

DON'T FORGET TO OBTAIN PART TWENTY-FOUR OF "PICTURESQUE CALIFORNIA"

The Morning Call

"A MAN IN BLACK." "DODO." "A YELLOW ASTER." "Ships That Pass in the Night." 250 OTHER CHOICE SELECTIONS. See Book List.

VOLUME LXXVI. NO. 76.

SAN FRANCISCO, WEDNESDAY MORNING, AUGUST 15, 1894.

PRICE FIVE CENTS

FIGHTING AT SEA.

Report of a Big Naval Battle.

CHINESE WHIPPED AGAIN.

This Story Comes From Japanese Sources.

KOREA SHUT OFF COMPLETELY.

No More Cable Communication With the Land of the Morning Calm.

YOKOHAMA, Aug. 14.—News has been received of a battle which took place on the 11th inst. between Japanese and Chinese fleets. The Chinese were driven off.

NEW YORK, Aug. 14.—The Western Union Telegraph Company has received the following, dated Shanghai, August 14: "The Chinese land lines to Korea are totally interrupted. There is no prospect of restoration. The cable route via Nagasaki, beyond the Fusan, is also interrupted, with the single exception of Fusan."

for the championship of the world and a big side bet. John J. Quinn of Pittsburgh today wired Colonel Mike Haley, his New York representative, to arrange if possible a match for Maher with Corbett or the Australian champion. Up to a late hour to-night Colonel Haley has not succeeded in fixing a battle.

THAT STANFORD SUIT. Olney Wants It to Come to Trial as Soon as Possible.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 14.—There is reason to believe the Government's claim against the estate of ex-Senator Stanford will be tested in the courts before there has been any actual default in the payments. Under the conditions of the action the Attorney-General proposed if the executor would waive any right she might have by reason of the premature bringing of the suit he would gladly consent to have proceedings begin at once. No conclusion has yet been reached. But it is expected that no objection will be made to that course, especially as a speedy adjudication of the claim would be in the interest of the estate. The suit also would determine the status of the Government's claim against C. P. Huntington and others, and on the whole an early settlement of the claim would be to the interest of all concerned.

FIGHTING FORESTERS. Nothing to Do but Read Illinois Out of the Order.

CHICAGO, Aug. 14.—Supreme Vice-Chief Ranger D. D. Aitken of the Independent Order of Foresters, acting for Supreme Chief Ranger Dr. Oronhyeteka, declared the charter of the High Court of the State

NOT THIS SESSION

Will Reilly Pass His Funding Bill.

CONGRESSMEN WAKING UP.

Huntington Has Both House Committees.

YET THE TIDE SETS STRONG.

It Is Questionable Whether He Can Spend Money Enough to Turn It.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 14.—Senators and Representatives in Congress have received, as the latest contribution to Pacific railroad funding bill literature, copies of Adolph Sutro's telegram to John D. Ford, a Congressman said today: "The sort of literature we are receiving from the anti-railroad bureau in San Francisco is thoroughly characteristic of the Pacific Coast citizen. But do you know that this sort of campaigning is bound to have its effect? I am willing to admit that the very bluntness of these circulars, calling things by their right names, has led me into an investigation of Pacific Coast affairs, and I have been influenced to believe in the same way."

The House document clerk said to THE CALL correspondent to-day that his stock of reports of the Credit Mobilier, Northern Pacific and Union and Central Pacific investigations had long been exhausted, and there were numerous requests made for these documents. All of this indicates that there is just now a very lively interest in Pacific railway affairs. Members are posting themselves so as to be ready to deal with this question, which is certain to come up next session.

Mr. Sutro's fears that Huntington may manage to slip his funding bill through at this session are groundless, but he is right in his belief that Huntington will at next winter's session make a desperate attempt to pass Reilly's bill. He has the Pacific Roads Committee of both houses well in hand, but whether he can afford to spend enough money to change the tide that has set in against his bill is the question.

