

# WHAT'S THE MATTER WITH THE 'FRISCO BOYS?

## Place Us Where You Will We'll Always Prove Winners!

### The Championship Belt of the United States Was Won Last Evening by a 'Frisco Boy.

### The Largest and Handsomest Male At-tiring Establishment in the United States Belongs to 'Frisco Boys!

YOURS, WITH STATE PRIDE AT HEART,

San Francisco Boys! **R=A=D-H=A-E-L'S!** Born and Bred Here!

## 9, 11, 13 and 15 Kearny Street.

### NOT A CHOLERA SHIP.

#### A Needless Scare About the Frank Pendleton.

### SHE COMES FROM CALCUTTA.

#### Two Deaths From Dysentery Lead to a Very Sensational Story—Local Quarantine Matters.

The sensation monger had a cheap triumph yesterday in the report that the ship Frank Pendleton from Calcutta had had two deaths from cholera, and was a cholera-ship in the most dismal acceptance of the term.

There is nothing in the nature of improbability about cholera, traveling round the globe, usually does in each of its great epidemics. It is not as swift as Ariel's girdle. It does not circumscribe the world in forty minutes, but it gets there all the same.

On the other hand the notion of a ship 133 days out, arriving with a healthy crew, after two men had died on board from dysentery four months before, being classed as a cholera-ship, is too ridiculous to need comment.

The men who died on the Pendleton had not even sailed out of a cholera port.

Dr. Lawlor, when interviewed yesterday by a CALL reporter, simply ridiculed the idea that the men had died of cholera, or that the vessel was a cholera-ship, as that dreaded term is commonly understood.

"I have detained the ship," he said, "simply as a matter of extra precaution and to fumigate her. She lies off Goat Island, opposite Lombard-street wharf. I have here a consular certificate from H. Scott, United States Consul at Madras, to which port the vessel was journeying from Calcutta when the deaths occurred.

"Calcutta is not a cholera port, but there is an inconsistency in Consul Scott's statement which largely influenced me in detaining the ship.

"The certificate states that the ship Frank Pendleton of Swansport, Captain Nichols commanding, having on board one passenger, the captain's wife, leaves the port of Madras in free pratique bound for San Francisco.

"The certificate further says that good health is enjoyed in Madras and the adjacent country without any species of plague, cholera or contagion."

"But the Consul admits that there were 14 deaths from cholera and twelve from smallpox in the previous week.

"The two men who died on the Pendleton had not reached Madras and while Captain Nichols said nothing of their death, it may be set down as very unlikely that the event was due to cholera in either case.

"I told Captain Nichols to allow no one to leave the ship except himself, had the quarantine flag hoisted and the whitehall poles ordered off.

"It is not called by Dr. Keeney, the Health Officer.

In view of the public interest in keeping cholera at bay, THE CALL recently offered to furnish an able physician, free of charge, to the city to assist the Health Officer in its precautionary measures.

The offer was hailed by the Mayor as timely, and the next day the Health Officer petitioned the Board of Supervisors for

authority and means to engage twelve extra health inspectors, such as THE CALL offered to provide free.

It can hardly be thought that the Board of Health has any methods or intentions which it is afraid of THE CALL might witness as a health inspector, and give the public the benefit of.

Not is it likely that the board feared interference in any of its departments, for it was expressly stipulated that the physician should be under the orders of the Health Officer.

Besides, it was intended to ask that the physician, if accepted, should be appointed to assist the Quarantine Officer, which would presumably oblige all fears on that score.

Nevertheless, for reasons that appear inexplicable, the board has not seen fit at the present juncture to accept THE CALL'S offer, as the following letter shows:

HEALTH DEPARTMENT (CITY AND COUNTY) OF SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.  
NEW CITY HALL, September 7, 1892.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE MORNING CALL:—I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of the 5th inst., wherein you so kindly offer to provide this department with an able physician as health inspector, for the duty required.

I assure you, gentlemen, I fully appreciate your generous spirit for the public good and your prompt offer to aid in placing the city in an exceptional sanitary condition.

If I find it necessary to avail myself of your services, I will notify you. Most respectfully yours,  
JAMES W. KEENEY, M.D., Health Officer.

### THE HEALTH COMMITTEE.

Supervisors Are Keenly Alive to the Sanitary Situation.

