WAR MEASURES.

England's Threatening Attitude in the West Indies.

Rumors That Hostilities Will Be Begun Against the United States.

All the British Troops Being Concentrated at a Few of the Most Important Strategic Points.

Special to THE MORNING CALL.

NEW YORK, Nov. 4.—The Times has the following: The British are reported to be actively engaged in Jamaica, Bermuda and St. Lucia, West Indies, in fortifying these places against all possible likelihood of capture. Extensive coaling stations are being established in Jamaica and St. Lucia. Bermuda is also to have one. All the British troops in the West Indian Islands are being concentrated. No other posts will be held but Jamaica, St. Lucia and Bermuda. But for fear of exciting unusual comment the forces now in the Bahamas would be withdrawn at once. The British Admiralty and War Office, it appears, are determined to insure coaling stations to British cruisers in the event of hostilities with the United States.

From well-informed sources the impression given out that the detail of Grenadier Guards was sent to Bermuda because of mutiny is all a canard. The British authorities decided some time ago to send the very pick of British troops to the West Indies, and in this way doubly assure the defense of what is now recognized in military circles as Great Britain's "fighting hold on the United States." The detail of guards to Bermuda has caused this post to be placed second to Gibraltar in importance.

The greatest secrecy is being observed in all the improvements now in progress, but the work is growing day by day. The British are working as if they expected war in a few months with the United States. Bodies of troops are being quietly concentrated in detachments of twenties and fifties. If this concentration continues much longer, all the troops in the Bahamas will be at Jamaica. Nassau has only a mere guard left, the removal of the forces stationed there having been in progress during the past summer, and continuing up to the present.

In the report submitted last week by the Colonial Defense Committee to the British authorities it was stated: "This policy (concentration) is now being carried out." The committee further states: "There has been no question of abandoning any of the West India colonies or of leaving them to their own unaided resources in time of war. The policy," it states, "based upon the principle of the protection of the West Indies as a whole, must depend upon the navy operating in sufficient force." The committee also states that in accordance with the recommendations of the Royal Commission it was decided to fortify and maintain imperial coaling stations at Jamaica and St. Lucia. These points are being selected on account of their strategic importance in relation to the operations of her Majesty's navy in these waters and to concentrate there all the imperial troops in the West Indies.

Cable communications are to be established between all the islands, the ends of the cables in Jamaica, St. Lucia and Bermuda being extended into the forts. These cables will tap the main Halifax cable. They are under no contract to connect with the American wires. More troops are to be sent out from England as soon as the barracks and works now building are in a receptive state. Imperial troops have now been wholly withdrawn from the Bahamas, only a few colored battalions remaining. These forces keep up a show of defense. The Defense Committee declares that the welfare of the British Empire depends on the assurance of Jamaica, St. Lucia and Bermuda against the attacks of a contiguous power.

TRANS-ATLANTIC SERVICE.

Objects of the Proposed Quebec, Montmorency and Charleroix Railway.

NEW YORK, Nov. 4.—James Johnson, engineer, with two assistants from London, have arrived, and proceeded to Quebec to begin the survey of the proposed Quebec, Montmorency and Charleroix Railway, which is to form one of the most important links in the new trans-Atlantic service between Canada and England. The new company will be known as the North Canadian Atlantic Railway and Steamship Syndicate (Limited.) The scheme is to construct a line of railway between Quebec and a point on the extreme east of the Labrador coast, presumably St. Charles Bay, whence steamers of twenty knots can readily accomplish the voyage to Milford Haven in ninety-four hours. As the distance is only 1870 miles against 4070 miles from New York to Liverpool, the saving accomplished on the route will be sixty hours. On the English side the Great Western Railway will make quick connection to London and Liverpool. On this side a route to Chicago in forty-seven hours is afforded by the Grand Trunk and North Canadian Atlantic. This will make the trip from Chicago to Milford Haven five days and twenty-one hours. The same trip consumes now at least seven days. The proposed new route, therefore, will represent an actual saving of two days and a half of uncomfortable sea passage.

Disappearance of a Forger.

KANSAS CITY, Nov. 4.—Rollins Bingham left the city Sunday night, and it has been ascertained that he left behind him forged deeds of transfer and trust upon the estate of his late stepmother, Mrs. General George Caleb Bingham, which aggregate $25,000. Bingham was treasurer of the Consolidated Missouri Mining and Manufacturing Company. The sums which he fraudulently obtained were largely spent in experimenting with the process of extracting gold from fine sand. No young man is better known in Kansas City. He was captain in the Third Regiment, a lawyer of promise, and mixed considerably in politics. His father was General George C. Bingham, State Treasurer under Governor Gamble and Adjutant-General under Governor Hardan.

