DRY GOODS.

FINAL DAYS OF OUR GREAT SALE

OF THE

KELLY BROTHERS

BANKRUPT STOCK

Spring importations are daily pouring in and in such vast quantities that their proper display makes the IMMEDIATE CLEARANCE of the balance of our gigantic purchase AN IMPERATIVE NECESSITY, hence we THIS WEEK offer everything remaining at

THE GREATEST SACRIFICE YET QUOTED.

SPECIALS IN COLORED DRESS GOODS.

At 35c Per Yard.

100 pieces 38-INCH ALL-WOOL IMPORTED SERGE, regular price 60c, will be placed on sale at 35c per yard.

At 50c Per Yard.

100 pieces 39-INCH FRENCH CREPONS, warranted pure wool, fast dye, new designs, regular price $1 25, will be placed on sale at 50c per yard.

At 50c Per Yard.

80 pieces 40-INCH ALL PURE WOOL IMPORTED DRESS PLAIDS, regular price $1, will be placed on sale at 50c per yard.

At 50c Per Yard.

80 pieces ALL-WOOL NEW MIXTURES, will be placed on sale at 50c per yard.

At 50c Per Yard.

200 pieces ALL-WOOL CHALLIES, at 50c per yard.

At 50c Per Yard.

100 pieces NEW TINTS in Henriettas, at 50c per yard.

IMPORTED NOVELTIES.

100 pieces RICH NOVELTIES (just opened) will be placed on sale this week at $1, $1 50, $2, $2 50, $3, $4 up to $8 50 yard.

BLACK DRESS GOODS.

At 35c Per Yard.

50 pieces 38-INCH ALL-WOOL STORM SERGE, marked down from 60c to 35c yard.

At 50c Per Yard.

50 pieces 40-INCH FINE ALL-WOOL FANCY WEAVES, worth 85c, will placed on sale at 50c yard.

At 75c Per Yard.

25 pieces 45-INCH FINE FRENCH HENRIETTA, extra good value for $1, will be placed on sale at 75c per yard.

At 75c Per Yard.

25 pieces 40-INCH PRIESTLEY'S SILK WARP HENRIETTA, worth regular $1 25, will be placed on sale at 75c per yard.

At $1.00 Per Yard.

25 pieces 40-INCH EXTRA FINE ALL-WOOL FRENCH CORDALINE, worth regular $1 50, will be placed on sale at $1 per yard.

☞ Positively no Goods sold to dealers and no samples given during this sale.

J. O'Brien & Co.

MURPHY BUILDING,

Market Street, corner of Jones,

SAN FRANCISCO.

HOUSE - WARMING.

The Hopkins Institute of Art to Have One.

It Will Occur in Connection With the Spring Exhibition of the Art Association.

The resident artists, to the number of about fifteen, met at the rooms of the Art Association yesterday afternoon, to take action on the spring exhibition.

As the exhibition will be the first one to be held in the Mark Hopkins Institute of Art, Secretary Martin was very hopeful of gathering some new ideas for the occasion from the Knights of the Palette, so he mailed a large number of invitations to attend the meeting.

The response was somewhat disappointing. The municipal election in Oakland detained several who had abandoned their studios for the day to fight in the cause of clean government. Among these was Richard Yelland, who said that art would have to take a back seat until after sundown.

A. F. Mathews was elected chairman of the meeting. His gavel was a flat ruler, but he used it chiefly to scratch his left ear throughout the deliberations. Messrs. Norton Bush, Julius Ludovici and Lee Lash occupied seats on the bench. About eight of the artists present were ladies.

The chairman suggested that the spring exhibition should be made a thoroughly representative one of California art from its inception down to the present day, and that while every effort should be made to secure paintings by California artists which had not been exhibited for several years, no pains should be spared to obtain new work.

On motion of Mr. Bush it was resolved that it was the sense of the meeting that such an exhibition be held, opening during the first week in May, and that a committee be appointed by the chairman to take active measures in furtherance of the object.

Secretary Martin inquired whether it was the desire of the artists that there should be an apartment set aside specially for a photographic exhibit.

The lady artists joined in an opposition wail of noes, and the gentlemen concurred in the chorus of disapprobation.

It was agreed that one room should be devoted to an exhibition of artistic painting on chinaware.

Chairman Mathews called attention to the fact that the artists had no rules for obtaining the jury on selection of pictures. He said that in the past this important duty had been performed in a haphazard fashion. On motion of Mr. Bush the chairman was authorized to appoint a committee of seven to formulate rules governing the appointment of jurors.

The following were subsequently named as the committee: Norton Bush, William Keith, Lee Lash, A. Joullin, R. D. Yelland, Mrs. Alice Chittenden and Miss Frolich.

Siebe's Run of Luck.

The Pacific Coast Posting and Advertising Company filed articles of incorporation yesterday, virtually succeeding to the San Francisco Bill Posting Company, of which George H. Siebe is the presiding genius. The capital stock of the new concern is $150,000, fully subscribed.

