CANNOT GO BACK.

All of the Truth Must Come Out.

WHO HAS BEEN DERELICT?

Congress Will Proceed to Look Into the Status of Affairs on the Isthmus.

Special to THE MORNING CALL.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 27.—The resolution adopted by the House Committee on Rules to-day for the investigation of the Panama canal and railroad and the Pacific Mail Steamship Company is, as foreshadowed in these dispatches, a combination of the Geary and Fellows resolutions. Catchings prepared the resolution of to-day, and according to the custom of the Rules Committee its text will not be made public until it is presented to the House for passage. It would have passed to-day but for the adjournment on account of Blaine's death. It provides for a select committee of five representatives in Congress to investigate the Panama canal and the relation it has borne and does bear to the Panama railroad; provides for an inquiry as to what became of the $2,000,000 alleged to have been expended in America, and whether it was spent through the instrumentality of the Panama railroad as alleged; inquires into the condition of affairs on the Isthmus with reference to American commerce and the transportation question; provides for an investigation of the Pacific Mail Steamship Company, especially as to the allegation that it receives a subsidy from the transcontinental railroads, while at the same time accepting a Government subsidy, to promote commerce, and asks that some remedy for the existing evils be recommended by the committee. It is understood that Fellows will be chairman of the investigating committee and Geary a member of it.

Speaker Crisp said to THE CALL correspondent to-night that the resolution would be presented to the House during the morning hour to-morrow and would then be revealed to the press.

"This is a matter of great interest to the people of California," said Mr. Crisp. "I am tolerably familiar with the transportation question out there."

The Speaker then discussed the matter in a way that showed he had given the subject more than ordinary attention. He said he thought the committee of investigation would make a trip to New York, but would not have time to go to San Francisco.

"This Congress is too near its close," said he, "the Senate, being a continuous body, can appoint committees to sit during recess. If it is found necessary to examine the books of the transcontinental railroads to ascertain what amount of money, if any, is paid by these lines to the Pacific Mail Company, a Senate committee authorized to send for persons and papers might be sent out there."

SOME COAST GOSSIP.

Attorney Orr in a Decidedly Bad Plight.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 27.—Senator Felton and Representative Loud appeared at the Navy Department to-day in the interest of F. Aleyne Orr, an attorney of San Francisco, who represents the majority of the sailors who have indemnity claims pending as a result of the "Baltimore incident" during the Chilean war. Orr holds the power of attorney of his clients and wishes the Navy Department to pay him 25 per cent as his fee agreed upon. Secretary Tracy to-day positively refused to recognize Orr's power of attorney. He claimed that the fee of 25 per cent was extortionate and declared that an attorney could accomplish nothing for his clients in cases like this, where the indemnity was agreed upon after diplomatic negotiations were concluded.

The friends of D. M. Cashin, ex-Deputy Collector at the port of San Francisco, who was alleged to have been implicated in illegal operations with Charles M. Levy, are trying to have Cashin return to the United States from British Columbia, where he went soon after the expose.

Irving M. Scott is at the Arlington Hotel again. He expects that the official report of the Monterey's trip will be received at the Navy Department to-morrow. Charles Cramp of Philadelphia, who is also at the Arlington, says that he believes the next Congress will authorize the construction of additional war vessels.

Lieutenant and Mrs. Richardson Glover gave a dinner party last night. The decorations were of La France roses. The guests were: Secretary Tracy, Senator Allison, Lieutenant and Mrs. T. B. M. Mason, Commodore and Mrs. Ramsay, Mr. and Mrs. James Wadsworth, Mrs. Ash of San Francisco and Miss Jeannette Riggs.

PENSION MONEY.

The Proposed Reforms in the System Come to Nothing.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 27.—The Appropriation Committee has agreed on the pension appropriation bill. It carries an appropriation of $106,400,000, an increase of $20,662,650 over the appropriation for the current year.

The recommendation of the sub-committee that no pension shall be paid to any persons under the dependent pension law unless they can show that they were wholly disabled for manual labor and have an income of less than $600 a year was stricken out, as was the recommendation that no widow pensioner should receive a pension unless she had been married to a soldier previous to 1870. The proposition to authorize the Commissioner of Pensions to detail medical examiners from the Pension Office to act as examining surgeons for pensions and to abolish the board of examining surgeons, was also rejected.

WHOLESALE THIEVING.

How the Santa Fe Has Been Made to Suffer.

LAS VEGAS, N. Mex., Jan 27.—It develops that wholesale thieving has been systematically carried on along the southern division of the Santa Fe Railway. The brakemen and conductors for months have robbed the cars of baggage and valuable freight, and it is estimated that $75,000 worth of goods have been taken from the cars. The scheme of the trainmen was to stop between stations, open the cars and load such stuff as they decided upon on wagons which were ready to receive it.

It is thought that many people outside of railroad circles are implicated. Up to tonight twelve engineers, conductors, brakemen and firemen are under arrest and more arrests will follow. Many of those involved have left the country to escape arrest. The station agent at Thatcher and also his wife have been arrested.

