TWO RIVAL CLUBS.

What Bay City Says of Reliance.

THE LATTER'S NEW TRACK.

It Will Be Formally Opened on Wednesday Next.

MEETINGS THAT WILL CLASH.

Bay Citys Claim the Day and Complain That Their Rivals Are Infringing the Rules.

There is considerable friction between the Bay City and Reliance cyclists.

It is mainly owing to this: The Reliance boys have taken a lease of the Alameda track, which they found in a very dilapidated condition, and have been fixing up ever since at considerable expense. Everything is now ready for the opening on Wednesday next, Decoration day, which event unfortunately clashes with the Bay City Wheelmen's fixture at Central Park.

Now, the Reliance athletes are extremely satisfied with what they have done. They say that $1500 has been expended in putting the track into thorough repair, the pavilion has been renovated, a big tent erected, and so forth. As formerly laid out the track was four laps to a mile, but when things are put in shape the old club building, facing on Central avenue, will be removed and the track enlarged to a three-lap.

The contests advertised for Wednesday next are to be of a general athletic nature. There will be bicycle racing in heats, while the cinder path will be brought into requisition for sprinting and jumping. Some of the fastest cyclists on the coast are expected to take part and some records, they hope, will be broken.

In the field sports there will be the following contests: 100-yard dash, open handicap; 220-yard dash, open handicap; 600-yard dash, open handicap; 120-yard hurdle, open handicap; 220-yard hurdle (closed), handicap. Valuable first and second prizes will be given in each one of these events.

The officer of the day is L. A. Peckham; referee, George H. Strong; judges in the bicycle races, P. H. Bernays, R. A. C., J. N. Polk, A. A. C., and H. H. White, O. C.; timers, Colonel Edwards, E. Mohrig, Myron Whitten, and J. H. Ames; scorer, D. E. Dyer; starter, Captain J. B. Butler; clerks, J. Carl Ewing, and F. W. Knight; umpires, P. H. Remillard, W. B. Clark, H. Gibberts and C. Ponnoy; announcer, E. B. Jerome.

The bicycle races will be as follows: One mile scratch for club championship; half mile handicap, club; one mile handicap, club; quarter mile dash for boys under 12 years, club; one mile, open for Class B; two mile handicap for Class A.

Altogether it is expected that $450 in prizes will be distributed on the ground. The committee having the meeting in charge are—Charles Lovell, L. A. Peckham and E. B. Jerome. W. R. Berry is secretary of the Reliance Club.

This is the programme as arranged by the Reliance Club, but it doesn't suit the Bay City boys a bit. They have somehow heard that their rivals have been advertising the fact that theirs is a quarter-of-a-mile track, whereas the Central Park track is five laps to the mile. Besides, there is friction over the day selected.

The Bay City boys say that theirs is immeasurably the better track. It is like glass, they say, and all the more rain they have the better the going is, whereas the Alameda track is said to suffer atrocious damage from every drop that falls from the skies.

"Pshaw," said a Bay City wheelman yesterday, "I was over to Alameda to-day and that track is full of holes. I wouldn't ride on it."

In addition to this the Bay Citys complain that their rivals are evading the law by holding a meeting simultaneously with theirs. "Just look what they've done," said one. "They've mixed up some athletic events in their programme on purpose to get outside the hard and fast rules of the association, and they're advertising men to race there who cannot possibly start.

"They've got Bliss, Foster, Long, Haley and Alexander down to ride. Well, that's all right, but they won't all ride. We'll bet Bliss does not, for one; he can't. If he does he'll have to pay all his own expenses.

"But we don't care, anyway. We've got Ziegler, Wells, Davis and Edwards riding for us. We've a great prize list—the best gold watch that can be bought in the city, diamond pins, suits of clothes, and all that sort of thing. Let the Reliance beat that if they can."

So the matter at present stands, and all that can be done now is to abide the issue. Referring to other cycling matters, there is also a difference of opinion between the two clubs respecting the postponement of last Saturday's tournament at the fair. The Reliance boys say that they didn't race because there were not prizes enough, whereas the Bay Citys say the prizes were all right, but the weather was so bad that the management adopted their advice and postponed the tournament.

Very little was done in cycling yesterday, owing to the uncertain weather. Some cyclists went across the bay, but there was nothing done in record-breaking.

THISTLES ON TOP.

Their Revenge Upon the Army Team.

Rattling Game Yesterday for the Association Football Championship.

The Thistles had their revenge on the army team of association football-players yesterday afternoon on the Haight-street grounds, and gave an exhibition of their old-time superiority in the scientific game.

Three weeks ago at Colma, under the auspices of the Imperial Athletic Club, these two crack teams met, the guerdon of honor being a silver cup presented by the club to the winning team. After an intensely exciting game the army men won the game and the cup by four goals to three.