World's Fair Exhibits.

NEW YORK, Nov. 4.—Ex-Senator Palmer of Michigan, President of the Chicago World's Fair Commission, left this afternoon for Detroit. In an interview before leaving he was asked: "Will the tariff law tend to keep away any foreign exhibitors?" "Not in the least," he answered; "there is nothing to be apprehended from that. To tell the truth, these exhibitors will go anywhere that they see a chance to make money. They see it here, and they will surely bring their exhibits here. The exposition will not fail on that account." Palmer said that everything now pointed to a highly creditable, successful and wonderful exhibition in Chicago. All the differences were settled, and all was harmony.

Wreck of a Steamer.

TOLEDO, Nov. 4.—The steamer S. C. Reynolds, with coal and jute, went on the Colchester reef during a blinding snowstorm last night and caught fire. Tugs were sent to her rescue. She probably will be a total loss. She was worth $100,000 and the cargo half as much more. No lives were lost.

A Misplaced Switch.

BELOIT (Wis.), Nov. 4.—A misplaced switch caused the wreck of a passenger train on the Northwestern road this morning. Fireman Welch was killed and Engineer Egan badly hurt. The passengers were shaken up but none seriously injured.

A New Travelers' Guide.

The first number of the Pacific Coast Official Railway and Steamship Guide, a monthly publication patterned largely after the Travelers' Official Guide, will be published as soon as the new overland time-card of the Central and Union Pacific is ready. Several local railway agents are managing the new scheme, which is backed by a stock company. The stock is placed among various employes, but Southern Pacific officers have thus far taken no active part in the project. The first number will contain eighty-five pages, and it is hoped to publish in it the time-cards obtained from headquarters of every road on the Coast.

Congratulations and Thanks.

The Pioneers at their meeting on Monday evening received a communication from Josiah Belden inclosing a check for $100 to help defray the expenses incurred by the celebration of the fortieth anniversary of admission of the State into the Union. Congratulations were received from the New York Society of California Pioneers on the fortieth anniversary and thanks from the Pioneer Society of Sacramento for courtesies extended. The Board of Directors was requested to publish the proceedings of the annual meeting.

REAL ESTATE.

Very Little Business Transacted Yesterday—Sales.

Nearly all the offices observed yesterday as a general holiday, but despite the interest which was manifested in the election a few sales were reported, as follows:

The Carnall-Fitzhugh-Hopkins Company sold early in the day lot 100x240, on north side of C street, between Twenty-fifth and Twenty-sixth avenues, for $800.

C. E. Mayne & Co. report the sale of three new flats on Lyon street, between Grove and Fulton, for $9000; eight lots in Ocean View, close to the depot, for $1000; a house of eight rooms on Laguna street, near Bush, for $8000; vacant lot on McAllister street, near the cable-house, for $3000, and an outside lands block for $7500.

Mr. Hopkins, of the realty corporation the Carnall-Fitzhugh-Hopkins Company, occupied a room in the Grand Hotel on the night of the big fire, but he escaped without sustaining loss of personal property.

Judging from the numerous inquiries which have been made for property in the past few weeks it is expected that the market will be very active for the balance of the season.

A meeting of the members of the San Francisco Real Estate Exchange will be held to-day in the temporary quarters, at 16 Post street.

STEALING STAMPS.

Poor Uncle Sam Has to Contend With Dishonest People.

"Stamped envelopes bring many people to grief," remarked Mr. David H. Hayes, cashier of the St. Louis Postoffice. "Not long ago—these are official secrets and you will excuse my withholding names—a boy came up here with 342 stamped envelopes, and, saying they were spoiled, asked us to refund the postage and in the form of 200 stamped newspaper wrappers. They were spoiled; no question about that; but the question arose within me, 'How were they spoiled?' Generally we are in a hurry, and only run over the offerings to count them, give them stamps to equal the value of postage on the damaged envelopes and send the latter to Washington. But this time I chanced to have leisure, and noticed that the envelopes had been destroyed purposely. They had been taken one at a time, some punched with an inked pen, and some rolled underfoot on the floor. I telephoned down to the firm which had sent in the envelopes, asking if they had sent any spoiled envelopes back for redemption. They said no. I asked if they had sent their boy for any wrappers. They had. That explained it. The boy had stolen the envelopes, spoiled them deliberately, and then, watching his chance when the firm would give him money to buy new postal matter, had brought them up to exchange for the new, giving him a chance to put the money in his pocket. There is no telling how long the little thief had been doing this."