At a meeting of the Health and Police Committee of the Supervisors yesterday afternoon the communication of Health Officer Keeney asking for \$5000 for the engagement of twelve additional inspectors and the purchase of disinfectants was referred to the Finance Committee in the absence of funds to pay for more inspectors.

It was agreed to furnish disinfectants as required by the board.

Chairman Wilkinson then called the attention of the Health Officer to an article in THE MORNING CALL regarding a "morgue" for dead animals at the southeast corner of Grove and Buchanan streets.

In the article property-owners had asked THE CALL to voice their complaints against all kinds of dead animals being stored on a fifty-vara lot at the quarter named, bringing evidence that the nuisance is of the most objectionable type.

Dr. Keeney at first said he didn't believe a word of it, but Chairman Wilkinson firmly insisted on the existence of the internal evidence of the article's accuracy.

Then the Health Officer fell back on the plea that no such complaints had reached his office.

He was directed to look into the matter without delay.

Those present passed two resolutions in view of the approach of cholera. The first was that the purchase of Shag Rock for a quarantine station be consummated.

The second resolution recommended the appointment of a committee to secure legislation for the issuance of \$20,000 of 4 per cent bonds for city sewerage purposes and thus to give employment to 10,000 idle laborers, itself one of the best sanitary measures.

Both resolutions were favored by the committee.

The committee also reported in favor of leasing a house owned by one Cannon on Mission road for the establishment of a police station at Ocean View at \$25 a month, the house to be fitted up as the Chief of Police desires at Cannon's expense.

### OVERLAND QUARANTINE

Discussed by the Local and State Boards of Health.

The State Board of Health is considerably exercised over the matter of overland quarantine in the event of cholera getting an entrance into the country in the East.

Yesterday morning a joint meeting of the State and local boards was convened in the office of the latter.

Those present were: Mayor Sanderson, in the chair; Drs. W. H. Mayo, Leonard and Regensburger, of the local board; Drs. Corcoran of Los Angeles, Huggles of Stockton, Remondino of San Francisco, and W. H. Mayo, State Quarantine Officer, and Dr. Keeney, local health officer.

A general discussion took place on the question of quarantine.

Dr. Regensburger thought the greatest danger from cholera infection was not by sea but by land. He advocated the locking of all entrances to the State the moment cholera was known to be in the country and

that a strict quarantine be enforced. All baggage, freight and the clothing of passengers should be fumigated as well as the cars. The passengers and baggage should be put in a new train of cars this side of the border. That was the only way to shut it out.

Dr. Mays concurred.

Dr. Laine saw difficulty in the way of carrying out a strict quarantine. They could not get the National Guard to form a cordon all along the border. He thought a land quarantine impracticable. They could only do all that was practically possible.

Dr. Corcoran said: "We have only an appropriation of \$5000 and would have to get the State Legislature to make a further appropriation."

The Mayor saw no difficulty in fumigating the baggage. When he was on the Danube the officials opened the baggage, spread out the contents and fumigated them by spraying. Why not do the same here?"

Dr. Mays said: "We ought to place cordon at the four main points—Truckee, Ashland, Yuma and the Needles—a strict land quarantine practicable. But where there was a suspicious case the car should be sidetracked, the patient taken out and put in a hut or tent. He suggested an alliance between the States of Oregon, Washington and California, and by acting in concert they could do a great deal of good. The greatest danger was from the Canadian border."

Dr. Corcoran thought it quite feasible to stop all cars at the border and prevent them from entering the State.

Dr. Lawlor explained the system of fumigating the baggage of passengers by land.

After further discussion Dr. Mays moved that the Washington authorities be urged to have the new fumigating steamer put in commission at once to be adopted.

As Dr. Mays desired to get away, he moved that the superintendent and the resident physician of the City and County Hospital and the superintendent of the County Almshouse be not allowed any outside practice. The motion was adopted by a large vote.

Dr. Regensburger read the report of the special committee regarding rules for the prevention of cholera already published.

The report was adopted and 5000 copies ordered to be printed and distributed.

The meeting adjourned till 7:30 p. m.

At the afternoon meeting C. F. Crocker and A. N. Towne of the Southern Pacific Company were present.

Dr. Lawlor explained the gist of the morning's discussion.