The Thistles are the champions in the Pacific Coast Association Football League, and, smarting under their defeat, they expressed their willingness to meet the army men again before the Fort Mason contingent left for Fort Canby, and make the championship the stake to be contended for.

Arrangements were accordingly made for the game to come off on the Haight-street grounds yesterday afternoon. It was expected that it would be a game for "blood," and so it proved, but unfortunately the army men were not in it. The grand stand was well patronized by lovers of the game, who encouraged the soldiers to deeds of valor, but it was useless. Most of them individually played in capital style, but there was an almost utter lack of combination play, which was felt in most critical moments. The ball would be rushed toward the Thistles' goal by a player, and to his disgust he found himself in most cases without any support, and the ball was quickly sent out of danger by the wary Thistles.

In marked contrast to the play of the army men was that of the champions. They played as if they were one man, their combination being perfect. It was a rare treat to the spectators to watch their passing from one to the other, the right man being always in the right place. The result was they won the game and retained the championship by five goals to one.

At 2:45 o'clock the teams lined up as follows:

Thistles.	Positions.	Army Team.
Lowe	Goal	Reed
Tierney	Backs	Kilfey
Pollock	Backs	Martin
Moore	Halfbacks	Lynch
Chalmers	Halfbacks	Dimmick
Purvis	Halfbacks	Connors
Ferguson (Capt.)	Left forwards	Bennett
Strang	Left forward	Goode
Gaston	Right forw'ds	Wilson (Capt.)
Steele	Right forwards	Poyning
Paterson	Center forwards	Leal

Referee, J. I. Harding of the Penrys club. Linesmen, W. Lumsden and Frank Methot.

Ferguson won the toss and elected to defend the west goal. Owing to the rain the ground was heavy and slippery, and during the first half falls were frequent. After about two minutes' play Steele scored a goal for the Thistles, and soon afterward Pollock dribbled the ball through the goal. Two for the Thistles. The play was then brisk, and scrimmages in front of both goals were in order. Shots were made and missed till Patterson passed to Steele, and he shot it through amid cries of "offside." The referee, however, decided it was a goal, which made the score three for the Thistles. Wilson and Steele both made ties for a goal without success, and then Paterson sent the ball between the posts; four for the Thistles. The soldiers worked the ball along, and during a sharp scrimmage in front of the Thistles' goal Bennett secured the ball and cleverly passed to Leal, who headed it through the goal, scoring the first point for the army just as half time was called.

During the second half the play was brilliant from beginning to end. Repeated shots were made by both sides for a goal, which were saved by Lowe and Reed, respectively, till finally Paterson sent the ball between the posts, making the score five goals to one. Although each side strove to add to the score, it remained 5 to 1 when time was called.

Every member of the Thistle eleven played a magnificent game. For the soldiers, Kilty, Wilson, Bennett, Dimmick, Goode and Lynch did splendid work. Two of the team, however, were very erratic in their play, and badly handicapped the others. The army men will give a good account of themselves next season.

OUT FOR HONOR.

Marksmen Talk for New Ammunition.

Rapid Firing With the Pistol at the Shell Mound Range—Creditable Rifle Scores.

If the comments of the National Guardsmen at the range yesterday indicated anything they are now more strongly than ever combined in an effort to induce the State military authorities to issue ammunition of better quality. The disadvantages under which they labor with the ammunition now issued, as explained in THE CALL some days ago, seem to have awakened the military marksmen to a realization of the handicap imposed on them. In the armories and on the range they are one in the conviction that rifle-practice has suffered an unwarranted neglect at the hands of the departments established for the purpose of promoting it, and if an increased interest in shooting and a demand for proper co-operation from the officers in the high places can avail them in the struggle for advancement they propose to exhibit the interest and present the demand. The near approach of the annual State rifle and revolver competitions has made the subject of ammunition particularly pertinent. Within the last few days suggestions have been made to regimental inspectors with a view to the issue of a better ammunition and these in turn have been submitted to the adjutant-general. So general, indeed, have been the comments and so strong the feeling that a change in the ammunition is new being considered.

The feature at Shell Mound yesterday was the pistol firing for the Kellogg medal. Rapidity and accuracy were the things required and enthusiasm waxed warm over the two. This kind of practice is new in the country as far as conditions are concerned. Yesterday's match was the first of the kind ever held. The shooting was done at a "man target," fifty yards was the distance, five shots were allowed and any style of pistol or revolver. The pistol was used by some marksmen and was loaded for each shot, and the revolver, with five chambers filled, was used by others. In the scoring every marksman was timed, the difference between the seconds he consumed and the points he made showing the actual score for rapid and accurate firing.

