HACKED TO PIECES

An Aged Farmer Butchers His Wife.

FULL CONFESSION IS MADE.

The Murderer Says She Poisoned His Tea and Threatened to Dance on His Grave.

SPOKANE, Wash., Oct. 31.—A shocking murder is reported near Waterville, Wash. The crime was discovered yesterday.

John Dougherty, a farmer aged 60, hacked his wife to death with a butcher-knife. The deed was one of fiendish ferocity. The woman was mutilated beyond recognition, and long after she was dead the murderer must have stabbed and hacked her body.

He then dragged his victim by the feet between two stacks of wheat, and partly concealed the body with straw. Later he was discovered in a vacant house, dying from exposure and hunger.

Dougherty has made a full confession. He says his wife poisoned his tea and threatened to dance over his grave within a week. About a year ago he inserted an advertisement in a Chicago matrimonial paper, and the murdered woman, Mrs. Mary E. Phillips, of Cedar Rapids, Iowa, made answer.

They corresponded and she came here and married him. Since then they have lived a cat-and-dog life. Dougherty has a brother in Portland, Or. He is in jail at Waterville.

ROW OVER A MINE.

The Owner Claims That He Deeded It Away While Drugged.

BOISE CITY, Idaho, Oct. 31.—A sensational mining suit has been filed in the United States Court here by Arthur Neal of Seattle against Fred Page Tustin and H. F. Parker of Seattle and several Boise people interested in the Eldora Mining Company, operating in the Neal district, about thirty miles from Boise. Neal sold two valuable mines to R. P. Plowman, a Boise capitalist, for $1000, receiving half in cash and the balance in notes secured by mortgage. Neal alleges that Tustin and Parker got hold of him in Seattle and kept him under their influence for over two weeks by means of drugs.

During that time he signed what he thinks is a power of attorney authorizing Tustin to foreclose the mortgage. He says he might have signed a deed to everything he possessed. Tustin foreclosed the mortgage in his own name, and it is claimed he never paid Neal a cent. The Eldora Company was formed by purchasing the mine from Plowman, agreeing to give him $15,000 and one-half of the stock of the company. Neal asks for a receiver to take charge of the property. Plowman claims that no money has been paid him by the company, and a story reaches this city to-night that he has barricaded the mine and is keeping Tustin and Parker off with rifles. Serious trouble is expected. Tustin is well known throughout Oregon and Washington as an attorney.

CAUSING MORE TROUBLE.

The Seamen's Union Again Assaulting Non-Union Men.

SAN DIEGO, Oct. 31.—The Seamen's Union is again making trouble along the water front of this city. Three non-union men belonging to the schooner Bertha Dolbeer were set upon by them singly and beaten to-day when off the boat. A deputy constable was kept on the schooner and no overt act was committed there.

The American ship William G. Davis was towed outside yesterday and anchored, awaiting the steamer Corona, which arrives to-night with the crew of the ship. The transfer was made outside to prevent trouble with the Sailors' Union, which threatened to get the men away, if possible.

SUED HER MOTHER.

A Misused Girl Recovers Presents From Her Deceased Father.

LOS ANGELES, Oct. 31.—In the Justices' Court to-day Amelie Barre, a young girl, related a pathetic story of cruel treatment on the part of her stepfather and mother, V. A. Peruot and wife, well-to-do residents of Boyle Heights. Soon after the death of her father the girl received such harsh treatment that she had to leave home and take refuge with friends at San Pedro. Mrs. Fanny Thurston, who was appointed the girl's guardian, sued the Peruots to recover a piano, jewelry and other articles, claimed by the child as presents from her father. Justice Bartholomew awarded the plaintiff a greater part of the articles claimed.

SMUGGLERS AT VALLEJO.

Revenue Officers Search Chinatown for the Contraband Drug.

VALLEJO, Oct. 31.—To-day customs officers made a raid on Chinatown. They searched rookery after rookery in quest of contraband opium. As they progressed in their search their efforts were rewarded by capturing twenty-seven five-tael cans from the firm of Quong Hi Sing on Main street.

For a number of years past Vallejo has been the headquarters of an opium ring, which has made many thousands of dollars in smuggling the drug. Not long ago a sloop from San Francisco landed about $30,000 worth of the drug at South Vallejo, from which place it was transported to Napa, Suisun and Benicia, thence to San Francisco in small quantities, where it was sold. A story is also circulated here that smuggled opium has been conveyed on cruisers to Honolulu and sold there.