The promoters are: Thomas M. Sterling, M. Levenstein, Hermann Shainwald, M. A. Gunst and D. Freidenrich.

Two years ago Siebe bought out Thomas Dunphy in the advertising business for $9250. He is said to have made $30,000 by his investment in two years.

Feast of the Call Board.

The members of the Call Board forgot or neglected their annual banquet on February 25, but some of the old boys of the board made up for the delay when they finally got together with a few guests at a prominent downtown resort on Saturday. The menu was a poem, the toasts were inspiring and the speeches eloquent.

Forman and Brandt's Opera.

The new comic opera written by Sands W. Forman, for which Noah Brandt has composed the music, is now in the printer's hands. Mr. Brandt feels hopeful of the success of the opera. He says that the statement that he has had anything to do with the music of "His Majesty" or "Bluff King Hal" is a mistake.

THEY ARE GLUM.

Shadows Gathering Over the Fishermen.

Ravioli May Become a Luxury Because the Fish-Dealers Have Formed a Combine.

Down on the water front at the foot of Vallejo street is the Fishermen's wharf, distinguished from all the other piers and docks by being exclusively reserved for the swarthy little army of sunburned Greeks and Italians who go out upon the waters in their frail crafts to entice the silvery denizens of the deep into their nets so that the San Francisco gourmands may be supplied with the piscatorial delicacies of the season.

As a rule, this crowd of fishermen is composed of happy, contented and harmless men, who work hard and whose pleasures are few and simple.

Most any hour during the day a number of them can be found in the big shed adjacent to their wharf sitting around on low stools and mending their nets to the tune of merry chorus sung in their native tongue, and calling up memories of Naples, Venice and places on the sunny Mediterranean Sea.

But of late a shade of sadness has spread a gloom over these harmonious gatherings, and the hearts of these simple children are greatly troubled.

They have learned of a powerful combine formed by the men who own the big stalls in the Washington Market, where they dispose of the fish they catch, and they fear that hereafter a cut in prices will be made which will reduce their allowance of ravioli and spaghetti, not to speak of the red, red claret from the foothills of Sonoma they love so well.

That the Washington Market fish-dealers formed a combination about four weeks ago is true.

Nineteen firms, comprising all but four who do business in that place and in that line, are united and organized, with Alphonse Giusta as president, but up to date they have not done anything in the way of cutting prices.

Washington market is the great center for the fish trade of not only San Francisco but also of California and the catches of all the fishermen along the coast, within many miles south and north, find their way into the stalls of the men in this organization.

A combination of this kind will find it, therefore, an easy matter to control prices both in the purchase and the sale of fish.

And that is the reason why the Masanillos and Guiseppis down on the wharf have dire foreboding.

There is some talk among them about reviving the old Fishermen's Union, which used to meet at 19 Vallejo street, but has not been heard of for four years, but nothing will be done about this until the new combine makes a move which makes united action on the part of the fishermen necessary.

THE ROTTEN SEWERS.

Hundreds of Breaks During the Recent Storms.

The Superintendent of Streets has been having an anxious time since the recent storm. Upward of 300 sewers have been burst in different parts of the city.

Among the most serious breaks reported yesterday was one on Elizabeth street, 135 feet north of Mission. This break is fifteen feet in diameter and extends to the bottom of the sewer. There is another on Larkin street, seventy-five feet south of Golden Gate avenue, in the pipe sewer. Over 200 breaks have already received attention.

The Bay Currents.

"We are getting along all right with the floats for finding the direction of the bay currents," said Engineer Marsden Manson yesterday. "So far we have six observations, and they will be platted out on a chart. All these observations have been made from the foot of Powell street. Many people seem to think we are simply doing work which pertains to the tides, and which has been done or should be done by the Hydrographic Office. Our work has nothing to do with the tides. We are simply locating the bay currents."

WITH ASIAN LENS.

Sitting for a Mongolian Photographer.

ANN TING GOCK'S CAMERA.

A Quaint Little Gallery in an Out-of-the-Way Corner on Clay Street.

"Allee same like China woman one dollar; allee same like Japan one dollar half; full length."

It was Ann Ting Gock, explaining to two CALL reporters the poses and prices contingent upon being exposed before the sensitive plate of an Asian camera.

A Chinese photographer forsooth is Ann Ting Gock, a bright intelligent Asiatic, and a rate-cutter on all the galleries in the city.

To reach his den you go up a little winding stairway that leads off Clay street, near Stockton, until you reach a little landing-place.

If you look straight ahead you will probably find Ann Ting Gock at the top of the next flight nursing a cute little yellow baby all done up in gorgeous red and yellow and green rags. And Mrs. Ann Ting Gock may also be on the top landing with another and younger infant, Ann, as she was when THE CALL representatives visited the place the other day.