CAUGHT IN THE MACHINERY.

Terrible Fate of a Steamboat Passenger in Washington.

SPOKANE, Jan. 27.—News reached here to-day of a shocking accident which resulted in the death of L. H. McDermott, a miner from the Slocan country. He was coming home to visit his family, and while on the steamer Nelson, on Kootenai Lake, was caught in the machinery and horribly mangled.

DEAD IN A MINE.

Men Buried Beyond the Reach of a Party of Rescue.

BUDA-PESTH, Jan. 27.—An explosion from a cause still unascertained took place in a coal mine at Tokod, near Granth, this morning. Fire broke out immediately and is still burning. About 150 men were in the mine at the time, but the shaft was not impaired and the cage was sent down at once. The bodies of nineteen men, who were killed by the shock, were found near the bottom of the shaft and brought up. The cage went down again, but returned as the smoke was so dense the rescue party was unable to remain below. The whole party were unconscious before they reached the top. About 150 men are still in the mine.

The Roman Bank Frauds.

ROME, Jan. 27.—Sig. Monzilli, Director of the Bureau of Industry and Commerce, has been arrested for complicity in the bank frauds. Summonses have been issued by the examining magistrate for thirty men implicated in the scandal.

LAMAR'S FUNERAL.

The Dead Justice Laid to Rest in the South.

MARION, Ga., Jan. 27.—The funeral of the late Supreme Justice L. Q. C. Lamar occurred this afternoon. In the morning eulogies were pronounced at the Opera-house by members of the State bar. The services were held at the Methodist church.

The funeral sermon was preached by Dr. Chandler, president of Emory College. Chief Justice Fuller and the Associate Justices were present. Thousands of people were unable to gain admission to the church. Other thousands gathered along the route to the cemetery where the interment took place.

KEPT FALSE ACCOUNTS.

Developments Concerning the Lincoln Bank Failure.

OMAHA, Jan. 27. — The Bee's Lincoln special says: Before the Grand Jury today further sensational developments concerning the Capital National Bank failure were brought out. It was shown that the State only stood credited with $35,000 on the bank books, leaving $250,000 unaccounted for. The bank's books show an almost inexplicable condition, extending back over five years, making it all but impossible to tell anything definite concerning the exact condition of the affairs.

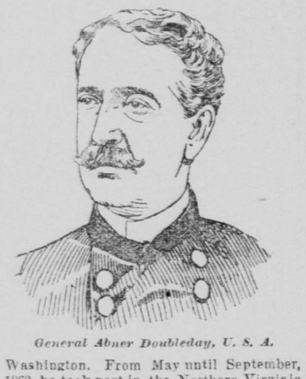
DEATH OF A SOLDIER.

General Doubleday Called to Answer the Long Roll.

He Was a Gallant Officer, and He Did Good Service for His Country.

MENDHAM, N. J., Jan. 27.—General Abner Doubleday died here yesterday afternoon of Bright's disease.

Abner Doubleday was born in Ballston Spa, N. Y., on the 26th day of June, 1819. He graduated from West Point in 1842, and served through the Mexican War, coming out a captain. In 1856 58 he took part in the war against the Seminoles, and he was in Fort Moultrie in 1860 till the garrison withdrew to Fort Sumter, on September 26 of that year, and he aimed the first gun fired at the rebels in Charleston in defense of Sumter on April 12, 1861. He rose rapidly in the service, being a major in General Patterson's command in the Shenandoah Valley, and in February, 1862, he was made a brigadier-general of volunteers and assigned to the command of all the defenses of



General Abner Doubleday, U. S. A.

Washington. From May until September, 1862, he took part in the Northern Virginia campaign of the army of the Potomac, and he was at the second battle of Bull Run, where, on August 30, he succeeded to the command of General Hatch's division.

In the battle of Antietam his division held the extreme right, opening the battle and losing heavily, but he took six battle flags. In November of 1862 he was made a major-general, and was at Fredericksburg and Chancellorsville, succeeding General John F. Reynolds as commander of the First Army Corps. On the 1st of July General Doubleday was sent to Gettysburg to support Bufford's cavalry, and on the fall of General Reynolds took command of the field and held his position until the arrival of General Howard some hours later. He was in command of the southern defenses of Washington when the city was threatened by Early's raiders, and through all the war served gallantly and courageously. In 1865 he was brevetted a colonel in the regular army, and in 1866 was made brigadier-general and major-general for his services during the war.

He performed various services in the army until 1868, when he was a member of the retiring board in New York City. In 1869-71 he was superintendent of general recruiting in San Francisco, and while here in 1870 he suggested and obtained a charter for the first cable street-railway ever built in the United States. He was retired from active service on December 11, 1873, since which time he has written a number of papers on the late war of the highest value from a historical standpoint.

ON A FORGED CHECK.