Mr. Crocker gave the assurance that everything would be done by the Southern Pacific to help the board, and it would see that all regulations were thoroughly carried out.

A great discussion ensued as to the best means to be adopted so that, while using every precautionary measure, due regard would be paid to the convenience of the traveling public.

Dr. Remondino then moved the following resolution:

Resolved, In view of the fact that domestic ports of San Diego and Puget Sound on the Pacific Coast are unprotected by efficient and well-equipped quarantine stations, and that vessels touching these ports are not subject to further quarantine at San Francisco, we would urge the Treasury Department of the United States to immediately equip them with the most approved form of disinfection apparatus and erect such temporary shelter as the probable urgency of the situation may require.

It is believed that the placing of these stations in as efficient a condition as the one at San Francisco will not only simply protect the maritime ports of the coast, but will assist more than any other measures could to make effective the system of land quarantine contemplated by the State authorities and at the same time ally public apprehension by a feeling of security due to having made all possible efforts to guard against the epidemic.

The resolution was adopted by the State board and concurred in by the local board, and the joint meeting adjourned.

### HE BETRAYED HIS TRUST.

#### J. Thompson of St. Paul in for Embezzlement.

#### He Does Not Deny His Crime—Sheriff Bean Will Start With Him for the East To-Night.

Yesterday afternoon Detective Silvey, accompanied by Sheriff E. S. Bean of St. Paul, Minn., walked into A. Lusk & Co.'s place on Brannan street, near Third, and going up to an old man employed there as shipping clerk, said to him, "We want you."

"Yes, yes, I know. All right, all right," said the gray-haired old man, and he went and got his coat and hat and then walked to the City Prison between the officers, crying softly on the way.

The man arrested was Charles J. Thompson, late of the well-known insurance firm of Schwartzburg & Thompson of St. Paul.

He is a man who for years was looked upon in his native city as one of the foremost business men of the place.

Among other positions of prominence Mr. Thompson was secretary of the People's Building and Loan Association of St. Paul and did much to build up that now wealthy corporation.

He was induced to invest in some electrical inventions and soon found himself short of money. He drifted around until he borrowed from the funds belonging to the Building Association, and it was not long until he found himself short \$3000 or more in his accounts.

One night he, with his family, fled from St. Paul, going to Victoria, B. C. There he could not get anything to do, so he came here, locating his family in Berkeley.

At first Thompson tried to earn a living as an insurance solicitor, but it didn't pay.

He was too old to compete with the speedy boys on the coast. He drifted around until he finally secured the position in which he was found when arrested.

Thompson does not deny his crime, but seems heartbroken.

To-night Sheriff Bean will start with him for St. Paul. The man is destitute almost, and will leave his family in a needy condition.

The Sutter-street Railway Company has sued the Omnibus Cable Company for tearing up some of its roadbed and cutting its slot and channel-rail for a "turn-out" for the horsecar system on Montgomery street. Judge Sanderson has granted a temporary injunction on proceedings.

Are you going to the ball game? Just stop a moment and get a package of White's Yuccatan Gum before you start. You will enjoy the game much more.

### MONEY KINGS IN SESSION.

#### Convention of the American Bankers' Association.

### ORATORY AND BUSINESS.

#### The Three Days' Grace System Is Abolished. John McKee Talks of Pioneer Financing in California.

The seventeenth annual convention of the American Bankers' Association held its opening session in the California Theater yesterday.

It is no ordinary convention. The absence of the noise and bustle one is accustomed to find when conventions are held, and above all the surroundings appropriate to the wealth represented by the delegates.

Luxurious armchairs, costly rugs, elegant electric lights, fine furniture and pleasing stage settings awaited the money kings as they filed into the theater at 10 a. m. yesterday.

In the galleries and boxes there were a number of ladies, who remained throughout the session as interested and interesting spectators.

An orchestra furnished introductory concert music.

President Richard M. Nelson of Selma, Ala., called the convention to order, introducing Rev. Dr. Horatio Stebbins, who offered a prayer.

The first speaker was John McKee, cashier of the Tallant Banking Company, who welcomed the delegates in the name of the bankers and merchants of San Francisco.

Mr. McKee's address was a masterpiece in construction, and he delivered it in an easy and pleasing manner.

