THE MORNING CALL

Has a larger circulation than any other newspaper published in San Francisco.

PUBLICATION OFFICE:

325 Montgomery street, near Clay, open until 11 o'clock P. M. BRANCH OFFICES: 710 Market street, near Kearny, open until 12 o'clock midnight; 339 Hayes street, open until 9:30 o'clock; 603 Larkin street, open until 9:30 o'clock; 2518 Mission street, open until 9 o'clock P. M., and 116 Ninth street, open until 9:30 P. M.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES:

DAILY CALL (including Sundays), $6 per year by mail, postpaid; 15 cents per week, or 65 cents per calendar month through carriers. DAILY CALL, five copies, three months, $6 25. SUNDAY CALL (twelve pages), $1 50 per year, postpaid. SUNDAY CALL and WEEKLY CALL, $2 50 per year, postpaid. WEEKLY CALL (eight pages), $1 25 per year, postpaid. Clubs of ten (sent to one address), $10.

AUCTION SALES TO-DAY.

FURNITURE.—By Cresswell, at corner Eddy and Jones sts., at 11 o'clock.

FURNITURE.—By Wm. Butterfield, at 2336 Mission st., at 11 o'clock.

REAL ESTATE.—By Easton & Eldridge, at 638 Market st., at 12 o'clock.

CARRIAGES, ETC.—By Froomberg & Co., at 856 Howard st., at 10 o'clock.

WEATHER PREDICTIONS.

SIGNAL SERVICE, U. S. ARMY, DIVISION OF THE PACIFIC, SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 24, 1890—5 P. M.

Synopsis for the Past Twenty-four Hours.

The barometer has risen in Washington and fallen elsewhere especially in Northern California. It is highest in Eastern Washington and Eastern Oregon and lowest in Southern California. Thunderstorms have set in in Washington, Eastern Oregon and Southwestern California; elsewhere has fallen, especially in Northern California. Rain has fallen in Northwestern California, Oregon and Washington; elsewhere fair weather has prevailed. The following rainfalls have been reported in the past twenty-four hours: Fort Canby, .38; Olympia, .22; Spokane Falls, .02; Walla Walla, trace; Portland, .14; Roseburg, .01; Eureka, .02.

Forecast Till 8 P. M. Tuesday.

For Northern California—Fair weather except light rain on the northwest coast; variable winds generally westerly; nearly stationary temperature.

For Southern California—Fair weather; winds generally north to west; nearly stationary temperature.

For Oregon—Fair weather except light rain at Roseburg; winds generally westerly; nearly stationary temperature.

For Washington—Fair weather; winds generally northerly; nearly stationary temperature.

JOHN P. DINELEY, Lieutenant Signal Corps (in charge).

THE CALL'S CALENDAR.

NOVEMBER, 1890.

Su.	M.	T	W.	Th.	F.	S.	Moon's Phases.
						1	Nov. 4th. Last Quarter.
2	3	4	5	6	7	8	
9	10	11	12	13	14	15	Nov. 11th. New Moon.
16	17	18	19	20	21	22	Nov. 18th. First Quarter.
23	24	25	26	27	28	29	Nov. 25th. Full Moon.
30							

TUESDAY.....NOVEMBER 25, 1890

NOTICE!

Any of our patrons who fail to find THE MORNING CALL for sale by train-boys will confer a favor by notifying this office of the fact, naming the date and train.

BAD LAWS.

A San Francisco newspaper which did its utmost to elect Buckley's ticket in this city and State at the last election publishes the following as an editorial paragraph:

The sort of people they are in Oklahoma may be judged by a bill just passed by the mob which is there called the Legislature. This bill makes it a criminal libel for a newspaper to even insinuate anything against a man whether it is fact or not.

THE CALL does not believe in such acts as the above, but if we had kept on a little while longer with the Buckley regime in power this city and State would soon have had laws even worse than the one noticed by our contemporary. The Buckley regime were doing everything for us in the way of choosing our officers, even to the selections of judges, and we believe to a certain extent our juries. Not a man could obtain an office under the rule which prevailed unless he purchased a nomination or in some other way suited the regime which controlled. Buckley was not satisfied with the plunder which was being secured, but he was placing subordinates in nearly all of the departments, some of whom could not be trusted. Buckley wanted the Police Department, the Fire Department and the Educational Department, and proposed to establish a pension policy running through these three departments, so as to give him a sure hold.

THE POSTAL SERVICE.