An Old Employe Confesses His Guilt to His Employers.

NEW YORK, Jan. 27.—The Merchants' National Bank of New York makes public the fact that a certified check for $80,000, purporting to be drawn by the Royal Insurance Company on the Merchants' National Bank, is believed to be a forgery.

Manager Beddall of the insurance company received a message this morning from the proprietor of the Kenmore Hotel at Albany stating that a young man giving the name of James Woodward from New York City presented at the cashier's desk the check mentioned above.

He wanted to deposit it as security for an advance. The cashier was suspicious, and when he announced his intention of telegraphing to New York Woodward disappeared. Manager Beddall immediately suspected one of the bookkeepers in the office, who has been speculating lately and acting strangely. The man was flatly accused, when he broke down and made a full confession.

Manager Beddall refused to give the young man's name at present, but says he has been in the employ of the bank ten years. He is under arrest. The prisoner confessed that "Woodward" was the real name of the man who presented the check, and the police are looking for him, with every indication of his capture.

Arrest of Revolutionists.

GALVESTON, Tex., Jan. 27.—The Galveston News' Rio Grande special says: Sheriff Sheeley has arrested five of the principal revolutionists, including Saverlo Sairz and Jesto Ramirez, captains of Garza's forces, and lodged them in jail.

Confident Mr. Gibbons.

NEW YORK, Jan. 27.—Austin Gibbons yesterday sent a cable to the Sporting Life of London accepting the challenge of Stanton Abbott for a match with him for $10,000 a side and agreed to knock him out in six rounds.

Carlisle's Successor.

FRANKFORT, Ky., Jan. 27.—Judge William Lindsay of this city will succeed Carlisle as junior Senator from Kentucky. This afternoon Congressmen McCreary and Stone withdrew from the contest.

William's Thirty-fourth Birthday.

BERLIN, Jan. 27.—The thirty-fourth anniversary of Emperor William's birthday was celebrated to-day with the customary serenades, parades and court receptions.

Trade Mark Case.

Judge Thayer of the U. S. Circuit Court at St. Louis recently granted a perpetual injunction, and reference to a master to assess the damages sustained by the plaintiff, in a suit against Joseph Tegethoff, instituted by The Hostetter Company of Pittsburgh. Defendant Tegethoff is restrained from making or selling imitation Hostetter Stomach Bitters in any manner whatever; either in bulk, by the gallon, or by refilling empty Hostetter bottles; and from the use of the word "Hostetter" in connection with any article of stomach bitters, thus protecting the plaintiff in the exclusive use of the word "Hostetter" as a "Trade-name."

LOWMAN'S PETARD

The Alarm Looked For Not Realized.

MRS. YESLER IS INDIGNANT.

Her Arrest Denounced as a Conspiracy—Public Opinion With the Young Widow.

Special to THE MORNING CALL.

SEATTLE, Wash., Jan. 27.—To-day Mrs. Henry L. Yesler, whose sensational arrest yesterday created more excitement here than any previous event in years, appeared in Justice Humphrey's courtroom to answer to the charge of conspiracy and destroying the will of her late husband. As the two doctors who were also arrested have not demanded an immediate trial hers was the only case taken up. She was represented by her attorney, White, who sat on one side of her, her mother sitting on the other. Assistant Prosecuting Attorney McBride appeared for the State. With him were three firms of lawyers retained by Lowman, at whose instance the arrests were made. The courtroom was packed.

The defense demanded that the trial be immediately proceeded with and denounced the commencement of the action and the arrests as merely a conspiracy to prejudice the appointment of Mrs. Yesler's choice as administrator of the estate.

The State opposed an immediate hearing on the ground of lack of time, the arrests having been made without the knowledge of the Prosecuting Attorney. The Judge granted a continuance to Wednesday next.

The city, which yesterday was preparing to assist in prosecuting the case because it was stated that the will which, it is alleged, has been destroyed contained a bequest to the city of nearly $1,000,000, to-day dropped all proceedings. This is generally taken to mean that the city did not want to take a hand in any doubtful project. The affair smacks of being a scheme of the disgruntled heir, Lowman, who expected to get more than he did and now squeals.

The general impression is that while Mrs. Yesler is innocent the two physicians may know more than they care to say, and that there is a possibility that the whole trouble may have arisen through a falling out between Lowman and the doctors. This view is strengthened by the fact that somewhat of a mystery surrounds the circumstances of the arrest of Drs. Jordan and Van Buren.

The constable who made the arrests claim that Van Buren attempted to run. Afterward at the jail he threw a handful of papers into the grate. A detective rescued them, burning his hands. What they were is not given out, but one is known to contain memoranda concerning certain boxes in the safety deposit vaults.

It was soon after finding this out yesterday that the officers had a search warrant issued and wanted to search the boxes. The bank officials objected. Now they are under seal awaiting legal opinion.

Jordan and Van Buren announce their intention of bringing suit for conspiracy and false imprisonment against the persons prosecuting the case.