Has Nothing to Live For.

SAN RAFAEL, Oct. 31.—Mrs. Zingler, wife of F. Zingler, proprietor of the Broadgauge saloon, attempted suicide this morning by cutting the veins in her wrist. Upon being asked the cause of her attempt to take her life she claims she had nothing to live for and that she would attempt it again.

Sixteen Smuggling Cases.

PORTLAND, Or., Oct. 31.—The cases of sixteen parties under indictment for smuggling opium and Chinese into this port were set for trial in the United States District Court. The first of the cases, that of William Dunbar, is set for November 27.

Mrs. Grant at Santa Barbara.

SANTA BARBARA, Oct. 31.—Mrs. General Grant and party, including her son, U. S. Grant, and family, arrived at 8 o'clock to-night. They will have apartments at the Arlington Hotel, which opens to-morrow for the season.

Stricken Dead on the Road.

ST. HELENA, Oct. 31.—John E. Williams, a resident of Howell Mountain, was stricken dead with heart disease while driving home yesterday afternoon and fell from his wagon.

HOW THEY FARED.

Treatment of Fishermen in Alaska.

Narrative of One of Them Giving His Experience During the Season at Karluk.

One of the forty-five fishermen who went up to Karluk, Alaska, last April from this city, John Jose Fonseca by name, does not tell a very flattering tale of the treatment by Agent H. C. Thomas of the Hume Canning and Trading Company, by whom they were employed. The fishermen returned on the 22d inst. by the bark Marguerite, having left Alaska on the 9th, and being favored with fair winds all the way down. His story is as follows:

"We left here April 2, under an agreement with H. C. Thomas, representing the Hume Canning and Trading Company, to go to Karluk and put up a cannery. Under our agreement we were to receive whatever were the current wages, free medical treatment in case of sickness and such accommodations as would be reasonable in a cold and wild country like Alaska.

"On May 29 we arrived at Karluk, and on the afternoon of the fourth day there we landed. The beach was very rough. There were forty-five of us altogether—twenty-one Portuguese and the others Italians.

"Our lighter, in which we were trying to go ashore with our kitchen and cooks, became swamped in the heavy surf and everything got wet—mattresses, blankets and everything. The cook had a red hot stove, preparing our supper for us, but the accident spoiled our supper.

"It was very cold—freezing—and we had to make the best of it and dry our blankets as well as we could, for Mr. Thomas made no shift for us whatever that day. He did, however, put up a very small tent for us next day.

"Owing to our great lack of accommodations and the state of the weather five of our men became sick. We asked Mr. Thomas for some medicine. His answer was that he would give us some as soon as the medicine chest came ashore. Several days we waited, but no medicine did we get. Then we asked again, and Mr. Thomas told us the medicine chest was broken. That was the excuse he gave. All he had was some pain-killer, and every time we got a dose of that he charged us 25 cents for it. Every time after that when we would ask him to provide us with medicine he would tell us that some would arrive on the mail steamer from San Francisco and that we would have to wait for it. The mail steamer, however, never came until the day we left Karluk.

"Seeing that we could get no medicine from Mr. Thomas we went to Samuel Matthews, the superintendent of the Karluk Packing Company and Mr. Matthews let us have whatever we wanted freely.

"It was understood that we should do all kinds of work until and after the fishing season, which we did. We were to do beach work, build the cannery and construct a breakwater, all of which we did, and according to our agreement we were to receive the same wages as were paid by the Karluk Packing Company.

"After we had worked twenty days we learned that the Karluk Packing Company was paying $12 50 a thousand fish and $40 a month for work other than fishing, $1 50 a day being paid for beach work. So we went on a strike for the same wages. As a result he came to us and agreed by a written contract to give us the same wages as were paid by the other company. We therefore went back to work.

"In about a month some of our gang began saving the contract was no good. We went to Mr. Thomas and he told us it was all right.

"However, when we were paid off here, we did not receive within $20 each of what we supposed we should get. We got only $163, after waiting four days, whereas we should have received according to our calculations $181 each. The difference is accounted for in the fact that Mr. Thomas allowed us only for every day we worked, at $1 50 a day, docking us for every day we did not work. When we submitted our contract to our lawyer, C. T. Sullivan, he told us that it was all one-sided—in Mr. Thomas' favor—and that we could do nothing.

