THE FRENCH FETE.

Enthusiastic Celebration of the Downfall of Tyranny.

Parade and Literary Exercises—Animated Scene at Woodward's Gardens—The Fireworks and Grand Ball.

You know the story of the fall of the Bastile? that story of the birth of liberty in Europe, when the thrones of kings began to totter, and the cry of liberty, equality and fraternity rang out over all the world?

You know that story; every freeman knows it.

Well, to celebrate that event, which but typifies the fall of the throne of France, was all that shouting and rejoicing and flag-waving and parading yesterday in San Francisco.

Every year they do that. It is the French Fourth of July. As all free people in this land help us to make the glorious Fourth a memorable day, so did Americans yesterday help the French to celebrate their anniversary of independence.

Charles S. P. Marais, President of the Day.

The Mayor of San Francisco was at the great fete at Woodward's Gardens. And he said truly that Americans were proud to have the opportunity to celebrate the birthday of French liberty.

America remembered, he said, when France stretched out her hand across the broad Atlantic and clasped the hand of the struggling young republic. Those hands have never been unclasped, he added, and never would be till the ever-growing influence of the work of Washington and Lafayette had spread the doctrine of liberty, equality and fraternity over the whole earth, and the very last king had abdicated his throne.

And the crowd cheered till it was hoarse, and then it still cheered. The bands played the "Marseillaise" and "Star-spangled Banner," and the flags and banners of the two great republics waved side by side, with those of Switzerland and Mexico, till the day's feteing was over.

Aside from the fact that many houses were gay with bunting and that yesterday was a general holiday for the French people, there were three great events, any one of which would in itself have been a fitting celebration for even so famous a day as the anniversary of the taking of the Bastile.

Eugene Robinet, Vice-President.

There was the parade, the literary exercises and the grand ball.

The first was a little late in starting, but its fine showing in numbers and dress more than made up for a little tardiness. It was under command of Grand Marshal M. A. Froment.

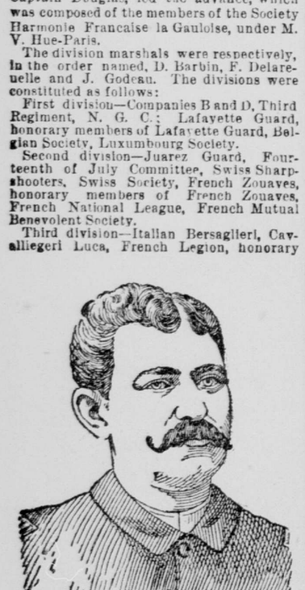
His chief marshal was M. A. Decourtieux, and the aids were J. Laroche and P. Desenfant. A detachment of policemen, under Captain Douglas, led the advance, which was composed of the members of the Society Harmonie Francaise la Gauloise, under M. V. Hue-Paris.

The division marshals were respectively, in the order named, D. Barbin, F. Delarenelle and J. Godeau. The divisions were constituted as follows:

First division—Companies B and D, Third Regiment, N. G. C.; Lafayette Guard, honorary members of Lafayette Guard, Belgian Society, Luxumbourg Society.

Second division—Juarez Guard, Fourteenth of July Committee, Swiss Sharpshooters, Swiss Society, French Zouaves, honorary members of French Zouaves, French National League, French Mutual Benevolent Society.

Third division—Italian Bersaglieri, Cavalliegeri Luca, French Legion, honorary members of French Legion, Lyre Francaise, French Alliance, Societie Francaise de Secours Mutuels, La Gauloise, French colony.



Captain A. Froment, Grand Marshal.

The line of the procession was from Montgomery avenue and Jackson street to Kearny, to Clay, to Montgomery, to Pine, to Kearny, to Market, to Twelfth, to Mission, to Woodward's Gardens.

The gardens had been decorated as they seldom have been decorated before. As you entered the Mission-street gates a striking setpiece stared you in the face. Against a background of stone ramparts hung a multitude of colored Bengal lights arranged in patriotic symbols and suggestive phrases.

On the top they spelled "S. F. Lafayette Guards." On one side was a huge R, on the other a big F, which meant the republic of France. Those letters stared at you all over the gardens.

The French Zouaves and the Legion of France were represented by letters and symbols on the stone wall, and in a niche in the center of the wall was a statue of liberty enlightening the world. There were two stands of arms in front of the statue and an old 16-pounder that looked as though it had seen service in the field.

Captain J. Deschamps, First Secretary.

You pass to the right, now, to enter the grounds in front of the big pavilion and music hall. Japanese lanterns everywhere, Bengal lights in profusion, and red, white and blue bunting and flags of all nations in abundance.