It is developed to-night in connection with the Yesler will contest that the information on which the city was preparing to begin proceedings came from Dr. Jordan through Junius Rochester. The latter offered Mayor Ronald to prove the existence of a will leaving the bulk of the property to the city on the condition that he and Jordan were paid a contingent fee of one-fourth of the amount secured.

At a secret meeting of the Council the corporation counsel was authorized to go on with the suit, though no contract was definitely closed. When he was ready to begin the Mayor backed out, and the city has done nothing since. Lowman then took up the matter alone and caused the arrests.

Jordan is now in a predicament. If he fights the charge of stealing the will he cannot carry out the proposed contract with the city, and if he attempts to carry out the contract he will convict himself of complicity with the crime. Not only the will, but four deeds to property bought by Yesler in partnership with Jordan are missing.

STUCK IN THE MUD.

The City of Sydney Meets With an Accident at San Diego.

SAN DIEGO, Jan. 27.—The Pacific Mail steamer City of Sydney arrived outside this morning and anchored on account of the heavy fog. In turning about, her anchor chain was broken, and a pilot was ordered to bring the vessel inside. This he did without trouble, although taking a most difficult passage. Arriving at the steamship's wharf Captain Friele, being assured by Pilot Keith that he could execute the command, ordered him to turn the vessel about in order to save time in deporting. While executing the maneuver the vessel was sent out of the channel and stuck in the mud about 200 yards east of the wharf. The tug Santa Fe pulled the steamer off at high tide. The City of Sydney then came alongside the wharf, where she will remain until morning. No damage was sustained, and the grounding was entirely due to mistakes of the pilot.

Several newspaper correspondents are on the steamer en route to Guatemala to investigate the recent trouble at the City of Guatemala between natives and the British Minister.

INCENDIARY FIRE AT GEM.

The Business Section of the Idaho Mining Town Destroyed.

SPOKANE, Wash., Jan. 27.—A Review special from Wallace, Idaho, says: An incendiary fire occurred last night at Gem, three and a half miles from here, which destroyed nearly all the business portion of that town lying south of the Northern Pacific track. The total loss is $20,000. The fire originated in Miners' Union Hall and it is said that less than half an hour before a man was seen to run from a woodshed in the rear. The night was very cold and several persons suffered severely. C. J. Fleming, general merchant, and H. Weinhard & Co., dry goods and furnishing dealers, each lose about $300; the Gem Hotel $8000, Union Hall $500, William Dixon's saloon about $4000. Ten buildings were burned with their contents.

IGNORED THE SIGNAL.

Wreck of the Oregon Express Near Marysville.

MARYSVILLE, Jan. 27.—This morning at 1 o'clock the northbound express train ran into three freightcars on the main track at Reed station, seven miles south from this city. The freightcars were badly demolished and the engine materially injured. Both engineer and fireman miraculously escaped. The engineer and passengers saw a man wildly waving his lantern, but did not stop, saying that they believed he was attempting to hold up the train. After the accident the men came to this city and the wrecking train was sent for, and by 8 o'clock the track was clear and, with a fresh engine, the express resumed its journey. The freightcars were blown on the main track from a siding by the slight wind which prevailed last night.

STEWART SINKING.

His Murderous Adversary Held to Answer.

SAN BERNARDINO, Jan. 27.—Jesse Cadd, who murderously assaulted William Stewart on the street yesterday afternoon, was examined in Justice Knox's court to-day and held to answer to a charge of assault with a deadly weapon with intent to kill. Bail was fixed at $3000, failing to produce which he was committed to jail. Stewart is reported by the attending physician to be in a sinking condition.

TRUANT LADS AT LODI.

Eight San Francisco Boys Arrested for Vagrancy.

LODI, Jan. 27.—The Justice's Court here to-day took on the appearance of a kindergarten school. Early in the morning the Constable arrested eight small boys, of ages ranging from 9 to 16, for vagrancy. The boys said they were from San Francisco and pleaded guilty. Sentence was withheld, as the boys were given work at the race track. In the afternoon two more small boys were arrested for whipping a Chinaman, making ten in one day before the court.

WRECK OF THE MICHIGAN.

Death of One Passenger of Insanity Caused by Exposure.

PORT TOWNSEND, Wash., Jan. 27.—Captain Graves of the wrecked steamer Michigan arrived here this morning on the revenue cutter Wolcott. He reports that one passenger became insane through exposure and died. The cargo of the Michigan contained several barrels of whisky, which the Indians secured from the wreck and became drunk and quarrelsome. Serious trouble was anticipated until the arrival of the cutter, when the liquor was destroyed. A portion of the crew remained alongside the wreck. Although the steamer is a total loss a large portion of the cargo can be saved if the wind remains from the north.

SHOOTING SCRAPE IN IDAHO.

One of the Participants in the Fracas Loses an Arm.