There is certainly a very strong feeling against temporizing any longer. This sentiment is so apparent that Judge Maguire has no fears whatever and says the bill will never pass the House of Representatives. Nevertheless, he realizes the power that Huntington wields and does not wish his expressions to lull San Franciscans into a sense of security, causing them to relax their vigilance and aggressiveness. The active personal interest of Representative Blair in the success of Reilly's bill is accounted for by Californians here, who remember that it is indeed one of the Stanford estate in the sum of \$500,000, borrowed money, as shown in the published inventory of the estate's assets.

NOMINATED FOR CONGRESS.

Bland Will Be Sent Back by the People of Missouri.

JEFFERSON CITY, Mo., Aug. 14.—The Democrats of the Eighth Missouri Congressional District in convention at California, Mo., to-day renominated Richard P. Bland for Congress for the twelfth consecutive time.

The Republicans of this the Eighth Congressional District this afternoon nominated Dr. Jesse Hubbard for Congress to run in opposition to Hon. Richard P. Bland.

CONCORDIA, Kans., Aug. 14.—Hon. C. W. Brandenburg of Frankfort was to-day nominated by the Democratic convention of the Fifth District to make the race for Congress.

OMAHA, Aug. 14.—The Fifteenth Congressional District Republican convention is in a deadlock. One of the hundred and twenty-third ballot at midnight the result was: Church Howe 51, Jesse Strode 51, Judge Chapman 30.

EXCELSIOR SPRINGS, Mo., Aug. 14.—In the Thirtieth District Republican Congressional convention to-day Judge H. Gordon of Mercer County was nominated to make the race for Congress against Congressman Dockery.

HOLYLEDGE, Neb., Aug. 14.—Congressman McKeligh was to-day renominated for the first ballot by the Popular convention. He will receive the Democratic endorsement.

ST. JOSEPH, Mo., Aug. 14.—The Prohibitionists of the Fourth Congressional District to-day nominated Rev. J. J. Bentley of Marysville for Congress.

GEOLOGICAL SURVEY.

Much Attention Will Be Given to the Pacific Coast.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 14.—The Director of the Geological Survey has submitted his plan of operation for the present fiscal year to the Secretary of the Interior, who has approved it. Special attention is to be given to the survey of the mineral-bearing areas of Colorado, Idaho and California. The topographic work will be carried forward in twenty States, a large share of attention being devoted to the arid region of the interior and to the Pacific Coast. Thirty-two topographic parties and twenty-seven geologic parties will be in the field, five of them being employed in the Rocky Mountains and their foothills. The gauging of streams and the determination of the water supply of the United States, including the examination of underground currents, artesian wells, etc., form an important branch of the work.

ALDERMAN COUGHLAN'S LUCK.

Received an Infernal Machine Which Failed to Explode.

CHICAGO, Aug. 14.—City Alderman John Coughlan received by mail to-day an infernal machine labeled photographs, so wrapped as to appear like a package of cardboard. The machine was evidently intended to explode when opened, but failed to do so, and when examined by the City Chemist was pronounced very dangerous. Alderman Coughlan has been prominent in the crusade against opium joints, and believes the receipt of the infernal machine is the result of his activity against the proprietors of these joints.

On further investigation the bomb

proved to be formed of cardboard smeared with glue, sand, camphor and small particles of coal. It is supposed it was sent to Alderman Coughlan as a joke.

TAKEN WITH SALT.

Americans Said to Have Torn Down Their Own Flag.

LONDON, Aug. 14.—The Times has the following from Port Limon, dated August 12: "The British warship Mohawk has arrived here with Chief Clarence and twelve refugees aboard. Bligh at it has been taken by 200 Nicaraguan troops, who arrived from Raman and Greytown on transports, flying the United States flag. On their approach the United States marines, who had been on duty ashore, returned to their vessel. The resident Americans, being thus abandoned, became very indignant, and many of them removed the national flag from their houses and stamped on it in the streets. They then hoisted the British flag. On entering the Government house the Nicaraguan authorities hauled down and tore to shreds the Mosquito flag. They placed under arrest numerous Americans and Jamaicans suspected of being in sympathy with Chief Clarence. The captain of the Mohawk landed a party of men and went to the prison and rescued every one there who claimed British protection. The Mohawk will await orders from home. Clarence will remain on board."

