside in Australia, though Mr. George as an individual was well received. Mr. George affords an example of the efficiency of bold assertions. He has never shown how a single tax on land will cause the results he promises, but he promises the results with a degree of assurance that imposes upon a certain class of minds. Mr. George says he is not proud of the United States. He admits that the United States have become great under our present system of protection to American labor, but he cannot be proud of it because it is not free. "Americans," he says, "are not free to build and sail ships; not free from the dominion of politicians; not free to buy and sell a peck of apples without a license." Mr. George might have added that America is not free from sin. There are people in it who do not follow the golden rule; people who are grasping, unjust and cruel. Still, as nations go, it is a tolerably free country. Every man and every woman is allowed to have his or her own hobby and to ride it in season and out. Even George's hobby of a single tax is tolerated. We have heard of no proposition to shut him in an asylum for the cure of minds diseased. Free trade Mr. George regards as the remedy for all our ills. The country is not free, because trade with foreign nations is not free. It is not free, because we do not permit the free immigration of Chinese and the dumping on our shores of the blind, lame and halt of Europe and other countries. Will the country be free under the single-tax system? Wont land-owners or land-tillers have the tax to pay? Wont they be put off the land if they refuse or neglect to pay the tax? Will an American be more nearly free when he works in competition with the old countries for 50 cents a day than he now is when his labor is worth from $1 50 to $4 per day? There is one point in Mr. George's favor when comparison is instituted between him and the average Democrat. He is an outspoken advocate of free trade. He does not ambush behind a tariff for revenue only. He has no use for custom-houses or revenue officers, except to collect the single tax. His idea of freedom includes free whisky and the free sale of whisky without Government interference. He would impose a tax on the man who owns a little land, but none on those persons who own millions of railroad and other shares and who have vast possessions in bonds, mortgages and cash.

CHINATOWN.

We have heard the decision of Judge Sawyer to the effect that under the existing treaty with China, the so-called Bingham ordinance was in conflict with treaty rights. It may be well to remember that while the exclusion law abrogates the treaty so far as the treaty conflicts with the law it leaves all provisions of the treaty in operation which are not in conflict with the law. One of these provisions is that the Chinese in the United States shall have the same rights as other people, the right of naturalization being denied them by express act of Congress. The Bingham ordinance, it is said, was not passed in good faith. It was passed partly for political effect and partly to cover up the neglect of the authorities to enforce sanitary ordinances in Chinatown. One of the things San Francisco must do in the near future is to recover for the whole people of the city the portion now in possession of the Chinese. This may be done by ordinance after the treaty has been revised or abrogated, or it may be done by enforcing sanitary regulations while the treaty is in existence. The equal right of Chinese with other residents does not include the right to create a nuisance. It does include the right to drive white men from a particular part of the city by making that part too offensive for whites to live in. Certain practices peculiar to Chinese may be made unlawful without any violation of the terms of the teeaty. When the work of cleansing Chinatown is approached with an earnest purpose, a way will be found to accomplish it. There is no need to pass laws or ordinances that seem to apply expressly to Chinese. If there are any white residents who do not live up to the conditions the law prescribes, let the law apply to them also. It is time to get to work to clean Chinatown out. It is a work that will not be accomplished by men who are in politics for the money there is in it for them. We must put men in charge of the city's interests who look beyond the profit of the hour—men who will devise a policy to clear the city of a nuisance and pursue that policy without regard to personal consequences.

WANTED—YOUNG MEN.

From every watering-place in the country from Monterey and Santa Cruz and Santa Barbara and Coronado Beach and San Rafael, nay, from Bar Harbor and Nahant and Coney Island and Atlantic City and Virginia Springs, from the Thousand Islands and Niagara Falls—comes a plaintive feminine wail that there have been no young men anywhere this season. Just such a cry arose from the girls of Paris after Waterloo, when twenty years of incessant warfare had mowed down the flower of French manhood, and a lad walking down a village street brought all the girls to the windows with wistful eyes and clasped fingers. But we have had no wars. There has been no slaughter of our innocent youth. No plague nor pestilence has decimated the ranks of the sons of the Golden West, or of the East either. Mr. Porter reports the proportion of the sexes about the same as usual. There are on this slope a few more boys than girls, but this is offset by the preponderance of the fair sex on the other side of the continent. Altogether for every Jill there is a Jack, if she could only find him.