Ann Ting Gock will motion you to go into the tiny room to the left of the first landing and say, "I be right down."

He speaks very good English for a Celestial, and will tell you that he has been in this State for twenty years. He wears a royal Nile green robe, has beautiful long and clean finger nails, and treats his patrons with an imperial condescension and genuine politeness.

This is the main office and showroom. There is a showcase in it and the proprietor's bed. The bed is open, the blankets and sheets turned back. It looks rather out of place in a photographer's reception parlor, but it also looks clean and inviting—that is if one cares to sleep on that kind of

The Girl Reporter as Photographed by Ting Gock.

bed. Two gray blankets over hard, smooth boards. That is the softness thereof.

There is an old faded carpet on the floor, and it might be swept cleaner. In the show-case are various card photographs, panels, cabinets, and all sizes of Chinese men and women.

Back of the showroom and communicating with it by a narrow door is the family kitchen and washroom, all in one and all of it not more than 8 feet square.

Well, THE CALL reporters, one of whom was a young lady, decided that the Japanese costume was best suited to her peculiar style of beauty.

Then Ann Ting Gock led the way across the landing to the operating-room. This is not a large apartment, but long enough for focusing with a Chinese camera. A skylight admits ample white light, and the dressing-room to the left, though little bigger than a good-sized packing-box, is larger than Chinese ladies usually enjoy when at home.

Much Chinese furniture, imitation of ebony chairs and tables, tea cups, Chinese gowns and swords and armor and bric-a-brac of all sorts are in rather promiscuous profusion in the operating-room.

"Some men like to be soldiers, some rich merchants, some actors, and some all kinds," explained Ann, which meant that his Oriental patrons have a fondness for appearing in their photographs like anything but what they are; a fondness, by the way, that in some very rare cases has been known to extend to the more enlightened Caucasian race.

When THE CALL's lady reporter had emerged from the dressing-room, gorgeous in a fur-trimmed, many-lined Japanese gown, the courteous Ann rubbed his hands admiringly and predicted a "velly" good picture.

Now the lens in Ann's camera is not quite up to the modern makes found in the more fashionable galleries, but it prints the image on the sensitive plate as large and as life-like as the best of them.

THE CALL man was permitted to peep through the ground glass in the back of the camera after the proper focusing had been done.

There he beheld, what everybody who focuses a camera beholds, the subject standing on her head, with her skirts, however, clinging decorously to her heels.

A passing word ought to be said of Ann's rather antiquated camera. It is an odd-looking piece of furniture, judged by the modern makes, and as Ann says came all the way from China. It rests on three heavy legs, and is raised or lowered by putting in or pulling out wooden pegs in a long stick attached to the bottom of the camera.

Ann Ting Gock is his own operator. He differs from the white artists in this line by leaving the question of the pose or attitude entirely to the victim's lack of judgment or good taste, as the case may be.

There are no torturesome posing-irons or headrests in Ann's operating-room, and the time of exposure, with bright sun outside, is not quite a second.

When the exposure was duly made Ann hastened into his 2x2 dark room, and the negative was duly developed.

He came in a few moments with the glass negative in hand and exhibited it to his patrons.

The figure was a little dim and the lines seemed to lack sharpness, but two days later, when the print was made, quite a presentable likeness was shown.

The negative had been duly retouched, though not perhaps with the most artistic skill in the world, and the flesh was soft and smooth, if a trifle hazy.

It was worth the money paid, at any rate, besides it is not every day that one poses before an Asiatic artist on this side of the water.

LUKE NORTH.

AN INDIAN IDOL.

It Is Consecrated to the Cause of Crinoline.

Even the poor Indian maiden is wrestling with the crinoline question.

She is working hard to bring her sister squaws to the realization of the fact that they will have gained one more step in the scale of civilization by downing the hoop-skirt.

"Why should not the Indian maiden have the same rights as her white sister?" asked Miss Emma, a pupil of the Hopland Indian School, who was in town yesterday.

"Now, just look at this," resumed the dusky maiden as she drew forth from beneath a sort of canopy a figure modeled in clay, representing an Indian princess decked, not in the dress of the wily savage, but resplendent in a gown of pale-blue silk, the skirt of which is inflated by that horror of horrors—hoops.

"You need not laugh," said the girl. "It shows a step in the advancement of the Indian. Why, our girls are just wild about it.

"Only last week one of them, whose parents are too poor to buy her the necessary skirts, made two of her skirts into one, and thus provided with the necessary material, she proceeded to the river and there, out of the branches of willows, constructed the necessary birdcage to inflate the skirt with.

"I do not know what she will do when the willow twigs begin to grow in the spring, but I guess by that time she will have proved to her parents the inestimable value to be derived from wearing the skirts, and they will give her the money necessary to purchase regulation hoops.

"I am in real earnest about this and came to the educational exhibit to show the progress made by my sisters.