ECUADOR'S INTERFERENCE.

The Situation in Peru Becomes Hourly More Serious.

NEW YORK, Aug. 14.—A World dispatch from Valparaiso says: Reports from Lima states that Cañeros' position is becoming untenable. Orders are given to disperse the sympathizers, but everybody believes that they are not intended to be carried out, as the Ecuadorians favor a revolution in Peru.

DEMOCRATS OF COLOR

President Taylor Stands by President Cleveland.

Preparing a List of All the Negro Voters in the United States.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Aug. 14.—The National Colored Democratic League met in Masonic Hall in the city at noon to-day and will be in session for several days. A. E. Manning, who is president of the Indiana branch, opened the convention with an address of welcome. President C. H. J. Taylor of the National League then delivered his annual address. Between thirty and thirty-five States are represented in the convention each State entitled to two delegates. A committee was appointed to call on Governor Matthews and Chairman Taggart of the Democratic committee and make arrangements for the league delegates to attend the Democratic State convention to-morrow.

St. Louis, Mo., to-day a convention scheme would be perfected by which the organization would be able to furnish a list of every colored voter in the United States. There are many prominent colored men present, among whom are H. C. Atwood of New York, ex-Congressman to San Domingo; C. C. Curtis of Iowa, E. L. Dawkins of Florida and William A. Christwhite of Tennessee.

President Taylor prefaced his speech by a denial of the story in a morning paper crediting to Mr. Taylor the statement that President Cleveland had not appointed a single colored man to office without first consulting him (Taylor). Continuing, President Taylor said that if the Democratic party would follow where Cleveland and the memory of man should last. He said that fully one-fifth of the negroes in the United States were Democrats. He urged that the resolutions adopted by the convention should condemn lynching and demand a discontinuance of immigration for two years.

A committee was appointed to send a message of congratulation and greeting to President Cleveland.

During the afternoon the National Democratic Club elected C. H. J. Taylor of Washington, D. C., president; M. S. Koonie of Washington, secretary, and P. A. White of New York, sergeant-at-arms.

Dr. A. Hughes, delegate from San Francisco, presented a resolution condemning the A. P. A. and warning all negroes to refrain from joining the association, stating that it was un-American in its character, unconstitutional in its organization, and especially unworthy the consideration of a race of people who have so bitterly felt the sting of oppression and who are at present waging a peaceful warfare throughout the Union against oppression and discrimination.

RESERVATION INDIANS. They Should Be Tried for Crimes in the Federal Courts.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 14.—The House Committee on Judiciary decided to-day to report the bill introduced by Delegate Smith of Arizona to transfer criminal jurisdiction over reservation Indians in the Territories from the Territory to the Federal courts. Reservation Indians are considered Government wards, and the people of the Territories regard it as an injustice that they are burdened with the expenses of trying for criminal offenses those who are not taxpayers.

DONE IN A DELIRIUM. Suicide of William Botts Lawrence of Gotham's Four Hundred.

NEW YORK, Aug. 14.—Shortly before midnight to-night William Botts Lawrence, a prominent member of the Century Club, shot and killed himself with a revolver on the steps of the clubhouse. It was learned Mr. Lawrence had been drinking heavily for several days and was on the verge of delirium tremens.

IDAHO DEMOCRATS. There is a Very Pretty Contest On for the Governorship.

BOISE, Idaho, Aug. 14.—The city is filled with delegates to the Democratic

YANG YU'S TREATY.

Weak Spots in the New Convention.

JOHN'S CHANCE TO COME.