Wherever he may be he has not been this year at the hotels at summer watering-places. Dismal accounts have come from Santa Cruz and Monterey and other resorts of a hundred girls and—two men; of sixty beautiful creatures, sweet enough to lure the gods from Olympus—and only one man; of forty maidens, most divinely tall and most divinely fair, and no man at all to divide among them. And when the Saturday half-holiday did start a little streamlet of young men from city to summer resort the sexes did not mix any better than oil and vinegar. At Santa Cruz the young hobbys the girls sat round the room chattering with each other or reading books. Occasionally—horror of horrors!—one girl would clasp another girl's waist and the pair would go whirling round the room. Meanwhile a group of callow youths fringed the entrance of the room, gazed a while at paradise and presently melted away in the direction of the clubhouse or the billiard-room or bowling-alley. It is evident that the ball-room had no attraction for them.

There was something wrong here, and it is well that girls should try to find out what it was. Leaving matrimonial considerations out of the question, it is not best for either sex to dispense with the society of the other. The girls grow Miss Nancyish and the boys coarse. Why do young men eschew hops and ball-rooms?

Has it ever occurred to any one that the dances of the period are not calculated to be sources of delirious joy to young men? Men do a duty in dancing to please their sisters and their friends, but they are secretly delighted when they can slip away and take some real fun at the billiard-table, or in the bowling-alley, or the cosy club-room, where the ante is low. May not this account for the unpopularity of ball-rooms among the gilded youth of the period?

We hear the lovely Clarissa and the exquisite Ethel with the pearl ears exclaim: But why will the men not talk to us on the balconies and on the beach? To whom it may be deferentially replied that young men are free agents, and not unfrequently persons of bad taste. To a creature of proper perceptions, no pleasure could rival the joy of a tete-a-tete with Clarissa or Ethel. But young men's minds are not always refined, and some of them are so dull that they do not appreciate a conversation which turns on what Miss Jones said when she called, what Miss Smith wore at the opera, and whether the affair between Blunderbore and Miss Robinson will come to anything. There is a dazzling brilliancy in this sort of conversation which young men are not always keyed-up to appreciate. So they sneak away and consort with people who can talk on topics which interest them.

It is, perhaps, high treason to say it—but girls must be told, if it is only in a whisper, that man is the lord of creation, and that power goes with the beard. He may go where he pleases, and, under certain rules of good behavior, bestow his society upon whom he pleases; and, in a majority of cases, he will go where he enjoys himself in preference to where he is bored, and will consort rather with those who entertain him than with those whose thoughts have nothing in common with his. It is no trick for a bright girl to read a man so thoroughly that she will know precisely the topics on which he can talk, and the topics which are to him a closed or a dull book; nor will it be much of an effort for her to feign an interest in the former. A girl who does this will never lack male attentions—boys will go to watering-places expressly to meet her. Those who are unwilling to make this small concession to the other sex will have to complain of neglect we fear.

THE FOURTEEN MILLION INCREASE.

The country is not satisfied with the 14,000,000 increase of population which Porter's census gives us. It is not that the increase in itself is not sufficient, but that native Americans do not seem to have played an important part in it. The number of arrivals from Europe in the ten years is known to have been 5,242,529. The number of arrivals from Canada is not so well known, but a close estimate is made of 600,000. This would leave the increase from immigration at about 6,000,000, within 1,000,000 of one-half of the entire increase. It then appears that there was only an increase of 7,000,000 from excess of births over deaths, with a basis of population of 50,000,000. This shows a low rate of natural increase and a lower rate still for the native population, since it is a well-established fact that the natural increase of immigrants is greater than of natives. Of natives it is true also that the colored race are more prolific than the white race. But still it is not worth while to despair of the country. There are better things for a nation than a large population. It is sometimes well to go slow in matters of population. A family of five persons—two parents and three children—may hold out more promise than a family of twice that number. Three children, fairly well educated and equipped for the struggle for existence, may represent more happiness than seven children neglected from their cradle and cast out upon the world without preparation for the work before them. There are always population cranks who take an especial pleasure in predicting the population of a country fifty or a hundred years hence. One of these ill-regulated minds calculates the population of the United States in 1950 at 244,000,000. He arrives at this figure by applying the rate of increase in the early decades of the century, when the territory was large and the population small, to the much greater population of the present and immediate future. But better than 244,000,000 people would be 100,000,000 of happy, well-conditioned and well-disciplined men, women and children. Life is valuable for the happiness it confers. It may be a blessing or it may be a curse. The chances of happiness are certainly greater with a people that have not increased so fast that the greater part of them "tumbled up" without the mental or bodily discipline which enables a human being to make the most of the faculties which nature has given him.