After expressing pleasure to be able to greet the visitors, so that by friendly intercourse we might learn to know our business friends from other States, the speaker referred to our extreme Western location, and said that their presence here brought to mind something of the Californians' own early experiences in the land from which they came.

Then he drew a fine word-painting of the youthful days of the men who are now at the head of large commercial enterprises in this State. He described vividly how the stories they read of the Western borderland directed their thoughts westward, and stimulated a desire to cross the Rocky Mountains and seek their fortunes on the shores of the Pacific Ocean.

"May we not then give expression to a little feeling of pleasant surprise on being reminded by you in a personal way that one memory may include within its reach the continent, and of the great natural beauties they must doubtless have seen and wondered at."

The mighty progress of the Western States during the short span of time they have been known to the rest of the world was the next theme, and a brief outline of the geographical dimensions of this State and its resources followed. Mr. McKee, then referring to the Bank Commissioners' report, mentioned incidentally that in the new State 208 commercial and savings banks are engaged in business, and then again becoming reminiscent he spoke of the troubles of the financiers in the days of '49.

Speaking of the present needs in the Western money world the speaker said: "The Government and national bank paper currency enter more largely into our money circulation, and it may be safely said that California bankers are not averse to a mixed circulating medium, including paper currency, based, under suitable limitations, upon deposits of the precious metals."

Pointing out a few matters which he hoped the convention would consider, Mr. McKee mentioned a seeming need for a uniform, simple but comprehensive bill of lading, and for an efficient and equitable general bankrupt law.

Concluding his remarks, the orator hoped

that the proceedings of the convention in this city would serve to unite more closely by friendly bonds of concord and mutual service citizens of the several States of our Union.

Governor Markham, who was to welcome the guests in behalf of the State, was prevented by illness from being present, and W. H. L. Barnes was therefore introduced as the representative.

Mr. Barnes gave the State's greeting to the visitors in his usual happy manner. His speech was full of wit, but nevertheless it sparkled with gems of humor and sentiment.

"I fear I can hardly hope to please so many bankers," he commented, "for I never care to speak even to one banker. If I do, it is only after he has repeatedly sent for me. Had I the privilege of introducing a resolution in a convention like this one, I would ask that the use of red ink be abolished in bankbooks. It looks bad, resembles California, and then he eloquently spoke the praises of this State, its wonderful scenery, climate and resources."

In an interesting manner, Mr. Barnes then spoke of the legend and poems written about the discovery of the mythical Western land, which afterward was named California, and then he eloquently spoke the praises of this State, its wonderful scenery, climate and resources.

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President Nelson's annual address, which followed, was very brief. He referred to former conventions, and said a few complimentary things about California and San Francisco.

Then he hoped that as the work of the convention progressed valuable suggestions would be made and acted on.

Professor Edmund J. James of the Wharton School of Finance and Economy, University of Pennsylvania at Philadelphia, delivered an address on the "Higher Education of Business Men in Europe and America."

Being invited in 1891 by the Bankers' Association to visit the leading centers of financial education in Europe and to make a report, Professor James in his address reviewed the subject thoroughly.

E. B. Follen, vice-president of the National Bank of the Republic of New York City, read an address to the memory of John Jay Knox, the late vice-president of the association and of the California Hotel.

Mr. Follen's tribute to the many virtues of his lifelong friend was extremely touching, and as he read it with steadily growing emotion, tears glistened in the eyes of many of the graybearded bankers, who all knew and esteemed Mr. Knox during his lifetime.

After a recess for thirty minutes was taken at 1 o'clock, during which a fine luncheon was served in the lobby. It was given by Manager Knicker of the California Hotel.

The afternoon session was devoted to the hearing of reports.

H. H. Hildreth of Philadelphia, chairman of the Executive Council, made his report. It contained a number of recommendations for minor changes in the constitution, all of which were adopted.

The only recommendation of the Executive Council that met with opposition was that the three days' grace system on notes, drafts and bills of exchange should be abolished.

Secretary Ewing of Pennsylvania, Van Alden of Albany, N. Y., and White of Cincinnati, wanted the "grace" system to continue. They claimed it is a time-honored, harmless custom, and that there was no need of its abolition.