"We are learning to play tennis and when horseback riding we wear the regulation divided skirts.

"Now, don't you think that is advancing?"

The listener was compelled to admit it was climbing up the scale a peg or two, but fears are now entertained of the social success of the crinoline, seeing that it is so extensively used by the Indians.

"As well attempt to introduce the costume of a Fiji Islander as that thing now," said a society belle as she cast a contemptuous glance at the little Indian model.

THE FIRST CASTING.

The Harbor View Iron Works Now in Operation.

The first casting in the new iron works at Harbor View was made yesterday. Many prominent men were invited to witness the casting of the bed plate of a lumber steamer, which is being built for C. A. Hooper & Co.

The work was watched very eagerly by all those present. Over ten tons of metal was used yesterday.

Precisely at 4:45 P. M. the molten iron was poured into the immense mold, and simultaneously the whistles of the works and of the towboat Anasha commenced to toot. When the cast was set the visitors took their departure on a towboat.

Among those present were: Mr. Spiers, president of the works; Senator James G. Fair, H. L. Simon, D. B. Hinckley and his two sons, Harry Christy, L. Heyneman; O. H. Westcott, who superintended the molding; George Kingslan, and Mr. Carr, the chief pattern-maker of the works.

BLACKMAIL LOST.

The Kensmanns' Charges Against Zinkand.

Their Shady Record in Philadelphia Is Revealed to Attorney Brandt in an Accidental Way.

When the case of Deidrich Kensmann against Charles A. Zinkand, for damages for the alleged seduction of Teresa Kensmann, was called yesterday morning in Judge Slack's court, Attorney Joseph Rothschild announced that his clients, the plaintiffs, were still among the missing.

They have swelled that long list of suitors in sensational damage suits who never prosecute their cases.

Mr. Brandt, the attorney for Zinkand, stated that the plaintiffs had made him several offers of compromise, Mrs. Kensmann finally offering to accept $500. He did not believe they were still in the city, and expressed it as his opinion that they would never prosecute the suit.

Several continuances have already been granted, so on motion of Mr. Brandt the case was dismissed.

Mr. Brandt yesterday explained his confidence that the case would never be prosecuted by the Kensmanns in the following story:

Some two years ago the Kensmanns struck Philadelphia and at once began business. Mrs. Kensmann advertised for a small loan, offering good security. One Charles J. Snyder answered the advertisement and was almost captured by the woman before he suspected her character. After he dropped negotiations with her she and Kensmann, who was then masquerading as a "relative," called upon Snyder's wife and made all sorts of threats. Finally they left town.

Some time ago Snyder in Philadelphia read a notice of the case in a San Francisco paper and was kind enough to write to Brandt warning him that his clients might be the same couple who had so nearly ruined him. Brandt secured photographs of the slick pair and forwarded the same to Philaphia, where they were fully identified.

JUDGES RETREAT.

New Decision in the Shag Rock Case.

The Supreme Court of Its Own Motion Annuls the Previous Order—The City's Appeal Now Stands.

The Supreme Court surprised every one yesterday afternoon by handing down the following order in the Shag Rock case:

It is ordered that the order entered on March 8, 1893, dismissing the appeals, be and the same is hereby annulled.

It is further ordered that the motion to dismiss the appeals be set for hearing on Monday, March 20, 1893, at 10 A. M.

The order of March 8 which is thus set aside practically decided that the city must pay $15,000 and $2000 interest to Von Schmidt for the purchase of Shag Rock, and for the reason that ex-City and County Attorney Durst had neglected to file a bond on appeal.

Aside from the possible contingency of the court reversing its decision on a rehearing of the case, this order was admitted to be a final adjudication of the case against the city.

The order of yesterday now revokes the former order on the court's own motion—that is, without formal proceedings of any kind had before it.

City and County Cresswell thus explains the mystery.

When Attorney John H. Durst read the account of the decision he wired to Cresswell from Sacramento, telling him that he had failed to file a bond on appeal purposely, and that he was amply sustained in his course by the authoritative decision of Shearer vs. Colgan, reported in 67 Cal., in which it is held that a city official need not give a bond on appeal, provided he obtain an order of the Judge of the lower court exempting him from the necessity, which order, Durst says, is on file.

This decision had somehow been overlooked by the Supreme Court Justices. The matter was brought to their attention and yesterday's order is the result.

The city's appeal will now be heard in due course of time.

The Divorce Court.

Mary E. Wicksberg was yesterday granted a divorce from S. F. Wicksberg on the ground of failure to provide.

Ellen Joy was given a divorce from John D. Joy on the ground of desertion.

May Dougherty, who complained that her husband did not support her, was granted a divorce from John Dougherty by Judge Levy.

The following actions for divorce have been commenced: Mary J. Coddington against James Coddington, Louis against Mary Tammeyer, Hattie against Walter P. Brown, Elizabeth against George H. Fowler, Minnie L. against William H. Dempsey and Sofia against Sofre Alexander.