On the banks of the little green hills which form the three terraces to the right of the pavilion were patriotic words and emblems in Bengal lights. "In Union There Is Strength," with the flags of France and the United States crossed, was one of the figures. Another was a huge eagle; to the left "1789," and to the right "1892," was another.

In the pavilion the decorations were profuse and very tastily arranged. A picture of President Carnot under two French flags with the stars and stripes in the center adorned the front of the stage. The setpiece at the back of the stage represented the dawn of liberty—a rising sun surrounded by suitable emblems.

Jules Auradon, General Secretary.

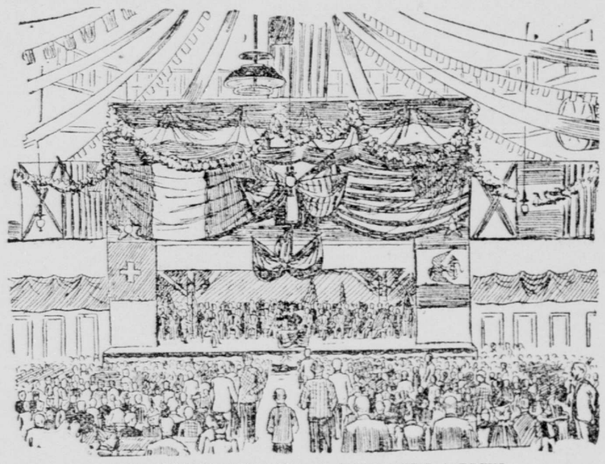
Tri-colored bunting covered the front of the galleries and on every column was a portrait of a revolutionary hero. Overhead the stars and stripes and the French flag hung in rich profusion, while ferns and vari-colored bunting completed the decorations.

"The Glories of France" was rendered as the overture by an excellent orchestra. Then Charles L. P. Marais, president du jour, made the opening address in his native tongue.

This was a day, he said, for all friends of human progress to rally. The fall of the Bastile was celebrated to keep alive in the younger generations the spirit which dominated the heroes of the revolution.

France had gained her liberty and had nothing more to make for herself by the perpetuation of the memory of the birth of her freedom. But Frenchmen would never cease preaching the lessons of the Revolution till all the world was free and untrammeled from the reign of kings and nobles.

They were assembled now in grateful remembrance to the men who gave France liberty, and they contemplated with admiration the role of propagator of liberty that France fulfills in Europe. What happiness must fill his people to meet thus in a free land, surrounded by their friends of all nations, to perpetuate the grandeur of democratic institutions and join themselves in a grand phalanx for the glorification of France.



THE LITERARY EXERCISES AT WOODWARD'S GARDENS.

He was loudly applauded.

A chorus, composed of U. Gray, A. Loiseau, J. Vasselin, J. B. Lacazette, F. Laluix, F. Vergez, J. Bordmare, M. Artigues, A. Cadeuil, B. Laquange, J. B. Perron, J. Pey, M. Perron, E. Girard, L. Causse and MM. Gillet, Boisson, Marcion and Mondadat, rendered "Liberty Enlightening the World."

The next speaker was Charles J. King, representing the Society of Sons of the American Revolution.

If any other than a Frenchman should address a French gathering on the 14th of July, he said, surely that one should be an American. [Applause.] French history was a wonderful history, he thought. From its inception the French nation had great kings, great warriors, great statesmen and great men in the arts, science and in literature, but it was the story of that great soldier Lafayette that most thrilled Americans with pride and enthusiasm for their French cousins.

In all the history of the world most of that written in blood where great deeds had been performed was for personal or national aggrandizement. The story of the French Revolution, as that of the American Revolution, was one of noble endeavor for human liberty, and as such it stood out boldly and uniquely in the struggles of nations.

In all French history there was no parallel to Lafayette. He looked across the water and saw a young country struggling for its freedom from a crowned head. He offered his sword and his life for that young country, and Americans had never forgotten it.

For a Frenchman to come to America was but to leave one republic for another. The feelings with which a French emigrant entered the harbor of New York must be far different from those emotions awakened in the breasts of men from other lands as they first catch sight of that grand statue of liberty. A Frenchman was at home in America. His forefathers had fought for her independence as they had even for the liberties of France. [Long applause.]

Miss Belle Thoane was then introduced. Very beautiful and picturesque she looked in her handsome costume representing Miss Columbia. She sang "Star-spangled Banner" with much effect and was roundly applauded.

Then Mayor Sanderson spoke.