Postmaster-General Wanamaker's report is characteristic of the man. He considers the conditions and services of the department as if it had no connection with other branches of the Government. He refers to the obligation of the Postal Department to carry the mail of all other departments without compensation as an unnecessary burden. Doubtless the Postal Department would make a better showing if all other departments paid for their mail matter, but he does not show how the Government would profit by paying postage on its own mail. So in the matter of paper-covered books which are carried at newspaper rates. If these paper-covered books are not of a useful character, or rather, if they are of a pernicious character their circulation should be checked by raising the rate of postage. But if they are publications which have a good purpose, carrying them at cost is one of the functions of the Postoffice Department. The Government has not established that department as a possible source of revenue. When receipts approach expenditures, rates of postage are cut down. Paper-covered books and newspapers are carried at the rate of 1 cent a pound or $2 a ton. There should be no loss to the department in this service, and the Government does not seek to make a profit. It is probable that some legitimate saving can be made in the way of contracts for carrying the mails, and in a more searching discrimination between "sample copies" of advertising sheets and regular newspapers. Mr. Wanamaker thinks the time has not yet arrived for a uniform 1 cent postage. Two cents a letter with the collecting and delivery agencies in large towns is a pretty cheap service.

MUNICIPAL ORDINANCES.

Some time since a Chinaman named Ah Kit was arrested for violating a municipal ordinance by playing a game of fan tan. There does not appear to have been a question as to the fact that Ah Kit did play a game of fan tan or as to the fact that there is a municipal ordinance against it, but it was contended that as Ah Kit was a foreigner the municipal laws did not apply to him. The ordinance might apply to Americans, but it was held to be in some way a violation of the rights of a foreigner to do as he pleases in this country. The case came before Judge Hawley and after a time Judge Hawley decided that the municipal law was valid and might apply to a Chinese as well as to an American. Ah Kit's lawyer then began the straw-bond game, which is as clearly illegal as the fan tan game. Two or three worthless bonds were played off on the court, but at last the court concluded that it was being trifled with and summoned Ah Kit and Ah Clarke, his lawyer, and read the latter a much-needed lesson. Judge Hawley told Ah Clarke that the Federal courts should not be used to defeat justice in the State courts. Ah Kit will be handed over to the city authorities, but it does not appear that Ah Clarke, who tried to get Ah Kit off on bogus bonds, is to be punished. It is about time an example should be made of lawyers who habitually trifle with courts by offering bonds which they know to be worthless. Thousands of Chinese have been set free by the Federal courts on worthless bonds and we do not know that any of the guilty parties, either bondsmen, who have committed perjury by swearing that they were property-owners when they were not, or the lawyers who have engineered the game, have been punished.

FREIGHTS AND FARES.

There has been a great deal said by newspapers owned by corporations against the Government arranging schedules of prices for freights and fares on railroads. The public will find ere long that this will have to be done, else the railroads will absorb the greater portion of the wealth of the country. What will it avail for a farmer in California, for instance, to own a farm, cultivate orchards and vineyards, if he has to pay all the profits in sending its products to market?

ROBBING THE PUBLIC.

It has become a question whether or not it is an offense to rob the public. Take the Printing Ring for example. It has been shown time and again that the official organ charges for a certain class of advertising that the Board of Supervisors has given it by contract from three to five times what the work could be done for and a fair profit made. This has been going on for years, but there seems to be no penalty attached to this kind of fraud. Another case is mentioned by a contemporary in which the large sum of $26,290 is paid for salaries of janitors employed about public buildings. Our contemporary concludes from an examination of the public buildings in which these janitors are employed, that it is better to be a janitor, so far as the emoluments are concerned, than a Judge of the Superior Court. But as long as it is the public which is robbed no measures are taken to bring the rascals to justice.

SALVATION ARMY COLONIES.

The plan of General Booth of the Salvation Army for the cure of pauperism and the diminution of vice and crime in London is not open to the objection which is urged against so many philanthropic schemes, that it is impracticable. On the contrary, it is not only practicable, but it has been in practice in many localities, in a modified shape, for years. It is an application of the principle that society owes lodging and food to every one who will work.

The General proposes to establish three institutions, each of which is an essential part of his relief system. The first is a number of food and shelter depots in the city of London. Here the pauper, the thief, the abandoned woman, the outcast, can obtain sleeping accommodations, a supper and a breakfast in consideration of doing 8 cents' worth of work in making firewood, mats or sacks, or in collecting cast-off clothing, broken food or other refuse material from dwelling-houses. The second is a farm colony in the country, to which paupers are sent from the food depots in the city. Here the colonists are taught to build cottages, to grow fruits, vegetables and flowers and to make furniture. When the farm colony becomes overcrowded it is depleted by a shipment of its most skillful members to a farm in South Africa. Each emigrant is settled on a piece of land, which becomes his own in fee as soon as out of the product of his crops he has repaid the cost of his transportation and his farm utensils. It is reckoned that he ought to be able to do this in about two years.

These are the outlines of a scheme which has received the approval of the Queen and a number of leading Englishmen. Our circumstances in this country are so different from those which prevail in England that we can hardly judge of its merits. Except perhaps, in New York City, the pauper class in American cities is so small that food depots would be seldom required except in exceptional seasons of hard times. But the plan of decanting the surplus population of cities to farms in the country is going on all the time. General Booth's plan indeed only differs in minor details from the methods which have been pursued in Ireland on occasions of famine, when the unions resorted to compulsory emigration to avert general starvation.