Bridge-Builders Sued.

G. A. Hourcade of Napa City has sued Charles L. Bigelow and Daniel P. N. Little, as proprietors of the Bay City Iron Works of that city, for failure to complete, within the terms of a contract with the Board of Trustees of Napa City, a bridge spanning Napa Creek. The plaintiff claims that his business has been ruined by the demolition of the old bridge last July and the non-completion of the new one. The damages are laid at $5000.

Police Protection Assured.

First landed proprietor—Do you have good police protection out your way?

Second landed proprietor—Do we? Well, rather. We have the prettiest hired girl in the city.—Detroit Free Press.

THE BEST

BLOOD Is the best Blood Medicine, because it assists nature to throw off the impurities of the blood, and at the same time tones up the entire organism. This is just contrary to the effect of the various potash, mercury, sarsaparilla mixtures, which bottle up the impurities in the system, thus producing much sickness and suffering. Therefore, for a

BLOOD MEDICINE

you cannot do better than take S. S. S.

"As a physician, I have prescribed and used S. S. S. in my practice as a tonic, and for blood troubles, and have been very successful. I never used a remedy which gave such general satisfaction to myself and patients.

"L. B. RITCHY, M. D., Mackey, Ind."

Treatise on blood and skin diseases mailed free. SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., Atlanta, Ga.

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PACIFIC BUSINESS College, 320 POST ST. SEND FOR CIRCULAR

Book-keeping, Penmanship, Short-hand, Type-writing

Graduates Aided in Getting Positions.

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TWO-POUND ROLLS

The New Butter Law Now in Full Swing.

NO MORE LIGHT WEIGHTS.

It Will Advance the Price of Butter by the Roll, but the Weight Will Be Standard.

Now that the bill making it unlawful to sell short-weight butter has become a law, having been signed by the Governor last Saturday, the unwily housewife who has not used much butter, thinking that she was getting robbed if she purchased any, will have a chance to put some on the table now that she is sure of getting her money's worth.

And the poor little corner grocer, whose box of eighteen-ounce rolls of butter have turned rancid in his efforts to sell them, will now replace them with a fine fresh box of two-pound rolls, which will be eagerly bought by the housewife.

A number of the leading commission merchants were seen in regard to the bill yesterday and their opinions asked.

That the new law will be of no benefit to some consumers is beyond a doubt. In fact they will think that they are getting cheated when they buy a roll of butter, for in the future they will, of course, be required to pay more for a two-pound roll than the lighter one which they are buying at present. Of course they will be getting their money's worth, but many consumers will not see it in that light, they will think that the rolls that they are at present buying are full weight, and when the price is raised accordingly they will argue that they are not used to paying such prices.

But this will have to be done or else the retail dealer will be the loser. The butter is bought by the retail dealer from the commission merchant. The average box of butter containing fifty rolls weighs about ninety pounds, or about 10 per cent light. When the retail dealer buys it he pays so much for each pound, and on that basis he sells to the consumer. Now, when full-weight rolls are made, he will be obliged to buy by the pound as before, and when the consumer buys a roll he will be obliged to pay from 10 to 20 per cent more for a roll than at present, although not losing anything in the deal.

The new law will be of advantage to the producer in one respect. When he ships a fifty-roll box of butter to this city he is obliged to pay freight for 100 pounds, although the butter weighs only eighty or ninety. To a large rancher who ships a number of boxes every week that is a large loss, and at the end of the season figures up to a respectable amount. When the new law is put into execution the railroads cannot possibly charge him more than before, so that he will be in that much on every shipment.

When the bill making it unlawful to sell unstamped oleomargerine was passed, no money was appropriated to enforce it, with the result that if any one was caught breaking the law he was allowed to remain unpunished, unless some private person would pay the expenses of prosecuting. It may be the same with the new full-weight butter law.

One thing which will make it hard for the dairymen is that butter varies in weight at certain times of the year. As the new law is, it makes it unlawful to sell short-weight butter. In the minds of the commission merchants it is very evident that the persons who drew up the bill did not understand much about the butter business. Instead of making it unlawful to sell short-weight butter, a uniform size of butter-molds should have been established.

As it was said before, butter varies in weight at certain seasons of the year.

A full weight box of butter of fifty rolls made in the winter season weighs from 102 to 104 pounds; while a box of the same number of rolls made in the summer season with the same mold will weigh only about 95 pounds.

Therefore, if a uniform butter mold was established, figuring the weights up together at the end of the year, both the dairymen and the consumer would come out even.

When the new law is put into execution, even if money is appropriated to enforce it, it will be the source of much trouble to the officers of the law. The bill reads that it is unlawful to sell short-weight rolls, but nothing is said of short-weight squares, into which shape much of the finest butter is made. Many other flaws will probably be found in the bill.

