THE MORNING CALL

Has a larger circulation than any other newspaper published in San Francisco.

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THE EASTERN OFFICE OF THE CALL.

10 Potter building, New York City, is provided with files of California papers. Visitors welcome. Advertising rates and sample copies furnished.

E. K. MISCH, Manager.

THE DAILY MORNING CALL FOR SALE AT

New York.....BRENTANO BROS., 5 Union Square
Chicago.....News Stand Palmer House
New Orleans.....GALLOT & JOUBERT, 115½ Common st.

AUCTION SALES TO-DAY.

FURNITURE.—By Chas. Levy, at 1135 Market st., at 10 o'clock.

BOOKS.—The Coslikyan Collection, at 16 Post st., at 1 o'clock.

WEATHER REPORT.

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE. WEATHER BUREAU. SAN FRANCISCO, Monday, JAN. 18, 1892.

Weather Conditions and General Forecasts

There is a slight disturbance passing eastward north of Washington, and scattering light rains are falling in Western Washington, with threatening conditions in Northern Oregon and Eastern Washington. Fair weather continues in Southern Oregon, California, Nevada, Utah and Arizona, a high air pressure covering Nevada and Utah, and a generally high barometer covering Washington and Oregon, giving continued dry and warm winds.

The temperature rose to 70 deg. at Red Bluff, in the Upper Sacramento Valley, to-day, but elsewhere in Northern California it ranged between 52 and 64, the latter at San Francisco. In Southern California there was a uniform maximum temperature of 66 to 68 deg.; in Southern Arizona it ranged from 58 to 66; in Nevada from 34 to 42; in the eastern portions of Washington and Oregon from 28 to 48, and in western portions from 44 to 48. The highest temperature in Salt Lake to-day was 26 deg.

The rains reported to-day are a sprinkle at Olympia and .02 of an inch at Port Canby; the report from Port Angeles is missing, but light rain has doubtless fallen throughout the peninsula of Washington.

There is a possibility of a change in the conditions in California by to-morrow night or Wednesday, for should the high pressure area over Northern Nevada and Northern Utah move southward it would change our winds to a rain-bearing direction.

Forecast Till 8 P. M. Tuesday.

For Northern California—Generally fair and cooler, except stationary temperature on upper coast; variable winds becoming southeasterly.

For Southern California—Fair; stationary temperature; northerly winds.

For Washington and Oregon—Rain in Washington and extreme Northwestern Oregon; fair elsewhere; slightly cooler, except stationary temperature at Baker City; southerly winds.

For Utah—Fair; warmer.

ROBERT E. KEEKAM, Chief of Division.

THE CALL CALENDAR.

JANUARY, 1892.

M.	Tu.	W.	Th.	F.	S.	Su.	Moon's Phases.
				1	2	3	January 6th. First Quarter.
4	5	6	7	8	9	10	January 13th. Full Moon.
11	12	13	14	15	16	17	January 21st. Last Quarter.
18	19	20	21	22	23	24	January 29th. New Moon.
25	26	27	28	29	30	31	

The Morning Call.

TUESDAY.....JANUARY 19, 1892

NOTICE!

Any of our patrons who fail to find THE MORNING CALL for sale by train-boys will confer a favor by notifying this office of the fact, naming the date and train.

"WHAT THEY HAVE NOT SEEN."

A San Francisco newspaper contemporary under the above heading goes on in its Monday issue to say what our visitors, who represent to a certain extent journalism in the Eastern States, have seen in California and then what they have not seen. It states that they have seen one of "the finest harbors in the world" and a territory equal in extent to the republic of France," capable of maintaining "in comfort and easy circumstances a population of from 5,000,000 to 20,000,000." It says our visitors have "seen the Central Pacific Railroad climb the Sierras and descend into the fertile and lovely valleys of the Western Slope." "They have also stood on Sutro Heights and seen the broad Pacific stretch away to the north, west and south with seemingly illimitable reach, but they have seen no ocean steamships starting from San Francisco for their voyage to New York or Liverpool by way of the Strait of Magellan," etc. The same journal then goes on to say that these visitors have seen our grapes "and possibly tasted the product of the grapes of California, but they will have looked in vain for any national legislation which can assist in the slightest degree the honest efforts of California viticulturists to make and sell pure wine, as distinguished from the fabricated and sophisticated compounds which depend for their salability upon a simulated foreign label and the gullibility of the American public."