"Will they prosecute?"

"Probably not. They usually dismiss the peculator. It is quite a common thing. The stamps, if stolen, you see, could not be exchanged. One firm recently, which handles hardware extensively, caught one of their boys systematically stealing from them. The boy had been employed to relieve his poor but worthy parents, and the firm, instead of prosecuting, paid the boy's fare and sent him home to New Orleans to get him out of the way."—St. Louis Star Sayings.

CRUSHED BY TIMBER.

Alfred McQueen Meets With a Very Serious Accident.

Alfred McQueen, living at 115 Bartlett street, met with a serious accident yesterday morning while at work in the Mechanics' Pavilion, and now lies in a precarious condition at the Receiving Hospital. His injuries are considered probably fatal.

McQueen was dismantling the Pavilion of its fair decorations, and while removing some beams from their elevated position a piece of heavy timber fell upon his head, tearing away the scalp on one side and fracturing the two bones of his leg above the ankle.

His system received a severe shock as well, and it is thought that the terrific blow upon his head may prove fatal. He was removed to the Receiving Hospital for medical treatment.

It Was Left Optional.

A decision has been rendered by the Supreme Court in the matter of the estate of A. C. Whitcomb, in which the lower court refused to construe the word "recommended" to mean obligatory in the will. The executors desired to limit A. D. Tuttle's interest in the estate to a life interest. Whitcomb had been brought up by Tuttle's mother, was much attached to him, and frequently said he would leave him a large sum of money. Whitcomb went to Paris, married and died, leaving two young children. In his will he left the Jimeno Ranch, in this State, to A. D. Tuttle and C. W. Tuttle, his son, recommending that the former leave all his share to his son in trust for his posterity, and if there be no posterity, to Harvard University. It was contended that the testator meant to give his estate to the Harvard University after the Tuttles had had a life use of it. The lower court refused to look at it that way, and the Supreme Court upholds the lower court, saying "recommend" left it optional with the Tuttles to do as they should desire.

The Y. W. C. A.

San Francisco has been chosen as headquarters for the Pacific Coast Committee of the Young Women's Christian Association. The following have been elected officers and committee members: Chairman, Mrs. Edward Thompson; Vice-Chairman, Mrs. J. F. Merrill; Secretary, Miss Mendera Berry; Treasurer, Mrs. William O. Gould; other members—Mrs. J. G. Chown, Mrs. G. W. Gibbs, Miss Clara Hull, Mrs. R. D. W. Davis, all the above of San Francisco; Mrs. J. N. Beard, Napa; Miss Julia Chamberlin, Riverside; Miss Jennie Smith, Portland, Oregon.

A Child's Narrow Escape.

Claude Vierhaus, a five-year-old boy, who lives with his parents at 218 Hermann street, attempted to run across Tenth street in front of a wagon yesterday afternoon but was knocked down and painfully injured. The wheels passed over his legs, but were not heavy enough to break the bones. Peter Holschler, the driver, was arrested by Special Officer McClure on a charge of battery.

In Favor of the County.

A decision has been rendered by the Supreme Court in the case of the Supervisors of Mendocino County against the Bank of Mendocino to compel the latter to pay a license. The lower court found against the bank and appeal was taken by it on the ground that Supervisors possessed no right to exact such a license. The Supreme Court's decision is in favor of the county.

A Too Cool Customer.

Louis Schultz, a young man, went into the Poodle Dog Restaurant yesterday and ordered a meal, for which he had no money to pay. When his appetite was satisfied he waited until a customer passed up to the counter and deposited $5, and then snatched up $2 of the money and ran away. He was intercepted in his flight by Officers McManus and Moran, who charged him at the City Prison with petty larceny.

Henry Lang Dies.

Henry Lang, the young man who shot himself Monday afternoon at the Nadeau House, on Bush street, while despondent, died in the Receiving Hospital yesterday morning at 4:20 o'clock. His body was removed to the Morgue. Lang was a native of Denmark and a member of the Danish Benevolent Society, which will take charge of his burial. Some trouble he had with a woman drove him to suicide.

John Somali's Estate.

Judge Coffey has made an order authorizing the executor of the will of John Somali to dispose of the estate at private sale, but with the understanding that the price be not less than the appraised value. Somali was one of the proprietors of the Maison Riche restaurant, and the estate consists of an interest in the same valued at $4055.