The flaw in the plan is that the class for whose benefit it is adopted will probably refuse to avail themselves of it, and that there is no means of coercing them. Even in London persons who are willing to work generally get work after some weary waiting. Those who never get a job are people who do not want a job, and who prefer to trust to providence for food and shelter rather than put in a square day's work. General Booth, in his "Darkest England," describes his scheme as "a great machine foundationed in the lowest slums of our great towns and cities, drawing up into its embrace the depraved and destitute of all classes, receiving thieves, harlots, paupers, drunkards, prodigals all alike."

Herein the General shows himself to be more of a philanthropist than a philosophic observer of humanity. The classes which he proposes to "embrace" will, with few exceptions, decline the civility. They had rather starve two or three days in the week and preserve their bohemian freedom of roaming where they please, stealing where they can and defying all law, human and divine, when there is no policeman in sight, than submit to the stern rules which would have to be enforced in the General's colonies. No one can fail to be touched by the sincerity with which the General proposes to "drain off the social residuum," but if the residuum coagulates and refuses to be drained off what is the General going to do about it?

THE CANADIAN PACIFIC.

The gigantic railroad combination that is apparently about to be consummated leads a contemporary to the conclusion that the Canadian Pacific Railway is all that stands between the people of the United States and a considerable increase in rates. It is intimated that the San Francisco Chamber of Commerce commited an error in resolving that the laws which prevent ships from doing business between American ports should deny to a foreign railway the privilege denied to foreign ships. Remedies which throw American business into foreign channels should be regarded with distrust. Such is not the way to effect a cure. A Government that cannot handle domestic questions without resorting in the aid of foreign nations confesses its inefficiency. A very poor way to keep American roads from charging exorbitant rates over their routes is to procure transportation to be done over foreign routes and by foreign companies. In the event of such a consolidation of railroad interests as has been foreshadowed, our Government will be called upon to protect the people from extortion. The cost of transportation can be ascertained with sufficient approach to accuracy to enable the Government to establish maximum rates without danger of injustice to the capital invested. The Interstate Commerce Act demonstrates the ability of the Government to control the most powerful corporations. The railroad combination will possibly make the subjection of corporations to the law the leading issue in American politics.

OUT OF WHOLE CLOTH.

The *Examiner* said on Sunday in reference to the taxes a farmer has to pay: "He can hardly clothe himself and family for less than $150, but the tariff demands something like $75 of that." Our veracious contemporary will find some difficulty in showing that a man who clothes himself and family on $150 a year pays one dollar into the Federal Treasury. A man who might buy two $75 suits in a year would pay about $30 in excess of what he would pay if there were no duties on foreign cloth. But a farmer who clothes himself and family on $150 a year does not buy imported cloth. He does not buy $10 worth of anything that may not be made in this country. The coarser varieties of woolen cloth, all kind of cotton goods, and nearly everything a family in moderate circumstances wears, are nearly or quite as cheap in this country as abroad. It is by such misrepresentations that a temporary prejudice has been created against a protective tariff.

WILL ASSERT ITS RIGHTS.

A Chicago dispatch to a contemporary says the National Commissioners propose to assert their rights. Perhaps the commission would do well to ascertain what its rights are. The local directory seems to have the key to the money-chest. It has been said that the member of a matrimonial firm who carries the purse is ruler of the household. The National Commissioners of the World's Fair might find a good deal of law to show that they have a right to manage the enterprise, but their first movement should be upon the $10,000,000 Guarantee Fund. If they can capture that they will be in a position to "assert their rights." It has been remarked as somewhat strange that the California Commissioner, who knows the value of money if nothing else, should be a member of the impecunious party. He appears to be engaged in the somewhat difficult task of convincing the Chicago Directory that the National Commission ought to have charge of the Guarantee Fund.

A TARIFF FOR REVENUE ONLY.

A local free-trade paper says: "A perfect revenue tariff would yield no protection at all, and a perfect protective tariff would yield no revenue at all." This statement is half true. A perfect revenue tariff would yield us no protection at all. If revenue were the only object, duties would be laid on articles we do not produce. Revenue from articles we do not produce could be more closely estimated and more easily collected. Duties would be confined to a small number of articles. The McKinley tariff admits free about 45 per cent of the entire imports. But the articles it admits free are articles we cannot produce. Chief among them are tea, coffee and spices. A tariff for revenue would reverse this rule. It would impose duties on articles we do not produce and admit free articles we do or may produce. It is true, therefore, as our contemporary says, that a tariff devised solely for revenue would afford no protection. But it is not true that a tariff devised solely for protection would produce no revenue. A perfect protective tariff is not a prohibitive tariff. A tariff devised solely for protection would impose a tax on foreign goods, but not one that would shut goods out entirely. We impose a tax on wool, which serves to protect wool-growers, but we still import wool. The same is true of woolen goods. We impose a tax on iron in every stage of production, but we still import iron. We might go through the whole catalogue of foreign articles upon which duties are laid and find in every case that a protective tariff both protects and provides revenue. A perfect protective tariff would make protection its first consideration, but revenue would result from it. The people will eventually decide between the two policies—between a revenue tariff which affords no protection against foreign competition and a tariff which does afford such protection, and at the same time provides revenue.