Here is all our contemporary says in relation to what our visitors have not seen, although one would naturally suppose from the heading of its article, which reads, "What They Have Not Seen," that it would contain something more than a mere paragraph devoted to our wines, which the General Government has protected by heavy import duties. If the *Chronicle*, from which we have quoted, had gone into the subject fully it would doubtless have said that our visitors were ignorant of the way in which it has the reputation of having made its money; that it was common talk that it would sell its services to any person who would pay its price for them. When our merchants and business men a few weeks ago made an effort to secure the co-operation of the interior to throw off the load under which the whole State struggled that paper tried to induce the interior to hold aloof from an association with this city. The same paper labored industriously to break down the court and Grand Jury, which was striving to ferret out some of the crimes and frauds which have depressed the city and State. There has been a world of chicanery in San Francisco, but it is possible De Young thought it best to pass them over in a lump. De Young has claimed that it was legitimate to sell his editorial columns to any person who would pay for them. Our visitors have seen a city that was practically shut out from the rest of the world by a combination never previously witnessed elsewhere in the United States. A combination has subsidized steamers, our own railroads, and even the railroads in Canada, not to compete with the freight rates on our own roads. We doubt whether our visitors have seen the things which have weighed down San Francisco for the last ten or fifteen years. The *Chronicle* thinks we ought to have a line of steamers by way of the Strait of Magellan to New York and Liverpool. Why not have a line of steamers by way of Panama, which the Government subsidizes, instead of permitting a corporation to hire it not to take freight in opposition to the Southern Pacific? This talk about the Strait of Magellan sounds, perhaps, like an opposition to railroad monopoly, but the public is not quite sure that the editorial in the *Chronicle* may not be paid for by somebody, in order to mislead the public.

One of the visitors is reported as uttering the following words: "Why this difference between the towns of the great divide and the metropolis of the Pacific Slope? Some of the native sons declare that it's all owing to the blighting influence of the pioneers. Old settlers who have gone to sleep from sheer contentment see no reason why well enough should not be let alone. 'What we need beyond all else is *funerals*,' exclaims one progressive spirit, 'and they should be first class.'"

A visitor to California may, perhaps, be carried away with such remarks as the above, but if the situation were fully realized by our visitor, it would be seen that the men who are injuring California are by no means asleep. The men who put the city back are men who have their hundreds of millions. We are bled, not by sleeping souls, but by men who want all we have. They pay newspapers to assist in extorting money from us. Perhaps THE CALL has said enough for one day in explanation to our visitors of some things which they have not seen. If not, we can easily extend the list.

DE YOUNG ABROAD AND AT HOME.

It is a fact that has been often commented upon by the people of this Coast that the reputation of Mike de Young seems to rise in the esteem of people whom he meets abroad in exact proportion to the distance he is from the Pacific Coast. This fact is now becoming apparent to the visiting newspaper men on this Coast, and it occasions them no little surprise.

"Coming out here," said a prominent delegate to the writer, "we canvassed, on the train, the question who should be our next league President. Many thought the choice would fall naturally upon Mr. de Young of the *Chronicle*. The opinion in his favor seemed almost unanimous. Why, we were told that he was the head and front of Pacific Coast journalism. As we neared the Coast, however, we began to meet Coast people and hear different opinions. Really, I can assure you we were much surprised. The strongest opposition of all we have found right here in his own club, where we notice the feeling is very high against him."

It is probable that the visit to the Pacific Coast has been an eye-opener in many ways to the Eastern newspaper men who are now our guests, but in no respect more of one than in this matter of the ridiculous pretension of Mike de Young to be in any sense a leader, on this Coast, in newspaper or any other circles where intelligence and education are requisite to leadership. Ignorant, unscrupulous, the victim of an overweening ambition, De Young is no more "a man of letters," as one enthusiastic delegate called him, in a public speech, than he is a man of honor. As a newspaper proprietor the methods by which he has made of his journal a financial success are notorious on this Coast. As an employer of newspaper men his reputation among local newspaper workers is unenviable. Not only is he notoriously illiberal in the matter of remunerating his employes, but the salaries they do receive are mulcted weekly to provide for the common decencies and necessaries of life and work in the office, in such ways as any other newspaper office on this Coast would scorn to employ. Soap and towels, fire and lights, pens, inkstands and other accessories to their work, the services of the janitor, are all items for which employes in the *Chronicle*'s local room are subjected to a weekly tax.

Mr. de Young has spent a large amount of money in entertaining the delegates to the International League. Just what his object is in doing this may not be apparent to them, but no one on this Coast who knows the man doubts but that in some way, more or less direct, every dollar thus expended is expected to bring in good returns for M. H. de Young. It is an open secret that the proprietor of the *Chronicle* has political aspirations. This is the explanation of the curious attitude maintained by that paper all through the recent infamous affair of the Grand Jury decision; it is the explanation of its chronic truckling attitude toward that giant octopus, the Southern Pacific Railroad Company, and it is the very ample explanation of why Mr. de Young should be at such pains and expense to secure the favorable remembrance of the delegates to the International League. These delegates represent powerful newspapers from every part of the country. It will aid him not a little to have each one return to the East shouting for M. H. de Young, the prominent man of letters, the prince of good fellows, the man who is for the interests of the working newspaper man first, last and all the time.