Following are the scores:

	Points.	Time.	Score.	
Captain J. E. Klein	76	26 sec.	50	revolver
A. H. Pape	66	29 sec.	46	revolver
F. O. Young	85	40 sec.	45	pistol
C. M. Daiss	78	34 sec.	44	revolver
L. O. Rodgers	52	36 sec.	16	pistol
A. L. Ott	30	15 sec.	15	revolver
S. J. Kellog	42	35 sec.	7	pistol
H. Heeth	24	19 sec.	5	revolver

An interesting match was held between F. Baumgartner and Lieutenant Filmer and G. Claussenius and F. Sindler of B of the First, with these results:

F. Baumgartner	4 4 5 4 5 4 4 4 4 4–42	
	4 4 4 5 5 5 4 4 4 4–43	
	4 4 4 5 4 4 5 5 4 4–43	
	5 5 4 4 5 4 4 5 4 5–45	
	5 4 4 4 5 4 4 5 5 5–44	
Total		217
G. Claussenius	5 4 4 5 4 4 5 4 4 4–43	
	4 4 4 5 4 4 4 5 4 4–41	
	4 5 5 5 3 5 3 5 5 5–45	
	4 4 4 5 5 4 4 4 5 5–44	
	4 4 4 3 5 5 5 5 4 4–43	
Total		216
George Filmer	3 4 4 3 5 5 4 4 4 5–41	
	4 4 4 4 3 5 4 4 5 5–42	
	5 4 5 4 4 3 4 4 5 4–42	
	3 4 4 4 4 4 3 4 4 4–38	
	4 4 1 5 4 4 5 4 5 4–43	
Total		206
F. Sindler	4 5 5 4 4 4 5 4 5 3–43	
	4 4 4 3 3 4 4 4 4 4–38	
	4 5 5 4 4 2 4 4 4 4–42	
	4 4 4 4 5 4 4 5 5 5–44	
	5 4 3 4 3 4 4 4 4 4–39	
Total		206

The totals show a difference of only one point.

In another fifty-shot match between members of Company B of the First Infantry Fred Gehret scored 221, Captain Irving B. Cook 219 and William Unger 200.

Among the scores registered in practice shooting by the marksmen of Company A of the First Infantry were these:

J. C. Seagrave	5 5 4 5 4 4 5 4 4 5–45
D. J. Daly	4 5 5 4 4 4 5 4 4 4–43
W. Lord	5 5 3 3 5 4 4 5 4 4–42
J. M. Neubert	5 3 4 5 3 5 3 4 4 4–40

The riflemen of F of the Second made these scores:

Private Brown	5 4 4 4 4 5 4 5 4–43
Sergeant Jenks	5 5 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 5–43
Sergeant Heanan	3 4 4 5 5 4 5 4 5 4–43

Corporal Robinson 38, Private Irving 36, Private Moore 35, Private Turton 35, Private Eisenmenger 35, Private Smith 33, Sergeant Ellis 31, Corporal Iverson 31.

The San Francisco Schuetzen Verein marksmen were at Shell Mound and shot for bullseyes. The prizes were won by D. B. Faktor, W. Glindermann, A. L. Ott, A. H. Pape, L. Bendel, A. Mocker, C. Thierbach, H. Zecher, L. M. Rihzan, G. H. Bairs.

The scorebooks of Battery G, Second Artillery, showed these results:

Sergeant Zehender	4 4 3 4 5 5 3 4 4 4–40
Corporal Fleming 39, Corporal Cranston 37, Private Farnham 37, Private Kast 37, Private O'Keefe 36, Captain O'Neil 34, Sergeant Kihn 32, Private Nelson 32, Private Jones 31, Private Byrnes 30.	

The men of Battery C of the Second finished with these totals:

Sergeant F. K. Moore	4 5 5 4 5 4 5 5 5 4–46
Corporal L. Ringen	4 5 4 5 4 4 5 4 4 5–43
Lieutenant H. Huber	4 5 5 4 4 4 4 4 4 4–42
Sergeant W. Tobin	4 5 4 5 4 4 4 4 4 4–42
Corporal M. Sheehan	4 4 5 4 4 4 3 4 4 4–40
G. Seyden	4 5 4 5 4 4 3 4 4 3–40
J. von Staden	4 5 4 4 3 4 4 3 5 4–40

W. Golly 39, H. Lemeytere 39, J. Ringen 39, F. Akmann 39, J. F. Siebe 38, F. Saur 37, H. Meyers 36, C. H. Ottman 36, Captain C. Boxton 35.

Mrs. Humphry Ward's Salary.

When people speak of authorship as an underpaid profession they reckon without their Mrs. Humphry Ward, says a writer in the Critic. For the American and English markets alone she was paid for "David Grieve" $80,000. What she got from the British colonies, Australia, India, etc., I do not know. No mean sum, I fancy, for they are big countries and their people are great readers of popular literature. Say that she gets $80,000 more for "Marcella," and that she got $40,000 for "Robert Elsmere." That is $200,000 for three books written during a period of about six years. Two hundred thousand dollars in six years is not bad pay, when one considers that it is all profit. The success of an author depends upon the demand for his work. The book market is like any other, and the author for whose books the public clamor has no cause for complaint.