BATEMAN'S SUIT.

That Ferry Foundation Contract Before Judge Murphy.

Further testimony was introduced yesterday before Judge Murphy, on behalf of Bateman Bros., who have sued to compel the Harbor Commissioners to award them the construction of the foundation of the new ferry-depot building.

Commissioner Alexander testified that all the bids, including that of Bateman Bros., were rejected on the ground that there were not sufficient funds available in the hands of the commission to warrant so expensive a foundation as that called for by the plans and specifications, but he finally admitted that, exclusive of certain contracts for new slips, there would be on hand as much as $328,500, which is the amount of the Bateman' bid.

Howard C. Holmes, the engineer of the Harbor Commission, testified that he had calculated the foundation would cost $493,000, which, however, included the cost of the cement, which is about $120,000. His estimate was, therefore, $50,000 or $80,000 higher than that of Bateman Bros.

A. Page Brown testified that he had calculated the cost at only $300,000.

In the afternoon Chairman Bassett of the commission also contended, as did Alexander, that the finances of the commission did not warrant the letting of a contract.

The Bateman brothers then testified to having made written protest against the contract being let to any other parties and to having demanded that the contract be awarded to them.

After argument on the testimony by Mr. Sullivan, an adjournment was taken until to-morrow, when the Harbor Commissioners will put in their defense.

The number of streetcars in use in the United States is stated to be 38,400.

HALE'S HONEY

Of Horehound and Tar.

This infallible remedy is composed of the Honey of the plant Horehound in chemical union with Tar Balm, extracted from the Life Principle of the forest tree Abies Balsamea or BALM OF GILEAD.

Let no prejudice keep you from trying this great medicine of a famous doctor who has saved thousands of lives by it in his large private practice.

N. B.—The Tar Balm has no bad taste or smell.

Sold by all Druggists at 25c., 50c. and $1 per bottle. Great Saving to buy LARGE SIZES.

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TAMAR INDIEN GRILLON

A laxative refreshing, fruit lozenge, very agreeable to take, for CONSTIPATION, hemorrhoids, bile, loss of appetite, gastric and intestinal troubles and headache arising from them.

E. GRILLON, 33 Rue des Archives, Paris

Sold by all Druggists.

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HAIR HEALTH is warranted to Renew youthful color and life to GRAY Hair. Use only DR. HAYS' HAIR HEALTH. Most satisfactory Hair grower. 50c. London Supply Co., 333 B'dway, N. Y. Hair book free. Sold by WAKELEE & CO., Montgomery street. Also Folk and Sutter streets, San Francisco.

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MATHEY-CAYLUS CAPSULES

Have been for nearly half a century the popular remedy, (superior to all others), with Physicians in Europe and America, for prompt and complete cure of recent cases of derangement of the Urinary Organs. The Best and Cheapest.

ALL Druggists sell them for 75c. per bottle of 64 capsules. CLIN & CO., PARIS.

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MANHOOD RESTORED By CUPIDENE

This Vegetable Vitalizer cures all nervousness and diseases of the generative organs, such as LOST MANHOOD, SLEEPLESSNESS, TIRED FEELING, PAINS IN THE BACK, DEBILITY, PIMPLES, HEADACHE, SEMINAL WEAKNESS, NIGHTLY EMISSIONS, IMPOTENCY, DESPONDENCY and CONSTIPATION. Cures where all else fails. The doctor has discovered the active principle on which the VITALITY of the SEXUAL apparatus is dependent. The reason why sufferers are not cured by physicians and medicines is because over 90 per cent. are troubled with PROSTATITIS, for which CUPIDENE is the only known remedy to cure the complaint without an operation. A WRITTEN GUARANTEE to refund the money if a permanent cure is not effected by the use of six boxes. $1 on a box, six for $5. Send for circulars and testimonials. Address all mail orders to

BEFORE and AFTER

NAVOL MEDICINE CO. P. O. Box 2278, S. F., Cal. For Sale By

E. P. GATES, NE. corner O'Farrell and Stockton streets.

WEITMAN & WEITMAN, next Macdonough's Theater, Oakland.

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VERY EASILY CAUGHT.

That Is the Universal Opinion of One of the Most Dangerous Things in the World.

This has been a cold winter, often bitterly cold, and in far too many cases it has produced colds. A cold is easily caught, and is always the beginning of disease, often serious disease. A cold may come in many forms. Sometimes it is with a chill, a shuddering chill; sometimes with a pain in the shoulders and the arms; sometimes with a vague aching in the muscles or the limbs. In whatever form it may come, it is a cold and it means disease; often dangerous disease or death, unless taken in hand promptly.