Our visitors will do well to remember that where so much smoke is seen there must be some fire. The universal detestation in which Mike de Young is held by workers in the profession on this Coast is not the result of envy or jealousy, but of the man's well-known and thoroughly understood character. A large proportion of the members of the Press Club have at some time had De Young for an employer. They therefore know him, and knowing him, they despise him and detest his methods. It is small wonder, then, that "the strongest opposition of all" should be found "right here in his own club." It would be strange if it were not so.

The San Francisco Press Club has been a royal good host to the visiting leaguers. Californians never regret their hospitality, but the Press Club will have little occasion to feel well requited for its trouble if its visitors reward hospitality by electing here in San Francisco the bete noire of the San Francisco working journalist as President of the league.

HOW TO GET RELIEF.

The two national parties are, in California, of about equal strength. One party carries the State at one election, and at the next election the other party is quite likely to come out ahead. In both parties the Southern Pacific Railroad Company is the controlling power. That company may be said to have no politics; it is for the party which, at the time, can be made the greater use of. In both parties a large proportion of the voters are opposed to the dominance of the railroad company. These voters do not like the idea that, vote as they may, they must vote to retain the Southern Pacific in power. They do not want to leave the political party with which they have acted to form a party with the Southern Pacific as the sole issue. In a Presidential year especially, it is doubtful if a sufficiently large proportion of the voters in the two parties would detach themselves from the national parties to make opposition to the Southern Pacific effective. What, then, is to be done? The answer is, to form organizations within each party which will enable the voters in each to vote against Southern Pacific candidates. It may be assumed that the machinery of both parties is in the hands of friends of the railroad company. Political preferment in past years has been secured by promising to make the interests of the Southern Pacific Company a first consideration in the case of election. The mass of the voters, therefore, who are opposed to the continued dominance of the railroad company should organize against the Southern Pacific committeemen. Action should be taken before primaries are called, so that a full vote may be cast. The wing of the party which polls the larger vote will elect delegates to the convention. The first convention that will be held will be to nominate delegates to the National Convention. There will probably be four delegates-at-large to the National Conventions and two from each Congressional district. It is entirely within the power of the voters in each district to elect delegates who will not receive instructions from the Southern Pacific. But to do so there must be unity of purpose and organization. If the people let things drift, things will drift the old way. The old channels are worn, but all lead to the offices of the Southern Pacific Railroad Company. We may add that the party which takes the boldest stand against the company and nominates for Congress and the Legislature men most reliable in opposition to the exactions of that company will stand the best chance of carrying the State in November.

WORLD'S FAIR FINANCES.

The National Commission of the World's Fair seems to have placed itself in antagonism to the Local Directory in the application of a gift of $5,000,000 to enable the Local Directory to carry out its plans. Director-General Davis, speaking for the National Commission, says that that commission is not antagonistic to the appropriation, but has not yet made up its mind to recommend it. There has been for a long time a quiet antagonism between the Chicago Directory and the National Commission. The National Commission claims that it is charged with the general duty of directing the fair, while the Chicago Directory think that the city which has given $10,000,000 to the enterprise should exercise some other power than that of selecting sites. While the organization of the World's Fair may be somewhat cumbersome, there is no choice at this stage of proceedings but to proceed as it is. The ability of the American people to present an exhibit that will bear comparison with other world's exhibits is now to be tested. If there is partial failure it will not do to say in excuse that we organized on a defective plan, or that we entrusted the details to incompetent men. The world takes a nation at what it does, not at what it says it might have done. The World's Fair to be held at Chicago next year will be accepted as the best we can do, whether it may be so or not. For this reason we trust rival commissions will patch up their misunderstandings and proceed to the work before them. The Democratic House will probably give the $5,000,000 asked for rather than take the responsibility of refusing to do so.

SAN FRANCISCO A SEAPORT.