SPOKANE, Jan. 27.—A Review special from Wallace, Idaho, says: A shooting scrape occurred at Gem, Idaho, to-night between Sol Samuels and Thomas Reed. Reed began to abuse Samuels and the latter drew a revolver and shot at Reed, who promptly landed a charge of shot at close quarters into Samuel's right arm, making amputation necessary. Reed was brought to Wallace and locked in jail. Immediately after the shooting there was serious danger of lynching him.

NORTH AND SOUTH.

Rainfall Through the Length of the State.

The Downpour of Benefit to the Growing Grain—Below Zero on the Columbia.

Special to THE MORNING CALL.

CORNING, Jan. 27.—It commenced raining at 2 o'clock A. M. yesterday and has continued ever since and is likely to be kept up all night. There were heavy fogs previous to the rain last week. Much plowing was done and seed-sowing. The rain stopped all horticultural work. The rain is not wanted.

RED BLUFF, Jan. 27. — The storm spent its force last night. To-day the weather cleared somewhat. About 1¼ inches of rain fell during the storm, making 19.60 inches for the season. If wet weather continues till May as during the past three months it will be the heaviest rainfall in the history of the State for this section. No damage has been done to crops or stock.

LODI, Jan. 27.—The heaviest rain of the season fell to-day, accompanied by a heavy wind. Two inches of rain fell, making 13.72 inches for the season.

SAN RAFAEL, Jan. 27.—The storm here is still unabated. The air is extremely cold, and the rain is falling at intervals in torrents with all indications of a continuance.

GILROY, Jan. 27.—A heavy rain and wind storm has prevailed during the last forty-eight hours. The precipitation was nearly two inches, making for the season fifteen inches. Feed has been greatly benefited, and also the growing grain, by this rain. The weather is clear to-night, and the appearances indicate that the storm is over.

BAKERSFIELD, Jan. 27.—This has been the pleasantest day we have had for three weeks. At 6 P. M. rain was falling. It will be a benefit to stockmen and farmers.

HANFORD, Jan. 27.—The rainfall was .50 of an inch for the present storm, making 2.69 inches for the season. The weather is clear now.

SANTA MARIA, Jan. 27.—It rained lightly most of yesterday and heavily last night. It is showery this morning. It is excellent growing weather. The stock feed is in fine condition now.

LOS ANGELES, Jan. 27.—Up to noon today 1.78 inches of rain has fallen. The total for the season is 10.60. The rain did some damage in the northern part of the county to the grain.

SAN DIEGO, Jan. 27.—Last night's rainfall was .31 of an inch, or 2.33 for the season. Reports are that Lakeside had .50 of an inch fall, Poway .45 and Escondido .50 of an inch.

BLOWN FROM ITS BASE.

A House Near Stockton Lifted From Its Foundations.

STOCKTON, Jan. 28.—The high wind yesterday blew across Andrews Island, in Sacramento County, north of the Mokelumne River, so vigorously that small houses were in danger. About 10 o'clock in the morning the house occupied by a farmer named Jordan, with his wife and five children, was carried off the piles on which it rested and dropped a distance northward equaling the length of the building. The occupants were in the building and had a rough experience, but none were seriously injured. The house dropped right side up. The two younger children were severely bruised.

ICE ON THE COLUMBIA.

The River Gorged With Ice at The Dalles.

PORTLAND, Jan. 27.—A light snow fell over Oregon and Washington to-day to a depth of from two to eight inches. At The Dalles the Columbia River is gorged with ice and the thermometer is several degrees below the freezing point. The river is not yet closed at Vancouver, though navigation is somewhat perilous owing to floating ice.

The electric streetcars in this city are all running, but the snow hinders them considerably.

WON BY GALLAGHER.

The Chicago Billiard-Player Defeats a Los Angeles Expert.

LOS ANGELES, Jan. 27.—A billiard match for $500 and the championship of the Pacific Coast was played this evening at Turn Verein Hall, between Tom Gallagher of Chicago and Fred Guiol of Los Angeles. The match was won with ease by Gallagher, who had the lead from the beginning to the end. At the end of the game the score stood: Gallagher, 400; Guiol, 262. The highest run by Gallagher was 59, and by Guiol 23. Gallagher will play in a tournament in Chicago for a $1000 purse, the other players being Spinks, Taylor, Maggioli, Hatley, Mallin and McLaughlin.

PRESCOTT NATIONAL BANK.

A New Institution Organized by Eastern Capitalists.

PRESCOTT, Ariz., Jan. 27.—The Prescott National Bank was organized here this afternoon with a capital stock of $100,000. G. V. N. Lathrop, Minister to Russia during Cleveland's administration, D. M. Ferry, C. C. Bowen, S. J. Murphy and other capitalists of Detroit, Mich., and Chicago are stockholders in addition to several citizens of Prescott. The following officers were elected to-day: F. M. Murphy, president; Morris Goldwater, vice-president, and Russell C. Woodruff, cashier.

RIVERSIDE ORANGE CROP.

