REV. MR. FLAWITH

His Address Before the Congregationalists.

HOW IT WAS RECEIVED.

George T. Gaden Talks of the Religious Congress.

SOON TO BE HELD HERE.

Is of the Opinion That It Will Meet With the Hearty Co-operation of All Sects.

The weekly meeting of the Congregational Club was held yesterday afternoon in the Young Men's Christian Association building. The chief features of the afternoon's work were a short talk of "Congregationalism" by the Rev. F. Flawith, formerly of Antioch, and a paper by George T. Gaden, secretary of the religious congress to be held shortly in this city.

The gist of the lecture on "Congregationalism," which elicited much comment and no little dissatisfaction among the twenty-four ministers present, amounted to as follows:

The fundamental principles of congregationalism are simplicity, catholicity and spirituality. The history of the church proves that principle gave shape to its policy rather than expediency. It was not for expediency that Barrow, Greenwood and Penry laid down their lives; neither did Robinson and other members of the Leyden church submit to a life-long exile for it. It was for vital God-given principles that these men suffered so much.

These principles are the same now as ever, viz.: the sole sovereignty of Jesus Christ and the equal fellowship of the brotherhood. Its golden day lies in the future. The great element of its strength lies in its government, the power the Congregational church has to control its own affairs. This presupposes the existence of the elements necessary for its formation. It is a congregation of pious men, and without such it cannot really be a church.

Sometimes, by carelessness, slothfulness and impurity, the church may become so careless of its rights that it may enable outsiders to gain control of its affairs. At this juncture the speaker spoke strongly of the different societies which were attached to most of the churches. He said the church should stand alone, and that no such connections should be made. The members of such societies were not always God-fearing, and that when the church placed dependence on them it was in reality denying God's providence and care.

One of the main props of the Congregational church, the speaker said, was that it is not bound by traditions nor by external authority, but rather by the council and will of its own membership, determined upon by present necessity. It is, therefore, distinctly progressive.

Another feature is that it fosters and recognizes the responsibility of the individual. It aims at the perfection of the people. Therefore, the individual responsibility of every member is not only a prerogative but rather a right—an educational process.

The unit of church life is the personal soul—the end is the perfect development of it. Congregationalism puts great stress on the power to adapt itself to the circumstances in which it may be placed, and also on the recognition of the supremacy of things spiritual. It does not seek dominion over a man's faith; it only seeks to be helpful to him in his joy and in his sorrow.

Its main aim is to train the spiritual faculty and trust, to fight mechanical means and doubtful expedients in religious work; to make Christians and not theologians of men, and to teach independency of the world, but dependency of the Almighty God.

The speaker concluded with the remark that the main weakness of the church lay in the flesh. Brethren holding great trust permit their feelings to interfere with the other brethren's rights and ex-parte councils are not rightfully convened. Right principles are good, but their application is better. It is not Congregationalism that needs improving, but Congregationalists.

This parting remark produced consternation, and for a time it seemed that the visitor who had been invited to speak on the "Religious Congress" would not get a hearing.

Some of the members wanted to discuss the lecture, and some wanted the matter dropped. Finally three or four criticized it superficially, and Mr. Gaden was requested to make his remarks.

Mr. Gaden, in a short and concise speech, stated the nature of the coming congress. It had been started, he said, by the women of the city, who desired that strangers and visitors should see that we had a desire for something of more value than a few questionable sideshows and an exhibit of California products.

It was the desire of the executive committee that all the foremost clergymen of the different denominations should come together, not in a spirit of debate or controversy, but rather to bring about a better understanding between the different denominations. The religious congresses are designed to bring all religions possible together, on a civic and religious basis, where all can work in concert for a common cause and promote the unity of faith in the one living and true God and the harmony of denominations.

At the conclusion of Mr. Gaden's address the Rev. Mr. Nicholls proposed that a committee be appointed to look into the matter and report to the club at its next meeting.

The committee consists of the Rev. Dr. McLean of Oakland, Mrs. Sarah B. Cooper and Rev. Dr. Pond.

At the conclusion of the meeting several of the ministers approached Mr. Gaden and assured him of their hearty sympathy in the movement. Foremost among them was the Rev. R. R. Lloyd of the Theological Institute of Oakland.

Mr. Gaden gave it as his opinion that the Congress would take place with the hearty co-operation of all sects and would redound to the spiritual credit of the community.

TO-DAY'S RACES.

List of Entries for This Afternoon's Event.

The following are the entries for the races this afternoon, the largest number that has yet been received at either this or the blood-horse meeting:

First race, five furlongs—De la Guerra 109, Belle Platte 107, Miss Lewis 107, Geneva 107, Fly 109, Rosa S 107, White Cloud 112, Monita 109, J M B 112, Joe Frank 112, Rey El St. Louis 112, Primanda 112.