NO LIFE ESTATES.

The *Alta California* publishes the following paragraph:

Mayor Sanderson announces that he is a firm believer in the doctrine that "to the victor belong the spoils." We are glad this announcement is made early, in order that the leading object of the coming municipal administration may be made known. The people expected something concerning public policy and measures of progress and reform.

Did our friends of the *Alta California* expect that the incoming administration contemplated keeping the lambs in office after what has taken place? THE CALL believes emphatically in purifying the offices in the city—all of them. We have had enough of a corrupt regime to answer for the present at least. Even if city affairs had been tolerably well managed, a change would do no harm. Life estates are not well for a democratic government.

WORSE FOR CURLEY.

Strong Evidence That He Killed How Ah Wong.

The preliminary trial of Thomas Curley, charged with the murder of How Ah Wong, an unoffending Chinese, near the corner of Pine and Franklin streets on the night of the 10th inst., was resumed yesterday in Police Court 1.

The principal witness was James Conlon Jr., who lives near the scene of the murder. He testified that he was in Kelly's stables on Pine street on the evening of the fatal assault with other young men, when Curley, the accused, entered with a big club. The club was examined. It was a heavy piece of redwood scantling, strong as a post, and had a nail in the thick end. Curley left the stable and a few minutes later screams were heard in the next block. Looking up the street witness saw a man running away toward Van Ness avenue. The group of young men in the stable went to where they had heard the cries and found the Chinese weltering in his blood upon the street.

A message was sent to police headquarters and the patrol-wagon took the Chinese to the Receiving Hospital.

The club that Curley had carried into the stable was found across the street from where the dying man lay. It had some blood upon it. Witness recognized it in court.

About half an hour later Curley strolled into the stable looking quite unconcerned, and laughing.

"Get out of here," exclaimed Frank Kelly, one of the proprietors. "I don't want any one in this stable who beats people to death on the street."

Further hearing of the case was set for 2 o'clock this afternoon.

UNDER A HORSE-CAR.

A Small Boy Has a Narrow Escape From a Frightful Death.

Emile Paris, a boy 10 years of age, had a narrow escape from being crushed to death yesterday under a Powell-street horse-car of the Howard-street cable system. As it was, he sustained a fracture of the collar bone and several painful lacerations of the scalp, and contused wounds of the face and body.

The boy's home is at Mayfield, Santa Clara County, and he was unaccustomed to city ways. He was running about Powell street, between Vallejo and Green, and went too near the horses of a street-car, not calculating upon his chances of escaping. The horses came upon him, and he fell beneath their hoofs, which stamped upon his head. Luckily, however, the wheels did not pass over his body. He was extricated from beneath the car bleeding and covered with dust, and taken to the office of Dr. D. A. Hodghead, a short distance away. After careful treatment it was found that his wounds were not dangerous, and he was moved to his aunt's home at 1505 Powell street, where he has been staying with his mother.

Burglars Convicted.

Tim Corcoran, an old offender, was convicted of burglary in Judge Murphy's court yesterday morning.

Henry Smith, who was convicted of burglary last week, and against whom there was a second charge, came to the conclusion that fate was against him, and yesterday saved the city the expense of a trial by pleading guilty.

Henry Siebert, who was also convicted of burglary a few days ago, made a clean breast of his case yesterday by pleading guilty to entering a house with burglarious intent.

In a Federal Court Now.

The suit of Sarah Althea Terry and David S. Terry, her deceased husband, against J. C. Franks, has been transferred from Department 1 of the Superior Court to the United States Circuit Court. The action is to recover $50,000 damages from the ex-United States Marshal for taking her into custody during the reading of that remarkable decision against her by Justice Field of the United States Supreme Court.

Customs and Revenue Receipts.

The receipts for duties during the past week amounted to $80,357 52, making a total of $6,757,067 18 since the first of the year. The internal revenue collections in the San Francisco district for the week ending Saturday footed up $40,861, as follows: From beer, $10,591; spirits, $21,411; cigars and tobacco, $8160; miscellaneous, $789.

Visit Battle of Gettysburg, Market and Tenth.*

COCOANUT cream ices, 25c lb. at Thomas's.*

OLYMPIAN Skating Rink; Mechanics' Pavilion.*

SHOWCASES at Miller & Co.'s, 414 Market st.*

ATMORE'S mincemeat in pails 65c at Lebenbaum Bros.