EDITORIAL NOTES.

The transportation of oil to Europe and foreign ports has resulted in the construction of a fleet of about sixty tank steamers, that now ply principally between New York and Philadelphia and the ports of England, Germany and France. The entire carrying capacity of these vessels is devoted to oil, the space being divided into different compartments. There are no cans or barrels, there is no leakage, and the vessels are more speedily loaded or unloaded and at less expense than under the old system. Recently the Geestemunde was loaded with 1,300,000 gallons of oil at Point Breeze in about twenty-two hours. There are three steamers afloat that have a capacity of 1,500,000 gallons. The Brilliant, now bound to New York, is said to be the largest steamer of this class afloat. The transportation of oil on the great northern lakes has also undergone a remarkable change. There are about a dozen iron tank vessels, known as turtle-backs, in which oil is towed by steam tugs to various points on the lakes. Oil in barrels and cases is, however, still shipped to ports in the Indies and the far East.

It is estimated that with a cotton crop valued at almost half a billion, a corn crop worth $250,000,000, wheat and oats valued at $75,000,000, added to her products of rice, sugar, tobacco, etc., the agricultural products of the South will this year reach $1,050,000,000, something like $400,000,000 more than in 1880. From all sections comes the report of "the best outlook for farmers since the war." The Manufacturers' Record, in its annual review of the crop situation, shows that the cotton product has steadily increased from 6,505,000 bales in 1886-87 to 7,500,000 or 8,000,000 bales for the present crop. The price, like the production, shows an increase, the value of the last four crops, including cotton seed, being placed at $1,500,000,000. Manufactures and industrial enterprises also show marvelous progress. The blessings of peace and prosperity have encouraged the development of the riches of the South. Capital has poured in from the North and stimulated enterprise in every direction.

It is calculated that the new bridge over the Hudson at New York, which will be the greatest engineering feat of the century, will cost about $40,000,000. It will take ten years to construct it and will be a third longer than the Forth bridge and twenty feet higher, but unlike the former it will be of the cantilever type. Store-houses will be located beneath the great structure. Freight-cars will unload by means of chutes into these and ships will load direct from them or direct to the cars. The grand union passenger depot, a part of the enterprise, will be a colossal structure of steel capable of accommodating all the trains that now enter New York and Jersey City. It will be large enough to hold twenty tracks side by side and will be 1300 feet in length.

The inspectors intrusted with the duty of preventing evasions of the contract labor law a New York find it exceedingly difficult to foil the designs of those intent on unlawfully entering this country. It is asserted that the "contract laborers" are posted at home before leaving or the steamship people drill them on the voyage. Then when culprits are caught the courts are likely to defeat the efforts of the inspectors. In July the inspectors examined thousands and detained hundreds of suspicious cases, yet they were only able to send back one single case. Congress has consequently been urged to pass one of the measures now before it.

Consul Bee while in Chicago entertained the reporters with some remarkable statements on the Chinese question. To one he is represented as having said: "The Chinese will all go eventually." This was soon afterward followed by the declaration: "There is no inducement for them to stay longer than is sufficient to accumulate a certain amount of capital." While it is extremely doubtful that the Chinese will all eventually depart for the Flowery Kingdom, all will agree with the assertion that "They do not assimilate with and can have no permanent place as individuals in our civilization."

Icebergs and floating ice have made the navigation of the Atlantic the past summer unusually hazardous. Vessels arriving at Eastern ports still continue reporting the progress of massive icebergs southward.

AFTER THOSE FEES.

A Suggestive Report to the Supervisors of San Jose.