The Supreme Court.

The Los Angeles term of the Supreme Court of California has been adjourned. On presentation of licenses from the Supreme Courts of the Province of Ontario, Ohio and Missouri respectively Thomas T. Porteous, S. W. Bouton and J. F. Conroy were admitted to practice as attorneys.

Cooking Lesson.

Miss Kate Whitaker will lecture on cooking this afternoon at 3 o'clock before the Woman's Educational and Industrial Union when she will demonstrate how to make German pound cake, sponge cake, Genoese pastry and rock cake.

CONDITION OF TRADE.

Gratifying Increase in Local Bank Clearings.

Coal Scarce and High—Cereals Generally Quiet—The Coffee Trade—Sugar Higher. The Lumber Business.

The election being over, whatever loss business may have suffered thereby will now be made up. Both produce and merchandise show a healthy undercurrent, and we bid fair to close the year with a good movement in almost all lines of trade. Our local bank clearings are cheering, as they show a steady gain over those for 1889. For last week they were $20,506,150, against $18,992,400 for the same week last year. The clearings for October were $84,285,069, against $82,022,519 for October, 1889. Those for the first ten months of 1890 were $702,117,569, against $697,104,147 during the same period in 1889.

THE CEREAL MARKET.

Wheat is dull and fairly steady. Freights have advanced to 45 shillings, and this advance operates against wheat, though prices are about the same as last week.

Barley is firm at last week's prices. A fair demand for both feed and brewing descriptions is reported. Oats are steady at the high prices, and dealers report a fair inquiry. Corn is steadier. White is scarce and higher, while yellows are more firmly held. Receipts of yellows, however, are larger than usual. Rye is dull and not over strong. Bran is in sharp demaud, and millers are hardly able to fill their orders, despite the high ruling prices. Middlings are scarce and firm.

Grain bags are dull at 6¾ cents for May and June delivery. The elevator system in the North Pacific States is cutting down the demand for bags, as they are not needed until the grain is put aboard ship, which is often months after harvest, and supplies can then be picked up usually at low figures.

GENERAL COUNTRY PRODUCE.

Hay is quieter and rather easier, though receipts continue moderate. The high ruling prices tend to check the demand. Straw is steady.

Beans continue unsettled and arrivals are large. Whites are depressed and freely offered. Bayos are in light supply and higher. Limas are more steadily held. Pinks are steady.

Potatoes are lower under continued heavy arrivals. Onions are in light receipt and higher.

Dairy products show some variations. All kinds of cheese have advanced and the market is very firm. Pickled butter is so closely held that it is almost cornered, and the commission merchants have marked up the price to 27½ cents. The demand for it is very sharp, as stocks are running low. Firkin butter is very firm, in sympathy. Fresh butter alone is easy and quiet.

Eggs have again declined under large arrivals from the East and the market is quiet at the close.

Fine white honey, both comb and extracted, is firm and wanted, but the darker descriptions are quiet.

Dried fruit is quiet. Prunes are inactive and easy, though prices are no lower. Apricots are firm and in light supply. Peaches are heavily offered, and buyers are scarce. Pitted plums are stiff and in demand at high prices. Apples are weaker and not active. Grapes are also weak.

With the exception of chestnuts and peanuts, which are in ample supply, nuts are scarce and firm. Brazil nuts and pecans are bringing remarkably high prices, supplies being light. Walnuts, filberts and almonds are firm.

Hops are very strong at 35 and 40 cents for fair to choice, and it is thought that 42½ cents might be obtained for something fine. Most of the crop has already left the State, and spot stock, particularly of choice, are limited.

Hides are demoralized at a decline.

Wool is in good demand and prices are firm.

The meat market is well supplied with all kinds, and prices show no further change.

Shipments of California wine from this State thus far this year amount to 6,381,600 gallons, against 6,185,000 gallons during the same period last year.

GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS.

Sugar has been advanced by both refineries since last review, and the market is fairly active. A press dispatch from Paris says the French beet-root crop is a failure. It is estimated the falling off from 1889 is 660,000,000 pounds.