"We worked up to October 9. Two months we spent in the cannery. The gang I belonged to, of twenty-one Portuguese, caught 78,000 fish. The pack of the company for the season amounted to 17,000 cases."

State University Glee Club.

The opening concert in the members' course of the San Francisco Young Men's Christian Association takes place to-morrow evening, at 8 o'clock, in their hall, 232 Sutter street, and will be given by the State University Glee Club. Evening educational classes open this week, commencing with class in mathematics, this evening at 8 o'clock.

Smiley the Evangelist.

There will be no meeting at the Christian Union Mission to-night as Evangelist Smiley will hold service at the Howard Presbyterian Church, Mission street, between Third and Fourth. Mr. Smiley will be at the mission on Thanksgiving day.

Coast Races.

SAN BERNARDINO, Oct. 31.—In the Fashion stakes for San Bernardino County bred colts of 1892, for a purse of $1200, run to-day at Cole's racetrack, Gazelle won first money in two straight heats, Sir Gird second. Time, 2:34—2:34½.

In the Kenniston stakes, purse $500, San Bernardino bred colts of 1891, Contento won first, third and fourth heats and first money, Little Crocker second. Time, 2:29¼—2:33—2:35½.

Furniture Bargains!

To reduce stock we offer

DURING THE MONTH OF NOVEMBER

All our Furniture of every description at

TEN PER CENT LESS

Than marked prices. This is a rare opportunity to get first quality goods at "off prices."

Our stock consists of medium as well as high-class Furniture.

See our show-window.

W. & J. SLOANE & CO.

Furniture, Carpets, Upholstery,

641-647 MARKET ST.

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A ROARIN' GAME.

Scotchmen Plan a Curling Bonspiel.

PLAYED IN SUNSET CITY.

New Subscriptions Received at Headquarters Yesterday—More Counties Heard From.

A grand gathering of veteran Scottish sports is being arranged in connection with the Midwinter Fair. Hundreds of Scotchmen in this city and vicinity are interested in the plan to hold a curling bonspiel on the ice rink, for which a concession has been granted to Donaldson & Hume.

Curling has been popular in Scotland for the last three centuries and is a distinctly Scottish pastime. Robert Burns immortalized it as "the roarin' game," from the noise made by the curling stone as it slides along the rink. It is played only on ice and is a game for points in which there is abundant opportunity for great dexterity. The stones are made of granite, circular in form, with a six-inch concave on the top and bottom. They weigh from thirty-five to fifty pounds, are from thirty to thirty-six inches in circumference, the height being about one-eighth of the girth.

THE SKIP AT THE TEE—"SWEEP HER UP."

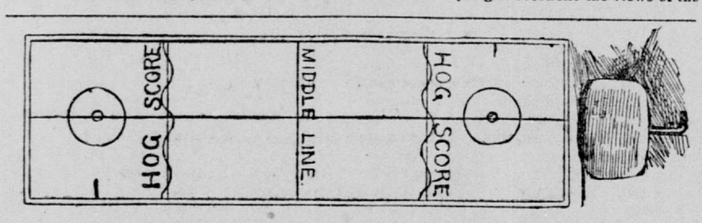
On a rink 42 yards long the game is played. At either end is the tee, from which the player starts the stone, the object being to send it as near as possible to the tee at the other extremity of the rink. A ring of seven-feet radius is drawn on the ice around the tee. The stones which settle within this circle count one point each when all have curled in turn. A stone reposing near the tee may be displaced, however, by the succeeding player.

All laggard stones that manifest a pig-like indolence and do not pass the well-named hog score, which is drawn at a distance of one-sixth the rink from each tee, are removed as obstructing cumberers of the rink. The movement of the heavy curling-stones wears away the ice, forming a sort of crushed ice, and this retards the movement of the stone. If it appears that a stone will stop short of the tee the friendly players brush away the impeding ice with brooms with which each is armed.

Matches are played with numerous competitors formed into rinks of four players on a side, two stones being used by each player. The first man to send a stone flying down the rink does the least important work of the four. Then follows the second player, the mate playing third and the skip fourth. The members of the opposing sides play alternately.

At first the game is remarkably simple, the player endeavoring to top the tee and his immediate opponent having a similar object in view.