Shippers Holding Back for Better Prices.

RIVERSIDE, Jan. 27.—One hundred and fifty carloads of oranges have been shipped from this city this season. The Association of Packers and Growers, recently formed here, is holding back shipments until the Florida fruit is out of the market. Heavy shipments will commence about the middle of the coming month. The present crop is heavy and of fine quality.

BALM FOR HIS FEELINGS.

Award of Damages for False Imprisonment at Portland.

PORTLAND, Jan. 27.—The jury in the damage suit of J. B. McIntyre vs. Wells, Fargo & Co. and M. C. Sullivan, for false imprisonment, returned a sealed verdict this morning awarding McIntyre $7000. The amount sued for was $40,000.

BAD BEEF TO EAT.

The Food Inspector Not a Competent Man.

SO SAYS DR. C. CUSHING.

The Milk Is Adulterated and Tuberculosis Abounds in It as Well as in Beef.

The Health Department got a raking over last night by Professor Clinton Cushing during a lecture at the Cooper Medical Institute.

The subject under discussion was "The Cause and Prevention of Consumption," and in introducing the question the lecturer explained the manner of infection from bacillus tubercle, which has been proven beyond a doubt the sole cause of tuberculosis or consumption. This disease is claimed to be the cause of more deaths than all the wars and famines the world has seen, yet it has been within the last decade that the true cause of the scourge has been discovered, and it can be prevented as well as the smallpox or any other infectious disease. It has been proven conclusively that the disease is contagious and not hereditary as is generally supposed, and the chief cause of infection is from tuberculosis-infected meats and milks.

Since these discoveries were made, said the lecturer, Germany as well as other European countries has introduced a thorough food inspection system. In America there is practically no law for the inspection of meats, and in San Francisco there is only one inspector for all the meats sold in the shops in the city of nearly 300,000 inhabitants. That inspector is not a competent official. He has no knowledge of pathology or the use of the microscope, and for all practical purposes his office is useless so far as the protection of the public goes in the matter of tuberculous beef.

One of the members of the Board of Health had taken up the matter of a better inspection of the milk supply of this city and found every sample diluted with water and containing foreign matter as well as containing tubercle bacilli in large quantities. The lecturer had taken four separate samples of milk, purchased from dairies supplying the city, and 75 per cent of the samples contained true tubercle bacilli.

The best remedy to prevent the spread of the disease that could be proposed, said the lecturer, was a severance of the Board of Health from the political machine.

Prompt action should be taken, considering the recent discoveries in this line, and apply to the Legislature for the enactment of a law for the thorough inspection of all animals used for food by educated and competent men, who shall be State officers, and all condemned meats should be promptly burned. The cost of such meat destroyed would not be a tenth of that expended for the maintenance of consumptive patients.

The parsimony of the city government in the matter of funds for preventing the spread of disease or of at least lessening its dangers is wonderful, and with the present officials only the most glaring cases of disease are recognized, while others more harmful are allowed to carry contamination from the butcher's stalls.

TREACY A WINNER

Gallagher Whipped in a Hard Fight.

Nineteen Well-Contested Rounds Between Two Evenly Matched Lightweight Pugilists.

The Pacific Athletic Club gave one of the best fistic exhibitions last evening that the sporting public has had the pleasure of witnessing in many months.

The contestants were Billy Gallagher of Oakland, who suffered defeat at the hands of George Dawson a few months ago, and Tom Treacy, a late arrival from Australia.

The men fought at 144 pounds for a purse of $1000.

Treacy was seconded by Billy Smith and John Jones, the champion handball player. Gallagher was looked after by Sam Fitzpatrick and Tim McGrath.

It was 9:30 P. M. when the pugilists faced each other, and Joe Choynski, who was was selected referee, gave the clock man the signal to start her up.

Both men looked confident, and as they stepped to the scratch it was noticed that neither had the least advantage in height, they were well matched as to that.

There was a whole lot of fiddling done before a blow was struck. Treacy kept his arms moving and was sliding around Gallagher in a very suspicious way. His action was very free and pleased those who had fancied him in the betting market.

Gallagher on the other hand was stiff in his movements and showed a fondness to hug close up to the ropes near his own corner. The Oakland lad was first to lead but his blows fell short, but finally he did get home two light taps on Treacy's mouth. The latter was cautious and kept away from his opponent's right, which was held poised ready for business. A rally near the close of this round ended in favor of Gallagher, who landed a right and left swing on Treacy's ribs when he was near the ropes.

The second round brought Treacy to the front. After stopping a hot left with his long nose, which warmed up his fighting propensities, he feinted with the left, and as Gallagher ducked Treacy caught him on the temple, sending him to the floor. The Oaklander was up in six seconds, and after a few passes both men clinched. When separated they went at each other in a spirited way, and some hot punching was the order. Gallagher was a bit dazed from the knockdown blow, and was the receiver-general until the round ended. Treacy got home three heavy smashes in Gallagher's stomach and ribs, and as the round closed both landed face blows.