You cannot afford to neglect a cold. It may run along into something that is dangerous. Remember that an ounce of prevention is worth a pound of cure. What should you do as a sensible man or woman. Watch the symptoms, guard against the first signs, fortify against everything that can be unpleasant, injurious or dangerous. There is only one way by which this can be done. It is by the use of some pure reliable stimulant, something that will quicken the pulse, renew the life, bring into action and aglow all the faculties; something which has been tested and tried, something that is superior to everything else. You do not need to ask what this is. It is sufficient to name it. Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey has been proven to be superior to anything; all things that have been presented to the public for checking a cold, curing pneumonia, and rendering the life at this season of the year happier and better. It has been used by more people and is more popular to-day than any other known preparation in the world, and it deserves its popularity because it has proven its merits by the cures it has effected, colds it has prevented and lives it has saved. Care should be exercised that no unscrupulous druggist or grocer tries to substitute anything which he may claim to be "just as good." There is nothing that can take its place.

ELY'S CREAM BALM

Cleanses the Nasal Passages,

Allays Pain and Inflammation.

Heals the Sores.

Restores the Senses of Taste and Smell.

TRY THE CURE.

CATARRH

THE CURE FOR CATARRH COLD IN HEAD HAY FEVER DEAFNESS HEADACHE ELY'S CREAM BALM 50c.

HAY-FEVER

A particle is applied into each nostril and is agreeable. Price 50 cents at druggists or by mail.

ELY BROTHERS, 56 Warren street, New York.

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L. A. BERTELING SCIENTIFIC THE ONLY RELIABLE OPTICIAN

427 KEARNY ST.

IF YOU HAVE DEFECTIVE VISION, IT WILL be well to remember that I make a specialty of examining and measuring all imperfections of the eye where glasses are required, and grinding such if necessary. No other establishment can get the same superior facilities as are found here, for the instruments and methods used are my own discoveries and inventions and are far in the lead of any now in use. Satisfaction guaranteed.

427—DO NOT FORGET THE NUMBER—427

5 tf eod

OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP CO.

THROUGH LINE TO NEW YORK, VIA PANAMA. Steamers will sail at NOON on the 5th, 15th and 25th of each month, calling at various ports of Mexico and Central America.

Through line sailings—March 15, SS. City of Sydney; March 25, SS. Acapulco; April 5, SS. San Juan.

NOTE.—When the sailing day falls on Sunday steamer will be dispatched the following Monday.

WAY LINE TO MEXICAN AND CENTRAL AMERICAN PORTS AND PANAMA.

Steamers leave San Francisco at noon on the 3d and 18th of each month, calling at various Mexican and Central American ports.

Way Line Sailings—SS. Colon, March 18; SS. San Jose, April 3.

JAPAN AND CHINA LINE.

FOR YOKOHAMA AND HONGKONG, Connecting at Yokohama with steamers for Shanghai, and at Hongkong for East Indies, Straits, etc.

SS. City of Rio de Janeiro, Thursday, March 23, at 3 P. M.

SS. City of Peking, Thursday, April 13, at 3 P. M.

SS. China, Tuesday, April 25, at 3 P. M.

SS. Peru, Saturday, May 13, at 3 P. M.

Round-trip tickets to Yokohama and return at reduced rates.

For freight or passage apply at the office corner First and Brannan streets.

Branch Office—204 Front street.

ALEXANDER CENTER, General Agent.

PACIFIC COAST STEAMSHIP CO.

DISPATCH STEAMERS FROM SAN Francisco for ports in Alaska 9 A. M. January 27, February 10, 24, March 10, 24, April 10, 24.

For British Columbia and Puget Sound ports, every Friday.

For Eureka, Humboldt Bay, Wednesdays, 9 A. M.

For Santa Ana, Los Angeles and all way ports, every fourth and fifth day, 8 A. M.

For San Diego, stopping only at Los Angeles, Santa Barbara and San Luis Obispo, every fourth and fifth day at 11 A. M.

For ports in Mexico, first of each month.

Ticket office—Palace Hotel, 4 New Montgomery st.

GOODALL, PERKINS & CO., General Agents, 1 tf 10 Market st., San Francisco.

FOR PORTLAND & ASTORIA, OREGON.

THE UNION PACIFIC SYSTEM—Ocean Division—and PACIFIC COAST STEAMSHIP COMPANY will dispatch from Spear-street wharf, at 10 A. M., for the above ports one of their 4 iron steamships, viz.:

SEAGO OF CALIFORNIA—Jan. 24, Feb. 5, 17, March 1, 13, 25, April 6, 18, 30.

COLUMBIA—Feb. 1, 13, 25, March 9, 21, April 2, 14, 26.

OREGON—Jan. 28, Feb. 9, 21, March 5, 17, 29, April 10, 22.

Connecting via Portland with the Union Pacific and other diverging lines for all points in Oregon, Washington, British Columbia, Alaska, Idaho, Montana, Dakota, Utah, Wyoming, Yellowstone Park and all points east and south and to Europe.

Fare to Portland—Cabin, $16; steerage, $8; round trip, cabin, $30.