The Financial Committee of the Board of Supervisors of San Jose made a report yesterday of their recent examination into the conduct of the County Clerk's office from January 1, 1887, to June 30, 1890. Attached to the report were the figures obtained from the books by Accountant Brandon.

After giving a pretty full summary of the exhibits from A to T the Herald of yesterday says: The committee then proceeded to condemn the system of book-keeping that is pursued in the County Clerk's office, softening it in the case of the present Clerk by saying that it has been in use since 1876, and recommended that a new fee-book be procured as soon as possible so that all fees may be entered in a separate column from the one in which the deposits are entered. The committee quoted the law governing the practice of the County Clerk, and said that the law had not been followed, as the amounts deposited by and charged to litigants and estates have not been entered in the fee-book.

The committee further says that the County Clerk in his monthly settlements with the County Treasurer should pay over the total amount actually earned in fees during the month, and not turn over the total amount of fees and deposits as he has been in the habit of doing.

The committee further observes that by keeping a fee-book according to law errors are not nearly so liable to be made and the actual condition of the County Clerk's accounts can then be ascertained with very little trouble.

When the new fee-book is obtained the committee says a lists of the amounts due to litigants and estates up to the time of opening the book should be made out and a settlement arranged so as not to conflict with the amounts kept in the new book.

The Finance Committee express their deep sense of obligation to the County Clerk and all his deputies for their courtesy and ability in explaining the mysteries of their office and the intricacies of the expert's report.

The amounts found due from Clerk Singletary are $473 80 in "errors and discrepancies," and $500 10 for copying done by his deputies, who put the fees in their own pockets. The whole amount is $963 90.

The committee's report was signed by W. A. Z. Edwards (Chairman), James T. Phegley and A. Greeninger.

Mechanics' Fair.

The Board of Trustees of the Mechanics' Institute met last evening, David Kerr presiding. The Finance Committee reported that for the month of August bills to the amount of $2700 06 had been audited. Receipts for the same period amounted to $1449 43.

The Committee on Opening Exercises for the annual fair reported that they had received a poem, composed by Mrs. Julia Clinton Jones, for the occasion.

The matter of changing the design of medals to be awarded was discussed, and it was finally decided to defer the change until next year.

Ex-Trustee McDonald was presented by the board with a set of resolutions, handsomely bound in morocco, as a testimonial of the efficient and valuable service performed by the recipient in behalf of the institute in years gone by.

Chinatown Bummers.

The ten vagrants who were arrested in the Chinese quarters, where they had eked out a miserable existence in vile places, and who are better known as "Chinatown bummers," are serving a sentence of thirty days' imprisonment in the County Jail. Judge Joachimsen committed them yesterday. There are quite a large number of such worthless degraded loafers living in the Chinese quarter by stealing, begging, drinking Chinese gin and sleeping in doorways.

Postal Appointments.

The following appointments are announced by Postmaster Backus: Miss L. A. Miller, Mrs. D. E. Bacon, Miss H. M. Beach, Mrs. K. L. Arnold and Miss I. B. Poultney, directing clerks; Messrs. A. Batz, H. G. Hopkins, J. D. Bishop, distributing clerks.

VISIT Geltysburg Panorama, Market & 10th.*

ASKS A DIVORCE.—Charles J. Smith has filed a petition for divorce against his wife, Emma M. Smith.

COLONEL CLARK BURIED

He Is Escorted to the Grave With Military Honors.

Colonel Zerah P. Clark was buried yesterday with military honors in Laurel Hill Cemetery. The funeral took place from his late residence, 2612 California street, where only intimate friends of the family were present.

The remains were borne from the house by a detail of non-commissioned officers, who acted as casket-bearers, and laid upon a caisson. An American flag was placed upon the casket, and the cortege moved away slowly but with military precision to St. Paul's Church on California street. The burial services of the Episcopal Church were conducted over the bier in the presence of a large assemblage. After the services were concluded, the remains, escorted by the following pall-bearers, were removed to the caisson outside:

General W. H. Dimond, Lieutenant-Colonel J. W. Staples, Lieutenant-Colonel Samuel Taylor, Louis Sloss, Eugene Deuprey, Colonel Thomas C. Berry, Lieutenant-Colonel George Whittell, Major William McClellan, C. T. Pidwell and Captain William Armstrong.