J. F. CUTTER'S OLD BOURBON.—This celebrated whisky is for sale by all first-class druggists and grocers. Trade mark—star within a shield.*

CHANGED HIS NAME.—John Frederick Nemecke, a native of Altone, Germany, was permitted to change his name to John Frederick Pfaff yesterday by Judge Levy.

ASK your grocers and dealers for the Anchor brand pure wine and cider vinegar. Put up in full size quart bottles. Depot at 729 Turk street, near Franklin.

SENT THERE AGAIN.—Catharine Spangler was sent to the Napa Insane Asylum by the Insanity Commissioners yesterday. She has been an inmate of that institution before.

How to set a Thanksgiving table can be seen at Nathan, Dohrmann & Co.'s, 130 Sutter street. Grand special exhibition during Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday next. tf*

MADE A MATTER OF RECORD.—The decree of divorce in the case of Laura E. Murray against George N. Murray, granted on September 1, 1876, was entered on the minutes in Judge Lawler's department yesterday.

"PEOPLE I HAVE MET."—Short sketches of Mrs. H. Humphrey Moore, Stephen Massett, J. Ross Browne, Lady Duffus Hardy, Oscar Wilde, etc., with practical selections by Miss Mary Watson. Sold at book-stores and hotels.*

DIVORCES GRANTED.—Rebecca Silverwise has been granted a divorce by Judge Garber from Isaac Silverwise for extreme cruelty. Ella A. Taylor has also been divorced by Judge Lawler from Otis Taylor, on the ground of his extreme cruelty.

LADY JOURNALISTS.

Proceedings at the Meeting Held Yesterday—New Features Introduced.

The monthly meeting of the Pacific Coast Women's Press Association took place at 1419 Taylor street, yesterday afternoon, with a large attendance.

Mrs. Florence Williams, who was to deliver a lecture on "Periodical Literature," sent a telegram at the last moment, saying that she was ill and unable to be present.

Mrs. George Oulton was appointed Librarian, to take charge of the books presented to the association and to secure any work of local writers that could be easily procured. Ten books have already been presented to the library.

An art class was established with Franz Goldstein as instructor. The terms are to be $3 a month and the instruction such as will fit journalists to make rapid sketches to accompany their newspaper articles. The class will meet on Wednesday morning of each week. Forty-three new members were admitted to the association. Mrs. Oulton accepted the appointment on the Reception Committee.

Mrs. Parkhurst then read a paper on "The Work of Some Pacific Coast Writers." In it she stated that there had been over 12,000 books published by Pacific Coast writers within the last twenty years. She stated also that eighty-five books had been published by members of the association during the last three years.

Mrs. Parkhurst also said that the scope of the Pacific Coast Women's Press Association was already broader than that of any other press association in America. Its purpose is to educate the younger members of the association, and to extend practical help to each and every member who needs encouragement and assistance. This statement was met with prolonged applause by the ladies. A hearty vote of thanks was tendered to Mrs. Parkhurst for the information contained in her article.

A discussion on international copyright followed, also one regarding writing without compensation. Miss Manning, Mrs. Eyster, Mrs. Prescott, Miss Keith, Mrs. Cooper, Mrs. Parkhurst, Miss Elizabeth Hogan, Mrs. Sanford and Mrs. Stanton spoke on the subject and advocated taking a decided stand.

Miss Mathilde Reinhardt of Heidelberg was then introduced to the ladies as the guest of honor of the day. Miss Reinhardt if one of Germany's prominent young writers, and is the sister of Reinhardt the artist. Although she has been in America but five months she responded very gracefully in English and said that it made her very happy to meet the bright ladies of the Coast. She said that she numbered among her friends many of the best-known German artists and writers of the time, and that if any of the Pacific Coast women visited Heidelberg she would be glad to extend them as cordial a welcome as she had received here.

Her remarks were heartily applauded.

The President then announced that the Corresponding and Recording Secretaries would be at 1419 Taylor street every Monday afternoon to meet the ladies of the association.

Among those present were: Mrs. Eyster, Mrs. Cooper, Mrs. Stanton, Mrs. Parkhurst, the Misses Elodie and Elizabeth Hogan, Mrs. Edgerton, Mrs. Riemer, Miss Chase, Miss Mathilde Reinardt, Miss Agnes Manning, Miss Eliza D. Keith, Mrs. Sanford, Mrs. Powell, Mrs. Remsen, Miss Kelleher, Mrs. Dr. d'Evelyn, Mrs. W. C. Morrow, Mrs. Virginia Hilliard, Miss Grace Henderson, Mrs. Elder, Miss Lambert, Mrs. George Oulton, Mrs. Gertrude Land, Mrs. Lydia Prescott, Miss Lida Hall and Mrs. Barbara Knell.

CATARRH is caused by impure blood, and is cured by Hood's Sarsaparilla, which purifies the blood and gives the whole system health and strength. Try this "peculiar medicine."