During the progress of the game, when one, two or more stones have been well planted, the supporters of those who so placed them are directed by their skip rather to guard its winning stones than to venture too near at the risk of injuring their position. On the other hand the tactics of the opposing party consist in efforts to knock off the guards, dislodge the well-planted stones and get their own still better placed where the latter is possible.



THE CURLING-RINK AND A STONE.

It sometimes happens that the stone nearest the tee is so well protected that it cannot be touched directly and can only be removed by an ingenious master-stroke, technically called inringing, whereby a stone is sent in an oblique direction to hit the winner, and to become itself the winner in turn. Critical stages in the game are periods of great excitement, and not even the bagpipes so arouse Scottish enthusiasm as a closely contested curling bonspiel.

The game is also extensively played in Canada, where there are over 100 curling clubs, scattered through the various provinces. Every year the leading clubs of the different districts meet at Ottawa to compete for prizes offered by the Governor-General. The best trained clubs are those at Montreal, Toronto, Halifax, Ottawa, Pictou, New Glasgow and Quebec.

Among the old curlers now living in this city who have played the game in Scotland or Canada are Donald G. C. McKay, D. M. Fraser, Donald Call, D. R. McNeill, Archibald Laurason, Barry Mackay, John McIntosh, D. A. MacKeon, George Harris, Duncan McDonald, Alexander Morrison, Hugh MacLeod.

The cash receipts yesterday amounted to $364 75, making the total moneys received to date $241,229 26. Although the sum taken in was much smaller than on previous days, some good news was received in the line of promised subscriptions, good when called for. There were several new subscriptions for considerable amounts and a number of additions to donations already made.

The marine insurance people, who did not join with the fire companies at the time of the subscription by the Pacific Insurance Union, put their names down for $2200. The life insurance agents have agreed to do something handsome at an early date. The San Francisco Gas Company subscribed $2500 yesterday. The Pacific Gas Company signed the list for $2000. Of the latter amount $1000 will be given in coin and the balance in illuminating gas. E. J. Baldwin subscribed $1500, the White House doubled its original donation of $1500, the City of Paris added $250 to its first gift of $500, and Louis Sloss & Co., who some time ago subscribed $500, now raise that amount to $1000.

A letter has been received from Nina and Edith Young, 318 Jessie street, contributing $15 30, which is 60 per cent of the proceeds of a children's bazaar held in the cellar of the Young residence recently.

The executive committee is now considering a plan for the establishment of a grand court of counties, around which the central county buildings would be grouped. The site contemplated for this architectural group is in the twenty-acre annex south of the south drive, where there is room for half a dozen large structures.

The Alameda County Commissioners interviewed the committee yesterday regarding a separate building for their county. They intend to erect a building for which a space 100 feet square will be necessary. The Commissioners have agreed, in addition to the cumulative display, to make a good exhibit in Horticultural Hall.

J. D. Hoffman and W. A. Daggett, the San Joaquin County executive officers for the fair, were at headquarters yesterday, asking for at least 4000 feet for the county exhibit. In another part of the building they desire to make an additional display of harvesting implements. They visited Sunset City subsequently, looking for a site for the proposed joint county building.

The Governors of Montana and Pennsylvania have written to Governor Markham, stating that the citizens of their respective States would co-operate in contributing to the success of the California exposition.

The executive committee has accepted the proposition of Colonel Daniel Boone, the lion-tamer and animal-trainer, to erect a building in which to give exhibitions with his trained lions and tigers.

The following letter received from the executive committee of the fair by the organized carpenters of this city is self-explanatory:

To the Executive Committee of Organized Carpenters, San Francisco, Cal.—GENTLEMEN: Your favor of October 20, inclosing resolutions passed at a joint meeting of carpenter unions of San Francisco, has been received, and the resolutions have been duly considered by the committee. We are of opinion that we have done all we could in the line of attempting to reconcile the views of the Carpenters' Union with those of the exposition management and of the public in connection with this matter, and there remains now nothing for us to do but to place your resolutions on file in this office. Yours respectfully,

R. B. MITCHELL, Acting President.

"*Working Girls,*

"Are your cheeks pale?

"Your eyes dull, and step heavy?

"Does your back and side ache sometimes terribly?

"Are you at times faint and dizzy, with pain in the lower part of your stomach?