Of Which He Will Be Sure to Avail Himself.

ONLY A MATTER OF PERJURY.

Which Small Consideration Will Stop No One of the Little Brown Men.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 14.—The treaty with China, which was ratified by the action of the Senate, prohibits the coming of Chinese laborers to the United States for the next ten years upon conditions specified. The restriction is not to apply to the return of such laborers as have lawful wives, children or parents in this country, or who have property here of the value of \$1000 or debts equal to that amount due them. Each departing Chinaman must secure before leaving a certificate from the Collector of Customs of the district from which he leaves, testifying to the fact that he has deposited with the Collector a description of his family, property or credits, and this certificate is to entitle him to return to the United States. In case the description proves to be false the right to return shall be forfeited. It is to be exercised within one year, but in exceptional cases may be extended for another year. It is especially agreed that the provisions of this convention shall not affect the rights of Chinese subjects, teachers, students, merchants or travelers for curiosity or pleasure, but only laborers coming to the United States and residing therein. To entitle such Chinese to admission they must produce a certificate from their Government or the Government where they last resided, the diplomatic or consular representative of the United States in the country or port whence they departed.

It is also agreed that Chinese laborers shall continue to enjoy the privilege of transit across the territory of the United States in the course of their journey to or from other countries, subject to such regulations by the Government of the United States as may be necessary to prevent such privilege of transit being abused.

The treaty guarantees to Chinese residents of the United States all the protection afforded to citizens of the most favored nations except the right to become naturalized citizens.

The Chinese Government waives all objection to the requirement of the United States law that Chinese residents shall be registered, and reciprocally this Government consents that China shall make the same requirement of Americans residing in China.

While the treaty is made for a period of only ten years, it is provided that it may be extended for another like term of years unless either country shall give notice six months before the expiration of the ten-year limitation of a desire to terminate it.

The treaty now requires the ratification of China, but it is presumed that the Minister here is fully empowered by his Government to ratify the treaty, and it is said that ratifications will be exchanged in a few days.

The Chinese Minister had a long conference at the State Department to-day with Secretary Gresham respecting the concluding phases of the negotiations upon the new Chinese exclusion treaty, just ratified by the Senate. The Minister has notified his Government of this action, and as soon as the treaty is ratified in China the documents will be mailed to the United States and ratifications will be exchanged in Washington, all of which is expected to consume about six weeks.

It is understood that the twenty Senators who voted against the ratification of the Chinese treaty yesterday were: Turley, Gallinger, Hale, Hansbrough, Higgins, Hoar, Lodge, Mitchell of Oregon, Patton, Perkins, Shoup and Washburne (R.); Allen, Kyle, Peffer and Stewart (Pop.). Among those absent and paired against the treaty were Teller, Wolcott, Powers, Squire and Jones of Nevada.

PROBABLY NOT TRUE. The Story of a Sloopboat Capsizing in Chesapeake Bay.

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 14.—The startling rumor from Bristol, Va., to the effect that a sloopboat near Deals Island cannot be confirmed. This island is in Chesapeake Bay, a short distance from the main land. The nearest telegraph office is at Princess Anne, Md., about ten miles away, and people who arrived at the latter place from Deals Island to-day know nothing of the reported disaster. The Associated Press correspondent at Crisfield, Md., telegraphs that the report is not believed there.

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IDAHO DEMOCRATS. There is a Very Pretty Contest On for the Governorship.

BOISE, Idaho, Aug. 14.—The city is filled with delegates to the Democratic

State convention that meets to-morrow. There is a bitter contest between J. M. Ballantine and ex-Governor Stevenson for Governor. The matter will probably be settled by a caucus.

PEIXOTO HANGS ON.

Unwilling to Give Up the Presidency of Brazil.

RIO DE JANEIRO, Aug. 14.—President Peixoto continues his struggles with Congress. Many arrests are being made. The breach between Peixoto and Congress is widening. It is reported that a formal accusation will be presented against Peixoto at the end of the week. Moraes will appeal to the people if he is not allowed to take the Presidency.