Boys Play Baseball.

The Californias defeated the S. P. Taylors yesterday at Golden Gate Park. Score: Californias 10, S. P. Taylors 5.

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LIVE TELEGRAPH.

Interesting Work of the Signal Corps.

CURIOS OF COMMUNICATION.

Elaborate Arrangements in View of Any City Riot.

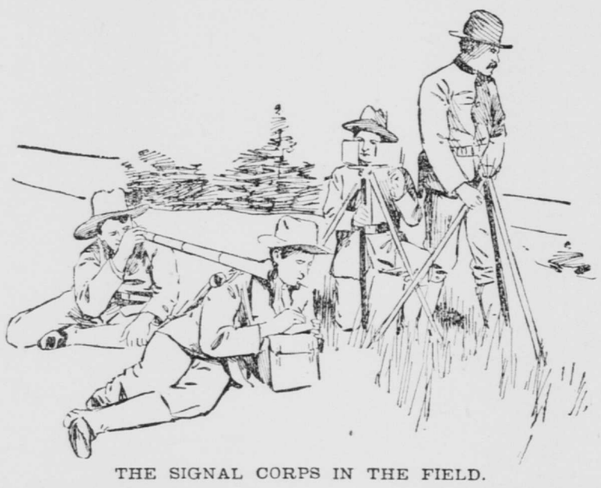
THE CORPS' ANNUAL OUTING.

Inside Facts About a Bright and Indispensable Section of the National Guard.

Corps! Corps!
Signal Corps!
Dash, dot, dash, dot!
Hip! Hurrah!

Such will be the cry of the Signal Corps, Second Brigade, N. G. C., when they leave on June 9 for their annual outing and drill.

In lieu of camping in a brigade this year the different companies of the N. G. C. will go off separately. The "Signal Corps" will leave here early on the morning of June 9 from the Sausalito ferry, mounted on the best of stock, and well equiped for a long journey and a hard ride through the country, each man carrying his own baggage, consisting of blankets, a 45-caliber Colt's revolver, saber and woven cartridge belt. Their uniforms will consist of a fatigue blouse, riding trousers, slouch hat,



THE SIGNAL CORPS IN THE FIELD.

spurs and leggings. Only one wagon will accompany the men to carry the signal instruments and paraphernalia.

The route of march will be along the county road to Guerneville, on the Russian River, past Camp Taylor, Point Reyes and Howards. There will be no tents packed and no unnecessary baggage. The trip will be one of instruction, slightly flavored with pleasure.

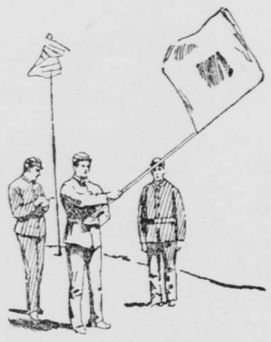
In answer to a question put to him by a CALL reporter yesterday of how many miles he expected to make on an average every day, Captain Hanks said:

"You see, my men are all green as to a ride like this, this being the first trip of the kind ever made by any company of the National Guard, to my knowledge, so I can't say how many miles we can make a day or exactly how far we will go. That all depends on the distance we travel each day. But my men are all in first-class condition and I expect to turn out about thirty.

"The trip will be one of instruction in mounting, dismounting, riding, military tactics and signaling. Every man must saddle, bridle and take care of his own horse. We pack no tents—nothing but our signaling apparatus, which will be carried in a wagon which will accompany us. We will be back on June 17, making a ten days' trip."

The "Signal Corps" was organized in April, 1889. It consisted of forty men, including a major, captain, lieutenant, three sergeants, six corporals and the remainder privates. The privates are divided into three classes, namely, first, second and third.

The first class consists of those men who have just been sworn in and have not taken any examination, yet these men are taught to send by the flag and wand. The flag, as will be seen by the accompanying cut, is a square piece of cloth with an inner square of a different color from the outer one, according to the background. The wand is a small stick about eigteeen inches long and half an inch thick; this is only used in the armory. The second class



Telegraphing From a Hilltop.

is taught to send and receive by the flag and wand, and the third class is taught to send and receive by the flag, heliograph, torch, and also the use of a telegraph instrument.

The "heliograph" consists of mirrors so adjusted as to catch the rays of the sun and reflect it miles away. This instrument can on a clear day send a hundred miles, providing the necessary height can be obtained and the atmosphere is sufficiently clear. The flag is used only in the day and for shorter distances; the torch is used at night the same as the flag in the day.

The purpose of the "corps" is to communicate when telegraph service is unobtainable and when traveling in time of war.

To illustrate how indispensable this part of the "National Guard" is it is only necessary to suppose the breaking out of a riot in our city. The city is divided into sections and districts, and each of these districts has a station consisting of some tall building overlooking the city, a map showing the districts being kept in the captain's office in the armory, corner of Page and Gough streets. This map has all the districts laid out, with the stations in each district, how to get to this station and how many are required to get to each one.