The Frenchmen were our allies and friends, he said, and the two greatest figures in history were Washington and Lafayette. His heart was full of patriotic emotions as he stood there to lift his voice in memory of the birth of human liberty. "Still celebrate your fall of the Bastile," he said, "as we do our 4th of July, and with hearts and hands and souls united we will work with each other to renovate and reform the world."

Now came the musical event of the day, the singing of "La Marseillaise" by M. Perron Jr. He rendered that thrilling revolutionary hymn with stirring force and effect, and was applauded for it to the echo.

The orchestra rendered a potpourri of popular French airs, and the literary and musical exercises came to an end amid much enthusiasm.

On the platform during the literary exercises were seated many well-known citizens, among whom were noticeable Superior Judge Coffey, Tax Collector O'Brien, Mayor Sanderson, J. Coney (the Mexican Consul), Marazzi (Vice-Consul of Italy), Antoine Borel (Consul of Switzerland) and Attorney Ruef.

Supervisor Artigues, Gustav Delongraye and Edward A. Pesoli of the French consulate, Giovanni Branchi, Count Giralmo and E. Robinet; treasurer, V. Marchebout; secretaries, J. Deschamps and J. Auradou.

Early in the evening there was a grand pyrotechnic display. There were many beautiful set pieces and skyrockets and roman candles and what not in the shape of fireworks. One of the big set pieces bore the words in fire:

"WELCOME!
14 JUILLET,
1892."

Victor Marchebout, Treasurer.

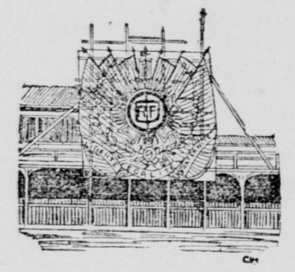
You should have seen Woodward's Gardens last night. The Bengal lights and Japanese lanterns were illuminated when the fireworks were over, and they hung in such profusion about the grounds, so rich were their colors and so vivid their rays, that it was almost as light as day. There were electric lights, too, and with them all and the gay decorations of flags and bunting, the scene was enchanting past pen picturing.

And lastly the ball!

Ah, you should have danced at that ball if never at another. The daughters of La Belle France—well, you know their fame for wit and beauty. You would have thought yourself in the palace of the Tuileries dancing the minuet with grand dames of the courts of the Louis.

And you would not have reached home till long past midnight.

The attendance was very large, both in the afternoon and evening. The celebration of the one hundred and third anniversary of the fall of the Bastile was a huge success from every standpoint. It will live long in the memory of its participants.



One of the pieces of fireworks.

BLINDED BY A BLAST.

A Watchman's Sight Destroyed by a Premature Explosion.

Peter Petersen, a robust laborer who has been employed on the Sutro Aquarium, had his eyes injured yesterday afternoon by an explosion of giant powder and will probably lose his sight.

Petersen had drilled a deep hole in the rock near the Cliff House for the discharge of a blast of giant powder. He placed the cartridge in the hole and poured water into the cavity. A fuse was attached to the cartridge, and Petersen was looking at his arrangement when the cartridge exploded prematurely. His face was just above the opening, and the mud, gas and water thrown up by the explosion struck him with great force. He fell down stunned and sightless.

Petersen was taken to the Receiving Hospital, where Dr. Berry attended him. The physician thinks that Petersen may recover his sight, but will always suffer from the injury he has received. Petersen is a Swede and has been employed for several weeks on the aquarium.

CAMERON WAS BEATEN.

The Administrator of an Estate Is Hardly Used.

There was a lively time in the lodging-house located at 18 Sixth street yesterday, and as a result of it Joseph Niles and W. W. Powers, two lodgers in the place, were locked up in the Southern station on charges of battery, the complainant being G. Cameron.

It appears that on last Monday the proprietress of the house, a sister of Cameron, died, and he was appointed administrator of her estate. When he came to take possession of the premises, however, he says that the door of his sister's room had been nailed up and he could not enter. He broke the door in and was then, he says, assaulted by Niles and Powers, who struck him about the head with their fists. After quite a lively seance with the two Cameron at last escaped and then swore out a warrant for the arrest of the two men who had used him so harshly because he was asserting his legal rights.

Personal Property Taxes.

Personal property taxes for the fiscal year 1891-92 are payable at the Tax Collector's office on Monday next. The taxes become delinquent on the first Monday in August, when the 5 per cent penalty will be added.

A VERY THIN STORY.

An Abortive Attempt to Corrupt a Customs Officer.

The Chinese Vice-Consul Deceived by an Old and Valued Friend—A Fraud Without Arrests.