The circular of R. Hochkofler says of coffee:

Immediately after the issue of our circular on the 21st inst. a further advance was established in the price of good green unwashed Salvador, the entire stock available passing into consumptive and speculative channels at 21¼ and 21½ cents, the parcels remaining unsold being held under higher limits. The movement was wholly local in character, due to actual and prospective scarcity, it being evident that present stocks will with difficulty tide the season over, unless arrivals of new-crop coffees are unusually early and large. Good to prime Costa Rica moves slowly, as the trade in buying gives preference to the lowest-price coffee without much regard to actual value. Guatemala and all grades from fair downward are obtainable only from second hands, and at prices considerably above our quotations, which are more or less nominal. Sales between dealers of common and ordinary qualities show prices fully 1 cent a pound above their relative value, and these are eagerly sought for at such figures. The steamer City of New York, arriving the 29th inst., brought the initial parcel of new crop—590 bags of Guatemala. Cargo not yet landed. The New York market ruled quiet and steady at about previous rates until within the past three days, when a depressing rumor that the Brazilian Government either had or intended to abolish the export duty caused a sudden decline. The report, while lacking official confirmation, has created a nervous feeling, and business here is temporarily at a stand-still. Receipts at the Brazilian ports continue large, but apparently the necessities of consumption prevent any accumulation of supplies there or elsewhere. The receipts at this port thus far this year are 134,693 bags, against 140,562 bags during the same time last year. The sales from first hands in October were 125,517 bags, and the stock in first hands November 1st was 4226 bags.

Rice is higher and in demand. The local market has been carrying a small stock lately.

Provisions are reported fairly active. Prices show no further change, though hams continue weak.

In spices several minor changes are noted. Pepper and nutmegs are a shade easier in sympathy with other markets, sifted Singapore pepper being quoted at 11¾ to 12c. Sago and pearl tapioca are each quoted at a slight advance. Mace and nutmegs have declined.

The cheaper grades of Liverpool salt are 50c per ton lower.

One of the features of the week was the arrival of a train of twenty-four cars of Eastern canned corn. It was the largest special train of that class of freight which has ever crossed the continent. It really seems as if California ought to produce enough canned corn to satisfy the local demand without calling on the East.

Canned fruits continue firm at the remarkably high prices, and the canners are busy filling orders.

Canned salmon is dull and not over strong. A New York dispatch says that Columbia River salmon is reported offered there at slightly cut prices, with the slow demand usual at this time of the year.

GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

Tin plate is strong at the recent advance, but all other metals are quiet. Quicksilver is dull at $53 50 per flask as a nominal quotation. Nails have been marked down 10 cents per keg.

Tobacco is reported in fair movement. Domestic cigars have been advanced in the East, but the local manufacturers have made no change thus far. Imported cigars and many brands of Key West have already advanced, and when the present stocks are exhausted a general advance will no doubt occur.

Dry goods are more or less unsettled, owing to the new tariff bill. Trade, however, is good and the merchants report the recovery of considerable of the northwestern business, divested from this point some time ago. This emphasizes the fact that San Francisco must always be the chief distributing point of the whole coast, and that diversions will be only temporary.

Lumber is firm and in good demand. The receipts at this port during the first ten months of the year, compared with the corresponding period last year, are as follows: Pine, 192,549,000 feet, against 262,005,000 feet; redwood, 133,355,000 feet, against 137,015,000 feet; shingles, 116,092,900, against 98,651,000; railroad ties, 1,282,766, against 608,188.

Coal is in slender stock, unsettled and excited. It is almost impossible to give accurate quotations, as importers say that they can get about what they choose to ask. Even the dealers themselves are more or less at sea as to prices. Reports continue light, these last week being 18,268 tons Coast and 1357 tons Australian. Orders are being cut down and divided among buyers, so that each shall get some coal. It will be a relief to the whole Coast when we can get coal at reasonable prices, though the indications for that condition are not very promising at present. The private circular of I. Steinart gives the receipts of coal at this port in October at 86,000 tons, against 116,030 in October, 1889, and 111,322 in October, 1888. For the first ten months of the year they were 832,829 tons, against 929,668 during the same period in 1889 and 1,056,328 in 1888. The circular says:

The continuance of the strike in the coal mines in Australia, together with the short supplies from the Wellington mine of British Columbia, have caused a scarcity of coal during the past month, and consequently spot prices of all kinds of coal have been advanced. Relief, however, is hoped for soon from Australia, as latest advices from there indicate that work may probably be resumed shortly in the coal mines of the Newcastle district, and should tonnage in Australian waters prove plentiful the Coast will receive its customary supplies from that quarter. Shipments of coal from Great Britain have been free, there being upward of thirty-three cargoes of various kinds of coal on the way and loading for this port.

HE HOWLED FOR MERCY.

How a Brutal Wife-Beater Was Given a Strapping.