The funeral procession was composed of a battalion made up of details from the First, Second and Third Regiments, N. G. C., under command of Colonel McDonald of the Second Regiment, who was mounted with his staff. The Second Regiment band marched in front, and after the infantry followed all the employes of the Anglo-Nevada Insurance Company, a detachment from the Fire Department with Chief Scannell in charge, members of the Loyal Legion, Major-General Dimond and staff, Brigadier-General Cutting and staff and the line officers of the Second Brigade in carriages. The caisson was drawn by four horses and followed by Colonel Clarke's horse with saddle and inverted military boots, led by an orderly.

At the grave brief ceremonies were performed. Companies C and F of the First Regiment fired three volleys over the grave, and the last honor was done the dead when taps were sounded by the buglers.

Supreme Court Hearing.

A motion for the dismissal of the appeal in the case of Mrs. Mary Coffey against the Young Men's Institute has been set for hearing before the Supreme Court for September 10th. The appeal is from a judgment obtained by Mrs. Coffey in the Superior Court against the Institute for a benefit due on the death of her son. The judgment was for $521 and costs.

SCROFULA is a more formidable enemy than either consumption or cancer alone, for scrofula combines the worst possible features of both. It is cured by Hood's Sarsaparilla, the blood purifier.

Come and Hear Bain.

The noted orator, Colonel George W. Bain, will give his farewell speech on "Temperance," at Pioneer Hall, on Wednesday evening, September 3d. Free. All invited.

"MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP" has been used over Fifty Years by mothers for their children while Teething with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the Gums, allays all Pain, cures Wind Colic, regulates the bowels and is the best remedy for Diarrhœa, whether arising from teething or other causes, and is for sale by Druggists in every part of the world. Be sure and ask for Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup. Twenty-five cents a bottle.

SUGAR in advance, but by calling at Sharboro & Co.'s, 531 Washington street, you can get same at the old prices in quantity to suit.

Keep looking young and save your hair, its color and beauty with PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM.

PARKER'S GINGER TONIC, the best cough cure.

FOR THROAT DISEASES AND COUGHS, use "*Brown's Bronchial Troches.*" Price 25 cts. *Sold only in boxes.*

BEACHAM'S PILLS cure sick headache.

SHEW'S Photographic Gallery, 523 Kearny street.

EXTRA mince pies. SWAIN'S, 213 Sutter street.

NOTICE OF MEETINGS.

California Council, No. 2, R. and S. M., meets THIS (WEDNESDAY) EVENING, September 3d, at 7:30 o'clock, for business and degrees. By order of the T. I. M. [1t] GEO. JOHNSON, Recorder.

Mission Lodge, No. 169, F. and A. M.—Stated meeting THIS (WEDNESDAY) EVENING, September 3d, at 7:30 o'clock. [1t] J. H. BUSCELLE, Sec.

Mount Moriah Lodge, No. 44, F. and A. M.—Stated meeting THIS (WEDNESDAY) EVENING, September 3d, at 8 o'clock. By order of the W. M. se3 1t C. F. BROWN, Sec.

To the officers and members of Oriental Rebekah Degree Lodge, No. 90, I. O. O. F.—You are hereby notified to assemble in Prospect Hall, New Odd Fellows' Building, THIS (WEDNESDAY) EVENING, at 8 o'clock. All members of the degree are cordially invited to be present. By order of MARY M. EWING, N. G. SOPHIA H. HUTTON, Rec. Sec. au13 1t We

To the officers and members of Templar Lodge, No. 17, I. O. O. F.—You are hereby notified to assemble in Memorial Hall, New Odd Fellows' Building, cor. Seventh and Market sts., THIS (WEDNESDAY) EVENING, at 8 o'clock. By order of the N. G. [my2 We 1t] L. WADHAM, Rec. Sec.

The Canadian Association—A Meeting of the Canadian Association will be held at B. B. Hall, 121 Eddy st., at 8 P. M. THURSDAY, 4th inst. All Canadians are earnestly requested to attend and sign the roll. M. MORRISON, Sec'y. 3t

Cosmopolitan Lodge, No. 194, I. O. O. F. Initiation WEDNESDAY EVENING, September 3d. Visiting brethren cordially invited. au31 4t J. H. STEWART, N. G.