The "gang" of eavesdroppers, transom climbers and "closet sneaks" employed by a morning paper came to the front again yesterday with a story which consisted of a mountain of falsehood balanced upon a grain of truth.

The previous exploits of the "gang" mentioned and the results have given the people enough information as to the men and methods to make them take any story emanating from such a source with a very large "grain of salt."

The story published yesterday morning was to the effect that the newspaper employing the eavesdroppers had induced one H. Y. Chang, a Chinese lawyer, to undertake to land, with the assistance of others and in consideration of $240, a Chinese who had never been in this country. The means was a forged certificate.

The queer and weird tale goes on to relate how, after a month's work, the Chinese Vice-Consul, King Owyang, was led into being an accomplice in the crime, and George Pattison, an inspector in the customs service, was likewise implicated.

The true story seems to be that a plot was carefully arranged with purchasable Chinese by the "transom-climbers," and they were aided by four respectable merchants. This plot was worked out to make a sensational story for the paper.

On June 2, 1891, Owyeong Tong, aged 40 years, a native of China and a member of the firm of Fook, Hing & Co., 716 Dupont street, sailed in the steamship City of Peking for his native land. While in China he died. His death was well known to the Chinese colony here, as he was distantly related to members of the consular service in this city.

A CHINESE LAWYER.

A few days ago one H. Y. Chang, a Chinese lawyer, a graduate of Yale College and a playmate in childhood, a college-mate and a friend of the Chinese Vice-Consul, called at the Consulate and presented a certificate of Identification to King Owyang, and asked that the same be vised. The certificate called for the identification of Owyeong Gum Tong, whom Chang stated had left this country in 1891, and now wanted to return but had lost his identification papers. The Vice-Consul was asked to vise the certificate as a *duplicate* of the lost papers, the originals being issued June 1, 1891. To the alleged duplicate was attached, as stated, the signatures of four well-known business men who, the "transom climbers" now allege, signed the certificate, knowing it to be a bogus document.

It was the first certificate of identification Chang had ever presented to King Owyang, the Vice-Consul. The two had been children together in China, had gone to school together in Shanghai, emigrated together to this country, were roommates at Yale and graduated at the same time. Then King Owyang came to this city and entered the diplomatic service of his empire, while Chang went to Columbia College, cut off his queue, studied law, was admitted to the bar in New York State and there practiced for a time. His health failed, he went to the Sandwich Islands and then returned here, and being refused admission to the bar in this city became a counselor to his chum and friend, the Vice-Consul.

During his residence in this city Chang has had free run of the Chinese consulate and has advised and counseled with King Owyang for weeks and months. In consequence, when he came to King Owyang and asked, for the first time, the favor of the vise of a duplicate certificate of identification, King Owyang did not refuse him, especially as the said duplicate was signed by four respectable business men, one of whom the Vice-Consul knew well. Besides, as both the Vice-Consul and Chang well knew, the vise of a certificate by the Chinese Consul has no weight with the Collector of the Port. The Collector depends on no records from the Chinese consulate, never consults them, and no matter if every Chinese diplomatic official in the city signed a certificate for a countryman he would require the evidence of reliable white men before the Chinese could land. Neither are the photographs left at the Chinese consulate of any value.

THE VISE.

The intelligent Chinese departing from this country and expecting to return never take the trouble to call at the Consulate for a vise of their certificate of identification, knowing it is, when obtained, worthless. King Owyang said yesterday: "Any Chinese can come in here, show me a paper and ask me to vise it, leave his photograph and go away. I'll vise the paper, throw the photograph in a drawer and that's the last of it. Why? Because your Collector pays no attention to either vise or a photograph filed here."

So much for the story of the eavesdroppers as to the "most important indorsement of all" on the certificate, and be it added that Collector Phelps, as well as his officers, corroborate every statement made by King Owyang.

After Chang had secured the vise of the Vice-Consul and had turned over the certificate to the men who were negotiating with him, the eavesdroppers proceeded to arrange a plan by which they hoped to implicate a customs official.

George Pattison, an inspector who has a record of having sent more Chinese back to China than any other officer in the department, was selected as the victim.

One of the eavesdroppers undressed and went to bed in room 86 at the Occidental Hotel, a second one crawled under the bed, while a third one occupied a position on a table in an adjoining room and peered through the transom. The plan was, as stated, to tell Pattison that they knew he was helping Chinese to land illegally, offer him some promise of reward to help in the case in hand and then get something from him in some way to convict him. The scheme failed.

SUSPECTED A JOB.

Pattison suspected a job when he got the letter, and asked Inspector Noyes to accompany him.