CYCLONE IN SPAIN.

Two Hundred People Hurt and Many Animals Killed.

MADRID, Aug. 14.—The cyclone which swept over the Province of Ciudad Real yesterday was accompanied by a terrific storm of hail. Over 200 persons were injured and several thousand animals were killed. The damage to crops in the province is estimated at \$300,000.

WHOSE SCHEME IS THIS?

Proclamation to the President of Central America.

NEW YORK, Aug. 15.—A World dispatch from Tegucigalpa says: Proclamations addressed to the President of Central America have been seized. They came from the United States. No attention is paid to them by the people.

SHIPPED THE GUILLOTINE.

Casario Has But a Few More Days to Live.

PARIS, Aug. 14.—The guillotine was shipped to Lyons to-night for the execution of Casario, the assassin of President Carnot, which it is expected will take place on Thursday.

MR. PULLMAN ANGRY.

He Thinks His Model Town Is All Right.

Strange That the Violation of the Law Was Not Discovered Sooner.

NEW YORK, Aug. 14.—George M. Pullman, president of the Pullman Palace Car Company, has made a long statement relative to the attitude of that company and its intentions regarding the action of the Attorney-General of the State of Illinois to secure the annulment of the company's charter. In substance Mr. Pullman says that in creating the town of Pullman the company was acting entirely within its rights. He thought the charges made by the Attorney-General were based on misapprehensions of both the law and the facts. The company intends to make a thorough test of the question involved. Mr. Pullman thought it rather strange that the alleged discovery that the law had been violated had not been made before. No direct loss to the shareholders, Mr. Pullman said, could result from the proceedings instituted by the Attorney-General.

CHICAGO, Aug. 14.—The stamped of Pullman strikers continues. To-day fully 3000 applied for their former positions. About 1800 were on duty. The men freely admit that the strike is broken. For weeks the strikers have been on the verge of starvation, and with the announcement that the company would begin evictions they weakened.

This afternoon Assistant Manager Parrott gave the total number of men at work as over 2000. The foundry started up to-day for the first time. One hundred men, all ex-strikers, were put to work, and 200 foundrymen were employed. The foundry has a capacity for 600 men, but the demands do not warrant the employment of a full quota.

LORDS BECAME ANIMATED. It Was Bad Form, but the Provocation Was Great.

LONDON, Aug. 14.—The evicted tenants bill has been rejected by the House of Lords by a vote of 249 to 30.

The Duke of Devonshire, the leader of the Liberal Unionist party, opened the debate. After Baron Ashbourne, Baron Herschel, the Marquis of Clanricarde and others had spoken for and against the bill, Lord Salisbury spoke in opposition to the measure. He denied that the House of Lords was a landlord's house. They were threatened with abolition, but he had noticed that in France, when the second chamber was abolished, the extinction of the lower chamber followed. He concluded by expressing the hope that the House would do its duty and reject the dangerous measures.

The debate this evening was in striking contrast to the monotonous discussion of Monday. A majority of the speakers displayed animation which at times amounted to passion. Even the Duke of Devonshire shook off his usual apathy and spoke with great vigor against the measure. He professed readiness, however, to assist the Government in any reasonable plan of settlement. Lord Ashbourne and Lord Herschel gave themselves the fullest rein. The latter especially displayed passion, cleaving his fist at his invective grew fiercer and fiercer until after a savage outburst he concluded by shouting: "I will not waste breath any longer."

The opposition lost their temper at this and there were angry cries of "Hear, hear."

FIGHTING FOR SILVER.

Texas Democrats in for a Caucus of Their Own.