Second race, three furlongs, two-year-olds—Celia S 115, Lady Jane 115, Sweet 115, Sea Spray 115, Diggs 115, Mollie R 115, El Tirano 118, Flagstaff 118, Mount Air 118, Washoe 115, Monterey 118, Zebe 118, Niagara 118, Kittie L 115, Joe Harvey 118, Silver 115, Kit Scott 115.

Third race, six and a half furlongs, selling—Bronco 113, Motto 104, Rear Guard 109, Ja Ja 107, Catch 'Em 97, Lodowic 112, Pennyroyal 107, Wyanashet 109, Prince Henry 109, Blizzard 108, Zampost 109, Joe Murphy 114, Conde 110, Tigress 99.

Fourth race, five and a half furlongs—Road Runner 101, Sallie M 92, Zaragoza 108, Viceroy 108, Grafton 113, Leveler 113, Joe Cotton 112, Duke Stevens 119.

Fifth race, five furlongs, selling—Pricelle, Guard, Piccolo, Excuse Me, Norlee, Catch 'Em, Semele, Joe Ellis, Faro, Green Hock, Annie Moore, Midget, Red Light, Raphaels, Zenobia, Allary, Dr. Ross, Malcolm.

A Balloonist's Return.

Professor Ivy Baldwin, the aeronaut, who made an ascension in a 7000-cubic-foot gas-balloon from Central Park Sunday afternoon and astonished his spectators by passing from sight among the clouds, returned to the city yesterday morning with his aerial ship all tied up in a neat bundle. He landed at 6:15 o'clock Sunday night on a ranch six miles west of Suisun, covering a distance of about sixty-six miles in two hours and five minutes. The highest point above the earth he reached at any time he estimates to be about 16,000 feet. The landing to earth was done by letting out an amount of gas until he reached a point where he could put out a grappling-hook and catch a wire fence. In this position he remained for some time and gradually lowered himself to the ground.

Professor Baldwin is now making arrangements for a trip in a 24,000-cubic-foot gas-balloon. In it he will take provisions, etc., sufficient for a two days' stay in mid-air.

Presbyterian Ministers.

The president of the Presbyterian Ministerial Union, Rev. W. D. Nicholas, not being present at the meeting in the Howard Church yesterday morning, the vice-president, Rev. John W. Ellis, D.D., presided.

The committee on Sunday-school day at the Midwinter Fair asked to be discharged, and as the executive committee of the State Sabbath-school Association has determined to give the matter no further consideration the request was complied with.

A resolution strongly protesting against the Sunday opening of the fair similar to the one already adopted by the Methodist ministers and the Congregational club, as well as by the Christian Endeavor Union and other religious organizations, was then adopted.

Rev. H. A. Lounsbury read a scholarly and interesting paper on the slavery of the Mosaic code.

Next Monday Miss Stella Ames will talk to the ministers on the training and use of their voices, and Rev. Dr. R. F. Coyle will read a paper on a subject of his own selection.

AN OPEN LETTER.

From Attorney Witter to Lyman I. Mowry.

United States District Attorney Garter Defends His Office Against a Newspaper Attack.

The following open letter was addressed yesterday by Assistant United States Attorney Witter to Lyman I. Mowry, a well-known attorney of this city, who for years has been and is now one of the lawyers constantly employed by Chinese who are in trouble of any sort. The letter reads:

Lyman I. Mowry, Attorney-at-law, San Francisco, Cal.—SIR: Inasmuch as the article in this (Monday) morning's Examiner with reference to the failure of this office to arrest a Chinaman by the name of Wong Bang was actuated by you, and inasmuch as you first furnished information to the United States Attorney upon which to proceed, and thereafter, upon being repeatedly requested so to do, refused either to swear to a complaint or to furnish evidence against him for the use of the United States Attorney upon a trial, I desire once more to give you the following opportunity: If you will either swear to a complaint or procure some reliable person to do so, to the effect that Wong Bang is a laborer and an ex-convict within the meanings of the provisions of the McCreary act, and furnish evidence to support the allegations of the complaint, the United States Attorney's office will be pleased to cause a warrant to issue and lend its aid to you in every manner possible to the end that the said Wong Bang may be deported to China.

When you first gave information to this office we caused an investigation to be made by the police detectives of this city, who reported that Wong Bang was a merchant and not a laborer, and therefore not liable to prosecution or deportation under the provisions of the McCreary act. Respectfully yours,

WILLIS G. WITTER,
Assistant United States Attorney.

"The article in question," said United States District Attorney Garter, "as usual does my office grave injustice. The list furnished by Collector Wise of the Chinese felons contains, I am reliably informed, the names of Chinese who are yet serving sentence and of other Chinese who have been hanged for their crimes. This office is more than willing to deport, not only Chinese felons, but any and all Chinese who are subject to deportation, and the following summary of the work done by my office will clearly show that both myself and my assistants have neither been idle nor negligent in the matter of Chinese deportation. The following summary can easily be verified from the records of the courts:"

1882—Writs issued by the United States courts, 1 (restriction act May, 1882); Chinese deported, none.