"Do you watch the clock, and wish the day would end, as you feel ill, and so tired. If so, listen! Standing all day, week in and week out, you have slowly drifted into woman's great enemy, displacement of the womb.

"That or some other derangement of the organ, causing irregularity and other troubles.

"Take warning in time! *Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound* is the surest and safest remedy in the world for you."—*Miss Sallie Palmer, Juniata St., Nicetown, Pa.*

All druggists sell it. Address in confidence, LYDIA E. PINKHAM MED. CO., LYNN, MASS. *Mrs. Pinkham's Liver Pills, 25 cents.*

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TO HER HUSBAND'S AID.

The Wife of Martin D. Howell Finds Sureties.

Again Mrs. Martin D. Howell, whose inherited estate has become so badly incumbered through her unfortunate marital relations, has come to her husband's assistance, and has procured three well-known Stockton property-owners to act as sureties to the $10,000 bond which he has to furnish to the United States District Court.

To do so she has had to secure the bondsmen, and a number of instruments of conveyance were acknowledged by Mr. and Mrs. Howell yesterday, after the sureties signed the bond.

The new bondsmen are Alonzo W. Rhodes, Monroe D. Easton and Sydney W. Newell, the first named qualifying in the sum of $10,000 and the last two in $5000 each. The bond will probably be approved to-day.

Burglar Shot.

At a late hour last night an elderly man was seen forcing an entrance into the tool-shop on Fair's property at Baker and Beach streets. Special Officer Rogers, drawing his revolver, ordered the man to surrender. In some manner the weapon was discharged and the old man fell wounded in the head. He was taken to Dr. Finney's office, corner of Union and Fillmore streets, where the bullet was extracted. The old man, who was taken to the Receiving Hospital for further treatment, was identified as John Clarke, well-known to the police as a petty thief. He was charged with burglary. The wound is not dangerous.

Dick Ward's Trial.

The trial of Richard Ward, the jockey who killed John Kelly at the Bay District track in July last, on a charge of insanity, was continued by Judge Daingerfield yesterday until this morning, on the motion of Attorney Smith, the defendant's counsel, who asked for more time in which to prepare his case.

A Prize-Winner Gets a Prize.

CHICAGO, Oct. 31.—Studebaker Bros. of this city have sold the carriage and harness, valued at $2500 each, that received the highest award at the World's Fair, to Mr. Stachelberg, the celebrated cigar manufacturer of New York, whose exhibit also received the highest award.

REPEAL'S EFFECT.

Confidence Is Restored by the Bill.

FOREIGN CAPITAL COMING.

Banking Men Give Their Opinions on the Silver Repeal Bill and Congratulate Themselves.

Financiers and bankers felt that a load had been lifted from their shoulders yesterday by the silver repeal bill. Their conversation almost unanimously assumed a hopeful tone that clearly betrayed new confidence in themselves and the people.

"It is the dawn of a new and better era," said one of them significantly.

As a rule the men who preside over the destinies of San Francisco's banking institutions accept the repeal as a benefit to finance, industry and commerce. However, there is some divergence of opinion, and that principally toward a belief that the bill is at least a step in the right direction. Those who hold this opinion are not backward in expressing it as a conviction, and also that the tariff be either left alone, or tariff reform definitely settled before the country can feel a full glow of prosperity.

"The repeal bill took nobody by surprise," said the president of the German Savings Bank. "We knew what was coming, and it was discounted a week ago. It will have an excellent effect. For instance, it will bring out a great deal of gold from safe-deposit vaults and stockings, or wherever gold is hoarded. People were afraid and kept money hidden away until the repeal bill would be passed. The effect on savings banks is this: money will be deposited because people know they will be paid back in gold coin instead of a depreciated currency, which would have been the case with silver on its old basis. The savings banks will be able to realize easily on securities on account of an inevitable flow of money from foreign countries into the United States for investment here. It will restore confidence to a large extent. We are glad to see repeal."

"I think it will have a very beneficial effect," said I. W. Hellman, president of the Nevada Bank. "It will tend to restore confidence, which is wanted more than anything else now. If the bill had not been repealed we might have exported a good deal of gold, and the reverse is now the case. One million dollars left London yesterday for New York. I think foreigners, frightened that we would pay their investments in silver, are now satisfied they will be paid in gold and they will make large investments here again.