Just as the third round was called Treacy glided over to Gallagher and as quick as a flash he smashed the Oakland lad a heavy left swing in the stomach. Gallagher swung his right and missed. He followed Treacy to the center of the ring and as he was about to swing his right he slipped and fell on his knees. Treacy struck at him as he was about to rise, but missed. A rally followed and Treacy found a resting-place for his glove on Gallagher's stomach. The latter did not fancy the stomach-warmers a bit and when Treacy clinched Gallagher held him in chancery and gave the Australian's neck a good squeze. The round was Treacy's beyond any question of doubt.

When the gong sounded time for the fourth round Treacy did as before. He met Gallagher in the latter's corner, but instead of a rib-roaster he gave Billy a heavy left-hander on the mouth, swelling the latter's lip and drawing blood. Gallagher at this juncture begun to show signs of anger, and, dashing at his opponent, he planted a swift left-hand crook on the side of Treacy's face. The Australian was breathing heavily through his nose and using many fancy moves to get Gallagher to lead at his chin. Each time the Oaklander raised his right arm he received a heavy left-hand punch in the stomach. Gallagher was kept in his corner until the round closed.

The fifth round favored Treacy. He never let Gallagher move from his corner and continued to punch him with left and right on face and body until time was called. Gallagher got home a few times on the Australian's face, but his blows fell short and were not of the finishing kind.

The sixth round was more evenly contested. Gallagher forced Treacy to the center of the ring, where he smashed him two good lefts in the mouth and nose alternating by painting Treacy's body a bright red with a right-hand jab. Treacy did not like his medicine and moved away from Gallagher's charges. Near the close of the round the men clinched and hammered away at each other with their right fists. Treacy worked Billy to the ropes, where the latter stopped a hot one with his stomach.

There was not much fighting in the seventh. Treacy was a bit winded and played the defensive part.

In the eighth Gallagher received one of the hardest left-hand smashes in the stomach that was given during the battle. Billy grinned from its effect and looked savagely at his opponent. Treacy tried to land again on the same spot and received a warmer on the left ear that made him cautious for the balance of the round.

In the ninth Gallagher sent Treacy's head back with a well-placed blow between the latter's eyes, and in a few seconds after he smashed Treacy again on the nose, making that organ shed its colors. This was Gallagher's round.

The tenth was hotly contested. Gallagher opened by planting a heavy left on Treacy's bloody nose, after which a spirited rally followed, ending with a clinch. Gallagher pitched Treacy down, and some cries of "Foul" were heard in a foreign tongue. It was give and take up to the finish, both men scoring about an equal number of blows. Treacy got home a couple of times heavily on Gallagher's stomach and ribs.

The eleventh and twelfth rounds were evenly contested, but in the thirteenth Gallagher made matters look very serious for the Australian. He met the latter in the center of the ring and instead of waiting, as in previous rounds, for Treacy to open the game Gallagher forced the fighting and banged Treacy all round the ring. The latter was bleeding profusely from the nose, which bothered him considerably. There was loud cheering for the Oakland lad when the gong sounded the finish of the round. The fourteenth round was about a stand-off, but in the fifteenth Treacy got home several times on Gallagher's swollen lips with left jabs.

The sixteenth and seventeenth were uninteresting. Gallagher began to show strong signs of carelessness and appeared as if he was drinking too much "big Injun" medicine.

The eighteenth was exciting. Treacy brought Gallagher to his senses by half a dozen lefts on the mouth and left cheek. The Oakland champion dashed at his wiry opponent and as the latter drew back Gallagher swung his right and his glove landed with full force on Treacy's mouth. The blow almost staggered Treacy, and Gallagher tried hard to land again, but used bad judgment and in most instances fell short.

The nineteenth ended the mill. After a short rally in Gallagher's corner, the latter again got careless, and exposing his neck to Treacy, the latter swung his right with full force and caught Billy on the jugular. The receiver fell like a log in his corner, but was assisted to his feet by Sam Fitzpatrick before the ten seconds were up. He clinched with Treacy, but was too much bewildered to keep out of harms' way.

Treacy pushed him from him and after landing twice on Gallagher's body and face the latter fell again in the northwest corner of the ring and looked around in a stupid way, evidently not knowing what was up. Fitzpatrick made another attempt to get the Oaklander on his feet as the seconds were being counted, when Billy Smith ran from Treacy's corner and made a pass at Fitz. There was no need for an impromptu scrap between the seconds, however, as Gallagher was counted out and another victory was perched upon the banner of Australia's representative scrapper.

WHO IS THE MAN?

Politicians Are Awaiting the Answer.

The Prominent Candidates for High Federal Offices and Their Chances of Success.

"Who is the man?" is the question with the Democratic politicians just now. They want to know who the man is who can say the word to Mr. Cleveland that will cause him to select one from the many and give that one high Federal position in this State.