1883—Writs issued, 323 (restriction act May, 1882); deported, none.

1884—Writs issued, 483 (restriction act May, 1884); deported, none.

1885—Writs issued, 523 (restriction act May, 1884); deported, none.

1886—Writs issued, 329 (restriction act May, 1884); deported, none.

1887—Writs issued, 2575 (restriction act May, 1884); deported, 100.

1888—Writs issued, 7378 (Scott exclusion act October); deported, 138.

1889—Writs issued, 535 (Scott exclusion act October); deported, 51.

1890—Writs issued, 1218 to November 1 (Scott exclusion act October); deported, 84.

Total writs issued, 13,391; total deported, 373.

Writs issued and Chinese deported during United States Attorney Garter's term:

1890, to December 31—Writs issued, 151; deported, 25.

1891—Writs issued, 141 (W. G. Witter, Assistant United States Attorney, January); deported, 388.

1892—Writs issued, 220 (Geary act May); deported, 57.

1893—Writs issued, 234 (McCreary act October); deported, 36.

Total writs issued, 746; total deported, 506.
Grand total of writs issued, 14,137.
Grand total of Chinese deported, 879.

"It will be seen that during my term of a little over three years to date more Chinese have been deported by 123 than during the years from 1882 to 1890 inclusive. Now as to Chinese felons. The McCreary law says that Chinese laborers who are felons and who failed to register under the Geary act shall be deported. There was nothing in the Geary act concerning felons, and under the clause of the McCreary act relating to felons we have at this time two cases pending before Judge Morrow that when tried will give us a precedent upon which to work in future. Until these cases are tried I do not feel that I would be justified in putting the Government to the expense, the officers to the trouble and work to arrest Chinese felons by wholesale and deprive men, even though they be Chinese, of their liberty without assurance that we could convict and deport them. This office has no detective force at its command nor do I think either myself or my associates are required or expected to swear to every complaint that every Tom, Dick or Harry comes in here to make without evidence to sustain it.

"If any citizen desires the arrest of a Chinese felon and has the evidence to prove he is a felon and will swear to a complaint and submit his evidence he will find this office ready to serve him, but for you or any other man to come into this office and merely announce you want so-and-so arrested and want me or one of my assistants to assume the burden of complaint and proof is not enough. I want to add that it is through no fault of this office or of Judge Morrow that the Chinese felons already arrested have not been tried. Our calendar has been crowded and the cases can only be reached in their turn."

"It is true," said Assistant District Attorney Witter, "that I refused positively to swear to a complaint for the arrest of Wong Bang, but not for the reason alleged by the Examiner. Detectives Cox and Glennon reported to me that Wong Bang was a partner in a drugstore, and others whom I had investigate the matter told me that it would be impossible to prove Wong Bang a laborer at any time. This didn't preclude Mr. Mowry from swearing out a complaint against Wong Bang, nor does it now preclude him, and I have invited him to do so."

Complaints for divorce have been filed by Nellie M. against John Miron, and by Letitia A. against Albert Dietrich.

NEW WATER RATES

Supervisors to Discuss the Question.

A COMMITTEE OF THE WHOLE

Hinton Strongly Objects to Any Interference.

ATTACK ON BITUMEN PAVING.

Superintendent of Streets Ackerson Instructed to Have the Roadways Repaired Between Tracks.

The Board of Supervisors decided yesterday to meet as a committee of the whole for the purpose of considering water rates.

Some time after this determination Supervisor Hinton moved to reconsider, stating that the Water Committee, of which Supervisor Denman was chairman, was fully capable of handling the question of settling water rates for the next fiscal year. He did not believe in choking off the Water Committee in that way by absorbing its powers in a committee of the whole. He said that no other committee had ever been treated that way. The Water Committee only met twice a year, and its only duty was to fix water rates, and it should be allowed to perform the functions of its being without any interference from a committee of the whole. The board as a whole could afterward pass on the matter as was its right.

Supervisor Hinton gave notice of a reconsideration, but it was determined to take up the question at once. On a vote being taken the motion to reconsider was lost, and the board will meet as a committee of the whole at 10 o'clock this morning and continue its sessions from time to time until the question of water rates is settled.

The board adopted a resolution indemnifying Superintendent of Streets Ackerson from all liability in the removal of the obstructions on Van Ness avenue, on the Laguna survey. This was what Superintendent Ackerson desired to have passed, so that he could remove the obstructions without any fear of any suits for damages being brought against him. As this was the principal reason he gave for not carrying out the orders of the board there is no doubt that he will either insist on the property-owners removing all the obstructions, or promptly remove them himself in accordance with the directions of the board, and his own powers as Superintendent of Streets.