THE genuine Angostura Bitters cure indigestion and restore the appetite. Every druggist keeps them. Dr. J. G. B. Siegert & Sons, sole manufacturers.

"BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES" will relieve Bronchitis, Asthma, Catarrh and Throat Diseases.

HIGHLAND Brand of Milk is a rich cream of delicious natural flavor. Try it for coffee.

FOR a Disordered Liver try BEECHAM'S PILLS.

EXTRA mince pies. SWAIN'S, 213 Sutter street.

NOTICE OF MEETINGS.

Oriental Lodge, No. 144, F. and A. M.—Third Degree THIS EVENING at 7 o'clock sharp. W. H. LORING, Secretary. 1t

Ancient Order of Foresters of America—A joint meeting of Districts Nos. 1 and 4, consisting of Courts Golden Gate, California, Golden State, El Dorado, Golden West and Bonita, will be held in B'nai Brith Hall, 121 Eddy street, on TUESDAY, November 25th, at 8 o'clock P. M., for the purpose of tendering a reception to the H. C. R. of the Grand Court of California. All members of the above named courts are hereby notified to attend, and members of the order are cordially invited to participate. By order of Joint Committee. J. CALMAN, Chairman. GEORGE MOODY, Secretary. no23 3t

St. Andrew's Society—Twenty-eighth grand annual celebration of St. Andrew's day, on FRIDAY EVENING, Nov. 28th, at Pioneer Hall, Fourth st. Installation of officers 7:45 P. M.; reunion 8 P. M.; banquet 8:30 P. M.; dancing at 11 P. M. Double admission tickets $3; single $1 50 each, to be obtained from the members. JAMES McNAB, President. ALEX R. PATTERSON, Secretary. no23 6t

The Evening Bulletin, Price Reduced to 15 cents per week, delivered by carrier to any part of the city; the Bulletin is the best, oldest and largest evening paper published on the coast; orders by postal-card or otherwise will receive prompt attention. Office 622 Montgomery st.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

At Shell Mound Park, Sunday, November 23d, following numbers won gate prizes for poultry and pigs and have not been called for: 785, 704, 670, 1085, 1158, 1954, 671, 1773, 1813, 642, 722, 1875, 741, 784. 1t*

Coal of All Kinds for Office and House use at lowest rates. Telephone 1367. JOHN HENDERSON JR., 130 Ellis st. oc31 FrSnTu 3m

Coal. Foreign and Domestic, for steamers and house purposes; low prices. Crescent Coal Co., 35-37 Clay. Telephone 1125. 26thuhsuf

Charles Ashton, 411 Montgomery st. Rents collected; personal attention to the management of property in his care. Makes honest, economic expenditures.

City agent Guardian Assurance Co. of London and Phenix Ins. Co. of Brooklyn. au27 6m

Send This Clipping and 10 Cents in stamps to Dr. Halpruner, 850 Market st. You will receive 1 trial package Dr. Halpruner's Patent Corn and Bunion Salve. Positive cure. Three packages or 1 box for 25 cents. no24 2t*

Any Childless Married Couple of short or long duration, desiring a child of their own, will become parents by calling on MME. MEHER, 1418 Powell st., who guarantees a sure and safe treatment; if not effectual, no charge. no23 6m

Bad Tenants Ejected for $4. Collections made, city or country. Pacific Collection Company, 528 California st., Room 3. oc22 tf

Cases Incurable Restored at Once. No matter from what cause—Ladies, if you want instant relief for monthly irregularities, consult the oldest and only reliable female physician of 40 years' experience; my Safe Specifics are the best ever discovered, and will positively cure after all others have failed; also latest invention without medicine. DR. M. STRASSMAN, 916 Post st. no4 1m

Mme. Kurlbaum's Herb Remedy for cough, colds, croup and lung diseases; also blood purifier; guaranteed; 25c per bottle. Residence, 520½ Jessie st., off Ninth. no22 7t*

Dr. Ricord's Specific—For Kidneys, bladder and liver: $1; sole agent, A. GROS, Druggist, cor. Kearny and Washington, S.F. jel4 6mo

Physicians Recommend Crystal Hot sea baths, foot of Mason, North Beach. o21 6m

The Evening Bulletin, Price Reduced to 15 cents per week, delivered by carrier to any part of the city; the Bulletin is the best, oldest and largest evening paper published on the coast; orders by postal-card or otherwise will receive prompt attention. Office 622 Montgomery st.

Munro's Maritime Hotel—35 Stanford, bet. Brannan, Townsend, Second and Third sts.; patronage of mariners solicited. ly14 6mo

Mrs. Wilson's Private Home, lying-in confinement; 30 yrs.' experience. 708 Buchanan.