DALLAS, Tex., Aug. 14.—The Democratic State convention met here to-day at noon. Judge J. R. Fleming of San Antonio was chosen temporary chairman by acclamation. Committees on permanent organization and platform were appointed, after which the convention took a recess. The committee on platform is having a red-hot time of it and will not report tonight. The free silver question is prominent. The free silver question is prominent and if there is a split it will be on this issue. When the convention reassembled permanent organization was effected and speeches were made counseling harmony. A recess was taken until to-morrow morning.

REFORM IN SPOTS.

Senators Consider the House Bills.

LEADERS IN A QUANDARY.

They Really Do Not Know What to Do Now.

GORMAN'S MEN STAND ALOOF.

If There is a Fight at All It Will Be Upon the Question of Free Sugar.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 14.—The Democratic leaders of the Senate have occupied a considerable portion of the day in trying to determine what course to pursue with reference to the supplemental tariff bills. The Democratic steering committee was in session two hours after the Senate adjourned trying to determine upon the most advisable policy under the circumstances, and previous to the meeting the conservative Senators had a conference on the same subject.

It is understood the conservatives advocate the reference of the bills to the Finance Committee, while the steering committee is apparently somewhat divided on the question. Appearances all indicate, however, that a large majority of the Democratic Senators would like to have the bills passed if they could feel assured their passage would not reduce the Government revenues to too great an extent.

The interest in these bills, as in the main tariff bill, is now the sugar question, and it is to the free sugar bill that they are giving their personal attention. There is an evident tendency on the part of a majority of the Democratic Senators toward amending the sugar bill so as to make it a revenue bill, pure and simple, and it is now the program of the Democratic leaders to amend the bill if there should prove to be a prospect of its becoming a law, reducing the duty, making it uniform and striking off the differential on refined sugar. The reduction would depend upon the figures which the Treasury Department will furnish as to the amount of revenue it will be necessary to secure from sugar under the new tariff.

Secretary Carlisle was at the Capitol while the conference was in progress and was asked to supply his estimate, which he promised to do. A leading member of the steering committee expressed the opinion that a duty of 25 or 30 per cent on sugar would afford all the revenue from that source that would be needed.

It would appear that so far the only definite arrangement is for the discussion of the bills at to-morrow's session if it be impossible in the face of a single objection to force the bills to a third reading to-morrow, and it is probable that a large part of the day will be given to debate on a motion to refer to a committee. This will serve to develop the real intentions of the Republicans toward the bills, and also to possibly develop what differences there may be in the Democratic party.

The steering committee has not yet formally taken up the question of selecting a successor to Senator Vance on the Finance Committee, but the matter has been informally discussed by the members of the committee, and it is believed that the selection will be made this week. The names of several Senators are mentioned in this connection, the names frequently heard being those of Blackburn and White.

A great deal of pressure will be brought to bear on the President to induce him to sign the bill, but the statement made by the Associated Press yesterday that it is his intention to let the bill become a law without his signature can be reiterated to-day. A member of the Cabinet said to-day that if the President should conclude to affix his signature to the bill it would be accompanied by a statement of his reasons.

It is understood that if the supplemental tariff bills should be reported from the Finance Committee they will be debated and an effort will be made to load them down with amendments. Hill has given notice already of an amendment for the repeal of the income tax and others are

THIS CURIOUS THING

Is a Sweat Gland. Its mouth is called a PORE. There are 7,000,000 in the human skin. Through them are discharged many impurities. To close them means death. Sluggish or clogged pores mean yellow, mothy skin, pimples, blotches, eczema. The blood becomes impure. Hence serious blood humors.

Perfect action of the pores Means clear, wholesome skin, pure blood, Means beauty and health.

CUTICURA RESOLVENT

Exerts a peculiar, purifying action upon the skin, and through it upon the blood. Hence its cures of distressing humors are speedy, permanent and economical.

Like all of the CUTICURAS, it is pure, sweet, gentle, and effective. Mothers are its warmest friends.

Sold throughout the world. Price, 5c. POTTER DRUG AND CHEM. CO., Sole Props., Boston. "How to Cure Every Humor," mailed free.