Tracy of Illinois, Northrup of Wisconsin, Sherwood of Michigan, and several others argued in favor of a resolution abolishing the "grace" system, and called it a relic of stage-coaches and slow sailing vessels.

After much discussion the resolution was adopted and the abolitionists gained their point.

Treasurer George F. Baker of New York reported that a balance of \$12,315.46 was on hand and on motion it was decided that \$10,000 of the amount be invested so as to bear interest.

Secretary William B. Greene of New York reported sixty-nine new members during the year, sixty-two have withdrawn, seven closed by voluntary liquidation and eight failed. Two hundred and seventy-eight persons connected with affiliated banks died during the year and the total membership as it stands to-day is 1885.

the Fearless will accommodate all who care to go.

The start will be made from Mission street Pier No. 1.

### PRESS CLUB MATINEE.

The Newspaper Writers Will Give an Entertainment Shortly.

The Press Club of San Francisco will inaugurate a series of special entertainments by giving a grand matinee performance in the Baldwin Theater on Thursday, September 23.

All the leading artists performing in the principal theaters will combine to make the entertainment more than ordinarily attractive.

The full programme, which will be published shortly, will contain many novel features, the best journalistic talent in this city being now engaged in inventing surprises for their patrons on this occasion.

It is expected that the affair will be a society event, and although the fact that the matinee will be given has not been made public heretofore, there are already a number of applications on hand for seats coming from the leading society people of this city.

It is the intention of the Press Club men to provide several unique performances for the amusement of the public during the coming season.

### FROM CARMEN ISLAND.

#### A Big Cargo of Salt and a Little Bit of Geography.

Among the arrivals yesterday was the barkentine Modoc, from Carmen Island, with 600 tons and 1000 bags of salt.

The island is situated in the Gulf of California in latitude 25 deg. 25 min. north, and longitude 111 deg. 10 min. west. It is just below Loreto, which town was the ancient capital of the two Californias and where a mission was founded as early as 1697.

Salt Pond village, on Carmen Island, is near the head of Salinas Bay. The pond is separated by a strip of single beach from the sea. Although the sea water never enters the pond there is an unending supply of pure salt at the bottom, which accumulates as fast as it is removed.

Close to the pond is a large natural cave in the cliff, which is inhabited during the summer months by the people of the village to escape the heat, mosquitoes and gnats.

The supply of salt, which is practically unlimited, is entirely consigned to San Francisco.

Judge Shafter's Estate.

Julia S. Hamilton, daughter of the late Judge James McM. Shafter, has applied for letters of administration on the estate of her father.

The late Judge died on the 25th of August last and left no will.

The estate is valued as follows: Real estate in this city, \$30,000; in Marin County, \$40,000; personal property, \$30,000; total \$100,000.

The heirs-at-law are Mrs. Hamilton and the two sons, Payne J. and James C. Shafter, the first-named son residing in Marin County and the second in this city. Both sons, who are adult, request that their sister be appointed special administratrix.

### STOP

spending your money for worthless medicines and buy a bottle of WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY

### THAT

will prove of inestimable value, as it is almost certain to cure at once that severe and rasping

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soil to mylThSaTuA WY

### A Famous French Chef

once wrote: "The very soul of cooking is the stock-pot, and the finest stock-pot is

### Liebig Company's Extract of Beef."

Genuine only with steatorolene. Irresistible in improved and economic cooking. For Sale in all Groceries, Sausages and Made Dishes.

### Tuft's Tiny Pills

will cure these troubles. Do not miss. Price 25c. Office, 39 Park Place, N. Y.

### CONSUMPTION

and all lung diseases in the early stages, prevented and cured by the use of Winchester's HYPOPHOSPHITE OF LIME AND SODA

It is a Pure Soluble and will not disarrange the most delicate stomach. Send for Circular. Price \$1.00 per bottle.

PREPARED ONLY BY WINCHESTER & CO., Chemists 162 WILLIAM ST., N. Y.

### CONRAD! CONRAD! CONRAD!

While it is true I have been chosen the President of the Louisiana State Lottery Company, vice M. A. DAUPHIN, deceased, I still retain the Presidency of the Gulf Coast Ice and Manufacturing Company, so all proposals for supplies, machinery, etc., as well as all other business communications should be addressed to me here as heretofore.

PAUL CONRAD, Lock Box 1358, New Orleans, La.