In one of the parishes of Louisiana is a picturesque little settlemant called Apple Pie Ridge. The place has been inhabited for many years, and the numerous pecan trees that are scattered about and are now laden with precious nuts attest the forethought of its earlier settlers.

One of the former, an odd character, living at Apple Pie Ridge, was a peculiar-looking man called Jim McGar. Jim was a farmer. He planted a small patch of cotton, grew a little cane, had an acre or so in potatoes, and raised a number of hogs and chickens. He was a profane man in his speech, and could rarely speak a sentence without uttering an oath. He was also of a very turbulent disposition.

Upon the slightest provocation Jim would beat his wife most unmercifully, and lavish blasphemous epithets upon her.

One day the wife asserted her rights, and declared she would stand such treatment no longer. Then she invoked the aid of some of her neighbors. Several men in the vicinity agreed to lend her assistance and to do all in their power to put a stop to Jim's brutal treatment.

One of them procured a rope, and he and his companions went over to Jim's house early one morning, and found the old man in bed.

"Git up, Jim McGar," said the spokesman of the party; "we's goin' ter tie yer so yer ole 'oman kin lick you this mornin'. Git up; thar ain't no use yer dallyin'."

Jim uttered an oath and endeavored to free himself from the clutches of the men, but his struggles were useless. He was securely tied with the rope and laid upon the floor with his face downward.

"Come in, ole woman," called the leader of the party. Then Mrs. McGar made her appearance with a huge leather strap in her hand.

"Pitch in," cried the men, and the old lady began work with a vim. As blow after blow fell upon the prostrate sinner he howled for mercy, and promised to beat his wife no more. When his punishment was deemed sufficient he was unbound and allowed to go free. Jim said that learned him a lesson; he declared he never had such a strapping in all his life.—New Orleans Times-Democrat.

Accidental Death.

John F. Burke, waiter in Giusti's restaurant in the California Market, was found dead yesterday morning in his room at 23 Kearny street. His death is believed to have been caused by accidental morphine poisoning. Deceased was 44 years of age, a native of New York, and a member of the Grand Army of the Republic. His body was taken to the Morgue.

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Cures Coughs, Colds, Pneumonia, Consumption, Bronchial Difficulties, Bronchitis, Hoarseness, Asthma, Croup, Whooping Cough, Influenza, and all Diseases of the Breathing Organs. It soothes and heals the Membrane of the Lungs, inflamed and diseased by the disease, and prevents the night sweats and the tightness across the chest which accompany it. CONSUMPTION is not an incurable malady. HALL'S BALSAM will cure you, even though professional aid fails. Price 25 cts., 50 cts. and $1.00.

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SPLENDID RANCH OF 1160 ACRES ON THE Kaweah River, Tulare County; 8 miles from railroad; wheat, fruit and grazing land; houses, barns, orchards and other improvements; only $17 50 per acre; excellent paying investment.

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WORKMEN

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FIGHTING DEATH.

The Awful Experience of Several Californians.

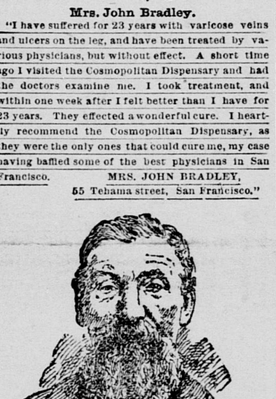
Did you ever see the house painter hanging from the roof of a high building and contemplate the great danger he ran? Well, there is another danger equally as great. It is known as "painter's colic," and is created by inhaling the odors of fresh paint. I. M. D. Wright, a painter living at 1324 Florida street, had it, and his case developed into lead poisoning. He formerly resided at Gilroy and at Watsonville, and was ill for nearly two years. He is a member of the trades union and is well-known. He treated with several prominent physicians, but obtained no relief. He at length applied to the Cosmopolitan Dispensary, and in ONE WEEK WAS PERMANENTLY CURED. Call on Mr. Wright and ask him about his case.

Mrs. John Bradley of 55 Tehama street has occasion to express her gratitude. She says:

Mrs. John Bradley.

"I have suffered for 23 years with varicose veins and ulcers on the leg, and have been treated by various physicians, but without effect. A short time ago I visited the Cosmopolitan Dispensary and had the doctors examine me. I took treatment, and within one week after I felt better than I have for 23 years. They effected a wonderful cure. I heartily recommend the Cosmopolitan Dispensary, as they were the only ones that could cure me, my case having baffled some of the best physicians in San Francisco.

MRS. JOHN BRADLEY,
55 Tehama street, San Francisco."