The Street Committee reported in favor of taking such steps as will compel a compliance on the part of the street railroad companies with their obligations to keep those portions of the streets in good order and repair. "At the present time," said the report, "when there are so many unemployed men, it would seem that the various railroad companies would of their own motion perform their share of the obligations now being imposed on our citizens, and take this opportunity of relieving the prevalent distress by repairing those portions of the streets which under any and all circumstances they are compelled to do under the law."

In accordance with the report a resolution was adopted providing that the Superintendent of Streets be directed to notify in writing the president and secretary of each railway company which has not put its portion of the street in repair of the condition of the same and to require said companies to put those portions of the streets between the tracks in good order. The Street Superintendent was also directed to inform the board from time to time whether the street railroad companies are complying with his instructions or not. The resolution was the outcome of a communication from Leon Sloss, chairman of the Committee on Streets of the Grand Jury, demanding the Supervisors to see that the railroad companies put the portions of the streets between their tracks in good repair, as required by law.

The Finance Committee, through Chairman James, presented a report on the subject of bituminous pavements, which it has lately been investigating. In the report is the following:

In the matter of the investigation of the bituminous pavement laid on O'Farrell street, between Steiner and Scott, and on Geary street, between Masonic and Central avenues, ordered by the board, your committee reports progress, it being the intention to make a thorough examination, in connection with the Superintendent of Public Streets, into all bituminous pavements laid, the character of the bituminous rock and the manner of its being laid down, with the view to ascertain and report fully as to the proper component parts of bituminous rock from which can be obtained the best results, so as to provide specifications that will exclude from use all unfit rock.

This necessity arises from the fact that many deposits of that rock vary considerably in quality as to its use for pavement, it appearing that some rock which shows the largest percentage of bitumen is mixed with woody fiber and other matter, which renders it brittle and subject to rapid disintegration. The manner of laying and compressing the rock on top of the concrete foundation is also an important factor, the general mode of simply smoothing over the top to give it a coat or dressing being insufficient, as it requires heavy pressure, which can only be accomplished by a heavy roller of at least ten to fifteen tons weight.

A resolution was adopted declaring it the intention of the Board of Supervisors to order the opening and extension of Potrero avenue from the southerly line of Serpentine avenue to the northerly line of Army street in a straight line and of a uniform width of 100 feet, and to condemn and acquire the described lands within the lines of Potrero avenue, so extended as proposed, deemed necessary and convenient for the opening of said avenue. The resolution provided also that a district should be chargeable for the expenses of the opening and should be assessed therefor.

J. McCrossan was given an extension of sixty days on his contract with the city for repairing accepted streets paved with bituminous rock.

A LUCKLESS FRUITMAN.

J. Oliva Has Been Fighting Against the Stars.

J. Oliva, who has a fruitstore at the corner of Union and Buchanan streets, is laboring under the apparent malison of hostile stars. Early in the year his bad luck began with the loss of his youngest child.

Last Saturday morning he went to the market as usual, purchased goods to the value of $35, loaded them into his wagon and left the latter and team standing while he went into a store to pay a bill. When he returned his team, wagon and goods had disappeared.

After a fruitless search Oliva returned home and it being Saturday and "market day" he had to hire another horse and wagon to deliver goods. The animal he hired seized the opportunity to show his speed and at a 2:40 gait went down Buchanan-street hill and landed on a Union-street car with a bang, dashing the wagon into kindling wood. There was no one on the side of the dummy struck by the wagon or the result would have been serious.

Possibly Oliva's luck has begun to turn, as the stolen team and empty wagon were found by the police on Saturday night below Market street.

A Friendly Suit.

George Fletcher brought an injunction suit against the California Bridge Company, Mayor Ellert and Superintendent of Streets Ackerson yesterday to restrain them from constructing the outlet to the Richmond sewer. The suit is a friendly one and is simply brought to determine the constitutionality of the act under which the work is being performed. The California Bridge Company wants to fulfill its contract, but does not wish to run any risks, for if the act is unconstitutional they could not get their money from the property-owners even after the work is done.

VICTIMS OF SPACE.

Exhibitors Swindled by the Belgian Commissioner's Stenographer.

E. Ramlot, the Belgian Commissioner to the Midwinter Fair, is anxious to find out the whereabouts of a young man named E. Van Gelder, who, for a short time, was employed as his stenographer.

Van Gelder improved his opportunities by representing himself to intending exhibitors as the Belgian Deputy Commissioner, and as such signed agreements locating space and pocketed the monetary consideration. In this way he succeeded in enriching himself to the extent, as far as known, of $400, but there may yet be more to be heard from.