In case of trouble in this city, or any trouble which might occur at any time in a town like this, the "Signal Corps" can be got together in about one hour, and be ready for duty immediately. For a State affair it can reach any point in forty-eight hours.

The "Signal Corps," as well as being one of the most important branches of the National Guard of California, is also the best equipped set of men, they having just received a full complement of saddles and bridles, making a fine appearance when on parade.

To show how careful they are in selecting men for this branch of the service, it may be stated that to join this corps a member is first proposed by two full-fledged members, then his name is hung on the board in the "armory" for the inspection of members; there is also a committee whose duty it is to look up the proposed member and find out what kind of a man he is. Then at the expiration of two weeks his name is put to a ballot, and in case he is elected, must serve in the probation class for a second month before he is "sworn" in. This is done to insure the "corps" that he will make a good "signal man," as a man can be a good soldier who would never make a good "signal man."

There are fifty sergeants in the regular army signal corps who are attached to large army posts all over the country, these men act as instructors to classes of enlisted men detailed from time to time.

The commissioned officers of the Signal Corps, Second Brigade, N. G. C., are: Major, D. E. Miles; Captain, A. A. Hanks; Lieutenant, George C. Boardman.

ROBBERIES AT THE FAIR.

The Stolen Watches Recovered—An Early Morning Theft.

One of the supposed perpetrators of last Sunday week's watch robbery at the Midwinter Fair was arrested on Saturday afternoon. His name is Arthur Chevelier, a French lad of 17 years, and he is supposed to be one of a gang.

The watches were abstracted from the Russian exhibit between 3 and 4 o'clock in the afternoon from a showcase that had inadvertently been left open. They were twelve in number and have all been recovered by Detective Seymour. A boy who bought one of the watches gave the information which led to Cheveller's arrest. Policemen Fleming and Murphy found Cheveller in a house on Bryant street. Other arrests are expected to follow.

At 8 o'clock yesterday morning a policeman found a man emerging from the miners' exhibit with a package under his arm. The man was stopped and the package examined and found to contain specimens of gold and silver in bar and ore. A guard said he saw this man deliberately break open a case and take out the goods.

He was taken to the City Prison and charged with burglary. He gave the name of George Hoffman and loudly protested his innocence. In broken English he stated that he found the parcel on a bench and was hesitating whether to leave it there or attract attention to it when he was arrested. Hoffman gave no address, but said he was an engineer.

When asked what he was doing out at the fair at so early an hour, Hoffman replied that having a dollar in his pocket he thought he was entitled to enjoy the morning air and expend half his capital at the same time in any way he pleased.

EVILS OF THE SPICE HABIT.

Barroom Nibbling Almost as Bad a Practice as Barroom Tippling.

"It is not the liquor itself which excessive drinkers consume that causes all the woes they suffer," said a physician, who is also a man of the world, in a cafe overlooking Herald square. "In many cases the liquor habit is accompanied by another, almost equally pernicious, which I call the spice habit. It is as insidious and almost as hurtful as the other. It arises from the custom which American drinkers have established of nibbling at cloves, peppercorns, allspice, bits of cinnamon, scraps of lemon peel, calamus or other pungent condiments after swallowing their beverage.

"In every well-ordered barroom nowadays is to be found a tray containing some or all of the spices I have named, and from it three men out of five who take drinks in the place will select a bit of this or that condiment after finishing their tipple. These substances are taken in a majority of cases either to remove the taste of the liquor from the drinker's mouth or the odor of it from his breath, but so common has the practice become that in many instance it is as much a habit as the drinking itself.

"The evils of it are several and varied. Cloves are a powerful irritant to the stomach, and not infrequently they remain in it unassimilated, serving as a nucleus for the crystallization of alkaline properties, until finally they gather a coating which gives them the appearance of globules of glass. Peppercorns, which many drinkers eat between tipples, have a highly debilitating effect upon the system; cinnamon depresses the action of the heart, and calamus or sweet flag root has a bad effect upon the liver.

"The spice habit—and many drinking men are such slaves to it that they carry cloves or other condiments in their pockets to nibble at in their working hours—is scarcely less injurious to its victims than alcohol. It is an evil, moreover, which proprietors of saloons are largely responsible for increasing."—New York Herald.

What Makes Men Bald?

National Barber.

"What is it that makes men bald?" the observer asked the barber.

"Wearing hats," interposed a bystander.

"I don't think so," said the barber. "I know it looks that way ofen when a man has no hair except below the point where the hat touches. But I believe men get bald because they think."

"Women think and they don't often get bald."

"Yes."

"And very often men that think the least grow bald the soonest."

"I know," persisted the barber, "but you have got to allow for exceptions. The men that get bald early are exceptions, and I never knew a woman yet who wasn't an exception to something."