For Pimples, use Cuticura Soap.

WOMEN FULL OF PAINS

Aches, and weaknesses find comfort, strength, and renewed vitality in Cuticura Plaster, the first and only pain-killing, nerve-strengthening plaster.



COUNT HIROBUMI ITO, PRIME MINISTER OF JAPAN.

Korea is completely cut off from all telegraphic communication."

ORDERED TO CHINA.

The Charleston Sent to Re-enforce the American Fleet.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 14.—At the request of the State Department, Secretary Herbert has directed Captain Coffin of the cruiser Charleston, now at the Mare Island Navy-yard, to make preparations for sailing. As soon as the ship is ready for sea she will be sent to the Asiatic station to join the vessels there for the purpose of protecting the interests of Americans in China and Japan during the war between the two countries.

With the addition of the Charleston, the United States will have a good naval representation in Eastern waters. The Baltimore and the Monocacy have been there for some time, and recently the Concord and the Petrel, forming part of the Bering Sea patrol fleet, were ordered to join them.

It is asserted that there is no significance attached to the addition of the Charleston to the ships on the Asiatic station, but that it is simply in conformity with a desire on the part of the administration to have a strong naval force there during the continuance of the war. The Charleston has just undergone a thorough overhauling and should be prepared to sail within a short time.

MORE BIG BLUFFS.

Fitzsimmons Wants to Take Jackson's End of the Talk.

NEW YORK, Aug. 14.—Police Captain Glori of Newark, who is Fitzsimmons' backer, received the following telegram to-day from William A. Scholl of the Olympic Club of New Orleans:

"Have wired pugilist Corbett at Asbury Park offering him a purse of \$20,000 to meet Fitzsimmons, the winner to take all."

Fitzsimmons has accepted the Olympic Club proposition and Captain Glori set about arranging for an interview with Corbett at Asbury Park to take place within the next few days. The news that Fitzsimmons has accepted the offer to fight in New Orleans was telegraphed Corbett this evening and the following answer came:

"I never saw the color of Fitzsimmons' money. Why does he not come out like a man and issue a challenge to the world, backed by cash? and if no one accepts it then it is my duty to do so."

"I don't believe Corbett will agree to fight Fitzsimmons," said pugilist Peter Jackson, when told of the movement to bring about a meeting between the men. "Corbett wants to be an actor and he won't be dragged into any more fights if he can help himself. I came all the way from San Francisco to arrange a fight with Corbett and see how he has treated me. I have not been treated like a man. Corbett has been very unfair."

Jackson said, as for himself he was making no plans for the future. He has fully decided to go to Europe.

Peter Maher has been bidding his time, but now he comes out with a challenge to fight either J. J. Corbett or Peter Jackson

of Illinois revoked and annulled to-day, and a sudden termination was brought to the meeting of the regularly selected delegates to the annual High Court Convention as Mr. Aitken and two-thirds of the delegates left the meeting and the expelled foresters. A scene of great excitement followed and for a time it appeared as if the words encounter would lead to fistfights. Ill feeling had existed among the members of the order for some time and an effort was made to smooth matters over at to-day's convention. Hostilities were immediately opened up on the calling of the convention when Secretary Wharry allowed to officiate certain officers who had been suspended from the order by rule of the supreme chief ranger. There was no other alternative for Acting Chief Aitken but to annul and revoke the High Court charter.

BEATS ALL RECORDS.

Hottest Day in St. Louis for Eight Years.

Several Prostrations and One Death From Extreme Heat Reported in That City.

ST. LOUIS, Aug. 14.—According to reports from local service bureaus the weather to-day was the hottest that has been experienced in this city and vicinity for eight years. The official thermometer at 3 P. M. reached 100.5-10, at which point it stayed for two hours. Reports from cities in this and adjoining States point to the same condition. Many prostrations in this city are reported and one death, Christ Korean, a wagon-maker.