Arthur Kahn, from London, England, is one of Van Gelder's victims. He purchased a space 5 feet frontage by 10 feet deep for $100, which he paid to Van Gelder in gold. When he went to take possession Commissioner Ramlot pronounced the bill of sale which he held as worthless, although it was signed by Van Gelder as deputy Commissioner. Mr. Kahn was angry and swore out a warrant for Van Gelder's arrest on the charge of grand larceny, but he had disappeared.

Chief Crowley has been using the telegraph wires to locate the fugitive and expects to have him arrested soon. He will be brought back to answer for his swindles.

A DARING RESCUE.

How Reuben Baddeley Saved a Girl's Life.

He Dove Three Times Before He Rescued Little Elsie Johnson From the Bay.

Reuben Baddeley certainly deserves a great deal of credit for his bravery in saving little Elsie Johnson of Bay street last Friday afternoon. It all happened at the foot of Main street, near the seawall, and now all of the water front of North Beach is agog with recitals of Reuben's plucky dive into the bay.

The young man, who is a brother of the man who was killed by Mrs. Worthington, is scarcely 20 years of age, but he prides himself as being one of the most expert swimmers on the coast.

According to the accounts of the rescue received at Powell-street wharf Reuben was represented as having simply grasped the sinking child just as she was about to disappear from sight in the muddy bay waters.

Inquiry of witnesses proved that the life-saving task was accomplished almost

Reuben Baddeley.

at the expense of the brave young swimmer's life, and that he had to dive three times before he reached the little girl's body, which had sunk to a depth of eight or nine feet.

The story is best told in the young man's own words, as he repeated it to a CALL reporter yesterday morning at his home at 213 Turk street.

"I was in the vicinity of the California Wire Works," said he, "in company with two young gentleman friends. Three little children, about 6 years of age, ran up to us and said that a little girl had fallen from the wharf into the bay.

"We immediately ran to the dock and looking over the edge saw bubbles rising to the surface of the water. I stripped off my coat and discarded my shoes, then dove in. The water was deeper than I expected and I could not reach the bottom. I took another dive and reached the sand and groped around among the piling, the water being too thick for me to see anything. I could feel myself getting weaker and was about to rise to the top again, when my hand struck against the body of the child. I grasped her and feebly swam to the surface. My strength was almost gone, but I managed to keep my hold on the little one until the top was reached, when I became so exhausted that I had to let go of her to save myself.

"I reached for a pile, and, steadying myself for a second or two, until I could catch breath, I dove again and caught the little girl by the arm. A number of willing hands were stretched to help me this time, and we were hauled safely ashore. I was sick and faint, and almost lost consciousness.

"Luckily a physician had been summoned. He rolled the child in a blanket, and, after working over it for a while, hurried away with her to her home on Bay street, where, after an hour's time, she regained her senses and was declared saved.

"As soon as I found out that the child lived I left."

Young Baddeley is a good-looking youth with a pleasant countenance of a very determined character. He told his story in a matter-of-fact way, devoid of any effort to create an impression. His narrative is vouched for by several eye-witnesses.

The Income Tax.

New York Recorder.

"No, sir; no, sir; the country will never stand an inquisitorial tax. I wouldn't, and you wouldn't."

"Yes, I would. It's the fairest—"

"You would, eh? Just as soon as not have a man ask you what your income is? What is your income, then?"

"Now, see here, Smith. My income is none of your confounded business, and I'll thank you to attend to your own affairs."

Ruining the Jury System.

Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Law Professor—Now, Mr. Choatson, what is known as the arm or limb of the law?

Student—It varies geographically, sir.

"How so?"

"In Missouri it is white oak; in Indiana a railroad bridge; in Iowa a gas jet. Depends on what's handiest when they catch the fellow—"

"Sir-r-r! You have been reading the papers again. That is what has ruined our jury system. I must file a demurrer."

One Point Ahead.

Chicago Tribune.

"I am sorry to have to tell you, sir," said the surgeon after an examination, "that your leg has sustained a compound fractnre. It will confine you to your bed for about six weeks."

"That's all right, doctor," replied the editor of the Spiketown Blizzard cheerfully. "It's a clean scoop on the squint-eyed, round-shouldered, bald-headed old snipe that runs the Cyclone. He never had a compound fracture of the leg in his life."

Disagreeable sensations resulting from cough vanish before Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup.

A CONSERVATORY.

Handsome Structure for the State University.

Description of the Building and Its Uses—It Will Cost Twenty Thousand Dollars.

After a delay of nine months the University of California advertised yesterday for bids for the construction of a $20,000 conservatory in the grounds at Berkeley.

"The delay has been most vexatious," said Professor Hilgard, "and all on account of a State law, which we have been trying to meet as nearly as possible. This law requires different bids for each of the different articles required, which in this particular structure it is almost impossible to meet."

The new building will be located on the north side of the hollow, between the observatory and the north hall, where a grove of cypress trees now is. This location was selected because of the higher temperature secured by the elevation.