The Traffic Association is deliberating upon the best means of relieving the producers of the State from the bondage of the Transcontinental Association. It is understood to be weighing the advantages of American competing railroads, lines of steamers, foreign competing roads and such other methods of transportation as may occur to them. THE CALL has already directed the attention of the association to the almost-forgotten fact that San Francisco is a seaport. Any method of competition which leaves out of consideration this fact will be temporary at best. In the end the competition which will bring the Southern Pacific and all other railroads to fair rates will be by sea. A city lying at the end of a railroad system cannot be a distributing point for any large proportion of the territory these railroads traverse. It is impossible to give a reason why goods should be brought to San Francisco through the cities for which they are destined and carried back from San Francisco to these cities. But when we consider San Francisco as a seaport the case assumes another aspect. The bulk of goods which the interior consumes can be brought to San Francisco by sea at a much lower cost for transportation than they can be landed in interior cities by the railroad. Consequently San Francisco merchants receiving freight by sea may sell to interior merchants at lower rates than Eastern merchants can supply the interior merchant with by way of railroads. The interior merchant buys where he can the cheapest. He gets his goods from New York or Chicago only when the wholesale merchants of these Eastern cities can supply him at lower rates than the San Francisco merchant. San Francisco by being at the western extremity of the railroad system has found that Eastern merchants sell almost all along the line cheaper than the San Francisco merchant can afford. When San Francisco receives the bulk of its goods by sea all this will be changed. Some kinds of goods are brought from Liverpool to San Francisco for $4 per ton. It is estimated that goods may be brought from Eastern ports to San Francisco by steamer at from $8 to $10 per ton. The railroad charges from $20 to $40 per ton. Freight by Panama need not be more than by the Strait of Magellan if a competing line were put on the shorter route. It seems conclusive therefore that competition must come from the sea. The Canadian Pacific is only a temporary expedient. The people of this State are not to be driven to build up a foreign line of road as a means of competition with the transcontinental lines.

A DISCORDANT VOICE.

One of our Eastern visitors thinks San Francisco needs nothing so much as a few first-class funerals. As the same voice has been raised in advocacy of Chinese immigration, there are people in this city who will doubt its wisdom. The voice probably means well, but it does not know what it is talking about. It is urged that in the last three years Denver and Omaha have put up their finest buildings. It may be added also that in Denver, and in Omaha perhaps to less extent, these fine buildings are mostly tenantless. The voice says also that in Seattle and in Tacoma houses spring up as by magic. Possibly they do, but people from these cities complain that they are in the ebb of a boom. They hope to do better in the future, but find things somewhat dull just now. The voice that found its way into print is but an echo of the voice around it. There are a few people in this city who think that the path to prosperity lies through a bond-mill. We must make San Francisco the Paris of America if the $15,000,000 or $20,000,000 of bonds the State Constitution will allow us to issue will do it. The home boodler we will always have with us, and we do not find him difficult to manage, but strangers who know nothing of the conditions they assume to discuss may give us more trouble. They will speak to people who do not know that they are talking about things they know nothing about.

NOT GUILTY.

Sergeant Wittman Exonerated of Bribe-Taking.

Police Commissioner Daniel Burns was absent last night from the meeting of the Board of Police Commissioners. Commissioners Tobin, Alvord and Chief of Police Crowley answered the roll-call.

The charges of receiving money from various persons illegally, preferred by ex-Police Officer P. J. Kelly against Police Sergeant George Wittman, were taken up for hearing by the board. Maggie Smith, Rose Kelly, George Simons and others named by Kelly in his affidavit as having given Wittman money to secure police immunity, were sworn and denied ever having given Wittman any money or any present.

C. J. Stillwell, an Examiner reporter, testified that Simons had told him he had given Wittman $40 to be allowed to run a gambling game without arrest in his saloon on Bush street, near Dupont. Also that he had arranged with Simons that Wittman should be given a marked $20 piece, and that Wittman should then be searched by Chief Crowley. Simons at the last moment declined to carry out the plan. Stillwell stated that he was detailed to investigate the rumors that the police were accepting bribes. He had been unable to discover any proof inculpating Wittman.

Ex-Officer Kelly took the stand and commenced his testimony by referring back to certain occurrences in 1884. As these matters were not included in the present charges brought by Kelly, the Commissioners refused to hear about them, and instructed the witness to confine himself to the preferred charges under consideration. Kelly stated he had no further testimony than that contained in his affidavits to offer.

Sergeant Wittman swore that he had never received any money illegally from any one since he had been on the force.

The Commissioners, in open board, dismissed the charges against Wittman and fully exonerated him.

Spring Valley's Way.

Mrs. J. A. Drinkhouse has sued the Spring Valley Water Company for $110,000 damages for trespassing on her property in San Mateo County. She also demands restitution of her land, which she alleges was arbitrarily condemned for the company's use in constructing its reservoir. She states that the company would not pay her price for the land, but flooded and otherwise damaged it.

From an Unknown Source.

Maurice Schmitt, President of the Board of Fire Commissioners, has been presented with a diamond mounted gold badge by some one unknown to him. The ornament was sent to his residence without explanation.

F. & J. Owens Insolvent.

John Hennessey, W. N. Vincent, George Hose, R. L. Clark and James Moore have petitioned to have F. & J. Owens declared insolvent. The firm's indebtedness to the petitioners is $854.

THE Palace Salt Water Tub and Swimming, 773 Filbert street, are now open for the season.*

SUED ON A NOTE.—J. T. Fleming has sued T. P. Sullivan to secure the payment of a promissory note for $4900.

CLEARANCE sale of lamps at Nathan, Dohrmann & Co.'s, 122-132 Sutter street, below Kearny.