The local patronage and the nibble obtained around the Legislature in Sacramento has only whetted the appetites of the hungry patriot, whose longing eyes are fixed on March 4 and the inauguration of political changes.

There is a wide diversity of opinion among the well informed as to the channels through which the patronage will come. Senator Stephen M. White, it is admitted by all, will wield a mighty influence, but Cleveland is independent even to the point of eccentricity, and may on this occasion, as on similar occasions formerly, overlook the official heads of the party in the State and consult his friends. Besides, it is not thought that Senator White will make any recommendations that are not satisfactory to the Congressmen from this State.

The Democratic Congressman from this city, the Hon. James G. Maguire, is a life-long friend of White's. They were raised on adjoining farms near Watsonville and entered politics together. Maguire was a powerful and enthusiastic advocate of White's election to the Senate, and it is generally believed that the two statesmen have a complete understanding as to Federal office-holders for this city. Maguire is personally very popular with Cleveland, and his friends in the East are warm personal friends of the President-elect. Of course, Congressmen Geary and Caminetti will be consulted.

Max Popper and the State committee will most likely exercise a great influence in distributing Federal favors, but it is not thought that the local organization of the party will cut any figure in the scramble. In the mean time the would-be officeholders are at work industriously circulating petitions and personally soliciting the support of every man with a Federal pull.

Those in the race for the Collectorship of the Port are ex-Mayor E. B. Pond, Russ Stevens of Sacramento, M. F. Tarpey, William D. English and Thomas Beck of Watsonville.

For Surveyor of the Port there are three active candidates—Assemblyman Mathews of Tehama, Mark L. McDonald of Santa Rosa, the World's Fair Commissioner, and Wiley J. Tinnin of Fresno, the former incumbent under Cleveland. There is another man named Mattingly who would like the job if this is a year for lightning to strike, but he is not seriously in the contest.

Those seeking the Mint are ex-Harbor Commissioner A. C. Paulsell, Barry Baldwin, the lately defeated candidate for Mayor on the Democratic ticket, ex-Harbor Commissioner John H. Wise and John Daggett of Siskiyou. Paulsell, Wise and Daggett are making their fight on the ground of general strength and popularity throughout the State and long party service. Baldwin is the official candidate of the advisory committee and represents the local machine. The local leaders seek to get him the place in order to have the patronage for such of their people as were left out when the City Hall was filled.

James E. Thompson of Humboldt, Will S. Green of Colusa, S. Harmon Smith and J. C. Ruddock of San Francisco desire to be Surveyor-General. The chances seem to favor Thompson.

The only candidate who has the field all to himself is O. L. Welburn of Gilroy for Collector of Internal Revenue in the Fourth District, John C. Quinn's place. He is understood to have the support of Senator White, Congressmen Maguire, Caminetti and Geary and Colonel John P. Irish and the State committee are for him; besides all this he has potential Eastern influence.

Robert Thompson of Santa Rosa, J. Randolph Tucker, now Deputy Appraiser, and Samuel Braunhart would willingly accept the appraisership with its comfortable salary. Dwyer of the Reorganizers is making Braunhart's fight, Tucker relies on being a nephew of J. Randolph Tucker of Virginia, spoken of for the Cabinet, and Thompson is a friend of Cleveland.

Almost everybody wants to be Naval Officer and a dozen petitions are circulating around town imploring his Excellency the President-elect to appoint the various worthies to that position.

M. Greenblatt, editor of the German Demokrat, and Henry Wangenheim are not afraid of the responsibility of caring for Uncle Sam's treasure-box. Either would like to be Sub-Treasurer.

Henry S. Foote, H. C. McPike and a number of other more or less prominent attorneys would not object to being United States District Attorney.

A FRACTURED SKULL.

The Misfortune That Overtook James McCarty.

At an early hour this morning a man who was afterward recognized as James McCarty was found lying on the sidewalk on Willow avenue, near Laguna street, in an unconscious condition. He twas taken to the Receiving Hospital, and an examination by the surgeon disclosed the fact that he had sustained a fracture of the skull.

They pronounced him to be in a precarious condition and little hope of his recovery is entertained. It is believed that he slipped and fell, striking his head on the curbstone.

McCarty is a glass-cutter and resides at 10 Stevenson street.

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OVER IN OAKLAND.

The Politicians Are Now At Work.

OLD PARTY CONVENTIONS.

Millions in Gold in the Hills Back of Haywards—Death of Mrs. F. M. Campbell—Alameda Notes.

A case that has been almost forgotten will come up next Monday before Judge Ellsworth in the Superior Court. This is the appeal of Secretary R. W. Theobald, late of the Humane Society, from the judgment in the Police Court by which he was sentenced to pay $150 fine on a conviction of libeling Dr. H. T. Carpenter, a director. THE CALL had announced that the society was mixed in its accounts, and this led to an investigation, in which it was found that Mr. Theobald had not accounted for certain sums on his books, and in which it was also found that the society