The greatest extension of the conservatory will be east and west, bringing it in alignment with the new building of the college of mechanic arts. The materials will be iron and glass throughout, wood being used only for doors. The plant benches of iron and slate and the water-heating apparatus will be of the most improved patterns.

The total length of the conservatory will be 170 feet and the greatest depth will be 60 feet. The total interior area will be about 7000 feet.

In front there will be a vestibule 10x12 feet opening into the palmhouse or central portion 45x45 feet with a clear height of dome of 43 feet. This palmhouse will be largely for show, while the real experimental work will be conducted in the wings.

On each side of the palmhouse will be extensions 20x37½ feet and 14 feet high, while these will open into wings on the end 25x60 feet and 16 feet in height. In the rear of the palmhouse will be an office 29x30 feet! also a potting shed and the heating furnace.

The new conservatory will be under the charge of the college of agriculture.

Military Notes.

Company A, Third Infantry, will give an entertainment at Odd Fellows' Hall in the near future. An excellent programme is being prepared. The company will shoot at their Bay View range on Sunday.

There will be a meeting of the National Guard Officers' Association on the 24th inst. The last meeting was held in November in view to determine whether the organization should dissolve or not, but the meeting was postponed. It is probable the matter will be arranged in a satisfactory way, the dues paid up and the association start out anew.

Companies A and K of the First Infantry, the latter the High School cadets, were drilled by Major Jansen Friday evening in the regimental armory. It was the best battalion drill that has ever been held so far this year.

The armory building committee of the Third Infantry will meet to-morrow evening in order to accept or reject the plans that are now being prepared. If the plans are accepted the building will be started without delay.

School Orchestra.

The following orchestra has been formed at the Mission Grammar School: Musical Director, Miss S. A. Hobe; violinists, James Brace and Newberzer; second violinists, Bert Brace and Arthur Roth; piano, Joseph Kreling; violincello, William Utschig; and flute, Charles Bottomly.

Mothers,

when nursing babies, need a nourishment that will give them strength and make their milk rich.

Scott's Emulsion

the Cream of Cod-liver Oil, nourishes mothers and makes babies fat and healthy. Gives strength to growing children. *Physicians*, the world over, endorse it.

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GENEE'S GREATEST SUCCESS.

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The Event of the Season!

MISTER MONTE CRISTO

UP TO DATE AND WAY AHEAD.

Popular Prices—25c and 50c.

BOONE'S ARENA—MIDWINTER FAIR.

THE BIG ZOOLOGICAL CONGRESS! TWO BIG SHOWS IN ONE!

The Annex Menagerie and Trained Animal Exposition.

PERFORMING LIONS—The greatest herd in the world.

PERFORMING TIGERS—From the jungles of India.

PERFORMING WOLVES—Fierce, snarling brutes from Siberia.

PERFORMING BEARS—Russian, grizzly and cinnamon species.

PERFORMING GORILLAS—From Stanley's African forests.

PERFORMING MONKEYS—An Amazing collection of missing links.

PERFORMING GOATS—Dogs, Cats, Birds and Pigs.

Performances Continuously Every Day. Admission 25c; Reserved Seats 25c Extra. Box Seats $1. ja27 tf

MECHANICS' PAVILION.

"A RINK AMONG THE ROSES!"

REAL ICE SKATING!

Beautiful Ice—Fine Music—Seats for All!

DAILY SESSIONS

9 to 12 A. M., 1 to 4 and 8 to 10:30 P. M.

FANCY SKATING by MR. P. O. AUNE, Champion of Sweden, Norway and Germany.

Thursday afternoons exclusively for ladies.

GENERAL ADMISSION, 25 CENTS.

ja30 tf

DANGER JUST AHEAD.

A Prominent Professor Speaks About the Threatening Things Abroad at This Time of the Year.

"It is surprising how many people are suffering to-day from so-called coughs, colds and influenza."

The remark was made by a very prominent professor connected with one of the leading New York hospitals. Continuing, he said:

"It is not these things that are troubling people, but it is an advanced form of our old enemy, the grip. People feel out of sorts, sneeze, have pains in the muscles and bones, have no appetite, lose all interest in the world and wonder what is the matter. It is the grip—nothing else.

"Now, all such symptoms need to have prompt treatment. The attack must be met and repelled at once, or it is certain to run into something serious. I know of but one way to certainly avoid these troubles which are now so common, and that is to immediately counteract them by using a good, pure, strong stimulant. Nothing of the ordinary kind, but something pure and scientific. For this purpose nothing has ever equaled Duffy's Pure Malt Whisky, which is acknowledged to-day by physicians and scientific people to be the only pure, medicinal malt whisky upon the market."

The words of the professor are true and they carry a wonderful meaning to many men and women who are suffering with the first symptoms of the grip, or else grip in its advanced stages. For all such people we offer a word of advice, which is to take the best means to overcome these troubles and do not permit any dealer to swerve you from your purpose to have that which has proven itself by years of use to be the best and purest stimulant in the world.