He was in the room with the sick "sleuth hound" but five minutes, and then came away.

His story is as follows: "When I received the letter I suspected a job of some sort. I got Noyes to go with me. When I went to the room I told Noyes if I was not down in five minutes to come up after me. Once in the room and when I heard the statement of the man Stillwell, alias Baker, I simply told him if he was paying any money to any one to land a Chinese he was being swindled, and I then came away."

Careful investigation shows Pattison's story to be truthful, and Collector Phelps believes it, but the latter proposes to give the eavesdroppers a chance to testify under oath as to their charges of Pattison's complicity.

The idea that an old detective like Pattison, even if crooked, would place himself in the hands of an entire stranger without reward or promise of one, but with every prospect of disgrace and years of punishment, is, on the face of it, a proposition that the customs officials declare absurd.

The whole story amounts to simply the fact that Chang, a purchasable Chinese, and some of his purchasable friends were bribed to commit a crime, and that Chang deceived his old friend, the Vice-Consul. Any man, with far less money than $240, can go into Chinatown and find scores of Chinese and white men who will agree to undertake the landing of Chinese on forged certificates. The case of Coots and Moffit, who were shown up by THE CALL a few days ago, and who were arrested within 10 hours after the commission of their crime, is a case in point. It is pertinent that no arrests were caused to be made by the men who engineered the story of the eavesdroppers.

Collector Phelps said yesterday: "We know that the Chinese are constantly scheming to illegally land their countrymen, and we know, too, that white men of prominence and standing in the community are aiding them. There is nothing new in this story. It is a tale told a dozen times a week, except so far as the Vice-Consul and Pattison are concerned. The latter will have a chance to face his accusers where they will testify under oath."

Supposed Suicide.

James Christie, a veteran of the late war, 71 years old and a member of George H. Thomas Post, G. A. R., lies in a box at the Morgue. It is supposed that he committed suicide by poisoning. He was found insensible at the corner of Twenty-fourth and Folsom streets yesterday morning and was taken to the City and County Hospital, where he died last night. He was a native of Ireland, and was a laborer. He was a widower.

HACKED HIS HEAD.

John D. Turner Kills Himself With a Hatchet While Insane.

John D. Turner, who had already celebrated his sixty-seventh birthday, killed himself last night at his residence, 21 Diamond street, by breaking his skull with a hatchet.

Turner was a native of Ireland, and had been employed as a laborer on one of the street railroads. He was injured some time ago and has been ailing mentally ever since. Some time ago he told his wife that he would kill himself.

Yesterday afternoon Mrs. Turner had occasion to leave the house and went down town, leaving her aged spouse apparently in the best of spirits. She returned at 4 o'clock and found him lying insensible on the floor, with a gory gash in his head and a hatchet by his side. She summoned Drs. Soper and Carpenter, but they were unable to do anything for the suicide, who died late last night.

BLAZING FLATS.

A Costly Conflagration Destroys Garden-Street Property.

Fire broke out at 5:48 o'clock yesterday afternoon on the roof of the three-story tenement, numbered 18, 18½, 20 and 20½ Garden street.

The building is owned by George Gilman and occupied by Mrs. Lena Anthony, A. Cohl, William Mitchell, Mrs. Wittenburger and Mrs. Reise. The damage to the building and contents amounted to $1700.

The flames spread from Gilman's building to the adjoining tenement at 22 Garden street, and that building soon became lurid with flying embers. It is owned by J. Cardoza and was occupied by Homer Leonard, Mrs. D. Cummins, D. P. Duncan and Mrs. C. R. Donohoe. The damage to the building and contents amounted to $3000. The fire was caused by a spark from a chimney.

COURT NOTES.

The arbitrators who considered the subject matter of dispute between I. C. Stump and R. M. Murray, growing out of the building of the Colonial Hotel, have reported an award in favor of Murray for $3090.

Frederick Richardson, who entered the new Hibernia Bank building on the 21st of May with intent to steal, pleaded guilty yesterday and Judge Wallace sent him to the House of Correction for two years, in consideration of his youth. Another charge of burglary was dismissed.

R. H. Lloyd and W. S. Wood, as the assignees of Sarah B. Smith, who is the legatee under the will of Luigi Dama, have asked the Superior Court to distribute to them the property of the estate on Pacific avenue, west of Pierce. They were her attorneys in the recent contest of the will.

Lewis B. Cummings, the jeweler, who recently went into bankruptcy, was called yesterday to appear to-day before Judge Hebbard and show cause why he should not be punished for contempt, for not paying alimony as ordered on the 8th of March, when divorced from his wife, Nellie B. Cummings.