AN INFORMER PAID.—William Ralb was awarded $500 yesterday by Judge Morrow for informing against a lot of opium.

SAN JOSE BANK OF SAVINGS.—The resources and liabilities of the San Jose Safe Deposit Bank of Savings are reported at $2,471,324 84.

CHINESE IMMIGRATION.—One hundred and sixty Chinese, eight of whom were remanded by courts, left for China on the Oceanic on Saturday.

J.F.CUTTER'S OLD BOURBON.—This celebrated whisky is for sale by all first-class druggists and grocers. Trademark—star within a shield. *

A DOUBLE ANNIVERSARY.—The twenty-first anniversary of the union of German States into the empire and the first of the Verein's existence were celebrated on Sunday night by the San Francisco Turn Verein.

MORTGAGE FORECLOSURE.—Suit has been brought by Jacob A. Wilkins to foreclose a mortgage for $1200 on the property of Anna H. Heacken at the southwesterly corner of Mission and Nineteenth streets.

BOARD OF SUPERVISORS

Dr. Artigues Installed—A Salary Grab Nipped.

Dr. Joseph E. Artigues, the newly appointed Supervisor of the First Ward to succeed Henry Evans, deceased, was duly installed in office at last night's meeting of the board.

By resolution immediately adopted Dr. Artigues was appointed to the committee positions occupied by his predecessor, and also to a position on the Judiciary Committee, vice Supervisor Taber, resigned.

The position of gardener at the Columbia square, which was occupied by Thomas Fox, was declared vacant. Fox is the man who was arrested on Saturday for committing an outrageous assault on a little six-year-old girl in the tool-house of the square over which he presided.

The Metropolitan Railway Company was granted permission to explode blasts on O'Farrell street, from Hyde to Laguna, and on Hyde street, from O'Farrell to Eddy, for the purpose of preparing the roadbed of their railway.

A resolution was passed overruling the objections of property-owners to the extension of Potrero avenue, Ellert and Hyer voting in the negative.

Supervisor Ellert fought the resolution on the ground that the district affected was too large and the probability that assessments would be also too large.

Supervisor Taber replied that large districts were the only salvation of such extensive and important improvements. When the district is small the burdens of assessment are correspondingly greater on those who have to foot the bills. It could not be urged that property was going to be assessed that would not be benefitted, because there is not a foot of property in South San Francisco., or for miles on either side of the proposed improvement that would not be materially benefited the moment the work begins. Portrero avenue thus extended will be one of the grand avenues of San Francisco, 100 feet in width and the only direct outlet of the city without heavy grades.

The resolution proposing to grant the Commissioners appointed to open and extend Twenty-fifth and Twenty-seventh avenues and New street, in the Point Lobos District, six months' extension of time was defeated, Burling, Coffee and Williamson only voting for it.

The Commissioners who have this work in hand are A. T. Spotts, C. H. Haswell and John Dougherty, and the entire distance is about four blocks. Supervisor Ellert's objection to the extension of time was that it was a cold steal, that a year to open four blocks was simply outrageous. It was simply a dodge on the part of three politicians to get a few hundred dollars more salary.

A HARD DEAL.

Judge Trontt Declines to Entertain Counselor Clarke's Argument.

The habeas corpus writ of Joseph Wallace, issued by the Supreme Court and made returnable before Judge Trontt, was heard yesterday afternoon. Alfred Clarke appeared as the prisoner's attorney, and struggled with heroic might for an hour or more to convince the Judge that Wallace is and has been deprived of his liberty because the indictment on which he was tried and convicted is fatally defective, in that it does not specify exactly where the offense was committed and just what court had jurisdiction.

The indictment simply specified that the crime was committed "in the city and county of San Francisco," and Mr. Clarke maintained that that is not sufficiently specific, because within San Francisco are many square miles of United States reservations, within which the Federal courts have exclusive jurisdiction. The indictment, he declared, should have read "in the city and county of San Francisco, and not within the United States reservations." In other words, the failure of the indictment to specify that the crime was committed within the city and county of San Francisco, but not in any of the reservations, such as the Presidio, Fort Mason, the Sub-Treasury or the Postoffice, made it fatally defective.

Judge Trontt listened to the counselor with great fortitude, and when he had finished dismissed the writ and remanded Wallace into custody, without even waiting to hear what Assistant Distant Attorney Hinkle had to say on behalf of the people.

DYING BY INCHES.

A Doctor Stood by Unable to Check the Destroyer's Progress.