AMUSEMENTS.

CALIFORNIA THEATER.

AL HAYMAN & Co.....Lessees

TA-RA-RA A BIG HIT!

LOTTIE COLLINS CREATES A FUROR!

PHOTOGRAPH SOUVENIRS OF LOTTIE COLLINS AT THE MATINEE SATURDAY.

Monday, February 12, JOHN T. KELLY in "McFEE OF DUBLIN."

BALDWIN THEATER.

AL HAYMAN & CO.....Lessees and Managers

A. M. PALMER'S COMPANY

ALL THIS WEEK. Matinee Saturday. FIRST TIME IN AMERICA! A WOMAN'S REVENGE. By Henry Pettit.

GREAT CAST—NEW SCENERY, ETC.

NEXT WEEK—ALABAMA

STOCKWELL'S THEATER.

JOHN W. DUNNE.....Lessee

TO-NIGHT—LAST WEEK OF FUN! Matinee Saturday—25c and 50c Only.

PATTI ROSA

And Her Merry Company in

DOLLY VARDEN!

A TEN DOLLAR GOLD PIECE

Given to the patron who guesses nearest to the exact number of paid admissions to the Midwinter Fair on FRIDAY, February 9.

Blanks furnished with every ticket sold. All guesses must be handed in to box-office by noon, Friday, February 9.

THE VIENNA PRATER.

THE IMPERIAL VIENNA PRATER ORCHESTRA!

STRING CONCERT MILITARY CONCERT

COURT DIRECTOR, FRITZ SCHEEL.

The organization contains some of the most celebrated Soloists in the world, and our local musicians unite in pronouncing it the best orchestra they have heard here.—Cincinnati Enquirer, Jan. 14, 1894.

KAISER FRANZ JOSEPH HALL.

DAILY CONCERTS

FROM 3 TO 11 P. M.

Applications for banquets, balls and special festivities in the Kaiser Franz Joseph Hall, which offers the most superior advantages as regards orchestra, accommodations and cuisine, should be addressed to the President of the Vienna Prater Company, California Midwinter Exposition.

ja24 1m

NEW ALCAZAR.

ONLY FIRST-CLASS VAUDEVILLE THEATER IN THE CITY.

NO SMOKING OR REFRESHMENTS.

SATURDAY, FEB. 10, THE PHENOMENAL WONDER,

CYRENE!

AND HER HIGH-CLASS VAUDEVILLE CO.

Direct from Europe and New York.

Three Rackett Bros., Manvel & Lorraine, Master Chas. Carter, the Great Glenfield, Little Cliquot, the Electric Flying Demon, Dorothy Drew, Manning & Hurd, Dorinee, Troxell & Oro, Mulligan & Linton, and 10 others.

ALL NEW FACES TO FRISCO.

MATINEES SAT. AND WED.

Popular Prices. Reserved Seats, 25c and 50c. Box-office open Wednesday.

LADIES' MATINEE WEDNESDAY.

fe4 tf

Orpheum

O'Farrell st., bet. Stockton and Powell.

CROWDED TO THE DOORS!

Our offering this week of unsurpassing merit. The only first-class house in San Francisco. Conducted similarly to London, Paris and New York. Vaudeville presented as you want it. No restriction—all the comforts and conveniences, without which no vaudeville entertainment is complete.

Every night at 7:15 Prof. Weitzman will give his remarkable aerial rope act in front of Orpheum.

Evening prices—Reserved seats 25c, Balcony 10c, Orchestra Chairs and Box Seats, 50c.

BAY DISTRICT TRACK.

RACES RACES

CALIFORNIA JOCKEY CLUB.

1st of JANUARY to 1st of MARCH.

RACING EVERY TUESDAY, WEDNESDAY, THURSDAY, FRIDAY AND SATURDAY.

RAIN OR SHINE.

FIVE OR MORE RACES EACH DAY.

Races start at 2 P. M. sharp. McAllister and Geary street cars pass the gates. de31

"A GLIMPSE OF THE HAREM."

REIFSKY'S FAMOUS $60,000 PAINTING.

AN ORIENTAL DREAM OF LOVELINESS.

644 MARKET ST., CHRONICLE BUILDING.

On view daily from 8 A. M. to 10 P. M.

Admission—25 cents. ja12 1m

DRY GOODS.

KELLY & LIEBES,

120 KEARNY STREET.

Gigantic Cloak Sale!

WORTH CAPE JACKETS.

$6 TO $7 50. FINE ALL-WOOL CLOTH JACKETS with "Worth" cape collars, big sleeves, full skirts, browns, navys, all sizes.....reduced from $13 50

$8 TO $9 50. FINEST ALL-WOOL CLOTH JACKETS with "Worth" cape collars, full skirts, big sleeves, browns, navys and blacks, all sizes.....reduced from $16 and $19

FUR-TRIMMED SKIRT JACKETS.