Alta Parlor, N. D. G. W.

To-morrow evening Alta Parlor No. 3, N. D. G. W., will entertain its friends in the lodgeroom in Pioneer Building. This parlor, out of which two have already been formed, numbers nearly 300.

The Spanish Class.

The Spanish class in the Lincoln evening school has resumed its studies.

LATEST SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

Arrived.

THURSDAY, July 14.

Stmr Walla Walla, Wallace, 58 hours from Victoria and Port Townsend; pass and mdse, to Goodall, Perkins & Co.

Stmr Protection, Levinson, 52 hours from San Pedro; ballast, to Fort Bragg Redwood Co.

Movements of Trans-Atlantic Steamers.

NEW YORK—Arrived July 14—Stmr Nevada, fm Liverpool.

BIRTHS—MARRIAGES—DEATHS.

[Birth, marriage and death notices sent by mail will not be inserted. They must be handed in at either of the publication offices and be indorsed with the name and residence of persons authorized to have the same published.]

BORN.

THOMSON—In this city, July 14, 1892, to the wife of Andrew William Thomson, a daughter.

RADER—In this city, July 14, 1892, to the wife of C. J. Rader, a daughter.

FROHMAN—In this city, July 10, 1892, to the wife of Ferdinand Frohman, a son.

CURRIE—In this city, July 11, 1892, to the wife of T. A. Currie, a son.

BEGADON—In this city, July 10, 1892, to the wife of Stephen Begadon, a son.

MARRIED.

VULTEE—LEWIS—In this city, July 12, 1892, by the Rev. R. M. Edwards, Charles F. L. Vultee and Louise Lewis, both of San Francisco.

COOK—JONES—In this city, July 13, 1892, by the Rev. Dr. Case, Eugene B. Cook and Jennie Jones, both of San Francisco.

STUART—McKAY—In this city, June 30, 1892, Charles Arthur Stuart and Marjorie McKay.

WADLSTEIN—ECKSTROM—In this city, July 6, 1892, Charles Wadlstein and Augusta Eckstrom, both of San Francisco.

UNGEMACH—SCHINDLER—In this city, July 6, 1892, by the Rev. J. Fuendeling, Julius Ungemach and Helena Schindler.

THOMPSON—BERGLUND—In this city, July 6, 1892, by the Rev. J. Fuendeling, Edward Thompson and E. Sophia Berglund.

HELKENBERG—ALTRUP—In this city, July 7, 1892, by the Rev. J. Fuendeling, Otto Helkenberg and Emilie Altrup.

O'ROURKE—BRITT—July 11, 1892, by the Rev. Dr. Paxton, Hugh O'Rourke and Mary Britt, both of San Francisco.

GOODWIN—MYERS—July 13, 1892, by the Rev. Dr. Paxton, Benjamin F. Goodwin and Martha J. Myers, both of San Francisco.

GANZERT—DAILEY—In this city, July 12, 1892, by the Rev. Thomas Filben, William F. Ganzert and Ellen E. Dailey.

DIED.

Burleigh, Dr. W. E.
Carter, Isadore
Duncan, Fannie
Daly, J.
Dehlholm, Maggie
Dawson, Thomas
Fox, David Charles
Fitzpatrick, Alice C.
Giannini, Eugenio
Giannini, Ernesto G.
Greely, John
Howard, Madeline
Kelley, Rebecca H.
Krausgrill, John G.
Leahy, Michael
Lawrence, Thomas
Lamb, James
Meriner, Mrs. Jane
Medinger, George
Meyer, Charles F.
Noonan, Andrew
Peterson, Captain P.
Rader (infant)
Strothoff, Willie
Sepulveda, Margaret
Shields, Maria
Solari, Giovanni
Tabb, Clara D.
Victor, Mary

LEAHY—In this city, July 12, 1892, Michael, beloved husband of Ellen Leahy, and father of James, Mary, Katie and Alice Leahy and Mrs. Neille Leary, a native of Queenstown, County Cork, Ireland, aged 55 years and 3 months.

☞ Friends and acquaintances are respectfully invited to attend the funeral THIS DAY (Friday), at 8:30 o'clock A. M., from his late residence, 322 Bartlett street; thence to St. James Church, where a solemn requiem mass will be celebrated for the repose of his soul, commencing at 9 o'clock A. M. Interment Holy Cross Cemetery.

PETERSON—In this city, July 12, 1892, Captain P. Peterson, beloved husband of Clara Peterson, and father of Clara, Otto, Frederick and Annie Peterson, a native of Sweden, aged 54 years, 2 months and 9 days.