The Regular Meeting of the Brick-Layers' Association will be held THIS (WEDNESDAY) EVENING, Sept. 3, 1890, at B. B. Hall, 121 Eddy st., at 8 o'clock. WILLIAM SEA, President. JAMES K. COLBERT, Secretary. 1t

Quarterly Meeting of the Austrian Benevolent Society—Officers and members: You are hereby notified to attend your quarterly meeting on WEDNESDAY EVENING, Sept. 3d, at 7:30 o'clock sharp, at your hall, 413 Sutter st. All members are requested to attend for important business. Fines will be strictly enforced. By order of M. SCANATICH, President. N. BOLLINGER, Secretary. se2 2t

Hall to Let Friday Evening. Grand Central, cor. Sixth and Market sts. jy23 1t

A Week's News for 5 Cents—The WEEKLY CALL, in wrapper, ready for mailing.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Dr. F. T. Olmstead—Catarrh, Throat, lung diseases cured by oxygen inhalation; cancer cured, new method. Room 84, Flood Building. se3 7t*

Corns, Bunions, Etc., Instantly Relieved or no charges made by Dr. Halpruner, 850 Market st. (without pain); his pain remover and corn salve for sale. 1t*

Ladies—If Disappointed See Mrs. PUETZ, 205 4th, and be contented. se3 1m*

Books bought and sold. King Bros. 36 Fourth st., near Market. mr27 1t

Charles Ashton, 411 Montgomery st. Rents collected; personal attention to the management of property in his care. Makes honest, economic expenditures.

City agent Guardian Assurance Co. of London and Phenix Ins. Co. of Brooklyn. au27 eod 1t

All Cases Restored At Once, no matter from what cause—Ladies, if you want instant relief for monthly irregularities, consult the oldest and only reliable female physician of 40 years' experience; my Safe Specifics are the best ever discovered, and will positively cure after all others fail; pills, $1; also latest invention without medicine. DR. M. STRASSMAN, 916 Post st. a29 1m

Bad Tenants Ejected for $4. Collections made, city or country. Pacific Collection Company, 526 California st., Room 3. de22 1t

Bad Tenants Ejected for $10 and all costs paid; collections city or country. COFFEY'S COLLECTION CO., 619 Montgomery. 1t

Fine Watch and Jewelry Repairing a specialty. Watches cleaned, $1; main-spring, $1; warranted. W. A. HAMMOND, 4 Sixth st. au 1m

Munro's Maritime Hotel—35 Stanford, bet. Brannan, Townsend, Second and Third sts.; patronage of mariners solicited. jy14 6mo

B. Nicoll, General Commission and purchasing agent, late of 819 Market st., Rooms 46 and 48, Phelan Building, Market st.; commissions of all descriptions executed; properties sold, let, exchanged or taken care of; life and fire insurance effected. au19 1m

Home Institution for the Special treatment of abdominal and pelvic diseases of women and men. Patients at a distance who cannot obtain the comforts and care so essential to success in connection with judicious and proper treatment may communicate with JOHN A. MILLER, M.D., 2357 Taylor st., San Francisco. jy19 3m

Doctors B. & B., Late Army Surgeons and Specialists—Cure all *Diseases of Men* of a *Private Nature* in less time and for less money than any other Specialists on the Pacific Coast. Free advice. All communications strictly confidential. Call or write to DOCTORS B. & B., 523 Kearny street, San Francisco, Cal. The Doctors are well-known and reliable gentlemen. au4 1t

Astral-Seer—Past, Present, Future; horoscope cast. Prof. Holmes, 11 Scott. 14 6m

Old Gold and Silver Bought; Send your old gold and silver by mail to the old and reliable house of A. COLEMAN, 41 Third st., San Francisco; I will send by return mail the cash; if amount is not satisfactory will return the gold. 2y

Dr. Ricord's Specific—For Kidneys, bladder and liver; $1; sole agent, A. GROS, Druggist, cor. Kearny and Washington, S.F. je14 6mo

Mrs. Schmidt, Midwife, Graduate University of Heidelberg, Germany; private hospital; women's diseases a specialty; sure specific remedy for monthly irregularities; reasonable. Office 1211½ Mission st.; 2 to 6 P. M. my27 12mo