Mr. John Bradley.

Mr. Bradley states that his wife's case is one of the most remarkable cures on record. He fully corroborates her statement in every particular. He is a retired sea captain and she is the mother of a family, and will be pleased to talk of her wonderful cure to any one who calls or writes to her. She has been under treatment with the best physicians in San Francisco and also at the City and County Hospital, but she failed to get relief from her sufferings until she visited the Cosmopolitan Dispensary, which has a staff of eight of the ablest physicians and surgeons on the face of the earth. After others have failed to cure you give them a trial.

Mr. Alexander Wood, living at 505 Seventh street, is another one who has suffered. He is a garnet cutter, and an expert in his line of business. He lets the public know of his case in the following words:

"This is to certify that I have suffered from malarial fever and general debility for the last fourteen months; have been treated by other physicians and received no benefit until I came to the Cosmopolitan Dispensary, and since that time have had no recurrence of the trouble and have gained strength and weight. I feel that I am certain to be cured.

(Signed) "ALEXANDER WOOD."

There are many others who can tell very much the same story. Mr. and Mrs. S. G. Smith, 1705 Market street; Mrs. M. J. McManus, 814 Jessie street; Mrs. Mary T. Ellitte, 231 Minna street; David Williams, 379 Shotwell street; Andrew M. Martin, 48 Ridley street; Charles Hempler, 502 Davis street, and others. The private diseases of men are a specialty. If you are out of the city explain your case by letter and ask their opinion. It will cost you nothing.

Every character of disease is treated. Many patients are treated by mail. COSMOPOLITAN DISPENSARY, Stockton, Ellis and Market streets, San Francisco.

no5 6 2t

ON ACCOUNT OF Retiring From Business

I WILL SELL ALL MY BUGGIES, CARRIAGES, ETC., AT COST.

M. KITZMULLER,

no1 SaMoTuWeFrSu 6t 856 Howard St.

ON ACCOUNT OF FIRE IN GRAND HOTEL BLOCK

THE TICKET AND FREIGHT OFFICES OF Southern Pacific Company have been temporarily removed to No. 8 New Montgomery street, under Palace Hotel.

R. GRAY, Gen. Traffic Manager. T. H. GOODMAN, Gen. Pass. Agent.

no4 3t

PANTS TO ORDER, $3.50 AND UPWARD, SUITS TO ORDER $15.00 AND UPWARD, GABEL'S, 308 STOCKTON ST. BRANCH, 424 KEARNY ST.

je22 tf SuWeFr

Big G. Cures in 1 to 5 DAYS. Guaranteed not to cause Stricture. Mf'd only by THE EVANS CHEMICAL CO. CINCINNATI, O. U. S. A. Trade Mark. Big G is the acknowledged leading remedy for all the unnatural discharges and private diseases of men. A certain cure for the debilitating weakness peculiar to women. I prescribe it and feel safe in recommending it to all sufferers. Sold by Druggists. PRICE $1.00.

my3 SaSuWe 1y

WEAK MANHOOD Early Decay and Abuse, Impotency, Lost Vigor, and health fully restored. Varicocele cured. Parts enlarged, strengthened. New Home Treatise sent free and sealed. Secrecy. Prof. M. S. HUTTS, 174 Fulton St., N. Y.

au26 eod SuWy 1y

MISCELLANEOUS.

FRATINGER & CO., 105 Kearny Street.

Fur Capes at $5.00.
Astrachan Capes at $5.00.
Real Astrachan Capes at $10.
Reefer Jackets at $7.50.
Sealette Jackets at $10.
Fur-Trimmed Jackets at $20.
Plain Cloth Ulsters at $10.
Check Ulsters at $20.
Plaid Ulsters at $20.

Finest Goods! Newest Styles! Cheapest Prices! Latest Novelties! Good Values!

And Our Assortment Larger Than All Other Stores Combined.

FRATINGER'S,

DEMAND FOR "Drifted Snow" FLOUR IS INCREASING

FOR SALE BY LEADING GROCERS.

MANUFACTURED BY THE CENTRAL MILLING CO.

San Francisco Office, 29 Steuart St., S. F.

se30 tf

Naber, Alfs & Brune

WHOLESALE LIQUOR DEALERS, 323 AND 325 MARKET STREET,

SOLE AGENTS FOR PHOENIX OLD BOURBON

The purest and best Whiskey in the market for Medicinal and Family use. Sold by all first-class dealers. Ask for it.

no8 eod tf

DRINK ENTERPRISE LAGER BEER!