"I believe now if the tariff is judiciously reformed by next spring we'll have very good times in the United States.

"Repeal can only affect us beneficially locally as far as I can see. In our exports people will buy more of our produce and we will get better prices for it. With stagnation existing all over the country it couldn't be expected much business would be done. This is changed now and prices ought to be better. I am satisfied that the money market, by contemplation of repeal, was getting easier. Money is easier. Our banks have not taken advantage of the stringency. Interest is not high here, and none of the commercial banks refuse to accommodate clients. Relative values between gold and silver remain the same. Money has not been more plentiful for a long time than at present. I'm firmly of the opinion that silver will bring a better price without legislation than with it. Supply and demand will control its value. I believe in a double standard, but that can only be arranged in the monetary conference between the nations, and I hope that later on something will be done to form this standard."

"The main thing to get out of the way is the tariff," said Thomas Brown, cashier of the California Bank.

"Manufacturers are stopped up and don't know what to do in its present unsettled state. The repeal bill will make securities better, and the natural tendency will be a further depreciation of silver. In the last few days it has declined 4 cents, and what the ultimate effect may be is only a mere guess to-day."

"Congress has delayed this matter too long to do any good," said P. N. Lilienthal of the Anglo-California Bank. "I think it will fall flat. Money is easy enough. New York only once before held a larger reserve in excess of legal requirements than to-day, and that was in 1885."

"Repeal will restore confidence," was suggested.

"I don't know what will absolutely do it, but one of the most important factors will be decisive action on the tariff, either putting an alteration into force or stipulating not to touch tariff for two years. Repeal has had the effect of making silver very sick; it is down to 68 to-day and will be 65 in January.

"We never can have a return to prosperity here until the tariff question is settled. It is one of the matters that trouble our manufacturers and importers. Money is accumulating in London and New York and is extremely cheap, being about 12 per cent per annum. Things are easing up."

"For present purposes it betters the situation materially," said Lovell White, cashier of the San Francisco Savings Union, "and that by restoring confidence.

"Even here money was locked up on account of the silver scare. European money was drawing out because foreign investors got afraid they would be paid in silver. This has been going on for years. During the crisis attempts were made to secure European money for use here in loans on real estate, but no contracts to loan here would be made till the silver question was disposed of. Only for it large loans would have been made by local banks to help the situation. Taxes are due this current month, and savings banks must make provisions for payment of dividends in January in an unusual degree. Prudent bankers are making preparations for dividends on a large scale, and this will prevent loaning till about February. Repeal will restore confidence, take money out of the safe deposits, and we regard it as final that the pressure on savings banks will be removed on this account."

The Wachusett to Unload Here.

The wooden ship Wachusett, Captain Williams, sprang a leak on the 26th ult. and was compelled to take refuge in this port in distress. Her cargo of coal from Nanaimo, B. C., was consigned to John Rosenfeld's Sons at San Pedro.

The Treasury Department has therefore permitted her to discharge her cargo here, and the bark General Fairchild, which has a cargo for the same consignees, but at this destination, to take her cargo to San Pedro in lieu.

RICHARDS & Co., druggists, 406-8 Clay.

PLYMOUTH CHURCH.—Rev. William Kincaid, D.D., of New York City will speak at Plymouth Congregational Church this evening at half past 7 o'clock on "The Future of Our Country." Admission free and everybody invited.

CANCER CATARRH & Rheumatism CURED with Balmy, Magnetic, Soothing Oils. NO KNIFE or CAUSTIC BURNING PLASTERS USED, AND LITTLE OR NO PAIN.

We eliminate all cancerous, calomel and rheumatic poison from the system.

THE ONLY PERFECT CANCER CURE.

We are the originators. Look out for imitators. Consultation costs nothing.

DR. EUGENE BUELL,

CANCER INSTITUTE,

McALLISTER AND LARKIN STREETS, S. F.

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DRY GOODS.

THE MAZE!

A Modern Department Store

EXTRAORDINARY VALUES.

Ours is a strictly cash business. We do not credit a living soul. The receipts of one day are invested in bargains for the next. In ten years there has not been such a slump in values in the New York Mart. The biggest and most solid manufacturers have been obliged to raise money through forced sales. The banks were exhausted and could not assist further. We were on the spot with our tempting bag of gold, which was seized with the eagerness that a man dying of thirst grasps at a drop of water. Only department stores who sell for cash are in a position to lay down their gold and dictate terms to the man who must have it or seek seclusion in the Sheriff's gold.