Books bought and sold. King Bros. 3 Fourth st., near Market. mr27 tf

Old Gold and Silver Bought; Send your old gold and silver by mail to the old and reliable house of A. COLEMAN, 41 Third st., San Francisco; I will send by return mail the cash; if amount is not satisfactory will return the gold. 2y

Mrs. Schmidt, Midwife, Graduate University of Heidelberg, Germany; private hospital; women's diseases a specialty; sure specific remedy for monthly irregularities; reasonable. Office 1314½ Mission st.; 2 to 6 P. M. my27 12mos

Smith & Trowbridge, West Coast Wire Works, 11 Drumm st. jo11 6m

Dr. C. C. O'Donnell—Office and Res. NW. cor. Washington and Kearny sts. my6tf

Alameda Maternity Villa: Strictly private. DRS. FUNKE, nr. Encinal Pk. m31 tf

Dr. Davies, 626 Kearny st.; Only safe and sure cure for all female troubles. 12tf

Dr. Hall, 426 Kearny st.—Diseases of women a specialty: hours 1 to 4, 6 to 8. my5 1y

Dr. Ricord's Restorative Pills; Specific for exhausted vitality, physical debility, wasted forces, etc.; approved by the Academy of Medicine, Paris, and the medical celebrities. Sold by J. G. STEELE & CO., 636 Market st., Palace Hotel, San Francisco. Sent by mail or express. Prices: Box of 50, $1 25; of 100, $2; of 200, $3 50; of 400, $6. Preparatory Pills, $2. Send for circular. fe2 1f

SPIRITUALISM.

ARRIVED—MRS. DR. A. DE HOWE OF NEW York; she is the only natural born trance medium in the world; is a seventh daughter, born with a double veil and wonderful prophetic gift of second sight; this she will prove; every hidden mystery she tells your entire life in a deep trance; gives your name in full, also your future husband or wife; in business, law suits, marriages, divorces, doubts, uniting the separated, removing evil influences, restoring lost love, she has no equal; Mrs. de Howe wishes it distinctly understood that she advertises nothing but what she can do; all who are in trouble invited to call and be convinced; a $10,000 challenge to any medium who can excel her. Parlors, 1320 Market st. no23 1m

PROF. BOILEAU, INTERNATIONAL SYMBOLIC al reader. 1161½ Mission st. no21 7t*

SPIRITUALISM — DR. J. V. MANSFIELD, world-renowned writing medium, returned from East, may be seen at the Melville, 1104 Market. 20 7

MISS BENHARD, MEDIUM; INFORMATION on stocks, lottery, love, etc. 353 Fourth. o19 3m

MRS. J. J. WHITNEY, CLAIRVOYANT TEST medium, life-reader. 1812 Market st. au19 1f

SITUATIONS—FEMALE.

LADIES' FOR A FIRST-CLASS SERVANT leave your orders with J. F. CROSETT & CO., 628 Sacramento st. 1t

MIDDLE-AGED WOMAN, JUST FROM GERmany, wishes a place to take care of children. Please call at 2134 O'Farrell st. no25 3t*

SITUATIONS—CONTINUED.

GOOD VEST-MAKER WANTS TO WORK IN A store; good busheler. Address V. M., Box 58, this office. no25 3t*

YOUNG WIDOW, ENGLISH, WISHES POSTtion as housekeeper. 33 Sixth, Room 47. n25 3*

RESPECTABLE WOMAN WISHES A SITUation to do general housework; is a plain cook. Address 257 Minna st. no25 3t*

LADY WANTS POSITION AS GOVERNESS, companion or housekeeper; country; pleasant home desired. M., 429 Larkin st. no25 3t*

WANTED—SITUATION BY COMPETENT AND well-educated young lady to assist with children and light housework. Address 613½ Stockton st. no25 3t*

COMPETENT WOMAN, WITH LITTLE GIRL 6 years old, wishes situation as working housekeeper in the country. Please call or address Housekeeper, 1214 Kirkham st., Oakland. no25 3t*

GOOD GIRL WANTS A PLACE TO DO GENeral housework in small family; good reference. Call SE. cor. Church and Twenty-third; store. 25 2*

RESPECTABLE GIRL WISHES SITUATION TO do chamberwork and waiting in a private family; best of reference. 742 Minna st., near Ninth. 25 2*

MIDDLE-AGED WOMAN WISHES SITUATION to do light housework or take care of children. Apply 2824 Harrison st. no25 2*

FRENCH LADY WISHES TO EMPLOY TWO hours daily to impart conversationally, if desired, the rudiments of a literary education; is also able to superintend musical studies of classes. Apply, for one week, MRS. LENOIR, CALL Branch Office, 339 Hayes st. no25 2t*

YOUNG GIRL WOULD LIKE A PLACE FOR housework in Protestant family. Address N. SWAN, Hunters Point, South San Francisco. n25 2*

YOUNG FRENCH GIRL DESIRES TO DO UPstairs work and sewing. Address A. L., 612 Filbert st. no25 2t*

GOOD GERMAN GIRL WANTS SITUATION from 8 A. M. to 4 P. M., for cooking and general housework. 213½ Clara, bet. Fifth and Sixth. 25 2*