☞ Friends and acquaintances are respectfully invited to attend the funeral THIS DAY (Friday), at 10 o'clock A. M. sharp, from his late residence, 78 Ninth street. Interment Holy Cross Cemetery.

LAWRENCE—In this city, July 13, 1892, Thomas Lawrence, a native of England, aged 59 years, 9 months and 18 days.

☞ Friends and members of the Bricklayers' Association are respectfully invited to attend the funeral services THIS DAY (Friday), at 10 o'clock A. M., from his late residence, 525 Filbert street. Interment I. O. O. F. Cemetery.

LAMB—In this city, July 13, 1892, James Lamb, a native of Tennessee, aged 83 years, 5 months and 12 days.

☞ The funeral will take place THIS DAY (Friday), at 10 o'clock A. M., from the residence of his daughter, Mrs. W. H. Nash, 1437 O'Farrell street. Interment private.

HOWARD—In this city, July 13, 1892, Madeline, beloved wife of Dr. S. D. Howard, and mother of Clarence A. and Percy Howard, a native of St. Louis, Mo., aged 38 years.

☞ Friends and acquaintances are respectfully invited to attend the funeral THIS DAY (Friday), at 10 o'clock A. M., from 1034 Clay street. Interment Masonic Cemetery. 1

STROTHOFF—In this city, July 13, 1892, Willie Strothoff, beloved child of John and Freda Strothoff, a native of San Francisco, aged 1 year, 4 months and 25 days.

☞ Friends and acquaintances are respectfully invited to attend the funeral THIS DAY (Friday), at 2 o'clock P. M., from the residence of the parents, 978 Fifteenth street, between Noe and Castro. Interment I. O. O. F. Cemetery. 1

KELLEY—In this city, July 13, 1892, Rebecca H. Kelley, a native of New Bedford, Mass., aged 71 years, 2 months and 7 days. [New Bedford papers please copy.]

☞ The funeral services will be held THIS DAY (Friday), at 2 o'clock P. M., at the parlors of N. Gray & Co., 641 Sacramento street. Interment private.

GREELY—In this city, July 13, 1892, John, beloved husband of Ann and dearly beloved father of Agnes Greely, stepfather of James T. Mooney, and brother-in-law of Thomas and James Tierney, a native of the parish of Carriban, County Galway, Ireland, aged 83 years. [Nashville (Tenn.) papers please copy.]

☞ Friends and acquaintances are respectfully invited to attend the funeral THIS DAY (Friday), at 9:30 o'clock A. M., from his late residence, corner of Ferrie and St. Rose streets, off Point Lobos avenue; thence to Holy Cross Church, corner Eddy and Scott streets, for services. Interment Holy Cross Cemetery. 1

SEPULVEDA—In this city, July 14, 1892, Margaret, beloved wife of Henry Sepulveda, known as Morgan, a native of Germany, aged 33 years.

☞ Friends and acquaintances are respectfully invited to attend the funeral TO-MORROW (Saturday), at 10 o'clock A. M., from her late residence, 1522 Guerrero street. Interment Mount Calvary Cemetery.

SHIELDS—In this city, July 14, 1892, Maria Shields, beloved sister of R. H. Shields and Mrs. A. Ferguson, a native of Dublin, Ireland, aged 71 years. [St. Louis papers please copy.]

☞ The funeral will take place TO-MORROW (Saturday), at 8:30 o'clock A. M., from 721 Shotwell street; thence to St. Peter's Church, Alabama and Twenty-fourth streets. Interment Holy Cross Cemetery.

DEHLHOLM—In San Ardo, Maggie, beloved wife of Ross and mother of Vinnie Dehlholm, daughter of the late Patrick and Mary Coyle, and sister of Mrs. Thomas Linnehan, Mrs. C. E. Bean and Joseph P. Coyle, a native of Iowa Hill, Placer County, Cal., aged 30 years and 10 months. [Troy (N. Y.) papers please copy.]

BURLEIGH—In this city, July 14, 1892, Dr. W. E. Burleigh, beloved husband of Amy E. and father of Horton Burleigh, a native of Massachusetts, aged 47 years.

KRAUSGRILL—In this city, July 14, 1892, John George Krausgrill, a native of Germany, aged 33 years, 4 months and 11 days.

MEDINGER—In this city, July 14, 1892, George Medinger, a native of Hamburg, Germany, aged 48 years, 8 months and 15 days.

DUNCAN—In this city, July 13, 1892, Fannie Duncan, a native of France, aged 71 years.

RADER—In this city, July 14, 1892, Infant daughter of C. J. and Nellie Rader.