As there was no woman in the party the barber had the last word. His argument was accepted as conclusive.

A Thief's Ruse.

London Daily News.

A new receptacle for stolen property has been invented by a Paris thief. He was suspected of having stolen a watch from a jeweler named Schmidt, carrying on business in the Rue de Vauveg. At the police-station he was searched, and, nothing being found on him, he was about to be released, when M. Burea, the Commissary, noticed that the soles of his boots were abnormally thick. On inspection these soles were found to be specially made for the reception of stolen property, and in one of them was M. Schmidt's watch.

Wool for Dress Goods.

Quite the newest thing in the way of dress fabric will not be woven from the covering of any animal or the product of the silk worm, but from an apparently very unpromising substance—wood. Wooden gowns do not sound attractive, but the wood fiber when spun or otherwise prepared is a beautifully soft and lovely stuff, and scarcely distinguishable from fine silk or the downy contents of the cotton pod.

Portfolio Fifteen of "Picturesque California" is now ready for distribution. One coupon and a dime secures it to "Call" subscribers.

BEHIND WICKETS

Light Scores Due to the Mud and Rain.

TWO VERY DECISIVE GAMES.

Good Bowling and Fielding the Day's Feature.

EASY VICTORY FOR ALAMEDAS.

Some Gallery Play at Klinknerville. The "Deadly Pair" Mow Down Pacific Stumps.

Yesterday was anything but a batsman's day in the cricket field. The light was uncertain, the pitch slippery and the outfield dead. Consequently no big scores were looked for nor made. But at both grounds some excellent work was done in the field.

The California-Alameda match at Webster street was necessarily a fiasco. There is plenty of good material in the first-named club, but, with all due credit to Captain Anson for the pluck he exhibits in these successive unequal contests, it is hardly a question whether the association would not benefit by the enrollment of the "yellows and blacks" in one or more of its other clubs.

The Alamedas, with by no means their strongest team, scored a total of 84. The Ansonians in two innings were 58 behind them. Excepting the unusually smart fielding of the cup-holders and the excellent analysis of their bowlers, there was nothing remarkable in the play of either team. Dunlop secured five of the visitors' wickets, including that of their captain. The score:

ALAMEDA.

H. B. Thurston c. Eaton b. Anson	5
J. H. Halton st. Anson b. Dunlop	19
E. G. Sloman c. Anson b. Griffin	0
G. G. Lewis c. and b. Dunlop	0
H. Ward Jr. st. Griffin b. Anson	8
E. H. Bryan c. and b. Dunlop	11
H. Bird c. Griffin b. Anson	13
J. Bird b. Dunlop	4
C. Banner c. Wicks b. Anson	6
R. E. Hogue not out	8
E. Hood c. Humphries b. Dunlop	5
Extras	5
Total	84

CALIFORNIAS—FIRST INNING.

F. A. Anson b. Ward Jr.	3
J. Griffin b. Ward Jr.	3
G. H. Wicks b. Ward Jr.	0
J. M. Halton b. Sloman	1
R. Dunlop c. and b. Sloman	3
E. G. Humphries c. Hood b. Ward Jr.	0
J. C. McDiarmid b. Ward Jr.	0
W. Griffin c. Ward b. Sloman	3
Russell Eaton b. Ward Jr.	0
W. Dunphy not out	0
J. W. Burton b. Sloman	0
No ball	1
Total	14

CALIFORNIAS—SECOND INNING.

Anson l.b.w. b. Sloman	0
Griffin c. and b. Sloman	2
Wicks b.w. b. Sloman	3
Halton b. Banner	1
Dunlop c. Hogue b. Sloman	3
Humphries c. Hood b. Sloman	0
McDiarmid b. Banner	0
W. Griffin c. Ward b. Banner	0
Eaton not out	1
Dunphy b. Banner	1
Burton b. Sloman	0
Extras	1
Total, second inning	12
Total, first inning	14
Grand total	26

The game at Klinknerville was mainly remarkable for the fall of the mighty Bohemias by the hand of the Pacifics for half a hundred runs. The feat did not affect the final result, which was in favor of the local team by nine wickets; but it demonstrated the fact that the Scarlets and Black can improve their fielding by steady practice.

The field work of both elevens was worth watching, two catches—by Bowhill on one side and Tiedemann on the other—and many difficult stops being roundly applauded. Robertson was hit out of bounds twice by Severs, but his bowling and that of his lieutenant Cookson was as deadly as usual. For the Pacifics Griffiths and Casidy bowled well, the former's lately developed leg brake proving itself a powerful run preventive. In the thirty-one wickets of the game double figures were reached only four times—twice by Robertson and once by Severs and Duggan respectively.

The score:

PACIFICS—FIRST INNINGS.