Ladies, Send for Our Pamphlets. We have something new which will save you trouble; price $5. Address KIRKWOOD HARD RUBBER CO., Market and Jones, 4th floor, R. 124, San Francisco. Send stamp; lady agents wanted. ap5tf

Smith & Trowbridge, West Coast Wire Works, 11 Drumm st. je11 6m

Mrs. Wilmet, Clairvoyant. Ladies 50c, gentlemen $1. 865½ Market, R'm 39. 6m

Dr. C. L. O'Donnell—Office and Res. NW. cor. Washington and Kearny sts. my9tf

Alameda Maternity Villa; Strictly private. DRS. FUNKE, ur. Encinal Pk. m3 1t

Mrs. Davies, 426 Kearny St.; Only safe and sure cure for all female troubles. 12 1t

Dr. Hall, 426 Kearny st.—Diseases of women a specialty; hours 1 to 4, 6 to 8. my5 1y

Dr. Ricord's Restorative Pills; Specific for exhausted vitality, physical debility, wasted forces, etc.; approved by the Academy of Medicine, Paris, and the medical celebrities. Sold by J. G. STEELE & CO., 635 Market st., Palace Hotel, San Francisco. Sent by mail or express. Price: Box of 50, $1 25; of 100, $2; of 200, $3 50; of 400, $6. Preparatory Pills, $2. Send for circular. fe2 1tf

A Week's News for 5 Cents—The WEEKLY CALL, in wrapper, ready for mailing.

DIVIDEND NOTICES.

Dividend Notice—Office of the Pacific Borax, Salt and Soda Company, San Francisco, August 30, 1890—At a meeting of the Board of Directors of the above-named company, held this day, a dividend (No. 35) of one dollar ($1) per share was declared, payable WEDNESDAY, Sept. 10, 1889, at the office of the company, 230 Montgomery st., Room 11 and 12. Transfer-books close September 5, 1890, at 3 o'clock P. M. au31 td F. B. PRITCHARD, Sec. pro tem.

SPIRITUALISM.

MRS. J. J. WHITNEY, CLAIRVOYANT TEST medium, life-reader. 1812 Market st. au19 1f

MISS BENHARD, MEDICIM; INFORMATION on stocks, lottery, love, etc. 353 Fourth. a12 1m

CLAIRVOYANTS.

MRS. KINKEAD, CLAIRVOYANT TRANCE MEdium. 1239½ Market st. au6 6m

SITUATIONS—FEMALE.

SITUATIONS WANTED FOR A NUMBER OF first-class cooks, second girls, chambermaids, waitresses and competent housework girls. Apply to R. T. WARD & CO., 610 Clay, Telephone 747. se2 3

LADIES, BEST SERVANTS, SWEDISH EMployment Office, 524 Bush st. 1t*

WOMAN WOULD LIKE A POSITION TO HELP in a kitchen; boarding-house or private family; by day; sleep home. 1301 Mason st. se3 3t*

YOUNG GIRL WISHES SITUATION TO ASSIST in light housework or to mind children. Address E. KALINTZ or send postal card, 1914 Mason st., bet. Filbert and Greenwich. se3 3t*

YOUNG GERMAN GIRL WISHES SITUATION for cooking and housework in American family. 719 Lombard st. se3 3t*

WOMAN WANTS SITUATION, DO WASHING and house-cleaning by the day. Call 440 Ninth st., in rear.

MIDDLE-AGED WOMAN WISHES SITUATION as housekeeper or would take care lodging-house. Call or address 363 Jessie st. se3 3t*

SWEDISH GIRL, A FEW MONTHS IN THE country, wishes a situation to do upstairs work or housework. Apply 604 Minna st. se3 3t*

YOUNG GIRL AS CHAMBERMAID AND WAITress. Apply 118 Ivy ave. se3 3t*

NEAT TIDY WOMAN WISHES SITUATION TO do general housework in a small private family where washing is given out; is a good family cook, American style. Address YUSTINA, Box 40, this office. se3 3t*

SWEDISH GIRL WANTS A PLACE AT HOUSEwork. Please call at 425 East st., bet. Washington and Merchant. se3 2t*

MIDDLE-AGED WOMAN WISHES SITUATION in small family for light housework; good plain cook; a good home more an object than wages. 156 Shipley st.