FOX—In this city, July 13, 1892, David Charles, beloved husband of Norma R. Fox, a native of New York, aged 42 years.

MEYER—In this city, July 13, 1892, Charles F. Meyer, a native of Prussia, aged 54 years and 7 months.

FITZPATRICK—In this city, July 13, 1892, Alice Caroline Fitzpatrick, aged 10 months.

GIANNINI—In this city, July 12, 1892, Eugenio Giannini, aged 4 years and 2 months.

GIANNINI—In this city, July 12, 1892, Ernesto Giovanni Giannini, aged 6 years, 1 month and 13 days.

CORTER—In this city, July 12, 1892, Isidore Corter, aged 9 years.

DAWSON—In this city, July 10, 1892, Thomas Dawson, a native of New York, aged 50 years.

SOLARI—In this city, July 11, 1892, Giovanni Solari, aged 7 years and 4 months.

NOONAN—In this city, July 13, 1892, Andrew Noonan, aged 1 day.

TABB—In Oakland, July 9, 1892, at her late residence, 1317 Tenth street, Clara D., beloved wife of W. C. Tabb, a native of Virginia, aged 29 years and 6 months.

VICTOR—In San Leandro, July 12, 1892, Mary, beloved wife of Antonio Victor, a native of the Azore Islands, aged 53 years, 2 months and 18 days.

MERINER—Near San Anselmo, Marin County, July 13, 1892, Mrs. Jane Meriner, mother of J. B. and O. B. Short, Mrs. U. M. Gordon and Mrs. Ben Partee, a native of Maryland, aged 53 years.

CITY AND COUNTY HOSPITAL.

DALY—In the City and County Hospital, July 13, 1892, J. Daly.

DON'T BE ON THE FENCE,

But decide how you are going to vote. Don't be in a quandary where to purchase shoes.

Find a reliable place where good shoes are always kept. At such a place you generally find the prices right. Ours are, and we intend to treat a customer well in every way. We may not talk to you of bargains, etc., but we always have as good as you can expect anywhere.

Ladies' Elegant Oxford Ties, only $2 50. Boys' Calf School Shoes, $1 50.

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jy15 tf FrSuWe

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They act directly and promptly on the Liver and Stomach, restoring the constipated organs to healthy activity, and are a positive and perfectly Safe Cure for Constipation, Liver Complaint, Sick Headache, Biliousness and all other diseases arising from a disordered condition of the Liver and Stomach.

They are the ONLY RELIABLE VEGETABLE LIVER PILL SOLD; They are PERFECTLY HARMLESS; They are PURELY VEGETABLE; TRY THEM.

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Deposits received from $1 upward.
Inquire into the Sec. comp department so popular among children.
Rent a Box for your valuables in the Safe Deposit Vaults on the Ground Floor.
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mr4 tf FrWeSp

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NOW OFFERS FAMILY PLOTS

For sale in any size required.
The cemetery is non-sectarian and is laid out on the lawn plan, thereby saving the lot-owners the great and useless expense of coping, at the same time making it a beautiful burial place.
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W. J. BLAIN, Superintendent.
my29 SuWeFr tf

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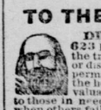

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MISCELLANEOUS.

S. F. No. 1. DONT YOU KNOW THAT WHEN YOU BUY SOAP MADE IN OTHER PLACES YOU MUST PAY THE EXTRA COST OF FREIGHT.

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RAILROAD FREIGHTS AND CHARGES. FROM OTHER MARKETS TO S. F.

IS MADE HERE BY EXPERT HOME LABOR YOU SAVE MONEY AND LABOR IN WASHING TOO.

No. 2. P

WIELAND & DINMORE
MAKE IT (S. F.)

STATEMENT
....OF THE....
CONDITION AND AFFAIRS
....OF THE....

WILHELMA of MAGDEBURG
GENERAL INSURANCE COMPANY,

OF MAGDEBURG, GERMANY, ON THE 31ST day of December, A. D. 1891, and for the year ending on that day, as made to the Insurance Commissioner of the State of California, pursuant to the provisions of sections 610 and 612 of the Political Code, condensed as per blank furnished by the Commissioner.

CAPITAL.	
Amount of Capital Stock, paid up in cash	$750,000 00
ASSETS.	
Real Estate owned by Company	$283,285 45
Loans on Bond and Mortgage	3,622,558 93
Cash Market Value of all Stocks and Bonds owned by Company	293,701 65
Amount of Loans secured by pledge of Bonds, Stocks, and other marketable securities as collateral	8,787 50
Cash in Company's Office