J. Meyrs b. Cookson	0
G. Theobald c. Bowhill b. Robertson	8
H. J. Weise b. Robertson	1
C. Wiseman b. Robertson	4
J. J. Theobald b. Robertson	3
W. N. Griffiths c. Guild b. Cookson	0
C. W. Bennett c. Cookson b. Robertson	0
H. C. Casidy b. Robertson	0
E. P. Severs not out	11
J. B. Wise b. Robertson	0
T. J. A. Tiedemann c. Guild b. Cookson	4
Extras	2
Total	33

PACIFICS—SECOND INNING.

Meyers b. Robertson	0
Severs b. Cookson	5
Weise b. Robertson	3
Wiseman b. Cookson	0
J. Theobald c. and b. Robertson	3
G. Theobald c. Weber b. Cookson	0
Griffiths st. Webster b. Robertson	6
Casidy run out	4
Bennett not out	4
Wise b. Robertson	2
Tiedemann b. Robertson	0
Extras	7
Total	34
Grand total	67

BOHEMIAS—FIRST INNING.

A. S. Webster c. Tiedemann b. Casidy	4
D. P. Bowhill c. Tiedemann b. Casidy	0
W. Robertson c. Tiedemann b. Casidy	17
J. Guild c. J. Theobald b. Griffiths	4
H. A. Duggan l. b. w. b. Casidy	13
W. MacCrae c. Weise b. Griffiths	0
W. Reeves c. Casidy b. Griffiths	1
H. H. Cookson not out	5
D. P. MacCrae run out	2
B. Bird b. Casidy	0
J. Shedeler b. Casidy	0
Extras	4
Total	50

BOHEMIAS—SECOND INNING.

Robertson b. Casidy	13
Cookson not out	2
Bowhill not out	6
Extras	1
Total	22

HANDBALL COURTS.

Several Unusually Exciting Games Played Yesterday.

The handball courts were well patronized yesterday and several exciting games were played, to the great enjoyment of the spectators.

At the San Francisco court the following games were played:

First game—Dan Rodgers and M. McNeal against Patrick Barrett and G. McDonald. Each side won a game and the deciding game was won by the latter team, 15—11, 15—9 and 15—13.

Second game—Philip Ryan and Patrick Barrett against Patrick Ryan and Pious McKinnon. The latter team won the game and rub by the score of 15—10, 15—12.

Third game—Jean Vogelsang and J. Slattery against M. Murphy and Patrick Barrett. Each side won a game, and the deciding game was won by the latter team, 15—9, 10—15, 15—13.

Fourth game—B. Manning and J. Keefe against J. Tracey and Hugh Moffitt. The game and rub were won by the former team by the score, 15—11, 15—13.

Fifth game—Pat Barrett and Hugh Moffitt against W. Manning and J. Keefe. The game and rub were won by the latter team by the score of 15 to 11 and 15 to 13.

Sixth game—Ben Hayes and John Hickey, two merchant tailors, played a single-handed game for a French supper. The game was very exciting, as they are experts at the ball. Each man won a game, but the deciding game was won by John Hickey by the score of 21 to 17, 19 to 21 and 21 to 20.

Seventh game—Walter Williams, champion handball player of the Fire Department, against A. Tobin, champion of Berkeley. This was a very interesting game. Each man won one game, and the deciding game was won by Walter Williams by the score of 15 to 11, 12 to 15 and 15 to 13.

Eighth game—John O'Connor, the Australian, and M. Daly against Pat Ryan and J. Tracey. After a hard struggle the game and rub were won by the latter team by the score of 15 to 11 and 15 to 13.

There were a few interesting games played at the Union court, as follows:

The first game was a single-handed one between John Doran and John Canavan. The latter won by a score of 15—8, 13—15, 15—10.

Second game—John Condon and John Moloney defeated Charles McCarthy and Mike Kallahan: Score: 15—13, 9—15, 15—12.

Third game—Professor J. Lynch and James Norris played Mat Coughlin and William Devane. The former won by a score of 15—10, 9—15, 15—8.

Fourth game—Al Pennoyer and James Nelson played George Hutchinson and Mike Dillon. The former won by a score of 21—18, 19—21, 21—16; second rub, 21—19, 17—21, 21—20.

The fifth game was a single-handed one between J. Pateo and Mat Coughlan. The former won by a score of 15—8, 10—15, 15—5.

Sixth game — William Kelly and George Hutchinson played Mike Dillon and Al Pennoyer. The former won by a score of 15—10, 9—15, 15—10.

Seventh game—J. Pateo and M. Power defeated J. Keefe and James Dailey. Score: 15—9, 6—15, 15—12.

Eighth game—Professor A. Michael and J. Condon defeated B. Heavey and M. O'Donnell. Score: 15—12, 13—15, 15—6.