GERMAN WOMAN WOULD LIKE SITUATION as sick nurse. Apply or address, 120 Ivy ave. 3 2t*

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A COMPETENT woman to do housework; is a good cook and will do plain washing; references; wages reasonable. Address, for two days, L. L., Box 102, CALL Branch Office. 1t*

RELIABLE, EXPERIENCED NURSE IS OPEN to engagement; city or country. Nurse, Box 149, CALL Branch Office. 1t*

COMPETENT WOMAN WISHES TO DO GENeral housework in small family. 209 Fourth st.

SWEDISH GIRL WISHES TO DO GENERAL housework. 534 Second st. 1t*

PROTESTANT WOMAN WISHES A SITUAtion to do housework where she can have a girl of 6 years with her; city or country; references. Apply 21 Sixth st. 1t*

COMPETENT PERSON, WHO IS GOOD COOK and laundress, wishes situation; good reference. Address or apply, 617 Post st., in bakery. 1t*

FIRST-CLASS COOK; GO OUT BY DAY OR week; get up dinner or supper parties at reasonable price; best references given. Address First-class, Box 160, CALL Branch Office. 1t*

COMPETENT WOMAN WISHES HOUSE-CLEANing; $1 25 per day. 210 O'Farrell st. 1t*

RESPECTABLE WOMAN WISHES WORK BY the day; washing and house-cleaning. 816 Buchanan st. 1t*

AMERICAN LADY AND DAUGHTER, LATELY from India, desire positions as housekeeper; mother as housekeeper and manager, daughter as assistant; both competent. 863 Mission st. 1t*

COMPETENT WOMAN WISHES TO DO WASHing and ironing. Apply 1075½ Bryant. 1t*

COMPETENT WOMAN WOULD LIKE A SITUAtion as cook, or would take housework; references if required. 237 Franklin st., bet. Hayes and Fell. 1t*

YOUNG LADY WISHES POSITION AS COPYIST. Address C., CALL Branch Office, 2518 Mission. 1*

WANTED—SITUATION AS COOK OR TO DO general housework; references can be required. Please call or address A. H., 118 Hayes. 1t*

YOUNG LADY, COMPETENT TYPE-WRITER and stenographer, wishes a position; best of references; is willing to accept small salary to begin with. Address S. T., Box 106, CALL Branch Office. se2 7t*

GERMAN GIRL WOULD LIKE SITUATION AS working housekeeper in city. Please call or address M. R., 129 Third st. se2 2t*

WANTED—BY RESPONSIBLE WOMAN, SITUAtion to do general housework or as housekeeper. Call or address 514 Ash ave., bet. Octavia and Laguna sts. se2 3t*

YOUNG LADY WOULD LIKE TO DO HOUSEwork in small family. Address M. F., 114 Hayes street. se2 3t*

2 YOUNG DANISH GIRLS WANT WORK, ONE as cook, other for upstairs work, sewing or care of children; good references. 929 Howard st., nr. Fifth. se2 3t*

5 GIRLS, JUST FROM THE EAST, WISH SITUAtions; 1 as chambermaid, 1 as lady's maid, the other as baby's nurse; good references from last employer; no objection to the country. Call 10 to 2, Room 55, Nucleus House, Third and Market. 2 2*

WOMAN WANTS WORK BY DAY; HOUSEwork, cleaning or light washing for families. Call or address Laundress, 229 Jessie st., upstairs, between Third and Fourth. se2 2t*

YOUNG GIRL WANTS SITUATION TO DO UPstairs work and take care of children. 637 Minna street. se2 2t*

CAPABLE WOMAN WISHES A SITUATION AS cook or housekeeper in city or country. Call or address MRS. A. SCH, 553 Mission st. se2 3t*

COMPETENT YOUNG WOMAN WISHES SITUAtion to do general housework. Please call at 2501 Steiner st. se2 2t*

YOUNG GIRL WISHES SITUATION AT CHAMber-work or waitress. Apply 1906½ Mission. 2 2*

SITUATION WANTED BY COMPETENT COOK just from the East. Apply at 1906½ Mission. 2 2*

WANTED—BY PROTESTANT WOMAN, SITUat on as