FIRST-CLASS WAITRESS AND PARLOR MAID; private family; first-class city reference. Address Waitress, Box 142, CALL Branch Office. 25 2*

RESPECTABLE WOMAN WANTS SITUATION as housekeeper or nurse. 209 Fourth st. 25 2t*

WELL-EDUCATED NORTH GERMAN GIRL wants situation for upstairs work or to care for grown children; is a good seamstress and children's dressmaker; references. Address M. M., 5 10½ O'Farrell st. no25 2t*

COMPETENT GIRL WISHES A SITUATION TO do cooking or general housework; is a good laundress. Call at 706 Jones st., near Sutter. 25 2t*

SITUATION BY A FIRST-CLASS LADY'S NURSE in all cases of sickness by the week or month; best of references. Address S. W., Box 142, CALL Branch Office. no25 2t*

COMPETENT GIRL WISHES SITUATION AS CHild's nurse or to take care of an infant; no objection to travel. Address C., Box 142, CALL Branch Office. no25 2t*

SITUATION WANTED BY MIDDLE-AGED woman as chambermaid in hotel or boarding-house; city or country. 7 Verona st., bet. Folsom and Harrison, off Third. 1t*

STRONG WOMAN WISHES WORK BY THE day; washing, ironing or cleaning. Address 759 Mission st. 1t*

SITUATION BY RESPECTABLE WOMAN TO do housework, where she can have her baby; country preferred. Address 223 Stevenson st. 1t*

CAPABLE WOMAN WANTS A PLACE TO DO cooking or general housework in a private family; good reference if required. Please call 438 Third st. 1t*

SITUATION WANTED BY SCOTCH WIDOW AS lady's nurse or to travel with invalid. 640 Howard st., Room 12. 1t*

COMPETENT COOK WISHES SITUATION; best of references; city or country; no postals. Address 230 Minna st. 1t*

YOUNG GIRL WISHES A PLACE IN THE country; can give good reference. Address M. F., CALL Branch Office, 339 Hayes st. 1t*

YOUNG WOMAN WANTS SITUATION FOR general housework; good cook and laundress; city or country. 276 Minna st., near Fourth. 1t*

YOUNG GIRL WISHES SITUATION FOR kitchen or up stairs work; speaks German and English. 892 Front st., cor Broadway. 1t*

FIRST-CLASS FRENCH COOK WISHES SITUAtion in private family; speaks English. Address 112 Trenton st., bet. Pacific and Powell. 1t*

FIRST-CLASS COOK AND LAUNDRESS; SWEDish. Apply 427 Sutter st. 1t*

GERMAN GIRL WANTS PLACE TO DO COOKing and housework; wages $25. 513½ Hyde. 1t*

GOOD, FAITHFUL WOMAN WISHES SITUAtion in small family; good plain cook; agreeable woman; small wages. 109 Hampshire, near 25th. 1t*

GIRL WISHES SECOND WORK WITH A PRIvate family. Call at 2717 Bush st. 1t*

FIRST-CLASS LAUNDRESS WISHES WORK BY the day; washing or ironing. Address 833 Geary st., near Larkin. no24 2t*

GERMAN GIRL, FIRST-CLASS COOK, WISHES situation. Address Hotel Rhein, 909 Kearny st., Room 19. no24 2t*

NEAT, COMPETENT WOMAN, WHO IS GOOD cook and laundress, wishes position in American family; city or country. 1326 Mission st. 24 2t*

INTELLIGENT YOUNG WOMAN DESIRES position, working housekeeper; no triflers. Call 20½ Stockton st., Room 4. no24 2t*

GERMAN GIRL, 15 YEARS OLD, WISHES A situation to take care of children. Apply 1013 Polk st. no24 2t*

GERMAN GIRL WISHES A SITUATION AS nurse or to do second work. Apply 1013 Polk street. no24 2t*

FIRST-CLASS NURSE FROM THE EAST DEsires situation. MRS. WYNGRAF, 32 Caroline street. no23 1t*

EXPERIENCED GERMAN LADY DESIRES work at washing, ironing and house-cleaning. Please call or address 129 Francisco st. no23 7t*

FIRST-CLASS DRESSMAKER; CUTTING, FITting and training a specialty; terms $1 50 per day. 928½ Harrison st. no23 3t*

GERMAN WOMAN WANTS WORK BY THE day, washing and ironing or house-cleaning. Leave card at 513 Hyde st., down stairs. no23 3t*

IN THE WARM BELT; FREER FROM FOG than any other portion of San Francisco; Lakeview. oc7 tf

SITUATIONS—MALE.

WANTED—BY AN EXPERIENCED CELLARman, a situation in wine-cellar or liquor business, in city or country. Address C., Box 142, CALL Branch Office. no25 5t*

WANTED — SITUATION BY MARRIED MAN (