THE BEST BEER BREWED ON THIS COAST.

F. HILLEBRANDT & CO., 2015 to 2023 Folsom Street.

mr26 We Sa tf

PALACE HOTEL.

THE PALACE HOTEL OCCUPIES AN ENTIRE block in the center of San Francisco. It is the model hotel of the world. Fire and earthquake proof. Has nine elevators. Every room is large, light and airy. The ventilation is perfect. A bath and closet adjoin every room. All rooms are easy of access from broad, light corridors. The central court, illuminated by electric light, its immense glass roof, broad balconies, carriage-way and tropical plants, are features hitherto unknown in American hotels. Guests entertained on either the American or European plan. The restaurant is the finest in the city. Secure rooms in advance by telegraphing.

THE PALACE HOTEL, San Francisco, Cal.

no7tf

OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.

WHITE STAR LINE.

United States and Royal Mail Steamers BETWEEN New York, Queenstown & Liverpool, SAILING EVERY WEEK.

CABIN, $50 AND UPWARD, ACCORDING to location of berth and steamer selected; second cabin, $35, $40 and $45. Steerage tickets from England, Ireland, Scotland, Sweden, Norway and Denmark, through to San Francisco, at lowest rates. Tickets, sailing dates and cabin plans may be procured from W. H. AVERY, Pacific Mail Dock, or at the General Office of the Company, 613 Market st., under Grand Hotel. G. W. FLETCHER, Gen. Agt. for Pacific Coast

ap26 TuWePrSu tf

OCEANIC STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

Carrying United States, Hawaiian and Colonial Mails.

WILL LEAVE THE COMPANY'S Wharf, foot of Folsom street,

For Honolulu, Auckland and Sydney, WITHOUT CHANGE,

The Splendid New 3000-ton Iron Steamer Zealandia.....November 15th, at 2 P. M., Or immediately on arrival of the English mails.

For Honolulu, SS. Australia (3000 tons).....Nov. 7th, at 12 M.

For freight or passage, apply at office, 327 Market street. JOHN D. SPRECKELS & BROS., Gen'l Agents.

DRY GOODS.

SPECIAL BARGAINS TO-DAY —IN— Ladies' Sealette Outer Garments!

Ladies who have any idea of purchasing a Fall or Winter Outer Garment should not miss seeing the PRODIGIOUS BARGAINS we are now offering in SEALETTE JACKETS and WRAPS, for they are going off very rapidly, comprising as they do a SPECIAL CASH PURCHASE that we obtained from a leading New York importer before the recent enormous advance in duties, at an extremely heavy discount from the then cost of importation, and which we are CLOSING OUT AT PRICES THAT ARE ONLY A SMALL PERCENTAGE OF WHAT EQUAL STYLES AND QUALITIES CAN BE LAID DOWN FOR IN THIS MARKET TO-DAY.

LADIES' SEALETTE JACKETS.

At $10.00.
LADIES' SEALETTE JACKETS, trimmed with sealskin buttons down the front, lap backs, lined with heavy satin, worth $15, will be offered at $10 each.

At $15.00.
LADIES' SEALETTE JACKETS, extra fine quality, trimmed with large sealskin buttons down the front, puffed shoulders, lined with best quality of satin, worth $20, will be offered at $15 each.

At $20.00.
LADIES' SEALETTE JACKETS, extra length, large lap pockets, sealskin buttons, puffed shoulders, lined with silk rhadame, worth $25, will be offered at $20 each.

At $25.00.
LADIES' SEALETTE JACKETS, revere front, puffed sleeves with cuffs, blind fasteners, standing collar, lined with satin, worth $32 50, will be offered at $25 each.

LADIES' SEALETTE WRAPS.

At $15.00.
LADIES' SEALETTE WRAPS, long tabs, half sleeves and cuffs, trimmed all around with deep sealette fringe, lined with quilted satin, sealskin ornaments, worth $22 50, will be offered at $15 each.

At $20.00.
LADIES' SEALETTE WRAPS, long tabs, pointed backs, half sleeves with cuffs, sealette fringe fronts trimmed with sealskin ornaments, lined with best quality of quilted satin, worth $27 50, will be offered at $20 each.

At $25.00
LADIES' SEALETTE WRAPS, long tabs, trimmed with large drop ornaments, sealskin and silk fasteners on front, lined with quilted satin, worth $32 50, will be offered at $25 each.

2—EXTRA SPECIALS IN JERSEYS—2.

At 25