Speaking of the prevalence of paralysis, says the Pomona Progress, a Los Angeles physician told us the other day that the most trying time in all his experience was during the past five weeks, when he stood hopelessly by and saw a poor ranchman near Puente die by inches of what is known as progressive paralysis. The patient was first taken in one big toe of the left foot. In a short time the limb was paralyzed to the knee, and the disease crept onward as does the irresistable tide. Two physicians were called and all the known remedies were applied to stay the progress of the deadening attack, but in vain. Hour by hour death moved on its victim. The patient was propped up in an arm chair and fully realized his condition. He waited the end with the coolness and bravery of a martyr. As the line of death crept nearer and nearer his heart he made calculations as to how much longer he could live. He said: "Now it has reached the body," indicating the exact place with his finger. In a little while he said: "It has reached the bottom of my lungs." Another short wait and he said, faintly: "It has touched my heart," and he fell over dead! The man literally died by inches.

Young America on the Witness-Stand.

Sometimes a witness appears in court so young that it is a question whether he understands his obligation to tell the truth. Such a little fellow appeared in one of the sessions of the Superior Court the other day. Called before the Judge he was half frightened.

"Do you go to school?" inquired the Judge.

"Yes, sir."

"Does your teacher ever whip?"

"Sometimes," with a grin.

"Where are you now?" continued the Judge.

"I am in the old Court-house."

"Why do you say the old Court-house?"

"'Cause it ain't the new one."

"You'll pass," said the judge.

That reminded one of the lawyers of a similar case before another judge.

"What is all good?" asked the judge.

"God," said the young witness.

"What is all evil?"

"The devil."

"Where do good people, who tell the truth go?"

"To God."

"Where do liers go?"

"They go to the devil," was the prompt reply.—Boston Herald.

Will Wait Ten Years for His Money.

An English estate, valued at upward of $1,000,000, has fallen to the lot of George Tankersley of Wichita, Kans., but who is at present an inmate of the Lansing Penitentiary, through the death of a brother in England. Mrs. Tankersley got the information through a firm of New York lawyers. Tankersley was sent up last spring for burglary, and given a term of ten years, so it will be some time before he can enjoy his new wealth. He was a man of good position once, but his family has been in abject poverty for some time.—Globe-Democrat.

Electric motors have been so greatly improved of late that they will now pull nearly 30,000 pounds.

DIFFICULTIES with the liver and kidneys, causing pains in the back, lassitude and general weakness are readily cured by Hood's Sarsaparilla, the great regulating medicine. Sold by all druggists.

THOSE COMPLAINING of Sore Throat or Hoarseness should use "*Brown's Bronchial Troches.*" The effect is extraordinary, particularly when used by singers and speakers for clearing the voice. *Sold only in boxes.*

OF exquisite flavor, pure and wholesome. Angostura Bitters is a standard table delicacy. Sole Manufacturers, Dr. J. G. B. Siegert & Sons.

LADIES' HOSE DYED. SWAIN'S, 213 Sutter street.

NOTICE OF MEETINGS.

California Chapter, No. 5, R. A. M., will meet THIS (TUESDAY) EVENING, January 19th, at 7:30 o'clock, for business and M. M. degree. By order of the H. P. [1t] FRANKLIN H. DAY, Sec.

Occidental Lodge, No. 22, F. and A. M.—Members are notified to attend the funeral of our late brother, THOMAS L. RUTHERFORD, from Masonic Temple, THIS TUESDAY, January 19th inst., at 2 P. M. By order of the Master. 1t H. JONES, Secretary.

Golden Gate Lodge, No. 30, F. and A. M.—Called meeting THIS (TUESDAY) EVENING, Jan. 19th, at 7:30 o'clock; D. 3. [1] GEORGE J. HOBE, Sec.

The Officers and Members of Ivanhoe Lodge, No. 5, K. of P., are hereby notified to assemble at Pythian Castle, 909½ Market st., THIS DAY (Tuesday) at 11 o'clock A. M. sharp, for the purpose of attending the funeral of our deceased brother, JULIUS UCHOLSKY, of R. A. BATEMAN, C. C. O. OSCROSS, K. of R. and S. 1t

Notice to Stockholders—Consumers' Yeast and Vinegar Works.—There will be an annual meeting of stockholders of the above company at Eintracht Hall, 316 Post st., on THURSDAY afternoon, Jan. 21, 1892, at 2 o'clock. As there will be an election of officers, every stockholder is requested to be present or send his proxy. By order of the Board of Directors. ja19 3t J. F. W. UNFUG, Sec.

MEETING NOTICES—CONTINUED.

Bonita Circle, No. 104, C. O. F.—To the officers and members of Bonita Circle: You are hereby notified to assemble on TUESDAY, at 10:30 o'clock A. M., at the lodge-rooms, Twenty-fourth and Folsom sts., to attend the funeral of our deceased companion, MRS. JANE TUNGATE. By order, JOHN E. SULLIVAN, C. C. C. F. WEDEMEYER, Financial Sec. 1t*

Independent Red Men's Hall Association—The annual meeting of the shareholders of the above association, for the election of Directors for the ensuing term and for the transaction of other business, will take place on TUESDAY, January 26, 1892, at 8 o'clock P. M., at Red Men's Hall, 510 Bush st. C. B. RODE, President. D. H. BOCKMANN, Secretary. ja19 7t

Attention, Woodmen of the World—Important meeting of Golden Gate Camp, No. 64, TO-NIGHT. Attend. A. O. F. Building, 102 O'Farrell st. [1t] H. G. WATROUS, Clerk.