Ticket offices—1 Montgomery street and Palace Hotel, 4 New Montgomery street.

Freight office, 200 Market street.

GOODALL, PERKINS & CO., Supt. Ocean Line. 1 tf 10 Market street, San Francisco.

COMPAGNIE GENERALE TRANSATLANTIQUE

French Line to Havre.

COMPANY'S PIER (NEW), 42 NORTH River, foot of Morton st. Travelers by this line avoid both transit by English railway and the discomfort of crossing the channel in a small boat.

LA NORMANDIE, De Kersabiec.....Saturday, February 25th, 6:00 A. M.

LA GASCOGNE, Santelli.....Saturday, March 4th, 10:00 A. M.

LA BRETAGNE, Capt. Collier.....Saturday, March 11th, 3:00 P. M.

LA BOURGOGNE, Capt. Lebourgeois.....Saturday, March 18, 10:00 A. M.

☞ For further particulars apply to

A. FORNET, Agent,

No. 3 Bowling Green, New York.

J. F. FUGAZI & CO., Agents, 6 Montgomery ave., San Francisco.

Branch office, 10 Montgomery street. au31 tf

ROYAL MAIL STEAM PACKET CO.

STEAMERS LEAVE ASPINWALL fortnightly for the West Indies and Spanish Main, calling on route at Cherbourg, France, and Plymouth to land passengers.

Through Bills of Lading in connection with the Pacific Mail S. S. Company for freight and treasure to direct ports in England and Germany.

Through tickets from San Francisco to Plymouth, Cherbourg, Southampton. First-class, $195; third class, $117 50. For further particulars apply to

H. PARROTT & CO., Agents, 306 California st.

NORTH GERMAN LLOYD S. S. CO.

SPREE, HAVEL, LAHN, TRAVE, SAALE, ALLER, ELDER, EMS, WERRA, FULDA, ELBE, KAISER WILHELM II.

New York, Southampton, Bremen. The fast express steamers of this company sail every TUESDAY and SATURDAY. Landing passengers in Southampton in 7½ days or less from New York. These steamers are celebrated for their speed and the comfort afforded passengers.

SPRING SAILINGS, 1893.

To Southampton (London), BREMEN.

Lahn.....Tues., April 18 | Lahn.....Tues., May 16
Saale.....Sat., April 22 | Saale.....Sat., May 20
Spree.....Tues., April 25 | Spree.....Tues., May 23
Elbe.....Sat., April 29 | Elbe.....Sat., May 27
Aller.....Tues., May 2 | Aller.....Tues., May 30
Havel.....Sat., May 6 | Ems.....Sat., June 3
H.H. Meier, Wed., May 10 | Havel.....Tues., June 6
Trave.....Sat., May 13 | Trave.....Sat., June 10

ROBERT CAPELLE, Gen. Agent for Pacific Coast, 115 Montgomery street, under Occidental Hotel, San Francisco. ja7 1y ThTu

CUNARD LINE.

New York to Liverpool, via Queenstown, from Pier 40, N. R., foot Rivington st.

FAST EXPRESS MAIL SERVICE.

Gallia, March 18, 5:30 AM | Umbria, April 15, 3:00 PM
Aurania, March 25, Noon | Campania, April 22, 10 AM
Etruria, April 1, 5:30 AM | Etruria, April 29, 5:00 AM
Servia, April 8, 10:30 AM | Servia, May 6, 9:00 AM

Cabin passage, $60 and upward; second cabin, $35. Steerage tickets to and from all parts of Europe at very low rates. For freight and passage apply at company's office, 4 Bowling Green, New York.

VERNON H. BROWN & CO., General Agents.

Good accommodation can always be secured on application to WILLIAMS, DIMOND & CO., 1 tf 29 TuThSa Agents, San Francisco.

DRY GOODS.

RARE AND TEMPTING INDUCEMENTS

THIS WEEK

TO HASTEN

OUR GREAT SACRIFICE SALE

Below are a few of the UNMATCHABLY CHOICE BARGAINS OFFERED THIS WEEK IN SILKS AND VELVETS which we present to a discriminating public as samples of the IRRESISTIBLE INDUCEMENTS offered in every department to clear out the balance of the KELLY BROTHERS' BANKRUPT STOCK, and in directing attention to these items we invite all who have not yet fully profited by this unparalleled sale to

CALL AT ONCE BEFORE IT IS TOO LATE.

INDIA SILKS.

At 35c Per Yard.

100 pieces 24-inch INDIA SILK, in all the most desirable evening shades, worth 50c, will be placed on sale at 35c per yard.

At 65c Per Yard.

150 pieces 27-inch JAPANESE SILK, in every shade and tint for evening wear, extra fine quality, worth 85c, will be placed on sale at 65c per yard.

At 60c Per Yard.

60 pieces FIGURED INDIA SILK, light grounds with very pretty colored figures, extra fine quality