$6.75. FOR A FINE ALL-WOOL BEAVER CLOTH SKIRT JACKET, with umbrella-top cape, fur-trimmed, browns only, all sizes.....reduced from $16.50

$8.50. FOR AN ALL-WOOL BEAVER CLOTH SKIRT JACKET, with umbrella-top cape, fur-trimmed, on cape and fronts and braid-trimmed on capes, waist and sleeves, browns only, all sizes.....reduced from $18

$10.50 FOR A FINE ALL-WOOL CLOTH SKIRT JACKET with umbrella-top cape, fur-trimmed on cape and fronts and braid-trimmed on cape, waist and sleeves, cape satin-lined, blacks and navys only.....reduced from $22 50

Deposits required on all country orders. No goods exchanged during this sale.

MEN Dr. Liebig & Co., die ältesten und zuverlässigsten Specialisten an der Pacific Küste.

400 Geary Str., San Francisco

The Oldest and Most Reliable Specialists.

THE REASON THOUSANDS CANNOT GET cured of Special, Private, Chronic Diseases, Weakness, Loss of Manhood, Gleet, Varicocele and results of abuse or excesses which unfit men for marriage or life's duties, is owing to complications. Most successful treatment for diseases of men. Qualification and responsibility unequaled. Before known, testimonials or photographs never put in newspapers. Everything sacredly confidential.

Dr. Liebig's Wonderful German Invigorator, the greatest remedy for above complaints. To prove its power trial bottles given free.

ja21 tf SuTu

TRUSTEES' SALE.

IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE TERMS AND under the authority of a certain Deed of Trust, duly executed by JOHN MUNSON, party of the first part, to HENRY C. CAMPBELL and THADDEUS B. KENT, Trustees, parties of the second part, and the SAN FRANCISCO SAVINGS UNION, party of the third part, dated May 21st, 1888, and recorded in the Office of the County Recorder of the County of Fresno, State of California, in Liber 75 of Deeds, at pages 469 and following; and in pursuance of a resolution passed on the 2d day of November, 1893, by the Board of Directors of said SAN FRANCISCO SAVINGS UNION, a Corporation, and the holder of the notes (No. 8734), to secure payment of which the aforesaid Deed of Trust was executed, declaring that default had been made in the payment of the principal sum and other sums, due under said notes and Deed of Trust, and requesting and directing said HENRY C. CAMPBELL and THADDEUS B. KENT, Trustees, to sell the real estate described therein to satisfy said indebtedness.

We, HENRY C. CAMPBELL and THADDEUS B. KENT, Trustees, do hereby give notice that on TUESDAY, the 13th day of February, A. D. 1894, at 12 o'clock M. of that day, and at the Auction Sales Room of EASTON, ELDRIDGE & CO., No. 638 Market street, in the City and County of San Francisco, State of California, we will sell at public auction, to the highest bidder, for cash in Gold Coin of the United States, all the pieces or parcels of land situate in the County of Fresno, State of California, described as follows, to wit:

According to the Official Plats and System of Surveys of the Government of the United States.

In Township Thirteen (13) South, Range Nineteen (19) East, Mount Diablo Base and Meridian.

Of Section Thirty (30) the Southeast quarter of the Southeast quarter (SE ¼ of SE. ¼) and the South half of the North half of the Southeast quarter (S. ½ of N ½ of SE. ¼), and of Section Thirty-two (32) the Northwest quarter of the Southeast quarter (NW. ¼ of SE. ¼), the South half of the Southwest quarter of the Northeast quarter (S. ½ of SW. ¼ of the NE. ¼); the Northwest quarter of the Northwest quarter (NW. ¼ of NW. ¼), and the North half of the Southwest quarter of the Northwest quarter (N. ½ of SW. ¼ of NW. ¼), containing in all Two Hundred (200) acres of land, together with the appurtenances.

TERMS OF SALE.—Cash in Gold Coin of the United States; ten per cent payable to the undersigned on the fall of the hammer; balance on delivery of deed, and if not so paid, unless for want of title (ten days being allowed for search), then said ten per cent to be forfeited, and the sale to be void. Acts of sale at purchaser's expense.

HENRY C. CAMPBELL, THADDEUS B. KENT, } Trustees.

ja23 26 30 fe2 6 9 13

TRUSTEES' SALE.

IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE TERMS AND under the authority of a certain deed of trust, duly executed by S. R. MATHEWSON and CAROLINE C. MATHEWSON, his wife, parties of the first part, to HENRY C. CAMPBELL and THADDEUS B. KENT, trustees, parties of the second part, and the SAN FRANCISCO SAVINGS UNION, party of the third part, dated November 15, 1892, and recorded in the office of the County Recorder of the county of Contra Costa, State