Attention, Democrats Thirty-eighth Assembly District—Headquarters: Grove st. to O'Farrell, Van Ness ave. to the ocean. A meeting of Democrats residing in the Thirty-eighth Assembly District will be held at Power's Hall, cor. Turk and Pierce sts., TUESDAY EVENING, January 19th, at 8 o'clock sharp, for the purpose of organizing a district club. All Democrats are invited. By order of the ja17 2t*SuTu COM. ON ORGANIZATION.

Masonic Cemetery Association.—The annual meeting of the plot-owners in the Masonic Cemetery will be held at the Masonic Temple on TUESDAY EVENING, February 2, 1892, at 7:30 o'clock. ja15 19 22 26 29 fe2 6t GEO. J. HOBE, Sec.

Pacific Endowment League—Members who desire to have the lodge closed and the money divided pro rata call 933 Greenwich st. Glorious news for you. [jl7 3t*] P. J. EGAN.

Greek-Russian-Slavonian Orthodox Eastern Church and Benevolent Society. The annual meeting of the above-named society will be held TUESDAY, January 19, 1892, at 8 P. M., at the S. M. L. and B. Hall, 10 California street. Election of officers and directors for the present year will take place; also other very important business. Fines for non-attendance will be strictly enforced. By order L. C. JANCOVICH, President. GEO. E. DABOVICH, Secretary. jal7 3t

Annual Meeting—The Regular Annual meeting of the stockholders of the Head Center Consolidated Mining Company will be held at the office of the company, No. 310 Pine st., Rooms 15 and 17, San Francisco, California, on THURSDAY, the 28th day of January, 1892, at the hour of 1 o'clock P. M., for the purpose of electing a Board of Directors to serve for the ensuing year, and the transaction of such other business as may come before the meeting. Transfer-books will close on MONDAY, January 25, 1892, at 3 o'clock P. M. J. W. PEW, Secretary. Office, No. 310 Pine st., Rooms 15 and 17, San Francisco, California. ja13 1d

Annual Meeting—The Regular Annual meeting of the stockholders of the Utah Consolidated Mining Company will be held at the office of the company, Room 23, Nevada Block, No. 309 Montgomery st., San Francisco, California, on WEDNESDAY, the 27th day of January, 1892, at the hour of 1:30 P. M., for the purpose of electing a Board of Directors to serve for the ensuing year, and the transaction of such other business as may come before the meeting. Transfer-books will close on SATURDAY, January 23d, at 12 P. M. A. H. FISH, Secretary. Office, Room 23, Nevada Block, No. 309 Montgomery st., San Francisco, California. ja13 1d

Annual Meeting—The Regular Annual meeting of stockholders of the Oceanic Steamship Company will be held at the office of the company, 327 Market st., San Francisco, California, on TUESDAY, the 26th day of January, 1892, at the hour of 11 o'clock A. M., for the purpose of electing a Board of Directors to serve for the ensuing year, and the transaction of such other business as may come before the meeting. Transfer books will close on FRIDAY, January 8th, at 3 o'clock P. M. ja8 1d E. H. SHELDON, Secretary.

Annual Meeting—The Regular Annual meeting of the stockholders of the Sierra Nevada Silver Mining Company will be held at the office of the company, Room 15, Nevada Block, 309 Montgomery st., San Francisco, Cal., on WEDNESDAY, the 20th day of January, 1892, at the hour of 1 o'clock P. M., for the purpose of electing a Board of Trustees to serve for the ensuing year, and the transaction of such other business as may come before the meeting. Transfer books will close on MONDAY, the 18th day of January, at 3 o'clock P. M. E. L. PARKER, Secretary. Office—Room 15, Nevada Block, 309 Montgomery st., San Francisco, Cal. ja11 1d

The Annual Meeting of the Home Benefit Life Association will be held at the office of the association, 101 Sansome st., San Francisco, Cal., on TUESDAY, January 19, 1892, at 2 o'clock P. M. [ja1 20t] J. O. CADMAN.