DRESS GOODS.

We will surprise you with our prices, astonish you with our qualities. Three buyers unite in their selection, and as three heads know more than one they should be prime in style and price, constantly bettering our wares and reducing prices.

75 cents.

54-inch wide All-wool Hop-sacking Checks, downtown it would be a leader at $1 25.

$1.00.

54-inch wide All-wool Chevrons, fancy weaves, all colors, value at $1 50.

$1.25.

40-inch All-wool, Silk and Wool, Two Tone Imported Novelties, new weaves and colorings, will ask you $2 for them downtown.

$1.50.

Our qualities and prices will induce you to come out to us—$1 to $5 saved on a pattern—54-inch French Broadcloth, decidedly the best value in town by 50c a yard.

$2.00.

58-inch All-wool "Cravenette," is waterproof and will not spot, in navy and black, worth $3 a yard, nothing finer at any price, 5 yards a suit.

SILKS.

Among the purchases from the Great Phœnix Mill silk sale, can't duplicate for 50 per cent or more.

75c.

21-inch wide all-silk black FAILLE FRANCAISE' satin finish and way under value.

$1.00.

21-inch wide all-silk FAILLE FRANCAISE, black and full-line colors, best you ever bought for the money.

$1.50.

22-inch wide CHRYSTAL SILKS, in colors and changeable effects, cannot be replaced for $2.

We are selling out some drives in silks purchased for cash from the most demoralized silk market New York has ever seen. Don't buy $1 worth before seeing our stock. We have the best values ever placed before a customer.

OUR CATALOGUE

For the fall and winter season is full of new ideas of all kinds. In addition to its many features there is a very complete line of holiday goods, toys, etc., shown. Send for one. We will be able to save you considerable on all your purchases. No charge for mailing.

THE MAZE.

Cor. Market, Taylor and Golden Gate Ave.

HOME AND **New Home OIL HEATER**

BRIGHTEST, BEST AND CHEAPEST.

From $6 to $20

JOHN F. MYERS & CO., 947 MARKET ST.

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DR. J. D. ARNOLD,

EYE, EAR, THROAT.

RESUMES PRACTICE NOV. 1.

54, 55, 56, 57, Chronicle Building.

oc1 tf

DRY GOODS.

THE MAZE!

A Modern Department Store.

WHY WE ARE WHAT WE ARE.

We came here two years ago unknown and unheralded. It will not be denied that in this short space of time we are as well if not better known than any house in town. It was through the merit of our wares, our prices, our methods that we accomplished the result. We have facilities that others do not possess. We can, we do sell goods of a similar quality less than any other concern. We are content with a less ratio of profit. We turn our stock oftener, we do more business (and for cash) than any house of our years in the United States. Come to us with confidence—we will never abuse it, and treat you better than any one else.

LACE CURTAINS

From the big Wilkesbarre-Bromley Sale. Don't stop after reading this notice. Come up and be agreeably surprised. We haven't half-stated the value or beauty of these Curtains. You won't duplicate these Curtains again in a lifetime.

Lot 1—$1.50.

100 pairs, 3½ yards long, 54 inches wide, heavy border ecru net, not again for $2 50.

Lot 2—$1.50.

100 pairs 3½ yards long by 48 inches wide, fancy mesh, chrysanthemum pattern, ecru net, never again under $2 50.

Lot 3—$1.75.

100 pairs 3½ yards long by 48 inches wide, fan-palm border, point d'esprit center, Brussels effect, never again under $3.

Lot 4—$1.98.

400 pairs of assorted widths 3½ yards long, 50 to 64 inches wide, in white or ecru all over designs, Brussels fancy floral designs and heavy side border, renaissance patterns, never again under $3 50.

Lot 5—$2.75.

50 pairs 4 yards long, 60 inches wide, extra large white panel Curtains, taped all round, heavy floral border, Goddess of Flowers and floral scenes in relief, surrounded by heavy border, forming the center panel. A $5 piece will never buy again.

Lot 6—$2.25.

50 pairs Swiss Lace Curtains, 3½ yards long, 48 inches wide, never again under $4.

Lot 7—$3.50.