At the Occidental court the following games were played Saturday and yesterday:

J. Harlow and J. Lynch defeated C. Johnson and J. Shaw; score: 15—7, 15—3.

R. O'Connor and J. Purcell defeated T. Campton and T. O'Brien; score: 21—18, 19—21, 21—16.

M. McCormick and J. Snook defeated J. Sheehy and T. O'Brien; score: 21—15, 21—12. On change of partners Snook and Sheehy won; score: 12—21, 21—19, 21—20.

W. P. Preston defeated O. J. Preston Jr., his brother; score: 21—16, 12—21, 21—19.

A. Collins and M. Dolan defeated T. Clemmins and W. Collins; score: 21—19, 5—21, 21—18.

J. Harlow and J. Lynch defeated M. Prince and C. Johnson; score: 15—12, 9—15, 15—13.

M. Prince and P. McCormick defeated J. Purcell and J. Shaw; score: 21—16, 18—21, 21—20.

J. Jones, the Australian champion, defeated W. Kelly and James Dillon; score, 21—15, 18—21, 21—20.

On Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock J. Jones, the Australian champion, will play the Harlow brothers, best three out of five, 21 aces. Jones will have a big contract on hand, as J. Harlow is an exceptionally strong player, as was shown last Wednesday evening, and his brother Claud has a wonderful left hand that will puzzle the Australian considerably.

Australian Visitors.

Carl Grosse and J. Colville Smith arrived in San Francisco last week, with the object in view of inspecting thoroughly the vineyards of California. The recent devastations in Australia caused by the phylloxera has caused much anxiety to all the vignerons on the island continent, and these gentlemen formed the determination of making a tour of the world for the purpose of studying the effect of different climates on the grapes.

One of the visitors has been suffering for some years, and has been under medical treatment for what was supposed to be an incurable head trouble. Mentioning this he remarked: "I have received a better diagnosis of my case in San Francisco than anywhere else, and I shall always retain a high opinion of the California medicos." On being asked which doctor had given him so much relief, Mr. Smith said:

"I had been very sick on board ship, and immediately on arrival tried several, none of whom seemed to understand my case. Finally I was recommended to Dr. Pavlides, who is, I believe, your Greek Consul here also. He summed my case up at once, and is doing me so much good that I intend to prolong my stay here for two or three weeks to give him a chance."

The Australians have taken a suite of rooms at 1255 California street.

ITEMS OF INTEREST.

The German army uses 137,000,000 blank cartridges a year.

England's first daily paper was the Courant, March 11, 1702.

About 1,200,000 articles are pledged with London pawnbrokers each week.

In Maine it is illegal for a farmer to pay his taxes with a promissory note.

There are more Southerners in New York than in any city in the South.

The leading professors in the new Chicago University gets $7000 a year.

In Massachusetts independent military companies are not allowed to bear arms.

Paper spindles for yarn-spinning are now used as a substitute for those of steel.

The Belgian Government recently paid 200,000 francs for a picture by Van Dyke.

Helena, Mont., is 4200 feet above the sea and has an average of 260 sunshiny days every year.

The British laborer spends more for food than the worker elsewhere except in the United States.

Milwaukee is one of the leading points in this country for the manufacture of beer and leather.

No country contributes so many immigrants to the United States in proportion to its population as Norway.

Three-fifths of the pneumonia and pleurisy cases among males are due to the wearing of low-cut waistcoats.

In an old Indian burying ground in St. Simon, Ga., the remains of a warrior over eight feet long were excavated recently.

Georgia is second in rice and sweet potatoes, third in cotton, fourth in sugar, seventh in horses and mules and tenth in hogs.

Bolata, a new discovery in the forests of Surinam, is a substitute for the rapidly disappearing india rubber and gutta-percha.

Ohio is first in sheep and wool, second in petroleum and steel, fourth in wheat, sheep, coal and liquors, fifth in cows, hay and tobacco.

Things made wholly or in part of clay and baked, which are opaque, are called pottery; those which are semi-transparent are porcelain.

In England, France and Germany the ratio of multiple births is 13 twins per 1000; 160 triplets and 8 quadruplets per 1,000,000 births.

Wisconsin is second in hops, third in potatoes, fourth in rye and buckwheat, fifth in oats, seventh in iron and sheep, eighth in hay, ninth in copper.

Montana has produced nearly one-third of the gold, silver, copper and lead in the United States. The mines of this State have yielded over $400,000,000.

Southwestern North Carolina has a band of 1500 Cherokee Indians. They constitute an incorporated company, live in the mountains, but follow the pursuits of white men.

Labouchere says that flogging still flourishes in the native regiments of the Anglo-Indian army, and that the entire regiment is paraded to witness the infliction of the punishment.

The French Academy, after fifty years, has just completed the letter "A" in its Historical Dictionary of the French language. At this rate the dictionary will appear somewhere about the year 3000.

The Government's great history of the Civil war, which was begun twenty-five years ago, will be finished in another year. There will be 120 big royal octavo volumes of 1000 pages each and a great atlas.

The avidity with which cut flowers of all kinds are purchased may be judged when it