Annual Meeting—The Regular annual meeting of the stockholders of the Presidio and Ferries Railroad Company will be held at the office of the company, 1111 Union st., corner Sharp's place, San Francisco, Cal., on FRIDAY, the 29th day of January, 1892, at the hour of 2 o'clock P. M., for the purpose of electing seven Directors to serve during the ensuing year and the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the meeting. Transfer books will close on Tuesday, January 12th, at 2 o'clock P. M. JOHN R. LEIGHTON, Secretary. Office—1111 Union st., corner Sharp's place, San Francisco, Cal. dec28 1d

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Mattresses! Mattresses! All Descriptions made over and repaired on your own premises from $1; contracts made with lodging-house keepers and others. Send postal to R. WILLIAMSON, New Washington Hotel, 4th st. 17t

Mme. Slater, 116 Sixth st., Suite 2.—The future of man, woman or child revealed, lost friends found, future of business matters, social events, kinships. Should you wish to know anything pertaining to your future Mme. Slater will tell you. Do not let this rare and golden opportunity pass unimproved. Mme. Slater develops the form, removes superfluous hair and beautifies the complexion. Ladies would do well to consult her. Charges reasonable. 10 to 4 and 7 to 9. ja15 3mo

A Sure and Safe Cure for All Irregular or painful monthly periods, from whatever cause; no instruments used; all female complaints treated successfully; home for patients with best care; results guaranteed by MRS. DR. GWYER, 311½ Hyde st., bet. Eddy and Ellis. ja12 1t

Charles Ashton, 411 Montgomery st.; rents collected; general charge of property; no needless expenditures and no percentages on wages. 26 eod

Coffey's Collection Company, 609 Montgomery st., prompt, experienced and reliable. Laborers' claims, insolvency and probate. Correspondents in every city in the United States, Canada and Australia. ja12 eod 1t

Sig. G. Cipolloni, From Rome, Italy, violin teacher. Donohoe Bldg., R. 83, 16 3m

Mme. Sattler, French Midwife, takes ladies before and during confinement; cheerful home; strictly private. 1109 Mission. j7 3m

Hedemark & Aubry, Real Estate agents; houses rented and rents collected; insurance brokers. 1052 Valencia st., cor. Twenty-second. ja14 1f

If You Are Suffering From Nervous Debility, Spermatorrhœa, Impotence, Malaria or any private disease of any kind, you can be cured in shorter time at less expense at 215 Powell st. than at any doctor's office in the city. ja13 1f

Bad Tenants Ejected for $4. Collections made, city or country. Pacific Collection Company, 636 California st., Room 3. ne2 1f

Female Diseases Successfully Treated MRS. DR. FUNKE, 1416 Eighth, Alameda. 13t

Attention, Ladies—Beware of Impostors who promise so much with their remedies; they rob you of your money and leave you in the same condition; if you desire faithful treatment consult lady physician, the only one on the Coast. MRS. M. DAVIS, 1236 Market st., Murphy Building, the only one that can and will help you. ja6 1f

Book-keeping—Have Had 25 Years practical experience as an accountant; in a short time I can make any one a thorough bookkeeper. "Office Work Addition," TARR, Expert, Room 49, 1170 Market st. ja5 1mo

Abandoned Children in St. Joseph's Infant O. Asylum since January 1, 1890—James Nuhn, age 3 years; Ivon Hoskins, age 4 years; James Wayne, age 4 years. ja10 10t

Books bought and sold. King Bros., 3 Fourth st., near Market. mr27 1f

Whitening Rooms, $1 Up; Papering, $5 up. GEO. HARRIMAN, 513 Tehama st. 12*3m

Miss Amie Fay Has Opened Elegant dressmaking parlors, 1016 Post. d23 6m

Ahead of All! Ladies; Any case, sure relief just as desired; new painless treatment; no operation or risk; 30 yr's practice; no fraud process, method, invention or quackery; never deceive or fail; cure guaranteed; reliable medicines sent; best care in confinement; strict confidence. 9 to 8. Consult call or write, free, only DR. ANTHAN, 229 Kearny st. The childless made parents; fat folks safely reduced.

Dr. C. C. O'Donnell—Office and Res. N.W. cor. Washington and Kearny sts. my27

Character Read From Handwriting; send 50c. KRITIKO, 509 Merchant st. n7 5m

Caution to Ladies—Do Not Be Imposed upon by quacks who copy parts of the advertisements of Dr. and Mrs. Haven, and are presumably too ignorant to write their own; $100 will be paid for any case of female irregularities they cannot cure. Office, 228 Post st., S. F.; 9 A.M. to 8 P. M.

Private Home in Confinement—Female irregularities restored in one day without medicine; competent physician in house; strictest discretion. MRS. C. SCHMIDT, German Midwife, grad. University Heidelberg, 1879. 1211½ Mission st. se2 1y

A Blessing to Ladies—Instant Relief for monthly irregularities from whatever cause; patients who have been imposed upon or unsuccessfully treated by others especially invited; board and skillful attention during confinement; private free. DR. & MRS. HAVEN, 228 Post st.

**All Monthly Irregularities