100 pairs Colby Lace Effects, 3½ yards long, 52 inches wide, never again under $5 50.

Lot 8—$4.25.

200 pairs Irish Point Effects, very heavy applique patterns, ecru or white, 3½ yards long, 54 inches wide, worth again $7 50.

Lot 9—$4.98.

100 pairs Brussels Effects, latest designs, 3½ yards long, 56 inches wide, another time $7 50. These are the greatest values any one ever offered.

MAIL-ORDER PURCHASING

Is a pleasure when done through a firm having the proper facilities. Our catalogue for fall and winter is now out. It is the largest and most complete book on the coast. Have you received one? If not send us your name and you'll have it at once. No charge.

THE MAZE,

Market, Taylor and Golden Gate Avenue.

CARPETS AND LINOLEUM

THIS MONTH AT GREAT

REDUCTION!

Tapestry Brussels, 55c to 90c,

Sewed and laid, including the highest grades.

Linoleum, 60c to 95c,

Laid, including heaviest grade.

ALL OTHER GOODS IN PROPORTION.

ALEX. MACKAY & SON,

715 Market Street.

CARPETS, FURNITURE, SHADES.

se2 MoWeSa 2p tf

ARE YOU MARRIED?

It is the small annoyances, like a lost collar-button, that fret and worry. Sour milk over night; no milkman in the morning; no cream for the coffee; no milk for the baby. The

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Condensed Milk is always ready for use. Use it for tea, coffee and chocolate; for ice cream, summer drinks and general cooking purposes.

This country is full of fat, healthy babies, raised on the Eagle brand.

oc30 MoWeFr 6m

$27.00. $15.00.

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638 and 640 Mission Street.

se9 SaMoWe 2p

PALACE HOTEL.

THE PALACE HOTEL OCCUPIES AN ENTIRE block in the center of San Francisco. It is the model hotel of the world. Fire and earthquake proof. Has nine elevators. Every room is large, light and airy. The ventilation is perfect. A bath and closet adjoin every room. All rooms are easy of access from broad, light corridors. The central court, illuminated by electric light, its immense glass roof, broad balconies, carriage-way and tropical plants are features hitherto unknown in American hotels. Guests entertained on either the American or European plan. The restaurant is the finest in the city. Secure rooms in advance by telegraphing. THE PALACE HOTEL.

1st tf San Francisco, Cal.

BRUSHES FOR BARBERS, BAKERS, bootblacks, bath-houses, billiard-tables, brewers, book-binders, candy-makers, canners, dyers, flour-mills, foundries, laundries, paper-hangers, printers, painters, shoe factories, stablemen, tar-roofers, tanners, tailors, etc.

BUCHANAN BROS., Brush Manufacturers, 609 Sacramento st.

oc17 WeFrSu 2p tf

PROPOSALS

To Clean Brick Sewers.

OFFICE OF THE CLERK OF THE BOARD OF Supervisors of the city and county of San Francisco, October 31, 1893.

In accordance with Resolution No. 9236 (Third Series) of the Board of Supervisors bids will be received in open session of the board on MONDAY AFTERNOON, November 6, 1893, from 2 to 2:30 o'clock, to clean the brick sewers within the district bounded by Fourteenth, Eighteenth, Mission and New Channel streets, including the sewers in said streets.

The silt taken from the sewers to be removed from the streets, the estimated quantity of said silt being about 2000 cubic yards.

NOTICE.—Bidders will state a price per cubic yard for which the above work will be done in conformity with Section No. 3245 of the Political Code, the silt removed to be measured in the vehicle of transportation and to be the property of the contractor.

The party to whom the contract is awarded will be required, prior to or at the time of the execution of the contract, to pay the cost of advertising this and a former notice of October 10, 1893, in three daily newspapers.

In order to preserve uniformity and to facilitate the award the board has resolved to receive no bids unless made upon blank forms prepared by the committee, and a certified check for the sum of $500, deposited by the bidder with and made payable to the clerk of the board, conditioned that the proposal be accepted and the contract awarded, and if the bidder shall fail or neglect to execute a written agreement and give the required bond within six days after, the sum shall be paid into the city and county treasury by said clerk as liquidated damages for failure and neglect.

Blanks furnished by the clerk.

The board reserves the right to reject all bids if the public good so requires.

oc31 5t JNO. A. RUSSELL, Clerk.